







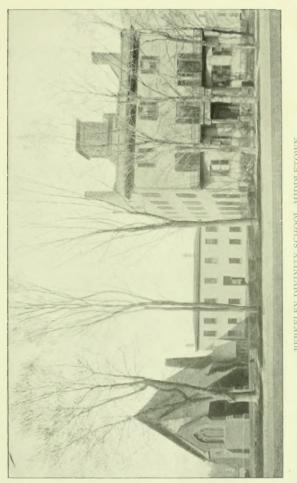








Eli Whitney



BERKELEY DIVINITY SCHOOL, MIDDLETOWN.



## CONNECTICUT.

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Hope in been, equipolant to sailor Shipton, a to name the American can be marginal to second in the card per ords, is a place name, and the coat-of-arms Argert thing pair in Lell as the two and one The State and Ame maintaining itm Shipton is probable in tillic or in tirell Shipman was as insent bothsto our name and several branches of the family bear coats-of-arms. The Shipman (or Shiphan) three crosses crosslet gules, and their crest is: A demi-ostrich, wings expanded argent, ducally gorged and beaked or, holding in the gules. The Shipman family of Sarington, county Notts, bear: Gules on a bend argent between three estoilles or three pellets. Crest: A leopard, sejent argent spotted sable, re-posing the dexter paw on a ship's rudder az-ure. The Shipman family of county Kent bear: Argent a bend between six suns gules.

descent from Harmon Shipman, born in Germany, in 1717, came to America in 1740, settled in Harmony, New Jersey, and Uniontown, Warren county. There is a tradition that the New Jersey family is related to the Connecticut Shipmans, and the personal names in the two families are similar, but if the German origin of the New Jersey family is correctly given in the family history, there could be no relation traceable. The Connecti-

cut immigrant was an Englishman.

(I) Edward Shipman, the immigrant ancestor, is said to have come from England. sailing from Hull in 1639, with George Fenwick, but if this is correct he must have been a young child. A William Shipman, aged twenty-two, sailed May 28, 1635, for Virginia. His relation to Edward is not known. Edward Shipman's name was spelled Shipton in the early records of Savbrook, Connecticut, where he first settled, but later the name is

spelled Shipman and all the family follow that spelling. Edward married (first), January 16, 1651, Elizabeth Comstock, who died about the middle of July, 1059. He married (second), July 1, 1603, Mary Andrews. He was admitted a freeman in October, 1667. He died soft of the July 12, 1676, Shipman (all July 12), 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 1676, 167 was one of the three legatees to whom he gave Hartford. Children of first wife: Elizabeth born May, 1652, married, December, 1672 John Harmon Limited to a showing street ary, 1666; Samuel, December 25, 1668; Abi

(II) John, son of Edward Shipman, wa born in Saybrook, April 5, 1664; married May 5, 1686, Martha Humphries, Children born at Saybrook: John, born January 6, 1687 David, born August 9, 1692; Abraham, De cember 31, 1695, married Ruth Butler; Mar tha, April 6, 1609; Hannah, April 25, 1702.

man, was born at Saybrook, January 6, 1687 and died there July 7, 1742. He married January 11, 1715, Elizabeth Kirtland. land with Fenwick, evidently an error, fo the grandfather of John was the immigrant paper were: John, of Saybrook: Elias, settle in Killingworth and New Haven: Nathanie mentioned below; Samuel, born May 21, 1720 died September 4, 1801, married (first) Sara

was born about 1720-25, in Saybrook. He re moved from Saybrook to Norwich, Connecti Sixth or Chelsea (now Second) church a

Norwich, December 30, 1703. He was a founder of this church and one of the leading citizens of Norwich. He married (first) at Norwich, in 1747, Ruth Reynolds, born 1727-28, died 1755; married (second), July 18, 1756. Elizabeth Leffingwell, born at Norwich, January 4, 1729-30, died there June 8, 1801, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Lord) Leffingwell (see Leffingwell IV). Children of first wife: I. Lucretia, married Rev. Samuel Hall, of Sag Harbor. 2. Betsey, married Andrew Frank; removed to Canaan. Children of second wife: 3. Lizzie, born at Norwich, September 11, 1757; died April 8, 1834; married, December 16, 1786, Peabody Clement. of Norwich. 4. Nathaniel, born May 17, 1764, mentioned below. 5. Lydia, born October 11, 1766; married (first) Asa Spaulding, born 1757, graduate of Yale, 1778; married (second) Bela Peck. 6. Oliver Leffingwell, born 1773, died 1775. (V) Nathaniel (2), son of Nathaniel (1)

Shipman, was born in Norwich, May 17, 1764, and died there July 14, 1853. Early in life he learned the trade of goldsmith, and he became a man of large influence and importance in the community. A natural leader of men, he was oftener than any of his contemporaries called to preside over public gatherings and town meetings. He represented Norwich for many years in the general assembly; was judge of probate and county judge. He settled many estates and transacted much legal business for his neighbors. Miss F. M. Caulkins, the historian of Norwich and New Lon-

don, thus wrote of Judge Shipman:

"Judge Shipman was a man of great simplicity of habits, of vigorous common sense, upright, honorable and independent, both in his inward promptings and in his whole course of action. He was almost al-ways in office, serving the town and state in a va-ricty of ways municipal, legislative and judicial displaying more than common ability, and giving general satisfaction in all three departments. and a taste for social enjoyment made him a de-lightful companion. His readiness to communicate his vivid appreciation of character, his richly stored memory, and his abundant flow of traditionary and historic anecdote held the listening ear bound to his voice as by an invisible charm. A sentiment of gratitude leads me to speak of another trait—his kindness and winning attentions to the young. He was indulgent of their presence, of their vivacity and their sports; was ready to gratify them with some tale of the olden time; to make them happy with little gifts of flowers or fruit; to compliment their self-respect by asking them to read to him or leading them to converse on subjects rather above then below their standing. This is a rare character-istic in this hurrying, impetuous age. Pleasant are all the memories connected with this honored and

He married Abigail, daughter of Judge Benjamin and Mary (Boardman) Coit, October

11, 1794; she died July 31, 1800. Children: Lydia Leffingwell, born December, 1795, died January 18, 1851, unmarried; Thomas Leffing-

well, mentioned below.
(VI) Rev. Thomas Leffingwell Shipman, son of Judge Nathaniel Shipman, was born in Norwich, August 28, 1798. He attended the public schools and entered Yale College, where he was graduated in the class of 1818, then went to the Andover Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1821, and immediately afterward entered upon his life work as a Christian minister. He had been selected, during the summer, one of six graduates to be employed in missionary labor under the auspices of the South Carolina Home Missionary Society, and he sailed for Charleston in October, 1821. He entered upon his work with zeal and enthusiasm; and was in this section for some months, ministering in various parishes, but chiefly at a rural parish known as Stony Creek. Returning to Andover, Mr. Shipman continued his studies until November, when he was engaged to supply the pulpit of the Congregational Society at Lebanon, Connecticut. There his earnest labors in the parish brought an accession of thirty members in a brief period. In March following he filled the pulpit for a few weeks in a newly organized parish at Brooklyn, New York. He went thence to Brooklyn, Connecticut, then to Vernon, and later to Hartford, where he acted as supply in the South Church. Through the winter he preached in various towns in Connecticut, and in April, 1824, was tendered a unanimous call to the First Congregational Church in Lebanon, but on account of his youth and inexperience he declined the opportunity. Shortly afterward he received a commission from the United Domestic Society of New York, the predecessor of the American Home Missionary Society, and went to Huron county, Ohio, a pioneer minister in that field, and remained a year, "sowing seed in new ground." In 1825, for seven months, he preached to a small congregation in Norwich Falls, Connecticut, and then was ordained and installed as pastor of the First Church of Southbury, Connecticut. Here he stayed for the next ten years and under his earnest and zealous pastorate the church was greatly enlarged and strengthened. Pastor and congregation had a strong mutual affection, and it was with much regret on both sides that illness in his family caused him to resign. After brief periods of labor in various places he began in 1837 to fill the pulpit of the Congregational Church at Bozrah, Connecticut, and continued for four years. In May, 1842, he was called to the church at:





Mhijuwaw

lewett City, Come them, and after a come the settled pastor there, remaining for eleven years, when he are the settled pastor there, remaining for eleven years, when he are the settled manding rest. He continued to live at Jewett City and never accepted another charge, but supplied the pulpits from time to time, in periods ranging from two weeks to eight months in no less than thirty parishes in New London and Windham counties.

His life was long and useful, varied in its activities, and he was prominent in all movements to educate, elevate and benefit humanity. Inheriting his father's fund of humor and love of historical matters, he possessed the same winning cordiality and friendliness of manner. As a pastor he was earnest and industrious and especially successful in his social relations with his parishioners. As a preacher he was logical and convincing, adorning his sermons with cheerfulness and a touch of humor that attracted the attention and enlisted the interest of his congregations, regardless of the seriousness or abstruseness of his theme. He preached effectively when he was nearly ninety years of age, and in his old age he remained hale and hearty, broad, charitable and sympathetic with people of all ages and conditions.

He married (first) in Colchester, Connecticut, May 3, 4827, Mary Thompson Deming, Len Comber 6, 48 3, 4601 O Colon 14, 4841, at Norwich, daughter of General David and Algael (Chart Hompson Chairman VI). He married (second), May 1, 1844, Mrs. Pamela Lord (Fuller) Coit, widow of John Coit, and daughter of Dr. Josiah and Mary (Lord) Fuller, of Plainfield, Connectical Host I Mught 26, 488 in force only, and his widow died March 2, 4889. Child of first wife: 1. Nathaniel, mentioned below. Children of second wife: 2, Lydia Leffingwell, married Dr. George W. Avery, and had Helen Shipman Avery. 3. Thomas Leffingwell, have belovary 27, 1881, and below 1997.

(VII) Hon. Nathaniel Shipman, son of Rev. Thomas Leffingwell Shipman, was born August 22, 1828, at Southbury, Connecticut. He attended the public schools, completing his preparation for college at Plainfield Academy at Plainfield, Connecticut. He was graduated from Yale College in the class of 1848, and began the study of law with Judge Thomas B. Osborne (Yale, 1817), at Fairfield, Connecticut. In October, 1849, he entered Yale Law School, He did not complete the course there, but removed to Hartford, where he was admitted to the bar and where for many years he was one of the most

prominent lawyers. He was a member of the Connecticut legislature of 1857, and was executive secretary of Governor Buckingham from 1858 to 1862, during one of the most critical and important periods of the state and internation of the United States District Court, an office that he filled with conspicuous ability. In 1884 Judge Shipman received the honorary degree of LL. D. from Yale College.

He married, in Hartford, May 25, 1859, Man (Seymour) Robinson, and sister of Hon. Lucius F. Robinson, Children: 1. Frank R. Married Hon. (Children) The from Yale College in 1885, and from the Theological Department of that university in 1880, and since May 1, 1880, has been assistant paster of the First Church of Hartford. 2. Arthur Leftingwell, mentioned below. 3. Mary Deming, born July 27, 1868. 4. Thomas Leftingwell, born July 46, 1870; died July 3, 1872. 5, 14 m.

(VIII) Arthur Leffingwell Shipman, son of Hon. Nathaniel Shipman, was born at Hartford, November 19, 1804. He was educated there in the public schools, and graduated from Yale College and Yale Law School. He has practiced his profession since then in the city of Hartford, and ranks among the most successful lawyers of that city. He won distinction as a young attorney by his success in contesting the claim of the Central New England Railroad for a right of way through the Montague farm. In politics he is a Republican. He was a member of the Hartford common council in 1801, and showed unusual aptitude for public husiness. He was appointed corporation counsel by Mayor Henney and has made a record in this office for sound legal opinions and sturdy defense of the rights of the municipality. In religion he is a Congregationalist. He married Melvina Van Kleek, and they have two children.

The origin of the English surname Leffingwell is uncertain. It has been spelled variously. Leafphingwell, Levingwell, Lephingwell, Lefingwell, Leapinvill, Lepingwell, Leppingwell, and Leapingwell. The last form of the name is the one used in England at the present time, but the earliest form on record is Leftingwell, the form used by the American families. In 1495, Lawrence Leftingwell lived in county Essex, England, and there were Leffingwells in county Herts also. In the parish of White Colne, county Essex, there was a family of Leftingwells, Thomas and Alice his wife. The baptisms of their children are in the parish register as follows: Christian, March 16, 1599; Michel, February 19, 1603, probably the Michel who settled in Woburn, Massachusetts, in 1637; Robert, 1637; Margaret, November 10, 1630; Thomas, March 10, 1624, probably the immigrant ancestor.

(1) Lieutenant Thomas Leffingwell was born in England, and was perhaps the Thomas who was baptized at White Colne, county Essex, March 10, 1624, son of Thomas and Alice Leffingwell. He came to New England when quite young, evidently, and settled in Saybrook, Connecticut. He became very friendly with the Indians, especially the Mohegan tribe, of which Uncas was chief. Trumbull, in his "History of Connecticut," says:

"Uncas, with a small band of Mohegan Indians, was encamped on a point of land projecting into the river, and there closely besieged by their most inveterate foes, the Narragansetts. Finding himself in danger of being cut off by the enemy, he managed to send to his friends, the English colony at Saybrook, the news of his extremity, with perhaps some appeal for help. Upon this intelligence, one Thomas Leffingwell. an ensign at Saybrook, an enterprising, bold man, loaded a canoe with beef, corn and pease, and, under cover of the night paddled from Saybrook into the Thames, and had the address to get the whole into the fort. The enemy soon perceiving that Uncas was relieved, raised the siege. For this service Uncas gave Leffingwell a deed of a great part, if not the whole of the town of Norwich. In June. 1659, Uncas, with his two sons, Owaneco and Attawanhood, by a more formal and authentic deed, made over unto said Leffingwell, John Mason, Esq., the Rev. James Fitch, and others, consisting of thirty-five proprietors, the whole township of Norwich, which is about nine miles square."

Thomas Leffingwell was afterwards lieutenant. In 1659 he removed to Norwich and had several grants of land there. His home lot was on the highway next to Joseph Bushnell's land. He became a prominent man in the town, serving as selectman, surveyor, and on important committees. He was deputy to the general court for fifty-three sessions, 1662-1700; and was also a commissioner. He divided his property among his children before his death, which occurred about 1714-15, when he was about ninety-two years old. He married Mary — (perhaps White), who died at an advanced age, February 6, 1711. Children: Rachel, born March 17, 1648; Thomas, mentioned below; Jonathan, December 6, 1650; Joseph, December 24, 1652; Mary, December 10, 1654; Nathaniel, December 11, 1656; Samuel, at Saybrook, married Anna Dickinson.

(II) Sergeant Thomas (2) Leffingwell, son of Lieutenant Thomas (1) Leffingwell, was born at Saybrook, August 27, 1649, and died at Norwich, March 5, 1723-24. In 1660 he

went with his father to Norwich, where he lived the rest of his life. He was admitted a freeman in 1671, and was representative to the general court. He lived near his father, and in 1700 his house was kept as an ordinary or inn. The inventory of his estate shows him to have been well to do for those days. He married, in 1672, Mary Bushnell, born at Saybrook, January, 1655, died September 2, 1745, daughter of Richard and Mary (Marvin) Bushnell. Children, all born at Norwich: Thomas, mentioned below; Elizabeth, November, 1676; Anne, January 25, 1680; Mary, March 11, 1682; Zerviah, October 17, 1686; John, February 2, 1688-89; Abigail, August 9, 1693; Hezekiah, 1695, died 1699.

(III) Deacon Thomas (3) Leffingwell, son of Sergeant Thomas (2) Leffingwell, was born at Norwich, March 11, 1674, and died there July 18, 1733. He was a merchant and cordwainer by trade, and also kept an inn. He was elected deacon of the church in 1718. In 1708 he was ensign of the First company of militia, and in 1713 was representative to the general assembly. His will was dated March 20, 1737-38, and proved September 13, 1743. He married, March 31, 1698. Lydia Tracy, born Octoher 11, 1677, died November 28, 1757, daughter of Dr. Solomon and Sarah (Huntington) Tracy, and granddaughter of Lieutenant Thomas Tracy. Children: Sarah, born February 13, 1698-99, died April 1, 1770; Hezekiah, born May 9, 1702, died 1725; Thomas, mentioned below; Lydia, born July 28, 1706; Zerviah, May 31, 1709; Samuel, April, 1722.

April, 1722.
(IV) Thomas (4) Leffingwell, son of Deacon Thomas (3) Leffingwell, was born at Norwich, February 2, 1703-04, and died there September 28, 1793, in his ninetieth year. He lived on the homestead, and carried on the Leffingwell Tavern. He and his wife were members of the First Congregational Church. He married, January 23, 1728-29, Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Pratt) Lord. Children: Elizabeth, born January 4, 1729-30, married Nathaniel Shipman (see Shipman IV); Thomas, born July 29, 1732, died December 8, 1814; Andrew, born June 30, 1734, died August 12, 1782; Martin, born November 13, 1738, died April 6, 1781; Lydia, born June 9, 1744, died May 23, 1823; Oliver, born July 6, 1751, died at sea, October 5 or December 11, 1771.

## (The Champion Line).

(I) Henry Champion, the immigrant ancestor, came from England and settled in Saybrook, Connecticut, as early as 1647. He had various parcels of land in Saybrook, and about

the first and the widow Delication (First) and the first and the widow Delication (First and the first and the first and the original of this agreement has been preserved. Children, born in Saybrook: Sarah, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991, 1991,

(11) Thomas, son of Henry Champion, was born in April, 1656, in Saybrook, and died April 5, 1705, in Lyme. He resided on land given him by his father in Lyme. He also had grants there. His will was dated April 4, 1705, the day before his death. He married in Lyme, August 23, 1682, Hannah Brockway, born September 14, 1664, died March 2, 1750, daughter of Wolston and Hannah (Briggs) Brockway. She married (sector) I in Wolf. Him his solution of the Children, born in Lyme: Hannah, February 13, 1684; Sarah, March 8, 1687-88; Thomas, January 21, 1000-01; Mary, July 31, 1003; Henry, mentioned below; Deborah, Vend 20, 1007. Handadi.

Bridget, 1702. (III) Lieutenant Henry (2) Champion, son ber 26, 1779. When he became of age he made an agreement with his brother Thomas in East Haddam, where he bought fifty acres a mile east of the meeting house, and his house is still standing. He was "a man of more than medium height, square and comand he was possessed of great strength. His face was handsome, his eyes dark and his complexion florid." His will was dated June 29, ried, in East Haddam, January 16, 1717, Mehitable Rowley, baptized December, 1704. died October 5, 1775, daughter of Moses and Mary Rowley. Children, born in East Haddam: Ebenezer, January 27, 1718, died, unmarried, January 16, 1780; Mehitable, born February 25, 1720; Henry, mentioned below; Israel, December 20, 1726; Judah, August 20, 1729; Mary, November 28, 1731; Eliza-

beth, June 26, 1734.

(IV) Colonel Henry (3) Champion, son tled, on June 8, 1658, and marched to join

He married (first) in East Haddam, December 25, 1746, Deborah Brainard, born June 20, 1724, died March 17, 1780, daughter of Captain Joshua and Mehitable (Dudley) Brainard, He married (second), in Westchester, November 24, 1701, Mrs. Sarah (Brainard) Lewis, born April 30, 1744, died 1111, 17, 1818 of daughter of Stephen and Susannah (Gates) Brainard, Children, all by first wife: 1, Henry, born in East Haddam, October 23, 1747; died January 26, 1750, 2, Epaphroditus, born April 16, 1749, in East Haddam; killed in Westchester, July 13, 1752, being sealded in a vat of malt. 3, Henry, mentioned

below. 4. Deborah, born May 3, 1753. 5. Epaphroditus, born April 6, 1756. 6. Dorothy, born October 29, 1759. 7. Mary, born September 11, 1762. 8. Elizabeth, twin of Mary. 9. Esther, born May 8, 1766.

(V) General Henry (4) Champion, son of Colonel Henry (3) Champion, was born in Westchester, Connecticut, March 16, 1751, and died there July 13, 1836. He served in the revolution as ensign at the Lexington alarm. On April 26, 1775, he was appointed second lieutenant of the Eighth company, Second regiment, and on May I promoted to first lieutenant. He was on duty at Roxbury until December 10. He was in the battle of Bunker Hill. On January 1, 1776, he was promoted adjutant on the staff of Colonel Samttel Wyllys, and after the evacuation of Boston, marched to New York, and assisted in fortifying that city. He took part in the bat-tle of Long Island, August 27, 1776, and was with the army at White Plains, October 28, remaining until December, 1776. On January 1, 1777, he was promoted captain of the First Connecticut Line, remaining until the regiment was reorganized as the Third. On July 15. 1779, he was appointed acting major of the First battalion, Light Brigade. This corps was composed of picked men from all the regiments under Washington's immediate command, and was organized especially to attempt the capture of Stony Point, which was successfully done. Major Champion remained in the army until the close of the revolution. He was a member of the Order of the Cincin-

Major Champion was deputy to the general assembly in 1789, 1793-98, 1800-05, and from 1806 to 1817 was assistant. He was a deacon in the Westchester church from 1813 to 1828. General Champion always celebrated July 16, "Stony Point Day," at his home in Westchester. He obtained the charter for the Phoenix Bank of Hartford, because the State Bank had refused him the accommodation of a loan. He was largely interested in the Connecticut Land Company, to which he subscribed over eighty-five thousand dollars. The towns of Champion, New York, and Champion, Ohio, were named in his honor. He was instrumental in obtaining the school fund for Connecticut, and was chairman of the committee of the legislature appointed to arrange for the holding of the Hartford Convention in 1814. His epitaph reads as follows:

nati in Connecticut.

"The patriotism of General Champion early led him to join the army of the Revolution. He was a brave and efficient subaltern officer at the battle of Bunker Hill. He shared in the perilous retreat of the American troops from Long Island. He rendered essential services under Kosciusko in constructing the defences at West Point. He led the first battalion of Connecticut Light Infantry at the capture of Stony Point. Subsequently he filled many offices of honor and trust in his native State. By his talents and influence he promoted the welfare of the community where he resided. He died cheered by the hope and sustained by the promises of the Gospel, leaving a memory respected by his friends, cherished by his family and honorable to the place of his birth."

He married, in East Haddam, October 10, 1781, Abigail Tinker, born March 24, 1758, died April 19, 1818, daughter of Sylvanus and Abigail (Olmstead) Tinker. Children, born in Westchester: 1. Henry, born August 6, 1782. 2. Aristarchus, born October 23, 1784. 3. Aristobulus, twin of Aristarchus, died February 3, 1786. 4. Abigail, mentioned below. 5. Harriet, born May 2, 1789. 6. Maria, born November 19, 1791. 7. Infant, born March 11, 1794; died young. 8. Infant, born September 2, 1795; died young. 9. Eliza, born July 19, 1797.

died April 21, 1798.

(VI) Abigail, daughter of General Henry (4) Champion, was born in Westchester, January 17, 1787, and died in Hartford, March 31, 1835. She married in Westchester, September 17, 1804, her cousin, General David Deming, born August 23, 1781, died June 6, 1827, son of Major Jonathan and Alice (Skinner) Deming, and grandson of David and Mehitable (Champion) Deming, Children: 1. Mary Thompson Deming, born October 9, 1805; married Rev. Thomas L. Shipman (see Shipman VI). 2. Harriet Tinker, born February 23, 1808; died September 5, 1810. 3. Abigail Champion, born June 18, 1810; died unmarried, June 11, 1846. 4. Jonathan Amory, born October 19, 1812; died May 5, 1828. 5. Henry Champion, born May 23, 1815.

The name Hallock has been variously spelled Holyeake, Holliok, Halliock, Halleck,

Hallioak, Hallick and Hallack. The signature of William Hallock of Long Island, dated at Southold (township) February 10, 1682, and on record at Riverhead, is written Hollyoake by the copyist, and it is quite evident that it was used interchangeably with that of Holyoke. The latter name has been known in England for centuries, and there is a family coat-of-arms. One Edward Holyoke migrated from Stafford county in 1639, and was afterwards president of Harvard College. His son, Elizur Holyoke, became well known in northwestern Massachusetts from having received a grant of land near Northampton in 1654; also from the fact that Mt. Holyoke was named for

In the serie to be a series of the series of in, for "and". The partly from the employ will true tall a second of great worthed, my be best three one enteror the second. Crest: a crescent, argent,

(I) Peter Hallock, the first of the family to come to America, and one of the New Haven Colony, landed at Hallock's Neck, Southold, tuck. He came over with a company of Puritans with the Rev. Mr. John Youngs. According to a tradition in the family, Peter Hallock was the first of the thirteen men who composed the company, to set foot on the shore among the Indians at Southold. For this reason that part of the village was named Hallock's Neck, Beach, names which are still retained. He purcalled Oyster Ponds, now Orient, and then returned to England for his wife and on comresold his property. He then bought about ten miles west of Mattituck. His wife was a widow when he married her, and had a son by her former husband, Mr. Howell. The only child of the second marriage was William, mentioned below.

born, lived and died at Mattituck. His wife was 1684, leaving a will dated Southold (town-21, 1084, which is preserved in the ancient recof New York City. He left his property to his wife, four sons, Thomas, Peter, William and tha, Sarah, Elizabeth and Abigail. To Thomas ing Thomas the western half, except the "swamp lot," and Peter the eastern half, including the said lot and his dwelling house. To and to John land on Wading river. The will ried into and joined the prescribed Society of

Brookhaven, and died there in 1737. His wife died in the same year January 23, "both very ancient and in unity with Friends." Deeds in Riverhead, Long Island, mention four of his sons, John, Peter, Benjamin, mentioned below, and William, who settled near him, as did also his son Jonathan. His dwelling house in Setauket, covered with cedar, is still standing.

born about 1700, and settled near his father at

Setauket, Long Island. Children: Benjamin, born September 13, 1729; Stephen, mentioned

born in Setauket, Long Island, and removed to Richmond, Massachusetts. He was a soldier in the Revolution from that town, a private in October 18 to November 2, 1777, at Claverack,

Isaac, Joseph. Stephen. (VII) Ansel, son of Isaac Hallock, was born at Richmond, Vermont, about 1800. He mar-Stephen, September 16, 1824, mentioned be-

name was Lewis. Children: 1. William Theodore, born at Braintree, Vermont, February 9, 1855: married Sarah Nash, of White River Junction, Vermont; child, Ralph. 2. Elmer Ellsworth, mentioned below. 3. Jennie Maude, born November 12, 1864, died March 1, 1906, married George E. Fellows, of White River Junction; children: Don E., Eda B. and Dean

Fellows

(IX) Elmer Ellsworth, son of Stephen (2) Hallock, was born at Braintree, Vermont, June 3, 1863. He was educated in the public schools of White River Junction. For eleven years he was in the employ of the Case, Lockwood & Brainerd Company, of Hartford, Connecticut. He then entered the life insurance business with the Actua Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut. In 1895 he became general manager of the Aetna Life Insurance Company for southern and western Connecticut, with offices in New Haven, where he now is. He is a member of the Union League Club of New Haven, of the New Haven Yacht Club, and the Charter Oak Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Hartford. He is a member of Trinity Church of New Haven, and in politics is a Republican. He married, November 6, 1882, Harriet A., born September 16, 1864, daughter of Cornelius V. and Marvette (Vining) Chapin. They had one son, Roy

Edgar, mentioned below.

X) Roy Edgar, son of Elmer Ellsworth Hallock, was born at Hartford, Connecticut, October 28, 1885. He attended the South school of Hartford, and in 1897 entered the Mount Pleasant Military Academy at Ossining-on-the-Hudson, leaving in 1902. He spent one year at the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Connecticut, graduating in 1903, and entering the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in the fall of the same year. He graduated from Yale in the class of 1906. After a year or so of free-lance work in the magazine field, he located with the Larkin Company of Buffalo, taking charge of considerable of their publicity work and at the same time publishing a magazine for them. In 1909 he returned to New York to take charge of the editorial and advertising departments of Every Woman's Magazine. In the fall of 1910 he was made a director in the company and elected secretary. He is a member of the Aldine Club of New York, the Yale Club of New York, the Marine and Field Club of New York, and the Union League Club of New Haven.

HALLOCK (IV) William Hallock, son of John Hallock (q.v.), was was born about 1722; died about 1782. He lived many years at Stony

Brook, but was in Greenwich, Connecticut, during most of the revolutionary war, in which he suffered much in the command of picket boats on the sound. He married Sarah Saxton, of Huntington, Long Island, sister of Harriet Saxton, who married Zephaniah Platt, the founder of Plattsburg, New York. After Mr. Hallock died his widow lived with her voungest daughter Anne, wife of Lodowick Hackstaff, in Sing Sing and New York City, and was buried in St. Paul's church yard, Brooklyn, in 1806, aged eighty-three years. Children: I. William, mentioned below. 2. Anne, died at Brooklyn, in August, 1841, aged seventy-four years, married Lodowick Hackstaff. 3. Elizabeth, born September 16, 1750, died 1846, aged ninety-six years, mother of Hallock Bromley, father of Isaac W. R. Bromley, of New York. 4. George, an enterprising ship-builder in Stony Brook; father of Joseph, George (2), Benjamin, Charles D., Erasmus and Nathaniel. 5. Zephaniah Platt, died in New York City in 1831, aged sixty-six, father of Charles S., of New York, Charlotte W., of Tarrytown, New York, and grandfather of John Youngs Hallock, a prominent merchant of San Francisco.

(V) William (2), son of William (1) Hallock, was born about 1755. He was a soldier in the revolution and a prisoner of the British one year in the old sugar-house of infamous memory in New York City. He was taken prisoner at the battle of Long Island. His widow was one of the last of the revolutionary war pensioners. He married Ruth Hawkins. Her last days were spent in Derby, Connecticut. Children, Zephaniah, mentioned below; Israel, in partnership with Zephaniah; Warren H., of Brooklyn, New York, a ship-builder;

Mary Rebecca, Sarah.

(VI) Zephaniah, son of William (2) Hallock, was born on Long Island at Stony Brook, 1792, died at Derby, Connecticut, January 11, 1870. He came to Derby in 1816 and engaged in shipbuilding, first at Sugar street, and then at Derby Narrows, where he built many vessels. He was in partnership with his brother Israel. Few, if any, men ever lived in town more universally respected than Zephaniah. He was a zealous Congregationalist, joining the church in youth and manifesting his faith in daily good works through a long and useful life. His high standards of morality and business and the daily example of integrity made him a powerful influence for good in the community. He was of cheerful disposition and socially attractive. He was active in the church and seldom absent from meetings. As ship-builders the Hallocks always bore an enviable reputation, both at home and abroad. Zephaniah was



Marrow E. Storrow .







Edwin Hallock

affectionately called "Uncle Zeph" in later years and the team hastor; i.a.s has the moplaneut of being one at the mast before that ever lived." "There was no duplicity or double dealing in his character and rather than shirk his contracts by putting in shoddy timber or practicing any dodge upon his employees, he would sooner suffer loss in dollars." Therefore, any vessel labeled with the name of Hallock whether in port or on the ocean always bore the palm of great merit. He took part in the war of 1812. He married Sarah Hall, a native of Cairo, New York. Children: William Henry; Franklin; Frederick H., died in infancy; Ann Augusta, Edwin, who is further mentioned below.

(VII) Edwin, son of Zephaniah Hallock, was born at Derby, Connecticut, August 16, 1840, and his boyhood and later life have been spent in his native town. He attended the publie schools and S. A. Law Post's "Classical and Commercial Institute." His first work after leaving school was in a wood-turning shop, where he spent a year and pretty thoroughly mastered the trade. During the next five years he was teller in the Derby Savings Bank Franklin had previously purchased the hardware store, which was founded in 1835 by S. A. Downs & Company. Afterwards the firm became Downs & Sanford, then Downs, Sanford & Company, and later F. Hallock & Company. Mr. Hallock incorporated his business in 1897 as the F. Hallock Company, of which he is president. The concern has a very large trade in all kinds of hardware and building material. Mr. Hallock has also been engaged he is a Republican. He was a member of the resented the town in the general assembly of the still market burgers, he can be a re-

strated unusual ability as a legislator. In 1093-04 he served on the committee on claims, banks and appropriations. He is a trustee of the Derby Savings Bank and a trustee of the Derby Hospital. He is a prominent Congregationalist, treasurer of the First Congregational Church of Derby, member of the Congregational Club of New Haven and treasurer of the Derby Young Men's Christian Association. He is a member of the New Haven Chapter, Connecticut Society, Sons of the American Revolution; of the New Haven, and of O-satonic Lodge No. 10. Independent in the control of the lows, of Derby. He is unmarried. The family bearing this name is SMITH one of the state many good and honorable citizens, who have played well their parts in public and municipal affairs, as well as in private life. One of the original proprietors of the town of Norwich was Rev. Kehemiah Smith, who was born in England about 1605. He emigrated to America, and was admitted a freeman at Plymouth, Massachusetts, March 6, 1637-38. He married John Bradford, son of Governor William Bradford. Rev. Mr. Smith lived in Stratford, New Haven, New London, Groton, and came to Norwich as one of the original proprietors, purchasing land from Uncas in June, 1659. The descendants of Rev. Mr. Smith are very numerous throughout eastern Connecticut.

(1) Thomas Smith, a descendant of Rev. Nehemiah Smith, was born in Ledyard, Connecticut, May 16, 1754, died December 1, 1844, in Franklin, Connecticut. He was a farmer and also worked at coopering. He enlisted from Stonington, Connecticut, in the revolutionary army, May 17, 1775, for seven months, under Captain Samuel Prentice: later for two months he was under command of Captain James Gordon; subsequently for two months under command of Captain John Swan. He received a pension for his services. He was a member of the Methodist church in Ledyard, and was a Whig in politics. In 1844 he moved to Franklin with his son, Prentice P., and resided there the remainder of his days. He married, November 2, 1777, Thankful Bennett, born October 5, 1757, died at the home of her son, Prentice P., August 9, 1850. Mr. Smith was an upright Christian man, and his wife was exceedingly well versed in the Scriptures. Children: 1, Polly, born January 27, 1779; married a Mr. Geer, and removed to Eric, Pennsylvania. 2, Betsey, October 1, 1780; married a Mr. Latham, and removed west. 3. Abigail, April 28, 1782; married a Mr. Grant, and died August 26, 1820. 4. Thomas, March 12, 1784; married (first) Phebe Bennett; (second) Phebe L. Johnson; died December 1, 1844. 5. Thankful, April 23, 1786, died July 1, 1707. 6. Nancy, May 20, 1788; married William Avery, and resided in Windham. 7, Lydia, November 14, 1790. died August 20, 1813. 8, Fanny, February 13, 1793, died August 20, 1813. 9, Prentice P., see forward.

(II) Prentice P., son of Thomas and Thankful (Bennett) Smith, was born in Ledyard, Connecticut. September 11, 1705. He attended the district school, was reared to

farm work, and his business career was devoted to farming and coopering, having a farm in the north part of Ledyard and a shop on the farm, making many barrels for use in the West Indies molasses trade. He removed to Franklin, 1844, where two sons had preceded him, and he purchased the farm of Andrew Hull. A few years later he disposed of the farm in Ledyard, and remained on the farm in Franklin until 1868, when he and his wife went to live with their son, William C., remaining until their deaths, his occurring January 3, 1881, and that of his wife December 17, 1885. In early life Mr. Smith united with the Ledyard Methodist Episcopal Church, but later transferred to the Bean Hill Methodist Church. His wife also held membership in the same churches. During his residence in Ledyard he took an active part in church matters. In politics he was first a Whig and later a Republican, representing Ledyard one term in the legislature, serving on the board of selectmen, and holding other minor offices. He married, December 1, 1814, Maria Avery, born August 13, 1797. Children: 1. Sarah Maria, born September 30, 1815; married Rev. Silas Leonard, a Methodist minister, and died in Franklin, November 29, 1884. 2. Prentice O., August 3, 1817; married Eliza King, who died June 17, 1904; he was a member of the firm of Smith Brothers for many years, and later was general agent of a publishing house; he died in Franklin, February 14, 1898. 3. John Owen, see forward. 4. Mary Louisa, January 25, 1822; married John Shapley, a machinist by trade, and they resided in Cazenovia, New York, for a number of years, but later removed to Gananoque, Canada. 5. Austin A., May 21, 1824; married Frances Mather; he was a machinist by trade, but was engaged in several business enterprises; he died in Franklin, April 22, 1883. 6. Henry N., April 18, 1827; married Lydia Lathrop, and resided in Franklin, where he was engaged at farming until his death, June 15, 1883; in early life he was connected with the firm of Smith Brothers; he was a deacon in the Franklin Congregational Church. 7. Lucian H., July 1, 1829; married Jane Lathrop; was a blacksmith, later a farmer, and was killed by a fall in his barn in Bozrah, October 5. 1879. 8. Frances H., April 24, 1832; married Hekekiah Huntington, and resided in New York. 9. William Curtis, July 1, 1835; married Elizabeth H. Mumford; a farmer, and resides in Franklin; served as deacon in the Franklin church. 10. Ezra Leonard, August 11, 1837; a farmer, and resides in Minneapolis, Minnesota; married Lucy Hastings, of Franklin.

(III) John Owen, son of Prentice P. and Maria (Avery) Smith, was born in Ledyard, Connecticut, October 6, 1819. He removed to Franklin in young manhood, and before he became of age bought his time from his father, and was employed in the carriage shop as a carriage trimmer. Later on he traveled for the establishment, selling buggies and wagons in New London and surrounding counties. He purchased the homestead farm at Smith's Corners, and for many years this was looked after by his son, Owen S., and Mr. Smith was general agent in Massachusetts for the successive editions of the atlas published by Mitchell & Bradley, from which he realized a goodly competence. Later he was an agent for the celebrated West's American Tire Setter. From 1889 to 1893 he devoted his attention to his farm, and in the latter-named year disposed of the farm and removed to Norwich, to make his home with his son, Frank H., residing there until his death. January 30, 1896. He was a Republican in politics, and represented Franklin one term in the legislature. He was the prime mover in the erection of the Franklin Congregational Church and parsonage, was active in looking after its finances, and served as superintendent of the Sunday school for many years. Mr. Smith married, in 1842, Abby Shapley King, born in Lebanon, Connecticut, in 1822, daughter of Captain Joseph and Abby (Shaplev) King. She died September 21, 1894, and her remains were interred in Yantic cemetery, as were also those of her husband. Children: I. Owen S., see forward. 2. Frank H., born March 28, 1852; married (first) Florence Proctor; (second) Maude Rich-mond; children of second wife: Helen B. and Frank R., the latter a member of the firm of J. P. Barstow & Company in Norwich. 3. Julia O., born 1856, died in 1897, unmarried.

(IV) Owen S., son of John Owen and Abby Shapley (King) Smith, was born in Franklin, Connecticut, June 29, 1848. He received his education in the district schools, the select schools in Franklin, and the Norwich Free Academy. Upon the completion of his studies he returned to the home farm and assumed the management of it for his father, remaining there for eight years after his marriage, until 1881, when he moved to his present farm in Norwich Town, which place has been in the possession of the Huntington family for almost two hundred years. Mr. Smith has devoted his attention to general farming, and from 1887 to 1900 conducted a successful ice business, after which he turned his attention to the real estate business, in which he has been equally successful. He is a Re-

port of many the open makes whiteter profit the relation to the the from In Carre the al 1996 as transferred to the Second Congregational Or made a China the good is now Church for several years. Mr. Smith married, October 2, 1872, Harriet Eunice Huntington, born in her present home, June 27, class of 1871, daughter of Deacon Edward Andrew and Harriet A. (Lyman) Hunting-College (from which he graduated in 1898) and Hartford Theological Seminary (from which he graduated in 1901); he was ordained at X come from a June, work as a function been statione! at Foo Chow, China, since December, 1901. He married, October 2, 1905, died April 11, 1910, in China; Eunice Fizabeth, born May 24, 1906; all born in China. 2. Mabel King, born December 21, 1874; graduated from Norwich Free Acad-F. Snowden Thomas, of Boston; children: Lucille Franklin, born August 21, 1902; Watertown, New York. 3. Harold Lyman, Norwich Free Academy, 4. Sidney Palmer, born January 11, 1889. Mr. and Mrs. Owen house was built in 1717, and here six generations of the Huntington family were born.

1 ...

(I) Simon Huntington, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and sailed for New England in 1633 with his wife and children, but was taken ill and died on the voyage, of small at the order. Managered Barrier Huntington, settled with her children first at Roxbury, Massachusetts, where she married is made 1033 go. Farmis Strighten of Dorchester. They removed to Windsor, Connecticut, and settled there. Margaret was probably born in Norwich, England. Practically nothing is known of Simon Hunting-

ton. Even his name was a mystery to the early genealogists of the family. Children: 1. William, settled in Salisbury about 1040. 2. Thomas, settled in Connecticut. 3. Christopher. 4. Simon, see forward. 5. Ann, mentioned in a letter written by Peter Bret to his sister, Margaret (Barrett) Huntington.

ington, was born in England about 1630, and came to America on the ill-iated voyage with his mother in 1633. He settled in Norwich, and was a member of Mr. Fitch's church there. He was a deacon of the church until 1696, when his son succeeded him. He was a member of the general assembly in 1674; had a grant of land in 1686; was townsman in 1690-94. In 1694 he was on a committee to search out and report the deficiencies in the public records. He served on the committee to seat the meeting house, 1697, and in 1700 was on a committee to give deeds and fix titles of lands in dispute or with defective title. He married, in October, 1653, Sarah, daughter of Joseph Clark, of Windsor, Connecticut. She died in 1721, aged eighty-eight. He died at Norwich, June 28, 1700, aged seventy-seven. Children: 1. Sarah, born at Saybrook, August, 1654; married Dr. Solomon Tracy, 2. Mary, born at Saybrook, August, 1654; married Dr. Solomon Tracy, 2. Mary, born at Saybrook, August, 1654; married a Forbes, of Preston, 3. Simon, see forward, 4. Joseph, born September, 1661, 5. Elizabeth, born at Norwich, February, 1664, died young, 6. Samuel, born at Norwich, March 1, 1665, 7. Elizabeth, born at Norwich, March 1, 1665, pon at Norwich, July 10, 1672, died young, 9. Daniel, born at Norwich, March 13, 1675-76.

(III) Deacon Simon (3), son of Simon (2) Huntington, was born in Saybrook, Connecticut, February 6, 1650, died November 2, 1736. He was taken by his parents to Norwich, in the spring of 1600, and resided on the homestead which was described in the records as "the home lot lying on both sides of the highway," in the second book, and as "four acres, abutting east on land of Thomas Tracy, south on land of Mr. James Fitch and north on the highway," also "four acres over the highway against his home lot," in the first book of records. In the second records, the south division abuts north on the street twenty-five and a half rods, west on the street their teen and a half rods, south on land of Captain Fitch fourteen rods; the line then runs southeast four rods, abutting northwest on the Fitch lot, runs southwest from there two rods, four feet, from there west two rods, south twenty rods minus four feet, abutting west on Captain Fitch's land and south on west.

Fitch's land eighteen rods, and east on Lieutenant Thomas Tracy's land forty-three rods. The frontage of twenty-five and a half rods comes from the land of Charles Young to the corner near the house lately occupied by the Rev. Charles A. Northrop, and then the western frontage of thirteen and a half rods goes along the road by the Green as far as the house occupied by Miss Grace McClellan. The houses of the first and second Simon Huntingtons were situated on this land. Like his cousin, Christopher, Simon was destined to a most important service in the early history of the home chosen for him by his parents. Inheriting his father's piety and gifts, he was called in 1696 to succeed him to the deaconship, and in this office he served with no less than his father's fidelity and acceptance, as long as he lived. He was largely engaged in civil affairs, serving in many of the most important offices with marked ability. house, occupying a central position, was honored as the magazine for the defensive weapons of the town, and as late as 1720 a report made to the town states that it contained a half-barrel of powder, thirty-one pounds of bullets and four hundred flints. In 1682 it was voted in town meeting to grant "to Simon Huntington Jun. to take up one hundred akers of land on the Shawtucket, not prejudicing the highways nor former grants." He married, October 8, 1683, Lydia Gager, born in Norwich, August 8, 1663, died August 8, 1737, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Gore) Gager, and granddaughter of that "right goodly man and skillful chyrurgeon," who had come to America in 1660 with Governor Winthrop. John Gager, her father, removed, in 1635, from Charlestown, Massachusetts, to Saybrook, subsequently to New London, and thence in 1660 to Norwich, Connecticut. Children: Simon, born 1686; Sarah, 1687-88; Deacon Ebenezer, see forward; Captain Joshua, 1698.

(IV) Deacon Ebenezer, son of Deacon Simon (3) Huntington, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, May, 1692, died September 12, 1768. He became a member of the church in 1717, and was chosen deacon January 18, 1737, to succeed his father, in which office he served until 1764, on the appointment of his son. He married, June 20, 1717, Sarah, born in Norwich, February 13, 1698-99, died April I, 1770, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Lydia (Tracy) Leffingwell. Children: Sarah, born 1718; Rev. Simon, see forward; Lucy,

1722; Lydia, 1735.

(V) Rev. Simon (4), son of Deacon Ebenezer Huntington. was born in Norwich, Connecticut, September 12, 1719, in the Simon Huntington house on Bean Hill, died December 27, 1801. He graduated from Yale College in 1741, united with the church, 1742, studied theology and preached until his health failed. He was chosen deacon to succeed his father in 1764. He married (first) January 17, 1751, Hannah Tracy, born September 2, 1727, died January 30, 1753. He married (second) January 24, 1759, Zipporah Lathrop, born 1733, died March 16, 1814. Children by first wife: Samuel, born 1751; Hannah, 1753. By second wife: Roger, 1759; Daniel, 1762; Ebenezer, see forward; Erastus, 1769.

(VI) Ebenezer (2), son of Rev. Simon (4) Huntington, was born in Norwich, in the Simon Huntington house on Bean Hill, August 26, 1764, died February 27, 1853. He was a farmer, residing on Bean Hill, Norwich, where his death occurred. He married, in Lebanon, September 26, 1806, Eunice, born July 30, 1779, daughter of Captain Andrew and Ruth (Hyde) Huntington, of Lebanon, Connecticut. Children: Mary Ann, born October 30, 1807; Cornelia Eliza, February 8, 1809; Edward Andrew, see forward; William Lathrop, February 8, 1817, died August 11, 1825: Samuel Tracy, September 20, 1819, died

August 10, 1825.

(VII) Deacon Edward Andrew, son of Ebenezer (2) Huntington, was born in Norwich, in the Simon Huntington house, on Bean Hill, October 23, 1811. He was chosen deacon of the First Congregational Church in Norwich in 1857, and was the seventh of that name that had been called to same office in that ancient church. He married, in Woodstock, Connecticut, June 26, 1850, Harriet A., daughter of Daniel Lyman, M.D., of South Woodstock, and granddaughter of Rev. Eliphalet Lyman, who was pastor of the Congregational church in Woodstock from 1780 to 1825, and who died February 2, 1836, aged eighty-two years. His wife, Hannah Hunt-ington, was born April 28, 1753, married, in 1779, and died in Woodstock, April 19, 1836. She was a woman of unusual brilliancy of intellect, and retained her mental faculties remarkably in her advanced years. Children of Deacon Edward Andrew Huntington: 1. Harriet Eunice, born June 27, 1851; married, October 2, 1872, Owen S. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Smith reside in the old Simon Huntington house on Bean Hill, Norwich, built in 1717, in which house six generations of the Huntington family were born (see Smith IV). 2. Mary Eldredge, born December 29, 1854; married, December 28, 1881, Charles W. Haines, a lawyer of Colorado Springs, Colorado: children: Faith Huntington and Marion Huntington Haines, both unmarried.

Ebenezer Smith, a descendant of SMI+II I Itema Smith, all of titled calls at East Haven, Connecticut, resided at North Haven, Connecticut, and was for many years town treasurer and a prominent citizen. Thomas Smith married, in 1602, Elizabeth, only daughter of Edward Patterson, Children: John, born March, 1604; Anna, April 1, 1605; Infant, born and died 1607. Ichm. born [him. 1, 1676; Johnson, 1671. Thomas [him. 1], 1673. Elizabeth, June 11, 1676; Joanna, December 17, 1678. Samuel, May 24, 1681. August 17, 1683. Ichl. har 22, 1685. Seph. 1688. Empandir, November 27, 1685. died young.

(11) Henry Hart, son of Ebenezer Smith, was born in North Haven, Connecticut, in 1828. Four generations of the family have been born there. He was educated in the public schools and learned the trade of machinist, which he followed through his active life. He is now living at Hartford. He married, November 25, 1852, Mary Buckley, born January 4, 1827, daughter of Amasa and Mary (Wetherill) Morgan (see Morgan VII). Children: Frederick H., born November 28, 1821; Herbert Engage mentioned below.

Hart Smith, was born at Hartford, Connecticut, October 21, 1857. He attended the public schools of his native city, and graduated from the high school. He then entered the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in 1876 and was graduated with the degree of Ph.B. in the class of 1879. He was a student in Yale Medical School for the year following and then entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of M.D. in 1882. He returned to the Yale Medical School and in June, 1883, was appointed lecturer in chemistry and in 1885 was chosen professor of chemistry, being the third to occupy the chair. The three professors of this department have taught ninety-seven years altogether-a most remarkable record of long and able service. Since 1885 Dr. Smith School. His work in the laboratory and lecture room, and his published contributions to science have given him a world-wide reputation and high standing in the scientific world. Much of his published work has been in connection with the researches and problems of the Connecticut board of health, of which he was chemist for a number of years. He has contributed also to various medical societies. of which he is a member, and to medical publications. He is a member and was formerly

president of the New Haven City Medical Society; member of the Connecticut State Medical Society, the American Chemical Society, the American Chemical Society, the American Physiological Society, the American Public Health Association, the Graduates Club of New Haven and the United Congregational Church of New Haven. His home is in New Haven, but he spends his summers at Woodmont, Connecticut. He married, June 30, 1885, Emily Scull, born September 30, 1886; Mary Morgan, April 19, Dimnin. Children: Emily Dinnin, born November 10, 1886; Mary Morgan, April 19, 1888; Elizabeth Bernard, October 8, 1889; Emily D, and Mary M, are members of the class of 1910, Vassar College. Elizabeth B, is a pupil of the Heminway School of Domestic Science at Framingham, Massachusetts.

## (The Morgan Line).

(III) James Morgan, son of John Morgan (q. v.), was born in New London, Connecticut, about 1680. He married Bridget—, and settled in Preston, Connecticut, where he died November 7, 1721. Children, born at Preston: Samuel, December 16, 1705; James, June 24, 1707, mentioned below; Hannah, September 9, 1708; Rachel, July 19, 1710; Daniel, April 16, 1712.

(IV) James (2), son of James (1) Morgan, was born at Preston, June 24, 1707. He had but one child, Samuel, mentioned below.

(V) Samuel, son of James (2) Morgan, was born in 1728. He settled in Waterford, Connecticut, and died there, January 26, 1825, aged ninety-six. He married Mary—who died September 25, 1804, aged eighty-one. Both were buried in the old second burial ground at New London. His will was Mary May on 181 pured from 15 children: Samuel, mentioned below: Lydia: Lucretia, born about 1753; Margaret, about 1755; Louisa, about 1757; Bridget, 1760.

gan, was born in 1748. He settled in Waterford, but probably removed to Wethersfield, where he did May in 1823, sares the settled in Wyoming, Pennried again. He settled in Wyoming, Pennsylvania, and barely escaped with wife and infant daughter from the massacre of 1778. Children: Mehitable, died in Hartford, Noventer 24, 1850 Super Super

Wis bein John S. 1780 - Sentil 12 Moran, was bein John S. 1780 - Sentil 12 Moran ford, April 2, 1831. He settled in Wethershold. The marrow North 22 1843 Moran

daughter of Elias Wetherill; she died October 28, 1856, aged sixty-six years. Children: Eliza Ann, born March 14, 1814, married Salmon Steele; Chauncey, July 31, 1815, married Lois Ann Miller and C. M. Lewis; Lewis, January 17, 1817. married Jeanette Pinney, Samuel, December 14, 1818, married, February 13, 1848, Adelia A. Clark; Harriet, February 9, 1821, married E. Boyington and L. Adams; Justus Rockwell, September 14, Justus Rockwell, September 14, 1822, married, November 29, 1843, Henrietta Judd; James Henry, May 14, 1825, married, November 20, 1847, Martha Whitmore; Mary Buckley, January 4, 1827, married, November 25, 1852, Henry H. Smith (see Smith II); Joseph, January 21, 1830.

Rev. Henry Smith, immigrant SMITH ancestor, was born in England. in 1588, near Norfolk. He came to America in 1636, and settled in Wethersfield, Connecticut, in 1638. He is thought to have married twice, but the name of his first wife is not known. The name of his second wife was Dorothy, sister of Rev. John Cotton, of Boston. He died in 1658, and she married (second) John Russell, father of Rev. John Russell, who succeeded Mr. Smith in the pastorate at Wethersfield, and who, ten years later, became the first minister at Hadley, and died May 8, 1690, aged eighty-three. Mrs. Dorothy (Smith) Russell died at Hadley in 1694. Children of Rev. Henry Smith: Perehad children; daughter, married and had children; Dorothy, born 1636; Samuel in Wethersfield, 1638, mentioned below; Joanna, Wethersfield, December 25, 1641; Noah, Wethersfield, February 25, 1643-44; Elizabeth. Wethersfield, August 25, 1648.

(II) Samuel, son of Rev. Henry Smith, was born in Wethersfield, in 1638-39. He lived at Northampton, Massachusetts, from 1666 until about 1680. He removed then to Hadley, to take care of his mother. following, taken from his letter in 1608-99, refers to his stepfather, John Russell: "But he was sometimes a little short of ve Charity which thinketh no Evil, at ve least I was wont to think so when his Hand was too heavy on my Shoulders & I remembered ye sweetnesse & ye Charity of my firste Father, but on ye whole said he was a Goode Man & did well by my Mother & her children & no doubt we did often try his wit & temper." Samuel Smith died at Hadley, September 10, 1703, aged sixty-five. He married Mary, daughter of James Ensign, the immigrant who was one of the first settlers of Hartford. Children: Samuel, deacon; Sarah, born before her

father's removal to Northampton; Dorothy, baptized 1667, at Northampton; Ebenezer baptized at Northampton, 1668; Ichabod, born at Northampton, January 24, 1670, mentioned below; Mary, Northampton, January 19, 1673; James, Northampton, June 12, 1675; Preserved, Northampton, August, 1677.

(III) Deacon Ichabod, son of Samuel Smith, was born at Northampton, January 24, 1670. He lived in Hadley until about 1699, and after that in Suffield. He married, about 1692, Mary, daughter of Thomas Huxley, of Suffield. Children born at Hadley: Child born February 1, died February 13, 1693-94; Mary, born May 20, 1696. Children born in Suffield: Hannah, January 21, 1698; Samuel, November 5, 1700, mentioned below; Ichabod, January 1, 1708; James, March 15, 1710-11; Joseph, January 1, 1717.

(IV) Samuel (2), son of Deacon Ichabod Smith, was born November 5, 1700, in Suf-field, died there August 25, 1767. He mar-ried Jerusha, daughter of Atherton Mather, of Suffield, November 8, 1725. She was born in Windsor, July 18, 1700, and died at the home of her son, Rev. Cotton Mather Smith, in Sharon, Connecticut, aged ninety. Children: Elizabeth, born November 10, 1726; Dan, October 25, 1728; Cotton Mather, October 15, 1730, mentioned below; Simeon. (Rev.), August 6, 1733; Paul, September 15,

1736; Jerusha, died young.

(V) Rev. Cotton Mather, son of Samuel (2) Smith, was born October 15, 1739, in Sheffield, Connecticut, died in Sharon, 1806. He graduated from Yale College in 1751, and studied divinity with Rev. Mr. Woodbridge, at Hatfield or Hadley. He was ordained and settled at Sharon, August 28, 1755. He married, about 1757, Temperance, widow of Dr. William Gale, of Goshen, New York, and daughter of Rev. William Worthington, of Saybrook. She was born April 8, 1732, died June, 1800. Rev. Cotton Mather Smith preached his half-century sermon in Sharon in 1805, and died there November 27 or 30, 1806. For some months he was chaplain in the revolutionary army. He was a missionary to the feeble churches in Vermont. He organized the Vergennes Congregational Church, September 17, 1793. Children: Elizabeth, born June 29, 1759; Juliana, February 12, 1761; Thomas Mather, January 21, 1763; Governor John Cotton, February 12, 1765, mentioned below; Lucretia, January 20, 1767, died 1773; Mary, February 16, 1760, (VI) Governor John Cotton, son of Rev. Cotton Mather Seriel

Cotton Mather Smith. was born in Sharon, February 12, 1765, died March, 1845. He graduated from Yale College in 1783. He lecance lie de nant governor de outer de la 1841, governor de 1843, 7 de 1860, and bet est etc. Intest State de 1850, and was elected for a fourth term, but restau Was also neutle de la 1850, and was elected for a fourth term, but restau Was also neutle de la 1850, and was elected for a fourth term, but restau Was also neutle de la 1850, de la 1850, de la 1857, daughter of Jacob Evertson, of Pleasant Valley, New York, Mr. Evertson was descended from a long line of famous Dutch admirals of that name, as also from Admiral DeRuyter. He was a member of the action of Connecticut under the charter of Charles the Second.

ernor John Cotton Smith, was born in Sharon, August 26, 1787, died March, 1864. He grad-uated from Yale College in the class of 1865. He was educated for the law, but devoted his life to good works and was greatly beloved. estate interests in Sharon, where he lived, and in the state of Vermont. He established one of the first Sunday schools in the United was a noted lay preacher, and in the absence of the minister occupied the pulpit in the erals. For more than thirty years he held was a faithful member of the church of which early age of twelve years. He entered college the same year. He married, 1800, Helen, born in Columbia county, in 1786, died May, 1867, daughter of Gilbert R. Livingston, of Red Hook, New York. Children: John Cotton, born March 21, 1810, graduate of Yale College in 1830, died unmarried in 1870; Robert Worthington, mentioned below; Gilbert Livingston, born May, 1813, graduate of Principle College in 1833. hel December.

(VIII) Robert Worthington, son of William Mather Smith, was born in Sharon, Connecticut, May 28, 1811, died there September 10, 1877. He was educated in the public and private schools and in Williams College, and studied medicine under Dr. Willard Parker, of New York City, but followed farming most of his life in his native town. He received the degree of M.D. from the Pittsfield Medical College. He married, in December, 1834, Gertrude L'Estrange, born at Carmel, New York, September, 1841, died in Sharon.

November 23, 1894, daughter of Daniel and Gertrude (L'Estrange) Bolden. Her mother was of Huguenot ancestry. Unidren, born at Sharon: 1. Gilbert Livingston, mentioned below. 2. Helen Evertson, August 22, 1839, lives with her brother in Sharon, member of the Daughters of the American Revolution; has written for all the leading magazines under her own name and various noins de plume; author of "Colonial Days and Ways," published by the Century Company in 1900. 3. William Mather, born September 30, 1843, died September 3, 1848, aged five years. 4. Gertrude Bolden, October 20, 1850, married, April 20, 1881, Robert Clinton Geer, of Norfolk, Connecticut; lives in New York City; children: Gertrude L'Estrange Geer; another child who died young.

(1X) Gilbert Livingston, son of Robert Worthington Smith, was born in Carmel, New York, December 29, 1835. He was e lucated in the public schools of Sharon and has always lived in his native town. He has large real estate interests and conducts a large farm. He spends his winters in New York City, where he owns the residence built by Dr. Simeon Smith, brother of Rev. Cotton Mather Smith, mentioned above. The house is built of stone quarried in Sharon, under the supervision of an Italian mason-architect. He is a member of the New York branch of the Sons of the Revolution. His politics have always been those of the Republican party. He represented the town in the general assembly in 1878-79, and served on the board of arbitration and as chairman of the committee on roads and bridges. He is unmarried.

SMITH tor, was born in England. He came to Massachusetts Bay before 1639, when he was located at Weymouth and was a proprietor of that town. He was admitted a freeman in 1654. His will was dated June 19, 1673, proved June 22, 1676, bequeathing to wife Joane; sons James and Nathaniel; daughter Hannah Parramore; grandson James, son of deceased son Joshua. Children: James, Joshua, Nathaniel, mentioned below, Hannah, married (first) John 26, 1679; Hannah, March 29, 1687.

Snell and (second) ——— Parramore.

 1675. He seems to have lived at Taunton and Scituate, Massachusetts, and later moved to Litchfield, Connecticut. His brother, John Smith, also came to Litchfield. He died in 1725 at Litchfield and administration on his estate was granted May 11, 1725, to his widow Ann and son William. Children, mentioned in probate records: William; Nathaniel; Abiel, married, September 24, 1729, Abigail Pelet; Johnson; Stephen, married, January 25, 1732-33, Mary Stoddard; Jacob, mentioned below; Jonathan; Ann; Elizabeth; Experience, married B. Horsford; Sarah; Mary; Phebe.

(IV) Jacob, son of Nathaniel (2) Smith, was born probably as early as 1710. He married Elizabeth — Children: Jacob, mentioned below; Rebecca, David; there were

probably other children.

(V) Jacob (2), son of Jacob (1) Smith, was born in 1738, died April 14, 1807. He was a lieutenant in the revolution. He married Mary Lewis, who died December 30, 1833, aged eighty-one years. Upon his tombstone in Northfield cemetery, Litchfield, is inscribed:

"Oh!" then great arbiter of Life and Death! Thy call I follow to the Land Unknown. I trust in Thee and know in Whom I trust."

(VI) David, son of Jacob (2) Smith, was born at Litchfield. He married Anna, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Spencer) Bartholomew. Her father was a soldier in the revolution. Children: Hiram, Charles, Truman, Mary, Benjamin, Samuel, Edward, David, James, Anna, married Merritt Clark and

lived in St. Paul, Minnesota.

(VII) David (2), son of David (1) Smith, was born April 6, 1822, at Northfield, Litchfield county, Connecticut, where he attended the public schools in his youth and learned the trade of stone mason. At the age of thirty, in 1852, he came to Meriden, Connecticut, where he made his home the remainder of his life. He died there in 1893. He was a prominent builder and contractor for many years. His residence was on West Main street. He was a Republican in politics and keenly interested in public affairs. He was active in the temperance movement and an earnest advocate of total abstinence. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Meriden. He married, in 1848, Fidelia, born in 1825, died in 1896, daughter of Daniel and Ruth (Hull) Parker, of Meriden. Ruth Hull was the daughter of Jesse Hull, a soldier of the revolution, and his wife Hannah, who was a daughter of Jehiel Preston, a sergeant in the revolution. Daniel Parker's father was a soldier in the revolution, a British prisoner of war in the prison ships of New York. Mr. and Mrs. Smith celebrated their golden wedding, November 22, 1898, surrounded by their surviving children and received the congratulations of many friends. Children: I. Nettie E., married Julius S. Augur, of Meriden, Connecticut; children: Julius Jr., a student in Yale, Agnes S., and Frank Augur. 2. Frank Daniel, born June, 1852, married Florence P. Powers; they have one child, Edna W. 3. Dr. Edward Wier, mentioned below. 4. Ella Isabel. 5. Jennie S. 6. Frances Eva, an artist of much ability, died October 27, 1898. The daughters are active members of Susan Carrington Clark Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

(VIII) Dr. Edward Wier Smith, son of David (2) Smith, was born in Meriden, October 17, 1854. He attended the public schools of Meriden and the Hopkins Grammar School of New Haven, the oldest school in the state. He entered Yale College in 1874, graduating in 1878, a classmate of President Taft, with the degree of A.B. He then entered the Yale Medical School, and he then taught school for a time at Yaleville, Connecticut. He resumed his medical studies at McGill University, Montreal, Canada, and was graduated in the class of 1882 with the degree of M.D. During his college course at New Haven he played on the varsity baseball club and took part in the games with Harvard, Princeton and other college teams. He began to practice medicine in 1882 at Meriden, Connecticut, where he has remained to the present time. In 1892 he took a course in the Post Graduate Medical College, New York City. He is on the medical and surgical staffs of the Meriden Hospital, a member of the Meriden Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, the American Academy of Medicine and of the American Medical Association. He was formerly president of the New Haven County Medical Society. Dr. Smith belongs to the First Congregational Church of Meriden. He is a member also of Meriden Lodge, No. 77, Free and Accepted Masons; of St. Elmo Commandery, No. 9, Knights Templar; of Keystone Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and of the Connecticut Society, Sons of the American Revolution. He is a Republican in politics. He married, October 14, 1885, Helen B., daughter of Oliver and Abbie C. (Caldwell) Rice, of Meriden. She was born in Meriden, October 21, 1857. Children: Marion Rice, born June 26, 1887; David Parker, May 7, 1889, graduate of Yale College in 1910; student in Yale Medical



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Winchell Smith, son of William Brown Smith, a section of Capatim Jain Brown, the Alebraio

ist (see Liverin VI), and impinite ifficially Smith, and grandson of John Smith, was born at Harrison, Comprount Spot : 1871 he attended the public schools and Hartford pubhe had to do the paid up the probability of actor and was in the cast of various companies under the management of Charles Frohman from 1894 to 1904. He formed a partnership with Arnold Daly in 1904, in the Bernard Shaw. Since 1900 Mr. Smith has been a playwright. He has written: "A Red Stocking," "Brewster's Millions," "Via Wire-less," "The Fortune Hunter," "Bobby Bur-nit," "Love Among the Lions," "The Out-sider," "The Only Son." In politics he is Republican, in religion he is a Congregationers, Greenroom, Friars, Atlantic Yacht clubs, and Greenroom Club of London; the Incorporated Society of Authors, England; the posers.

Spencer, of Pennsylvania, daughter of Frank and Margaret (Searles) Spencer, of Troy.

(1) Peter Brown, immigrant ancestor, was born in England and came in the "Mayflower" with the Plys other apparent to the life was unmarried when he came, but within the next thirteen years had married twice. He was ter, had divisions of cattle with him in 1627. ters and the two mentioned by Governor Bradford as married in 1650. In 1644 the daughters were placed in the care of their uncle, John Brown, a leading citizen of Duxbury. Peter Brown died in 1633 before October 10, and his estate was settled by the court, November 11, 1633. Administration was granted to the widow Mary. He had several other children, among whom was Peter, mentioned

(II) Peter (2), son of Peter (1) Brown, was born in 1632. He settled at Windsor, Connecticut, and lived to be nearly sixty years old. He died at Windsor, March 9, 1092, leaving an estate of four hundred and nine pounds to be divided among his thirteen children.

(III) John, son of Peter (2) Brown, was 611) John, Son of Peter V. Britan born at Windsor, January 8, 1668, died Feb-ruary 4, 1728. Married, February 4, 1691, Elizabeth Loomis, who died December 11, 1723. Children, born at Windsor: Elizabeth. tro, Ann. September at the A. gust 24, 1697; John, mentioned below; Ann. 20, 1708-09; Mary, March 8, 1711; Esther,

- Dy Dim (A) a b b a company of the died September 3, 1790. He married, March

4, 1728. He removed to what is now Bloom-November 18, 1776 (posthumous).

rington was later called the "John Brown"

Wolcottville, on a road seldom traveled. The farm was pleasantly located, but not up to the standard of this section, and Mr. Brown doubtless bought it because it was cheap and adapted to his purpose for a tannery. On a brook, west of the house, on the north side of the east and west road he built his tannery and shoe shop and for six years worked at his trade. He was a man of keen perception, good humor and wit. His brother John was deacon of the church at New Hartford; Frederick, another brother, was a judge of the court at Hudson, Ohio. Owen Brown was strongly religious and was never absent from church. In 1805 he removed to Hudson, Ohio. He came back a year or two later on business, but returned to Hudson soon. He was a trustee of Oberlin College from 1835 to 1844 and then resigned in consequence of growing infirmities. He was much esteemed by his associates for his practical wisdom and staunch integrity. He was a man of few words, because a painful habit of stammering made it almost impossible for him to speak, but every word was valued. His home was at the seat of the Western Reserve College. During the war of 1812 he furnished cattle to the government for the use of troops. He died May 8, 1856.

He married, at Simsbury, February II, 1793, Ruth Mills, born 1771, daughter of Gideon and Ruth (Humphrey) Mills, grand-daughter of Hon. Oliver Humphrey. His wife died at Hudson in 1808, and he married (second) Sarah Root. He married (third) Abi (Abigail) Hinsdale (or Lucy (Drake) Hinsdale, widow of Harmon). Children of first wife: Anna Ruth, born July 5, 1798, in Norfolk; Captain John, the Abolitionist; Salmon, April 30, 1802; Oliver Owen, October

26, 1804; Frederick, 1806.

John Smith, immigrant ancestor, SMITH was born in England and settled early at Ipswich, Massachusetts. Besides this John Smith, a John Smith settled at Boston, a boy in the family of Rev. John Wilson; another John Smith, of Boston, was banished and went to Rhode Island; a third was a tailor in Boston. There was a John Smith, of Weymouth, in 1638; a Rev. John Smith at Barnstable; John Smith, prominent in Dorchester as early as 1636; John Smith, of Lynn, 1636; John Smith, of Salem, 1642; John Smith, of Hampton, New Hampshire; John Smith, of Plymouth, 1633: Mr. John Smith at Dedham, 1639; John Smith, of Lancaster; John Smith, of Taunton, 1639; John Smith, of Charlestown, 1644, and perhaps other John Smiths all in Massachusetts before

(II) Thomas, son of John Smith, was born at Ipswich, June 7, 1661. He was one of the first settlers of Suffield, Connecticut, having land granted to him at the second town meeting held November 17, 1682. He was a tanner. He died at Suffield, December 2, 1726. He married (first) in 1684, Joanna Barber, who died June 25, 1688; (second) Mary, daughter of John Younglove, the first minister of Suffield. Child of first wife: John, born 1688. Children of second wife: Thomas, Mary, Sarah, Johanna, Eleazer (twin), Experience (twin), Obedience, Ruth, Hannah.

(III) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Smith, was born at Suffield, August 28, 1690, died there about 1759. He married Abigail, daughter of Anthony and Abigail (Holcomb) Austin. Children, born at Suffield: Thomas,

mentioned below, and John.

(IV) Thomas (3), son of Thomas (2) Smith, was born November 6, 1725, died about 1814. He married Esther Ball, who died November 5, 1822, aged eighty-four. Children, born at Suffield: Thomas, Abigail, John, mentioned below, Joseph, Alexander

and Esther.

(V) John (2), son of Thomas (3) Smith, was born at Feeding Hills, Massachusetts, June 11, 1757, died at Granville. Massachusetts, September 3, 1835. He was a soldier in the revolution in 1775. He was a miller by trade. He married Keziah Pease, of Somers, Connecticut, who died February 11, 1830. Children: Orsamus, John F., Zebina, Henry, George W., Thomas Jefferson, Joseph Pease, Albert Gallatin, mentioned below, and Margaret Maritta.

(VI) Albert Gallatin, son of John (2) Smith, was born at Granville, April 30, 1801, died at Collinsville, May 11, 1871. He attended the public schools and was there educated. He was a miller for several years at Broadbrook, East Windsor, Connecticut. He owned a small place in Granville, Massachusetts, also conducted a boot and shoe business. He spent his last years in Collinsville with his children. He married Sarah Harger, of Granville, born July 5, 1800, died February 11,

1881 of Common Months of the new Indianal Library of Harm Sulface of the Indianal Library of the India

TARE Insplictmental, see at allier tail January 5, 1843. He received his early edu-Then for two years he worked in the United town, New York. He came to Collinsville, Connecticut, in 1805, to work for the Collins Company as a steel forger and continued until 1870, when he entered partnership with his brother Samuel Henry in the seed trade at 1880 he disposed of his plantation and timber Connecticut, and has lived there since 1884. flour and feed business in Winsted, but for the past fourteen years has been in the real estate business, handling farm and suburban Free and Accepted Masons, Collinsville, and is a past master; member of the Ancient Or-

wilda, daughter of James and Sarah J. (Roe) Shotwell, of Sussex county, New Jersey. She died February 26, 1882, at Collinsville, Connecticut, aged thirty-five years. Children, all born in Loudon county, Virginia: 1, James What, San James Marian Ma

Taylor, born at Avon, Connecticut, 1851, died April 12, 1888. He married (third) October

folk, Connecticut, daughter of William and Margaret (Hamilton) Hotchkiss,

The ancestors of Friend W. SMITH Smith, one of the representative business, political, fraternal and social life,

nearly all engaged in the ministry

(1) Eben Smith, the first of the line herein recorded, was one of the foremost clergymen of his time, and was one of the original promoters of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut. He and his brother, James Matthews, Smith, were Methodist circuit riders and made preaching tours through Connecticut and Massachusetts. Eben Smith was a delegate to the general conference of his church for four consecutive sessions. He was also one of the original promoters of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut.

(II) Friend William, son of Eben Smith, was a clergyman of the Methodist denomination, and for a period of half a century preached in various parts of Connecticut and New York. He married Mary Esmond. They had four children: Friend William is the only

son and the only one now living.

(III) Friend William (2), son of Friend William (1) and Mary (Esmond) Smith, was born in Kortright, Delaware county, New York, May 11, 1820. He acquired a practical education in the public schools of New York City and at Amenia Seminary, Dutchess county, New York. His greatest delight was in books and the attainment of knowledge, and he read history, poetry and scientific books with especial pleasure. Wishing to earn his own living, he left school at an early age and became clerk in a hosiery house in New York City at ten dollars per month. After thirteen years of employment in this and other lines of business in New York and New Haven, he came to Bridgeport in 1840, and has remained to the present time (1011), a period of over sixty years, and during that time has always been prominent in its affairs. Possessing a taste and aptitude for commercial life, he engaged in the dry goods business in 1840 and continued in the capacity of proprietor until 1851, when he entered the employ of E. Birdseye, then the leading dry goods merchant of Bridgeport, as a fellow clerk with David Read, who later founded the present great dry goods house of D. M. Read & Commany. He remained here until 1800, a period

of nine years, when he was made postmaster, which responsible position he filled satisfactorily until 1869, covering the period of the troublous civil war times, during both terms of President Lincoln's administrations, and during the tenure of office the new postoffice was erected through his instrumentality. During his incumbency of the office of postmaster he was a member of the state central committee, chairman of the executive committee in the city of Bridgeport, and, in fact, one of the foremost politicians of the community. At the close of his official service as postmaster, Mr. Smith entered business and organized the Forrester Manufacturing Company of Bridgeport. In 1871 he went to Nevada as a representative in the interest of the Connecticut Silver Mining Company, of which there were large local interests, and in which capacity he became familiar with the process of mining and milling the precious metals. He remained there until 1873, when he resigned his position and returned to Bridgeport, Connecticut. At this time the postoffice department was advertising for a new letter box lock. Smith and Mr. Frederick Egge invented together a lock for which Mr. Smith invented a key and they were the successful bidders. The outcome of this success was the organization in 1874 of the firm of Smith & Egge, now one of the most prosperous of Bridgeport's concerns. This continued until 1877, when the firm was incorporated as the Smith & Egge Manufacturing Company, the new company buying out the stock of Mr. Egge and he becoming superintendent. The officers of the firm were: Friend W. Smith, president; Warner H. Day, secretary and treasurer. This continued for many years, when Mr. Day was succeeded by Frederick A. Booth, and he was succeeded by Oliver C. Smith, the present secretary and treasurer. This concern is well and favorably known to the United States government, and for several years they had the contract for manufacturing all the postoffice mail locks for mail bags in use in the postal service in the United States; they also supplied Mexico, Hayti and Chili with mail

About this time Mr. Smith originated the system of carrier and office chains for securing the lock keys and secured orders for the entire country. The appointment of Mr. Smith as postmaster had brought him in touch with many government officials, hence he had but little trouble in securing the contract from this government, as well as the foreign countries above mentioned. He also secured contracts for all the cord fasteners and label cases and punchers used in the postal service, and

for many years this firm was one of the largest contractors in the country for furnishing supplies to the mail equipment division of the post office department of Mexico, Hayti, Chili, Santa Domingo, as well as the entire United States, with these articles and other inventions, and had extensive dealings with the treasury and navy departments of the government. There are branch offices in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis. The idea of using chain instead of cord for hanging weights to windows was conceived by Mr. Smith, and the "Giant" metal sash chain introduced by his company is now a standard article in general use. Throughout the country for the general trade they manufacture a variety of chains, padlocks and sewing-machine hardware and attachments.

In 1891 Mr. Smith visited England and

In 1891 Mr. Smith visited England and organized the Automatic Chain Company, in Birmingham, England, using his methods in the English market, and also made arrangements for the use of his patents in Germany. In addition to his achievements in the invention of many valuable devices used in the postal service and his responsibility as president and owner of such a large concern, Mr. Smith organized the Bridgeport Deoxydized Bronze and Metal Company and was its president.

dent for a long time.

Mr. Smith's transactions throughout the many years of his business career have been characterized by the utmost honesty and integrity, and his business associates and patrons repose in him the greatest confidence, a fit-ting testimonial of his character as a man. He has been active in the councils of the Republican party, representing Fairfield county in the Republican state committee for several years, his work therein proving satisfactory to his constituents and the people at large; also he served as a member of the board of apportionment and taxation of Bridgeport, retiring on account of impaired health. enjoys the distinction of being the first man in Bridgeport to answer the call by the laboring men for the nine-hour-a-day work, which fact gained for him great popularity, and he was solicited by the Labor party several times to act as their nominee for the office of mayor of the city. At one Labor Day parade his photograph, an oil painting, was carried through the streets. He was grand marshal of the Grand Army parade, June 5, 1903, and was presented by this body with a memorial commemorative of the occasion. Some of his employees have been with him for a quarter of a century, a fact which amply testifies to his qualities as an employer. Not only in Bridgeport, but throughout the entire country,

he is recognized as a many tenth, the tank influence, and adming, he has attribute the nje age ir Oghty (ao year , i.e.) a ite ar.. ekar on mari pents ili p pears at the close of this sketch was written by himself on the fifty-seventh anniversary of In anomage It for one of a large rive ber which Mr. Smith has composed, covering History of the Bridgeport Post Office," which appeared in the Municipal Register for 1876, was a member of the reception committee which greeted Abraham Lincoln upon his visit to Bridgeport. He holds membership in St. John's Lodge, No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and has passed through all the bodies, including the Scottish Rite bodies up to the thirty-second degree. Though reared a Meth-Christ Church (Episcopal). He is a member and past governor of the Seaside Club, a member of Algonquin, the Seaside Outing Club, the National Manufacturers' Association and the Bridgeport Historical and Scientific So-Bank. He is a territor or the Mechanis' and Farmers' Savings Bank.

Mr. Smith married, February 23, 1853, in the old First Methodist Church, to which church the family formerly belonged, the ceremony being performed by Mr. Smith's father, Rev. Edmund S. Jaynes, brother of the late Bishop Jaynes of the Methodist church, An-geline Amelia Weed, born in the town of Bethel, May 3, 1833, daughter of Zilpah Northrop and Zerah Weed. Her father was a well-to-do farmer and manufacturer, and her mother came from Ridgefield; the family came to Bridgeport between sixty and sixtyfive years ago and Mrs. Smith lived there until her death. The remainder of her familv died when comparatively young. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Smith: I. Friend W. Jr., born December 20, 1854; graduated from Yale Law School, 1882, and was admitted to the Fairfield county bar in June, 1883; he makes a specialty of patent law and has had States circuit court, and has testified as an expert in many cases in all the courts. He married, November 11, 1884. Harriet, daughter of Ionathan M. and Sarah Knowlton Merritt, of Tarrytown, New York; children: Sophia, Iulia and Friend W. (3). 2. Oliver Cromwell, secretary and treasurer of the Smith & Fege Company 2 Chaples For ad. superintendent of the Smith & Page Company; both at home. 4. Maybelle, wife of Horace H. Jackson, of Bridgeport; children: Esther and Doris.

Mrs. Friend William Smith died at her 1911, aged seventy-seven years, seven months. Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Earnest J. Craft. Interment was in Mountain Grove cemetery. Mrs. Smith was a woman of more than ordinary intelligence and one who had a very active life. She was very prominent in charitable associations. She was a member of the Bridgeport Ladies' Charitable Society and its president until by reason of her imperfect hearing she deemed it best to resign the office, but still remained on the board of managers. Her personal attention was always given to visiting of the poor and she dispensed her charities herself. She will be greatly missed in this direction. Mrs. Smith became a member of Christ Episcopal Church and was confirmed with her Insband under the rectorship of the late Rev. Beverly Warner. An efficient member of the different societies of the church, her helping hand will be much missed.

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We're living in the twilight now, The brilliant colors of the day—

The evening of the day has come. And weary labor greets its close.

For health and comfort all along. So many things to make us glad—

And blended with that evening song And when that evening song shall cease,

Is near, and we can almost toss

But when the border stream is crosed. And we have reached the farther shore, It cannot be! we are not lest To all our loved one—evermore.

Death cannot conquer in the strife.
For God is love, and Love has planned
That Death itself shall yield to Life
Love finds its own in "Better-Land."

And ere we leave this world so fair, The last sweet effort of the mind Shall be an earnest, ardent prayer, God bless the loved ones left behind.

John North, the immigrant an-NORTH cestor, came to New England in 1635 in the ship "Susan and Ellen," which landed in Boston. He was then twenty years old. He was one of the proprietors and first settlers of the town of Farmington, Connecticut, the first offshoot from the church of Rev. Thomas Hooker, of Hartford. Land was granted him there in 1635, and he and his sons, John and Samuel, were included in the eighty-four original land owners among whom were divided, in 1676, the unoccupied lands of Farmington. He and his wife were members of the Farmington church, with which they united in 1656. He married Hannah, daughter of Thomas Bird. He died in 1691, aged seventy-six years. Children: John, born 1641; Samuel (twin), 1643; Mary (twin), 1643; James, 1647; Thomas, 1649, mentioned below; Sarah, baptized 1653; Nathaniel, June 29, 1656; Lydia, May 9, 1658; Joseph, 1660, died 1691. (II) Thomas, son of John North, was born

(II) Thomas, son of John North, was born in 1649. He was a soldier in the Indian wars, and received for his services a soldier's grant of land. In 1669 he married Hannah Newell, born in 1656, and they settled in the north part of Farmington, now Avon. He died in 1712, and his wife in 1757. They had children, the third of whom was Thomas, men-

tioned below.

(III) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) North, was born in 1673. He married, in 1698, Martha, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Lathrop) Roys or Royce, of Wallingford, Connecticut, and granddaughter of Rev. John Lathrop, who came from England to Scituate, Massachusetts, in 1634. According to another authority, he married (first) Mary Rice or Roys in 1698, and (second) Martha Roys or Royce, her cousin. He settled in what is now Berlin, Connecticut, and was one of the founders of the Congregational church there, with which he united in 1707. He was a man of wealth and influence. He died in 1725. He had eight children, among them James, mentioned below.

(IV) James, son of Thomas (2) North, was born in 1709, died in 1758. He married Sarah Seymour, born December 2, 1712, died August 20, 1781. He lived in the Great Swamps of Kensington, Connecticut. Child, James,

mentioned below.

(V) Hon. James (2), son of James (1) North, was born January 18, 1748. He married (first) September 29, 1774, Rhoda Judd, who died March 15, 1824, aged seventy. He married (second) Abi, widow of Captain Justus Francis, and daughter of Deacon Timothy Stanley. He went to New Britain and lived there with John Richards in Stanley Quarter. From the latter he learned the blacksmith's trade. He was an energetic and industrious man, and prospered. He was a magistrate, clerk, treasurer of the Ecclesiasti-cal and School Society, also school visitor. He was a representative from the town of New Britain to the state legislature, and was for a time captain of the military company. He was appointed a member of the standing committee of the church, in 1795, and was active in securing a new meeting house in 1822. He died May 14, 1833. His widow died October 3, 1852, aged eighty-seven. They were buried in the New Britain cemetery. Children: Rhoda, born February 10, 1776; James, December 19, 1777; Seth, August 13. 1779; Alvin, mentioned below; Henry, November 3, 1783; Abi, November 21, 1784; Nancy, January 11, 1787; Henry, September 24, 1789; Orpha, August 12, 1793; William Burnham, December 6, 1797.
(VI) Alvin, son of Hon. James (2) North,

was born September 4, 1781. He married (first) July 15, 1804. Anna, born January 15, 1783, died June 26, 1815, daughter of Colonel Gad and Mary (Judd) Stanley, and granddaughter of Rev. William Burnham, first pastor of the Great Swamp Church Society. Her father, Colonel Stanley, was a representative in the general assembly from Berlin from 1785 to 1804, and was one of the wealthiest and most influential men in the town. Alvin North married (second) May 1, 1816, Clarissa Burnham, born June 7, 1788, daughter of Judge Oliver Burnham, of Cornwall. He was a cabinetmaker by trade, but in 1812, with Seth J. North and Hezekiah Whipple, began the manufacture of silver-plated buckles, cloak clasps and other similar articles. For half a century he was an active and energetic business man of New Britain, and was associated at different times with Henry Stanley, Horace Butler and several of his sons. He was interested in several corporations and was successful in all his business affairs. He was a man of sterling worth and integrity and

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Church, He was appointed on the standing the office until his death, September 1, 1805.

Interied Sarah Clark, born July 18, 1800; Harried A., March 5, 1807, died March 4, 1800; Henrietta, August 16, 1800, died October 5, 1810. Children of second wife: Oliver Burnham, March 13, 1817, mentioned below; Harriet 13, 1822, married, 1852, Jane Hendrix, born May 11, 1825; Mary Cordelia, July 1, 1825; Henrietta Clarissa, September 16, 1829.

was born March 13, 1817, in New Britain, with its industries at an early age. He was for a number of years associated with his father in the manufacture of silver-plated buckles, cloak clasps, rings and hooks for men's clothing, and hooks and eyes for women's clothing. Later he purchased Judds' built a larger plant, but later this was burned Martha Elizabeth, born June 11, 1823, died July, 1906, daughter of Jedediah and Eliza Hily, 1960, daughter of Jederhah and Ehza (Hollister) Post. Jedediah Post was born July, 1788, in Hebron, Connecticut, died in July, 1866. Eliza (Hollister) Post, daughter of Roswell Hollister, of South Glastonbury, and the other Science South Glastonbury, and the other Science South Glastonbury, and the other Science South Glastonbury, doubtry, died July 8, 1838. Children: L. William Borgeland, bereiter Science Grant Gran William Burnham, born June 4, 1844; married (first) Elizabeth Andrus; (second) Annie L. Stevens; children of first wife; i. Grace ried Arthur S. Allen; iii. Florence C., unmarried; iv. Eleanor, unmarried. 2, George Post, born June 3, 1849. 3. Edward Mills, born October, 1852, died in 1871. 4. Ellen Augusta, born June 2, 1856; married J. V. Clawson. 5. John Hollister, born February 18, 1859; married Marguerite Bulford; children: Cornelia B., John H. Jr., Virginia. 6. Mary Russell, September 8, 1871; married J. G. Estill. 1803 : children: Joe Garner, Wallace, Gordon

(VIII) George Post, son of Oliver Burnham North, was born June 3, 1849, at New Britain, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools. He has been connected with the O. B. North Company in various positions (10) and (11) and (11

Governor Thomas Welles or Wells, immigrant ancestor, was born in Essex county, England, in 1598. His property there was confiscated for political reasons, and he came to this country as secretary of Lords Say and Seal. He located first in Saybrook, about 1636, and later in Hartford, where he was a magistrate as early as 1637, and for twenty-two years altogether. He was deputy governor in 1654-56-57-59; governor in 1655-58. He held other offices of trust and honor. He died January 14, 1650-60, and was buried in Hartford. He married (first) Elizabeth Hunt, who died in 1640, and (second) Elizabeth Foote, widow of Nathaniel Foote, and sister of John Deming, one of the pioneers at Wethersfield. She died July 28, 1683, aged eighty-eight years. He died January 14, 1650-60. Children: Ann. horn 1619; John, 1621, mentioned below; Robert, 1624, died 1630

(II) John Wells, son of Governor Thomas Welles, was born in England, in 1621, and came over with his parents. He settled in Saybrook, in 1636, in Hartford soon afterward, and in Stratford, Connecticut, in 1645, residing there the rest of his life. He was admitted a freeman at Hartford in 1645. He was a deputy to the general court from Stratford in 1658, and judge of probate. He was one of the most prominent citizens. He married, in 1647, Elizabeth Curtis, sister of William Curtis, of Stratford, and daughter of John Cur-

tis, one of the leading citizens and first settlers of that town. She married (second) John Wilcoxson, and had Hannah, Elizabeth and Mary. Children of John Wells: John (2), born 1648, mentioned below; Thomas; Robert (twin of Thomas), 1651; Temperance, 1654; Samuel, 1656; Sarah, September 28, 1659;

Mary, August 29, 1661.

(III) John (2), son of John (1) Wells, was born in 1648, at Stratford, and died there, March 24, 1713-14. He married Mary Hollister, daughter of John Hollister. Children, born at Stratford: Mary, November, 1670, married Jeremiah Judson; Sarah, January, 1673-74; John, 1675-76; Comfort: Joseph, June 12, 1679; Elizabeth; Robert, September, 1688. Thomas, mentioned below.

1688; Thomas, mentioned below.

(IV) Deacon Thomas, son of John (2) Wells, was born at Stratford, in 1690. He married there, August 31, 1710, Sarah Stiles, of an old Connecticut family. Children, born at Stratford: Bathsheba, August 30, 1711; Ephraim, November 7, 1712; Comfort, September 15, 1714; Sarah, June 28, 1715; Thomas, August 20, 1717; Gurdon, February 3, 1724; Hezekiah, mentioned below.

(V) Hezekiah, son of Deacon Thomas Wells, was born July 12, 1732, at Stratford. He married Elizabeth Nichols, daughter of Theophilus Nichols. They removed to Litchfield, Connecticut, and he died there. Children, born at Stratford: Philip, November, 1753; Agur, 1756, mentioned below; Glo-

riana.

(VI) Agur, son of Hezekiah Wells, was born in Stratford, in 1756. He married, February 2, 1780, —— Pixlee, and settled in Stratford. Children, born in Stratford: William, August 1, 1781; David, January 18, 1783, mentioned below; Nicholls, June, 1720; Bettie, November 9, 1786; Molly, November 3, 1788; Agur, September 9, 1790.

(VII) David, son of Agur Wells, was born at Stratford, January 18, 1783. He appears to have settled, when a young man, in Newtown. He married ----. Child: Emory,

mentioned below.

(VIII) Emory, son of David Wells, was born in Newtown. He learned the trade of shoemaker. In 1841 he moved to Lockport, New York, where he engaged in the manufacture of shoes the rest of his life. He was a Democrat in politics, a faithful and consistent Episcopalian in religion, and one of the most honored and highly respected citizens of the town. He married Maria Gilbert, daughter of Isaac Gilbert. Children, born at Newtown: Jenette, married Henry Jackson; Isaac, settled in Fairfield county; Ambrose H., mentioned below.

(IX) Ambrose H., son of Emory Wells, was born in Newtown, March 26, 1837, and died February 15, 1910. He received his early education in the public schools of Newtown, and learned the trade of blacksmith, at which he worked for three years in North Salem, New York, when he went to Newtown, then to Woodbury, and, in 1862 to Waterbury, as foreman of the tube department in the brass factory of Brown Brothers, a position he held for a period of nineteen years. He had also worked previously in a paper mill in Newtown, and as foreman in the paper mill at Woodbury, Connecticut, and was for two years in the flour and feed business in Waterbury. He then began business on his own account, manufacturing specialties, with one man and a boy to help him. The business grew, and in 1890 he built a small shop at the present location, on the Watertown road, twenty by thirty feet. From time to time he built additions to provide for his increasing trade, until now the floor space amounts to twenty-five thousand square feet, and a force of one hundred men or more is employed. The factory is devoted to the manufacture of seamless brass tubing. The business was incorporated in 1907 under the name of A. H. Wells and Company, the stock being held by himself, wife, five sons and granddaughter. He was a member of King Solomon Lodge of Free Masons, of Woodbury and a prominent member of Union Chapter, and a member of its board of trustees.

He was, as all his sons were, a charter member of the Pequot Club. In politics he was a Democrat, and he was on the board of finance of the city of Waterbury for a number of years, and at the time of his death was a member of the board of public works. He always declined to become a candidate for public office, though not lacking in interest in public affairs. All five sons were associated with him in business. The present officers of the corporation are: president, Samuel J.; vice-president, Franklin A.; treasurer, George H.; secretary and assistant treasurer, Clifford H.; superintendent, Edward A.; these and Mrs. A. H. Wells constitute the board of di-

rectors.

He married, December 17, 1862, Eveline Judson, daughter of Zenas J. Judson (see Judson). Children: 1. Samuel J., married (first) Jennie Marie Fischer; (second) Mary Schulke, who is of German ancestry; child of first wife: Aletha M.; children of second wife: Martha A.; George J. 2. George H., married Flora Davis. 3. Franklin A., married Amelia Schulke; children: Lillian, Emily, Gertrude and Florence. 4. Edward A., mar-



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(III) Captain James, son of Lieutenant Joseph Judson, was born in Stratford, April 24, 1650, and died there, February 25, 1720-21. He was a large land owner and farmer; captain of the military company. He married (first) August 18, 1680, Rebecca, daughter of Thomas Wells. She was born in 1655, and died November 3, 1717. He married (second) November 20, 1718, Ann. daughter of James Steele, of Wethersfield, son of Samuel. She died in 1739. Children, born at Stratford: Hannah, May 30, 1682-83; Sarah, February 16, 1683-84; Rebecca, February 25, 1684-85; Joseph, January 10, 1686; James, April 1, 1689; Phebe, October 2, 1691; David, August 7, 1603, mentioned below.

(IV) Captain David, son of Captain James Judson, was born at Stratford, August 7, 1603. He married there, October 29, 1613, Phebe, daughter of Ephraim Stiles. He died and was buried in New Haven, Connecticut. Children, born at Stratford: David, September 26, 1715; Phebe, February 19, 1717-18; Abel, January 31, 1719-20; Abel, February 13, 1721-22, mentioned below: Agur, March

June 9, 1733; Betty, February 12, 1736-37.

(V) Abel, son of Captain David Judson, was born February 13, 1721-22. He married, May 7, 1744, Sarah Burton. Children: John, born 1745: Abel (2), mentioned below; Sarah, 1749, married Asher Peck; Ruth, 1752, married Henry Fairman.

Ohio. 5. Abner, October 17, 1776; married (first) —— Hard; (second) —— Judm tilmib —— Shepherd. 6. Abel, 1778,
7. Marcus. February 3, 1780. 8. Laura, De1775. 1771

Jerusha, September 22, 1783; married Eleazer
Starr. 10. Silence, April 3, 1785; married
Daniel Wells, a shoemaker of Zoar, Connecticut. 11, Isaac, February 3, 1787. 12, Dr.
John, February 11, 1789. 13, Martin, February 17, 1701; a miller at Sandy Hook, Connecticut. 14, Zenas J., mentioned below. 15,
Anna, January 6, 1705; married Thomas
Seeley, a shoemaker and hotel keeper at Newtown.

(VII) Zenas J., son of Abel (2) Judson, was born at Newtown, March 28, 1793. He was a tailor by trade, and lived at Newtown. He married Fanny Torrence. The youngest of their thirteen children, Eveline, married Ambrose H. Wells (see Wells).

(II) Thomas (2), son of Governor Thomas (1) Wells (q. v.), was born in England, about 1627, died in 1608 at Hartford. He married, June 23, 1654, Hannah, daughter of John Pantry, one of the original settlers of Hartford, His widow died August 9, 1683. Children: Review of the Company of the C

(III) Thomas (3), son of Thomas (2) Wells, was born at Hartford in 1657, died March, 1665, when a young man. He married Mary Blackleach. His widow married (second) John Olcott, 1665, and had four children. She married (third) Captain Jo-

seph Wadsworth, chief actor in the concealment of the colonial charter in the famous oak tree. Children of Thomas and Mary Wells: Thomas, born October 16, 1690; John, men-

tioned below.

(IV) John, son of Thomas (3) Wells, was born December 16, 1693. He married (first) September 8, 1715, Elizabeth Chamberlain. Children, born at Colchester: Mary, July 15, 1716; John, November 24, 1718. John Wells married (second) January 29, 1738, Sarah (Bulkeley) Trumbull, widow of Joseph Trumbull and daughter of Rev. John and Patience (Prentice) Bulkeley. Joseph Trumbull was brother of Jonathan Trumbull. Rev. John Bulkeley was son of Rev. Gershom and Sarah (Chauncey) Bulkeley, grandson of Rev. Peter Bulkeley, the immigrant, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work. Sarah Chauncey was daughter of President Chauncev of Harvard College.

(V) Chauncey, son of John Wells, was born in Colchester in 1745. died January 26, 1810. He was a taxpayer in his native town in 1787. He followed farming for his vocation. He married, October 20, 1785, Margaret Wise, who died April 20, 1826. Children: Oliver B., born June 18, 1786; Eliar, October 7, 1787; Guy, June 6, 1789; Anna, July 10, 1791; Chauncey, July 30, 1793, mentioned below; Sally, April 12, 1796; Roxey, June 9,

1709: Bethiah T., March 23, 1807.

(VI) Chauncey (2), son of Chauncey (1) Wells, was born in Colchester, July 30, 1793, died October 25, 1858, and is buried in the old cemetery at Hartford. He removed to Hartford and married (first) Hannah King, February 9, 1826. He married (second) January 6, 1840, Charity Pease. Children of first wife: I. Anna E., born May 7, 1828; married, September 19, 1850, J. Watson White, and removed to Waterbury, Connecticut, about 1850, and died April 30, 1861. 2. Hannah S., November 20, 1829; married, March 17, 1852, Edward L. Caswell and removed to Phoenixville, Pennsylvania, about 1854, and died January 8, 1888. 3. Sarah J., November 13, 1831, died August 20, 1872, unmarried. 4. Chauncey, July 10, 1833, died June 20, 1838. 5. Alfred, mentioned below. (VII) Alfred, son of Chauncey (2) Wells,

(VII) Alfred, son of Chauncey (2) Wells, was born in Hartford, December 21, 1834. He spent the first sixteen years of his life in his native town and attended the Hartford high school. He came to Waterbury in 1851. He enlisted November 14, 1862, and entered the service as lieutenant of Company A, Twenty-third Regiment. Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, and was afterward commissioned captain. He went with his regiment

to reinforce the command of General Banks in Louisiana. During the siege of Port Hudson, the Twenty-third Regiment was sent to guard the New Orleans & Opelousas railroad and Captain Wells was stationed at Bayou Boeuf in charge of a large quantity of government stores. When General Richard Taylor surrounded the place with a superior force of Confederates and capture became inevitable, Captain Wells rendered effective service in destroying the supplies to prevent their falling into the hands of the enemy. He was captured June 24, 1863, and taken to the Confederate prison at Tyler, Texas, where he was confined thirteen months. After his release, Captain Wells returned to Waterbury and soon engaged in partnership with J. W. White, and after the death of J. W. White was engaged with L. C. White, dealer in papers, strawboard, etc. A wooden factory was built on Bank street in 1868 and was destroyed by fire the same year. A brick factory was immediately built. The firm was the first to manufacture pulp lined strawboard. The business grew to large proportions and much of its success was due to the ability, activity and good judgment of Capability, activity and good Judgineth of cap-tain Wells. Mr. Wells remained in the firm for twenty years, to the time of his death. He took a keen interest in politics and in the affairs of the city of Waterbury. He was for a time president of the common council. He was a Republican. By nature conservative, careful in forming opinions and cautious in expressing them, he possessed a great influence in the community and was always to be found striving for the best things in the community. In religion he was a Congregationalist. He died July 11, 1886, and his death was a great loss to the city.

He married, December 23, 1856, Sarah Jennett Caswell, of Phoenixville, Pennsylvania, born April 27, 1833, died October 26, 1904, daughter of John Nevins Caswell, who was born in Hartford, February 19, 1802, died January 4, 1866. He married Martha Lemon, of Phoenixville. Children: I. Charles Nevins. born at Waterbury, October 4, 1857, died in Southford, Connecticut, September 11, 1905; married, January 18, 1888, Minetta C. Burton, who died November 7, 1908; children: i. Alfred, born in Brooklyn, New York, August 28, 1888; ii. Helen Jeannette, born in Boston, Massachusetts, November 22, 1890; iii. Frances Bacon, born in New Haven, Connecticut, October 1, 1896; iv. Jean Elizabeth, born in New Haven, October 14, 1900; all of whom have been living with their father's sister, Martha C. Wells, at 270 Grove street, since the death of their mother. 2. Martha C.



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at 270 Grove street, Waterbury.

W111 > Transcript Will on the marborn August 20, 1717. He marred Sandi Labora Chillian Call Sandi Labora Chillian Call Sandi 1718. Funda Acade 28, 1732. Sandi Implied Xovember, 1754; Elias, mentioned below.

born November 30, 1756, in Stratford, in the old Wells homestead. He served in the revolution. He was by occupation a farmer in Stratford August 30, 1781, Peninah Wheeler. Children: Bathsheba, born October, 1782; Urania, November 15, 1784; Sally Rachel, February 10, 1787; John, October 6, 1780; Elias, October 19, 1703; Lewis, men-

tioned below

(VII) Lewis, son of Elias Wells, was born in Stratford, and baptized there April, 1796. He was a farmer by occupation, and bought his first farm near that of his father in Stratford. Later he sold it and removed to Bridgeport, where he bought several lots of land in that part which was then Stratford. He served in the war of 1812, together with his brother John, their camp being located where the locomobile shops now are. In politics he was a Democrat and always interested in all town affairs. He died in Stratford. He married Betsey, daughter of Samuel Wheeler, who died in Stratford, aged fifty-five years. Children: 1. Leonard, born May 2, 1829, mentioned below. 2. Thomas, unmarried; died in Stratford. 3. William D., born 1835; moved to Kansas; married (first) Lovey V. Widgeon and had children; married (second) Emma F. Woolley and had one child.

(VIII) Leonard, son of Lewis Wells, was born May 2, 1820, in Stratford. His father moved to Bridgeport when he was very young, and he was educated there, in the old Mill Green School, kept by David Booth. He has followed general farming as an occupation all his life. His farm now stands in the city, and at one time contained about one hundred acres, some of which he has cut up into building lots and sold. He still keeps his homestead and a large lot, a part of which is used as a garden. He was formerly a Democrat and has served as selectman in Stratford. He takes a general interest in all town affairs. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. He married, in Stratford, Elizabeth Dougal, daughter of John Ford, who was a farmer and a well-known man in Milford, Connecticut. He died in

Bridgeport. Elizabeth D. Ford was born in Milford and died in Bridgeport. Children: 1. Lewis Wheeler, born in Stratford; educated there; now a minister, living in Millsboro, Delaware, preaching at St. Paul's Episcopal Church; married Sarah Ann Grove; they had three children, all deceased. 2. there; civil engineer; lives in Bridgeport with his father; married Alice Wheeler Wells, daughter of William P. Wells, of Lawrence, Kansas. 3. Frank Leonard, resides in East Hartford, employed with the Hartford Gas Company; married Ida May Benedict. The father, grandfather and great-grandfather of Leonard Wells were born in the old red house in Stratford, which is still standing.

Simon Huntington, the HUNTINGTON immigrant ancestor, was born in England and sailed for New England in 1033 with his wife and children, but was taken ill and died on the voyage of smallpox. His widow, Margaret (Barrett) Huntington, settled with her children first at Roxbury, Massachusetts, where she married (second) 1035-36, Thomas Stoughton of Dorchester. They removed to Windsor, Connecticut, and settled there, Margaret was probably born in Norwich, England, Practically nothing is known of Simon Huntington. Even his name was a mystery to the early genealogists of the family, Children; William, settled in Salisbury about 1640; Thomas, settled in Connecticut; Christopher, mentioned below; Simon, settled in Norwich, Connecticut; Ann, mentioned in a letter written by Peter Barrett to his sister, Margaret (Barrett) Huntington.

(II) Christopher, son of Simon and Margaret (Barrett) Huntington, came to New England with his mother, and lived at Windsor. He married there in 1652, Ruth, daughter of William Rockwell. He removed to Saybrook, and in the spring of 1660 was one of the founders of Norwich, and was one of the patentees of the town in 1665. He died in 1691. Children: I. Christopher, born 1653; died at Saybrook. 2. Ruth, born April 13, 1653 (probably twin), died young. 3. Ruth, born April, 1658, died March 26, 1681. 4. Christopher, born November 1, 1660; the first male child born in Norwich; married (first) May 26, 1681, Sarah Adgate; (second) Mrs. Judith (Stevens) Brewster, widow of Jonathan Brewster, who was great-grandson of Elder William Brewster. 5. Thomas, born March 18, 1664. 6. John, March 15, 1666, mentioned below, 7. Susannah, August, 1608; married Captain Samuel Griswold. 8. Lydia.

August, 1672. 9. Ann, October 25, 1675;

married Jonathan Bingham.

(III) John, son of Christopher and Ruth (Rockwell) Huntington, was born in Norwich, March 15, 1666, and died in 1696. He married, December 9, 1687, Abigail Lathrop, born May, 1668, daughter of Samuel Lathrop and granddaughter of Rev. John Lathrop, the first minister of Scituate, Massachusetts, who was imprisoned in London two years and finally released in 1634. Her father removed to Norwich in 1648, and was constable in 1691; children: Abigail, born February 19, 1680; John, April 20, 1690, mentioned below; Hannah, born March 25, 1693-94, married John Hunt; Martha and Deborah, twins, born December 9, 1606.

(IV) John (2), son of John (1) and Abigail (Lathrop) Huntington, was born April 20, 1690, and died June 2, 174—. He removed to Tolland early in the settlement of that town. He married in 1723, Thankful Warner, of Windham, who died July 14, 1739. Children: John, born February 22, 1726, mentioned below: Thankful, March 16, 1727; Samuel, July 11, 1728, died in the French war; Andrew, born October 1, 1732; Deborah, born May 21,

17,30.

(V) John (3), son of John (2) and Thankful (Warner) Huntington, was born in Tolland, Connecticut, February 22, 1726, and was accidentally killed by a fall under a cart wheel on the road from Hartford to Tolland, March 23, 1774. He was a farmer in Tolland, and married Mehitable Steele, born June 6, 1733. Children: John, born May 11, 1749; married, 1783, Rebecca Newell; Thankful, born July 23, 1750, died October 29, 1750; Mehitable, January 24, 1752; twin daughters, born and died November 15, 1753; Elisha, December 17, 1754; William, September 19, 1757; Hezekiah, December 30, 1759, mentioned below; Deborah, November 21, 1762; Samuel, March 23, 1765, married Sally Howard; Abigail, March 29, 1767; Ruth, May 12, 1769; Thankful, October 3, 1771; Mara, October 27, 1774; died August 3, 1777.

(VI) Hon. Hezekiah Huntington, son of John (3) and Mehitable (Steele) Huntington, was born in Tolland, December 30, 1750. He studied law with Gideon Granger of Suffield, and with John Trumbull, afterwards judge of the superior court, and was admitted to the bar at Hartford in 1789. He established himself at the practice of law in Suffield in 1790, and soon attained eminence in his profession. In 1806 he was appointed by Jefferson attorney for Connecticut, holding the office until 1820. He was a member of the general assembly in several sessions from May, 1802, until October

1805. In 1801 he was appointed a commissioner under the bankrupt law of the United States, and held the office about two years. In 1813 he removed to Hartford, where he resided the rest of his life. He died in Middletown, May 27, 1842. Mr. Huntington was a man of great ability and was very popular. He married, in Suffield, October 5, 1788, Susan Kent, born September 20, 1768. Children: 1. Henry W., born August 16, 1789; graduate of Yale 1811; married Helen Dunbar. 2. Julia Ann, born December 10, 1790; married, October 12, 1814, Leicester King, a merchant of Bloomfield, Ohio, where she died January 24, 1849; children: i. Henry W. King, born September 24, 1815, died November 21, 1857; ii. Julia A. King, born November 7, 1817; iii. Susan H. King, born July 6, 1820, died 1837; iv. Leicester King, born July 26, 1823; v. David King, born December 24, 1825; vi. Helen D. King, born November 19, 1827; vii. Hezekiah King, born August 3, 1829; viii. Catherine B. King, born July 8, 1832. 3. Horace Augustus, born May 9, 1792; married, 1817, Maria Evans, and became a merchant in Natchez, Mississippi, where he died of yellow fever December 9, 1819. 4. Samuel Howard, born December 14, 1793; mentioned below. 5. Hezekiah, born October 28, 1795; married (first), June 26, 1825, Sarah Morgan, who died April 16, 1847; (second), Catherine B. Sumner; was a publisher and the president of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company. 6. Susan Lyman, born January 14, 1798; married, October 21, 1833, Rev. J. B. Cook, a Baptist minister of Binghamton, New York; had Susan Kent Cook, born December 26, 1837. 7. Francis Junius, born December 3, 1802; married, September 1, 1833, Stella Bradley Bull, daughter of Michael Bull; was a publisher in Hartford and New York City.

(VII) Hon. Samuel Howard Huntington, son of Hon. Hezekiah and Susan (Kent) Huntington, was born in Suffield, December 14, 1793. He graduated from Yale College in 1818, and was admitted to the bar. He began practice in Hartford, and was successful from the start. In 1829 he was clerk of the state senate. He was judge of the county court and on the establishment of the court of claims in Washington, District of Columbia, he was elected the chief clerk. He was for many years a warden of Trinity Church. He died at his residence on Summer street, Hartford, February 4, 1880, aged eighty-six years. He had been a man of remarkably vigorous health all his life; a man of good habits and warm hospitality. At the age of eighty-five he walked erect, with a lighter step than many young men. Several weeks before his death he at the martine problem in the form of the continuous of the continuous of the failing, the article showed that his mind retained its wonted vigor. He married (first), October 25, 1825, Catherine H. Brinley, who did the form of the

ington, son of Hon, Samuel H. Huntington, to the continuous properties about Trinity College. He enlisted in General Haw-ley's company. First Connecticut Volunteer pointed a lieutenant in the Marine Corps. He was in the service continuously until the fall of 1809. On June 21, 1864, he was promoted to the rank of captain. He was senior Marine Corps officer at Samoa, and was on board the out the encampment, etc. On October 24. 1880, he was promoted to major, and February 2. 1807, to lieutenant-colonel. During the about six hundred and fifty strong. They sailed on the "Panther," and were encamped in Florida for some time. On reaching Guantanamo Bay, they were landed on Friday, June 10, under cover of a war-ship, and all day Entrenchments were thrown up in spite of the opposition of the enemy, their attack lasting a week, being made chiefly at night. The landing was of great value, and "Camp McCalla," as it was named, became famous in American to secure for the blockading squadron a safe anchorage and a smoother sheet of water for with judgment and skill. For meritorious service. Col. Huntington was promoted to the rank of colonel. He was retired from active service January 10, 1900. He married (first), November, 1865, Jane Lathrop Trumbull, great-granddaughter of Jonathan Trumbull.

She died March 3, 1868. He married (second) in 1879, Elizabeth S., daughter of General Amiel Whipple, who was killed at the battle of Antietam, Children of first wife: Robert Watkinson and Rev. Daniel Trumbull, both further mentioned hereafter. Child of second wife: Eleanor Sherburne, married William Randall Sayles.

policies amounted to \$0.333.410: January 1, 1910, its assets amounted to \$8,871,702.22, is a member of the Hartford Club and the vestryman. In politics he is independent.

In his youth Mr. Huntington made good use of his opportunities for an unrestricted indulgence in manly sports, particularly hunting and fishing, thereby developing an exceptionally strong physique, which has enabled him to preserve intact the buoyancy and spirit of youth, in spite of the numerous cares and responsibilities incumbent upon his position.

May 5, 1006, Mr. Huntington married Miss Constance Alton Willard, of Lexington, Massachusetts; their children are: Robert Watkinson, born July 2, 1907; Mary Willard,

born March 15, 1909.
(IX) Rev. Daniel Trumbull Huntington, son of Colonel Robert Watkinson and Jane Lathrop (Trumbull) Huntington, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, August 4, 1868. He was graduated from Yale with the class of 1892, and after studying for a year at the General Theological Seminary in New York he entered the Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Connecticut, completing his course there in 1895. He was ordained a deacon in June, 1895, and became a priest of the Protestant Episcopal church in April, 1896. Immediately after his ordination as deacon he entered the foreign mission service under the auspices of the Episcopal board, and in the following September began his labors at Hankow, Central China. From February to June, 1896, he was in charge temporarily of the Boone School at Wuchang, and was subsequently engaged in mission work in Shasi, Hsinti and Hankow. He is now stationed at Ichang.

(III) Deacon Christo-HUNTINGTON pher (2) Huntington,

son of Christopher (1) Huntington (q. v.), was born November 1, 1660, the "first-born male" of Norwich, Connecticut. He had a town grant at Norwich in 1684 and was a prominent citizen of Norwich. He was first townsman (selectman) in 1691-1705-09, and succeeded Richard Bushnell as town clerk. From 1695 until he died he was deacon of the church. He was a surveyor and an extensive land owner. He died at Norwich, April 24, 1735. His gravestone stands on the brow of the hill on the southeast corner of the uptown burying ground. He married (first), May 26, 1681, Sarah, born January, 1663, died February, 1705-06, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Mary (Bushnell) Adgate. Her mother married (first) Richard Bushnell. He married (second) October, 1706, Mrs. Judith (Stevens) Brewster, widow of Jonathan Brewster, great-grandson of Elder William Brewster. Children of first wife, born at Norwich: Ruth, November 28, 1682; Christina, September 12, 1686; Isaac, February 5, 1688, mentioned below; Jabez, January 26, 1691; Matthew, April 16, 1694; Hezekiah, December 16, 1696; Sarah, January 5, 1699-1700; Jeremiah, December 15, 1702. Children of second wife: Judith, September 10, 1707; John, November 13, 1709; Elizabeth, May 6, 1712; Jeremiah, December 20, 1715.

(IV) Isaac, son of Deacon Christopher (2) Huntington, was born at Norwich, February 5, 1688. He was a prominent member of the church. He was one of the committee to labor with the Separates, appointed October 21, 1726. He succeeded his father as town clerk, December 6, 1726, and his last entry as town clerk was a month before his death, January 9, 1764. He married, February 21, 1715-16, Rebecca, great-granddaughter of Rev. John Lothrop, of England and Scituate, Massachusetts. Children, born at Norwich: Rebecca, November 17, 1717; Isaac, August 25, 1719; Sarah, April 17, 1721; Nehemiah, January 2, 1722-23; Dorcas, February 23, 1724-25; Rebecca, born and died June 6, 1725; Rebecca, born December 4, 1726; Mary, November 26, 1728; Samuel, March 23, 1731, died 1737; Joseph, November 15, 1732; Elijah, December 21, 1734; Benjamin, mentioned

below; Abigail, July 29, 1739. (V) Benjamin, son of Isaac Huntington, was born at Norwich, February 22, 1736. He succeeded his father as town clerk and was succeeded by his son. He was selectman with Barnabas Huntington, Samuel Tracy and Elijah Brewster, who called the first revolutionary meeting in Norwich, June 6, 1774. He married, March 5, 1767, Mary, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Carew) Brown. She died April 24, 1777. Children, born at Norwich: Mary, March 8, 1768; Philip, mentioned below; Alice, March 21, 1773; Daniel,

June 10, 1776.

(VI) Philip, son of Benjamin Huntington, was born September 26, 1770, died February 4, 1825. He was town clerk from the time his father died until his own death. He married, January 17, 1796, Theophila Grist, who died November 30, 1806, aged thirty-eight years. Their only child was Benjamin, men-

tioned below.

(VII) Benjamin (2), son of Philip Huntington, was born at Norwich, April 24, 1798, died there in May, 1881. He was a prominent merchant and was for many years treasurer of the Norwich Savings Bank. He succeeded his father as town clerk and held the office, until it was removed to the city. He married, September 30, 1830, Margaretta D., born March 29, 1808, daughter of John Webster Perrit, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Children, born at Norwich: 1. John Webster Perrit, July 5, 1831, mentioned below. 2. Son, born and died March 24, 1833. 3. Margaretta Dunlap, June 15, 1834, died January 8, 1908.
4. Peletiah Webster, July 2, 1836, mentioned below. 5. Benjamin Newton, May 21, 1838; married Sarah J. MacMahon; had no children. 6. Son, born and died February 13, 1840. 7. Sara Leaming, September 8, 1842; resides at 244 Weshington at least Normalia. resides at 344 Washington street, Norwich

Town in the old C local Consequence Letter, well have S These D mine the Z 1843, died September, 1861, aged seventeen years, a soldier in the stylenger of the Connecticut Regiment under Captain Edward Hariand, he we carried Hariand, he we carried Hariand, he we carried Hariand, he we carried Hariand, where he died two days later, 9. Henry Clay, where he died two days later, 9. Henry Clay,

Mary, Ruth and Rachel.

(VIII) Peletiah Webster, son of Benjamin (2) Huntington, was born at Norwich, July 2, 1836. He is president of the Huntington National Bank of Columbus, Ohio. He married (first), Mrs. Jane Deshler Beeson, a widow; (second) Frances Sollace; (third) Ida Nothnagel. Children of first wife: 1. Benjamin, died aged four years. 2. Thomas Constance and Peletiah Webster. 3. Webster Perrit, married Anna - and had Jane, 4. Theodore Sollace, married Grace Lee and had one child, Theodore. 5. Francis Ropes, married Adeline Ulrick and had no children. 6. Baldwin Gwynne, married Maybel Moneypenny, of Columbus, Ohio, and had three chilunmarried. 8. Margaret, unmarried. And two others died in infancy.

HI NIINGTON and Hanting and an of

Simon Huntington (q. v.), was born in Norwich, March 1, 1665. He married there, October 20, 1686, Mary, daughter of William Clark, of Wethersfield. In 1700 he removed to Lebanon, after selling his house and lot in the former town for a parsonage. Before his removal he had been a public man and had held several important positions. In 1602 he was appointed constable, and had before this been one of the townsmen. Ten years after his removal he was appointed by the citizens of Norwich on a committee to locate the new meeting house, about which a serious dispute had arisen. He was a large land holder in both Norwich and Lebanon. His name appears on the list of the

February, 1608-09; John, May 17, 1706; Si-

(IV) Deacon Samuel (2) Huntington, son of Lieutenant Samuel (1) Huntington, was born in Norwich, August 28, 1691. He married, in Lebanon, December 4, 1722, Hannah, daughter of Jonathan and Hannah (Avery) Metcalf, born January 17, 1702. Her father, Jonathan Metcalf, was the son of Jonathan and Hannah (Kenric) Metcalf, of Dedham, Massachusetts; grandson of Michael and Mary (Fairbanks) Metcalf; and great-grandson of Michael and Sarah Metcalf, who were driven by the persecutions of Bishop Wren, of Norwich, England, to flee to New England in the spring of 1637. They settled in Dedham. Samuel Huntington was elected deacon of the Lebanon church. His wife was admitted to the church, April 25, 1725, and died in Lebanon. October 14, 1791. He died in 1784. Children, born in Lebanon: Samuel, October 16, 1723; Mary, June 1, 1725; Zerviah, July 23, 1727; Oliver, April 15, 1729; William, August 12, 1731, died September 11, 1731; William, August 20, 1732, mentioned below; Sybil, February, 1734-35; Eliphalet, April 14, 1737; Jonathan, March 19, 1741; Eleazer, May 9, 1744; Josiah, November 5, (V) Captain William Huntington, son of

Deacon Samuel (2) Huntington, was born August 20, 1732, in Lebanon. He married, October 27, 1757, Bethia Throop, a lineal descendant of William Scrope, one of the judges who condemned Charles L, and on fleeing to this country changed his name to Throop. She was born in 1738, died July 12, 1799. Her funeral sermon, preached by the Rev. Zebulon Ely and published afterwards, bears testimony to her great piety. Captain William Huntington was a farmer by occupation, and a useful and upright man. He lived in Lebanon, and died there May 31, 1816. Children, born in Lebanon: Dan, August 9, 1758, died September 6, 1758; Rhoda, December 14, 1750, died December 11, 1764; Mary, August 18, 1761; Wealthy, April 18, 1763; Rhoda; William, March 6, 1765; Eunice, January 14, 1769; Dan, mentioned below.

(VI) Dan, son of Captain William Huntington, was born in Lebanon, October 11, 1774. He graduated at Yale, 1704. He was tutor in Williams College from 1704 to 1706.

and for the next two years tutor in Yale. From 1797 to 1809 he was pastor of the Congregational church in Litchfield, Connecticut, and of that in Middletown, Connecticut, from 1809 to 1816. From the latter town he removed to Hadley, Massachusetts, where he spent the remainder of his life. Here he did not settle as pastor but continued to preach. For a time he supplied a Unitarian congregation and finally became a Unitarian. He married, January 1, 1801, Elizabeth Whiting, born February 7, 1779, died April 6, 1847, only daughter of Charles and Elizabeth (Porter) Phelps, of Hadley. Children: Charles Phelps, born in Litchfield, May 24, 1802, men-Phelps, born in Litchheld, May 24, 1802, mentioned below; Elizabeth Porter, May 8, 1803; William Pitkin, July 16, 1804; Bethia Throop, October 7, 1805; Edward Phelps, April 25, 1807; John Whiting, May 28, 1809; Theophilus Parsons, July 11, 1811; Theodore Gregson, March 18, 1813; Mary Dwight, April 28, 1817; died young; Catherine Carey, May 18, 1815; died young; Catherine Carey, May 8, 1817, died August 15, 1830; Frederic Dan, May 28, 1819.

(VII) Charles Phelps, son of Dan Huntington, was born in Litchfield, Connecticut, May 24, 1802. He graduated from Harvard in 1822. He became a lawver, attained an early prominence in his profession, and was one of the judges of the superior court for Suffolk county, Massachusetts. He lived for several years in Northampton, Massachusetts, and later in Boston. He married (first), October 28, 1827, Helen S., born in Northampton, August 24, 1806, died March 30, 1844, daughter of Elijah Hunt Mills. He married (second), June 2, 1847, Ellen Greenough, born in Boston, March 28, 1814, sister of the sculptor of that name. Children of first wife, born in Northampton: Helen Frances, July 7, 1831; Charles Whiting, September 22, 1834; Elijah Hunt Mills, July 22, 1836; Helen Bethia, July 12, 1838, died July 25, 1839; Mary Elizabeth, March 19, 1840; Edward Stanton, April 3, 1841, mentioned below; Harriette Mills, May 18, 1843, died July 8, 1844; children of second wife: Henry Greenough, March 24, 1848; Laura Curtis, September 15, 1849.

(VIII) Edward Stanton, son of Charles Phelps Huntington, was born at Northampton, April 3, 1841. He married, 1869, Julia A. Pratt, born 1856, daughter of United States Senator Pratt, of Indiana. He settled at Logansport, Indiana, and was an agriculturist. Later he settled in Quincy, Massachusetts, where he was engaged in literary pursuits. In politics he was Republican; in religion a Freethinker. Child, Charles Pratt,

mentioned below.

(IX) Charles Pratt, son of Edward Stanton Huntington, was born at Logansport, Indiana, November 22, 1871. He prepared for college in the famous old Adams Academy of Quincy, Massachusetts, of which the principal was Dr. William Everett, son of United States Senator Edward Everett, of Massa-chusetts. He entered Harvard College in 1889 and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1893. He continued his studies abroad and was graduated in 1901 from "L'Ecole des Beaux Arts" of Paris. He has since then followed the profession of architect in New York City. The Spanish Museum, the American Geographical Building, the Numismatic Society Building and the Spanish church are among his creations and are well known buildings in New York City. His office is at 18 West Thirty-first street, His office is at 16 west Finity mist street, New York. He is a member of the Societé des Beaux Arts, the American Institute of Architects, the National Geographical Society, the Harvard Club of New York, the Players Club of New York and the Municipal Art Society of New York. In politics he is independent. He married, May 5, 1894, in Florence, Italy, Maude M. Bayly, born in 1872 in India, daughter of General Abingdon Bayly, of the Royal Artillery, England. Her mother was Mary (Faunce) Bayly, a native of Kent, England. They have one child, Vivienne Maude, born April 25, 1902.

Sergeant Francis Nichols, im-NICHOLS migrant ancestor, was born in England and was among the first settlers of Stratford, Connecticut, where he was living as early as 1639. He had a military training and belonged to the Horse Guards of London, it is believed. He was closely related to Colonel Richard Nicolls, the first English governor. He owned land in Southhold, Long Island. His estate was distributed among his chidren before his death. He married (second) Anne Wines, daughter of Barnabas Wines, of Southold. She married (second) John Etton, of Southold. His children, born in England, were: Isaac, mentioned below; Caleb; John; Daughter, married Richard Mills; Anne, mentioned in the will of her grandfather Wines in 1675, married Christopher Goings, Jr.

(II) Isaac, son of Francis Nichols, was born in England; died in 1695, at Stratford, Connecticut. He was a deputy to the general assembly several terms. His will was dated September 28, 1694, proved November 6, 1695. He bequeathed his homestead and lands to Benjamin, after the death of his wife, and states that he had given as he was



Class P. Amington



able to his other children. Children, born at Strategil (14), 10 minuted Rev. Israel Chauncey; Sarah, November 1, 1649, married Stephen Burritt; Josiah, January 29, 1752-53, married Margaret Nichols; Isaac, March 22, 70 minuted March 15, 1657, married Esther Hawley, widow of Ebenezer; Patience, February 2, 1660; Temperance, March 17, 1662, March 18, 1660, removed to Derby; Elizabeth, born April 2, 1668, married, July 9, 1691, Joseph Webb.

was born March 12, 1654. He owned a house and land at Stratford in 1686. He married Mary —, who died at Stratford, in 1690. He died in 1680. Children: Francis, born June 3, 1676; Richard, November 26, 1678, 1011.

(IV) Richard, son of Isaae (2) Nichols, was born in Stratford, November 26, 1678, died there September 20, 1756. He married, June 3, 1702, Comfort Sherman, died February 11, 1726-27, daughter of Theophilus Sherman, of Wethersfield. His will was dated \$1755. He left a widow Elizabeth, his second wife. Ghildren, born at Stratford: Theophilus, March 31, 1703, see forward; Elijah, September 3, 1700; Nathaniel, April 8, 1708; Joseph; William; Jerusha, March 27, 1717, married James Walker; Temperance, married Joseph Thompson; Comfort, married Daniel Burgitt

(V) Theophilus, son of Richard Nichols, was born at Stratford, March 31, 1703, and died there April 7, 1774. He is buried in the old Stratford burying ground. His will was dated January 13, 1773, and proved May 9, 1774. His inventory, dated May 23, 1774, amounted to two thousand one hundred and seventy-nine pounds and seven pence. He married (first). January 2, 1724, Sarah Curtis, who died September 26, 1769, aged sixty-seven, a daughter of Lieutenant Ebenezer Curtis. He married (second) Mehitable Peet, who died September 20, 1771, aged about fifty-two, widow of William Peet. Children of first wife, born at Stratford: William, November 10, 1724, lived at Trumbull, Connecticut; Philip, January 5, 1726-27, mentioned below: Lucy, December 30, 1728; Betty, November 10, 1730; Charity, November, 2, 1732: Lavinia, June 7, 1734; Sarissa, September 30, 1736; Anne, May 19, 1738; Sarah, June, 1745.

(VI) Philip, son of Theophilus Nichols, was born January 5, 1726-27, at Stratford

and died there May 13, 1807. He was a man of large influence and held much property in land and shares; for many years was a magistrate. He dealt in horses and mules, exporting to the West Indies. His will was shillings nine pence. He married (first), October 9, 1753. Mehitable Peet; (second), September 9, 1757. Mary Prince, who died May 13, 1811, aged seventy-seven. They were members of the Protestant Episcopal church. Children, born at Stratford, by first wife: William, March 10, 1755, mentioned below; Philip, September 11, 1756. Children of second wife, born at Stratford: Mercy, nah, December 29, 1762; Mary, May 9, 1765; Richard, August 5, 1767; Sarah, August 19, 1760, married Rey, Abraham L. Clarke.

Richard, August 5, 1767; Sarah, August 10, 1768; Richard, August 5, 1767; Sarah, August 10, 1769; married Rev. Abraham L. Clarke; Charles Theophilus, July 21, 1771; George Kneeland, December 15, 1773, died young; George Kneeland, December 26, 1776.

(VIII) Stephen, son of William Michols, was born at Trumbull, formerly Stratford, Connecticut, September 16, 1803. His mother died when he was thirteen years old and he had to seek a home for himself. He came to Bridgeport and lived with his sister, working for various farmers. He learned the trade of shoemaker, following it for twenty years, but eventually returned to farming. In political and afterward he was a Republican. He represented Bridgeport in the Connecticut general assembly in 1878, and was appointed to the committee on cities and boroughs. He was for many years a justice of the peace; was an assessor, and selectman of the town.

and member of the common council of the city of Bridgeport. He married, March 4, 1829, Emeline, daughter of Aaron Beardsley, of Trumbull. Children: Jane E., died young:

Stephen Marcus, mentioned below.

(IX) Lieutenant Stephen Marcus, son of Stephen Nichols, was born in Bridgeport, July 10, 1838, died there July 29, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He was engaged in the retail grocery business on Main street, Bridgeport, both before and after the civil war. Later he engaged in the crockery business on Wall street in company with Henry Porter and was there until he retired. He was first lieutenant of Company D, Twenty-third Connecticut Regiment for one year during the civil war. In politics he was a Republican. He was a member of Free and Accepted Masons of Bridgeport. He married, December 25, 1861, Julia Gorham Hall, born October 2, 1836, at Trumbull, daughter of Alanson and Sophia Shelton (Edwards) Hall. Mrs. Nichols is living at 727 State street, Bridgeport. She is a member of St. John's Episcopal Church. Children, born at Bridgeport: 1. Lizzie Hall, February 12, 1863, died March 23, 1891, married Swan Brewster; child, Stephen, died in infancy, March, 1891. 2. Wilbur Edwards, born August, 1864; died, unmarried, March I, 1801.

The branch of the Nichols NICHOLS family herein traced is de-scended from Enos Nichols, who married Sarah Jennings, of Virginio. He settled in the Mountains of Virginia, but was driven out by hostile Indians, losing all his lands and property. He then located near the New York state line, and later drifted to Milton, Connecticut, where his death occurred. Among his children was Jeremiah, see forward.

(II) Jeremiah, son of Enos Nichols, was born about 1780. He attended the schools adjacent to his home, and later served an apprenticeship to the trade of shoemaker, which line of work he followed throughout the active years of his life. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, engaged in the defense of the coast near Bridgeport, Connecticut. He married Rachel Squiers. Children: Stephen, see forward; Samuel, Polly, Allan.

Sarah.

(III) Stephen, son of Jeremiah Nichols, was born in 1807 in West Milton, Connecticut, died in West Virginia, 1859. He was educated in the schools of his native place, acquiring a practical knowledge which qualified him for the duties of life. He resided for a time in New York state, then settled at Bridgeport, Connecticut, where he owned a meat and provision business, having prior to that followed the trade of miller. He was an active and useful citizen, successful in business and prominent in temperance work. He married, Mary Ann Low, born in 1815, died at Weston, Connecticut, 1845. Children: George, died at Togus, Maine; had no children; Silvester Van Rensselaer, of whom fur-

ther below

(IV) Silvester Van Rensselaer, youngest son of Stephen Nichols, was born at Weston, Connecticut, 1841. His boyhood was spent in attending the district school and assisting his father. He left home at the age of sixteen and went west, but returned in 1860 and worked with his uncle, William Platt, in the meat business at Bridgeport. At the breaking out of the civil war he enlisted in the Second Connecticut Light Battery and served for three years, thus demonstrating his loyalty and fidelity to his country. At the close of hostilities he returned to Bridgeport and again entered the service of his uncle, aforementioned, remaining until 1872, when he engaged in the market business on his own account, under the firm name of Nichols & Lill, butchers, whose shop was located on State street. He sold out his interest in the business in 1888, but resumed business again in 1890, establishing a meat market at No. 100 Fairfield avenue, which he conducted for seven years and then disposed of the same, and since then devoted his attention to the real estate business in Bridgeport, continuing until his death. He erected a brick block on Liberty street and other valuable houses. He was energetic and enterprising in his methods, straightforward and honorable in all his transactions, and thus well merited the success which attended his efforts. He served in the common council of Bridgeport in 1892-93, having been elected on the Republican ticket, and his religious convictions were those of the Methodist church. He was a member of Elias Howe, Jr., Post, No. 3, Grand Army of the Republic; Pequonnock Lodge and Stratfield Encampment, also Rebekah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

He married (first) Abbie B. Nichols, born in Stepney, died in 1898, daughter of Ager Nichols. Married (second) Rebecca Frances Jenkins, a native of England. Children: Stephen John and Margaret. Mr. Nichols died November 20, 1910. The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. G. W. Brown, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. Interment was in Stepney.



Rophen . M. Nichols.



Concor Lib le co WHITLER de comment had an ex-Wester follow a differcountry besople Combination we conall doubtle related, ottle before they used

Wheeler, of Salisbury, Massachusetts, were related. Isaac Wheeler, of Charlestown; Richard, of Dedham; Thomas, of Salem; Thomas, of Boston, and Timothy, of Watertown, pamer; hore common the same stock. Timothy removed to Concord. The family is of ancient English ancord.

cestry.

(1) Lieutenant Thomas Wheeler, immigrant ancestor, settled early in Concord. He came to Fairfield, Connecticut, with the first settlers, and became prominent there. He died at Fairfield and his will, dated January 16, 1653-54, proved August 23, 1654, has been partly destroyed, but the names of some of his children are legible. He left an estate at Concord to his son Thomas; property at Fairfield to John and mentions three daughters. His widow's will, August 21, 1059, also mentions son Thomas. He married Ruth—Children: Thomas; John, mentioned below; Hannah, married James Bennett; William; Sarah, married Thomas Sherwood; daughter.

(II) Sergeant John, son of Thomas Wheeler, came to Fairfield, Connecticut, with his father, apparently in 1644. He owned a large part of Grover's Hill at Black Rock, where he restrict the rost for an installation of one thousand and four acres of land, and was died early in 1690, and his inventory, dated March 8, 1689-90, amounted to one thousand five hundred and sixty-six pounds. The will of his widow (Elizabeth or Judith) was dated February 21, 1702-03, proved March 24. The ages of the children are found in the father's will in 1690, whence the dates of birth are estimated. He was a member of the general court of Connecticut in 1671-72-74-77. Children: Judith, born 1661; John, 1663-64; Elizabeth, 1667; Mary, 1671; Rebecca, 1672; Joseph, 1674, mentioned below: Hannah, 1676: Abigail, 1680: Obadiah, 1682: Ann, 1684: Jonathan, 1687: David, 1690. (III) Joseph, son of Sergeant John

Wheeler, was born in Fairfield in 1674. He was the ancestor of Vice-President Wheeler, through his son Joseph, grandson Joseph, great grandson / almon and hessen Valmen, father of William A., vice-president of the United States in the Hayes administration. Joseph resided at Black Rock, Fairfield, His will dated March 9, 1758, proved July 20, 1759, mentions his brother David, son Thomas

to care for his widow. He married Deborah

sided in the northwest part of Fairfield. He Fairfield, baptized at Greenfield Hill church: Enos, baptized November 4, 1739; Catherine, baptized November 4, 1739; Daniel, baptized August 4, 1745, mentioned below; Ephraim, born March, 1750; Hannah, born November 12, 1758; Grace, born June 12, 1763.

(V) Daniel, son of Ephraim Wheeler, was

(A) Damel, son of Ephraim Wheeler, was born at Fairfield and baptized August 4, 1745. Children, born at Fairfield: Ellen, April 5, 1707: Daniel, February 14, 1708, mentioned below; Stephen, December 17, 1709. According to the census of 1790, Daniel had three males over sixteen, three under that age and

five females in his family.

(VI) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Wheeler, was born February 14, 1768, at Fairfield. Among his children was Daniel,

mentioned below.

(VII) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) Wheeler, was born about 1800-10. He was a farmer in Fairfield. Early in life he followed the sea and became a master mariner. Children, born at Fairfield: Joseph, a brass molder at Ansonia, Connecticut: Charles Albert, mentioned below; Sarah, married (first) Gideon Morehouse; (second) Jacob Van Dorn; lives at Southport; Clarissa, married (first) Edward Hawkins; (second) John Howard Hawkins, his brother; Adelia, mar-

ried John Wilson, of Bridgeport.

(VIII) Charles Albert, son of Daniel (3) Wheeler, was born in Fairfield, March, 1842. He attended the public schools of his native town, and worked during his boyhood on his father's farm. He continued in later life to follow farming for an occupation, and is one of the most progressive and prosperous farmers of the town. At one time he made a specialty of raising onions for the New York market. He is now engaged in general farming and has a small dairy. He attends the Congregational church. He married Sarah Ann Raymond, born in 1840. Children, born at Fairfield: Daniel Clinton, April 20, 1871, a painter living at Southport, three children: Edna Raymond, Sarah Bernice and Charles Albert, deceased: Charles Bert, mentioned below; Effie Raymond, married Martin Budd, lives at Greenfield; children: Louis Wheeler, Gladys May, Ruby Elizabeth.

(IX) Charles Bert, son of Charles Albert Wheeler, was born at Fairfield, February 15, 1873. He was educated there in the public schools. He worked on his father's farm until nineteen years old, when he began an apprenticeship in the plumber's trade at Bridgeport. After working as a journeyman a few years, he established himself in the plumbing business in Bridgeport and built up an excellent business, which he conducted three years; he then sold out and since has followed his trade. He is a skillful mechanic and has a reputation for the best work. He built the house in which he resides on Colorado avenue from his own plans. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Universalist. He married, April 18, 1900, Addie Harriet, daughter of James L. White, of Bridgeport. Children, born at Bridgeport: Lloyd Raymond, December 8 1902; Dorothy Elizabeth, January 1, 1908.

Ephraim (2) Wheeler, son WHEELER of Ephraim (1) Wheeler (q. v.), was born at Stratford, March, 1750. He was a farmer in Stratford all his life. Children: David, Nathan, Nathaniel, Silas, Mary, Sarah, Joseph, mentioned below.

(VI) Joseph, son of Ephraim (2) Wheeler, was born at Stratford, died there aged seventy-five years. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and followed farming all his life. He built a house on the homestead, greatly improved his farm and became one of the substantial citizens of the town. He took an active part in public affairs and held various offices of trust and honor. In religion he was a Methodist and he was a loyal and faithful member. He married Betsey Wilcox. Children: I. Ephraim, married Eliza Shepard; had five children. 2. Mary, married Gould Curtis and had six children. 3. George E., mentioned below.

(VII) George E., son of Joseph Wheeler, was born April 8, 1820, at Stratford. He attended the public schools and academy, and during his youth worked on his father's farm. He has been engaged in farming, in fact, all his active life, and has one of the best cultivated farms in this part of the state. He has always been interested in public affairs and public education, has been a constant reader and student, and is possessed of a great fund of information and general knowledge. He is a liberal contributor to the church and charity. He is a Republican in politics. He commands the respect and confidence of all his townsmen. He married, March 28, 1863, Juliana Miller, born March

20, 1837, at Hartland, Connecticut. Children:
1. Mary Jane, born July 26, 1864; married
Frank E. Baldwin, a carpenter by trade at
Nichols, Connecticut; children: Claire, Bernard and Rupert Baldwin. 2. Lina Georgia,
born June 17, 1869, died May 19, 1907; married Newton J. Reed, born at Newtown, Connecticut, a merchant at Stratford; children:
Elliot and Ruby. 3. Joseph M., born March,
1874; married Nettie Cook; children: Pearl
R. and George Everett. Giles Harry Miller,
father of Mrs. Wheeler, was born at Hartland; was a farmer; married Lucy Grimes.
He was a son of Solomon and Lydia Miller,
of Hartland; the former was a farmer and
Methodist minister.

Moses Wheeler, immigrant ancestor, was born in Eng-WHEELER land, very likely in the county of Kent, in 1598. The Wheeler family had lived here for over four hundred years. He sailed from London in 1638, and settled in the New Haven colony. He was among the first to receive an allotment in that colony. Here he married Miriam Hawley, sister of Joseph Hawley, one of the first settlers in the colony, and a very prominent man. He was expelled from the colony in 1648 because of a slight infringement of one of the Blue Laws, for which the colony was noted. According to tradition he had been away for several months, and returned on a Sunday. Forgetting the "Blue Laws" in his joy at his return, he kissed his wife and children, and was expelled by the authorities when they learned of it. He then joined the little settlement of Stratford, and purchased here a home from the Indians on the shore, near what is now known as Sandy Hollow. He afterwards bought a large piece of land in the upper part of the town, extending from the river to some distance above the site of the present New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. He was a ship carpenter, and kept a farm for himself. He was given permission by the general court to keep a ferry at Stratford, which he already had established. Seventeen years after its establishment, the town leased the ferry to him with thirty or forty acres of upland adjoining it, for twenty-one years, without tax or rate except sixpence per annum. The inhabitants were "to be ferried over for one half penny per person and two pence for horse or beast." The town agreed to pay for any improvements he had made if he should leave it at the expiration of his lease. His son's will, proved January 23, 1724-25, shows that he received the ferry from his father Moses, and left it to his own son

Float in, so it to that to be a first a sufficient over me hundred cars. Heathan set at any or to have the protection to death. He should near him a mean many the most prominent men of the town. He was a strong, powerful man, of whom the In-He returned to England in 1005, at the time of the "Great Plague," and so did not remain long, but returned again to Stratford. He and little freely consider a least more than church at Stratford, A rough stone, cut grave, with the inscription: "Moses Wheeler, Aged 100, Dyed Jan. 15th. 1698," His will was proved February 19, 1698, and after disposing of his real and personal property gen-Mary, a bras kitle houlding ten to twelve galand Mr. Brooks His Devices of Satan, and to Elizabeth ye wife of my son Samuel, ye thed in 1674. She married (second) Jacob Rev. Zachariah Walker, pastor of the Congregational church in Stratford. The Rev. Adam Blakeman was rector of the church Flizabeth, daughter of Moses Wheeler. Chilwas grandmother of General David Wooster. 2. Miriam, married James Blakeman, and was the marker appositor of all these named place man or Blackman in the towns of Huntington, Monroe and Newtown. 3. Samuel, left no children. 4. Moses, ancestor of many people, mentioned below, 5. Mary, married jamin Beach. 6. Joanna, died in 1604, un-

Wheeler, was born at Stratford, July 5, 1651. He inherited the ferry from his father, together with the homestead. He removed the stone house which his father built, and replaced it with a wooden house, which was standing until May 12, 1801, when it was burned down. He was a farmer, as well as ferryman. He

his father, with a similar headstone, evidently from the same place. The inscription says: Who Departed This Life Jan. The 30th, 1724, in The 74th, Year of His Age. He

his estate is inventoried at one thousand four hundred and sixty-three pounds five shilling

his son James forty pounds; also to his sons Nathan and Robert and his daughter, and to his grandehidren. His son Elnathan was made his executor, and he left to him all his lands, with the ferry, and all and personal estate. He daughter of Caleb Nicholls, October 20, 1674. Children: Moses, mentioned below; Caleb; Sarah; Nathan or Elnathan; Samuel; James; Robert; Elizabeth.

Sergant Francis Nicholls, grandfather of Sarah (Nicholls) Wheeler, came from England in 1035, and was in Stratford in 1030 among the first settlers. He was closely related to Colonel Sir Richard Nichols, the first English governor of New York, who established the first Episcopal church in New York, and who, under the command of James, Duke of York, commanded the fleet that took New Netherlands from the Dutch in 1004 and named the place New York. Francis Nicholls was a military man in England, and was a member of the famous regiment of Horse Guards in London, but the title of sergeant was conferred on him at Stratford. He was a member and communicant of the Church of England, and the ancestor of a pious, wealthy, distinguished family of Stratford, His son, Caleb, married Anna, daughter of Andrew Ward, of Fairfield, and died in 1000. He was the father of Sarah, who married Muses Wheeler

(III) Moses (3), son of Moses (2) Wheeler, was born July 8, 1675. He married (first) Ruth Bouton, in December, 1608. He married (second) Mercy Lattin, widow of Thomas Lattin and daughter of Henry Wakelyn. Children, by first wife: Elnathan, mentioned below: Nathaniel, drowned at the ferry.

 The De Forest family first appears in Avesne, France, where from 1559 a Spanish garrison was kept for many years so that any one of Protestant faith was cruelly persecuted. Here the De Forest and other families embraced the foreign doctrine, and successive persecutions compelled the removal of their family to Le Couteau, to Ledau, and to Leyden. In 1606 in Leyden four brothers were living, Jean, Jesse, Michel, and Girard De Forest, and a sister Jeanne. Jesse, the ancestor of the Stratford Wheelers, married at Leyden, Marie du Cloux. Soon after the Plymouth Pilgrims removed from Leyden, he and others left Holland, and planned to settle in Virginia. This plan was not carried out, and in 1623 he joined an expedition for the conquest of Brazil, where he died in 1624, very likely at San Salvador. His son Isaac sailed with a brother for New Netherland, October 1, 1636, in the yacht "Rensselaerwick." He married at New Netherland, June 9, 1641, Sarah, daughter of Philip and Susanna (du Chiney) du Trieux, who were Walloons of the earliest migration. David, son of Isaac, married, 1696, Martha, daughter of Samuel Blagge. of New York, who was the son of Captain Benjamin Blagge. David came with his wife to Stratford, where they "covenanted with the Church," August 7, 1697. He was a glazier by trade, and died April 20, 1721. Martha, daughter of David and Martha (Blagge) De Forest, was born April 13, 1700, married Deacon Elnathan Wheeler, and their children were: Ruth, Martha, Sarah, Nathaniel, Elizabeth, Mary, Elnathan, mentioned below, Eu-

(V) Elnathan (2), son of Deacon Elnathan (1) Wheeler, was born May 20, 1740. He married, January 26, 1765, Charity, daughter of Stephen Frost, son of Joseph Frost, of Charlestown, Massachusetts. She was born in 1740. Her sister Esther married Solomon Plant, father of David Plant, lieutenant-governor of the state of Connecticut from 1823 to 1827, and a member of congress from 1827 to 1829, one of the most influential men of his day in political circles. Elnathan Wheeler lived on the Wheeler homestead which he ininherited from his father. He also was a farmer as his ancestors had been. The occupancy of the ferry had passed out of the family by this time, and in 1813, when the first bridge was built over the Housatonic river, between Stratford and Milford, the custom of a ferry was abolished. He was a firm, upright man, very much respected by his associates He owned much land, for he gave much to his sons. His eldest son Elnathan was given a large farm at Harvey's Farm, a

short distance north of his own home. Elisha was given a farm adjoining his father's on the north. To Reuben he gave a farm in Putney, in the northern part of town. At his death, February 14, 1809, he left the Wheeler homestead to his youngest son Stephen. His wife survived him several years, and after his death lived at the homestead with her son Stephen. She died March 6, 1816. Children: Elnathan, born March 5, 1766, died November 1, 1805; Charity, July 8, 1769, died 1797, unmarried; Elisha, July 26, 1772, mentioned below; Reuben, July 1, 1775; Ruth, May 15, 1780; Stephen, March 1, 1782.

(VI) Elisha, son of Elnathan (2) Wheeler, was born July 26, 1772, died May 5, 1853. He married Dorothy, born in 1776, died January 12, 1847, daughter of Ezra Birdseye, of Oronoque, and granddaughter of Rev. Nathan Birdseye, who preached a sermon in the Congregational church in Stratford on his one hundredth birthday. His tombstone bears the inscription: "Sacred to the Memory of the Rev. Nathan Birdseye, A. M. He was Born August 19th. 1714. Graduated at Yale College in 1736, Ordained at West Haven, 1742. Dismissed and Recommended by the Consociation 1758 and Departed This Life January 28th. 1818. Aged 103 Years, 5 Months and 9 Days. The Memory of the Just is Plessed." Children J. Conceptions. is Blessed." Children: 1. George, born at Stratford in 1800, died July 16, 1835; married Betsey C. Booth, of Stratford, October 23, 1829; children: Lucy Birdseye, September 4, 1830, Mary Curtiss, December 26, 1831, died July 29, 1835, George Birdseye, June 6, 1835, married and removed to Kansas City. 2. Ralph, born 1807; married (first) Elizabeth Gall, of Hudson, New York; child, Elisha, deceased; married (second) Mary -; children: Phebe, married, and William, who went west and settled. 3. Ezra, mentioned below.

(VII) Ezra, son of Elisha Wheeler, was born in Stratford, November 9, 1809, died in New York City, December 18, 1885. When quite young he went to New York City, where he engaged in business in which he was very successful. He amassed a fortune and retired some years prior to his death. He married (first) Caroline Darrow, of New York City. He married (second) Celia Vischer, of Albany, New York. He married (third) Emily Curtiss. Children by first wife: 1. Sarah Ellen, married Dr. Walter de Forest Fay, of New York City, now deceased; she resides in Stratford. 2. Caroline, resides in New York City. Children of second wife: 3. John Vischer, deceased, was a resident of New York. 4. Celia Vischer, deceased. Children of third wife 3. Limb Cutti. I mi 1852, dod August 28, 1872 in Arthur die Lorest, mentioned lieb 2, 7. Litting is die her hence wife Arthur de Livera Whiselan 8. Walter, reade in Stration in a late id alled in infancy.

Wheeler, was born in New York City, January 3, 1855. He was educated there in the 1015 of the with his father until his retirement, since which time he has made his home in Stratford, and is a well-known and highly esteemed citizen. 11. The last the Church, in which he has served as vestryman for a number of years. He married, September 17, 1884, Carrie May Dunbar, born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1857, day for him the married of the last the la

Deacon Paul Peck, immigrant an-PECK cestor of this family, was born, we ship "Defense" and remained in Boston and vicinity until 1636, when he went with Rev. and the state of Connecticut. He was a proprotocol further than all because a leading citizen. His home was on what is now Washington street not far from the state capitol. He was deacon of the church from will, dated June 25, 1605, was proved January hundred and thirty-six pounds five shillings. Paul, Joseph, Martha Cornwall, Mary Andrew, Sarah Clark, Elizabeth How; grandsons: Paul and Henry Peck; son-in-law, John Shepherd; granddaughter, Ruth Beach; sonin-law, John Bouton. Children: 1. Paul, born 1639. 2. Martha, 1641; married, June warried — How, of Wallingford. 4. John, De ember 22, 1045 5 Smith 1047. mentioned below. 6. Joseph, 1650, baptized December 22, 1650. 7. Sarah, 1653; married Thomas Clark, of Hartford. 8. Hannah, 1656; married, May 12, 1680, John Shepherd. 9. Mary, 1662; married John Andrew, of Hartford; died in 1752.

H) Santiel, son a Dear in Problem born in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1647. He settled in West Hartford and lived there until

was born in West Hartford, Connecticut, in Middletown, now the town of Berlin, Connecticut. He married Abigail, daughter of Children, born at Kensington: 1, Samuel, January 6, 1701, 2, Moses, April, 1703, 3, Isaac, born at Scarborough, November 2, 1700, 4, Abigah, December 28, 1707, 5, Zebulon, September 1, 1713, mentioned below, 6, Amos, born at Kensington, March 5, 1715, 7, Abel, born at Kensington, December 28, 1707, died September 10, 1742, 8, Elisha, born at Lynn, July 23, 1723; married Mary, daughter of Hewett Strong.

(IV) Zebulon, son of Samuel (2) Peck, was born in Middletown, Connecticut, September 1, 1713, died at Bristol, Connecticut, January 13, 1705. He married, July 10, 1735. Mary, daughter of Josiah Edwards, of Easthampton, Long Island; she died May 23, 1700. Children: 1, Abigail, born May 20, 1730; married Hezekiah Gridley, and removed to Clinton, New York, where she died April 21, 1826. 2, Justus, November 14, 1737. 3, Elizabeth, September 30, 1730, died November 16, 1741. 4, Mary, August 12, 1744, died October 11, 1785. 5, Zebulon, born at Meriden, April 15, 1743. 6, Abel, born at Meriden, April 15, 1743. 6, Abel, born at Meriden, 1745. 7, David, born at Bristol, May 13, 1749. 8, Lament, born May 8, 1751, mentioned below. 9, Elizabeth, born at Bristol; married, December 16, 1772, Abel Hawley; died at Clinton, New York, March 12, 1806. 10, Josiah, born January 19, 1755.

(A) Lament, son of Zebulon Peck, was born May 8, 1751, at Farmington, died May 5, 1823, at Bristol, formerly Farmington. He lived there all his active life and was prominent in both town and church. He married Rachel Tracy. Children, born at Bristol: 1, Sally, February 7, 1784, 2, Tracy, April 5, 1785, mentioned below. 3, Richard, December 15, 1780, 4, Susanna, August 31, 1788, cullo 8 primos (Children)

following.
 Epaphroditus, October 26, 1791.
 Nehemiah, September 26, 1793.
 Newman, November 25, 1795.
 James G., June 24, 1800.

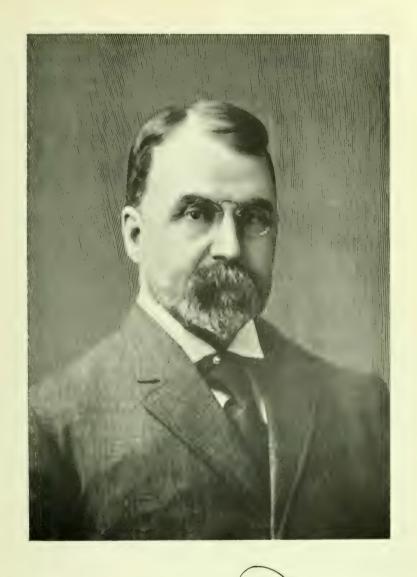
at Bristol, April 5, 1785, died there February 12, 1862. He was a prominent citizen of Bristol. He served his town in the general assembly of the state; later was state senator; was for many years justice of the peace, judge of probate, selectman, town clerk, canal

commissioner, county surveyor, and held other offices of trust and honor. He was greatly interested in the genealogy of his family and other matters of local history. He married, February 3. 1812, Sally Adams, of Litchfield. Children, born at Bristol: 1. Epaphroditus, November 13, 1812, died in London, England, September 20, 1857; pioneer salesman of American clocks in Europe. 2. Sally H. S., March 17, 1815, died December 9, 1815. 3. Sarah Tracy, November 5, 1816; married Charles E. Smith; died at Bristol, June 17, 1894. 4. Rachel Ripley, September 27, 1818; married Luly 37, 1848. Charles Eropeon; died married, July 25, 1848, Charles Bronson; died at Waterbury, December 31, 1908. 5. Joseph Adams, October 9, 1820, died December 4, 1822. 6. A son, July 6, 1822, died July 12, 1822. 7. Joseph Adams, February 18, 1824; married, September 1, 1846, Mary E. Thorp; died at New Haven, September 5, 1908. 8. Josiah Tracy, August 3, 1826, mentioned below. 9. Eliza J., August 19, 1828, died July 17, 1847. 10. Henry Adams, July 26, 1832; captain of Company I, Tenth Connecticut Regiment, in the civil war, fought in twenty-Keginent, in the civil war, longin in (scale) three battles: still living (1910) in Bristol, Connecticut. 11. Kezia Adams, November 25, 1834; still living in Bristol. 12. Tracy, May 24, 1838, graduate A. B., Yale, 1861; professor of Latin in Cornell and in Yale universities, now professor emeritus in Yale; married, December 22, 1870, Elizabeth H.

(VII) Josiah Tracy, son of Judge Tracy Peck, was born at Bristol, Connecticut, August 3, 1826, died at Bristol, June 22, 1877. He was collector of internal revenue during the civil war, and for one term judge of probate. He resided at Bristol, and was prominent in all public and business matters. In religion he was a Congregationalist and in politics a Republican. He married, November 23, 1847, Ellen Lewis, born October 3, 1825, daughter of Theodore and Amy (Lewis) Barnard. She is still living at Bristol. Children, born in Bristol: 1. Miles Lewis, July 24, 1849; resides at Bristol; has been treasurer of the Bristol Savings Bank from 1871 to the present time (1910); was warden of the borough of Bristol, 1894-96; is president of the Bristol and Plainville Tramway Company, and director of many other business corporations; married, October 18, 1871, Mary Harriet Seymour; children: i. Josiah Henry, born March 5, 1873; graduated A. B. at Yale, 1895, LL. B. at Harvard, 1898; in law practice at Hartford; married, November 12, 1902, Maud Helen Tower; ii. Howard Seymour, born May 17, 1874, graduated A. B., Yale, 1896; married, October 16, 1900, Florence Edna Roe; children: Seymour Roe, born November 5, 1901, and Nancy, June 30, 1903; they reside at Bristol; iii. Hilda M., born April 19, 1881, graduated A. B., Vassar, 1903; resides at Bristol; iv. Rachel K., born January 6, 1883, graduated A. B., Vassar, 1905; married, June 28, 1910, Newell Jennings; they reside at Bristol; v. Mary M. L., born January 22, 1895. 2. Eliza Jane, born August 4, 1853; resides at Bristol; assistant librarian of the Bristol Public Library. 3. Theodore Barnard, born January 14, 1856; graduated Arch. B. at Cornell, 1877; now an architect at Waterbury, Connecticut. 4. Epaphroditus, born May 20, 1860, mentioned below. 5. Edson May, born May 23, 1864; assistant treasurer of the Bristol Savings Bank; married, October 17, 1894, Philena Skinner; they reside in Bristol. 6. Ellen Amy, born March 18, 1869;

resides in Bristol.

(VIII) Epaphroditus, son of Josiah Tracy Peck, was born May 20, 1860, at Bristol, Connecticut. He graduated LL. B., Yale, 1881. He has been in legal practice at Bristol since 1882. He has been town and borough attorney, prosecuting attorney, liquor prosecuting agent for the county, since 1887 associate judge of the court of common pleas for Hartford county, and since 1903 lecturer and instructor on the faculty of Yale Law School. He was the orator at the centennial celebra-tion of the town of Bristol in 1885, at the celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the First Congregational Church of Bristol in 1897, and at the one hundredth anniversary of the town of Burlington, 1906. He has been prominent in the local and state work of the Congregational church, moderator of the state conference at New Haven, 1903; delegate to the national council at Des Moines, 1894; alternate delegate to the international council at Boston, 1899; director at large of Missionary Society of Connecticut since 1901; president of the Central Congregational Club, 1904-05, and author of "The Property Rights of Husband and Wife under the Law of Connecticut," 1904, and of numerous addresses and articles. He is a member of the American Bar Association, American Academy of Political and Social Science, Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences, Connecticut Historical Society, and other societies, and of the Graduates' Club, New Haven. He resides at Bristol. He married, August 21, 1886, Grace, daughter of Franklin C. and Mary B. Brownell. Children: I. Margaret Winthrop, born June 25, 1890; now a student in Bryn Mawr College. 2. Grace Brownell, November 15, 1892, died May 16, 1896. 3. Dorothy Adams, March 4,



Cafenodity (Eac







Henry S. Proh

1807, dred Arr, 9st 29, 1800 (1 Million Arti-erten, October 1, 1808) (2 Project Leafing September 10, 1994 of May 2, 1995

The many contribution to the contribution of t antiques. It in none or Skilling Yorkshire, England, at an early date, and trove there a utility in a

England but in every civilized country in the

A hearth with the file

Wakefield, Yorkshire, whose descendants moved to Beccles, Suffolk county, and were the ancestors of one branch of the American land: Argent on a chevron engrailed, gules three crosses formee of the first. Crest: A cubit arm erect, habited azure, cuff argent, a scroll, three roses gules, leaves vert.

v.), was born at Kensington, March 5, 1715. died in Middletown, April 6, 1802. He married, July 26, 1750, Mary Hart, who died June 22. 1771. Children: Matthew, born July 16, 1751; Amos, January 25, 1754; Ruth, November 28, 1756; Mary, March 9, 1760; Huldah, mentioned below; Lucy, December 2, 1767.

A - Lemma - and London Salar - and thou March 28, 1765, died in Berlin, Connecticut, February 22, 1821. He married Lydia Dick-inson, who died April 15, 1826. Children: Selden, born January 25, 1704, mentioned below; Harriet, February 14, 1796, died November 11, 1828; Sherman, December 28, 1809.

All Schler, in I mon't' sas born January 25, 1794, died in Meriden, Connecticut. He was a farmer in Berlin, Con-necticut, He married, November 1, 1826, Lucy H. Hart. Children: Sherman H., born March 17, 1829; Hattie E., April 16, 1835; Henry H., December 25, 1838, mentioned below; George S., May 9, 1840, died 1865; Lucy

(VII) Henry H., son of Selden Peck, was born in Berlin, December 25, 1838. He attended the public schools, and assisted his father on the farm until he was seventeen years eld, when he entered the Meriden high school, and finishe! his education at the Kellogg Institute. In 1857 he entered the dry goods store of D. & N. G. Miller. After three years in their employ, he removed to Waterbury, and with Charles Miller opened a dry goods store there. The first store was in Baldwin's Hock, under the firm name of Miller & Peck. In 1861 they removed to Hotchkiss block, and and remained there until they removed to their present location on South Main street.

in 1887 Mr. Peck withdrew from active busi-

Henry Line Peck (q. v.), was baptized Sepwill was dated March 3, 1730, and proved dren: Benjamin, born January 4, 1671; Mary, September 3, 1672; Joseph, February 26, 1676; Esther, 1679; Ebenezer, April 24, 1681, Lydia, married Solomon Terry: Mehitable,

born January 5, 1684, at New Haven. He lived in New Haven, and probably in Amity Society. His will was presented to the court Mary, November 2, 1714; Joseph, March 28, 1718, mentioned below: Rachel, August 1, voung : Bathsheba, September 27, 1732; Benajah, June 1, 1735; Benjamin, August 14, 1737, died young; Stephen, August 5, 1742; Eunice, September 28, 1744; Benjamin, March

born at New Haven, March 28, 1718. He settled at Amity. His will is at New Haven.

(V) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Peck, was a jail keeper. Children: Joseph, men-

tioned below; Nancy; Sarah.

(VI) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) Peck, married Annie Reed, both of Lyme, Connecticut. They had a son George Reed, mentioned below.

(VII) George Reed, son of Joseph (3) Peck, was born at Lyme, 1801. He married Elizabeth Smith Lee. Children: Seth Lee, mentioned below. Joseph, Esther M., Richard W., Frank, James Henry, Mary and Walter. Scott, all of whom were married except Mary.

(VIII) Seth Lee, son of George Reed Peck, was born at Lyme, December 6, 1825. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at the academy. He started a tannery in Lyme, near Hamburg, where he was in business for four years. Then he came to Norwich and worked in various lines of business, ten years on his own account and for ten years was in charge of a building material business owned by Alfred Young Hibbard. He bought the business after the death of his employer and continued in it for ten years. He admitted his son, Henry, and John McWilliams, and the firm name is now Peck, McWilliams & Company. The firm does a large business in building and general contracting. Mr. Peck retired from active business in 1900 and resides at 25 Peck street, Norwich. He was a soldier in the civil war, Company C, Twenty-sixth Regiment Connecticut Volunteers, and is a member of Sedgwick Post, No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Broadway Congregational Church of Norwich. He married, August 6, 1849, Eunice, born May 11, 1822, daughter of Nehemiah M. and Huldah (Wheeler) Gallup (see Gallup XI). Children: 1. Henry Clay, January 27, 1859; married Lizzie Wanser and had one child, Violet Marian. 2. William Lee, born November 7, Williams; children: Howard Bentley, Harry Williams and Ruth Williams. 3. Charles Seth, August 22, 1865, died October 28, 1869.

## (The Gallup Line).

(VII) Benadam Gallup, son of Captain John Gallup (q. v.), was born in Stonington, Connecticut, in 1655. He married Esther, born July 20, 1660, daughter of John and Esther Prentice, of New London, Connecticut. They were both members of the Congregational church of Stonington. He died August 2, 1727, aged seventy-two, and his wife died May 18, 1751, aged ninety-two. The inventory of his estate amounted to five hundred and eighty-three pounds, thirteen shillings.

No will has been found. Children: Hannah, born May 22, 1683; Esther, 1685; Mercy, 1690; Benadam, 1693, mentioned below; Joseph, 1695; Margaret, 1698; Lucy, 1701. (VIII) Lieutenant Benadam (2) Gallup,

(VIII) Lieutenant Benadam (2) Gallup, son of Benadam (1) Gallup, was born at Groton, Connecticut, 1693. He married Eunice Cobb, January 11, 1716. He died September 30, 1755, and his wife died February 1, 1759, aged sixty-three. His "ear-mark" was recorded June 24, 1718, and the same mark was used afterwards by his son Henry. Children: Benadam, born October 26, 1716; Esther, February 24, 1718; Eunice (twin), March 29, 1721; Lois (twin); William, July 4, 1723; Henry, October 5, 1725, mentioned below; Nathan, 1727; Ebenezer; Thomas P., baptized July 28, 1734; Hannah, married Rob-

ert Allyn, January 23, 1755; Sarah.
(IX) Henry, son of Lieutenant Benadam

(2) Gallup, was born in Groton, October 5, 1725. He married, October 4, 1750, Hannah, daughter of Nehemiah and Zerviah (Stanton) Mason. He died November II, 1811, aged eighty-six, and his wife died January 24, 1808. She was a great-granddaughter of Major John Mason, and was born in Stonington, June 10, 1726. Major John Mason was born in England about 1600 and came to America in 1630. He was lieutenant in the English army, serving under Lord Fairfax in the Netherlands with Captain John Gallup, and sharing with him and his son John the terrible conflicts in the Indian wars. He settled in Dorchester. and married Anne Peck in 1640. He was deputy-governor and major-general of the forces of the colony. He died January, 1672. His sixth child, Daniel, born April, 1652, married, October 10, 1679, Rebecca Hobart, third wife, daughter of Rev. Peter Hobart, of Hingham, Massachusetts. He died 1737, and she died April 8, 1727, at Stonington; they had seven children. The youngest, Nehemiah Mason, married Zerviah Stanton, and they settled at Stonington and owned Mason's Island. Children of Henry Gallup: Nehemiah, born June 19, 1751, mentioned below; Eunice, August 7, 1755; Henry, October 17, 1758; Andrew, January 26, 1761; Jared, November 22, 1767.

(X) Nehemiah, son of Henry Gallup, was born June 19, 1751. He married Elizabeth Brown, January 28, 1783. Children: Elizabeth, born November 10, 1783; Nehemiah M., February 12, 1785, mentioned below; John S., April 5, 1787: Orenda, March 8, 1790; Elisha, June 22, 1792; Luke, April 17, 1794; Serviah, October 10, 1796; Ebenezer, April 27, 1800.

(XI) Nehemiah M., son of Nehemiah Gallup, was born in Groton, February 12, 1785,



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drof Janya 21, 1871. He instruct in fillal Wincles of Sture from Coll 21, 1812. In the collection of t

The first mention found of An-Mine III III Aliana, in Magas III Connecticut, is the record of his marriage, which is as follows: "Andrew Moore & fara Phelpes yt was Dafter of famuell Phelpes ware married by capten Newberry, february 15, 1671." Samuel Phelps was the n of William, the immigrant, who came to Dorchester, Massachusetts, in 1630, and from there went to Windsor, Connecticut, in 1636. He married Sarah, daughter of Edward Griswold, November 10, 1650. The Phelps family and the married Sarah Griswold was born in Kenilworth, England, in 1628, and came to America with her father in 1630. They settled in Windsor, Connecticut

They settled in Windsor, Connecticut.
(I) In 1675 Andrew Moore was paid one pound, seventeen shillings by Matthew Grant services during the destruction of Simsbury by the Indians. January 23, 1674, the town paid Andrew Moore, Nathaniel Pinney and Joseph Griswold, by Matthew Grant, for making a new ferry boat. They were paid three pounds six shillings eight cents in barter, and it seems that the tax levy was assigned before collection in the payment of debts at that time. He received all his share of payment for the boat in provisions. On August 24, 1678, he and thirty-four others were sued by James Cornish for a school bill of five shillings two cents. His oldest child Sarah was then only six years old. On December 20, 1680, he was paid by the town for labor on

the church. He had a grant of land at Salmon Brook, now Granby, Connecticut, in 1680, the most of that which some call meadow is neighborhood will be very thin, all which will be discouraging." At a later date Andrew Moore bought land of John Gozard on the tools, farming implements, a cider mill, loom, spinning wheel, sword and belt, and a library "prised at 8 shillings," besides two pieces of land in Simsbury. The distribution of the estate took place April 5, 1720, and each of his nine children took his share of property May 31, 1677: Jonathan, February 26, 1679-80: Abigail, September 12, 1682: William, ail) William and Atoms Man

born in 1684, died May 9, 1780, in Granby, Connecticut. His headstone is marked "Mr. Wm. Moore," and says he died in his ninetyseventh year. He married (first) Elizabeth Case, who died in Granby, then Simsbury, September 29, 1739, when she was forty-nine years old. No record of this marriage has been found, but he mentioned in his will a "piece of land he bought of his brother, William Case." If by brother he means brotherin-law, then Elizabeth, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Holcomb) Case, born September, 1689, was his wife. William Case was the son of John Windsor and Sarah (Spencer) Case, of Hartford. Elizabeth had a brother William who was born March 22, 1691. William Moore married (second), January 20, 1740, Damaris, daughter of Josiah Phelps, who married Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah Porter Winchell. Josiah Phelps was son of Samuel, son of William, the immigrant. "The aged William Moore" made his will November 7, 1773, and the distribution of the estate occurred October 30, 1781. The inventory amounted to seven hundred and fifty pounds. To "my beloved wife Damaris" he gave one-half the dwelling house, one-quarter the cellar and well, one-quarter of the barn and one-quarter of all his lands and movable estate as long as she remained his widow. She was eightyone at the time of his death. Children, by first marriage: William, born July 19, 1712; David, September 18, 1713; Timothy; James, June 6, 1715, mentioned below; Shadrack, September 19, 1717; Mercy (or Mary), November 25, 1719; Ebenezer, April 20, 1722; Andrew; Isaac, 1727. Child by second wife, Naomi (or Ame).

(III) James, son of William Moore, was born in Simsbury, June 6, 1716. He married Rachel, daughter of Matthew and Hannah (Chapman) Grant, in Simsbury, May 25, 1737. She was born in Windsor, April 17, 1704. Matthew was son of Samuel and Mary (Porter) Grant. Samuel Grant was son of Matthew Grant, who came to Dorchester in 1630. Sarah Chapman was daughter of John Porter, the immigrant, who came in 1639. James Moore died March 5, 1788, and is buried in East Granby. He made his will December 19, 1782, disposing of land in Mooretown, a neighborhood now in Southwick, Massachusetts, and land in Turkey Hills, now Granby. He remembered his widow as follows: "To my beloved wife Rachel, the use of one-half my brick house and home-lot containing about 44 acres to use as long as she shall continue my widow and to have ye liberty of ye use of my well and to get Wood on my Mountain Lots during her Widowhood, and one-third part of my movable estate after debts and

funeral charges are paid out of my movable estate (not my legacies) to be her property forever." The following shows he was opposed to trumped-up accounts: "If any one or more of my s'd children shall bring in any Debts or Charges whatever against my Estate after my decease unless it is Legacies of by Note or Obligation under my hand well executed, he or she or they are to have No other Portion out of my Estate only what is Recovered By Virtue of S'd Debt or Charge and not to take Any advantage of my Legacy to them in this will." Children: James, William, mentioned below, Joel, Asa, Roswell, Rachel, Charity.

(IV) William (2) Moore, son of James Moore, was probably born in Simsbury about 1740. He was at Bunker Hill under Captain Thomas Knowlton, and served three subsequent enlistments. His final discharge is dated May 5, 1780, from the third regiment, Connecticut line, Colonel Samuel Wyllis. He married Sarah ——, and had six children born in Westfield, Massachusetts. In 1825 Sarah Moore, of Sand Lake, Rensselaer county, New York, deeded a piece of land in Simsbury which she inherited from her father, Mr. Hoskins. This might have been the widow of William. Children: Sarah, born May 3, 1757: Eve, May 14, 1760; King, May 18, 1762; William, August 13, 1764; Charity, August 19, 1766; Theodosia, April 23, 1769; Willis; Apollos, mentioned below.

(V) Apollos, son of William (2) Moore, was born in 1771 and settled in Barkhamsted. He had a cousin of the same name, son of Guy Moore. His brother William also settled in Barkhamsted, and his brother King, born at Westfield, May 18, 1762, was a soldier in the revolution. Apollos died at Riverton, in the town of Barkhamsted, Connecticut, in 1861, aged about ninety-one years. He was a farmer and owned much land, in fact, the larger part of the site of the present village of Riverton. He married Candace Beach. Children: Alpheus, Charles Beach, De Marquis De Casso y Rujo Moore, mentioned below, Candace, Nancy, Belinda, Lucinda, Avis.

(VI) De Marquis De Casso y Rujo, son of Apollos Moore, was born September 18, 1804, in the town of Barkhamsted, Connecticut, died in Colebrook, in 1889. He owned a large farm and saw mill and manufactured lumber on a large scale, being very successful. He married Thankful, born September 25, 1808, died September, 1885, daughter of Judah and Mercy (Eno) Roberts. Children: Candace, born June 10, 1824; Osbert, March 18, 1830; John. February 1, 1835, died in infancy; Ellen; Sarah Marilla, July 24, 1839; John Apollen; Sarah Marilla, July 24, 1839; John Apollen

los, December 18, 1842; Laura Almira, October 10, 1844; Rebert Comp. Man. my 1840, married, in 4872, Balle I Chester and Less Are of the Sarry Challing or

a VII John Vpd! sum or b. Ata-the Suffield Literary Institute, the Select School in Riverton, Connecticut, and the Eastman Business College, of Poughkeepsie, New York, from which he was graduated at the age of twenty-one years. He taught a year, working as clerk in a hardware store. he has made his home at Robertsville, Conto farming, until 1902, and since then has devoted all his time to his farm. He is a Republican in politics and represented his town one year in the general assembly. He is a deacon of the Baptist church. He marerick and Harriet (Hoyt) North (see North of Tolland, Massachusetts, superintendent of Tunis club; children: Arthur C., Harvey John, Lynn N., Allen M. and Vernera Deming. 2. De Marquis De Casso y Rujo, July 24, 1800; physician at South Manchester. Connecticut, married Ida Quilter. 3. Frederick North, mentioned below. 4. Harriet Thankful, August 25, 1875; married Homer Deming, of Colebrook, farmer: children: Bernice and Homer Deming. 5. Cicero John, December 14, 1878; dentist at Terryville, Connecticut; married Lillian Tarr. 6. Irene Marilla, May 1, 1881; school teacher; lives with parents. 7. Ira Winfield, June 14, 1883; machinist, Terryville, Connecticut; married

los Moore, was born in Winchester, Litchfield county, Connecticut, November 1, 1871. and was educated in the public schools of Colebrook. He took a special course in civil engineering and surveying. He has been engaged in farming most of his active life, at Colebrook. He lived for a time at Torrington. In 1908 he came to Winsted, and since

Eliza (Reed) Bull, of New Hartford, Connecticut. Both parents were born in Engwas a carpenter by trade. Children of Sam-

(III) Ebenezer North, son of Thomas North (q, v,), was born in 1703, died Au-gust 5, 1780. He married, in 1730, Sibyl ninety-one. He came to Torrington from 1741 and bought, with Zebulon Curtis, two September 4, 1736; Lucy, May 1, 1730; Asahel, May 13, 1743, died 1803; Ebenezer, June 27, 1746, died December 12, 1832; Achsah, August 14, 1748; Sarah, December

died April 5, 1818. He removed to Torrington, Connecticut, with his parents when he 1822, aged seventy-eight years. Children: Noah, born June 12, 1757, died April 28, 1789; Junia or Junius; Remembrance, October 13, 1762; Jemima, April 7, 1766, married Elihu Barber; Mary, December 19, 1767, married Rev. Hezekiah West, Baptist minis-

ter, who went to Pennsylvania.

(V) Junia or Junius, son of Deacon Noah North, was born September 24, 1760, died November 14, 1828. He married (first) January 25, 1785, Sabrina Fyler. She died, and he married (second) Sally Covey, in January, 1807. He settled on the north and south road east of his father's, where his son afterwards lived. He kept a tavern for many years, and was an active, stirring man. He was called "Uncle Juna" by all. Children, all by first wife: Roxalany, born November 2, 1785, married Daniel Murry in March, 1810; Triphena, March 14, 1787. died April 10, 1867; Ariel, August 13, 1788, died September 22, 1818; Ruby, July 28, 1790, married (first) Orrin Loomis, in November, 1821, and (second) Moses Drake, died May 16, 1875; Willard, June 5, 1792; Sabrina, August 15, 1794, died May 22, 1875; Junius or Junia, April 30, 1796; Lura, October 7, 1798, married Midian Griswold, March 19, 1822, of Litchfield; Frederick, mentioned below, and Philomela (twins), August 12, 1803; Philomela died April 30, 1804.

(VI) Deacon Frederick, son of Junia or Junius North, was born August 12, 1803. He married Harriet, daughter of Ira Hoyt, June 14, 1830. She was born in Warren, Connecticut, March 30, 1810. He lived on his father's place. He was elected deacon of the Baptist church in Newfield, was a farmer, and very much respected. Children: Charlotte Jane, born May 13, 1831, married Joseph Deming, of Colebrook, March 12, 1856; Adaline Plumb and Catharine Palms (twins), August 29, 1833; Adaline Plumb died May 28, 1848; Carrel Fyler, June 29, 1835; Junius Davis, June 17, 1839; Roxa Amelia, April 23, 1842, died May 28, 1882, married Elbert Norton, of Goshen, December 31, 1865; Irene Harriet, October 14, 1843, died May 20, 1905, married John A. Moore, of Colebrook, March 3, 1866 (see Moore VII). Annie Margiana, March 27, 1845, married Edward Y. Clark, of Washington, Connecticut, October 22, 1870: Frederick Alonzo, born April 10, 1846; Lyman Hoyt, February 4, 1849; Rubie Olivia,

May 30, 1851.

Stephen Moore was the keeper MOORE of the lighthouse on Fairweather Island for many years. Previously he had been a farmer in Derby, Con-

named children are now deceased. (II) James Hovey, son of Stephen and Hannah Moore, was born in 1804 at Derby, Connecticut, died at Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1889. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He began his business career at the age of eleven, when he was sent alone to drive a flock of sheep from Derby to Fairweather Island, where his father kept the lighthouse. When he reached Bridgeport the tide was too high to ford the river and he had to wait for low tide, but he finally reached his destination safely, with all his flock, and was afterward employed by Isaac Hinman to make similar trips. He served an apprenticeship at the trade of shipwright, worked as a journeyman for a time, and later engaged in business on his own account as a ship-builder, enjoying in due course of time a large and flourishing trade. He built for himself some forty vessels, in addition to those under contract, and made use of them in the coal trade. He was a master mariner and on various occasions handled the vessels himself. After his death the business was continued for a time by his widow. The shipyard and docks that he built, as well as the vessels, are a monument to his energy, industry and ability. He began without advantages in the race of life and won a signal success in business. He was undaunted by adversity, and persevered and won in many struggles that seemed hopeless. He won the confidence of the business world and the respect of his townsmen. He was interested in public education and performed efficient service as a member of the school board, and also for a time served in the capacity of selectman of the town. He was a director of Pequonock Bank in 1881, and his knowledge of the value of real estate was of inestimable value to that institution. He was a constant attendant of the First Congregational Church, of which his wife was a member, and where her grandfather preached for twenty-one years, up to the time of his death, and who erected the first house on Golden Hill, now a fine residential section. In politics Mr. Moore was a Republican. He married (first) Betsey

Leete. He married (second) in 1872, Eliza-Lett Waterner of Alanson Freemund Lewis (see Lewis V).

# IT be I be to I be to

It Benne is It III is first heard of in New Haven, Connecticut, removing there from Wallingford in 1000, and the second of the s

He exchanged his farm in Wallingford with John Hull, of Stratford and Derby, for Hull's property in Stratford. He married, in Stratford, Hannah, daughter of Sergeant John Curtis, and settled in Wallingford, but later returned to Stratford. Children: John, born in Wallingford. September, 1672; Mary, November, 1674, in Wallingford; James, 1679, in Stratford: Edmund, 1679; Joseph, 1683; Hannah, 1685; Mary, about 1688; Marthanah, 1685; Marthanah

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tember, 1734.
(III) Benjamin (3), son of Benjamin (2) Lewis, was born September 14, 1729. He married Elizabeth——, Children: Freemund, mentioned below: Flublah, baptized November, 1765; Agur, baptized July, 1767; Daniel, baptized April, 1776; Betsey, married Abijah Ufford: Polly, married Judson Curtis.

(IV) Freemund, son of Benjamin (3) Léwis, was baptized February, 1764. He was born and died in Stratford. He married Cherry, born January 11, 1763, daughter of Benoni and Mehitable (Booth) French. Children: Alanson Freemund, mentioned below; Fliza Mehitable, married Flizkin Lough

(V) Alanson Freemund, son of Freemund Lewis, was born August 30, 1705, died in Stratford, May 22, 1850. He was a farmer by occupation, and resided on the old homestead in Stratford. He participated in the waste in 1852. The waste in the building of roads and in the school and church. He married Julia, daughter of Rev. Elijah Waterman. She was buried in Lake View cemetery. Bridgeport, Connecticut. Children: Frederick Alanson, died at age of twenty; Julia, married Nathan B. McEwen, of Stratford, she is still living there; Thomas, died in 1908: Margaret, unmarried, resides with her sister, Mrs. McEwen; Elizabeth Waterman,

Ann I America Alberta de III

HH.I. settlers of Guilford; he came from Northamptonshire, England, as early as 1654. He lived on the north side in late years by E. C. Bishop and Tabar

Mexander Chalker, of Saybrook

was born in Gulford, May 15, 1640, died Ocmarried, in September, 1682, Sarah Griswold, and their children were: Sarah, born 1683; 1662; John and Charity (twins), 1664; Michael, 1668; Mary, 1761.

in East Guilford, September 5, 1685, died in Woodbury, February 7, 1755. He married, July 5, 1711, Ann Parmalee, and they had fifteen children. Isaac Hill removed to Woodbury as early as 1738; all the children but Jonas were born in Guilford. Jonatian and Daniel were twins; Isaac, married, November 16, 1741, Caroline Perry; Sarah; Ahirah, married, January 29, 1754, Mehitable Lewis; James; Submit, married, November 10, 1748, David Hotelskiss; Huldah.

January 30, 1734. He was brought up in Woodbury and died there February 10, 1707. He married there April 10, 1758, Elizabeth Perry. Children, born at Woodbury: Anne. April 19, 1750; Reuben, February 26, 1761; David, February 10, 1765, died 1845; Daniel, March 22, 1767, mentioned below; Jonathan, March 25, 1769.

(V) Dauiel, son of Jonathan Hill, was born March 22, 1767, at Woodbury, died in Bethlem, March 2, 1840. He married Electa Minor, who died February 7, 1840. Children, born at Woodbury: Julia, married Harvey Perkins: Ann Maria, married Cephas Beach; Emily, married Giles Gaybrd; Rollin R., married Susan M. Kassom and removed to Illinois, Gilman E. mentioned below

(VI) Gilman Elbridge, son of Daniel Hill, was born in Woodbury, now Bethlehem, Connecticut, and resided there until 1854, when he removed to Middlebury, where he lived until his death. He was a deacon of the church, and a man of wide influence in the community. He represented his district in the

general assembly. He married, March 5, 1834, Nancy, daughter of Phineas Crane (see Crane VI). Children: Sophia, born 1835;

Gilman Crane, mentioned below.

(VII) Gilman Crane, son of Gilman Elbridge Hill, was born in Bethlehem, Connecticut, June 13, 1843. He was educated in the public schools, and has been a manufacturer all his active life. He has lived in Middle-bury, Naugatuck, New York City, St. Peter, Minnesota, and since 1870 in Waterbury, Connecticut. In all these cities he has had manufacturing interests. He was secretary of the American Flask and Cap Company from 1871 to 1876, and since then has been secretary of the Waterbury Brass Company. In 1890 he patented a device known as a stubholder. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Congregationalist, member of the Second Congregational Church of Waterbury. He was a member of the old Arcadian Club for amateur theatricals. During the civil war he was secretary of Company A, Second Regiment, Connecticut Militia. He is a director in the Dime Savings Bank and a corporator of the Waterbury Savings Bank. He married, May 30, 1878. Charlotte Buckingham, daughter of Charles Benedict. They have one child, Katherine, who married, April 14, 1904, Dr. Nelson A. Pomeroy.

## (The Crane Line).

The surname Crane has an ancient English history dating back to the Hundred Rolls of the thirteenth century, and was probably a Norman local name earlier. Its similarity to the name of a bird has caused some of the families to adopt the crane as a symbol on their coat-of-arms, and indeed some branches of the family may have adopted the emblem before taking the surname. The coat-of-arms of the Crane family of Suffolk, England, to which some if not all the American families belong, is: Argent a fesse between three crosses crosslet fitchee gules. Crest: A crane proper. There have been many distinguished Englishmen of this name from the earliest use of the surname. There were a number of pioneers of this family in Massachusetts before 1650.

(I) Henry Crane, immigrant ancestor, was born about 1635, in England, and came to Wethersfield, Connecticut, as early as r655. Here he was associated with his brother Benjamin as a farmer, a tanner and currier of leather. Soon after 1658 he removed to Guilford, Connecticut, and in 1663 was one of twelve planters to locate at Hammonnassett, later known as Killingworth, a place lying between Guilford and Saybrook. Up to the

time of his death his name appears often in the records of the town in connection with various public trusts, civil, military and religious. He was made a freeman, September 24, 1669; representative to the general court, May, 1675; chosen lieutenant of Killingworth train band, in 1676; was also justice of the peace for the county of New London, 1698-1701-02-03. He was one of the assistants in the upper house of the general court, October 12, 1665, also in May, 1666. For twentyseven years he was representative to the general court of Connecticut. As a first settler of Killingworth he was granted by the town committee sixteen acres of land. He became captain of militia, and was frequently called to serve on committees and arbitrations involving varied and important questions relating to public and private affairs. He married (first) Concurrence, daughter of Mr. John Meigs, of Guilford, about 1663. She died in Killingworth, October 9, 1708. He married (second) December 26, 1709, Deborah Champion, widow of Henry Champion, of Lyme, Connecticut. He died April 22, 1711. Children, recorded in Guilford: John, born about 1664; Elizabeth, about 1666; Concurrence, December 27, 1667, recorded in Killingworth; Mary, August 23, 1670; Phebe, December 24, 1672; Theophilus, January 5, 1674; Abigail, April 3, 1676; Henry, October 25, 1677, mentioned below; Mercy, June 21, 1680; Nathaniel, August 7, 1682.

(II) Henry (2), son of Henry (1) Crane, was born October 25, 1677, in Killingworth, Connecticut. He married Abigail, daughter of Robert Flood, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, January 27, 1703-04. He settled in that part of Killingworth afterwards set off to Durham, of which he was one of the thirty-four original proprietors. From 1718 to 1740 he represented the town in the state legislature, and was justice of the peace for the county of New Haven from 1728 to the time of his death. He died April 11, 1741, leaving a large estate for that time. His widow died August 31, 1754, aged seventy-eight. Children: Silas, born January 25, 1705, mentioned below; Concurrence, March 25, 1708; Henry, March 20, 1710; Abigail, June 6,

1712.

(III) Silas, son of Henry (2) Crane, was born January 25, 1705, and settled in Durham, Connecticut. He received the military title of sergeant and rendered service during the French and Indian wars, and was quite prominent in all matters relating to the welfare of the town, serving on the committee to settle as to who should serve as pastor of the church and many other important committees.

He resided on a partial of the score build and 10th are barn lock to may be in a tube. He was because 15, 1763. The wind Mercy, daughter of Samuel Griswold, whom he is true a country of the country of

(IV) Robert Griswold, son of Silas Crane, was born February 18, 1739, in Durham, Connecticut. He married (first) at Durham, October 31, 1705, Mary, daughter of Eleazer Camp. She died April 30, 1700, and in February, 1791, he married (second) Sybilla Judson, who died January 12, 1808. After a few years' residence at Durham, he removed, April 7, 1760, with his family to the town of Bethlehem, Connecticut, and there lived until his death, March 6, 1820. Children, born at Durham: Mary, August 7, 1767; Robert, November 12, 1768; born at Bethlehem: Molly, May 20, 1770; Achsah, April 7, 1772; Eleazer, December 28, 1773; Jesse, 1775; Phineas, mentioned below; October 10, 1777; Sarah,

(V) Phineas, son of Robert Griswold Crane, was born at Bethlehem, Connecticut, October 10, 1777. He married, January 23, 1800, Irene, daughter of Gideon and Abigail Nichols. She died at Stratford, Connecticut, March 20, 1856. He was captain of the militia, and the latter part of his life deacon of the Congregational church. He died at Bethlehem, Connecticut, November 17, 1830, aged sixty-two. Children: John N., born March 17, 1800, 1800; Catharine, December 3, 1866; Gideon, September 24, 1808; Nancy, December 13, 1810, mentioned below; Abigail, March 6, 1813; Mary A., December 27, 1814; Phineas M., January 28, 1819; Robert, December 27, 1820; Nathan, I.

(VI) Nancy, daughter of Phineas Crane, was born December 13, 1810. She married, March 5, 1834. Gilman E. Hill, of Bethlehem, Connecticut (see Hill VI).

George Clarke, immigrant and CLARKE to store in Figure 2 Ingland and came to this country in 1637 in the company of Rev. John Davenport and his congregation from counties Kent and Surrey, near London. With him came three

relatives, James, John and George Clarke. After about a year in Boston, the party located at New Haven, Connecticut, whence in 1630 they moved to Milford in that colony, mon, is still free from buildings and has been in the possession of Clarke and his descendants to the present time. It is now owned by David Nathaniel Clarke, mentioned below. The First Church of Milford, of which George Clarke was a member, was established in the community. He was a carpenter and builder, as well as a farmer, and doubtless built many of the first houses in the town. He died in June, 1640, and his wife Mary also died at Milford. He was a deputy to the general court from Milford. Chil Thomas, mentioned below, Sarah, General court from Milford. Chil

(II) Thomas, son of George Clarke, was born in Boston in 1637, died in Milford, Connecticut, in 1719. He was a farmer and owned more land than any other man in Milford. He married (first) in 1663, Hannah, daughter of William Gilbert. He marrie (second) Grace, widow of Samuel Prudden. Children of first wife: Sarah, Samuel, Thomas, mentioned below, George, Joseph and Hannah.

Clarke, was born at Milford, January 22 1688, died there February 12, 1728. He was also a farmer. He married, November 22 1703. Martha Clarke, of Farmington. Children: Martha, Ann, Thomas, Keziah, Jonathan, Jared, mentioned below.

(IV) Jared, son of Thomas (2) Clarke, was baptized at Milford, January 28, 1710, died there May 21, 1780. He followed farming through his active life. He married Martha Baldwin, baptized December 8, 1723, died before 1770. Children, born at Milford: David, died young: Enoch, Hial, David, mentioned below, Hial, Jerusha, Abel and Martha.

(V) David, son of Jared Clarke, was born in 1751, died in 1831. He was a farmer in his native town. He was an active patriot and served in the revolutionary war. He was with General Washington on Long Island and many interesting incidents of his experience have been preserved by his descendants. When General Tryon attacked Danbury, Connecticut, he, with Justin Wood, Samuel Green and others, proceeded to the path and from behind fences and trees shot and killed many British soldiers. Green was killed. David Clarke married Anna Clarke, born in 1755, died in 1812, daughter of Isaac Clarke, 50

what is now the town of Orange, Connecticut, descendant of Dr. Samuel Andrew, one of the founders and the second president of Yale College and pastor for fifty-two years of the First Congregational Church of Milford, and taught some of the college classes at his home in Milford. Children, born in Milford: David, Hannah, Martha, Nancy, David, mentioned below, John, Samuel, Hial, Elizabeth, Jerusha, Sarah A., Mary A. and Mabel; the last three were by a second mar-

riage.

(VI) David (2), son of David (1) Clarke, was born November 15, 1782, died January 17, 1853. He was a farmer in Milford and prominent in public life. In politics he was a Whig and in religion a Congregationalist. He married, October 31, 1805, Mary Smith, born in Milford, November 2, 1784, died February 11, 1857, daughter of Samuel Bryan Smith, a soldier in the revolution. Samuel B. Smith was with General Montgomery in the Quebec Expedition, and was at one time in command of a vessel which transported troops across the Great Lakes, and while there a vessel loaded with British officers and soldiers drifted ashore in the fog and were taken prisoners by the Americans. Children: I. Maria, born October 9, 1806; married Dennis Beach, a carriage manufacturer of Milford. 2. Louisa Ann, April 21, 1809, died unmarried. 3. Laurette, August 19, 1811; married Isaac F. Stone, of Orange, a carriage maker and merchant, who died at Louisville, maker and merchant, who died at Louisville, Kentucky. 4. Catherine Mary, October 29, 1813; married, April 10, 1834, Elias Clark, a farmer of Milford; she died in 1901. 5. Mason S., November 11, 1815; a wholesale merchant in New Orleans. Louisiana. 6. Emily Susan, July 21, 1817; married Lemuel Powell, of Brooklyn, New York. 7. Julia Smith, September 29, 1819; married, July 13, 1841, Harvey Beach. 8. David Nathaniel, mentioned below. O Samuel B. February 10. mentioned below. 9. Samuel B., February 19, 1824; a wholesale merchant in New York City; married, December 20, 1848, Sarah Barney Belcher, of Chickopee. 10. Charles William, September 19, 1827.

(VII) David Nathaniel, son of David (2) Clarke, was born at Milford, October 8, 1821. He attended the public schools of his native town and a class taught by the minister of the Congregational church before the high school was established and he was one of the first pupils in the high school. He was for a number of years associated with his brother, Samuel B. Clarke, in commercial business in New York City. Samuel Bryan Clarke was afterward a law partner of United States Senator Elihu Root of New York. Re-

turning to his native town, David Nathaniel Clarke devoted his attention to farming, in which he has since been engaged with abundant success. Some of his land has been in the possession of his family from the time of the first grant to his pioneer ancestor in 1639, or soon afterward. With his sons, Mr. Clarke owns and cultivates some three hundred acres of land in Milford. He was formerly a member of Ansantawae Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Milford. In politics he is a Republican, with a tendency to independence. He has been selectman and assessor of the town and held other offices. He is a prominent member of the Congregational church, and was one of the first members of the local order of the Sons of Temperance. He has always been an earnest and zealous supporter of the cause of temperance. He was a soldier in the civil war, but after spending some time in camp was discharged on account of ill health. He married, June 19, 1854, Charlotte Ann, born October 23, 1826, daughter of Newton Platt, of Milford, and sister of Lenora S. Platt. She died October 10, 1866. Her father, Newton Platt, was born December 21, 1792, died February 24, 1863; married, October 18, 1821, Anna Clarke, born November 24, 1799, died September 7, 1863. Mr. Clarke married (second) October, 1867, Lenora Sophia Platt, sister of his first wife. Children of first wife: 1. David Leland, mentioned below. 2. Mary Ellen, born September 5, 1856; unmarried; resides in Boston, 3. Elbert Newton, mentioned below. Children of second wife: 4. Charlotte Anna, born 1869; married Frank E. Hine, a civil engineer, residing at Fishers Island. New York state: children: Eleanor Clarke Hine, December 16, 1896: Donald Frank Hine, Jan-uary 26, 1899: Winifred Charlotte Hine, April 27, 1901; Esther Josephine Hine, April 18, 1908. 5. Vincent Biddle, born August 8, 1880; graduate of Yale College in 1902; now city engineer of Ansonia, Connecticut. Child, died in infancy.

(VIII) David Leland, son of David Nathaniel Clarke, was born at Milford, March 20, 1855. He attended the Milford public schools and the famous Russell Military School at New Haven, Connecticut. He then became associated with his father in the management of the farm at Milford. He was for about thirty years associate editor of the Ansonia Scutincl, having charge of the Milford department of that newspaper. He has been for many years a director of the Milford Savings Bank. In politics he is a Republican. He is clerk of the First Congregational Church and a prominent and active member.



David N. Clarke



He married Oct 11: 24: 1884, I mis. Who some it. Idli 14: an illier it in married in an illier it. In married in a large Marce 1882 Her ground illier in 20: 1882 Her ground illier in 20: 1882 Her ground illier in an illier in Marce 1882 Her ground illier in an illier in the life of the New Haven Colony. Children: David Andrew, fifth of the name in direct line, born June 24: 1887; Emerson Leland, August 3: 1800; Mabel

(VIII) Elbert Newton, son of David Nathaniel Clarke, was born September 7, 1800, at Milford. He was educated in the district school near his home and in the graded schools of Milford. At the age of eighteen he engaged in business with his father and brother under the firm name of D. N. Clarke & Sons, farming and market gardening, and continued until 1894. Since then he has been a general contractor. His business includes the laying of concrete and cement walks and building roads, making excavations and fillings. He also deals in lumber. He has a farm of twenty-five acres and leases other lands. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Milford Driving Association and of Arctic Fire Company, No. 1. He and his family are members of the First Congregational Church and for five years he served

on its standing committee.

He married, February 18, 1885, Susie I.
Smith. She is an active worker in the First
Congregational Church, a former teacher in
its Sunday school and member of the Ladies
ite of the first sum of the Ladies
of Deborah Stowe Chapter, Daughters of the
American Revolution. Children: Stanley
Newton, born December 7, 1887; Mildred
Leanora, June 19, 1891; Florence Isabel,
March 14, 1897; Marjoric Theresa, Septem-

The Smith family settled in Milford in colonial days. The great-grandfather of Susie I. (Smith) Clarke, Isaac Smith, her grandfather, Nathan Smith, and her father, E. Stiles Smith, were shoemakers. Her father married Maria Theresa Platt, a native of Milford, daughter of Jonah Platt, granddaughter of Fisk Platt. Her twin sister, Sadie T. Smith, born February 13, 1862, married Charles S. Clarke, a seedsman of Wakeman. Ohio: her brother, Frank W. Smith, of New Haven, married Carrie W. Beard, of Milford, Through her mother's family, Mrs. Elbert N. Clarke descends in the tenth generation from William Fowler, who came to Connecticut with Davenport and was one of the founders.

She was sixth in descent from Captain John Fowler, who was commissioned by the general assembly, captain of the second company or train band of the Second Regiment in the revolution, and he also served the town and army. Mrs. Clarke is also defined mother's family from (1)

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the six Americans knighted at Wundsor Castle in 1705. He was the ancestor of Mary Hobby, who married Zachariah Hubbard their daughter, Mary Hubbard, married Pond and were parents of Captain Captain (Pond, the first ensign in Captain Peter Peret's company, Colonel Charles Webb's regiment, at the siege of Boston; commissioned as first lieutenant, January 17, 1776; in command of the war vessel "Schuyler" which captured the British ship "Crawford" and a sloop; he captured three prizes in 1776 and recaptured various American vessels and stores taken at Long Island; was in the battle of White Plains; crossed the Delaware with Washington in December, 1777, and was in the battle of Princeton; was commissioned captain, January 1, 1777, resigning April 20, 1770, to take command of the war vessel "New Defense," which was taken by the British after an engagement, and he was confined in the prison ship "Jersey," but soon afterward exchanged; was a member of the Society of Cincinnati; married Martha Miles; their daughter Sally married William Herpin Fowler, and their daughter, Sarah Fowler, married Jonah Platt, maternal grandfather of Mrs, Clarke, mentioned above.

(II) Ensign George, son of CLARK Deacon George Clarke (q. v.) (as he spelled the name), was born in Milford, in 1647, died there July 19, 1734. He married Deborah Gold, He was one of those who negotiated for the purchase from the Indians, February 29, 1700, of the land on which the Clark family still resides. Mr. David Clark now lives on the homestead, and opposite his house is a stone on which he has inscribed the names of all the owners.

(III) Captain Nathan, son of Ensign George Clark married Abigail No descendant of Rev. Roger Newton, first 1 of the church in Farmington and second pastor in Milford, succeeding Rev. Peter Prudden.

(IV) Nathan (2), son of Captain Nathan 12, 1810. He married Mabel Treat, born 1753, died July 1, 1828, descendant of Governor Robert Treat. (V) Nathaniel, son of Nathan (2) Clark, it is believed, was born in Milford, Connecti-

cut.

(VI) Nehemiah, son of Nathaniel Clark, was born November 24, 1783. He settled in Salisbury, formerly Milford, Connecticut, died there June 2, 1871. He was a farmer and miller and owned much land. He married Polly Walton, born 1787, died April 20, 1837. Children: Delia M., born December 25, 1810; Nathaniel W., February 19, 1814, died May 31, 1883; George Baldwin, mentioned below; Henry A., June 19, 1810, died December 9, 1872; Mary, May 24, 1822, died March 25, 1888; Andrew, June 26, 1828, drowned June 14, 1842; Sarah, November 28, 1829, died

July 24, 1875.

(VII) George Baldwin, son of Nehemiah Clark, was born in Salisbury, March 6, 1817, died March 26, 1895. He was a farmer, living in the south part of the town, and owned much real estate there. In politics he was a Democrat and served the town as selectman. He represented the town in the general assembly. He married (first) December 30, 1845, Betsey A. Hamlin, of Sharon, Connecticut, born November 5, 1824, died November 27, 1853, daughter of Benjamin and Betsey Hamlin. He married (second) November 22, 1866, Jane, born at Salisbury, March 18, 1834, now living in Salisbury, daughter of James and Jane (Heath) Landon, and granddaughand Jane (Heatii) Lanton, and grandon grandon. Children of first wife: George H., mentioned below: Ambrose R., born September 19, 1853, died May 11, 1880. Child of second wife: Jennie L., born October 20, 1868, lives with her mother in Salisbury.

(VIII) George Hamlin, son of George Baldwin Clark, was born in Salisbury, Connecticut, April 2, 1847. He was educated in the district schools of his native town and at the Rogers School for Boys at New Milford. Connecticut. He worked with his father on the farm until after he was twenty-one years old. In 1875 he came to the village of Salisbury to take a position as clerk in the store of his brother, Ambrose R. Clark, general merchant. In 1876 he bought the business, and since then has been a merchant of prominence in this section. He owns two stores in Salisbury, a dry goods store and a general store, carrying also hardware and tools, in addition to dry goods and groceries. He also has a half interest in a drug store in that village. He is associated with Judge Donald T. Warner in agricultural business. He is president of the Cutlery and Handle Company, in Salisbury. In politics he is a Democrat, and has been town clerk and town treasurer

for about twenty-five years. He has represented the town for three terms in the general assembly. He was state senator in 1902-03. He is a member of Salisbury Lodge, No. 56, Knights of Pythias, and has been its treasurer from the time of organization. He is treasurer of the Men's Club, Salisbury, and has been from the first. He is a prominent member and a vestryman of the Protestant Episcopal church. He married, October 25, 1882, Mary E. Ball, of Salisbury, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Stiles) Ball. They have no children.

Lieutenant William Clarke, im-CLARK migrant ancestor, was born in Dorsetshire, England, in 1609. Family tradition says that he came to New England in the ship "Mary and John," leaving Plymouth, England, March 30, 1630. His name also appears in the list of passengers in the "Mary and John" which sailed from London, March 24, 1633. He settled at Dorchester before 1635, where he was a prominent citizen, selectman, 1646-50. In 1653 he was one of the petitioners to settle in Northampton, and he removed there in 1650. His wife rode on horseback with two baskets or panniers slung across the horse, carrying a boy in each basket and one on her lap, her husband, fifty years old, preceding on foot. He was granted twelve acres on the west side of what is now Elm street, bordering on Mill river, and comprising to-day the north half of the campus of Smith College. He built a log house where he lived until 1681, when it was burned, being set on fire by a negro. Jack, a servant of Samuel Wolcott, who took a brand of fire from the hearth and swung it up and down to "find victuals." The new house built in its place remained standing until 1826. Lieutenant Clarke organized in 1661 a train band of sixty men, which he commanded in King Philip's war. He served as selectman twenty years, and was also judge of the county court. He died at Northampton, July 18, 1690, and in 1884 a monument was erected to his memory by his descendants. The old gravestone is still preserved. He The old gravestone is sum preserved. The married (first) Sarah (?), who died September 16, 1675; (second) November 15, 1676, Sarah Cooper, who died May 6, 1688. Children: Sarah, born 1638; Jonathan, 1639; Nathaniel, 1642; Experience, 1643; Increase, 1646; Rebecca, 1648; John, 1651; Samuel, 1653; William, 1656, mentioned below; Sarah,

(II) Captain William Clarke, son of Lieutenant William Clarke, was born in Dorchester, July 3, 1656. He removed from North-

angton show a sit of the state of to below existing the all assume of the perfect the state of the state and been probe that the state of all the tree the so mad the unot prietors of the town and was the first reprea selectman sixteen years, and town clerk twenty-five years, 1700-1725. He was captain of militia, serving in the Indian wars. He card of the Cantagon bill to us. Hamale so make the the transfer of the tra Mary Smith, who died April 23, 1748. He 1685; Jonathan, 1688, mentioned below; Times (100) heaps (to) there togging the this ross (200) in the

(III) Jonathan, son of Captain William Chaho via Len in California Mayary 1688, died at Lebanon, January 12, 1744. He se a competitive and more, a house or 1714. Hannah Smalley. He had a son Jona-

thin commend their IV Let open see of fourth expression Contains the second contraction of the 1715, died there in 1800. He was a farmer and selectman of the town in 1757. He inherited a large estate, which he sold, and lost rency during the revolution. He married, January 16, 1735, Mercy Dewey, born April Mercy (Bagley) Dewey. Children: Hannah, horn 1735 : Jonathan, 1737, mentioned below ; Dan, 1741 : Mercy, 1745 : David, 1748 : Gideon

(V) Jonathan (3) Clark (as he spelled the name), son of Jonathan (2) Clarke, was born at Lebanon, April 29, 1737, died there September 28, 1772. He married, March 26, 1756, Dorothy, daughter of Gideon and Rebecca (Ordaway) Hunt. Children: Gideon, born 1759, mentioned below; Olive, 1762 (see

Lebanon Town Records, Old Book, p. 368). (VI) Captain Gideon Clark, son of Jonathan (3) Clark, was born in Lebanon, April Connecticut, formerly a part of Lebanon. He was a farmer and succeeded to the farm of his wife's father at Lebanon. He was a soldier in the revolution, and in 1832 was a pensioner living in Tolland county, Connecticut (Conn. Rev. Rolls, p. 656). He married, April 10. 1787. Jennia Nevenil 1 of the later 1756, daughter of Peter (5); Hezekiah (4); Simon (3): Lieutenant Andrew (2): Captain lish, formerly of Bristol, Rhode Island. She William (2); Governor William Bradford a strong the same to great Chester, April 26, 1700; Orren, January 28, part of the transfer of the same part and the same

Alice Button, of Enfield. Children: Mabel of Melrose, 1858; Almira King, 1835, mar-

of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, and Hartford, Connecticut; Moses (6); Lemuel (5); Moses (4); Joseph (3); Moses (2); Richard (1), Homes along the time to the second or seek of an Uncle William, who lived in Boston

comb Clark, was been at Hartford, January from which he was graduated in 1806, and where he received his degree with the class of 1899. He was admitted to the Hartford county bar in 1898. After his graduation he formed a partnership with Judge William A. Arnold, of Willimantic, under the firm name of Clark & Arnold, with offices in the First National Bank Building, 50 State street, Hartford, and has continued in general practice in this firm to the present time. He was president of the common council board of Hartford in 1902 and represented Hartford in the general assembly in 1905. In 1903 he was appointed associate judge of the Harthas been judge of this court, heing appointed by Governor Woodruff, succeeding Judge Garvan. Judge Clark is a member of the prudential committee of the Farmington Avenue Congregational Church of Hartford. He married, June 26, 1902, Julia Ellen Gilman, of Hartford, daughter of Judge George S. and Ellen (Hills) Gilman. Mrs. Clark is a graduate of Smith College, class of 1896. They have one child, Eleanor Mary, born March 6, 1904.

Thomas Clark, immigrant ances-CLARK tor, was born in England, 1599, and first appeared in this country as a settler in July, 1623, when he arrived at Plymouth in the "Anne," in a company of forty-two adult passengers, besides children. He brought with him considerable property, especially cattle, and had land allotted to him near Eel River, now Chiltonville. There is a general tradition among the descendants of the Pilgrims, and particularly among the descendants of Thomas Clark, that he was the Thomas Clark who was one of the mates of the "Mayflower," and gave his name to Clark's island, of which he took possession, December 8, 1620. This tradition, however, has never been verified. In 1627 he was the only person of that name in Plymouth Colony. In documents of the period he is called variously a carpenter, yeoman, merchant or gentleman. In 1633 he took the freeman's oath, and in 1637 headed the list of volunteers to act against the Pequot Indians, being then mentioned as of Eel River. In 1640 he is included in the list of fifty-eight "purchasers or old comers" in Plymouth. In 1641-43-44-45-46-47 he was constable and surveyor of highways. In 1643 he was in the list of the men of the colony able to bear arms. In 1651 and 1655 he was representative to the general court, and was at one time employed to audit the accounts of the colony. Between 1655 and 1660 he removed to Boston, where he lived in the vicinity of Scotto's Lane. His son° Andrew married Mehitable, daughter of Thomas Scotto, and Thomas Clark gave him a house in that region. When the son Andrew removed to Harwich Thomas Clark appears to have followed him, and the two were among the earliest proprietors of that town. In his latter days he lived with his daughter, Susanna Lothrop, at Barnstable. From 1654 to 1697 he was a deacon of the Plymouth church. He married (first), about 1634, Susan or Susanna, daughter of widow Mary Ring, of Plymouth. All his children were probably of this marriage. He married (second) Mrs. Alice Nichols, daughter of Richard Hallett, in Boston, 1664. He died in Plymouth, March 24, 1697, and was buried on the summit of Burying Hill, where his gravestone is still to be seen. Children (dates of birth conjectural): Andrew, 1635; James, 1637; William, 1639; Susanna, 1641; Nathaniel, 1643; John, 1645 or 1651.

(II) Andrew, son of Thomas Clark, was

born in 1635, and when a young man removed to Boston, where his name is found in the tax lists for 1674. He was in the shoe business, and lived in Scotto's Lane, where his father bought him a house. He was assistant counsellor, and several times representative to the general court. He removed to Harwich, of which he was one of the original proprietors, in 1694. He married, 1671, in Boston, Mehitable, daughter of Thomas and Joan (Sanford) Scotto, baptized February 11, 1649. The family of Scotto was of some note to 10.49. The ramily of Scotio was of some note in the early history of Boston. They are said to trace back to the year 1120, and the name was originally Scot-howe, which signified a portion of the hillside. In the early records it is variously written Scotto, Scottoe, Scottow and Scottoa. They came from Norwich, Norfolk county. England and were exhibit to the folk county, England, and were cabinet-makers by trade. The immigrant ancestors consisted of a widow, Thomasine Scotto, and her two sons, Thomas, born 1612, and Joshua, 1615. She was admitted to the First Church in 1634 and the sons in 1639. In the "Book of Possessions" Thomas Scotto is put down as the owner of a house and garden in School street, four acres of land at Muddy River (Brookline), and a marsh at the same place. The property on School street descended to his great-great-grandson, Dr. Samuel Clark, and remained in the family until 1825, when Dr. Clark sold it to the city, and it now forms a part of City Hall Square. Thomas Scotto was overseer of graves, gates and fences in 1644, and in Town Records, February, 1646, appears the following: "Thomas Scotto to see yt ye graves be digged five foot deep." He died in 1661. His brother, Joshua, was

the of the founder of the 100 ft.

In 108, 111, 112 ft.

II. 112 ft. 113 ft.

of two tracts, "Old Men's Tears," printed in 1691, and "Planting of the Massachusetts Colony, 1694," His house was in Sudbury street, and he died January 20, 1698, aged eighty-three. Andrew Clark died in Harwich, in 1706. Children of Andrew Clark: Thomas, born July 10, 1672; Susanna, March 12, 1674; Andrew, 1078; Scotto, 1080 (mentioned below); Nathaniel, 1682; Mehitable, D. 1682.

(III) Scotto, son of Andrew Clark, was born in Harwich, 1680, married, 1700, Mary —. He is styled in deeds, "Scotto Clark, miller." Children: Andrew, born December I, 1707; Scotto, November 8, 1709 (mentioned below); Mary, April 7, 1712; Joseph and Benjamin (twins), January 8, 1714; Lydia, 1771; Nathaniel, June 19, 1719; Sarah, 1721; Ebenezer, June 3, 1723; Seth, June 10, 1726.

(IV) Scotto (2), son of Scotto (1) Clark, was born November 8, 1709, married, March 22, 1733, Thankful Crosby, born February 7, 1714, died December 17, 1802. He died August 31, 1795. He was a master mariner, and nine of his eleven sons were whalemen. One of them was killed by a whale, in sight of his father, who commanded the boat. Children, born in Harwich: Elisha, May 14, 1734; Reuben, August 1, 1735; Tully, November 30, 1736, killed by a whale; Mark, born May 3, 1738; William, January 14, 1740; Mercy, August 9, 1741; Barnabas, March 9, 1743; Scotto, September 22, 1745; James, January 6, 1747; Abigail, September 7, 1748; Roland, February 18, 1750; Joshua, December 4, 1752; Fessenden, October 8, 1754; Thankful, October 22, 1745; Thankful, October 22, 1745.

(V) Elisha, son of Scotto (2) Clark, was born May 14, 1734, at Harwich, married, February 14, 1760, Hannah Hopkins, born March 28, 1735. He settled in Conway, Massachusetts, in 1774, and died there. September 6, 1811. His wife illed in 1916 22, 183. Children, all but the last two born in Harwich: Judah, November 22, 1760; Mercy, April 24, 1762; Hannah, November 20, 1763; Elisha, August 29, 1765; Scotto, July 14, 1767; Oliver, July 5, 1769; Tabitha, November 1, 1771; Thomas, November 16, 1774; Thankful, September 7, 1776.

(VI) Judah, son of Elisha Clark, was born November 22, 1760, married, October 12, 1788, Abigail Freeman, born July 28, 1768, died October 10, 1833. Judah was a soldier of prominence in the revolution. His name appears in a descriptive list of men raised to res lve dated June 5, 1780,

the control of the co

Hampshire county, in

in Captain Ehiah Dw)

Porter's regiment, in 1770, at New 1

way. Children, born in Conway
September 11, 1780; Hannah, October 4
died October 31, 1700; Freeman, born No

born October 30, 1792, died November 14, 1702; Abigail, born October 3, 1703, died January 21, 1704; Freeman, born May 23, 10 Henry, February 26, 1707; Edmund, January 27, 17

April 28, 1863, died September 2, 1863; Win-

(VII) Winslow, son of Judah Clark, was born August 20, 1804, married, June 3, 1830, Betsey L. Bardwell, born April 2, 1810. He was a farmer and fuller by occupation and lived in Shelburne, Massachusetts. He died there, November 12, 1881. Children, born in Shelburne: 1, William Henry, August 8, 1831. 2, Joel Bardwell, September 14, 1833. 3, Abrgail Freeman, January 23, 1838, married David Huuter, of Greenfield, Massachusetts, deceased. 4, Judah Winslow, born March 29, 1843 (mentioned below). 5, Lydia Xe 1, 110 October 14, 1845, married Charles Purington. 6, Betsey Maria, born December 3, 1853, lives in Greenfield.

(VIII) Judah Winslow, son of Winslow Clark, was born March 29, 1843, in Shelburne, died in Terryville, Connecticut, February 3, 1806. He was educated in Shelburne Academy, but left the town at the age of twenty-one years and went to Terryville, where he became identified with the Andrew Terry Company, manufacturers of malleable iron. He afterwards became superintendent and held the position for many years. He was then made director, and about 1889 secretary and reasoners.

death. He was a trustee of the Bristol Savings Bank and took an interest in the schools of the town of Terryville. In religion he was a Congregationalist. He married, May 5, 1868, Eliza Augusta, daughter of Alexander and Lydia (Gaylord) Pond (see Pond VI). She was born in Plymouth, Connecticut, June 19, 1845. Children: 1. Mabel, March 31, 1869. 2. George Clifford, August 21, 1872,

mentioned below.

(IX) George Clifford Clark, son of Judah Winslow Clark, was born in Terryville, August 21, 1872. He was educated in the schools of his native town, in the Hartford High School and the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, from which he graduated in 1893. He then entered the Andrew Terry Company's plant, and has been identified with it ever since. In 1896 he was made secretary and in 1898 secretary and treasurer. He was one of the organizers of the Terryville Savings Bank, and was made its first president, which position he still holds. He is also a director of the bank, and of the Andrew Terry Company. He has been a member of the Republican town committee for many years, and is at present its chairman. He is also a member of the Connecticut Sons of the American Revolution, and of the Congregational church. He is unmarried.

The Wilcox family is of Saxon WILCOX origin and was seated at Bury St. Edmunds, county Suffolk, England, before the Norman Conquest. Sir John Dugdale, in the visitation of the county of Suffolk, mentioned fifteen generations of the family previous to the year 1600. This traces the lineage back to the year 1200, when the surname came into use as an inherited family name. On old records the spellings Wilcox, Wilcockson, Wilcoxon and Wilcox are used interchangeably.

necticut, and was chosen surveyor in 1643-44; he served as selectman in 1650. He died in 1651; his will was dated July 24, 1651, and he was probably buried in the Center Church burying ground in Hartford. His wife died about 1668. Children: John, mentioned be-

(I) John Wilcox lived in Hartford, Con-

low; Sarah, married John Bidwell and settled in Middletown; Ann, born about 1616, married John Hall, Jr., and settled in Middletown.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) Wilcox, was born in England and came to Hartford with his father. He removed to Middletown Upper Houses, where he died May 24, 1676. He had agreed to settle in Middletown, but failing to do so promptly, the general court in 1653 voted to compel him to occupy his

grant or find a substitute. On March 10, 1657, he bought the homesteads of Joseph Smith and Matthias Treat, and afterwards sold them to his cousin, Samuel Hall. In 1659 he was on the committee on roads, and June 30, 1660, he was granted lands at Wongunk. It has been claimed that he removed to Dorchester for a few years. He purchased land and built a house, before November 1, 1665, on land later occupied by the Beaumont-Hanmer House. He married (first) September 17, 1646, Sarah Wadsworth, who died 1649, daughter of William Wadsworth. He married (second) January 18, 1650, Catherine, daughter of Thomas Stoughton, of Windsor, who built the stone house or fort. He married (third) Mary, widow of Joseph Farnsworth and —— Long. She died in 1671 and he married (fourth) Esther, born May, 1650, died May 2, 1733, daughter of William Cornwall. She married (second) John Stow, of Middletown. Child of first wife: Sarah, born October 3, 1648, died December 3, 1727. Children of second wife: John, born October 29, 1650, died young; Thomas, died young; Mary, November 13, 1654, died young : Israel, June 19, 1656, mentioned below: Samuel, November 9, 1658. Children of fourth wife: Ephraim, July 9, 1672; Esther, December 9, 1673; Mercy, March 9, 1675-76.

(III) Israel, son of John (2) Wilcox, was

(III) Israel, son of John (2) Wilcox, was born in Middletown, June 19, 1656, died December 20, 1689. He married, March 26, 1678, Sarah Savage, born July 30, 1657, died February 8, 1724, daughter of John Savage. Children: Israel, born January 16, 1680; John, July, 1682; Samuel, September 26, 1685, mentioned below; Thomas, July, 1687;

Sarah, November 30, 1689.

(IV) Samuel, son of Israel Wilcox, was born in East Berlin, September 26, 1685, died January 19, 1727. He married, March 3, 1714-15, Hannah, daughter of John Sage. She married (second) Malachi Lewis, and died April, 1737. Samuel had four children, of whom one was Daniel, mentioned below.

(V) Daniel, son of Samuel Wilcox, was born in East Berlin, December 31, 1715. He was a large landholder, and gave each of his children a farm. He also laid out sixty rods for a burying ground, now known as the Wilcox cemetery, in the village of East Berlin. He died July 29, 1789, of apoplexy. On his gravestone is the following: "He was the Father of 13 children, 62 grand children & 33 great grand children.

'I gave this ground I'm laid here first Soon my remains Will turn to dust. War I

Pe marrie Mirch in [1] South Married Lum April 22, 1700 ... as glite as it tanks With and in through Daniel (4). Daniel (3). Nathaniel 121. The moranton of the married light was the married and children, 191 great grand children, 181 great grand children, 181 great grand children.

Till the last trumpet Shakes the Skies. Children and friends. Your Judge Should call."

Caldren I is, bern fine it 758 gust 18, 1805; Sarah, December 31, 1730; Daniel, November 17, 1741, "died in ye camp at Roxbury"; David, September 24, 1743, died October 1, 1762, "at the Havannah," a 1 to 10 feet 1, 1762, "at the Havannah," a 1 to 10 feet 1, 1762, "at the Havannah," a 1 to 10 feet 1, 1766, died December 31, 1843; served in the revolution; Hublah, May 24, 1748; Josiah, May 31, 1750; Olive, October 16, 1751; Samuel, September 12, 1753, mentioned below; Isaac, August 14, 1755, died unmarried, November 23, 1775, served in the revolution; Jacob, June 21, 1758, died March 15, 1841, in the revolution; Patience, January 4, 1760, died September 2, 1810.

(VI) Samuel (2), son of Daniel Wilcox, was born September 12, 1753, in East Berlin, died March 12, 1832. He lived in what was known as the Heald house. He married (first) May 28, 1759, died March 9, 1796, daughter of Richard Dowd. He married (second) Sarah, born February 17, 1757, died February 26, 1826, daughter of Elisha Savage, who was in the revolution. Elisha was son of William (3), son of William (2), son of John Savage, the immigrant. He married (third) Rebecca, born December 12, 1762, died May, 1844, sister to Sarah Savage. Children: Richard, born October 24, 1780, died September 3, 1839; Benjamin, June 27, 1785; Sylvester, April 20, 1788, died July 25, 1854.

(VII) Benjamin, son of Samuel (2) Wilox, and I on lone 27, 1782 in the distindied May 10, 1843. He and Shubael Patterson were the first to utilize the waters of the Mattabesit or Sebethe river for manufacturing purposes. They erected in what is now East Berlin a mill for spinning cotton ried (first) February 2 Lorn June 25, 1787, 1010

of Bunker Hill, and 1 16

Porter, born January 17, 1808, died Febr

eled south by team and established a similar store at Washington, North Carolina, conducting these for many years. He then established a tinware factory under the firm name of Carpenter, Lamb & Wilcox, The factory was located on land now owned by the Wilcox family and rented to H. H

Damon. It was the first tinware factory in the United States and started with thirty hands. The firm quickly developed a wide and profitable trade, especially through the southern states. All kinds of tinware were manufactured, and the business was continued for fifteen years. In 1845 Mr. Wilcox established at East Berlin a small manufactory for tinmen's tools and machines, and from this nucleus there came the widely known firm of the Peck, Stow & Wilcox Company. The latter was established in 1870, on the consolidation of eight similar factories, seven in Connecticut, and one in Cleveland, Ohio, and employs several thousand hands, with a capital of \$1,500,000. Mr. Wilcox was vice-president of this company until his death. When the

was in financial straits, Mr. Wilk the rescue. Through his advice, I

struction was added to its scope, and in 1871 the Berlin Iron Bridge Company came into existence, with Mr. Wilcox as president. He retained the office until his death, and through his excellent judgment and business ability the struggling business was transformed into one of Berlin's proudest industries. It is one of the largest and most prosperous companies of its kind in the United States, employing

nearly a thousand men, and steadily growing in influence and trade. To this business he devoted most of his attention and to his efforts it owes its prosperity. It is to-day one of the most prominent bridge firms in the world, and has constructed some of the finest engineering structures in both the old and new continents. Among its contracts was a building in Berlin, Germany, which cost \$50,000, and the machinery building for the Paris Exposition of 1900. Mr. Wilcox was a stock-holder and director of many enterprises. In politics he was a Democrat. For its substantial growth and development Berlin owes much to him. He was an accurate judge of human nature, kind in disposition; he was at the same time a man of strong convictions, to which he was ever true.

He married (first) July 20, 1836, Eliza Anne Parsons, born March 19, 1815, died January 20, 1845, daughter of Nathan Parsons, of Durham, Connecticut. He married (second) June 7, 1846, Anna Scovill Peck, born March 15, 1827, died March 7, 1884, daughter of Norris and Elizabeth (Langdon) Peck, of Kensington Parish, Berlin. Her father was born December 9, 1795, and was descended from Deacon Paul Peck, born about 1622 in county Essex, England, and came to Boston in the ship "Defence," and removed in 1636 with Hooker's company to Hartford, where he was an original proprietor; his house and farm was on the corner of Washington street and Capitol avenue, the site of the new state library and supreme court building; he was surveyor of highways, townsman, chimney viewer, and deacon in the First Church. Her mother was descended from the prominent Langdon family, large landholders in what is now the town of Berlin, owning land now occupied by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and by the extensive brickyard in the vicinity; they were also patriots in the revolution. Children: Laura Parsons, born March 17, 1837, died December 28, 1866; Julia Eliza, September 1, 1838, died April 2, 1852; Catherine Parsons, December 18, 1842, died May 17, 1843; Samuel Parsons, August 24, 1844, died August 20, 1846. Children of second wife: Samuel Howard, April 23, 1848; Clarence Peck, March 18, 1850, died June 15, 1852; Anna Pack (thin) December 2, 185, 1852; Anna Pack (thin) December 2, 185, 1852. Peck (twin), December 2, 1853, died December 15, 1856; Amos Peck (twin), died December 30, 1853; Edward Henry, September 22, 1856, died January 24, 1865; Frank Langdon, January 6, 1859, mentioned below; Elizabeth Peck, March 8, 1861; Victor Peck, May 27, 1866, died May 28, 1867.

(IX) Hon. Frank Langdon, son of Samuel

Curtis Wilcox, was born in Berlin, January 6, 1859. He attended the Berlin Academy until he was twelve years of age, and then entered St. Paul's School at Concord, New Hampshire, graduating in 1876, after a five years' preparatory course. He entered Trinity College, Hartford, graduating in 1880 with the degree of A.B., and then entered the shops of The Peck, Stow & Wilcox Company at Kensington, Berlin. He became the manager of the shops in 1885, continuing in that capacity until the consolidation of the Kensington factory with the other factories of the com-He then became associated with the Berlin Iron Company as its treasurer, which position he held until the company was absorbed by the American Bridge Company, May 12, 1900. He is interested and identified with many business interests in Hartford county. He is vice-president of the Peck, Stow & Wilcox Company, director of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, of the Phoenix National Bank of Hartford, New Britain Trust Bank of New Britain, of the Berlin Savings Bank of Berlin, and president of the Fidelity Trust Comand president of the Fidelity Trust Company of Hartford. In politics Mr. Wilcox is a Republican. He was a member of the state legislature in 1893, serving as clerk of the judiciary committee. In 1903 he was a member of the state senate, representing the second district, and was chairman of the committee on senatorial districts, expositions and rivers, roads and bridges. He was a member of the Connecticut commission to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. He was president of Trinity College Alumni Association and Athletic Association. He is a member of St. Elmo Commandery, Knights Templar, of Meriden; of Delta Psi, college fraternity; of Engineers' Club of New York; major, commanding First Company Governor's Foot Guard, and a member of several social clubs. He was also a member of the advisory committee of the Connecticut commission to the Jamestown Exposition, and is president of the Society of Middletown Upper Houses, being descended from six of the founders of Upper Houses. He is superintendent of the Congregational Sunday school at Berlin.

He married, January 19, 1898, Harriet Churchill, born March 20, 1870, in Berlin, daughter of Deacon Charles Selah and Julia Sophia (Higgins) Webster. Children: Margaret Webster, born February 15, 1902; Samuel Churchill, November 29, 1904.

The Heyden or Heydon fam-HAYDEN ily of England belonged to the Order of Knights, deriving

this armany from the new or the leading Norted's where the same first that the word mean book down is plain with all. and the town itself is rich in ancient history. man Conquest, but comes into prominence early in the thirteenth century in the person of Thomas de Heydon, resident at Heydon, and a justice itinerant in Norfolk in 1221. From him all any period of their history. The principal mained in Norfolk, inheriting the estates of branch in the line of the second son, by the name of John de Hayden, settled in Devondate from 1273 and me a second

tions later at Watford, near London,

genitor, born probably about 1185, died 1250, de Heydon, was born about 1220, died 1272. He had the estate at Norfolk.

liam Heydon, was county judge in Devonshire

(IV) Robert Heydon or de Heydon, son of John de Heydon, appears to have been the ble to Hay, a form that afterward distinshire, near which estate the family afterward

or de Heydon, married a relative, Julian,

Haydon, inherited his father's estate at Bough-

(VII) Robert (2) Haydon, son of William

ert (2) Havdon,

(IX) Henry (2) Haydon, son of John (2) tates in 1307. Children: John, inherited the estate: William, mentioned below.

(X) William (3) Haydon, son of Henry (2) Haydon, inherited the estate of his elder dren: Richard, died young; John; Richard, mentioned below; William.

(XI) Richard Haydon, son of William (3) Haydon, was living on the estate in 1476. Children: Richard, mentioned below; John;

Jane.

the state of the s

sevs. The family arms: Argent three bars, and the second second the state of the s the black bull. These arms were granted be

tree. He married Susanna ----. His will is dated October 31, 1678, and proved July 26, 1682, showing that he died between those two dates. Children: John, born 1634, mentioned below; Joseph; Samuel; Jonathan, May 19, 1640; Hannah, April 7, 1642; Ebenezer, September 12, 1645; Nehemiah, February 14,

1647-48. (XVIII) John (4), son of John (3) Hayden, was born in Braintree, in May, 1634, died there in 1718. He settled in his native town and was a farmer. He married, April 6, 1660, Hannah Ames, daughter of William and Hannah (Ames) Adams, of Braintree, born May 12, 1641, died July 3, 1690. Children: Hannah, born January 3, 1661; Sarah, July 9, 1662; Josiah, June 19, 1669; also Joseph, John, Hannah, Elizabeth, Lydia and Abi-

(XIX) Josiah, son of John (4) Hayden, was born at Braintree, June 19, 1669, died at Sudbury, December 9, 1730. He removed to Sudbury with other Braintree families before 1700, and settled near the westerly boundary of the town. In 1707 he signed a remonstrance against the division of the town into two parishes. The last of his descendants in Sudbury was Dana Hayden, who died on the homestead about 1850. Children: Elisha; Edmund, mentioned below; John, lived at Hop-

(XX) Edmund, son of Josiah Hayden, settled in Hopkinton, Massachusetts. Children: Joseph, Sybilla, Sarah, Edmund, Comfort, Funion Th fort, Eunice, Thomas, Josiah, mentioned be-

(XXI) Josiah (2), son of Edmund Hayden, was born about 1740. He married Ruhamah Thayer. He was a taxpayer in Williamsburg in 1772, and served in the revolution from that town. He was corporal in Captain John Kirkland's company from August 16, 1777. An affidavit in the Hampshire company, January 28, 1778, signed by Lieutenant Abner Pomeroy and Sergeant Phinehas Wright, states that they were sent to bring Hayden and others back to camp, they having deserted, and did so, the men returning without guard or compensation, and received the punishment ordered and served until the expiration of their engagement. This was a common occurrence, many men leaving when they considered their services no longer necessary, in order to care for their farms. In the census of 1790 appears the name of Josiah Hayden as living in Williamsburg, with a family of three males over sixteen, two under sixteen, and three females, showing that he had six children then. Among them were: David, born 1778, settled in Attleborough; Daniel, March 25, 1780, mentioned below: Cotton.

(XXII) Daniel, son of Josiah (2) Hayden, was born March 25, 1780. He learned the trade of machinist, and at the age of seventeen learned the gunsmith's trade, going to the armory at Springfield for that purpose. He removed to Pawtucket, Rhode Island, and entered the employ of Samuel Slater, the only cotton manufacturer at that time in the United With him he constructed the first machinery for the manufacture of cotton made in this country. He became an expert in this line, and remained in Pawtucket a number of years, a part of the time associated with David Wilkinson. In 1808 he returned to Williamsburg and erected the first cotton mill in western Massachusetts, about three miles from the centre of the town. Around this mill a village grew up which took from him the name of Haydenville. In 1817 he sold this factory to his nephews, Joel and Josiah Hayden, and removed to Waterbury, Connecticut. He rented a room in the factory of Leavenworth, Hayden & Scovill, and began the manufacture of lamps and other articles of brass. He also aided his son, Josiah S., in 1830, in constructing the first machinery ever used for the purpose of covering buttons with cloth, and was interested in the manufacture of buttons and small brass articles until his death. He married, August 20, 1801, Abigail, born April 1, 1775, daughter of Major Joseph Shepard, of Foxborough, Massachusetts, an officer in the revolution. Children: Josiah Shepard, born July 31, 1802, mentioned below; Abby Hewes, November 27, 1804; Ardelia Crode, December 25, 1806; Sylvia Shepard, November 25, 1809; Harriet Hodges, November 3, 1812.

(XXIII) Josiah Shepard, son of Daniel Hayden, was born in Foxborough, July 31, 1802, died February 17, 1877. He was an accomplished mechanic, and invented the first machine ever used for covering buttons with cloth. He also invented a machine for making button eyes, and built the first engine lathe in Waterbury. In 1830, in company with his father, he commenced the manufacture of cloth buttons by machinery. He married, January 10, 1819, Ruhamah Guilford, who died November 27, 1841, daughter of Simeon Guilford. Children: Hiram Washington, born February 10, 1820, mentioned below; Edward Simeon, October 1, 1825, died young. Four children died in in-

(XXIV) Hiram Washington, son of Josiah Shepard Hayden, was born February 10, 1820, in Haydenville, and came to Waterbury



AH Hayer







Edward . Y. Hayden

with the parents when your first the arrest the old Waterberr A., and the duced to try the side of chimning historia. tons in the firm of 1 M. L. and W. vill, an art at that time in its infancy. He four the guriture comme and age it as but a safter said military from the made the first found before manual most by the Scovills, and probably the first in the United States. He removed to Wolcottville in 1838, and was with Wadhams & Company, button manufacturers. In 1841 he returned to for buttons and medals until 1853. While at Wolcottville he became interested in the method of manufacturing brass kettles there, and soon devised a more effective way of making them. This single invention of the of four of the leading manufacturing conwas a tendency to make the metal thinner at the kettle, where the greatest strength was needed. In his process the metal here was thickest, and his invention, patented in 1851, he sold to the Waterbury Brass Company. ture of brass and copper kettles, and is the only method in use now. In 1853 he joined with Israel Holmes, John C. Booth and Henry H. Hayden in the organization of Holmes, ture of brass and copper articles. He had charge of the factory and since its formation never was absent from a stockholder's annual Europe, a large majority of which were assigned to Holmes, Booth & Haydens. Among a magazine rifle and breech-loading cannon. A machine for making solid metal tubing. which is expented, not add to give incompany. His love for art led him into the development of the daguerreotype. While engaged in this, the idea came to him of taking pictures on paper. A scientific article on this subject, written by him in 1851, but never phic process. The Waterbury American of February 14, 1851, contained the following notice of his discovery: "Mr. Hiram Hayden, ingenious artist of this village, has shown us three landscape views taken by the usual daguerrean apparatus upon a white paper surface, all at one operation. This is the first successful attempt to produce a positive picture by this extraordinary medium. The pic-

most delicate minutes with the

were almost continuous, and he w

and student, he acquired a large store of m. Migeon, a native of I ward Simeon, mentione riet. Mrs. Hayden died April 20, 1873. Mr Hayden died July 18, 1004. As a man of original ideas and having embodied them it practical ways, he had a large share in the ad-

(XXV) Edward Simeon, son of Haram Washington Hayden, was born October 20, 1851. He was educated at private schools in Waterbury and at the Riverview Military Academy at Poughkeepsie, New York, He entered the Waterbury National Bank as bookkeeper in February, 1869. In February, 1879, he was elected sceretary and treasurer of Holmes, Booth & Haydens. Having made a study of the metallurgy of copper, he became connected with the Bridgeport Copper Company in September, 1886. He was one of the promoters of the Baltimore Electric Refining Company, organized in March, 1891, for the purpose of using his process of electrolyzing metals. This invention has ented in the United States and for

Maryland, was built from his plans and under his supervision. He was appointed first lieutenant and paymaster of the Connecticut National Guard, September 30, 1883; major and brigade commissary, January 23, 1883; major and brigade quartermaster, April 23, 1884. He resigned his military offices in April, 1860. He died February 14, 1860. He was a member of the Sewanhaka Corunthian Vacht Club, the Racquet Club of New York City, the Tennis Club of New York City, the Waterbury Club, the Country Club of Farmington, the Sons of the American Revolution and Connecticut Society of Colonial Wars. He marneticut Society of Colonial Wars.

ried, October 8, 1877, Elizabeth Gilder Kellogg, of New York City, daughter of Norman Gilbert and Rebecca T. (Hinckley) Kellogg (see Kellogg X). Children: 1. Pauline Migeon, born May 20, 1879. 2. Rose Hinckley, June 16, 1881; married, June 10, 1906, William Shirley Fulton, son of William E. Fulton (see Fulton); children: William Hayden Fulton, born March 12, 1907, and Elizabeth, born January 14, 1910. 3. Margery Kellogg, March 20, 1884.

## (The Kellogg Line).

The surname Kellogg is found in England early in the sixteenth century, and there are differences of opinion as to its origin. Some think the name comes from two Gaelic words meaning lake and cemetery, making it a place name. The earliest record of the family is in Debden, county Essex, England, when in January, 1525, Nicholas Kellogg was taxed. William Kellogg was also on the tax list. There were many ways of spelling the name, among them Kelhogge, Kellogue, Cologe, Calaug, Cellidge, Kellock, Killhog, Collidge, Cellog, and many others. There were many families of the name in county Essex, Great Leigh and Braintree being the seat of different branches probably of the same family. Nicholas Kellogg was born about 1488 and married Flornose was born about 1400 and married Flor-ence, daughter of William Hall. He was bur-ied in Debden, May 17, 1558, and she was buried there November 8, 1671. Children: William, buried in Saffron Walden, February 2, 1578; Thomas, lived in Debden, probably ancestor of the American immigrant mentioned below

(I) Phillippe Kellogg, probably son of Thomas Kellogg mentioned above, lived in 1583 in Bocking, county Essex, England, a parish adjoining Braintree. On September 15 of that year his son Thomas was baptized there. Two years later he was found in Great Leigh where his daughter Annis was buried in 1611. He may have had two wives. Children: Thomas, baptized September 15, 1583; Annis. buried May 25, 1611; Robert, baptized in Great Leigh, November 14, 1585, removed to Braintree and was buried there January 18, 1666; Mary, baptized February 16, 1588; Prudence, baptized March 20, 1592; Martin, baptized November 23, 1595, mentioned below; Nathaniel, died in New England without issue; John, Jane, Rachel.

(II) Martin, son of Phillippe Kellogg, was baptized in Great Leigh, November 23, 1595, died at Braintree, in 1671. He was a weaver or cloth worker and resided in Great Leigh and Braintree. His will was dated May 20, 1671. He married, in St. Michaels, Bishops Stortford, county Hertford, October 22, 1621, Prudence Bird, who died before him. Children: John; Nathaniel, baptized March 12, 1624; Joseph, baptized April 1, 1626, mentioned below; Sarah, baptized February 1, 1628; Daniel, baptized February 6, 1630, removed to New England; Samuel, removed to New England; Martin.

(III) Lieutenant Joseph, son of Martin Kellogg, was baptized at Great Leigh, county Essex, England, April 1, 1626, died in 1707 He was the immigrant ancestor. He settled in Farmington, Connecticut, where he was living in 1651. He and his wife joined the church, October 9, 1653. He sold his home lot in 1655 and removed about 1657 to Boston. On October 19, 1659, he bought of Peter Oliver his dwelling house on the street to Roxbury. He sold this property June 13, 1661, to John Witherden. The lot of land is now occupied by the Advertiser Building on Washington street. He paid seven hundred dollars for it at that time. He removed to Hadley, and the town made an agreement with him in 1661 to keep the ferry between Hadley and Northampton. He built his house on a small home lot which had been reserved by the town for a ferry lot. He was given leave also to entertain travelers. In 1677 the town voted to pay him forty pounds for the loss of his team which had been impressed for the country's service, and for ferriage for soldiers. He and his son John and grandson John kept this ferry until 1758, almost a century. Stephen Codman, who married his daughter, kept it still later. The last name of the ferry was Goodman's Ferry.

Joseph Kellogg was selectman of Hadley many years. In 1686 he was on a committee to lay out lands, and for the purchase of Swampfield from the Indians. He and his sons had grants of land in Hadley. He was sergeant of the military company in 1663, and May 9, 1678, was appointed ensign of the foot company. October 7 of the same year he was made lieutenant, serving until 1692. He was in command as sergeant of the Hadley Hadley, September 14, 1666; (second) Abigail Terry, born in Windsor, Connecticut, September 21, 1646, daughter of Stephen Terry, the immigrant. Her will was dated May 29, 1717, and proved October 31, 1726. His wife Abigail was before the court in 1673 for wearing silk, contrary to the law, but was acquitted. It was shown at the bial that

her history "control of tell and the the troops are sent to the sent to "gold or silver lace, gold or silver buttons," etc. Children of first wife: Elizabeth, born hesepo. August 19, 1032 - Mossel, besteed Orrhan 20, mar die 13 de la apriliat Di cella 26 abro Martin, torre in the November 22, 1058; Edward, October 1, 1000, Scientification below: Joanna, December 8, 1604; Strain wife: Stephen, April 9, 1668; Nathaniel, Octhere are a Abically so that he is a Charles abeth, October 9, 1073; Prudence, October 14, 1675; Ebenezer, November 22, 1677; Jonathan, December 25, 1679: Daniel, March 22, 1682; Joseph, May 13, 1684; Daniel, June 10, 1686; Ephraim, January 2, 1687, died or mile

Kellogg, was born in Hadley, September 28, too: He was knowafit throm the time in-Colonel Stanley, who rescued him, when a child, from an overturned kettle of boiling

at Hartford in 1691 and sold it in 1705; bought land at West Hartford and lived were admitted to the Second Church at Hart-ford, March 17, 1695. Her will was proved November 3, 1719. Children: Samuel, born August 27, 1688; Margaret, January, 1690; 1699; Benjamin, January, 1701; Joseph April

 13, 1704; Daniel, April, 1707.
 (V) Captain Isaac, son of Samuel Kellogg. was born at Hartford, January 17, 1607, died July 3, 1787. He resided at New Hartford and was the first representative to the Connecticut assembly, serving twenty-three terms. He was justice of the peace, lieutenant of the Fourth Company of the train band and cap-tain afterward. He was deacon of the First Church of New Hartford. He was distinand ability. His descendants are very numerous. His son Noah and grandson Michael had the homestead. He married, at Hartford, December 26, 1717, Mary, born May 31, 1007, died January 3, 1780, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Judd) Webster. Children: Samuel, born November 15, 1718; Abraham, January 17, 1720, mentioned below; Mary, March 2,

Property Andrews

A Marston and the second died January 13, 1805. We are told he was

uary 6, 1766; Elizabeth, June 17, 1768. (VII) Moses, son of Abraham Kellogg,

was born at New Hartford, February 23. Silas Kellogg. He married (second) January 19, 1786, Mabel, born March 6, 1703.

(VIII) Colonel Norman, son of Moses Int a few documents of the second error 8 trop discontribut at him three at bly, and for fifty years a Free Mason. Children, born at New Hartford: Leonard Fitch, born January 25, 1822; Robert Dwight, February 24, 1823; Norman Gilbert, January 20, 1825, mentioned below: James Homer, June 9, 1826; Fanny, November 25, 1828; Henry Clay, Lucius October 2, 1828; Forman Chay, Lucius October 2, 1828; Forman Chay, Lucius October 2, 1828; Forman Carlotter 1821; Lucius October 2, 1828; Forman Chay, L

Kellogg, was born at New Hartford, January 20, 1825, died in New York City, November 13, 1900. He was for some years a member of the wholesale dry goods firm of Kniseley, Stout & Kellogg of New York, a member of Dr. Howard Crosby's church. He retired some years before his death. He married (first) January 21, 1852, Rebecca Thorpe, born January 23, 1833, daughter of Charles Albert Hinckley, born at Hallowell, Maine, January 18, 1792, and Rebecca (Farnham) Hinckley, widow of Rev. Thomas B. Thorpe. Charles Albert Hinckley was a descendant of Governor Thomas Hinckley, Governor Prince of Plymouth, as fillickley, Governor Frince of Flymouth, Major John Freeman and Elder William Brewster. He married (second) October 3, 1765, Elizabeth Steele, daughter of Samuel and Mary Ann (Steele) Castle. She died October 30, 1867. Children of first wife: Elizabeth Gilder, mentioned below; Rebecca, died young Frinky died young Child of second wife. Sam Emily, died young. Child of second wife: Samuel Castle, October 27, 1867, married Mary Davenport Easton.

(X) Elizabeth Gilder, daughter of Norman Gilbert Kellogg, was born March 1, 1855; married, in New York, Octóber 8, 1877. Edward Simeon Hayden (see Hayden XXV).

WHITING ton) is derived from a place name and has been in use in England since the earliest adoption of surnames there. Roger Witen is mentioned in the Domesday Book (1085). Alan de Witting is mentioned on the rolls of Yorkshire in 1119 and 1150; Hugo Witeing was of Dorsetshire in 1202; Everard de Witting, of Yorkshire in 1195; Giffardo Witeng, of Somersetshire, in 1214: Willus de Witon, of Yorkshire, 1216; Thomas de Whitene, of Nottinghamshire, in 1276; Wills Whithingh, of Oxfordshire, in

The surname Whiting (Whi-

1300. The Whitings have several coats-of-arms, but that in use by the family of this sketch at the time of the emigration and afterward is described: Azure a leopard's face or between two flaunches ermine in chief three plates. Crest: A demi-eagle displayed with two heads

proper.

(1) Major William Whiting, the immigrant ancestor, held an enviable position among the early settlers of Hartford, Connecticut. At some time between 1631 and 1633 he became one of the purchasers of the Piscataqua grants of the Bristol men. He was associated with Lords Say and Brooke and George Wyllys. They continued Thomas Wiggin as their agent. He retained his interests in Maine until his death. He was "one of the most respectable of the settlers (of Hartford) in 1636, one of

the civil and religious Fathers of Connecticut. a man of wealth and education, styled in the records, 'William Whiting, gentleman.'" In 1642 he was chosen one of the magistrates; in 1641 treasurer of the colony of Connecticut, an office he held the rest of his life. "In 1646 a plot was laid by Sequasson, Sachem of the Naticks, to kill Governor Haynes and Hopkins and Mr. Whiting on account of the just and faithful protection which these gentlemen had afforded Uncas. The plot was disclosed by a friendly Indian and the danger averted." He bore the title of Major as early as 1647. He was one of a committee who for the first time sat with the court of magistrates in 1637; was admitted freeman in February, 1640; was magistrate 1642-47, treasurer, 1641-47. In 1638 he was allowed to trade with the Indians and was appointed with Major Mason and others to erect fortifications in 1642, and in the same year was appointed with Mason to collect tribute of the Indians on Long Island and on the Main. He was a merchant of wealth and had dealings with Virginia and Piscataqua. He had a trading house on the Delaware river and another at Westfield, Massachusetts. His will, dated March 20, 1643, states that he was about to make a voyage at sea. It bears a codicil dated July 24, 1647. (See Trumbull's Colonial Records, or Hartford Probate Records). Whiting was powerful and useful in the colony on account of his broad views and wealth, which enabled him to carry out for the benefit of the community his large and various plans. Always an efficient promoter of the trade and commerce of Hartford, he had trading houses also in various parts of the country and he owned many large land patents. Governor Edward Hopkins and he were the two leading merchants of the colony of which Hartford was the centre. After the Pequot war was over they began to export corn "beyond the seas."

His widow, Susanna, married, in 1650, Samuel Fitch, of Hartford, and (third) Alexander Bryan, of Milford, Connecticut. She died July 8, 1673 at Middletown. His inventory showed an estate of two thousand eight hundred and fifty-four pounds. Children: I. William, was a merchant, died in London, England, in 1699; in 1686 he was appointed by the general assembly as their agent to present their petition in re charter to the king. 2. John, born 1635; graduate of Harvard College in 1653; came to Hartford in 1660 as colleague of Rev. Samuel Stone, pastor of the first church; withdrew with his followers, February 12, 1672, and formed the second church; married (first) in 1654. Sybil Collins; (second) Phebe, daughter of Thomas Gregson; his widow married Rev.

John Rossell, or H. Jo., "Snow as a shall Servelors programs in the state of riol (test) book We atomic (test) ond) John King, of Northampton. 5. Mary, married. As and a tology like the time to Im College or the garage man tioned below.

(II) Joseph, son of Major William and Susanna Whatman was Leon (1) Hartford and died there October 8, 1717. He setts, later of Hartford, whither he returned about the time of King Philip's war. He was treating office Land under the life of the life of until his death, a period of thirty-nine years. His son John succeeded him in this office and held it for thirty-two years. He was a wealthy and distinguished citizen. He married (first) Cambers (600, Mary, 100, Theres Has Mary Pynchon and granddaughter of Hon, William chon, daughter of Hon. George Wyllys (not John). He married (second) in 1676, Anna, daughter of Mathew Allyn. Her mother was a daughter of Hon. William Smith, of Spring-She was born August 18, 1652, and died March 3. 1735, at New Haven. Joseph Whiting died October 19, 1717. Children of first wife: Mary, born August 19, 1672, married (first) Joseph, October 5, 1674, died voung, Children of second wife: Anna, born August 28, 1677, died April 18, 1684; John, November 13, 1670. died voung; Susanna, June 18, 1682, married Warren: William, March 14, 1685, died September 6, 1702; Anna, August 18, 1687; Margaret, January 5, 1600, married Rev. Jonathan

and Anna (Allyn) Whiting, was born in Hartford, December 15, 1693. He succeeded his father in 1717 as treasurer of the colony, holdstanding. He commanded a regiment in the 1766. He married Jerusha, daughter of Richard Lord, of Hartford, grandson of Thomas Lord, one of the first settlers of the town of and died October 21, 1776, in Windsor, Connecticut. Children, born at Hartford: Joseph, January, 1715, died February, 1715; Abigail, July 24, 1718, died December 21, 1722; Jerusha, September 16, 1720, married Daniel Skinner, she dead July 6 18 3. I see helds

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August Spirit 1740; died February o, 1818. Allyn Whiting .....

Roger Enos' regiment in New York, in 1778. church at Hartford. Children: Al

March, 1701, died October 5, 1778

Hartford: Emerson Alford, August 25, 1818; Joseph P., February 24, 1820; Samuel P., Sep-tember 10, 1821; Elvira, December 3, 1822; Alfred, March 21, 1824, mentioned below; Richard Henry, January 17, 1826; John, July

born November 22, 1830; Amelia Jane, May 5. 1833; William, January 14, 1835; Ellen,

ford, March 21, 1824, and died May 5, 1905. native town. He engaged in business as a

florist and nurservman and was in active business about sixty years. He purchased a large tract of land in West Hartford and opened Whiting lane through his property from Farmington avenue to Park street. He planted the trees now standing on each side of this highway and from time to time sold lots until at the time of his death he owned only the homestead and a few acres. He had a green-house of some hundred thousand feet of glass, the largest in the vicinity of Hartford. He was a shrewd and successful business man, upright and honorable in all his dealings and held in high esteem by all his townsmen. In politics he was a Republican, but never sought or held public office. He married, April 8, 1852, at West Hartford, Frances Elizabeth Gilbert, born at West Hartford, February 21, 1831 (see Gilbert VII). Their only child was Helen Frances, who resides on Whiting lane, West Hartford, on the homestead.

#### (The Gilbert Line)

The family of Devonshire, England, to which Sir Humphrey Gilbert belonged was doubtless the same as that to which the early settlers of Windsor, Connecticut, of the Gilbert name belonged. Jonathan settled early in Hartford, William and Thomas in Windsor, and Obadiah and Josiah, all presumably brothers, were in Connecticut by 1640.

(I) William Gilbert settled at Windsor. It is believed that Captain John, mentioned below,

was his son.

(II) Captain John Gilbert, believed to be the son of William, settled in Windsor, Connecticut, and was admitted a freeman May 21, 1657. The general court sold to him for ten pounds March 11, 1662-63, land lying between that of Captain Richard Lord and of John Culich "at ye landing place on the Rivulet both parcels being or lying in ye south meadow at Hartford." The court allowed him eleven pounds in consideration of a horse "that dyed in the country's service." He married, May 6, 1647, Amy, daughter of Thomas and Dorothy Lord, of Hartford. Children: John, born January 16, 1648, died young; John, February 19, 1652-53; Elizabeth, February 12, 1655-56; Thomas, September 14, 1658, married, September 27, 1681, Deborah Beaumont; Amy, August 3, 1663; Joseph, April 3, 1666, mentioned below; James; Dorothy, married — Palmer.

(III) Joseph, son of Captain John and Amy (Lord) Gilbert, was born at Windsor, April 3, 1666. He married (first) May 17, 1692, Mary Grosvenor; (second) May 8, 1695, Elizabeth Smith, born November, 1672. Among the children of Joseph Gilbert was a son, Ben-

jamin, mentioned below.

(IV) Benjamin, son of Joseph Gilbert, was born May 11, 1704, and married, May 14, 1730, Elizabeth Marshfield who died in 1772. They had a son, Benjamin, mentioned below.

(V) Benjamin (2), son of Benjamin (1) and Elizabeth (Marshfield) Gilbert, was born September 25, 1737, in West Hartford, and died May 21, 1807. He was one of the founders of the Friends Church in Hartford. In 1789 he was chosen deacon of the First Church of Hartford (Congregational), but in December, 1794, he resigned the office, having joined the Quakers. A paper laid before the church at this time asking to be released from all bonds and covenants was signed by him, his son Charles, Ruth Gilbert and Charles Webster. The church voted at the next meeting to labor with them and not to accept their resignations. But the laboring proved futile, for the church voted, April 1, 1802, that these persons having embraced the Quaker creed and kept away from all church services during so long a period be released from all church vows and left to go their own way. The Ouaker church in West Hartford was established about this time, and the Gilberts gave the land for the church, burying ground and school house. Both church and school house have long disappeared, but the burying ground remains on Quaker lane, West Hartford, and many of the Gilberts were buried there. He married, August 21, 1762, Anna Butler, born . November 16, 1745, died December, 1782. Children: Charles, born January 3, 1763, mentioned below; Anne Hurlburt; Elisha; Nathan; Eli-

(VI) Charles, son of Benjamin (2) and Anna (Butler) Gilbert, was born January 3, 1763; died October 7, 1812, at West Hartford. He owned large tracts of land in West Hartford and was a prosperous farmer. He was also a Quaker. He married, in 1787, Ruth Cadwell, born October 3, 1763, died March 29, 1823. Children: I. Charles, born 1788, mentioned below. 2. Benjamin, born November 23, 1791; built the house on the homestead just beyond Vanderbilt Hill; married Rhoda Kellogg Cadwell, born May 27, 1796, died August 19, 1862; he died December 11, 1868; was also a Quaker in religion. 3. Marv.

was also a Quaker in religion. 3. Mary. (VII) Charles (2), son of Charles (1) and Ruth (Cadwell) Gilbert, was born in West Hartford in 1788, and died there in 1851. He married Eliza Ann Cadwell. He inherited and acquired much real estate in his native place. He was a prosperous stock farmer and was also engaged in the meat provision business in Hartford. Children: Frances Elizabeth, born February 21, 1831, married, April 8, 1852, Alfred Whiting, of West Hartford (see Whiting

VIII. Ruth Annih. Alary Am, Initia.

The surname Alford is identical with Alvert, and it is a little of the control of

 John Alvord or Alford was born about 1475-85 in England, and lived in the parish of

Whitestaunton, county Somerset.

John, Bartholomew, Bridget.

(IV) Thomas, grandson of Rev. Alexander Alford, married, May 11, 1618, Joan Hawkins, Children: 1. Benedict, mentioned below. 2. Alexander, baptized at Bridgeport, county Dorset, England, October 15, 1627; died at Northampton, Massachusetts, October 3, 1687; married at Windsor, Connecticut, October 20, 1646, Mary Vore, resided at Windsor and Northampton. 3, Joanna, baptized at Whitestaunton, county Somerset, December 8, 1622; died at Windsor, county Somerset, December 8, 1622; died at Northampton, and Joan Somerset, December 8, 1622; died at Northampton, state of the Somerset Somerset

(V) Benedict Alford, the immigrant ancestor of the Alford family, son of Thomas and Joan (Hawkins) Alford, was born probably at Whitestaunton, England, about 1615-18, and died at Windsor, Connecticut, April 23, 1683. All his descendants spell the name Alford, while those of his brother Alexander use Alvord. He came with his sister Joanna to New England, settled in Windsor, Connecticut, and was a sergeant in the Pequot war in May, 1937. In 1640 by was \$25.55.1 lot. He probably made a visit to England in 1640, and was a witness to a deed in county

family of Broadway par

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1978, to the fund for the poor in 6th 1 Children: Jonathan, born June 1, 164 Benjamin, July 11, 1647, died August 12, 1769); Josiah, July 6, 1649, mentioned below: Elizali III

tell to the own

(Newton) Alford, was born at Windsor, Connecticut, July 6, 1040, and died May 10, 1722.

Jonas Westover. Children: Hai March 12, 1004; Josiah, December 27, 1050, mentioned below; Nathaniel, February 10, 1008; daughter, died July 8, 1704; Elizabeth, June 20, 1703; Dorothy, June 22, 1700.

Hannah (Westover) Alford, was born Documber 27, 1606, and died in December, 1768. He married, at Simsbury, Connecticut, 1720, Mary (Case-Drake), born; Children: Josiah, born August 13, 1727; Hannah, April 2, 1730; Elijah, December 14, 1732;

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101 People -

Mary (Case-Drake) Alford, was born April

Eighteenth Regiment of militia. He married.
September 22, 1768, Anne Bacon, born July 13, 1740, died April 13, 1805. Children: Peletiah.
in 1, 1, 1
ber 13, 1770; Anna, March 24, 1772, died September 18, 1775; Doris, November 25, 1773; Lonas born Sentember 1, 1772; Jahez Luly

Anne (Bacon) Alford, was born in 1769 and distance (Bacon) Alford, was born in 1769 and Amanda Cadwell, born 1773, died (800). Their

Whiting VII.

lied in Fairfield, Connecticut, 1055. He sailed

"Francis," John Cutting, master, and landed in Boston, Massachusetts, in June of the same year, accompanied by his wife Alice, born 1587, and four children: Ann, born 1620; Rose, 1623; Thomas, 1624; Rebecca, 1625. He settled first at Wethersfield, where his name appears on the second list of settlers other than those from Watertown. He settled in Fairfield as early as 1643, when his name appears on the Stamford land records. He served as deputy with Roger Ludlow in the general court, 1650. He brought with him to Fairfield his second wife, Mary —, by whom he had six more children. His will is dated July 21, 1655, and proved October 26, 1655.

(II) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) and Alice Sherwood, was born in England, 1624. He married (first) ———; (second) Ann, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Turney. Children: Mary, Benjamin, Samuel, Ruth, Abigail,

Hannah.

(III) Benjamin, son of Thomas (2) and Ann (Turney) Sherwood, died 1737. He married Sarah ———, born 1692. Children: Mary, Mindwell, Benjamin, Joseph, Noah, Sarah.

(IV) Joseph, son of Benjamin and Sarah Sherwood, was born December 1, 1702. Married, February 17, 1730, Sarah Osborn, born June, 1711, daughter of Sergeant David and Dorothy Osborn. Children: Grace. Eleazer, Joseph, Jehiel, Grizel, David, Abel, Reuben.

(V) Jehiel, son of Joseph and Sarah (Osborn) Sherwood, was born March 1, 1739. He built, in 1765, on Greenfield Hill, his comfortable house, where with his wife (a very superior woman) he reared his ten children. He served during the revolution, enlisting in Colonel Beebe's regiment; sergeant in 1775, at Fishkill; with Colonel Whiting in 1777, and ensign of Fourth Company, Fourth Regiment, January, 1780. His house was used as a hospital for the wounded after Tryon's raid. He married, October 5, 1763, Sarah Squire, of Greenfield Hill, Connecticut. Children: Squire, Jehiel, Sarah, Lyman, Charity, Stephen, Abigail, Mabel, Lyman, William. After the death of his wife, about 1796, he disposed of the home farm to his son Stephen, and with his two youngest children settled on the Oblong, nov. South East, Putnam county, New York, paying for the farm when the line was finally established. At his death it became the property of his son Lyman and it has been in the possession of his family to the present time. family burial plot is on this farm where the families of Jehiel and Lyman are all interred.

(VI) Stephen, son of Jehiel and Sarah (Squire) Sherwood, was born April 20, 1775, died July 3, 1835. He married (first) Eulilla Goodsell, born February 8, 1776, died March 4,

1814, daughter of David (born 1752) and Anna (Beers) Goodsell, granddaughter of Thomas (born December, 1731, died 1805) and Miriam (Bradley) Goodsell (born 1737), great-granddaughter of Rev. John (born December 21, 1705, died December 27, 1763), and Mary (Lewis) Goodsell (born May 18, 1706, died December 11, 1769), married July 27, 1725, Rev. John, a graduate of Yale, 1724, and great-great-granddaughter of Thomas Goodsell, born in Somerset county, England, 1646, died at East Haven, Connecticut, 1713; graduate of Trinity, Oxford University, 1675, New Haven, 1678, married, June 4, 1684, Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Cooper) Hemingway. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood: I. Alvah, born 1798, died unmarried. 2. Eliza, born May, 1800, died May, 1888; she became the second wife of James Beers. 3. Oran, see forward. 4. Betsey, born October 29, 1807, died February 14, 1870; married (first) Uriah Banks; (second) Thomas Merwin, born 1820, still living. 5. Norman. 6. Anna Beers, born February 29, 1812, died February 12, 1883; married, October 4, 1832, Frederick B. Wakeman, born June 17, 1811, died February 3, 1893. Stephen Sherwood married (second) May 15, 1816, Tamer, daughter of Moses and Abigail (Wakeman) Banks. Children: Sarah, William, Emily, Mary J., Frances, Wilson.

(VII) Oran, son of Stephen and Eulilla (Goodsell) Sherwood, was born January 18, 1804, died January 2, 1848. He started out in life as a teacher, but after his marriage opened a general store at Newburg, New York, but, possessing natural shrewdness, he soon saw a better opening in the lumber trade. He shortly afterward removed to New York City and opened a yard in Cherry street; he was very successful, conducting an excellent busi-.ness in mahogany and fine woods from Mexico and the West Indies. The schooner "Champion," owned by him, was captured and the crew imprisoned during the Mexican war. They all received indemnity—act of Congress on Mexican war claims, 1850. He invested largely in real estate in the Adirondacks and in Fairfield, Connecticut, now Bridgeport; he built a handsome residence on his property in Fairfield, and in 1840 took up his residence in that town, and in 1846 sold the house and a portion of the land to the late P. T. Barnum, who named it "Iranistan," and it became the well-known home of the famous showman. Mr. Sherwood soon after retired from active business, devoting his time to his home interests. He died January 2, 1848, in the new house which he had erected near the old one. He married Fanny Wakeman, born June 27, 1804,

died March 21, 1883 Children a March horn August 15 1825 deal in the 1802 married Hannah Sounds a folder Latinia born 1864, died December 21 . ss 2101 Creatge W. Wagner, Jessey Services (880) allen September 28, 1800 - 2 This hip is and 3 Lastina Con La Calar Salas 18 11 - 111 -Mad 3. 1855 I bin M. etinosimi ventor as 1845, a Teaning Let a 1835 and March 18 Lan Apollon (84) (Alex W.)

1XIII Frankling a restriction of annual 1829, died January 3, 1908. He was born and educated in New York City and came to Bridgeport with his father in 1840. Having ing himself with several during his younger

Leader, a famous weekly paper that dealt almost exclusively with city politics. This he published from February 21, 1872, to 1899; it was during this time that he gave to the pub-It Was"-which was eagerly sought after by those desiring a complete history of the city's was of marked independence, and despised the modern modes of politics, and was a strong believer in "America for the Americans." He married, December 24, 1854, Mary A. Weller, born 1839, died November 14, 1908. Children: 1. Franklin Jr., born June 28, 1800; married, January 7, 1883. Justi H. Harris, and J. January 1883. 1, 1860; children: Mabel Richmond, born October 21, 1883; Fannie Hotchkiss, April 3, 1801; Franklin, February 29, 1896. 2. Richmond, born August 8, 1861; married Irene Lyon; child, Ruth, born October 8, 1889. 3.

The ancient English surname CURTISS Curtis is also spelled Curtiss.

Charles Henry, born May 27, 1868; married, September 27, 1893, Alice S. Piercy; child, Chiton Real, bur Catalar S. 187

Stephen Curtiss was of Appledore, Kent, about 1450, and several of his descendants were mayors of Tenterden, a town where many settlers in Scituate, Massachusetts, came from. The family has also lived from an ancient date in county Sussex. The ancient coat-of-arms is thus described: Argent a chevron sable between three bulls heads ca-

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(II) William (2), son of William (1) Curtiss, came to Stratford, Connecticut, with his

and the state of the state of the about the time he did. The will of his mother Annual Annual Comment of the Comment

August 30, 1002.

(III) Zachariah, son of William (2) Cur-

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Deacon Thomas Peet, Children

below; Ely, September 16, 1781; Mary, Febwhen the same and the same and the

Charles Davisson - our of Damirk Al-Curtiss, was born January 27, 1780. He rewhich have been been also be but

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married Huldah Edwards, of Chestnut Hill, Fairfield county, Connecticut. Children: Elliott Plumb, Henry, Munson, Emeline, Matilda, Silvia, Susan, Elizabeth, who married

Aaron Sherwood.

(VIII) Elliott Plumb, son of Justus Burr Curtiss, was born at Nichols, Connecticut, April 22, 1814. He was educated in the district school. In his youth he became interested in the manufacture of saddle-trees, a then flourishing industry at Nichols. worked at his trade one year in St. Louis, Missouri, then returned to Nichols and worked until the factory at Nichols was abandoned, when he engaged in farming and continued at that until his death, March 10, 1896. He was interested in public affairs and for many years served in the state militia. He was one of the founders of the Methodist Episcopal church and a prime mover in building the present building. He married Clarissa, born at Greenfield Hill, daughter of David and Lucy Bulkley, who were the parents of two children: Clarissa, mentioned above, and Lucy, who --- Bond, of New York. Children: Hamilton, died in infancy; Lizzie, died young; Isabel, married Horace P. Nichols, of Nichols; Elliott Plumb Jr., mentioned below; Nathan Bulkley, born May 14, 1857, in partnership for many years with his brother in the firm of Curtis Brothers, dealers in stoves and heaters, and plumbers; this partnership continued until the death of Elliott P. in 1894, when the business was closed out, and in 1898 he formed a partnership with Abraham Wellington in the same line of business. This continued until 1906 when he bought out Mr. Wellington, since which time he has conducted the business alone. In politics he is a Republican, was an assessor of Nichols for several years, and was also on the school board, acting as school visitor for several years. Has taken an active part in the Methodist Episcopal church in Nichols, having served several years on the board of stewards and fourteen years as superintendent of Sunday school. He married, October 20, 1881, at Cornwall, Connecticut, Mary Ann, daughter of Rev. William T. Gilbert; children: Clifford Gilbert, born July, 28, 1883; Elizabeth Bulkley, May 7, 1885, deceased; John Burr, October 6, 1887; Cornelia, June 4, 1889, died in infancy.

(IX) Elliott Plumb (2) Curtis (as he spelled the name, although his children spell it Curtiss), son of Elliott Plumb (1) Curtiss, was born at Nichols, July 26, 1853, died July 24, 1894, at Bridgeport. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Strong School. He began his career in the Bridgeport post office, where he remained two years.

Then became a clerk in the drug store of L. W. Booth, where he remained two years. He was then in the employ of the John S. Way Manufacturing Company of Bridgeport, after which he became a partner with John H. Flinch, in the grocery business in Shelton, where he remained three years. He entered partnership with his brother, Nathan Bulkley Curtis, under the firm name of Curtis Brothers, buying the Leavenworth store in 1884. They carried on an extensive business as plumbers and dealers in stoves and furnaces for a period of ten years. His death cut short a promising career. He had demonstrated unusual business ability and had his life been spared would have taken a prominent place in the business world. In politics he was a Republican. He was a member of all the Masonic bodies, including the Commandery; of the Roof-Tree Club; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and took a great interest in that. He was a man who loved his home and preferred the society of his family to any club, and his memory is fondly cherished by his widow and children. He was beloved by all who knew him for his many fine qualities of heart and mind.

He married, June, 1883, at Bridgeport, Anna Belle Hatch Hall (see Hall VII). Children: Clara, born December 11, 1884; Elliott, May 7, 1886, a clerk in the Pequonnock Bank; Mildred Rebecca, August 16, 1888; Louise

H., January 15, 1892.

#### (The Hall Line)

(I) Francis Hall, immigrant ancestor, was the son of Gilbert Hall, who lived in Kent, England. He came to America from Milford, county of Surrey, with his brother William, in the ship with Rev. Henry Whitefield and the latter's company. William Hall settled in Civilford Company. tled in Guilford, Connecticut, and Francis in New Haven, where he arrived in time to participate in a meeting of colonists held June 4, 1639. The following year he joined in the enterprise of planting a new settlement at the head of a small inlet on Long Island Sound, which they named Fairfield. At this time Mr. Hall was thirty-two years old. In 1654 he purchased land in Fairfield, and in 1650 more land in Stratford, Connecticut, where he settled several years later. Here he was an attornev-at-law, and continued his practice almost to the time of his death. In 1669 he held the office of constable in Stratford, and May 11, 1676, was a deputy to the general court held in Hartford. He married (first) in England, Elizabeth —, who with two sons, Isaac and Samuel, came with him from England. She died, it is supposed in Fairfield



Elliott P. Curtis



July 6, 1005 the marrial and 6 (4), 30, 1005, Distributed by a control of and daughter of Re. Hern Small strong and daughter of Re. Hern Small strong dated May 6, 1080, and proved March 14, 1080, 100 (6), and proved March 14, 1080, 1080, and proved March 14, 1080, and 180, and 180,

man, of Stratford.

(II) Dr. Isaac Hall, son of Francis Hall was born about 1029, in the county of Kent, England, and came to this country with his parents when a boy. He settled in Fairfield with his father, and became an eminent physician and surgeon. In the latter capacity he rendered service in the colonial militia during the Indian wars, for which he received a grant of land in Fairfield. Previously, in 1600, he had received from his father a large estate in the same town. He took the oath of fidelity to the colonial government in 1650. He is supposed to have been a proprietor of Wallingford, Connecticut, in 1670. He married, January 16, 1660, Lydia, daughter of Nicholas Knapp, of Fairfield, who survived him. He died in Fairfield, in 1714. Children: Isaac, born November 8, 1667, mentioned below; Sarah, May 3, 1668; Lydia, September 20, 1670; Elizabeth, November 11, 1672; Samuel, September 14, 1674; Francis, September 26, 1676; John, Pebruary 8, 1677, died young; John, January 3, 1670, Mart. 10, 1877, 1681

(HI) Isaac (2), son of Dr. Isaac (1) Hall, (first) about 1085, Hannah ——, who died in 100, widow. He became a physician and a partner with his father in the practice of medicine in 1680. He died in Redding, Connecticut, in August, 1757-67. Children: Samuel, mentioned below; Isaac; Lydia, baptized September, 1008; Burges, baptized November, 1701, in Stratford; Jesse, baptized 1703, in Stratford; Joshua, baptized November, 1778, in Stratford; Ann, baptized Movember, 1778, in Stratford; Ann, baptized July, 1711, in Stratford; Jane, baptized December, 1712.

in Stratford.

(IV) Samuel, son of Isaac (2) Hall, died February 8, 1734. He married, July 29, 1714. Sarah Silliman. Children: David, born July 12, 1715, died February 15, 1725: Martha, April 9, 1717: Samuel, December 16, 1720: Nathaniel, November 3, 1721: Ebenezer, March 12, 1723, mentioned below: Sarah, February 20, 1724: Mary, September 18, 1726: David, June 20, 1728: Abel, July 12, 1730.

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Long Hill, died January 7, 1862. Children: 1. Shelton Lynson, born April 11, 1813, married, in 1845, Elizabeth P. Appleton; children Durant, of Raeme, July, 1886; v. Sarah ick Willey Hall, married Stella Nichols; children: Pauline and Ruth Hall; vi. Daniel Clifford Hall, married Grace Boughton; children: Grace Boughton and Helen Hall. 8. Eliza Jane, born March 3, 1827; married, March 22, 1866, James D. Brinsmade, whom her sister Harriet had formerly married; died August 6, 1904; child, Charles Edwards Brinsmade, married Ada Fairchild; children: Dora, Mittie and Arthur Dwight Brinsmade. 9. Francis Leander, born June 15, 1828; married Esther Andrews, and died June 27, 1867. 10. Theodore Sturges, born September 3, 1829, died February 22, 1867, aged thirty-six years. 11. Rufus Warren, born December 13, 1830; married Emily Smith; children: Adna, Emma, Mary Sophia, Rufus Warren; the father died June 4, 1880, aged fifty. 12. Susan Ann, born January 23, 1832, died February 12, 1895; married Charles E. Plumb; children: i. Willard Plumb, married Ida Summers; ii. Eddie Plumb, died October 28, 1863, aged four years; iii. Frank Plumb, married, November 27, 1890, Lizzie Tait; iv. Arthur Plumb, now deputy sheriff in Bridgeport, Connecticut; married, November 27, 1890, Lottie Bennett, deceased. 13. George Augustus, born January 8, 1835, died June 30, 1839. 14. Julia Gorham, October 2, 1836; married, December 25, 1861, Stephen M. Nichols, died July 29, 1870 (see Nichols IX). 15. George Augustus, born March 14, 1838; married Lottie Loper; children: i. Clarence Loper, died aged three years; ii. Frank Loper, died in infancy; iii. George A. Loper, married, in 1887, Emily Garlick; they reside in California; have one daughter, Irene; iv. Lottie Loper, died December 3, 1885.

(III) Josiah Curtis, son of Will-CURTIS iam (2) Curtis (Curtiss) (q. v.), was born in Stratford, August 30, 1662. He married (first) Abigail, daughter of Lieutenant Joseph and Sarah Judson, of Stratford, in July, 1692. She died in 1697, and he married (second) Mary, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Beach, of Stratford. In May, 1714, he was appointed captain of the train band of Stratford by the general court, and in 1716 he was deputy to the general court. On December 29, 1725, he was permitted, with John Wilcoxson, Jr., to build a saw mill on the Halfway river. He died in 1745, and his wife died in 1759. His will was proved November 20, 1745, at Fairfield. Children, born in Stratford: William, September 22, 1693; Abigail, 1695; Anna, 1697; Eunice, August 1, 1699; Abraham, mentioned below; Josiah, January 6, 1702-03; Benjamin, December 25, 1704; Peter, April I, 1707; Matthew, December 16, 1708, died young; Mary, July 25, 1711; Matthew, December 1, 1712; Charles, January 1, 1715-16; Mehitabel, January 1, 1715-16.

(IV) Abraham, son of Josiah Curtis, was born in Stratford, May 16, 1701. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Mary Welles, of Stratford, February 25, 1724-25. She died in Stratford, August 31, 1770. He died there September 7, 1779. Children, born in Stratford: Stephen, mentioned below; Eliz-

abeth, November 25, 1729.

(V) Stephen, son of Abraham Curtis, was born in Stratford, June 3, 1727. He married (first) Tabatha Beardslee, July 28, 1745; (second) Sarah Judson, October 17, 1749. She died November 2, 1794, and he died May 8, 1806. His will was filed in Bridgeport, Connecticut, June 2, 1806. Children, all born in Stratford: Abraham, November, 1747, died young: James, August 17, 1748; Sarah, October 10, 1750; Jerusha, August 1, 1751, died young; Jerusha, March 21, 1753; Abraham, February 6, 1754; Hannah, July 14, 1755; Stephen Judson, July 5, 1757, died June 17, 1760; William, August, 1758; Stephen Judson, 1761; Sarah, August 4, 1765; Belle, February 6, 1767; Phebe, September 6, 1769; Levi, mentioned below.

(VI) Levi, son of Stephen Curtis, was born in Stratford, March 26, 1772. He married (first) Sarah ——; (second) Elizabeth Ufford. He died in Stratford, February 21, 1854. Children, all born in Stratford: Phebe: Betsey, married Robert Lovejoy; Cornelia, married George Wellington Shelton; Sarah, married Isaac Wells; Elbert; Stephen, mentioned below; Willis; Peter, born April 3, 1797; Matthew, December 16, 1808; Mary;

Martha; Charles; Mehitable.

(VII) Stephen (2), son of Levi Curtis, was born at Stratford, 1799, died there in 1861. He followed farming in his native town, and also engaged in fishing in the Connecticut river, being the owner of a number of seine rights. He was also a Thomsonian doctor. He married Maria Birdseye, of Stratford. She died there at the age of eighty-eight years. Children: Calvin, died young: Calvin; Thaddeus: Robert; George; Sarah, who married Preston Henry Hodges in 1879, he is now deceased, she is still living in Stratford.

(VIII) Robert George, son of Stephen (2) Curtis, was born at Stratford, June 2, 1825, died October 4, 1910. He received his education in the public schools and the Stratford Academy. He assisted his father in farming and fishing, and followed those occupations all his life. He inherited from his grandmother two seine rights on the river, and

when the shad it of the run Months." a consporable morae to prove the congood had were then and for other in all each. Of late years he made a specialty of general farming. He had much skill with tools. With the aid of a carpenter he built bookeases and a grandfather's clock, which he made. The clock especially is an exquisite bit of workmanship. He was an ardent Regational church. He belonged to no clubs or of mind and heart, his integrity and sound Sarah Wells, born June 8, 1825, died June 15, 1905 Cheldren a Belle, ham hadymer 13, 1852, died at Stratford, March 22, 1859. Clarissa Alling, born September 7, 1850, married Dr. Lewis, of Stratford, April 27, 1886, and they have six children: Robert Curtis, born March 3, 1888; Frederick Bradley, July 3, 1889. He was Wells, September 14. (Sec. 1 sther to c. November 5, 1801 of other May, December 31, 1892; Clarence Birdsey, February 24, 1894. 3. Maria Birdsey, born Time 13, 1802

John Curtis (q. v.), was born at Stratford, January 14, 1648. He was admitted a freeman in October, 1670. ford, was one of the original proprietors of Wallingford in October, 1000, and a signer of the original covenant, and was also a surat a church meeting in 1670, the earliest recand of the rays I (e.g.) and the aneral court in 1680-1714-17; constable 1681; town treasurer in 1686. In fact during his nk i tho s. myo beginn to to me adchildren. He married, June 9, 1674, Mary, Children, born at Wallingford: Mary, October 13, 1675; Nathaniel, May 14, 1677, mentioned below; Samuel, February 3, 1678; Elizter; ms.: Home years of essessible October 1, 1687; Abigail, November 3, 1689; Joseph, October 1, 1001; Jemima, January 15, 1104; Relative, August 21, 107; Julius 20

tensker (8. 1946) IV Nathanie' son of The Las Clifft Asborn at Wallingford, May 14, 1677. He was other town offices. He dief Mar
His will was filed at New Haven,
He married (first) April 6, 1607, Sarah Hall,
of Micah Palmer, of Branford; she died Ian
uary 5, 1703, aged sixty-nine. Children, born
at Wallingford: Benjamin, mentomed below;
Hamah, February 19, 1705; Moses, August
12, 1700; Jacob, August 23, 1710; Sarah,
March 30, 1712; Abigail, April 9, 1713;
Eliada, March 30, 1714; Comfort, October 30,
1710; Nathaniel, January 1, 1718; Rhoda.

(V) Benjamin, son of Nathamel Curtis, was born at Wallingford, April 27, 1703. He was admitted to the Meriden church, May 10, 1705. He was admitted to the Meriden church, May 10, 1715. Whit was a surveyor of highways. He may 10 ber 12, 1727, Miriam, daught Hope Cook, of Wallingford. He died October 30, 1754; she died May 29, 1776, aged seventy-four. Children, born at Wallingford: Esther, October 2, 1728; Abel, December 22, 1720; Susannah, November 9, 1732; Lois, September 30, 1733; Benjamin, mentioned below: Miriam, August 30, 1737; Sarah, May

November 8, 1744.

Curtis, was born in parish of Meriden, October 27, 1735. He was town surveyor in 1775-76 and signed the oath of fidelity in 1777. He was one of the largest landowners in Wallingford and became a most prominent citizen. He was a man of strong individuality, shrewd and successful. He served in the French and Indian wars in 1758. He married, March 31, 1763. Mindwell, daughter of Daniel Hough, of same parish. He died Landon 1770: Ivah, October 19, 1771 (son): Elisha, June 19, 1773: Lydia, May 4, 1775: Ruth, Mind 19, 1773: Lydia, May 4, 1775: Ruth, Mind 20, 1781: Lydia, February 5, 1785:

was born in parish of Meriden in Walling-

Compass Lodge, of Wallingford, and charter member of Meriden Lodge in 1851 and the first senior warden. He was appointed ensign by Governor Oliver Wolcott, May 20, 1820; tax collector, June 6, 1825; town treasurer, June 18, 1834; representative to the general assembly from Meriden in 1836. He was a private in the war of 1812. He married, November 8, 1812, Mehitable, daughter of Augustus and Anna (Grinnell) Redfield, of Clinton, Connecticut; she was descended from William Redfield, one of the early settlers, . and Anna (Grinnell) Redfield was a descenand Allia (Allia) Redicted was a discer-dant of John and Priscilla Alden. Children, born at Meriden: Jennett, March 14, 1844; Phebe Ann, June 21, 1815; Benjamin Upson, July 20, 1817; Asahel, February 25, 1821; George Redfield, mentioned below.

(VIII) George Redfield, son of Asahel Curtis, was born at Meriden, December 25, 1825, died May 20, 1893. He was educated in the public schools, and started in business in Middletown, Connecticut. After a few years he began to teach school near Rochester, New York, and a year or so later in Meriden, Connecticut. About 1850 he became teller in the Meriden Bank and in 1852 when the Meriden Britannia Company was organized, he accepted the office of treasurer of that company and held it until his death. He was also president of the Meriden Silver Plate Company, Meriden Gas Light Company, Meriden Electric Railroad Company and a director of numerous other corporations. He was mayor of Meriden, 1879-81, and filled many other positions of trust and honor. He was always deeply interested in St. Andrew's Church and was junior and senior warden for many years, and many times its delegate to the diocesan conventions, and in 1892 was state delegate to the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Baltimore, Maryland. He gave generously to All Saints Memorial Church in Meriden, which his sister, Mrs. R. A. Hallam, had donated, and the day before his death presented a new rectory to the church. He married, May 22, 1855. Augusta, daughter of Jesse and Sophia (Talmadge) Munson, of Bradford, New York (see Munson VII). Children, born at Meriden: George Munson, mentioned below; Frederick Edgar, born August 12, 1861, died September 10, 1869; Agnes Deshon, April 10, 1863; married, May 22, 1890, Allen B. Squire, and died May 20, 1900.

(IX) George Munson, son of George R. Curtis, was born at Meriden, May 27, 1857. He received his education in the public schools of Meriden, the Military School at Cheshire and Trinity College, Hartford. He began his

business life as a clerk in the office of the Meriden Britannia Company and was its assistant treasurer for five years. Upon the death of his father he was elected treasurer and held that office until the company was merged with the International Silver Company in 1898, becoming at that time the first assistant treasurer of the new corporation. Since 1900 he has been treasurer of the company. He is secretary and treasurer of Meriden Gas Light Company, and Meriden Electric Light Company, director and president of Curtis Memorial Library, Meriden; a director of Home National Bank, Meriden Trust & Safe Deposit Company, and Meriden Savings Bank, trustee and secretary of the Curtis Home Corporation, and director of Manning Bowman & Company. He resides in Meriden. He is a student of history and wrote the historical part of "A Century of Meriden" (published by the Journal Company in 1906). He resides in Meriden and is keenly interested in the welfare and development of that city. In politics he is a Republican, and in religion an Episcopalian. He is a member of Connecticut Historical Society, Hartford; New Haven Colony Historical Society; American Historical Association; Grolier Club of New York; Home Club and Colonial Club, Meriden, and Delta Psi fraternity. He married, November 30, 1886, Sophie Phillips, only daughter of Thomas Trowbridge and Catharine (Hurlburt) Mansfield, of Meriden. She was born May 1, 1864. They have one child, Agnes Mansfield Curtis, born September 6, 1887, educated at St. Margaret's School at Waterbury, Connecticut, and St. Timothy's School at Catonsville, Maryland. She married, June 1, 1910, William Bowen Church, of Meriden.

(The Munson Line).

(III) Joseph Munson, son of Samuel Munson (q. v.), was born November 1, 1677, died October 30, 1725. He lived in Wallingford, Connecticut. His first residence was at the south end of the village on the west side of the principal street, and in June, 1714, "The lower end of the town" was said to begin at Joseph Munson's. He retained the ownership of these eleven acres, but acquired a new homestead of twenty-eight acres where he was living at the last, and which became the homestead of his son Joseph. This place appears to have been within the bounds of the first parish, as the deaths of Joseph and three of his children were entered in the First Church records. December 28, 1703, he was chosen fence viewer with one other, for the lower end of the town. In October, 1712, he was made ensign by act of assembly of the east com-



the 11 Carte



pant or train of the fine he and Society Min or the five townsmen. He was first of four grand jurymen in 1719. He also held other offices in the town. He left one-third of his estate to his wife, and the remainder was divided among his other heirs in nine parts. He married, March 10, 1700, Margery, damber of 100 He.

was said to be "deceased." His widow Mar-January 1, 1727. Children: Abel, born January 10, 1701; Abigail, April 2, 1704; Joseph, L., mentioned below; Margery, October 10, 1717; Jemima, March 27, 1720; Agur, April 7, 1725.

(IV) Ephraim, son of Joseph Munson, was born in Wallingford, November 5, 1714, died September 21, 1770. He was a husbandman, and lived in Branford, Connecticut, and Granville, Massachusetts. His guardian, chosen June 4, 1720, was Ichabod Merriam. He was still of Branford, March 11, 1742; he was an early settler of Granville. This territory was sold in 1686 by Toto, an Indian, to Cornish, for a gun and sixteen brass buttons, and in

The original name of the place was Bedford, Samuel Bancroft was the first settler, Ephraim Munson was among the few following. He married, May, 1739, Comfort, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Howe) Curtis. She was born October 13, 1710, Children: Jesse, born December 1, 1740; Jared, mentioned below; Margery, 1744; Ephraim, 1745; Thaddeus (twin) 1747; 1747; Hannah, 1749; Adah, 1751; Jemima. His widow married (second)

(V) Jared, son of Ephraim Munson, was born about 1742, died July 30, 1823. He lived in Manchester, Vermont. There is a tradition that he was born in Suffield. During his childhood and youth his home was in Granville, where he was still living when thirty years of age. At thirty-five years of age, he lived in Lanesborough, Massachusetts. He removed to Manchester in 1778, and became a freeman there, March 29, 1779. Nearly the whole village of Manchester is built on confiscated Tory property. Jared Munson secured two hundred acres lying west of the main street north of the north line of Shattuck place. His house was the first south of the Congregational Church. He had some part in the revolutionary war. His name was on the "Pay roll Capt. Gideon Ormsbee Co. in Col. Ira Allen Regt. of Militia—for service

dene this State in the alarm reference to 1 from the state of the stat

born about 1703, died September 13, 1797

mont, and is said to have owned one of the best farms in his vicinity. In 1812 the most

the Munson homestead, then occupied by the widow and children of Rufus. Revolutionary record: "Pay roll Capt. Gideon Ormsbee's Co. in Col. Ira Allen Regt. of Militia for service done this State in the alarm in the month

were paid for from one to seven days. He served in Captain Thomas Barney's company Colonel Ira Allen, "on alarm to the North ward which commenced 11 Oct. 1780;" fiftyeight men served from five to thirty-two d He was on the pay roll of Ba

Allen's regiment, in May, 178, to the Westward after Tories to retake Lieuts Blanchard and Hine;" thirty-one men serve from two to four days. He married, probabl-

she was born in New Milford, Connecticut, ir 1772, died December 3, 1843, as widow Buck of Lanesboro, Massachusetts, Claldren Cyrus, born January 22, 1701; Jesse, men

Polly, December 31, 1700

(VII) Jesse, son of Rufus Munson, was born August 21, 1702, in Manchester, Vermont. He died October 24, 1870. He was a shoemaker, tanner, farmer, general merchant, and carried on a lumber business. He was a Democrat in politics. In religion he was an

Bradford, New York (1838-71); and in Williamsport, Pennsylvania. After the death of his father, Jesse, as yet a child, lived with his uncle. John Burton, at St. Albans. At the age of thirteen, he began to live with his

uncle, Curtis Burton, at Greenfield, whose business, tanning, shoemaking and farming, he subsequently purchased. One of his early successes consisted in opening a temporary store for the sale of boots and shoes in Canada, and during the war of 1812 large quantities were disposed of to the soldiers. He added to his other business the sale of dry goods, and also lumbering in the adjacent county of Essex. For twenty-six years he conducted his various branches of business to a financial success. His energy knew no bounds. He would often drive to the Hudson, twenty miles, so early in the morning that he would be obliged to waken some of the inhabitants to learn whether he could cross the river on the ice, which bent and swayed under its burden. He moved with his family to Bradford, where there were better opportunities for lumbering. There, with his son-in-law, H. Merriman, he purchased saw and grist mills, and timber and farming lands. Later, merchandising was added to the business of the family, and later still there were purchases of vast tracts of coal and pine and other timber lands in Potter and Clinton counties, Pennsylvania. Jesse Munson and his family founded and sustained the Bradford Academy for many years. He contributed largely to the erection of the Episcopal Church (St. Andrews) and to its maintenance, while others did not fail to receive from his liberal hand. As supervisor, during the war of the rebellion, the quota of soldiers for Bradford, owing to his activity, was filled earlier than that of any other in Steuben county; he gave from his own funds from ten to twenty-five dollars for each man. He exerted himself vigorously in behalf of temperance. When some workmen brought a decanter into his field, he smashed it against a tree. The incident created great excitement, and figured in the temperance lectures of that period. Throughout his career it was said of him that he "was remarkable for his originality, activity, and integrity.

He married, 1813, Sophia Talmadge, born October 13, 1791, in Canaan, Connecticut, died May 10, 1871, daughter of Jonathan Talmadge, of Greenfield, and a great-great-granddaughter of Lieutenant Enos Talmadge, of New Haven, who had command of fort at Schenectady when sacked by French and Indians in 1680. He was killed and his body burned. After the death of his wife, Mr. Munson resided with his son Edgar in Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Children: Rufus, born November 15, 1813; Cyrus, July 13, 1815; Adeliza, May 19, 1817; Edgar, April 21, 1820; Augusta, July 17, 1833, married

George Redfield Curtis, of Meriden (see Curtis \ III).

(VIII) Sheldon Pixlee Curtis, CURTIS son of Daniel Curtis (q. v.), was born in Stratford, Connecticut, May 26, 1812. He was a cabinetmaker in Stratford, Connecticut, where he died January 9, 1875. He was a Republican in politics, and held the office of selectman. He attended the Congregational church. He married, September 23, 1835, Sarah, daughter of Joel and Tryphena (Gorham) McEwen, of Stratford. Children, born in Stratford: 1. Robert William, born July 30, 1836, mentioned below. 2. Alfred Henry, merchant in New York City; married Miss Brooks, of Milford. 3. Charles Birdsey. 4. Frederick, deceased; married Julia Hovey; was a merchant, partner of his brother Alfred H.

(IX) Robert William, son of Sheldon Pixlee Curtis, was born in Stratford, July 30, 1836. He attended the public schools and the Stratford Academy. He served an apprenticeship of three years in the old machine shop at Bridgeport, known as the Crescent Foundry and Machine Company, and for twenty-five years was employed as toolmaker in the factory of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, Bridgeport. During that period he resided for eleven years in Bridgeport, but returned to Stratford and has lived there during his later years. He is now re-tired from active business. He has an attractive home and five acres of land. He has always taken a keen interest in public affairs and he has been a leader of the Republican party in this section. He served five terms as selectman of the town of Stratford, 1889-90-95-96-97; in 1891 he was assessor of the town. He is a member of the local grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and was treasurer from its organization, serving for thirteen years. He married, in 1861, Mary Elizabeth, born in Stratford, daughter of Henry and Cynthia (McEwen) Benjamin. They had no children. She died January 19, 1908.

(IX) Charles Birdseye Curtis, CURTIS son of Sheldon Pixlee Curtis (q. v.), was born at Stratford, November 20, 1839. He was reared on his father's farm, and educated in the public schools and Stratford Academy. At the age of eighteen he engaged in farming on his own account on a place of twenty-five acres near the village of Stratford and has continued to reside there to the present time, although for some years he has not been engaged in active business. He is one of the

most substantial and prominent citizens of his native town, and he and his family are active and popular socially. In politics he is a statement that we will with most of the offices within the gift of his townsmen. He has served many terms as selectman and for many years has been a member of the school board. For eight years son, and in 1876 represented Stratford two terms in the general assembly of the state. Church and Mr. Curtis was vestryman for many years. He is a kindly, charitable and and useful citizen, and his domestic life is posterorate fermo. Ale se come of the member of the Housatonic Club.

He married, October 18, 1876, Sarah Martha Strong, born July 11, 1855, daughter Strong (see Strong VII). They have but one child, Pauline Strong, born June 21, 1880; married, October 4, 1905, Harry Augustus

(II) Thomas Strong, son of John Strong, was born about 1630-40 at Windsor, Con-He was a trooper in 1658 at Windsor under ampton, Massachusetts, with the Connectiont colonists. He married (first) December 5, ett, of Windsor. She died February 20, 1670-71. He married (second) October 10, 1671, Rachel, daughter of Deacon William Holton, of Northampton. She married (second) May 16, 1008, Nathan Bradley, of East Guilford, now Madison, Connecticut. Deacon Holton was one of the first settlers of Hartford and of Northampton, where he was one of the first board of magistrates. He was deputy to the general court in 1667-69. Children of first wife: Thomas, born November 16, 1661; Morry Amonth are loved a sine Marking about 65; Hewett, December 2, 1000; Asahel, Children of second wife; Joseph, December 2, 1672; Benjamin, 1674; Adina, January 25, 1670; Waitstill, 1677-78; Rachel, July 15, 1670; Selah, December 2, 1680; Benajah. Settinde as artists to Justine sentimed as low; Elnathan, August 20 1686; Ruth, February 4, 1688; Submit, February 23, 1699

born at Northampton, January 4 went to Milford in 1705-00. He and large and a present the

and the same of the Park of th

make at Lance to the first born January 26, 1715.

the province. He followed

born June 2, 1787. Strong, was born at Milford,

have in the He had a set the artists in this recovery more than the man that that a strike and the September 4, 1801; Mary I

September 5, 1821, never married.

died March 21, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He was in the grain business in New York and at Logansport, Indiana, and in the latter city owned and operated a large flour mill. He married (first) Caroline, daughter of Samuel Merwin, of Milford. He married (second) Clarissa Lewis Chatfield, born at Stratford, died at Bridgeport. Children of first wife: Charles, died aged four years; Charles William, March 12, 1833; Caroline Merwin, March 11, 1844. Children of second wife: Clarissa, died young; John Lewis, born March 20, 1845; Edward Henry, February 1, 1847; Clarissa Chatfield, April 8, 1850; Sarah Martha, July 11, 1855, married Charles Birds-eye Curtis (see Curtis IX); Anna Pond, Feb-ruary 27, 1857, married George Benham Thompson.

HEMINGWAY Ralph Hemingway, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England and set-

tled early at Roxbury, Massachusetts. He was a member of the Roxbury church as early as 1633, and was admitted a freeman, September 3, 1634. He was a proprietor of the town. He died June 1, 1678. His will was dated May 4, 1677, and proved July 11, 1678, bequeathing to wife Elizabeth, and children John, Samuel, Joseway, and Elizabeth Holbrook

He married, July 5, 1634, Elizabeth Holbrook, who died February 4, 1684, aged eighty-two years. Children, born at Roxbury: Marah, born and died in 1635; Samuel, June, 1636, mentioned below: Ruth, September 21, 1638; John, April 27, 1641; Joshua, April 9, 1643; Mary, April 7, 1644; Mary, April 7,

1647.

(II) Samuel, son of Ralph Hemingway, was born in Roxbury, in June, 1636. The name is also spelled by various branches of the family Hemingway, Hemmingway, Hemmenway and Hemmenway. He settled in New Haven, Connecticut, and later at East Haven, 1660, where many of his descendants have lived. He was a man of considerable education and refinement. The town records which he kept as clerk for a long time show his admirable handwriting. He married, in 1662, Sarah, daughter of John Cooper, a magistrate and early settler. Children: Sarah, born July 26, 1663; Samuel, December 13, 1665; Mary, July 5, 1668; Hannah, September 14, 1670; Abigail, February 16, 1672; John, May 29, 1675; Abraham, December 3, 1677, mentioned below; Isaac (twin), December 6, 1683, first student in Yale College, B. A., 1704, and

pastor of the church in East Haven for fifty

vears

(III) Abraham, son of Samuel Hemingway, was born at East Haven, December 3, 1677. He married, November 11, 1713, Sarah Talmadge, his second wife. Child of the first wife: Sarah, married Enos Potter. Children of the second wife: Abraham, born January, 1715, died young; Elizabeth, October 3, 1716; Abigail, March 17, 1719; Isaac, February 17, 1721; Anna, February, 1723; Hannah, October 22, 1724; Abraham, April 1, 1727, mentioned below.

(IV) Deacon Abraham (2) Hemingway, son of Abraham (1) Hemingway, was born, at East Haven, April 1, 1727. He married there, April 24, 1746, Mercy, born April 17, 1730, died January 12, 1812, daughter of Joseph and Mercy (Thompson) Tuttle, grand-daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Sanford) Tuttle and of John and Mercy (Mansfield) Thompson; great granddaughter of Joseph and Hannah (Munson) Tuttle, Thomas and Elizabeth (Paine) Sanford and of John and Priscilla (Powell) Thompson. Children, born at East Haven: Isaac, February, 1747; Sarah, February 17, 1749; Abraham, April 10, 1751; Abigail, May 17, 1753; Enos, September 17, 1755; mentioned below; Mercy, July 5, 1757; Elizabeth, May 1, 1760; Isaac, May 3, 1762; Jacob, 1764.

(V) Enos, son of Abraham (2) Hemingway, was born, at East Haven, September 17, 1755, and died in 1845. He was a representative to the general assembly from 1797 to 1809, twenty-one sessions, the longest record in the history of the town. He was a soldier in the revolution, in the Sixth company, Captain William Douglas, in 1775, in the northern department, under Colonel David Wooster of New Haven. In 1832 he appears on the list of government pensioners and again in 1840, when he was living at East Haven and his age then was stated as eighty-five. According to the census of 1790, he was of East Haven and had two sons under sixteen and four females in his family and owned one

slave.

He married, April 23, 1777, Sarah, born May 18, 1758, daughter of Samuel and Mehitable (Denison) Hemingway. Her father was born March 12, 1713, died October 25, 1779, son of John and Mary (Morris) Hemingway. John was born May 29, 1675, son of Samuel and Sarah (Cooper) Hemingway (see Hemingway II). Children, recorded at East Haven: Samuel, born April 25, 1778; Sarah, September 17, 1780; Betsey, October 25, 1782; Nancy, May 7, 1785; Anson, October 10, 1787; Willett (twin), January 29,

1701: Wylks twint, for a common

(VI - Wyllis - m in I - rimin - av - v Len, or for the or, him is a required by married, Sevenier in the control of the from December 21, 1788 (Humber - Dank) and However method through Hamiltonian Brown in Thomas of the state of Eleazer and Sarah (Rowe) Brown. Eleazer. Less (Oyl), and year, --- he had oBulkeley. Sarah Rowe was born in 1700. and little of John and Miletil - Alson - It's and granddaughter of Matthew Rowe. Han-1716, died 1769, daughter of Isaac and Elizaboth Trakly IV: \_\_grap! \_\_dt=qt \_\_st

and Rebecca (Tuttle) Dayton and of Michael and Elizabeth (Brown) Todd; great grand-

daughter of Samuel Dayton or Deighton and of Jonathan and Rebecca (Ball) Tuttle. Willof Wyllis and Mary (Brown) Hemingway:

Samuel, mentioned below; Jane; Anson. VIII See at a constitution of way, was born March 14, 1811, and died Dewas in the mercantile business until 1867. when he became president of the Second National Bank of New Haven, and held that office until his death. In religion he was a Conwas a director in many concerns. He married (first) Mary Brown, Children: Charles W.; George S.: Jane Clarinda. He married (second) Marietta Smith, daughter of Daniel Smith of East Haven. Children: Sanuel, mentioned below, and James Smith, mentioned

(VIII) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) Hemingway, was born at New Haven, November 2, 1858. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, graduating 1878. He is one of the most prominent finanpresident of the Second National Bank of rector of the New Haven Water Company; the Boston & Maine Railroad; the Maine Central Railroad Company; and trustee of the New Haven Savings Bank. He is a member

of the County on a Clark on Lawrence on Description of the control of the co New Haven.

W . now an instructor in Ya

round a cities. The special transaction is

part its and a

born there, January 23, 4868, daughter of H

colony, September 3, 1634. He is spoken of first as a farmer at Lynn, Massachusetts, and then he moved probably to Roxbury, and soon after was made a freeman. His first trouble with the church at Roxbury finally resulted in his being compelled to leave the colony, and he then settled at Portsmouth, Rhode Island. At this time he had become a follower and friend of Samuel Gorton, the great religious disturber, and they and their associates purchased a tract of land called Shawomett Purchase, Rhode Island, which was afterwards named by them Warwick in honor of the Earl of Warwick who had befriended them during their troubles with the Colony of Massachusetts. "Samuel Gorton, the great religious disturber, came from Groton, England, where his family had been many generations. He was born about 1600, came to America before 1638, Plymouth, Massachusetts, thence to Rhode Island, and was admitted an inhabitant June 27, 1638.

In 1638 Robert Potter was also admitted an inhabitant of the island of Aquidneck, Rhode Island, and April 30, 1639, he, with twenty-eight others, signed the following compact: "We whose names are underwritten do acknowledge ourselves the legal subjects of his Majesty King Charles, and in his name do hereby bind ourselves into a civil body politicke, unto his laws according to matters of justice." In his belief he agreed with the Quakers in the rejection of church ordinances and a few other points, but he differed with them in points which were considered the most essential. It seems from the records that he and his associates did not get on well in Portsmouth, and the following is from the records of the Colony of Rhode Island, March 16, 1642: "It is ordered that Robert Potter, Richard Carden, Randall Houlden, and Sampson Shotton be disfranchised of the privileges and prerogatives belonging to the body of this State, and their names cancelled from the records." The next day the colony ordered that these same men should not come upon the island armed, and if they did so, they were to be taken before the magistrate. In 1642 he sold his house and land at Portsmouth to his brother-in-law, John Anthony. On January 12, 1642, Samuel Gorton, Robert Potter and others of Warwick, were deeded land by the Narragansett Indians. In 1643 he and others were summoned to appear at the general court at Boston to hear complaint of Pomham and Socconocco because of some "injurious dealing toward them by yourselves." They refused to obey the summons, declaring that they were legal subjects of the King of England and beyond the limits of Massachusetts colony. Captain Cook and a company of soldiers were sent to get 'them, and they besieged the house in which they were sheltered and finally captured them, and all except Shotton were taken to Boston for trial and condemned to confinement in several different towns. Their wives and children were forced to live in the woods and suffered hardships that resulted in the death of at least three women, one of whom was Robert Potter's wife. He was taken to Rowley and set to work under guard, and threatened with death if he attempted to talk of the heresies he believed in. Hebard Gorton and some of his associates then went to England and presented to the commissioners of foreign plantations, appointed by parliament, a memorial against the Colony of Massachusetts for their violent and unjust expulsion of themselves from the Colony. In 1646 an order reinforced them in their possession of Shawomet (Warwick), forbidding the Massachusetts Colony to interfere with them.

In 1643 Robert Potter was arrested and tried in Boston and was also excommunicated from his church. The date of his coming to England first is not known, except that he was a passenger with the Rev. Nathaniel Ward who was afterwards minister at Ipswich and is supposed to have sailed from England in April, 1634. In 1649 Robert Potter was licensed to keep an inn. In 1651 he was commissioner, and on May 25, 1655, he was again appointed by the court of commissioners to keep a tayern. The inventory of his estate, forty-two pounds, was taken May 14, 1656, and on June 11, 1656, the town council found that it was necessary to sell some of his land to discharge debts. On March 16, 1686, his will was made, and it was proved May 4, 1686. His wife was Sarah, who married (second) John Sanford, of Boston, and the executors were William and John Mason Jr. He bequeathed to daughters of his brother, Robert Sanford, sister Mary Turner, to the children of John Potter, Elizabeth Potter, and Deliverance Potter, and to executors. Robert Potter married (first) Isabel, who died in 1643, and he married (second) Sarah, who died in 1686. Children, by first wife: Elizabeth, born in Roxbury, Massachusetts: Deliverance, born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, 1637; Isabel, born in Portsmouth; John, mentioned below.

(II) John, son of Robert Potter, was born in Portsmouth in 1639. He was made a freeman in 1660. He married (first) Ruth Fisher, and married (second) 1684, widow Sarah Collins. He was married by Mayor John Greene who was afterwards deputy gov-

emor He was light on any right sorth and on August 24, 1959 of the court martiel below to part a contrial of certain Indians charged with being engaged in kine Philip ... inc. Co. Mai 7. ropo la sas amin'ili 'y e in e mo beton, when he was a stall a soliding and sending Indians to Newport. In 1685-86 he was assistant. On October 10, 1687, he deeded to his eldest son Robert, two hundred acres for love, and on April 28, 1688, he and his son Robert sold John Anthony, of Portsmouth, buildings, orchard, and twenty-eight acres in Portsmouth, for sixty pounds. On October 6, 1002, he deeded to sons Fisher and John, one hundred acres each, and Febmany by strong the doublet to blace a some eighty acres. He died intestate, and on April 10, 1694, his son Robert disposed of the estate, to the two youngest brothers, Edward and Content. Children, born in Warwick; Robert, March 5, 1665; Fisher, July 12, 1667; William, May 23, 1671; Samuel, January 10. 1672; Isabella, October 17, 1674; Ruth, Noventher in the Lineal manter of 1678: Content, October 2, 1680.

was born at Warwick, November 21, 1000. Mary Burlinghame. He was killed February 5, 1711, by the falling of a tree, and his widow married (second) December 27, the brodhers to the half and building was one out to maturity, and both by the same mother, Jane. Children, born in Cranston, Rhode Island: John, born before 1005; Fisher, September 20, 1700; Mary; William, mentioned

below; Amy; Alice, John.

was born in Cranston, Rhode Island. He married, February 19, 1720, Martha Tilling-Ruth, November 24, 1722; Captain William, September 24, 1724; Martha, February 27, 1727; Sarah, April 15, 1729; Oliver, mentioned below: Keziah, born in Cranston.

born in Cranston, Rhode Island. He married, October 17, 1757, Mary Colvin, Chil-dren, born in Coventry, Rhode Island: Col-onel Andrew, October 18, 1757, mentioned below; Robe, April 11, 1750; Noel, June 4, 1761 Smile Percenter 28 17 g m m. December 11, 1765; Huldah, January 16,

(VI) Colonel Andrew Potter, son of Oliver Patter, was been an emission, Research

Elisha Olney; Samuel, married Temperance The second secon pary 8, 1815, Anna F., born in 1700, die! married (second) April 26, 1844. Charlotte mentioned below; Ann Frances, October 13, 1821, mentioned below; Ann Frances, October 13, 1823; Phebe Sophia, March 28, 1826, died September 24, 1827; William L., April 23, 11 Company of Birmingham to build a dam across the Housatonic river. This vast work including the locks and canal was completed October 5, 1870, and the event celebrated with music, a parade and formal addresses. In the history of Derby fifteen pages are devoted to the enterprise. Of Mr. Potter the history says: "The engineer, Mr. H. T. Potter, received most hearty commendation and praise. He was a man of no specious pretense, yet very able; patient as most men, often more so; seeing at a glance what he could do, and always did what he promised; many times under censure, and yet he went on his way steadily, pushing to the end, beating back one and another difficulty, until finally the work under his hands grew to final completion, a monument to his engineering skill."

The dam on the Shetauket river built by him has a drainage area of four hundred and fifty-nine square miles and is twenty-five feet high. Another dam the same height on the same river has a drainage area of four hundred and seventy-seven miles, and a third fifteen feet high has an area of five hundred and twenty-six miles. The dam on the Housatonic has a drainage area of one thousand five hundred and sixty miles and is twenty-four feet high. All these dams were built on a rather poor gravel foundation and much was learned by the builders in the course of construction. He was appointed in 1878 to the state board of civil engineers for the supervision of dams and reservoirs and continued in that office until he resigned on account of ill health in 1897, a few months before he died.

The first dam approved by him was that at Greeneville to take the place of the structure built in 1830 by the Norwich Water Power Company. The new dam was built in 1881-82 and develops the largest power in eastern Connecticut. The second was a dam on the Quinebaug river in the town of Thompson at the village of Reedsville. This dam has a timber rollway and a long earthen embankment over which a highway passes. The third was a dam in Woodstock, built without state supervision in an improper manner and strengthened by the addition of ten feet in the width of the base, as recommended by Mr. Potter. The fourth was the new Slater dam at Jewett City, built to take the place of the one carried away in the freshet of 1886. It is of stone masonry with granite face, founded on a large ledge and said to be the finest structure of its kind in the third congressional district. He approved another dam at Jewett City above the Slater dam, to take the place of one that was destroyed in 1886, and a sixth at the Pachaug reservoir to take the place of a wooden dam that has become rotten. The seventh dam was a timber dam at Moosup, the eighth for water power for Lebanon, and the ninth for the Pomonah water supply. During his later years he was a consulting engineer and expert in mill construction. His advice was often sought, and great confidence was reposed in his judgment.

In 1862 he represented the town in the general assembly of the state. He was elected an honorary member of the Connecticut Association of Civil Engineers and Surveyors, June 7, 1887. Mr. Potter was well informed in many fields of thought and was a gifted public speaker. His integrity was never questioned. He detested shams of all kinds. His home was his chief delight in life and there his best personal qualities were revealed. He was kindly, considerate and charitable in dealing with men and was highly esteemed by his neighbors and friends. He died September 20, 1897. He was buried in the Yantic cemetery. He purchased a home on Washington street, Norwich, and lived there the remainder of his life.

He married, November 16, 1848, Sarah Baker, who died January 26, 1903, daughter of Dr. Daniel Baker, of Fiskville. Children: I. Daniel Baker, died August 16, 1901; unmarried; was a jeweler in Norwich. 2. Walter Harris, married Julia Lathrop, of Norwich; child, Ruth Potter. 3. Jennie, resides in the old home on Washington street. 4. Harry, died January 17, 1893; was clerk in the Dime Savings Bank of Norwich.

George Potter, immigrant an-POTTER cestor, was born in England, and came as early as 1638 to Portsmouth, Rhode Island, and was admitted as an inhabitant of what was then called the island of Aquidneck. He and twenty-eight other settlers signed the compact regarding their government, April 30, 1630. His widow married Nicholas Niles. He had a son Abel, mentioned below.

(II) Abel, son of George Potter, was born about 1640, died in 1692. When a youth he was bound out as an apprentice for a term of eighteen years to William Boylston or Baulston. He bought a right in the town of Dartmouth, May 3, 1667, and also owned land in Providence, Rhode Island. He was admitted a freeman, May 1, 1677. His will was proved March 9, 1692, his widow Rachel being executrix. He married, November 16, 1669, Rachel, daughter of John and Priscilla Warner. Children, born at Warwick, Rhode Island: George, died May 3, 1712; John,

born 1680; Abel, mentioned below; Benjamin;

CHILD Mod (2), we of Mod to 150-A TOP TO THOSE OF INDIES OF THE Paine; (second) April 30, 1710, Martha,

settled at Cranston, Rhode Island. He marston: Zuriel, April 8, 1740; Meshach, mentioned below; Honneyman, M. D.; Holliman,

July 3, 1755; Susanna; Rebecca; Jemima. (V) Meshach, son of Major Benjamin Potter, was born at Cranston, 1744, died September 18, 1819. He married, April 10, 1774. Temperance, born 1750, died 1828, daughter of Josiah and Sarah Burlingame. Children, born at Cranston: Lydia, May 20, 1775; Henry H. January 13, 1777; William Anson, mentioned below: Thomas Rumeril, March 6, 1781; Freelove, May 10, 1783; Hannah, June 22, times; Abednego, June 28, 1700; Simon W.,

ter, was born February 3, 1770. He married, in 1805, Sarah, daughter of John and Hope (Harris) (Parkhurst) Smith, Children, born at Warwick: Alfred W., July 10, 1806; Rebecca W., January 13, 1808; Eliza Harris, twin of Rebecca W.; Maria Smith, November 28, 1800; William Pitt, mentioned below:

Potter, was born August 16, 1811, died February 14, 1887. He was superintendent for many years of the Norwich Bleaching, Dyeing and Calendering Company, now the United Sarah D., daughter of Nicholas Hawkins, Children: 1. Charles H., born at Warwick. June 1, 1836; married (first) July 22, 1863, Marion Waters, born 1837, died 1868, daughter of Jedediah Waters; married (second) May 10, 1874, Anna M., daughter of David P. Otis. 2, William Pitt, mentioned below. 3, Frank H., born at Norwich, November 17, t856; married, August 24, 1881, Minnie E., born 1852, daughter of David P. and Julia

Pitt (1) Potter, was born at Norwich, July 1, 1850. He married, August 14, 1873, Ellen A.,

ried Tryphena, daughter of

Potter was educated in a set of set o

der counter point of the second and first. Crest: A hand grasping a lance in bend proper. Motto: "Et Arma et Virtus." Many families of this name emigrated to Ireland and settled in the counties of Tyrone, Antrim

and Londonderry.

(I) David Hamilton, the immigrant ancestor of this branch of the family, lived in the township of Hamilton, near Glasgow, Scotland. He was taken prisoner by Cromwell at the battle of Worcester, September 3, 1651, and with many others was sent to this country by Cromwell as prisoner of war, and sold into slavery. David Hamilton sailed on the ship "John and Sarah," from Gravesend, near London, November 8, 1652, arriving at Charlestown, Massachusetts, in the April following. He worked from five to ten years for his liberty, and then went to Dover, New Hampshire, and settled in what is now the town of Rollinsford, on the west bank of the Salmon Falls river, at a place called Newichawannock, and which he bought in 1669. Here he lived until he was killed by the Indians, September 28, 1691. His name appears February 20, 1689, on a petition for defense against the enemy. He married at Saco, Maine, July 14, 1662, Anna Jackson, daughter of Richard Jackson, who came to America on the same ship and who was also a prisoner. Children: Solomon, born August 10, 1666; Jonathan, born December 20, 1672; Abel, born 1676; Jonas, born 1678; Gabriel, born 1679, mentioned below; David, died without issue; Abiel, born 1680; James, born 1682.

(II) Gabriel, son of David Hamilton, was born in 1679, and lived in Berwick, Maine. He owned much property in Berwick, and also some in New London, Connecticut. He and his wife Mary joined the church at Berwick, September 6. 1713. His will was dated September 22, 1729, and proved April 6, 1730. He married (first) about 1705, Mary Hearl, who died before August 9, 1718, daughter of William, Sr. and Elizabeth Hearl. He married (second), May 24, 1721, Judith (Lord) Meeds, born March 29, 1687, daughter of Nathan and Martha (Toxer) Lord, of Berwick, and widow of Benjamin Meeds. Children of the first wife, the first five baptized September 6, 1713: Gabriel; Mary, died young; Hannah; John; Patience; Jonathan, baptized August 4, 1715, mentioned below; Katherine, baptized May 29, 1718. Children of the second wife: Mary, baptized August 27, 1724; Martha, baptized same day; Margaret, baptized same day; Olive, baptized May 6, 1731.

(III) Jonathan, son of Gabriel Hamilton, was baptized in the first parish of Berwick, Maine, August 4, 1715. He remove! about

1736 to New London, Connecticut, and married there. July 26, 1735, Elizabeth Strickland. It is said that he had a second wife, and that Phebe, who died July 26, 1786, was his third wife. In 1760, with his wife, Phebe, he removed to Horton, Nova Scotia. He was the first high sheriff of King's county. He died February 24, 1778. Children of Jonathan Hamilton: John; James, born February 20, 1763, mentioned below; Jonathan, born February 10, 1767; Sarah, born March 24, 1769, died young.

(IV) James, son of Jonathan Hamilton, was born February 2, 1763, and married, February 10, 1796, Nancy Harris. He died December 9, 1843. They had one child, James

E., mentioned below.

(V) James Edward, son of James Hamilton, was born in Norwich. He married Anna Maria Gesner, whose ancestors were of Knickerbocker and French Huguenot stock, Konrad Gessner, the Zurich scholar and philosopher, was an ancestor. Her father was Henry Gessner, a farmer and trader of New York, who lived to the advanced age of nine-ty-four years. She was a faithful member of the Protestant Episcopal church. She died at the age of seventy-four years. James E. Hamilton was a merchant in the West India trade. He lived to the age of eighty-four years. Children: J. Henry, professor in Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, New York;

Charles Storrs; James; Nicholas L.

(VI) Charles Storrs, son of James Edward Hamilton was born in New York City, January 3, 1848. The family removed to Grand Pré, Nova Scotia, and he went to school there. A branch of this Hamilton family located in Nova Scotia some generations before, having grants of land for their service in the capture of Louisburgh. He prepared for college under a private tutor and entered Kings College at Windsor, Nova Scotia, the oldest chartered college in the Dominion of Canada. He was graduated with the degree of A. B., in the class of 1873, and then came to Boston. where he began the study of law in the office of Hon, Samuel Clark, a congressman from that city. After two years of study he entered the Yale Law School and was graduated with the degree of LL. B. in 1875, after eighteen months. He had previously studied medicine to some extent in the office of his uncle and while at New Haven he took some courses in the Yale Medical School, and he has made a specialty of law cases requiring some knowledge of medicine and surgery, especially actions of tort and suits for damages for injuries. He was admitted to the bar in 1875, after an extended trip through the



Chrilis ! Hawilkon



southern total in United and in where he has been housed as a second timber tal on high sark in miles leading the first and the control in the process and the state of the st lawyer. In recent years he has had an extenand there is the confidence and Rhode Island and New York in trying before juries cases for damages. In Connecticut this Connecticut since Volume 41 was published. He is in much demand as public speaker. tained his acquaintance with the classics and reads Latin and Greek for a pastime. He speaks French and German fluently. In addition to his law practice, he has extensive interests in shipping and real estate.

He was a Republican until 1800, when he differed from his party in some essential points, and since then he has been independent. In 1888 he was a member of the common council of New Haven from the second ward, and in the following year was an alnated for state senator and though his party was in the minority, he ran ahead of the ticket. In the same year, he was chairman of the oughly and well. He takes a keen interest in the legislation of the state from year to year, and has drafted many important statutes that New Haven Free Public Library and chairman of the Board of Registration of New Haven for five years. He has held the office of justice of the peace. He has written articles on legal topics for various periodicals and newspapers of New Haven and New York. He wrote an article on "The Use and Effect of a Seal on a Written Instrument," for the He has taken out three patents for marine incention in a may a muchly write into a rudder hinge and a mooring-line attachment. He was a trustee of the New Haven Yacht Club, member of the Shelter Island Yacht Club, and a skillful yachtsman. In the summer of 1901 he carried the flag of this vacht club for the first time into the British provinces on his schooner yacht "Fearless." He is also fond of fishing and hunting, and takes much of his recreation with rod and line, or with his gun. He has an interesting collection of birds, made by himself and hand-

of the Orton & Nichols School of New Har-William Storrs W the honor men in

married Hannah, daughter of Thomas Loonis, of Windsor, by his first wife. He lived hefere his death, and then removed to Water

tratrix, but she seems to have been married name has not been found, and Ensign Thomas pointed administrators, and to take care of the in debt, and considerable was expended for

May 27, 1683, died young; Hannah, baptized October 10, 1684, five years old; William, baps

He lived in that part of Danbury called Bethe

organized in 1700. He had three sons, and Deacon E. Taylor thought he had five daughters. Children: Philip: Thomas; Samuel, mentioned below; Hannah: Rebecca.

in 1700. He married Hannah Knapp. They
Millian
Samuel, twin of Ebenezer, mentioned below;
Comfort, about 1745; James and Jonathan,

both Tories in the revolution, joined the British on Long Island, and died without issue;

Elijah, June 19, 1759.

(V) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Judd, was born about 1743-44. He married Lucy Hawley, and had one child, Benjamin, mentioned below. This wife died and he married a second. He lived some years in Cornwall,

and is believed to have died there.

(VI) Benjamin, son of Samuel (2) Judd, was born in Bethel, in 1769, died March 6, 1826. He married (first) June 13, 1790, Zilpha Williams, of Bethel. She died April 15, 1819, and he married (second) Elizabeth Sturdevant, April 30, 1820. Children by first wife: Samuel, born November 2, 1791; Lucy, December 15, 1792, married Abel Crofut; Polly, August 15, 1795, married Stephen Adams; Hawley, September 13, 1797, mentioned below; Hiram, May 14, 1803. By second wife: George B., January 24, 1821.

(VII) Hawley, son of Benjamin Judd, was born September 13, 1797, in Bethel. He married, December 31, 1818, Eleanor Adams, of Redding, Connecticut. He removed to Pembroke, New York, and from there to Michigan. His first wife died and he married a second wife. Children, all born in Bethel: Betsey, March 29, 1819; Grant, June 29, 1821, mentioned below; Hiram Benjamin, April 3, 1823; Harrison, June 2, 1825; Henry, July 20, 1827; Amelia, February 22, 1831; Frank, December 18, 1833; Mary, January 28, 1839; Edgar, March 10, 1841.

(VIII) Grant, son of Hawley Judd, was born June 29, 1821, in Bethel. In 1843 he removed to Stamford, where he passed the remainder of his life. He was one of the organizers of the Phoenix Carriage Manufacturing Company, of Stamford, with which he remained until the company dissolved. During his life he was much respected, and had many fine characteristics. He died January 3, 1892. He married, March 26, 1845, Hannah M. Knapp, born June 26, 1827, daughter of Luther and Hannah (Selleck) Knapp (see Knapp VI). Child, William Hawley, mentioned below.

(IX) William Hawley, son of Grant Judd, was born at Stamford, Connecticut, February 10, 1850. He was educated chiefly in the private schools of his native town. At the age of eighteen years he began his business career in the employ of Fox & St. John, lumber dealers, Stamford. Upon the death of Mr. Fox in 1868, the firm name was changed to St. John & Hoyt, Harvey Hoyt succeeding to the interests of Mr. Fox. Mr. Judd continued with the new firm as bookkeeper, salesman and manager until 1878, when he was ad-

mitted to the firm and the name changed to St. John, Hoyt & Company. Early in 1888 Mr. Getman, of Oswego, New York, was admitted to the firm and the name changed to Hovt, Getman & Judd and continued thus until 1897, when Mr. Bogardus became a member of the firm and the name became Getman, Judd & Company. Mr. Getman died in 1897 and the concern was incorporated the following year under the name of the Getman & Judd Company, Mr. Judd being president of the company. Mr. Judd is secretary and treasurer of the St. John Wood Working Company; secretary, treasurer and director of the East Branch Dock Corporation; treasurer and director of the Victor Steamboat Company; director of the Stamford Trust Company, the Stamford Hospital, Manufacturers' Association of Stamford and the Woodland Cemetery Association; trustee of the Stamford Savings Bank; delegate of the Eastern States Retail Lumber Dealers' Association, and has served as president of the Connecticut Lumber Dealers' Association. He is a Republican and somewhat active in politics and city affairs; he was a burgess of Stamford under the borough government. He is a member of the Church Club of Connecticut, the Republican Club of New York, the Suburban Club of Stamford, the Stamford Yacht Club and the Lumbermen's Club of New York City. Mr. Judd married, November 11, 1873, in New York City, Anna Moores, born April 3, 1851, daughter of Charles W. and Susan (Mallory) Moores. Mr. and Mrs. Judd are members of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church of Stamford; he has been a vestryman for many years and for the past ten years has served as junior warden of the

(II) Caleb Knapp, son of Nicholas Knapp (q. v.), was born January 20, 1636. He settled at Stamford. Children, born at Stamford: Caleb, November 24, 1661; John, men-

(III) John, son of Caleb Knapp, was born at Stamford, July 25, 1664. He married there, June 10, 1692, Hannah Ferris. Children, born at Stamford: Samuel, August 27, 1695; John, August, 14, 1697; Hannah, March 10, 1698-99; Peter, August 15, 1701; Charles, mentioned below; Deborah, June 28, 1707; Moses, August 6, 1709.

(IV) Charles, son of John Knapp, was born May 9, 1705, at Stamford. He married there, June 17, 1731, Bethia Weed. Children, born at Stamford: Charles, July 18, 1732; Sarah, April 2, 1734; Hannah, March 29, 1736; Bethia, June 12, 1738; Jonas, August 25, 1740 Tear to Min or the deal for confer to 1744 Section Vision Conference (III).

A H william to the Standard H was a pensioner in 1840, then aged ninety (pages 485 and 662 Conn. Rev. Rolls). Children, born at Stamford: Polly, July 18, 1776; H william to the standard H will have the standard H william to the standard H william to the standard H william to the standard H will have the standard H will have the standard H william to the standard H william to the standard H will have the standard H w

(VI) Luther, son of Hezekiah Knapp, was born at Stamford, August 21, 1789, died there December 5, 1866. He married there, Octolier 3, 41; Him 1793, died there August 26, 1861, daughter of Health and Health and Phoebe (Clock) Selleck, born November 17, 1772, died March 21, 1853. Children, born at Stamford: Phoebe Selleck, July 19, 1815; Joseph Selleck, March 15, 1818; Mary 26, 1823; Charles Hezekiah, August 23, 1825; Hamah M., June 26, 1827; married, March 26, 1845, Grant Juld (see Judd VIII).

Hingham, Massachusetts, is

urname Lincoln. From these pioneers are descended all the colonial families of the the edinth Prender I. in their than one governor and man of note in all walks of life. The surname was variously spelled Linkhorn, Linkoln, Lincon, and was common in old Hingham, in England, for more than a century before immigrant ancestors made their home in Massachusetts. The origin or meaning of the name has been a theme of discussion. Some have maintained that it is a relic of the Anglo-Saxon-Norman-Conquest period, when, near some waterfall (Anglo-Saxon "lin") a colony (Roman "col-) was founded, thus giving Lincolonia or finally Lincolnshire. Eight of the name were among the first settlers of Hingham, coming thither from Wymondham, county Norfolk. England. Three brothers, Daniel, Samuel and Thomas, came with their mother Joan. There were no less than four named Thomas Lincoln, adults and heads of families, all doubtless related. They were distinguished on the records were known as Thomas, the miller; Thomas, the miller; Thomas, the Lincoln who came with his wife and son Stephen, from Wymond, England, in 1638. This ham,

came to Hingham, Massachusetts, in 1635,

July 3, 1636, on what is now South street,

anchusetts, and had built a grist mill there on Mill river at a point in the very the present city, near the street lead the railroad station to City Square. It is said that King Philip and his chiefs once met the colonists in conference in this mill. He served in Taunton on the jury in 1650; was highway surveyor there in 1650 and the largest land owner. He became one of the stockholders in the famous Taunton iron works, established October, 1652, as a stock company. Among

works were operated until 1883, and the dam interesting sites in the history of American

interesting sites in the history of American industry. He married (first) in England, and

coln gave land in Hingham to his son Thomas, who sold it October 11, 1662, specifying the history of the transactions. Lincoln's will was dated August 23, 1683, when he stated his age as about eighty years. The will was proved March 5, 1684. Children: John, baptized February, 1630, married Edith Macomber; Sanuel, mentioned below; Thomas Jr., February, 1637-38, at Hingham; Mary, at Hingham, October 6, 1642, married William Hack and Richard Stevens; Sarah, December, 1645, married Joseph Wills, of Taunton, and settled in Scituate.

(II) Samuel, son of Thomas Lincoln, the miller, was born at Hingham, England, or vicinity and baptized in Hingham, Massachusettled in Taunton, Massachusetts. Children:

nah, married —— Owen; Tamsen, married Jonah Austin Jr.; Elizabeth, married William Brings.

(III) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Linin 1 min m = 1 min. Norwich, Connecticut, later in Windham in that state. He married, June 2, 1692, Elizabeth Jacobs, also of an old Hingham family. Children: Samuel, mentioned below, Jacob, Thomas, Jonah, Nathaniel, died in infancy, and Elizabeth.

(IV) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) Lincoln, was born in Windham, Connecticut, November 29, 1693; married, August 23, 1723, Ruth Huntington. Children: Samuel, John, (mentioned below), Nathaniel, who lived to be one hundred and five years and five months

of age, Joseph, Eleazer and David.

(V) John, son of Samuel (3) Lincoln, was born at Windham, July 28, 1726, and died June 7, 1810. He married (first) Rebecca—; (second), May 30, 1758, Annie Stowell, widow. Children of first wife: Two died in infancy. Children of second wife: Annie, Eleazer, Jonah and Jerusha (twins), and Olive.

(VI) Jonah, son of John Lincoln, was born at Windham, November 15, 1760. For many years in addition to farming on an extensive scale, he was a wool manufacturer at North Windham. One of the products of his mill was satinet that was used in making uniforms for the revolutionary soldiers and felt for paper machines. For a time the business flourished, but after the war the commercial crisis caused heavy losses. For a number of years his sons were associated with him and the business was finally taken by his son Stowell. The later years of Jonah's life, he spent in farming and at the time of his death he had a handsome competence. In politics he was a John Quincy Adams Democrat and took a keen interest in national, state and town affairs. He was for many years representative to the general assembly and for a long time served the district, comprising the towns of Hampton, Windham and Chaplin, as now constituted, as judge of probate. He was active in organizing the Christian Church at North Windham. He died May 14, 1845, and was buried at North Windham. He married, May 1, 1783, Lucy Webb, born May 31, 1763, died July 23, 1846, at the age of eighty-three years. Children, born at Windham: 1. James, May 31, 1784; married Asenath Flint. 2. Dan, mentioned below. 3. Stowell, October 28, 1788, for many years a manufacturer at North Windham, captain of the artillery company; married Maria Welch and died March 29, 1870. 4. John, February 17, 1791; married Millany Huntington and was a farmer in Berks county, Pennsylvania, where he died. 5. Ralph, December 22, 1792; married Almira Trumbull, was a manufacturer at North Windham and died June 24, 1876. 6. Elisha,

January 12, 1795: married Eliza Aplin, was a farmer in Berks county, then in Ohio, and finally in Van Buren, Arkansas, where he died. 7. Lucy. July 11, 1797; married Benjamin Perry, a carpenter. 8. Marcia, November 23, 1799; married Luther Burnham, a farmer of Hampton and finally at North Windham where he died. 9. Albert, September 9, 1802, graduated at the military academy at West Point and while on his way to Fort Anthony, now Minneapolis, Minnesota, died, October 13, 1822, at St. Louis, Missouri. 10. Burr, October 2, 1804; married Elmira Wood.

(VII) Dan, son of Jonah Lincoln, was born July 27, 1786; died December 31, 1864. In early manhood he entered his father's mill at North Windham, became an expert clothier and later a partner of his brother

Stowell.

In middle life he bought the Tucker farm, just over the Windham line in Chaplin, and built thereon the Clover Mill. Later he removed to Scotland and followed farming. His last years were spent on the Burr Lincoln place, later William Sibley's, in North Windham and he died there. For many years he was captain of militia and was widely known as "Captain Dan." He was a prominent citizen in this section; was selectman of both Windham and Chaplin. He was of sound judgment and strong character. His counsel and advice were sought by many and he had many friends in all classes of people. He married, February 6, 1812, Mehitable Flint of North Windham, born November 3, 1787, died September 3, 1875. Children: I. Amanda, born November 10, 1812; died January 12, 1890; married Edwin E. Burnham of Windham, a prominent merchant and real estate dealer in later life at Willimantic. 2. Mason, March 26, 1816, a blacksmith at North Windham, afterward a banker and real estate broker at Willimantic; died July 10, 1889. 3. Allen, of further mention. 4. Albert, September 15, 1819, blacksmith until the civil war, enlisted and returned disabled, engaged in farming, died at Coventry, January 14, 1885. 5. Jared W., September 8, 1823, still living (1911) in Chaplin; was a school teacher, then a farmer in Windham and Scotland, Connecticut; bought Allen Lincoln's store in Chaplin in 1857; was appointed postmaster by President Lincoln and except during two Democratic administrations was postmaster until he retired and was succeeded by his son; was town clerk and treasurer in 1863 and continually until 1905, thereafter represented the town of Chaplin in the general assembly in 1862; clerk and treasurer of the Congregational Society until 1908. 6.

Fark, and women to allow

ATH Allent 1 Department of the town of Windham, Connecticut, October 16, 1817. He attended the district schools and worked during his boyhood on the farm. In 1831 his parents removed to the Tucker farm over the line in the town of Chaplin and he was "bound out" and had more than his share of hard work and drudgery. But his schooling was not neglected and in the course of time he was found competent to teach. When he came of age he purchased the Tucker farm, where he had lived when a boy, going in debt for the entire amount of the purchase price and making the place pay for itself. When a voging man he had in a didition to his farming. Twice here, in addition to his farming. Twice here

there, in addition to his farming. Twice before he was thirty-five he met with reverses and lost all his property, but he was never discouraged. In 1853 he removed to Chaplin and opened a general store. Four years later what was then the principal part of the village, at the corner of Bridge and Main streets, and retained his store at Chaplin, but finally sold it to his brother Jared W. Lincoln. In 1864 he made his home permanently in Willimantic. In partnership with I. Lester Eaton, also of Chaplin, he opened a general store in the old "Brainard House" and carried on business there until, in company with E. E. Burnham and J. G. Keigwin, he built Union son-in-law, to whom he finally sold his business. After leaving Chaplin, he bought the Howes property on Union street, opened Temple, Valley and Center streets and sold lots and built dwelling houses there. He erected the brick house on Center street. For a long time he and E. E. Burnham were in partnership in the real estate business in which they were very successful. In 1869 he purchased the Bassett Block and soon afterward a large tract of land on Prospect Hill. In 1876 he formed a partnership with E. A. Buck and E. M. Durkee in the flour and grain business. This firm was dissolved in 1879. Soon afterward he took into partnership his only son, Allen B. Lincoln, under the firm name of A. Lincoln & Son, and continued in business to the time of his death.

He was elected to various offices of honor and trust and filled them with characteristic zeal and faithfulness. In Chaplin he was postmaster and town clerk and in 1855 represented the town in the general assembly. In Windham he was selectman, town clerk

Million Millio

Soil ticket and joined the Repu at its organization. It tionalist he served the

church building at Will

The following tribute to his char years a director of this band tute), having been suddenly removed from our off Mr. Lincoln, who met with us at the last meeting of the board, we feel that this bank, in common with other public interests with which he was connected, has lost a valuable helper, and that as fellow officers, we take the property of the ways, and the valuable advice the property of the ways, and the valuable advice the property of the ways, and the valuable advice the property of the ways.

ence from our councils, and honor and cherish his memory as a pleasant companion of citizen, who discharged any trust private, to which he was called, y and ability. Resolved, that these be placed in the records of the bank, and a copy delivered to the invalid widow and the family of the deceased, as an expression of course covered to the place.

He was an able and successful business man, facing loss and misfortune with courage and honor, paying his debts in full and asking no favors. He was considerate and successful. His manly, sterling char example and inspiration in the hold of the courage of the courage was also become a successful to the courage of the co

was one of the four children of his second marriage. Origen Bennett Jr. taught school at Chaplin for more than forty years. Mrs. Lincoln died December 26, 1900, and is buried at Willimantic. A memorial baptismal font of bronze and marble has been erected in memory of Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln in the First Congregational Church, of which they were members. Children of Allen and Sallinda (Bennett) Lincoln: 1. Martha Sallinda, born in Chaplin, April 1, 1847; married John M. Alpaugh, of Willimantic, later of Providence, Rhode Island; children: Frank L. and Clifford J. Alpaugh. 2. Janette (twin), born December 22, 1848; married Frank F. Webb, of Willimantic. 3. Lila, twin of Janette, married Edward H. Brown, of Providence, and has three children-Ward L., Preston and Mabel B. Brown. 4. Allen Bennett, mentioned below

(IX) Allen (2) Bennett, son of Allen (1) Lincoln, was born August 2, 1858, in the house that stood formerly near the corner of Church and Main streets. His schooling was begun in Miss Rose Dimock's private school. In 1865 he entered the Natchaug School, which was founded in that year and graduated in 1875. He then entered the Williston Seminary at Easthampton and was graduated in the class of 1877. He graduated from Yale College with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1881. For about a year he was associated in business with his father, but his tastes were literary and he accepted a position as editorial ary and he accepted a position as entional writer on the staff of the *Providence Evening Press*, under Z. L. White. Afterward he held a similar position on the *Providence Journal*, under George W. Danielson. In 1885 he returned home, on account of ill health, and soon afterward was elected temporary alcaled a the state of advertise in polary. clerk of the state board of education in place of A. J. Wright, who was absent on sick leave. In the fall of 1886 he established The Connecticut Home, at Willimantic, making it the state organ of the Prohibition party. Four years later, he removed the office to Hartford and combined his paper with the Worcester Times, a similar newspaper, which he bought, and continued the amalgamated journals under the name of The New England Home, which took high rank among the Prohibition newspapers of the country. The Prohibition party strength was undermined by political changes and the support of the party newspapers weak-ened. In November, 1894, Mr. Lincoln sold his paper to what was afterward The New Voice, published in Chicago. In 1895 he established in Willimantic a branch of the Coöperative Savings Society and also carried on a fire insurance agency. He added life

insurance to his business. In May, 1901, he sold his other business and has since devoted his attention chiefly to life insurance. He developed successfully the district agency of the Northwestern Mutual Life, in eastern Connecticut, and May 1, 1909, he was appointed manager of the district offices of the same company in New Haven, Connecticut and in September, 1909, removed his residence from Willimantic to New Haven. His literary work has not been confined to newspapers. He was while in college an editor of the Yale Courant for three years. In 1883 he wrote a history of the Natchaug School and in 1885 a "History of all the Fire Companies ever formed in Windham," both of which were published in pamphlet form and were valuable contributions to local history. In 1885 he wrote a series of articles on civil service reform which were personally commended by George William Curtis and issued in pamphlet form by the Williamntic Civil Service Reform Association. He developed ability as a public speaker and during various political campaigns spoke at rallies of his party in more than a hundred towns in Rhode Island, Connecticut and New York. He was chairman of the Prohibition State Committee for several years and a number of his addresses were published as campaign documents of the Prohibition party. In 1892 he was chosen historian of the town of Windham at the bi-centennial celebration, and was editor and compiler of the Memorial Volume, published in 1893. In Memorial Volume, published in 1893. In June, 1900, The Hartford Times published an article on "A New Democracy" written by Mr. Lincoln, and said editorially: "His conclusions must appeal powerfully to all patriotic Americans, and presentation of them has not been excelled in force or precision by any writer on public questions who has recently addressed the American public." He cast his first vote for the Republican party but in 1884 supfor the Republican party, but in 1884 supported Cleveland. In 1886 he joined the Prohibition party and in recent years he has been independent of all parties in his political action. He has served on the school board of Willimantic and was charter member of the Willimantic Board of Trade. He is a member of the executive committee of the State Civil Service Reform Association, delegateat-large in the State Brotherhood of Congregational Men's Clubs, and member of the New Haven Chamber of Commerce and the Graduates' Club. He and his wife are members of the Congregational Church, Willimantic, of which he was superintendent of the Sunday school for ten years. He married, December 18, 1883, Caroline Laura Buck, born

M.a. Delia Lincoln Buck. Her father was formerly state treasurer of Connecticut, residing at Ashford. Mrs. Lincoln was active in church and the control of t

William Buck, the immigrant an-BUCK cestor, came from England on the ship "Increase," which sailed, April, 1635, and landed in a mouth at Boston, Massachusetts. At that time, he gave his age as fifty years, and so he was born in 1585. His son Roger, then eighteen years old, was with him. He settled at Cambridge, Masacres in 1652, which was lot No. 91 in the o-called Cambridge Survey. The new home was situated in what was called the west field, now Raymond street, northeast from Garden street. He was a plough-wright. He died,

(II) Roger, son of William Buck, was born in 1617, in England. He came with his father to New England on the "Increase," will be and Emanuel Buck who settled at Wethersfield, Connecticut, were relatives, and were perhaps sons of William Buck. Roger Buck was a plough-wright and a farmer. He settled near his father at Cambridge, and when his wife Susannah died, he moved to Woburn where some of his children lived. He died in Woburn, November 10, 1693. Children: John, born September 3, 1644; Ephraim, July 26, 1646. mentioned below; Mary, born January 23, 1648; Ruth, November 6, 1653; Elizabeth, July 5, 1657; Lydia, married November 3, 1642. Henry Smith; Samuel, March 16, 1666.

(III) Ephraim, son of Roger Buck, was born at Cambridge, July 26, 1646. He married, January 1, 1671, Sarah, daughter of John and Eunice (Mousall) Brooks of Woburn. He doubtless settled there a few years before he married, as he is mentioned in the will of John Mousall, whose granddaughter he married, and Mr. Mousall died March 27, 1665. He was a man of much distinction. He was appointed local magistrate by the general court, to try small causes. He was a farmer. His grandson Jonathan was the founder of Bucksport, Maine. He died, January, 1721, at Woburn. Children: Sarah, ben January, 1721, at Woburn. Children: Sarah,

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son and Ivory Upham joined the church it

Robert Buck, in 1715, and he may have been one of the Wethersfield family. Samnel was one of the heads of families who signed the covenant on November

Dudley, Massachusetts, to settle as minister at

The Rev. Mr. Howe kept no containly is hard to find. For a

who may have been related t from Woburn. The son of S Jr., married a Miss Bloss, whose parents cam

good reason to believe that all of the follow no man

tioned below. 3. Samuel, married Martha Bloss, January 1, 1700. 4. Jonathan, was in

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narried Elizabeth, joined the church, 176

ried Anna Russell, June 22, 1756. He came from Massachusetts to Putnam, a part of Thompson or Killingly township, where he settled. He was a farmer and a joiner. Chillren, by first wife: David, Jonathan, Aaron, mentioned below; Mrs. Josiah Dean, Mrs. Benjamin Cutler, two daughters who successively married Resolved Wheaton. By second marriage: David; Eliza, married Henry Adams.

(VII) Aaron, son of David Buck, was born at Killingly and lived on the old homestead. He married Annie, daughter of Asa Lawrence, of Killingly. Children: Lucy, married Calvin Leffingwell; Rosamond, married Calvin Boyden; Mary, married Jesse Herenden; Anne, married Caleb Howe; Erastus; Elisha; Augustus, mentioned below; George, born

October 13, 1810.

(VIII) Augustus, son of Aaron Buck, died of scarlet fever at the age of thirty-seven, after a few days' illness. On February 15, 1827, he married Lucy Knowlton Brooks, who died February 8, 1856, and was buried beside her husband in the Baptist Cemetery at Westford. She was born February 27, 1801, daughter of Simeon Brooks, who was born in 1767, and died in 1844. Simeon Brooks married Eunice Bass, and had three children, Juliana, Lucy Knowlton, and Maria. Simeon, was son of Deacon Abijah Brooks of Ashford, Connecticut, who married Lucy Knowlton and had twelve children. He was a deacon in the Ashford Presbyterian Church, and was a prominent man. His wife was distinguished in the community for her many excellent qualities. It is said of her, that a short time before her death as she was about to retire for the night. she saw a light flash up before her, at times brilliant and then fading away, and she called this a warning of her approaching death. She lived but a few days longer, dying April 16, 1820. She was daughter of William Knowlton, who was born in 1706, and married, in 1728, Martha Pinder of Boxford, who was of a noble ancestry. Colonel Thomas Knowlton, the noted revolutionary soldier, and Lieutenant Daniel Knowlton, were sons of William. He was born in Ipswich, but removed to West Boxford. He spent his last days in Ashford, where he moved about 1740. He was son of Nathaniel Knowlton Ir., who was born in 1683. In 1703 he married Mary Burnett, and they had six children. Nathaniel Knowlton, father of Nathaniel Jr., was born in 1658, and married Deborah Jewett in 1682. They had seven children. He was a very prominent man, and held a high position in the colony. An old historian says of him: "Though honored by men he did not forget

to honor his God." He died in 1726 and his wife in 1743. He was son of John Knowlton Jr., who was born in 1633, and married Sarah Whipple. They had ten children. His father, John, was born in 1610, and married Mar-jery Wilson, and they had three children. Captain William Knowlton, father of John, was at least part owner of a vessel in which he, with his wife and children, sailed to America. He died on the voyage, and a gravestone erected to his memory still stands in Shelburne, Canada. His wife and children moved to Hingham, Massachusetts. Captain William Knowlton, father of Captain William, was born in 1584, and married Ann Elizabeth Smith. He was son of Richard Knowlton, who was born in Kent in 1553, and married Elizabeth Cautize on July 15, 1577. They had four children. The coat-of-arms of the Knowlton family is: "Argent, a chevron, between crowns and ducal coronets sable." The crest is a demi-lion, rampant. The motto is:

"Vi at Virtute."

(IX) Edwin Augustus, son of Augustus Buck, was born in Ashford, Connecticut, February 11, 1832. He married, May 9, 1855, Delia A., daughter of George and Laura (Ashley) Lincoln of Ashford. She was born here November 27, 1831, in Westford Society, and died at Willimantic, February 28, 1906. Mrs. Buck was always very active in church and social work, both in Ashford and Willimantic. Her father, George Lincoln was a tanner by trade, and a well-known citizen in Ashford representing that town in the general assembly of 1847. Mrs. Buck belonged to Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter, Daughters of American Revolution. Edwin Augustus Buck received an elementary education at a neighboring school, and then attended the Ashford Academy. When eighteen years old, he began to teach school at the school which he had attended as a scholar, having many of his former schoolmates as pupils. He received a dollar a day and boarded at home. He taught for three terms in district No. 4, two in the Woods district, and one in the Knowlton district. When he was twenty-four he began business for himself. He furnished sawed lumber for various trades, such as car timber, plough beams, and finished lumber in chestnut. His business soon became large. The Collinsville Axe Company which was making at that time a cast-steel plough, bought of him many thousand plough beams. In Boston and Worcester, Massachusetts, he had customers who gave him very large orders, also, and he supplied many thousand feet of chestnut lumber for furniture. In the later fifties he purchased the bankrupt stock of the Westford Glass Com-

rang, and the law seems limited his son (afterwards Mayor Charles L. Dean of Malden, Mass.) were associated with Mr. Buck in the carrying on of that business. Soon they record One is he am She had a Boston. After about twenty years Mr. Buck Allen Lincoln in the grain business. firm was called Lincoln, Buck & Durkee, in 1876, when the late Everett M. Durkee of ford & Banford at Stafford Springs, and put it in charge of his oldest son, George E. Buck, giving it the firm name, E. A. Buck & Co. In 1900 this was sold out. He and his son established in Palmer, a hardware store and E. A. Buck & Co., also. His younger son, flour and grain in Willimantic and still carries on the business under the name of E. A. Buck & Co. Edwin Augustus Buck was also interested extensively in lumber for many years. was a man of sound judgment and good business ability. He held many positions of trust and importance. He was a trustee of the Willimantic Savings Institute; a director in of the A. G. Turner estate; assignee of the J. G. and A. R. Morrison estate, all large estates. He acquired much real estate in Willimantic, and much landed property in Willimantic and Ashford. He was active and prominent in politics all his life. When a very young man, he became town constable. When eral assembly from Ashford, although the opposing candidate was Ebenezer Chaffee, a prominent citizen. He was the youngest member of the assembly at the time. In 1862 he was again elected by a coalition of Union Democrats and Republicans. He was of great help to the Union cause during the war, and secured many pensions for soldiers after the war. He was elected to the legislature in 1865 by the Democrats. In 1874 and 1875 he was in the general assembly, and in both sessions was on the judiciary committee. After he removed to Willimantic he was chosen a member of the state senate, and in 1876, state treasurer. The session in which he served in

the senate was the last in the old State House, In 1878 he was nominated for re-election as

selectman for the town 4 W

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Toppesfield, county Essex, Engin 1634. John Plumer is reported as father

Robert's will, in 1611-12. He married Eliza Children: Robert, mentioned below;

all hours on the same - Look House Hinton Harted Services Tip and Served and Butlers manors and much other land to The Physician that a minute to fin most and one had to a married to one. and bequeathed also to children of his brothers and sisters. He married (first) Elizabeth Purcas, who was buried June 25, 1596; (second) Ethelred Fuller's widow, who died in May, 1615. He was buried May 18, 1613. Children: Margaret, born about 1556; Robert, mentioned below; Elizabeth, baptized December 9, 1560; Thomas, March 12, 1563-64; Mary, baptized October 9, 1566; Anne, baptized May 2, 1569; Edmund, baptized September 2, 1571; infant son, born about 1575;

Toseph.

(III) Robert (2), son of Robert (1) Plum, was born about 1558, and settled at Spaynes Hall, Great Yeldham. His son Robert was eldest and the heir; his son John, mentioned below, received only a small estate with Ridgewell Hall, Essex. He was buried at Great Yeldham, August 14, 1628. He married Grace Crackbone, buried July 22, 1615. Children, born at Great Yeldham: Robert, 1587; Martha, baptized March 20, 1592-93; John, mentioned below; Thomas, about 1596; Mary, about 1598; Ethelred, baptized April 1, 1599; Frances, baptized November 1, 1601; Hannah,

baptized August 26, 1604.

(IV) John (2), son of Robert (2) Plum, was baptized at Great Yeldham, July 28, 1594. He resided after his marriage at Spaynes Hall, Great Yeldham. He was living there, according to the official visitation, in 1634. He came to Wethersfield, Connecticut, as early as 1635, and died at Branford, Connecticut, in July, 1648. He owned a vessel, in which he probably came to Wethersfield, and in which he made trading voyages on the Connecticut river. It is surmised to have been his vessel which was employed to carry Captain John Mason's little army in the Pequot war around Narragansett Bay to the point of their attack, and that he took part in that fight and received therefor a grant of land. He was the first ship-owner in Wethersfield. He was a juror; representative to the general court in 1637-41-42-43; collector of customs in 1644; nominated as assistant, but was defeated. He sold out at Wethersfield in 1644, and removed to Branford, where, in 1645, he was chosen to keep the town's books. He died August 1, 1645. His will was proved August 1, 1645. His wife Dorothy was living as late as 1669. Children: Robert, baptized at Ridgewell, December 30, 1617; John, baptized May 27, 1619; William, born May 9, 1621; Ann, baptized October 16, 1623; Samuel, mentioned below; Dorothea, baptized January 16, 1626; Elizabeth, born, October 2, 1660. Debrook Elizabeth, born October 9, 1629; Deborah, July 28, 1633.

(V) Samuel, son of John (2) Plum, was baptized at Ridgewell, county Essex, England, January 4, 1625-26. He settled at Branford, Connecticut. He sold out his land at Branford, June 23, 1668, and removed to Newark, New Jersey. The name of his wife is not known. He died January 22, 1703. Children: Elizabeth, born January 18, 1650-51; Mary, April 1, 1653; Samuel, March 22, 1654-55; John, mentioned below; Doratha, March 26, 1655-56; Joshua, August 3, 1662; Joanna, March 11, 1665-66. The name is spelled Plum. but most of the descendants follow the spelling Plume.

(VI) John (3), son of Samuel Plum, was born at Branford, October 28, 1657. He lived in Newark, died there July 12, 1710. He married, in 1677, Hannah, daughter of Azariah Crane. Children, born at Newark: Mary; Sarah; Jane; Hannah; John, mentioned below.

(VIII) John (5), son of John (4) Plume, who was born about 1743, died about January, 1771. He married Susan Crane. Children, born at Newark: Joseph R., July 30, 1766; Matthias, 1768; David, mentioned be-

low; Robert.

(IX) David, son of John (5) Plume, was born at Newark, 1769, died there August 27, 1835. He was a prosperous farmer. He married Matilda Cook. Children, born at Newark: Margaret, 1795; Robert, mentioned below; Amzi, married Phebe Peach; James C., born 1801, married Anna Maria Ross.

(X) Robert (3), son of David Plume, was born in 1799, at Newark, New Jersey. Early in life he learned the trade of carriage maker, and came to North Haven, Connecticut, to follow his trade. After his marriage he returned to Newark to live. He married Aurelia Hulse, a descendant of the Barnes family, one of the prominent families of North Haven.

(XI) David Scott, son of Robert (3) Plume, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, August 22, 1829. He received his early education in Lovell's Lancastrian School, and after the return of the family to Newark, in 1835, attended a private school in that city. When he was fifteen years old he entered the employ of a manufacturer of brass goods at Newark, to learn the business. He won promotion rapidly, and soon occupied positions of large responsibility. When he was twenty-two years old, in 1852, he embarked in business for himself as a brass manufacturer in Newark, with

a store in New York City, Waterbury being the centre of line in the contract of the time, and in the come on the brain. to know the manufacturers there. In 1800 he bought an interest in the Thomas Manufacturing Company, at Plymouth Hollow, Connecticut (now Thomaston), and removed to that village to take charge of the plant. In 1860 he was one of the founders of the Plume & Atwood Manufacturing Company, of Waterbury. It was a joint stock company, and his associates were Israel Holmes, John C. Booth, Lewis J. Atwood, Aaron Thomas, George W. Welton and Burr Tucker. The name originally adopted was the Holmes, Booth & Atwood Manufacturing Company, but on January 1, 1871, this was changed to its present form, the Plume & Atwood Manufacturing Company. Israel Holmes was the first president, John C. Booth secretary, and Mr. Plume treasurer. Soon afterward the company bought the Hayden & Griggs Manufacturing Company, and in June following purchased the brass rolling mill of the Thomas Manutal stock was then \$400,000. During the same was begun. This plant and that at Thomaston in July, 1874. Mr. Booth was elected presicompany was incorporated by the general assembly in January, 1880. After the death of Mr. Booth, in July, 1886, Burr Tucker was elected president, and Robert H. Swavze, of tinued as treasurer of the concern. Mr. Plume was also treasurer of the American Ring Company, another of the great manufacturing concerns of Waterbury. He removed his residence from Thomaston to Waterbury in 1873. In politics he was a Whig until the civil war, and afterward a Republican. He never sought public office, however, though he held a numsented the town in the general assembly in 1876, and was re-elected in 1878. He ranked easily among the foremost men of the city in business and civil life. He was a director Company, formerly the Hartford, Providence & Fishkill railroad, and now a part of the New York, New Haven & Hartford system. Mr. Plume was one of the organizers of the Warning from Refer to many adopti

Waterbury Traction Conticut Electric Company was the first to furnish electricity for lighting and power in Waterbury it was organized, in Traction Company came of which he was presumerged with the Connection

building the first t bury, and the original came part of the Southern tem. When the Colonial Tr

office he held till the t was a director of the Ph Insurance Company, of Hart Waterbury Hospital. Mr. Ph ber of the Union League Club, of New York City; also the Waterbury Club and the Home Club, of Waterbury. He wa of the Protestant Episcopal Com-

Emily Mansfield, married John Cary Evans,

1856. He married, July 7, 1880, Sarah A drews, born in Waterbury, September 11,

in the public schools and becan with his father in business phen Kellogg, born at W: 1881, mentioned below; Ang

Cameron Plume, was born at Waterbur
Watertown, and
in the Plume & Atwood Manufac
pany, and is now general man
Thomaston plant. His home
He is a director of the Thomaston National
Bank and of the Plume & Atwood Manufacturing Company. In politics he is an active
and influential Republican. He is unmarried.

(q. v.), was baptized in

Hadley, Massachusetts, December 23, 1680, Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Deming) Moody. She was born 1660, died in Farmington, September 10, 1689. He married (second) Ruth ———, who survived him, and died after 1732. He lived in Farmington and Hadley, and succeeded to the ferry in the latter town, which had been formerly operated by his father. In 1720 his name appears in a list of those owning the largest estates in Hadley. At that time his estate was valued at one hundred and fourteen pounds sixteen shillings. He lived at one time in the Hopkins school house in Hadley. Children, of first wife, born in Hadley: Sarah, May 2, 1682; John, March 21, 1684, died March, 1691; Joseph, November 6, 1685, mentioned below; Samuel, April 1, 1687; son, born and died September 9, 1689. Children of second wife: Ruth, April 5, 1693, died November 15, 1705; Joanna, June 12, 1694; Esther, February 17, 1696; Abigail, September 26, 1697;

John, October 26, 1699; James, July 10, 1701. (V) Joseph, son of John Kellogg, was born November 6, 1685, in Hadley, married, March 15, 1711, Abigail, daughter of Ebenezer and Abigail (Broughton) Smith, born July 11, 1688. He was a weaver by trade and lived in South Hadley. Several years after his death his son John was appointed administrator of his estate. Children, born in South Hadley: Abgail, December 8, 1711; Sarah, January 8, 1714; Ebenezer, December 26, 1715; Ruth, January 18, 1717; Martha, May 21, 1720; Esther, September 19, 1722; Joseph, December 24, 1724; John, October 13, 1727; Rachel, September 15, 1730; Jabez, February 11, 1734, mentioned below; Eunice, December 4, 1736.

(VI) Jabez, son of Joseph Kellogg, was born February 11, 1734. He was a private in Captain Samuel Smith's company, which marched from South Hadley to the relief of Fort William Henry, August, 1757, served thirteen days, travelled one hundred and eighty miles; also in Captain Elijah Smith's company, Colonel Israel Williams' regiment, in the expedition against Canada at Crown Point, April 26 to December 7, 1759; furnished himself with arms. He served in the revolution, Captain Kendricks' company, Colonel Lovell's regiment, in Charlestown, Massachusetts, 1776, as corporal; Captain Chapin's company, Colonel Porter's regiment, September 24 to October 4, 1777, sergeant; Captain Wait's company, Colonel Woodbridge's regiment, Bennington Alarm, August, 1777, private. In 1875 he removed to Hanover, New Hampshire, and died there, 1791. He married Abigail Catlin, who died in Hanover, 1788. Children born in South Hadley: Phineas, January 6,

1759; Enos, July 28, 1761; Jabez, April 22, 1763; Julian, September 27, 1765, mentioned below; Noadiah, October 26, 1767; Joseph, February 26, 1770; Abigail, March 20, 1772;

February 20, 1770; Abigaii, March 20, 1772; Erastus, October 27, 1774, died May 12, 1775; Erastus, April 4, 1776; John, November 17, 1778; Rachel, July 23, 1781.

(VII) Julian, son of Jabez Kellogg, was born in South Hadley, September 27, 1765, married, February 14, 1788, Molly, daughter of Lieutenant Jacob and Mary (Kellogg) Pool. She was born February 1, 1771. Her father, Jacob Pool, was an officer in the revolution, and died of smallpox in the early part of the war. Her mother, Mary (Kellogg) Pool, was the daughter of Stephen and Martha (Wells) Kellogg, and was baptized July 30, 1753, in Colchester, Connecticut. Wells was the daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Newton) Wells, of Colchester. Her mother married (second) Captain John Fellows, born 1751, son of Deacon Samuel and Eunice - Fellows, of Harvard, Massachusetts. Her grandfather, Stephen Kellogg, was the son of Jonathan, born December 25, 1679, in Hadley; married, January 3, 1711, Ann, daughter of James Newton, of Kingston, Rhode Island, born April 13, 1692, in Colchester, died August 14, 1769. Her greatgrandfather, Jonathan Kellogg, was a son of Lieutenant Joseph Kellogg. Julian Kellogg was a blacksmith by trade, and when sixteen years of age, removed to Shelburne, where he learned his trade of Major Nash. He was a representative to the general court in 1808. From the public prints of the day we read: "His character was reputable and his life use-In his death the church lost a cordial friend, and the town a valuable inhabitant." He died in Shelburne, August 4, 1813; and his wife in Bernardston, Massachusetts, September 7, 1833. Children, born in Shelburne: Abigail, November 12, 1788; Polly, December 10, 1790; Jacob Pool, February 16, 1793; Elam, July 14, 1795; Henry, April 26, 1797; Julia, March 10, 1799; John, December 10, 1800; Rachel, April 14, 1802, died January 22, 1803; Samuel Otway, July 22, 1809, died July 12, 1810; Mary Abigail, August 24, 1811

(VIII) Jacob Pool, son of Julian Kellogg, was born February 16, 1793, in Shelburne, married, October 20, 1820, Lucy Prescott, daughter of Stephen, born May 24, 1764, and Sarah (Prescott) Wright, born March 31, 1765. She was born August 4, 1795, in Ashby, Massachusetts. He was a farmer by occupation and lived in Shelburne, where both he and his wife died. He died October 6, 1843, his wife, May 25, 1882, aged eighty-seven. Children Septem With them West September 11, 1997 Mentered September 1, 1997 Mentered September 11, 1820.

Jacob Pool Kellogg, was born April 5, 1822, father's farm, where he worked in the summer until twenty years old. After he was sixteen he taught school in the winter months, and attended an academy at Shelburne Falls for a short time. At the age of twenty he entered terms, then, at the beginning of the third term, in 1846, with one of the three highest honors of his class. In the fall of that year he be-Law School. In June, 1848, he was admitted to the New Haven bar, and immediately opened an office in Naugatuck, where he remained until 1854. In that year he was elected judge of probate for the Waterbury district, which included Naugatuck, and removed to Waterbury, where he has since had his law office. In 1851 he was clerk of the Connectithe Waterbury district, and in 1856 a member of the house. In 1854 he was appointed by the court, and held the office of judge of probate for seven years. From 1866-69 he was city attorney, and during that time secured the first legislation for supplying the city with water. From 1877 to 1883 he was again city attorney, and drew up a bill for the establishment of a sewerage system for the city, procuring its passage by the legislature. In 1860 he was a delegate to the Republican national convention, and a member of the committee in that convention which drew up the "platform" upon which Abraham Lincoln was first elected president. He was also a delegate to the national conventions of 1868-76, and in the latter the civil war, from 1863 to 1866, he was colonel of the Second Regiment of the Connecticut National Guard, and from 1866 to 1870. brigadier-general. In 1860 he was elected to the forty-first congress and re-elected in 1871-73. During his six years of service in congress he was a member of the committees on the judiciary, patents, war claims and Pacific railroads, and chairman of the committee on civil service reform in the forty-third. He was

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born March 11, 1820, in Buffalo, New York Children, born in Waterbury; Sarah And September 11, 1852, married Lumary 14, 1855; Frank We

mer, March 14, 1864: Stephen Wright, Mar

BRUSH cestor, was born in England

corded as owning a lot in S county, Long Island. In 16 1 I a will in Southold and attended a town meeting there in 1660. October, 1660, it was agreed that "Gudman Brush" shall keep "the ordinary." He was made a freeman of Connecticut in 1664. In 1656 or 1657 he removed to Huntington, Long Island, having "sold his home at Southold to Thomas Mapes, his wife that the state of the solution of the southold to Thomas Mapes, his wife that the solution of the south Meadow to find and fix the boundaries of a piece of land bought from the Massapague Indians. This land was South Neek, and upon it was a marked tree which was to serve as a witness to the bargain. The white men met there some twenty Indians with their sachem, who was at first very reluctant to conclude the transaction. They finally agreed to point out the tree, however. Thomas Brush was ahead of the other white men, and went past the said tree with low loved him."

He was one of the proprietors of Huntingtown and finally constable. He exercised his authority in the latter posito Repair the Fort" at New York because they felt deprived of the liberties of Englishmen.

His wife was Rebecca, daughter of John Conkling or Conclyne, who was said to have come from Nottinghamshire, England. He was received as an inhabitant of Salem, Massachusetts, September 14, 1640, and had four acres of land allotted to him in 1649. He was an active man, who "Identified himself with every new enterprise with zeal and energy, and soon became the cynosure of all the village." He moved later to Southold, and about 1660 to Huntington, where he is numbered among the founders of the town. He is believed to have been born about 1600.

Thomas Brush died in 1675 and his son Thomas administered upon his estate in 1677. It was valued at 306 pounds, which was a very fair sum for those times. Children: Thomas; Richard, mentioned below; John, born about 1650, and Rebecca, married February 8, 1682,

Jeremiah Hobart or Hubbard.

(II) Richard, son of Thomas Brush, settled on West Neck, on the south shore of Lloyd's Harbor. This property remained in the possession of his descendants until 1898. Like his father, he was a town officer, a commissioner to lay out lands and roads, and in 1683 one of the seven trustees annually elected under the new patent. He married Hannah or Joanna Corey. Following a common practice of his time he divided his real estate among his sons during his life-time. In 1700, he gave a farm to his son Thomas, with the consent of his wife. In 1709 he gave Richard and Thomas "meadows and uplands," and in 1710 his son Robert his home lot with other property including one-half one hundred pound right of commonage. Children: Richard; Thomas; Robert, mentioned below, and Reuben, married February 11, 1739.

(III) Robert, son of Richard Brush, was born in 1685 and married. He was also a town trustee, and when a new meeting house was built was among the most liberal subscribers, giving the sum of twenty pounds. He was executor of the will of Jeremiah Hubbard Jr., his nephew, in 1730. He had four sons, of whom Reuben married Ruth Woods, February 11, 1739, and was a prominent citi-

zen; and Jonathan, mentioned below.

(IV) Jonathan, son of Robert Brush, was born and lived at Huntington, Long Island. He married Elizabeth Smith. Among their children was Joshua, mentioned below.

(V) Joshua, son of Jonathan Brush, was born at Huntington and always lived there. He married Margaret Ireland, of West Hills, Long Island. Among their children was Philip, mentioned below. (VI) Philip, son of Joshua Brush, was born at Huntington and lived in that town. He married Ruth Brush, a distant relative. Among their children was Jarvis, mentioned below.

(VII) Jarvis, son of Philip Brush, was born January 6, 1797, and died in 1883. He was a merchant in Brooklyn until 1835, when he retired from business and made his home at Danbury, Connecticut, but in 1841 returned to Brooklyn to live. He married Sarah Keeler, born at Ridgefield, Fairfield county, Connecticut, June, 1797, daughter of Timothy and Lurany (DeForest) Keeler. Children: Joseph Beale Brush, merchant in New York, born September 23, 1828, died July 23, 1869: George Jarvis, of whom further.

(VIII) George Jarvis, son of Jarvis Brush, was born in Brooklyn, New York, December 15, 1831. He received his early education in the schools of Danbury, Connecticut, where his father moved in 1835, and in Brooklyn, to which he returned in 1841. It was not, however, until 1846, when he was sent to a school in West .Cornwall, Connecticut, that he had an opportunity to pay any special attention to science. This school was kept by Mr. Theodore S. Gold, who was an enthusiastic student of mineralogy, botany and of various other departments of natural history, and he not only gave instructions to his pupils in these subjects but succeeded in inspiring them with a taste for them. Although young Brush was at this place only six months, he remained long enough to acquire a fondness for natural science, which in the end resulted in changing his course in life. He intended to pursue a business career, and, accordingly, on leaving the school at West Cornwall entered, in the latter part of 1846, the counting-house of a merchant in Maiden Lane, New York City. There he remained for nearly two years, but the taste for scientific study already acquired did not desert him, and in particular he took advantage of every opportunity that came in his way to go off upon mineralogical excursions. A severe illness that befell him in 1848 rendered it necessary that he should abandon the mercantile profession and it was decided that he should take up in its place the life of a farmer.

Just about this time Professor John P. Norton returned from England and Holland, and in conjunction with Professor Silliman Jr., opened at Yale College a laboratory for the purpose of practical instructon in the applications of science to the arts and to agriculture. At the same time he began a course of lectures on agriculture and agricultural chemistry. To attend these lectures, to fit himself as thoroughly as possible for the life of a

intoc. It of years old, repaired to New Haven in October, 1848. This event changed his career. He came to attend a single course of feetures on agriculture. He remained two years as a student of chemistry and mineralogy. In October, 1810, and I mail of as assistant to Benjamin Silliman Jr., who had been elected Professor of Chemistry in the university of that city. There he remained the following winter, and in March, 1851, made one of the party who accompanied the elder Silliman on a somewhat extended tour in Europe. Returning to Louisville in the autumn of that year he continued acting in his old capacity until the spring of 1852, when he returned to New Haven. At the time he was student, no degrees were granted by the college merely for proficiency in science. There was a general feeling that the pursuit of it, like the pursuit of virtue, was its own reward. But through the executions of Prof. Norton the corporation of the college voted to create the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy and to grant it to those of the old students in the department of science who would come back and pass a satisfactory examination. Accordingly, Mr. Brush returned, and after undergoing examination received, with five others, at the commencement of 1852 the degree of Ph. B.

The academic year 1852-53 was now spent by him at the University of Virginia, where he was employed as assistant in the chemical department. Here he was associated with Professor J. Lawrence Smith in a series of special studies, the object of which was to re-examine a number of American minerals which had been described as new species. The results of their joint investigations were published in the fifteenth and sixteenth volumes

series. At the end of the academic year Professor Brush went to New York, where he was associated with Professor Silliman Jr., in charge of the mining and mineral department of the Universal Exposition held that year in the city. But he now began to feel the necessity of pursuing his studies to an extent which he was not able to do in this country, especially at that time. Accordingly, in 1853 he sailed for Europe, and during one year at the University of Munich devoted himself to chemistry and mineralogy under Liebig, Von Kohell and Pettenkofer. The year following—that of 1854-55—he spent at the Royal Mining Academy in Freiberg, Saxony.

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voted. But in on a service to the nated, greater than any pecuniary power. At the commencement of 1855 they elected Mr. Brush to a professorship.

He was first offered the chair of mining and metallurgy, but this he declined as embracing too much and the title was limited to that of metallurgy alone. This, several years after, was exchanged for that of mineralogy. To qualify himself still further for the position, the newly-elected Professor went in the autumn of 1855 to London, where he pursued his studies in the Royal School of Mines. The following year he made an extended tour through the mines and smelting works of England, Scotland, Wales, Belgium, Germany and

Austria. In December, 1856, he returned to

this country, and in January, 1857, he entered upon the duties of his professorship.

From this time on the history of Professor Brush has been the history of the special scientific department of Yale College, which in 1861, owing to the liberal benefactions of Mr. Joseph E. Sheffield, received the name of Sheffield Scientific School. He came to it while it was not only without reputation, but without appreciation or expectation. He came to it while it was poor beyond even that decent poverty which apparently belongs, in the nature of things, to institutions of learning, while it was in a state so unorganized that as a whole it could hardly be said to have a being at all. It exhibited, indeed, a good deal of life in the college catalogue but beyond that its vitality did not extend. There was vigor enough in certain of its departments, especially in that of civil engineering, under the charge of Professor William A. Norton, but in such cases it was a vigor due to the energy of the individual instructor and therefore almost certain to disappear whenever he disappeared. To bring these scattered units into an organic whole, to build up a complete and consistent scheme of scientific education, which should have both definite and lofty aims, which should train men thoroughly in scientific methods, and which should continue to exist by its own inherent vitality after the men who established it should have passed away-all this became by degrees the main work of Professor Brush's life. His energy, his judgment, his executive capacity and his devotion soon gave him the leading direction in the affairs of the institution. was for a long period its secretary; he has always been its treasurer, and when, in 1872, a more formal organization of its faculty was felt to be desirable, he was elected as its presiding officer, a position which he retained until his retirement in 1898. Others have done their part toward developing various departments of the school, but its growth, as a whole, and the position which it

has acquired among scientific institutions, whatever that position may be, has been due to him very much more than to any other one man connected with it. None are more willing to admit this than the colleagues who have co-öperated with him, and it is a gratification for them to have an opportunity of saying here, without his knowledge, what would never be suffered to be printed were it submitted to his inspection.

Nor has Professor Brush been idle in his special work, in spite of the exhausting demands made upon his time and thought by the management of the Sheffield Scientific School. The series of investigations made by him on American minerals, in conjunction with Professor J. Lawrence Smith, have already been mentioned. He coöperated with Professor Dana in preparation of the fifth edition of treatise on "Descriptive Mineralogy" published in 1868, and an account of his special services in connection with that will be found stated in the author's preface. To the two editions preceding, as well as to this one, he contributed analyses of minerals. He also to the fourth edition, as well as the appendix to the fifth, published in 1872. In 1875 he brought out also a "Manual of Determinative Mineralogy and Blowpipe Analysis." In addition to these he has been a constant contributor to the American Journal of Science, as will be seen by the following list of articles furnished by him to that periodical, second series, "Analyses of American Spodumene;" "On the Chemical Composition of Clitonite (Seybertite);" "On a New Test for Zirconia;" "On Prosopite;" "On the Chemical Composition of Antigorite;" "On Dechenite and Eusynchite;" "Note on Para-thorite;" "Chemical Composition of Chalcodite;" "Analyses of Gieseckite (?) from Diana, Compact Pyrophillite, Unionite, Danbury Feldspar;" "Chemical Examination of Boltonite;"
"On Crystalline Hydrate of Magnesia;" "On Amblygonite from Maine;" "On Tfiphylins from Norwich, Massachusetts;" "On Childrenite from Hebron, Maine;" "On the Tucson Meteoric Iron;" "On Tephroite;" "On Arti-ficial Diopside;" "On Cookeite and Jefferisite;" "On Native Hydrates of Iron;" "On Sussexite;" "On Hortonolite;" "On Durangite;" "On a Meteoric Stone from Frankfort, Alabama;" "On Magmetite in the Pennsville bama;" "On Magmettle in the Pennsville Mica." Third Series: "On Gahnite from New Jersey;" "On Ralstonite;" "On Compact An-glesite;" "On Durangite;" "On American Sulphoselenides of Mercury."

In 1878 a new and remarkable mineral lo-

cality at Branchville, Fairfield county, Connecticut, was discovered, and in connection with Professor Edward S. Dana, Professor vol. XV, pp. 398, 481; vol. XVI, pp. 33, 114; vol. XVII, p. 359; vol. XVIII, p. 45, and vol. new phosphates-Eosphorite, Triploidite, Dickinsonite, Lithophilite, Reddingite, Fairfieldite and Fillowite. In conjunction also with Professor E. S. Dana he contributed to the same journal a memoir on "Spodumene and Its Alterations" (XX, 257), and a paper on "Crystallized Danburite from Russell, New York"

In 1862 Professor Brush was a corresponding member of the Royal Bayarian Academy Mineralogical Society of St. Petersburg, and in 1877 a foreign correspondent of the Geober of the American Philisophical Society, of the National Academy of Sciences, and of various other scientific bodies in this country. In 1880, at the meeting of the American Assoat Boston, he was elected its president for the following year, and in that capacity presided over the meeting held in August, 1881, at Cinentific School from 1872 to 1898 and received the After his retirement in 1868 he was made versity. He is still president of the board of also one of the trustees of the Peabody

He married, in 1804, Harriet Silliman, grandson of the first Governor of Connecticut. Children: 1. Sarah, married Professor Edward Thompkins McLaughlin, professor of English at Yale College. 2. Eliza, married Louis G. Pirsson, professor, a graduate of Yale College, Sheffield Scientific School. 3. Bertha, married Rev. Edward L. Parson, of

BARBOUR the immigrant ancestor, came "Christian," March 16, 1634. He settled in twenty-one, with the Saltonstall party, under quot fight. He married, October 7, 1640, Jane ---, who died September 10, 1662. He died September 11, 1662. Children: 1. John, bap-

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uel, baptized October 1, 1048; married (fir-t) Many 1 many and a star Comment

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Phelps, the immigrants. Children: John. born November 1, 1664, married Mary Hol-00 le 10 000 00-

beth Adams. 3. Jonathan, born 1717; mar-ried Jemima Cornish. 4. John, see forward.

Case, 6. Mercy, married Eparam ruen, 16.
(IV) John, son of Sanuel and Sarah (Holcomb) Barber, was born December 4, 1719, died December 27, 1797. He married, January 17, 1797.

Reed. Children: Lydia, born December 26, March 3, 1760, married Lydia Case; Jonathan, born 1763, married Abi Merrell; Abel,

born 1765, married Chloe Case.

(V) John (2), son of John (1) and Lydia (Reed) Barber, was born November 29, 1749, died November 3, 1825. He married, in 1773, Elizabeth Case, born April 20, 1752, died May 26, 1817, daughter of Captain Josiah and Esther (Higley) Case: Children: Infant, born 1774, died same year; Elizabeth, born March 27, 1775, married Roswell Barber; Rhoda, born 1777, married Gurdon Hurlbut; Cyntha, born March 11, 1779, married Chauncey Sadd; John, see forward; Abi, born March 4, 1784, married (first) Elisha Case, (second) John Brown; Sylvia, born 1785, died 1786; Sylvia, born 1787, married Dan Case; Luke, born 1759, married Charlot (first) Clara Foote, (second) Lavinia Hosmer; Austin, born 1792, married

Lucy Allen.

(VI) John (3) Barbour, as the name is now Barber, was born February 18, 1783, died November 24, 1865. He married (first) October 13, 1803, Delight Griswold Case, born October 15, 1783, died April 13, 1811, daughter of Elisha and Delight (Griswold) Case. Mar-ried (second), June 15, 1812, Fanny Hunt, born August 30, 1792, died November 6, 1858, daughter of George and Jemima (Hollister) Hunt. Children of first wife: I. Lucius, born July 26, 1805; see forward. 2. Eveline G., born July 22, 1807; married Abel G. Buell. 3. Edwin Case, born May 26, 1810; married (first) Harriet Newel Hinman; (second) Widow Ann Maria Hinkley. Children of second wife: 4. Selden, born October 5, 1813, died April 20, 1814. 5. Fanny Maria, born February 7, 1815; married Lawrence S. Parker. 6. Fidelia Gates, born March 16, 1817; married George C. Baldwin. 7. Herschell, born April 1, 1819, died April 22, 1819. 8. Theodore Dwight, born June 28, 1820; married Angeline Dodge. 9. Silvia, born January 28, 1822, died February 12, 1822. 10. Goodrich Hollister, born June 28, 1824; married Harriet C. Ward. 11. John Newton, born June 22, 1828; married Electa Houghton. 12. Theron Laselle, born February 20, 1832, died July 21, 1864, unmarried. 13. Juliet Louise, born September 28, 1834; married (first) George Davis; (second) Hiram Peck; (third) Noel Mattison.

(VII) Lucius (3), son of John and Delight Griswold (Case) Barbour, was born July 26, 1805, in Canton, Connecticut, died February 10, 1873. When about fourteen years old he went with his parents to western New York. For a number of years he traveled in the south and west, where he was engaged in business and investing in western lands, especially in Indi-

ana. He finally settled in Madison, Indiana, and engaged in the wholesale dry goods business. Afterwards he became interested in the same line in Cincinnati, Ohio. About 1845 he removed to Hartford, Connecticut, where he afterward lived, although he kept his business interests in the west. He possessed excellent business habits and ability and his efforts met with success. He was greatly esteemed by all who knew him. He was deacon of the Second Congregational Church of Hartford from 1858 to 1865, and in the First Congregational Church from 1869 until his death. He was a a director of the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, and of the Charter Oak Bank. He married, April 23, 1840, Harriet Louise Day, born February 2, 1821, died September 26, 1886, daughter of Deacon Albert and Har-Harriet Louise, born June 22, 1843, died November 7, 1848; Lucius Albert, see forward; Mary Adelia, born February 23, 1851, died March 6, 1851; Hattie Day, born July 18, 1860, married Richard Storrs Barnes.

(VIII) Lucius Albert Barbour, son of Lucius and Harriet Louise (Day) Barbour, was born January 26, 1846, at Madison, Indiana, and came when young with his parents to Hartford, Connecticut. He attended the public 1864. Later he became teller in the Charter Oak Bank, resigning in 1870 to make an exattached to the First Regiment as Battery D. His military advancements were rapid, receiving wide notice in the state. He was by nature a leader, well fitted for military honors. He resigned from the Guard in 1871, but re-turned some years later, and in February, 1875, was chosen major of the First Regiment. He was elected lieutenant-colonel, December 28, 1876, and was advanced to the command of the regiment, June 26, 1878. Colonel Barbour was in command of the First Regiment at the Yorktown Centennial in 1881, and won a national reputation by the splendid efficiency and discipline which his organization displayed. In this connection the command visited Charleston, South Carolina, and gained the highest military praise. Archibald Forbes, the celebrated London war correspondent, paid a high tribute to Colonel Barbour's command. Colonel Barbour was one of the most popular officers connected with the National Guard and his selection later as adjutant-general of the state met with popular approval throughout the state. He resigned as colonel, November 12, 1884. In politics he is a Republican, and



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was to in 1879, and proved an efficient member of that body. He was prominently identified the land to the land treatment of the Williams was president and treatment of the Williams.

years president and treasurer of the Williamanto 1 and 1 and 1 and 1 and 1 and 1 ager. He is president of the (

ager. He is president of the t

He married, February 8, 1877, at Brooklyn, New York, Harriet E, Barnes, born December

Alfred Smith and Harriet Elizabeth (Burr) Barnes. Her father was the founder of the information of New York City. Children: 1. Lucius Barnes, born February 1, 1878; married Charlotte Cordelia Hilliard; children: Lucius Hilliard, born April 30, 1907. 2. Harriet Burr, born July 22, 1879; married George Alexander Phelps.

DAY came to New England in the ship, "Elizabeth," fr. in Ipswich, Eng-With him came his wife Mary, agod twentyeght. He settled first in Cambridge, and was an invited to Hartford, Connecticut, where he was living as early as 1630 and was one of

moved to Hartford, Connecticut, where he was living as early as 1630 and was one of the first settlers there. He married (second) 500 MeV.

Stebbins. He died in Hartford in 1648, aged

forty-four. His widow married (second) Deacon John Maynard; married (third) in 1658, Elizur Holyoke, of Springfield, and died there October 24, 1688. Children: 1. Thomas, see forward. 2, John, married Sarah Butler. 3 sufficiently Mayner (second) Thomas Steb-Birst, (skird) Live Colored

(II) Thomas, son of Robert Day, married, cober 27, 1650, Sarah, daughter of Lieuterant Thomas Cooper, who was killed when Springfield was burned by the Indians. He died in Springfield, December 27, 1711. His will was dated May 20, 1711, and proved March 25, 1712. His widow died November 21, 1726. Children: 1. Thomas, born March 23, 1662: married Elizabeth Merrick. 2. Sarah, born June 14, 1664: married John Burt. 3, Mary, born December 15, 1666: married John Merrick. 4, John, born February 20,

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(Dumbleton) Day, died January 15, 17 February 25, 1731.

31, 1736, married Seth S. Colurn: Nation

(V) Gingen, son of Josan and C (Eliss) Day, was born September He resided several years in We and afterwards removed to We

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Gains Searles, 6, Martin, born March 22, 1777; married Mary Noble, 7, Calvin, born March 10, 1779; married Polly Farnham, 8, 1997.

young.

(VI) Ambrose, son of Gideon and Eliza

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27, 1839, aged sixty-nine. Children: Ambrose, born February 9, 1792, married Sarah Spencer; Robert, born December 18, 1794; Albert, see forward; Mary, born October 26, 1801, married Alfred Topliff; Calvin, born February 26, 1803, married Catharine Seymour; Horatio Ely, born June 18, 1814, married

Adelia Burt.

(VII) Albert, son of Ambrose and Mary (Ely) Day, was born November 29, 1797. He resided in Hartford, Connecticut, where he was a prominent man. He was a member of the firm of A. & C. Day & Day, Griswold & Company. He was lieutenant-governor of Connecticut, 1856-57. He married, November 11, 1819, Harriet Chapin, of Chicopee, daughter of Frederick and Roxalany (Lamb) Chapin. Children: Harriet Louise, born February 2, 1821, married Lucius Barbour (see Barbour VII); Albert Frederick, born July 19, 1824, married (first) Annie W. Bulkley, (second) Caroline Ballard; Charles Gustavus, born April 19, 1829, married Sarah F. Davis.

GREENE the Greene family, comes from the Boston branch of the Rhode Island family, descended from John Greene, of Warwick, of that state. John Greene was descended from the family of Greene of Greene's Norton, Northamptonshire, England, which flourished in that county from 1319 until the time of Henry VIII. Sir Henry Greene Knt., lord chief justice of England in 1353, was the head of this family in his time. His younger son, Sir Henry Greene, was beheaded in 1399 for his attachment to the cause of Richard II. Queen Catherine Parr was a member of this family, her mother being Matilda Greene, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Greene, of Greene's Norton. By the marriage of Matilda Greene and her sister Anne, respectively, to Sir Thomas Parr and Baron Vaux, the Northampton estate passed into other families

A branch of this family, from which the American Greenes are descended, owned and occupied the estate of Bowridge Hill, in Gillingham parish, in Dorsetshire, in the reign of Henry VIII., and so continued until 1635 and after. Many records of births, marriages and deaths of the family appear in the parish records, and various curious wills of theirs are extant. Their old stone house is still standing. The John Greene, of Warwick, Rhode Island, referred to in the foregoing, and who is treated in what follows, was a younger brother of the owner of Bowridge Hill, at the time of his emigration to the American colonies in 1635. From this source

came the Greenes under consideration, and their lineage from the American ancestor follows, each generation being designated by a Roman character.

(I) John Greene, of Salisbury, county Wilts, England, sailed from Southampton, England, in the ship "James" to Boston, in 1635, bringing with him his family. Mr. Greene was probably born at Bowridge Hill, Gillingham, Dorset, where his father, Richard (2), and grandfather, Richard (1) Greene, resided. His great-grandfather was Robert Greene, of Bowridge Hill. He was of Salem, Massachusetts, for a short period, and of Providence in 1637. He was one of the twelve persons to whom Roger Williams deeded land bought of Canonicus and Miantonomo, in 1638. He was one of the twelve original members of the First Baptist Church. In 1643 he and others purchased a tract of land now called Warwick. He was commissioner during 1654-57; was made a freeman in 1655. John Greene was a surgeon in Salisbury, and there made his first marriage at St. Thomas Church. This was on November 4, 1619, and to Joan Tattersall. His children and the dates of their baptism were: John, August 15, 1620; Peter, March 10, 1622; Richard, March 25, 1623; James, June 21, 1626; Thomas, June 4, 1628; Joan, October 3, 1630; Mary, May 19, 1633. He married (second) Alice Daniels, a widow; married (third). Phillipa ----. His death occurred in 1658. Some of the conspicuous descendants of John Greene, of Warwick, Rhode Island, have been General Nathaniel Greene, of revolutionary fame; John, deputy governor of the colony; William, lieutenantgovernor and governor of the colony; William (2), chief justice and governor of Rhode Island; Ray Greene, United States senator; and the latter's son, William, lieutenant-governor, and graduate of Brown University; and General George S. Greene.

(II) Thomas, son of John Greene, born June 4, 1628, married, June 30, 1659, Elizabeth, daughter of Rufus and Margaret Barton. Mr. Greene was a freeman in 1655; commissioner in 1662; deputy in 1667-69-70-71-72-74-78-81-83-84; and assistant in 1678-79-80-84-85. He died June 5, 1717. Children: Elizabeth, born July 12, 1660; Thomas, August 4, 1662; Benjamin, January 10, 1666; Richard, March 5, 1667; Welthian, January 23, 1670; Rufus, January 6, 1673; Nathaniel, reputsioned below:

mentioned below.

(III) Nathaniel, son of Thomas Greene, born April 10, 1679, married, February 27, 1703. Anne, daughter of Thomas and Frances Gould, of Boston. Mr. Greene removed to Boston where he was engaged in mercantile paisents there lolling to the prere-orded in Warren | 70 10 mg. 30, 1707; Nathaniel, born May 14, 1700, "at Boston," Mr. Greene lived and died in Boston, leaving Thomas, Nathaniel, Rufus, Benlamon and William

(IV) Benjamin, son of Nathaniel Greene,

gaged as a merchant.

(V) Gardiner, son of Benjamin Greene, was the merchant prince of Boston and one of the foremost men of New England of his tree, talk as beginned out the fire following extracts concerning him, his fam-family and estate are from "The Memorial on the site of the new court house. Pemberthe mayor's office at the City Hall. The buildlarge rooms on each floor, with an L. The woodwork of the drawing room was elabofrom the Fancuil house, which had plainer ornamentation. Mr. Greene had resided in Demerara for many years after 1774, and had ata there is sometime of a single limiter In 1775 he married Miss Ann Reading, who died in 1786. Two years later he visited Boswhile in London, he married Elizabeth Clarke, up his permanent residence in Boston, and

gant garden in the early part of the nineteenth ton. The grounds were terraced, and planted with vines, fruits, ornamental trees, flowering shrubs and plants, and were, sixty-five years ago, says the author of the "Memorial History of Boston," a scene of beauty and enchantment which I shall never forget. Here were growing in the open air, Black Hamburg and White Chasselas grapes, apricots, nectarines, peaches, pears and plums in perfection, presenting a scene which made a deep impression on my mind, and which gave me some of those strong incentives that governed me in the cultivation of fruits and flowers. Here were many ornamental trees brought from foreign lands; one of which, the "Salisburia adiantifolia," the Japan Ginko tree, was removed through the personal efforts of the late Dr. Jacob Bigelow, and planted on the upper mall of the common, where it now stands,

(VI) William Parkinson, son of Gardiner

the following natice of Mr. Greene, who was

wich for more than 1

fession, he removed in 1824 to Norwich, and

of the form of

pany, which had invested a large capital in the purchase of mill privileges at the Falls. In this city he soon acquired and retained during life the esteem and respect of the com-

concerns. These qualities were united with a pure life and an entire absence of estentation. As a beautiful result of his unobtrusive life and liberal disposition, he seemed to have no enemies. Slander never made him its mark, and his name was never mentioned with disrespect. He was never possessed of robust health, and therefore seldom able to give his personal services in aid of public measures, but all charitable and noble unit

of man and the honor of God were sure of his liberal aid and cordial sympathy. In 1825 he was chosen the president of the Thames Bank, and held the office for sixteen years. With this exception, and that of the single year in which he was mayor of the city, he steadfastly declined, on account of his health, all appointments to public office. He died June 18, 1864, aged sixty-eight. Seldom had the death of a citizen excited in the place so deep an interest and such profound regret. It was a loss that was felt in the circles of business and of public improvement; in the de-

Mr. Greene was one of the incorporators of the Norwich Free Academy in 1854. He was the second president of the board of trustees of that institution, serving from 1857 mill. It is a serving

the Thames Manufacturing Company in 1823. The company purchased the mill of the Quinebaug Company, which in 1826 built a mill on the Shetucket river for the manufacture of cotton and woollen goods, before it went into operation. The Thames Company likewise purchased the mill at Bozrahville, and in its best days had the three large mills in successful operation. Two new companies were formed and went into operation between 1838 and 1842, under the auspices of Mr. Greene -the Shetucket Company and the Norwich Falls Company. The latter company purchased the mill at the Falls, which had formerly belonged to the Thames Company. These companies were established by Mr. Greene chiefly upon his own credit, and were kept, while he lived, under his management and direction; each mill had 1,500 spindles in

Mr. Greene was the prime mover and the largest subscriber to the stock of the Water Power Company, incorporated in 1828 "for building a dam and canal in order to bring the waters of the Shetucket river into manufacturing use." He had previously purchased land on the Quinebaug above the union with the Shetucket and on the latter river from Sachem's Plain downward, nearly three miles in extent on either side of the river, in Norwich and Preston. The Shetucket dam was built, a canal dug, and a village was laid out by this company, and properly named Greeneville in honor of William P. Greene, who had been the active promoter of the enterprise. On July 14, 1819, Mr. Greene married Elizator.

beth Augusta Borland, of Boston.

(VII) Gardiner (2), eldest son of William Parkinson Greene, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, September 19, 1822, and came with his parents in 1824 to Norwich, Connecticut, where he attended school, after which he entered Yale College, graduating in 1843. He then attended the Law School of Harvard College, and graduated with the degree of LL. B. in 1845. Returning to Norwich, his health not permitting him to practice his chosen profession, he became engaged in manufacturing with his father, assisting him in establishing the Shetucket cotton mills at Greeneville, also the cotton mill at the Falls, and was for many years manager of both, also filling the office of treasurer of both companies, and conducting the business with marked ability and success. He retired from business a few years before his death, which sad event occurred at his home in North Washington street, Norwich, October 30, 1895, and he was buried in Yantic cemetery. He was a Republican in politics, and was a staunch supporter of his

party; while he never sought office, he took a deep interest in the growth and improvement of his adopted city, and was ever ready to aid in whatever tended to the advancement of Norwich and its institutions. He was a consistent member of Christ Episcopal Church of Norwich, and for many years held the office of vestryman, and still later was senior warden of the church. He took a deep interest in all church work. Mr. Greene was a gentleman of culture; his refined taste and pleasant, unassuming manner won for him the admiration and respect of his fellow men. He was the soul of honor, detesting shams of all kinds; was kind and charitable, and delighted to relieve suffering wherever possible. His home life was one of happiness and contentment, and it was there that his fine personal characteristics were best reflected. Greene was a director in the Norwich Water Power Company, and he was also interested in banking matters.

He married, June 26, 1850, Mary R. Adams, of Alexandria, Virginia, daughter of Francis and Mary R. (Newton) Adams; she was much devoted to her husband and family, and like him is a member of Christ Episcopal Church. They had two children: Gardiner Jr., and Leonard V., who died at Cedar Rapids, Iowa,

September 18, 1895.

(VIII) Gardiner (3), son of Gardiner (2) Greene, was born August 31, 1851, in Norwich. He was graduated from the Norwich Free Academy in 1868, from Yale College in 1873, and from Columbia College Law School

in 1877.

He was admitted to the bar in New York City, in May, 1877, and at New London, Connecticut, in March, 1878. In the latter year be became associated in the practice of law with the late Hon. John Turner Wait, of Norwich, a partnership that only terminated with Mr. Wait's death in 1899. Mr. Greene was a member, from Norwich, to the lower house of the general assembly of the state in 1891-92 and in 1895-96. He was chairman of the committee on canvass of votes for state officers in the memorable deadlock session of 1891-92. The house having ordered that no business should be introduced except through this committee, he was placed at the head of the Republican party in the assembly during that contest. He was a member of the commission for the revision of the statutes of Connecticut, whose labors are represented in the general statutes of 1902. Mr. Greene was appointed a judge of the superior court of Connecticut in 1909. He married, April 4, 1894, Louise Eustis Reynolds, of Norwich, daughter of the late Henry Lee and Mary

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Harmanus Madison Welch, son W11 err (1997), www.

in East Hampton, Connecticut, died May 29, 1885. III Al Hampton descent, his mother's an-

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Amherst with the intention of fitting himself to practice medicine, but was induced instead to enter upon a commercial life, and before he over half a century and was one of unswerving rectitude and marked success. He started in Is the above an amount of an incoming ness to serve the public in positions where the duties were arduous and exacting, his career might well serve as a model one. While living in Plainville, he was chosen to represent also at different periods in the general assembecame the partner of Hon, James E. English, who was afterwards member of congress, govttor. This partnership continued until his md continued in that office until 1803, and while mayor his equipment and forwarding of troops were especially conspicuous. His greatest service to the country was the promptness nancial aid to the government in the time of which he was the organizer and for over twenty-six years the president. This bank, though numbered two on the list of the comptroller of the currency, was in reality the first to comply fully with all the required conditions, tism and that of others connected with him,

For the last thirty years of his life, Mr. Welch was constantly entrusted by the people of New Haven with positions of responsibility. Most of that time he acted as town and city treasurer, but will perhaps be best remembered locally, by his services upon the board of education. When he assumed office the credit of the school district was at its lowest and its

notes had gone to protest. He advanced the

tous for

education, but was decidedly of the opinion that through such means the so-called problem

outside of those connected with educational institutions have been able to serve so long a period and to accomplish so much. Mr. We'sh

tute, which until within a few years formshed the only available public library. The general public was singularly indifferent to its needs, but Mr. Welch, by wise judgment in investments, succeeded in establishing it in its own building, and in mal to 1 1 1.

guished Mr. Welch was the keenness with which he felt the responsibility of any private or public trust confided in him. These trusts were many, but large or small, each received the same attention to the last detail. It was this acute sense of his duty which prevented his ever taking needed rest and the enjoyment of a trip abroad. He was possessed of an active mind, gifted with a remarkable memory, and as he spent his entire leisure time in his library, his intellectual attainments became of

He married, on May 21, 1834, Antoinette, daughter of Noble Abraham and Lydia Gridley Pierce, of Bristol, Connecticut. Of the family of eleven children, four died in infancy. The others are: 1, Colonel Deming Norris, Associated 20, 101

toinette, married Professor Mexander van Millingen, of Robert College, Constantinople, July 16, 1870, died November 22, 1892. 3. Pierce Noble, mentioned below. 4. Ella Marian, January 12, 1870, died November 24, 1898.

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Isaacson, of Cincinnati, Ohio, June 29, 1882, died June 9, 1888. 7, Harmanus Madison, M. D., Yale, B. A., 1875; died September 18, 1877.

son and Antoinette (Pierce) Welch, was born in Plainville, Connecticut, June 27, 1841, died October 26, 1900, in Berlin, Germany. The greater part of Mr. Welch's boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he attended General Russell's Military School, in preparation for Yale College. After receiving the degree of B. A. in 1862, he spent two years in travel, and in study at the Universities of Berlin and Göttingen. In 1867 he began his business life in New York City, as partner in a wholesale grocery house. Returning to New Haven in 1870, Mr. Welch became interested in the organization of the New Haven Rolling Mill Company, with which he was connected as treasurer and president until 1890. Succeeding his father, he was president of the First National Bank from 1889 until his death; he was also president of the Bristol Brass Company, vice-president of the Bristol Manufacturing Company, and of the New Haven Gas Light Company, a director of the New Haven Clock Company, a trustee of the New Haven Trust Company, and of the National Savings Bank, a director of the Security Insurance Company, and of other business, as well as philanthropic organizations of the city. Mr. Welch was a generous promoter of many charitable and religious movements, and made large contributions to the Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was president for fifteen years. He was also president of Mt. Meigs Institute in Waugh, Alabama, a school for the education of the negro race, and was treasurer of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society, which has in charge the Yale Collegiate School and hospital at Changsha, China. In 1892 he presented Yale University with Welch Hall, erected in memory of his father. In college, Mr. Welch was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, and later an honorary member of the Senior Society, Wolf's Head. He belonged to the Yale and Reform clubs of New York, and the Graduates Club of New Haven. From early manhood a member of the First Baptist Church, he shared in its activities and privileges, and for nearly a quarter of a century served as superintendent of its Sunday-school. In later years he was also greatly interested in the work of his denomination among the Italians of the city. A man of broad sympathies and generous deeds, unfailing in patience and courtesy, and in unselfish devo-tion to duty, Mr. Welch will long be remembered in the community as an inspiring example of Christian manhood.

He married, February 28, 1867, Emma Cornelia, daughter of John and Cornelia (Montague) Galpin, whose ancestors came from England to Connecticut, in the early days of

its history.

Their children are: 1. Cornelia Galpin, wife of John Marshall Gaines, of New York City,

Yale, B. A., 1896; Ph. D., 1900; children: John Marshall, Jr., born October 31, 1902; William Welch, June 12, 1904; Pierce Welch, August 13, 1905. 2. Ella Marian, Vassar, A. B., 1895; wife of Henry Solon Graves, Yale, B. A., 1892, director of the Yale Forest School, and chief forester of the United States. 3. Pierce Noble, mentioned below. 4. Hilda Frances, Vassar, A. B., 1901; wife of Charles Welles Gross, of Hartford, Connecticut, Yale, B. A., 1898, Harvard, LL. B., 1901; child, Spencer, born December 22, 1906. 5. Cora Deming, Vassar, A. B., 1904.
(IV) Pierce Noble (2), son of Pierce Noble

(I) and Emma Cornelia (Galpin) Welch, was born March 14, 1877, in New Haven, Connecticut. He attended the public schools of his native city and Phillips Academy at Andover. After graduating from Yale, in 1898, he spent two years at the Harvard Law School, and a year and a half as a clerk in the First National Bank of New Haven. Returning from a trip around the world in 1902, Mr. Welch became connected with the Peck Brothers' Company, of which he is vice-president and treasurer. He is a director of the First National Bank, of the New Haven Clock Company, of the Bristol Brass Company, of the Bristol Manufacturing Company, and a trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is a member of the Graduates Club, of the Yale Club of New York City, and of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity of Yale University. He belongs to the First Baptist Church.

The Scofield family is of an-SCOFIELD cient and honorable lineage, representatives thereof being

prominent in the various walks of life, performing conscientiously and faithfully the duties and responsibilities which fell to their lot. The first ancestor of the family was Sir Cuth-

bert Scofield, of Scofield Manor.

(I) Daniel Scofield, grandson of Sir Cuthbert Scofield, was born in the parish of Rochdale, Lancashire, England. In 1609 he emigrated to America, sailing in the ship, "Susan and Ellen," and after residing for a time at Ipswich, Massachusetts, located at Stamford, Connecticut, where he died in 1670. He appears to have been a man of prominence in the colony, and in 1658 served as marshal of Stamford. He married Mary, daughter of Rev. John Youngs. Children: Daniel; John, see forward; Richard; Joseph; Mary, born November, 1657; Sarah.

(II) John, second son of Daniel and Mary (Youngs) Scofield, was born in 1650, died March 27, 1609. He married, at Stamford,



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July 12 1077 Hammali Communication at Stamped to some Learn, my ried, February 10, 1703, Eunice Buxton. 2. John, January 15, 1680, died 1758; married, November 17, 1743, Mary Mead, of Greenwish, no in an analysis and a second of the Tolinia : Maria de propia de presidente de p thaniel, December 10, 1688, see forward, 5, Mercy, October 30, 1600; married Henry Susanna, March 2, 1008; married, February

tilli values - or jes - st necticut, December 10, 1688, died 1768. He married, January 21, 1713-14, Elizabeth Pet-tet. Children: John, born, October 4, 1714, see forward; Nathaniel, March 7, 1717; Jonathan, May 2, 1719; Josiah, June 20, 1721; Eliz-

February 17, 1737.

Connecticut, October 4, 1714. He was a teamster in the revolutionary war. He married, March 4, 1744, Hannah Mills, Children: Sil-

nah (Mills) Scofield, was born in Stamford, Connecticut, September 4, 1740, died April 17, 1833. He was a substantial citizen and property owner at Shippan, town of Stamford. He years; (third) Martha Lounsbury. Children 19, 1773; married, March 31, 1796, William port, who built the New York & New Haven railroad (see Bishop family). 2. John, January 14, 1775; married, February 9, 1800, Sally Knapp. 3. Silas, April 2, 1776; married, February 4, 1803, Rebecca Holmes. 4. Robert, July 14, 1777, see forward. 5. James, September 22, 1778, see forward. 6. Elizabeth, July 15, 1781; married, February 7, 1804, Rufus Knapp. 7. Benjamin, June 21, 1783, died October 20, 1801. 8. Sarah Nichols, September 1, 1883 | 1000000 (VI) Robert, third son of John (3) and

Sarah (Nichols) Scofield, was born in Stamford, Connecticut, July 14, 1777, died May 9. 1817. He was a farmer by occupation. He married, April 15, 1708, Hannah Bell: she died December 19, 1843. Children: Eliza,

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died October 15, 1804.

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Connecticut, November 1839. Married (se dren by first wife: C Twenty-cighth Cor

Mary A., June 14, 1841, married Thomas Has-

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times has been connected with important conand the first account the first and the

and responsibility, among which was that of deputy assessor under the internal revenue act appointed by United States government for the towns of Stamford, Greenwich and Darien, which he held for about two years; deputy collector and inspector of customs for the district of Fairfield for seven years; collector of town, school and borough taxes; town and borough assessor; Republican register of voters, serving for twenty-one years; appointed by President Arthur, postmaster of Stamford, which appointment he declined; clerk in probate court, serving for ten years. He has always taken an active part in the Universalist society at Stamford, serving for thirty-six years in the capacity of treasurer. He enlisted as a private in 1862 in Company B., Twenty-eighth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry; was promoted in January, 1863, to commissary sergeant, and served as such until he was mustered out at New Haven, August 28, 1863. He married (first) May 19, 1858, Lydia E. Ferris, of Stamford, Connecticut, born May 7, 1833, died November 13, 1867; married (second) June 15, 1869, Emma E. Rose, of Suffield, Connecticut. Child of first wife: Arthur F., born May 20, 1859, married Lillian E. Simmons: no children. Children by second wife: Julia Rose, born March 5, 1871, married Dr. Charles P. Haller. of Bridgeport, Connecticut; no children; James Bell, born April 12, 1875, died March 30, 1876.

(VI) James, four son of John and Sarah (Nichols) Scofield, was born in Stamford, Connecticut, September 22, 1778. He was a farmer by occupation. He removed to New Jersey during the latter part of his life, and 17, 1803, Anna Jones. Children: James Jones, 1805; Sarah Ann, October 13, 1806; Edward R., March 17, 1808; Albert Henry, July 29, 1809; Lydia Emeline, February 22, 1811; Elizabeth Nichols, August 26, 1812; Hannah Maria, October 7, 1814; David Lyman, July 22, 1816, see forward; Charles Ephraim, De-

cember 7, 1817

(VII) David Lyman, son of James and Anna (Jones) Scofield, was born July 22, 1816, died January 19, 1883. He was for some years associated with the late Alfred Bishop, of prises, they having built many miles of the present New York & New Haven railroad in part of his life Mr. Scofield was engaged as a civil engineer, deriving therefrom a lucrative livelihood. After his marriage he took up his residence in Stamford, remaining there until

his death. He married, January 1, 1850, in Stamford, Connecticut, Josephine Webb, born in New Rochelle, New York, July 8, 1831, daughter of Augustus and Naomi (Waterbury) Webb, her mother having been a daughter of William Waterbury. Mrs. Scofield came to Stamford, Connecticut, from New Rochelle, New York, at the age of five years, accompanying her parents, who purchased the home where she now resides with her son, Henry Clay Scofield, in which she was married, and where she has lived for over seventy-four years. Children: Annie Louise, born March 22, 1851, died April 28, 1881, unmarried: Sarah Frances, September 16, 1854, died November 3, 1880, unmarried; Henry Clay, November 26, 1856, see forward; Edward Everett, August 29, 1861, died October 24, 1863; Emily Augusta, May 27, 1864, married, June 9, 1897, Samuel M. Burroughs; Josephine Webb, June 8, 1867, died May 10, 1910; married, June 3, 1902, James B. Bonney; child, Henry Scofield, born in Boston, Massachusetts, January 24, 1907; Augustus Webb, February 21, 1870. (VIII) Henry Clay, eldest son of David Lyman and Josephine (Webb) Scofield, was

born November 26, 1856, in Stamford, Con-

He attended the old Broad street school, known as the Center school, acquiring a practical education which qualified him for the active duties of life. For a short time after completing his studies he was associated with his father in civil engineering. In 1875 he entered mercantile life in New York City, and at the present time (1910) is serving in the capacity of treasurer and secretary of the C. H. & E. S. Goldbury Company, Incorporated, wholesale dealers and manufacturers of wooden ware in New York City. He attends he is treasurer and a member of various committees. He is a member of the Municipal Art Society of New York City and of the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York City. He resides with his mother in Stamford.

John Jenkins, immigrant an-JENKINS cestor, came from Judbury, Scotland, to America about 1750. He settled in New York. He married a Miss Gordon, niece of Sir John Sinclair, the Scottish statistician and agriculturist. They eloped and came to America, where they settled. They had a son, James.

(II) James, son of John Jenkins, was born 1755, died 1817. He was a corporal in the revolutionary war, attached to the North Jersev Continental line, served under Captain Outwater, honorably discharged at end of war. He married Susanna Van Gelder, and

they had a son, James.

(III) James (2), son of James (1) Jenkins, was born in 1789 in New York City. He was a very prominent mer-chant of New York City, and engaged in the wholesale hardware business. He was identified with many institutions.

Bod in New York I have been the cholera in 1840. He married Ham

est, Killedge C. Land IV, the feet to

Turnia, but later returned and settled in Madi-In any star of the later than

who went to California, but later returned 11d settled at Salem, Massachusetts; he marper last Worse, nor may be? - Told. The War I

A Rose Williams Albert Committee Ww. 5. Hannah, married Rev. Dr. Abram D.

ing school at New Canaan, Connecticut. In early life he became an artist and spent several sels and Dusseldorf; after his return he fitted up a fine store and dealt extensively in im-

York City. In 1805 settled in Stamford, where

in Stamford, Emma Clarke, granddaughter of ford.

ington Allston Jenkins, was born in Stamford. Connecticut, October 31, 1871. He prepared college at St. Mark's School, Southborigh. Massachusetts, and entered Yale University, graduating with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1804 and from the Yale Law

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married Polly Benjamin, born in Stratford, Connecticut. Child: Daniel, mentioned below.

(III) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) and Polly (Benjamin) Morris, was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, May 7, 1715, died March 1, 1702, in Gray's Plains, Newtown, buried at Walker's Farms. He moved to Newtown about 1782. He was a farmer and joiner. He was appointed guardian of the Golden Hill Indians and to report to the probate court of Fairfield in February, 1768. He married (first), July 9, 1741, Sarah Fayerweather Mackhard, widow of Matthew Mackhard; she was born in Scotland, 1712-13, died April 16, 1761, and was buried in Stratford. He married (second) Mrs. Jackson, widow. Children of first wife: Mary, born December 1, 1742; Sarah, September 1, 1745; Amos, November 30, 1747, died young; Daniel, March 8, 1749, died May 7, 1749; Daniel, December 13, 1750, mentioned below; James, June 14, 1753, moved to Halifax; Matthew Mackhard, July 25, 1757. Child of second wife: Amos, born

September 28, 1762.

(IV) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) and Sarah Fayerweather (Mackhard) Morris, was born in Fairfield, now Bridgeport, December 13, 1750, died in Newtown, March 15, 1828, buried at Walker's Farms. He attended the Lexington alarm. He conducted a saw and flour mill in the Gray's Plains district of Newtown, and also conducted agricultural pursuits. He was active in local affairs. He moved to Huntington about 1790, to Roxbury about 1817, and later to Newtown. He married June 12, 1774, Elizabeth, born 1757, daughter of Israel and Mary (Salter) Burritt. Mary (Salter) Burritt was born June 23, 1725, in Antiego, one of the West India Islands, and came from there to Bridgeport, Connecticut. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Morris: Israel B., born in Newtown, July 26, 1775; Sally (or Sarah), born in Bridgeport, married (first) Abraham Blackman, (second) Abel Curtis; James, born in Bridgeport; Daniel, born in Newtown, January 27, 1781; Eli Gould, June 6, 1783, mentioned below; Polly, born August 1, 1786, married John Blackman; Nancy, born July 1, 1790, married Silas N. Glover; Elizabeth (or Betsey), born January 30, 1792, married Fairchild Burritt; Eunice, born June 6, 1793, married John Blackman; Winthrop, lived in Woodbury and Roxbury.

(V) Eli Gould, son of Daniel (3) and Elizabeth (Burritt) Morris, was born in Newtown, June 6, 1783, died there January 3, 1856. He was a successful farmer in his native town. In 1819 he bought a farm of eighty-five acres, which he afterward increased to about one hundred and thirty acres. He was a member

of the Episcopal church at the time of his marriage; he was a Democrat in politics, but never held public office. He married, March 21, 1821, Lydia Bennett, born in Trumbull, Connecticut, June 4, 1794, died July 2, 1879, in Newtown. Children: Eli James, born December 20, 1821, died Newtown, November 10, 1901, married, September 2, 1850, Jane E. Chambers; Luzon Burritt, April 16, 1827, mentioned below; Martha Jane, December 14, 1834, died in Newtown, June 12, 1877.

(VI) Hon. Luzon Burritt, son of Eli Gould and Lydia (Bennett) Morris, was born in Newtown, April 16, 1827, died in New Haven, August 22, 1895. He attended for a time the common schools of his neighborhood. At the age of sixteen he began work for a black-smith in Roxbury. Later in the same year he worked in the edge tool factory of Raymond French, of Seymour. Being ambitious, he saved his earnings and used them for an education. He attended the Connecticut Literary Institute at Suffield, where he prepared for college. He then entered Yale College, graduating in 1854. He then prepared for the profession of law, partly in the Law School and partly in an office, and was admitted to the bar in 1856. He began practice in Seymour, and entered at once into political life, identifying himself with the Democratic party. In 1855-56 he was a representative from the town of Seymour to the legislature. In 1857 he was appointed judge of probate for the New Haven district, to which office he was elected six times. His wide experience gained in this office was the cause of his being made chairman of the commissioners appointed by the legislature to revise the probate laws of the state. In 1870 he represented New Haven in the legislature, and in 1874 he served in the state senate. In the former body he was chairman of the committee on railroads, and in the latter chairman of the judiciary committee and also president pro tem. He was returned to the lower house in 1876, also in 1880-81, and in the last two sessions was active in the discussions on the question of the boundary line between Connecticut and New York, and served again on the judiciary committee and as chairman of the committee on incorporations. The commission to which the boundary line dispute was referred agreed to fix the line in the middle of the Sound, a decision which preserved to Connecticut lands of immense value to the oyster producers along the coast.

Throughout his long period of public service, Judge Morris gained a thorough knowledge of legislation and administration, and his experience, probity and faithfulness to trust com-

manded to him as some sale fession and in the public councils, and gained for him the esteem of his fellow citizens, without regard to partisan differences. For twentyfive series a medical buy and he distinguished member of the New Haven county bar, his practice being connected largely with the settlement of estates. As the agent of Daniel Hand, he handled for him more than a million dollars, and was instrumental in establishing the Hand Academy at Madison, Connecticut. In the eighties, Judge Morris began to be talked about as a good and availcandidate of the Democratic party for that office. He received at the election following a plurality of the votes cast, but not a majority, which the state requires to elect, and the legchosen. He was again a candidate at the next election, and although he received a majority of the votes was restrained from assuming the duties of the office through technicalities. In 1892 he was for the third time a candidate and won. He gave the state one of the best was one of his own shaping and forging, and is a good example of what may be accomfor more than twenty years prominently con-New Haven and was its president at the time of his death. He was always greatly interested in the schools of New Haven, an interest productive of much good. He served on the New

genia Laura, born October 5, 1833, daughter of Lucius and Laura Tuttle, of Seymour, Connecticut. Children: Robert Tuttle, born May 14, 1857, mentioned below; Mary Seymour, December 1, 1858, a graduate of Vassar College in 1880, married Charles M. Pratt, of Brooklyn, New York: Helen Harrison, May 12, 1863, graduate of Vassar, 1883, married President Arthur T. Hadley, of Yale College: Emily Eugenia, June 26, 1869, graduate of Vassar, 1800; Charles Gould, February 4, 1871, mentioned below; Ray, June 4, 1878.

mentioned below.

(VII) Robert Tuttle, son of Hon, Luzon Burritt and Eugenia Laura (Tuttle) Morris, was born May 14, 1857. He graduated from Cornell College, 1879, and later graduated with the degree of M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York; now

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New Haven, June 4, 1878. He graduated from Yale College, class of 1001. He is a banker in New York City. He married, Octork

MORRIS Matthew Morris, the revelu-MORRIS tionary ancestor of this family

Woodbury, Connecticut. He was
Captain Nathan Hine's company, wil
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Among his child
1821; Judson, mentioned below.

born at Woodbury. He married () hitable Peck, who died April 8, thirty-two years. He married of Reuben and Thankt

farmer and large land owner. Children or

Reuben Hotchkiss, son of David Hotchkiss. was born at Woodbury, March 8, 1756. He was a soldier in the revolution in Captain Nathan Hine's company in 1776 and in Captain Stoddard's company in 1777, and was living in 1832 in Litchfield county, his name appearing on the pension list at that time. Reuben Hotchkiss married in 1783, Thankful Minor, who died May 4, 1842; their children: Jerusha, born April 25, 1784, died young; Jerusha, June 20, 1785, mentioned above; Josiah, November 4, 1787; Harvey, February 13, 1790; Betsey, July 16, 1792; Reuben Harvey, June 11, 1794; David, November 5, 1796, Gervase, July 2, 1801; Ruth, December 16, 1803. David Hotchkiss, father of Reuben Hotchkiss, settled in Woodbury, in 1740; married, November 10, 1747, Submit, daughter of Isaac Hill. died in March, 1756; their children: Sibil, born May 29, 1749; David, baptized January 20, 1751; Huldah, April 16, 1752; Eliza, February 3, 1754; Reuben, March 8, 1756, mentioned

(III) Hobart Hotchkiss, son of Judson Morris, was born at Woodbury, Connecticut, May 24, 1817; died February 2, 1891. When a young man he learned the trade of finishing cassimer and followed it for a number of years in the woolen mill in Hotchkissville, in the town of Woodbury. He then entered the employ of Allen & Dayton, general merchants, Hotchkissville, and held positions of responsibility under different firms conducting that business for a period of twenty-eight years, and until he retired from active business. He was an able business man, thoroughly reliable and of strict integrity, and possessed the esteem and confidence of the community. He was active in public affairs and served with ability as justice of the peace, as postmaster and in various other offices of trust and honor. He was a prominent member of the Congregational church.

Hobart Hotchkiss married, October 18, 1842, Sarah M., daughter of George and Sally (Way) Hurd. George Hurd was a native of Monroe, Connecticut, was a carpenter and joiner by trade, and died in the prime of life, at the age of thirty-four years. Children of George and Sally Hurd: Lewis C., Sarah M., Harriet I., Margaret H., Frederick, Martha, who died young. Sally (Way) Hurd lived to the advanced age of ninety-five years. Mrs. Morris resides in Woodbury at Hotchkissville.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris had one child, George Franklin, mentioned below.

(IV) George Franklin, son of Hobart Hotchkiss Morris, was born September 21, 1844, in Hotchkissville. He attended the public schools of his native town, and at the age of sixteen became bookkeeper for the firm of Allen & Dayton, merchants, in the native village. Four years later he went to Marshall, Michigan, where after working for a year and a half as clerk, he returned home. When he returned to his native place, he was employed as bookkeeper by R. J. Allen. After five years he embarked in business with George M. Allen and remained for eleven years. The firm was dissolved and Mr. Morris worked for a year in the office of American Shear and Knife Company. He then became a partner in the firm of Morris & Dawson, general merchants at North Woodbury, and this firm continued for nine years. He purchased his present store, the old stand of R. J. Allen, in Hotchkissville, November 1, 1893, and built up a large and flourishing business. He has one of the largest and best stores in this section and is enterprising and progressive in his business methods. Mr. Morris has been active in public life. In politics he is a Republican. He was town clerk of Woodbury for ten years and auditor six years. He represented the town in the general assembly of Connecticut in 1881 and 1901. In his first term he served on the committee, on temperance, in the second on the committee on new towns and probate districts. He was for four years postmaster of North Woodbury and for a number of years postmaster at Hotchkissville. He holds a com-mission as notary public. He is one of the incorporators of the Woodbury Savings Bank and is a trustee of several estates. He is a member of the Congregational Church and has held the office of deacon since January 5, 1882.

He married, in 1868, Sophronia, born in New York state, daughter of Francis Dawson. Children: 1. Carrie, born May 12, 1871; married Ryce L. Clark; children: Virginia, born June 21, 1900; Morris Dawson, September 30, 1905; Mary Esther, April 24, 1907.. 2. Hobart Dawson, May 11, 1879; educated in the public schools and Wilbraham Seminary; associated in business with his father.

GOODMAN

Richard Goodman, immigrant ancestor, came from England and settled first in Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he was a proprietor in 1633. He was admitted a freeman, May 14, 1634, and brought a suit in Plymouth court, March 4, 1638-39. He removed to Hartford, Connecticut, with Rev.

apa esplication discussion in the len, Alberton in the same in the the same of the Year are He marre as Marthe Disconting a long May farry and olar-man and a second AND PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDR dren John Sant Land II, 1001- Land married John Noble; Thomas, March 20, married Jacob Warner; Thomas, September

Goodman, was born March 23, 1003, in Hadand eight pence. He married Abigail Pan-

John, and great-granddaughter of William Pantry. Children: Mary, baptized March 7, 1702, died young; Mary, baptized May 10, othy. September 22, 1706, mentioned below; Abigail, married Daniel Ensign; Esther, born October 30, 1700.

man, was born September 22, 1700, died in West Hartford, near Farmington. The on April 7, 1768, the house of Timothy Goodman in West Hartford was burned with all the furniture and clothes, which were very rich and costly, and that Jerusha, daughter of Daniel Ensign, who lived in the family, ten years old, was burned to death. He married (first) May 7, 1735, Joanna Wadsworth, who died March 10, 1768, aged fifty-three, daughter of Joseph and Joanna Wadsworth and worth, of Hartford. Children: Joanna: Timothy, bay tized March 7, 1730; Thomas, born 16 1746; Richard, April 10, 1748, mentioned 1750, died May 2, 1758; Moses (twin), bap-

man, was born April 10, 1748, died in West Hartford, in May, 1834. He was in the revo-Intion in Captain Seymour's company. He

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(Cole) Cossitt. Children: Edw

uel, born June 12, 1818, died March 28, 1819;

York City, daughter of Robert R. and Mary Sears (Hatch) Johnston, and thought to be descended from Dr. John Johnston, who came from Scotland in 1685 and settled at Perth Amboy, New Jersey. One of her early ancestors was John Alden, of Plymouth, who came in the 'Mayflower'. Children: Emilie, married Rev. Richard Wright, of Windsor Locks; Edward, died 1872; Annie G., married Rev. John F. Plumb, of New Milford, Connecticut; Mary A., Richard J., mentioned below.

(VII) Richard Johnston, son of Aaron Cossitt Goodman, was born in Hartford, March 23, 1875. He was educated in the public and high schools of his native town, and at Yale College, graduating in 1896, and from the Yale Law School in 1899. During his last year at the Law School he also practiced law in New Haven. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1899, and began the practice of his profession at Hartford in October, 1899. Since 1905 he has been associated with Leslie W. 'Newberry under the firm name of Newberry & Goodman. In addition to this he is the president and general manager of the Bush Manufacturing Company of Hartford, manufacturers of automobile radiators and auto parts. This corporation was organized in April, 1908, and has been very successful. His interest in politics began at an early age, and his activity in party matters began immediately after his graduation from college. In 1903 he was elected to the common council, serving two terms; was on the Republican town committee from January, 1904, to January, 1908, and has served as health commissioner since 1908. He is a member and vestryman in Trinity Church (Episcopal). He is prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Washington Commandery, Knights Templar, of Hartford. He is a member of the Connecticut Historical Society, Society of Colonial Wars, State of Connecticut, Municipal Art Society, Hartford Club, Hartford Golf Club, University Club of Hartford, Republican Club, Graduates Club of New Haven and Yale Club of New York. Mr. Goodman enlisted as a private in Company K, First Infantry, Connecticut National Guard, in 1899. He was made second lieutenant in November, 1902; captain, December, 1902; major, 1907; lieutenant-colonel, November, 1908, which position he still holds. He was an aide on the staff of grand marshal General Chaffee at the inauguration of Theodore Roosevelt as president of the United States. He has always taken an active interest in out-door sports, being especially fond of boating, fishing, tennis,

and horseback riding. His home is at 834 Asylum Avenue, Hartford. He is unmarried.

## (The Sears Line).

The first edition of the Sears genealogy gave what purported to be the English ancestry of the family, but the second edition by Samuel P. May, in 1890, shows that the ancestry was conjectural and erroneous. The parentage and ancestry of Richard Sears, American immigrant, have yet to be established. The surname spelled Sares, Seares, Sayer, Seers and Seir, in this country, and many other variations in England are to be found in the records. The surnames Sawyer and Sayer furnish almost identical variations in spelling and make the work of the genealogist very difficult. There is a belief in the family that the Sears family is of Norman origin. The eastern parishes of London and vicinity had many families of this name about 1600. The name is common in the islands of Guernsey and Jersey, from which many emigrants came with the early settlers at Marblehead and vicinity.

(1) Richard Sears, immigrant ancestor, was a taxpayer in Plymouth colony as early as 1632. He removed to Marblehead, where he was a landowner in 1637, but returned to the Plymouth colony about 1638, and settled at Yarmouth. He took the freeman's oath June 7, 1653. Commissioners were appointed to meet at his house, on Indian affairs, October 26, 1647. He was one of the settlers and founders of Yarmouth. He was buried August 26, 1676. His widow Dorothy was buried March 19, 1678-79. Children: Silas, died at Yarmouth, January 13, 1697-98; Paul, born 1637-38, mentioned below; Deborah, born at Yarmouth, September, 1639, died August 17,

1732.

(II) Captain Paul, son of Richard Sears, was born probably at Marblehead, Massachusetts, in 1637-38, after February 20, and died at Yarmouth, February 20, 1707-08. He took the oath of fidelity in 1657. He was captain of the militia at Yarmouth, and was in the Narragansett war. He was one of the original proprietors of Harwich, which was laid out between Bound Brook and Stony Brook as Wing's Purchase. He married, at Yarmouth, in 1658, Deborah Willard, baptized at Scituate, September 14, 1645, died May 13, 1721, daughter of George Willard. Her mother was probably Dorothy Dunster. Children: Mercy, born July 3, 1659; Bethia, January 3, 1661-62, died July 5, 1684; Samuel, January, 1663-64, mentioned below: Daughter, 1666, perhaps Lydia, who married Eleazer Hamblin; Paul, June 15, 1660; ———, October 24, 1672, probably Mary, who married Colonel John



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second the state of the state o the thinks the or trained from the original from the o separates the part of Harwich, which is now West Brewster, from East Dennis. It stood until after 1800, and was occupied by his sons. 110 = 22 = 0 = 0.1 (pun p.) z pu 10 = = stable in 1702, lieutenant 1700, and later cap-

con Samuel and Tamzin (Lumpkin) Mayo, and granddaughter of Rev. John Mavo; chil-September 15, 1087; Nathaniel, September 23,

1080 Fun táin Joseph, July 15, 1695; Joshua, May 3, low; John, July 18, 1701; Seth, May 27, 1703;

to the later of the start of wich, now West Brewster, and his house was den i tynte ek i mire i tyto mir e emi and great-granddaughter of John and Priscilla (Mullens) Alden, who came on the "May-flower." Children: Ann, born March 31, 1733; November 7, 1730, died young: Alden, born February 24, 1738-30; Nathan, June 18, 1741; David, May 10, 1744; Richard, June 8, 1740; Mary, April 15, 1750, married, at Rochester, November 12, 1754, bank bell, 18 November 13, 1706, Jonathan Hatch, of Fal-mouth, his son, Alden Hatch, had a daughter, ter, Annie M. Johnston, married Aaron C Goodman (see Goodman VI); Elizabeth, baptized July 8, 1752: Alice, married Charles Church: Sarah, baptized March 30, 1755.

TII SWORTH TOOL TO SALE from Cambridge, England. The village is on a small stream once remarkable for its cels,

The name is spelled in various ways-Elswort,

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poor of other colonies. He died August 20,

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daughter of Tahan Grant, Children: Jonathan, born March 11, 1605-96, Sarah, January

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Hannah, September 10, 1713; Jonathan, Auproduce the August to 1999.

HID Capture (Tarrell ) Toronto and a special - Investigation likewish - James - Agrandsor, August 3 (June 17, according to the family Bible), 1709. He inherited from his father a hundred pounds, and acquired a handsome estate through his own industry. He was a farmer. "He had much cunning, or quick wit, and very sound judgment; was a selectman nearly all his active life, and commanded a company of Connecticut men at the Siege of Louisburg, hence his title of Captain.' died March 5, 1782. He married, July 8, 1740, Jemima Leavitt, of Suffield, born July 9, 1721, "a lady of excellent mind, good character, and pious principles," daughter of Joshua and Hannah Leavitt. She married (second) June 4, 1784, Captain Ebenezer Grant, and died February I, 1790. Children: David, born March 27, 1741; Oliver, April 29, 1745, mentioned below; Martin, January 12, 1750; Jemima,

March 13, 1751. (IV) Chief Justice Oliver Ellsworth, son of Captain David Ellsworth, was born in Windsor, April 29, 1745. At an early age he was placed under the instruction of Rev. Dr. Bellamy, and in 1762 entered Yale College, remaining there two years. At Nassau Hill, now Princeton, New Jersey, he attained high rank as a scholar, and there received the degree of A. B. in 1766. After his graduation, his father placed him under the instruction of Rev. Dr. Smalley, to educate him for the ministry. After a year's study, however, he abandoned that calling for the law, and studied first with the first Governor Griswold of Connecticut. He completed his course of reading with Judge Root, of Coventry, and was admitted to the bar of Hartford county, in 1771. The debts which he incurred while studying he paid by cutting and selling wood from land which he owned, not being able to sell the land.

His father gave him a house and farm in Bloomfield (then Wintonbury), and for about three years he divided his time between farming and the law, the income from his practice being very small. His skill in handling an important case given him by a neighbor secured a verdict for his client and won him at once a high reputation. His practice rapidly increased, and in 1775 he was appointed attorney for the state. He sold his farm and removed to Hartford, and his practice soon became contemporaries in the state. His resolute will, and power of concentration, together with the concise statements of his cases, and his lucid and forcible arguments, gained for him a commanding position at the head of his profession. He was a Whig in politics, and at the beginning of the revolution represented Windsor in the general assembly of Connecticut. While in that body, he served actively in

the militia, and was one of a committee of four called the "Pay Table." This committee attended to the military expenditures. In October, 1777, he was elected a delegate to the continental congress, and served as a member of the marine committee, acting as a board of admiralty, and also on the committee of appeals, and took a prominent part in all discussions and political measures. From 1780 to 1784, by yearly elections, he was a member of the governor's council. In June, 1783, he left his seat in congress, and although re-elected, declined to serve. In 1784 he declined the appointment of commissioner of the treasury to take the position of judge of the Superior Court of Connecticut. He conducted the duties of this office with rare ability and great reputation until he was a member of the Federal Convention at Philadelphia in May, 1877. In this body he bore a distinguished part, and became conspicuous as one of the ablest advocates of the rights of the individual states. To him we are largely indebted for the Federal element of our constitution "by which so many sovereign States are kept in distant activity, while included under a higher sovereignty. He moved in the convention to expunge the word "National" from the constitution, and substitute the words "Government of the United States," and this was finally agreed to without a dissenting vote. Upon the organization of the new government at New York in 1789, Mr. Ellsworth was one of the senators from Connecticut, and was appointed chairman of the committee to organize the judiciary of the United States. The original bill, in his handwriting, passed with but slight alteration, and its provisions are still in force. He was particularly watchful over the treasury, and was called the "Cerberus of the Treasury." He was spoken of by John Adams as "the firmest pillar of Washington's whole administration. By common consent he was yielded precedence in the Federal ranks in the senate, then composed of the élite of the Republic. The mission of John Jay to England in 1794 was due to his suggestion. March 4, 1796, he was made the successor of Mr. Jay as chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and by an extensive course of study, freshened his memory on points of law in which he felt himself deficient. His dignified bearing, courteous impartiality and acknowledged ability won for him everywhere the confidence and esteem of the bar. In 1799 President Adams appointed him one of a committee to negotiate with France as an extraordinary commission to avert a war between the two countries, if possible. Of the other members of the commission, Mr. Henry declined to act, on account



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of it, an Air I specific to be under Let Avit to be a second of the One of the (Signaturation) ) is the remailer of the sure of the second gress, but which time has proved was wise. mouth," and there took the mineral waters at Links will some lowers of the some fillers, when influence was controlling. In May, 1807, he was appointed chief justice of the Supreme Court of Connecticut, but he resigned the office soon. He died November 26, 1807, and was furied in the Windsor cemetery. A monu-ment marks his grave. Judge Ellsworth was tall and erect. His eyes were blue, large, fine heavy. His expression was pleasant. bearing was dignified and courtly. He was particular about his personal appearance, and never hurried his toilet. In public he always was regular and strictly temperate. Daniel Webster once in the senate referred to Ellsworth as "a gentleman who had left behind country, proofs of the clearest intelligence and ter." In 1700 he received the degree of LL.D.

Around Westerline and Assessment of the died August 4, 1818, daughter of William, Esq., and Abigail Wolcott. Children, born in Oliver, April 27, 1781; Major Martin, April 783 W IIII - II fully M. 1545 1 100 Augus 11, A. 2016 (nil. o. mentioned below; Hon, Henry Leavitt (twin),

FYA I --- William Works -- Ethnosity son of Oliver Ellsworth, was born in Wind-

gress in 1827, and served five years, resigning

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of the Supreme Court until 1861, when he remed to be built on. They had at hand and still possessed of his great intellectual powers, he retired to private life, though he never ceased to take a keen interest in public affairs. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Yale College in 1838. He was professor of law in Trinity College, Hartford. He was one of the original incorporators and at the time of his death president of the board of directors of the American Asylum for the Education and Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, at Hartford. He was president of the hoard of directors of the Hartford Retreat for the Insane.

The following estimate of his character and delineation of his personality is from a sermon by Rev. George H. Gould, pastor of the Centre Church of Hartford, preached at the funeral

of Governor Ellsworth:

"He was a Puritan of the best stock. His honesty was of perfect whiteness. Rufus Choate once spoke of him, in a speech before a legislative committee of Massachusetts, as 'a man of hereditary capacity, purity, learning and love of the law,' adding, 'If the land of the Shermans, and Griswolds, and Daggetts, and Williams, rich as she is in learning and virtue, has a sounder lawyer, a more upright magistrate or an honester man in her public service, I know not his name.' In Judge Ellsworth were hereditary qualities of great mental and moral worth. Like his father, the Chief Justice, he was remarkable for the simplicity of his tastes and habits. In manner he was dignified; in person he was tall and finely proportioned with as fine a personal presence and bearing as any man of his time; he was a good speaker and had a fine voice; in conversation he was earnest and sincere, and all his intercourse was marked by kindness and integrity of nature. The crown of his enduring character was his Christian walk and conversation. He early professed Christ and ever after, through all his membership in the old Centre Church of Hartford, was an humble and faithful follower of his Lord.

"He delighted in theological studies and discussions and took a very active part in religious movements. He was a prominent friend of the areast charitable and missionary enter-

"He delighted in theological studies and discussions and took a very active part in religious movements. He was a prominent friend of the great charitable and missionary enterprises; was much interested in Sunday schools and even after he had attained a high official position, he continued his duties as a teacher in the school connected with his church. From 1821 until his death, a period of forty-seven years, he held the office of Deacon in the Centre Church. In all things he was an admirable representative of New England, a man of old-time integrity, sincerity, solidity of character."

Governor Ellsworth married, September 14, 1813, Emily Webster, born August 4, 1790, died August 23, 1861, daughter of Noah Webster, the lexicographer (see Webster VI). Governor Ellsworth died January 15, 1868. Children, born in Hartford: 1. Pinckney Webster, December 5, 1814; mentioned below. 2. Emily, September 27, 1816; married, April 27, 1841, Rev. Abner Jackson, president of Trinity College. 3. Harriet, July 4, 1818; married,

December 23, 1845, Rev. Russell S. Cook, secretary of the American Tract Society; she died February 24, 1848. 4. Oliver, September 13, 1820. 5. Elizabeth, November 17, 1822; died January 20, 1823. 6. Elizabeth, June 8, 1824; married, December 14, 1853, Hon. Waldo Hutchins, congressman from twelfth New York district, lawyer of New York City.

(VI) Dr. Pinckney Webster Ellsworth, son of Governor William Wolcott Ellsworth, was born in Hartford, December 5, 1814. He was descended from Governor William Bradford of Plymouth; of John Steele, who was in Hartford before Hooker and other pioneers of Massachusetts and Connecticut. He attended the public schools and entered Yale College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1836. He took up the study of medicine and attended medical schools in Philadelphia and New York, graduating from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York with the degree of M.D. in 1839. His medical studies were afterward continued in Paris, London and Dublin. He settled in Hartford in 1843 and began to practice his profession, becoming in a few years one of the leading surgeons of the state. He was the first to perform a surgical operation with the use of anaesthetics, outside of a dental office. He was in partnership with Dr. Amariah Brigham, who became subsequently superintendent of the Retreat for the Insane in Hartford, and later superintendent of the Insane Asylum at Utica, New York. Dr. Ellsworth was for a considerable time one of the visiting physicians of the Retreat. He was one of the organizers and a prominent member of the City Medical Society of Hartford, and a leading member of the Hartford County and Connecticut Medical Societies, and honorary member of the New York State Medical Society. During the civil war he was appointed brigade surgeon by Governor Buckingham. and served on the staff of General Isaac T. Stevens of the Army of the Potomac, who was shot and killed at the head of his command in the second battle of Bull Run. Dr. Ellsworth was examiner of recruits for the service, and made personal examination of about nine thousand soldiers. Later he held the office of pension examiner, in Connecticut, for nine years under Presidents Johnson, Grant and Cleveland. He was a member of the Centre Church of Hartford for many years. In politics he was always independent and never sought public office of any kind, and even in the church he always declined to hold office. A lifelong student, not only of medical, but of theological and philosophical subjects, his learning was profound. He was especially interested in reading and comparing the Greek scriptures.

daughter a grant or thronof the first treasurers of the Housatonic Railroad Company. He married (second) Decemher justice the second temperature Haven, More a stay, ose some of facilities wife: 1. William Sterling, born August 11, 1849; died April 16, 1852. Children of the 1860; married, December 21, 1882, Augustus ville, North Carolina. 3. Emily Webster, born lied October 31, 1868. 5. Wolcott Webster, born October 25, 1867, graduate of Vale Col-7. Edith Townsend, born February 4, 1872. B. Alice Greenleaf, born October 6, 1877.

was one of the original settlers of Hartford, Description of the state of the and governor in 1050. During the next three t. On account of a controversy with the min-Mu William William leaded the list of fifty-nine signers who agreed to locate there. His son Robert was another signer. Governor Webster lodged at Northampton, Massachusetts, fell sick soon afterward, but recovered and became one of the judges associated with John Pynchon and side of the highway, near the late residence of George Wyllys, in Hartford. He died April 5, 1685, and was buried at Hadley. His will ford during her life, and he also bequeathed property to his four sons. Children: Robert. who died in 1650; Mathew settled in Farmingraft in 1084-85, married, 1671, Mary Reeves, and resided at Hadley; Thomas, married Abigail Alexander; Anne, settled at Northfield, Massachusetts, married John Marsh, of Had-

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Hartford, October 16, 1758; married, October 26, 1789, Rebecca Greenleaf, of Boston. He served as a private in his father's company in the campaign against General Burgoyne, in the fall of 1777. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1781, but he preferred teaching to law, and in 1782 opened a classical school at Goshen, New York. In 1783 he published at Hartford the "First Part of a Grammatical Institute of the English Language," followed by a second and third part in the two years following. He published "The American Spelling Book" in 1783, and Winthrop's Journal, which until then had been preserved only in manuscript. He wrote various political essays in the Connecticut Courant in 1785, entitled "Sketches of American Policy." He was interested in public questions, and in 1785 visited the southern states to advocate the enactment of state copyright laws. In 1786 he delivered a course of lectures in the principal cities and towns on subjects relating to the English language, and these lectures were published in 1789 under the title of "Dissertations on the English Language." In 1787 he taught English grammar and kindred subjects at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. After the Federal constitutional convention adjourned, he published a work entitled "Examination of the Leading Principles of the Federal Constitution." In 1788 he published for one year the American Magazine, but the venture was a failure finanically. Returning to Hartford in 1789, he took up the practice of his profession and gained a prominent position at the bar. In 1793, at the request of the president, he established a daily newspaper in New York City to support the administration. This paper was called the Minerva, and after a short time he added a semi-weekly called the Herald. These were subsequently called the Commercial Advertiser and the New York Spectator. The Advertiser is still published, though the name was changed again to The Globe a few years ago. Webster's articles in these papers under the nom-de-plume "Curtius" ably defended Tay's treaties and other controverted policies

of the young government.

In 1798 he removed to New Haven, and in 1798 he published "A Brief History of Epidemics and Pestilential Diseases" in two octavo volumes. In 1802 he published a work on the rights of neutrals in time of war, and "Historical Notices of the Origin and State of Banking Institutions and Insurance Offices," and in 1807 his "Philosophical and Practical Grammar of the English Language." He had in 1806 published a "Compendious Dictionary," and in 1807 commenced the great labor of his life, "A Dictionary of the English Language,"

the first edition of which appeared in 1828 in two quarto volumes, and a second in 1840 in two royal octavo volumes. While preparing this stupendous work he lived at Amherst, Massachusetts, and he was one of the most active and influential founders of Amherst College. He was for a number of years a representative to the general court from Amherst. He had served his district in New Haven in the Connecticut legislature several terms previously, and for a time was judge of one of the state courts and one of the aldermen of the city. He returned to New Haven in 1822 and visited Europe in 1828. Early in 1843 he published "A Collection of Papers on Political, Literary and Moral Subjects." and an elaborate treatise on "The supposed change of temperature in Winter." His last literary labor was the revision of the Appendix to his dictionary, completed a few days before his death. He died at New Haven, May 28, 1843. Of the "Elementary Spelling Book" nearly fifty million copies have been sold, and during the preparation of the dictionary the income from this work supported his family. His dictionary was revised after his death by his son-in-law, Professor Goodrich, and from time to time by others. The Merriams of Springfield have been the publishers for many years. In 1823 he received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Yale College. Dr. Webster's works, besides those mentioned, were: "History of the United States," revised in 1838; "Letters to a Young Gentleman Commencing His Education," published in 1823; "Manual of Useful Studies," in 1832; "The Prompter," and a "History of Animals."

In many respects Dr. Webster was the most famous scholar of his period in American literature. He performed a work of lasting value to the English-speaking people and blazed the way for other lexicographers to follow. That he was a genius cannot be disputed. His versatility in literature was as remarkable as his

learning was profound.

Children of Noah and Rebecca (Greenleaf) Webster: I. Emily, born August 4, 1790; married William Wolcott Ellsworth, September 14, 1813 (see Ellsworth family). 2. Frances Juliana, February 5, 1793; married, October 1, 1816, Chauncey Allen Goodrich. 3. Harriet, April 6, 1797; married (first) Edward H. Cobb, of Portland, May 22, 1816, and (second) July 26, 1825, William Chouncy Fowler. 4. Mary, January 7, 1799; died February 28, 1819; married Horatio Southgate, of Portland. 5. William Greenleaf, September 15, 1801; married Rosalie Eugenia Stuart, of Virginia, May 5, 1831, and removed in 1835 to Cincinnati, Ohio. 6. Eliza Steele, December

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WHITH/S: You only the braines in the man in the White To at no later date than the tenth century. In the state will be a terminal to the state of ban loss in section and the West fus the man and the man and the same of th fifty men who withstood the famine of fire and water and returned to England with the king. by whom he was knighted in 1100. In 1102 he fell at the battle of Malta. Cambridgeshire was the birthplace of the English and American families of the name of Whittlesey and ily is described as follows: Azure; a fess, er-Esquire helmet on shield. Crest: Lion ram-

pant. Motto: Animo et fide (Courage and

was born July 4, 1623, in Cambridgeshire, England, near Whittlesea, the son of John, born in 1503, and Lydia (Terry) Whittlesey. October, 1621-22. John Whittlesey, the son, Company in 1635. The company landed in Boston, Massachusetts, but as early as 1036 were in Saybrook, Connecticut. The records stroyed by fire, but the Whittlesevs are mentioned as among the inhabitants of Mildlesex county, Connecticut, in 1648. In 1662 John Whittlesey and William Dudley, of Saybrook, contracted with the town to keep a ferry across the Connecticut at Saybrook from Tilly's point and a horse canoe or boat large enough to carry three horses at once and such passenger in shell in our In the TS full in represented the town of Saybrook in the genchalles milly have an increase of the also elected in 1696-97-98-1703. In 1678 he was appointed collector of minister's rates, and again in 1681-82; townsman in 1688-89-97. In 1684 he was one of the attorneys, a lister in PS: an requestly on of a more than serve at the stind of more perfection the meeting house. He was made freeman, And a trial His in the fill of the

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Devereux, Earl of Essex. He was the son of

(II) Eliphalet, son of John Whittlesey, was born July 24, 1679, at Saybrook. In 1707 he started farming. In 1723 and 1727 he was one of the "prudential committee" in the society. His name appears on the list of Newington church members in 1747, on the com-

01 d (, 0), 0 l and his wife, March 22, 1758 born October 1, 1703; Hannah, May 13, 1711;

Eliphalet, mentioned below.

(III) Eliphalet (2), son of Eliphalet (1) Whittlesey, was born in Newington, May 10, 1714. He was a farmer by occupation, and his farm was one of the best known and most productive in the vicinity of Newington. He was also prominent in public affairs. In 1761 he removed with his family to Washington, Connecticut, and united with the church there the same year. He was soon after chosen deacon. In May, 1775, he was appointed a member of the general assembly from Kent, Connecticut, also at a special session held at Hartford, by order of the governor, called to provide for the defense and safety of the inhabitants and to supply troops. He took an active and important part in the colonial wars. October 13, 1748, he was commissioned by the general assembly to be ensign of the Tenth Company or train band in the Sixth Regiment of the colony of Connecticut, and on May 9, 1751, was commissioned lieutenant of the same company and regiment. March 7, 1756, he was appointed and commissioned captain of the Sixth Company of the Fourth Regiment. February 9, 1757, he was commissioned captain of the Tenth Company of the Sixth Regiment, and March, 1758, commissioned captain of the Fourth Company in the First Regiment under Phineas Lyman, colonel; 1759, captain of the Fifth Company, First Regiment; 1760, captain of Fifth Company, First Regiment. In 1760 he was placed at the head of a company which was raised on the call for twenty-five hundred men for Major-General William Shirley's command, to operate at Crown Point and Iroquois Lake. He participated in the battles and remained in service during the war. In the campaign of 1757, which resulted in the sur-render of Fort William Henry to Montcalm's forces, Captain Whittlesey had the command of a picked company of one hundred men, mostly from Wethersfield, Connecticut. In 1758, when Fort Edward was the base of operations, and Ticonderoga the objective point, he was always in the thickest of the battles and led his men with great bravery.

He married, December 16, 1736, Dorothy, born December 24, 1716, died April 14, 1772, daughter of Captain Martin Kellogg, who settled in the first society of Wethersfield, but afterwards removed to Newington, where he died. As a boy he lived at Deerfield, Massachusetts, with his father, stepmother and three other children. During Queen Anne's war, February 29, 1704, he was captured by the Indians, together with his father and the other children, but they were afterwards allowed to return. He was several times captured, but

was returned. He was often employed by the government as interpreter of the Indian language at the Indian treaties. He was commissioned captain in the Sixth Company of militia of Wethersfield by the general assembly, and in 1746 was engaged to be pilot for the expected British fleet in the St. Lawrence. In 1751 he was the colony's agent to the chief of the Mohawks to supply them with clothing. He married, January 26, 1692, Dorothy Chester, died September 26, 1754. His father was Martin Kellogg, born October 1, 1660, probably at Farmington. He was often employed as an Indian interpreter and was a courageous and active man. He was a weaver by trade. He survived many captures and much hard treatment by the Indians.

He married (first) December 10, 1684, Ann, daughter of Samuel and Mehetabel Johnson, born at Hadley, Massachusetts, February 22, 1667, died at Deerfield, July 19, 1689. Samuel Johnson was born March 5, 1642, at Hadley, and was killed by the Indians at Deerfield, September 8, 1675. Mehetabel, his wife, was the daughter of Humphrey Johnson, born in England, son of John Johnson, who came from England in the fleet with John Winthrop, and was a representative in the first general court, 1634, a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, 1638. He lived in Roxbury, Connecticut, where he died September 30, 1659. Martin Kellogg married the third time in 1732. His father was Joseph Kellogg. Dorothy Chester, wife of Captain Martin Kellogg, was the daughter of Stephen and Jemima (Treat) Chester. Her father was born May 26, 1660, son of Captain John Chester, born August 5, 1635, married, February, 1653, Sarah Welles, born in 1631, daughter of Governor Thomas Welles, the fourth governor of the Colony of Connecticut, 1655-58. He died February 23, 1698, and his wife, December 12 or 16, 1698. He was the son of Leonard Chester, born July 15, 1610, married, in England, 1634, Mrs. Mary (Sharpe) Wade, born about 1608, daughter of Nicholas Sharpe. He died in Wethersfield, Connecticut, December 11, 1647, and the family arms are on his tomb in the old Wethersfield burying-ground. His wife died November 30, 1688. He was the son of John Chester, of Blaby, England, who married Dorothy Hooker, sister of Rev. Thomas Hooker, founder of Hartford, and daughter of Thomas Hooker, mentioned elsewhere in this book. John Chester was the son of Leonard and Bridgetta (Sharpe) Chester, and grandson of Sir William Chester, baronet, of London. Eliphalet Whittlesey died July 12, 1786, at Washington, Connecticut. Children: Martin, born October 5, 1737; Lemuel, May

tlesey, was born at Newington, December 23, 1741. New Preston, Connecticut. He left a diary which shows that he served as a servant to his father in the colonial wars. His discharge shows that he served for three years in his father's company. May 6, 1750, he assisted in bush, opposite Albany, New York. From the memoranda left by Mr. Whittlesey we find that the "spirit of the times" and the "safety of the people" predominated above all else in his mind, and after placing his farm in perfect working order, he devoted his attention to the revolution. In 1770 he was a private in Captain Tibbetts' company, August 18 to September 14, 1770, at New York, in Captain John 11

Horse Neck; November 12, marched to Rye; December 2, was at Saw Pitts, under General Wooster. March 21, 1777, he was commismed ensign by Jonathan Trumbull, and served in the regiment of Lieutenant-Colonel for New Preston and collected and forwarded supplies and ammunition. After the revolution he was a justice of the peace, and was relected to the Connecticut legislature for sevateen consecutive sessions, and was also a member of the committee of safety. He was chosen deacon of the church in 1788, but declined to act. He was chosen and made a member of the convention to ratify the Constitution of the United States, and gave his

He married. November 14, 1765, Mary, born August 24, 1745, at New Preston, died September 30, 1802, daughter of Matthew and Hannah Beale. Her father, Matthew Beale, was born April 13, 1719. He married (first) March 17, 1748, at New Preston, Hannah Cogswell, and removed to Salisbury in 1792. He married (second) Hannah Sweezey, September 1, 1777, and removed to Long Island. His father, George Beale, was born in England, 1675, died 1760. He came to America with his son Matthew when the latter was eleven years old. Hannah Cogswell was the daughter of Edward and Hannah (Brown) Cogswell, born at Ipswich, April 13, 1710, died in 1776, of dumb ague. Her father, Edward in 1776, of dumb ague. Her father, Edward.

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1824. Mrs. Caroline Hol
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Beale Whittlesey died Oct
dren: William Augustus.

dren: William Augustus. Eliza, April 16, 1708; John, February 16, 1800; Oliver, March 31, 1803; Mary Anna, February

Beale Whittlesey, was born at Danbury, Janment to New York, where he served an apprenticeship to a jeweler, and followed the trade for ten years. He then went to Long Island,

and the milk business. In the year 1840 he returned to Danbury and assumed charge of his

was associated with Mr. George Redfield under

New York City, and St. James' Church in Danbury. In the early seventies Mr. Whittlesey retired from active business, and devoted was at one time warden in the town, select-

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six years. He was a man of integrity and sound judgment. He died October 6, 1802.

He married, at Newtown, Long Island, February 19, 1840, Ann Eliza, born January 16, 1822, at Cairo, Greene county, New York, daughter of Jacob and Permelia (Carmen) White. Her mother, Permelia (Carmen) White, was the daughter of George Washington and Betsey (Buckbee) Carmen, of Westchester, New York. On her father's side she was a direct descendant of Peregrine White, of Plymouth. Children: Frank, born January 20, 1841; Matthew Beale, November 2, 1842; John Jacob, November 12, 1844; Mary, December 23, 1846; William Augustus, February 21, 1849; Elmira Carmen, August 9, 1851; Frank Russell, August 28, 1858; Charles White, June 30, 1861; Granville, mentioned below.

(VII) Granville, son of Ebenezer Russell Whittlesey, was born at Danbury, July 11, 1864. He studied law with Brewster, Tweedy & Scott, and was admitted to the bar in February, 1889. He remained with this firm until 1892, when he was made clerk of the city court. He served in the latter capacity until March, 1893, when he became a member of the firm of Tweedy, Scott & Whittlesey. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, of the New England Society, New York, and of the Congregational church, Danbury. In politics he is a Republican. He married, January 19, 1903, Julia Delliker, born September 29, 1876, daughter of Ebenezer and Julia (Delliker) Hill. Children: Granville, born in Danbury, December 5, 1903; Julian Hill, Greenwich, October, 1905.

William Beardsley, immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1605. He came to this country in 1635 in the ship "Planter" with his wife Mary, aged twentysix, children Mary, aged four, John, aged two, and Joseph, aged six months. According to the family tradition, he was a native of Stratford-on-Avon, the home of Shakespeare, and it is believed that he gave the name of Stratford to the settlement in which he made his home, now Stratford, Connecticut. One of his descendants who settled in western New York named the town in which he located Avon in honor of the Beardsley who came with Rev. Adam Blakeman from St. Albans, England, and settled first at Hadley, Massachusetts. In 1638 he removed to Hartford, Connecticut, and in the following spring to Stratford, of which he was one of the first settlers. He was deputy to the General Court seven years. He was a mason by trade. His will was dated September 28, 1660, and proved July 6, 1661. His inventory, dated February 13, 1660-01, amounted to three hundred and thirty-three pounds fifteen

shillings eight pence. He died at the age of fifty-six years, leaving several young children. Children: 1. Mary, born 1631; married Thomas Wells. 2. John, born 1632; captain; died November 19, 1718. 3. Joseph, born 1634; mentioned below. 4. Samuel, born 1638; had land in what is now Bridgeport. 5. Sarah, born 1640; married, June 8, 1668, Obadiah Dickinson. 6. Hannah, born 1642; married Nathaniel Dickinson. 7. Daniel, born 1644; died 1730. 8. Thomas, mentioned by Savage.

(II) Joseph, son of William Beardsley, was born in 1634. He inherited half the estate of his father, on condition that he should lead a seafaring life and care for his mother. He fulfilled the conditions. He was living in Brookhaven, Long Island, when, July 31, 1684, he exchanged his property in Stratford for the property of Andrew Gibb at Brookhaven. Later he returned to Stratford, however, and died there in 1712, aged seventy-seven years. His inventory was dated May 29, 1712, and amounted to seven hundred and eighty-two pounds six pence. He married Abigail Dayton. Children: I. Joseph, born June 16, 1666. 2. John, born November 4, 1668. 3. Hannah, born April 30, 1671; married Thomas Harvey. 4. Elizabeth, married Edmund Pulford. 5. Thomas, married Sarah Deming. 6. Ephraim, married Mehitable Osborne. 7. Jonathan. 8. Josiah, mentioned below.

(III) Josiah, son of Joseph Beardsley, was born in Stratford or Brookhaven about 1685-90. He married, November 4, 1712, at Stratford, Mary Whittemore, probably daughter of Samuel. Children: 1. Kate, born March 23, 1714. 2, Hannah, born February 1, 1715. 3, Josiah, born December 31, 1716. 4. Samuel, born June 30, 1719; mentioned below. 5. Israel, born March 13, 1721. 6. Benjamin, born July 12, 1723, died 1726. 7. Isaac Judson, born October, 1725. 8. Benjamin, born February 28, 1727-28. 9. Jonathan, baptized August, 1734; settled at Newtown.

(IV) Samuel, son of Josiah Beardslev, was born in Stratford, June 30, 1719. He married (first) Ann, daughter of Samuel and Mary French; (second) Thankful Doolittle. Samuel Beardsley was in Lieutenant Colonel Jonathan Duncan's regiment at Peekskill in 1777, a captain in rank; also captain in Colonel Samuel Whiting's regiment in 1777. Children: 1. Catherine, born July, 1742. 2. Josiah, born February 6, 1750. 3. Daniel, born July, 1752; married Ann Hawley. 4. Anna, married Eli Smith. 5. Sarah, baptized August 13, 1758. 6. Joseph, baptized, August 13, 1758. 7. Samuel, born May 14, 1760. 8. Eliot, baptized August 29, 1762; mentioned below. 9. Sarah, baptized August 29, 1762. 10. Hall, born





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born in Stratford in 1762, and was baptized there with his twin sister, Sarah, August 29, 1762. He settled at Southbury, Connecticut, and many of his descendants have lived at Workel and Huntington, Connecticut, and had one female in his family. He married, April 20, 1788 Hearth 1 He married (second), October 16, 1800, Abigail Patterson, widow. Children: 1, Abigail, born at Huntington, April 25, 1792, 2, Hannah, born May 17, 1708, 3, Eliot, born December 26, 1801. Perhaps others.

(VI) Eliot (2), son of Eliot (1) Beardsley, born December 26, 1801, at Huntington. He married Delia Rockwell. They lived at Win-

chester, Connecticut.

Beardsley, was born at Winsted, Connecticut, January 10, 1839. He was educated in the public schools and Yale College, where he graduated in 1850. He was treasurer of the Beardsley Scythe Company from 1850 to 1874. From 1874 to 1877 he conducted a private banking business in Winsted, and in 1877 became secretary and treasurer of the Central New England and Western radiroad, which position he occupied for twenty-nine years until his death, May 10, 1000. He removed from Winsted to Hartford in 1881, and passed the remainder of his life in that city. In religion he was a Congregationalist, in politics a staunch Republican. He was a member of the Asyslum Avenue Congregational Church of Hartford; secretary and treasurer of the Beardsley Library of Winsted; and a director of The Empire Knife Company of Winsted.

He married, January 10, 1867; Emma Adelaide, bern January 30, 1840 (see Lyman and Wettmore families), caughter of Thomas Watson. She is living at Hartford, Connecticut,

taken a siller control of

Edward Watson, born June 4, 1868, mentioned below. 3, Faith, died in infancy. 4, Grace Rockwell, born at Winsted, April 5, 1876.

Rockwell Beardsley, was born in Winsted, June 4, 1868, and attended the public schools there. He went with the family to Hartford in 1881 and there attended the public schools, taking a two years' course in the Hartford public high school. In December, 1885, he entered the employ of the D. H. Buell Jewelry Company, resigning that position, July, 1886, to become a clerk in the office of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, where he continued

local agent of that company for Hartford, also panies. He conducted a general fire insurance L. A. Dickinson and C. I. Beardsley, under

the firm name has been Beardsley & Beards-Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, the Home Insurance Company of New York, and the Alliance Insurance Company of Phladelphia. Mr. Beardsley has been successful in interpretable of the Company of Company of Company of Company of Phlacountry as an able, progressive and enterpris-

ent (1909) the president of the National Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents. He was vice-president of the Harriord Beard of Fire Underwriters in 1899, and re elected for a second term in 1900. He is an active and prominent Republican. He was fire commissioner of the city of Hartford 1902-05, and has been for several years clerk of the west middle school district of Hartford. He is a member of the Republican Club of Hartford. He is a member of the Asylum Avenue Congregational Charch of Hartford. He belongs also to the Hartford Golf Club; the Connecticut Society, Sons of the American Revolution; the B. H. Webb Council, Royal Arcanum, and St. John's Lodge of Free Masons. He married, October 15, 1880, Ida May Johnson, born Scotember 28, 1860. They have one child, Arcanumar 28, 1860.

### (The Lyman Line)

(I) Alfred the Great, King of England, married Ethelbirth, daughter of Earl Ethel-

(II) Edward the Elder was King of England

(III) Edgina, daughter of Edward, married Henry de Verandois.

(IV) Hubert fourth was Count de Verman-

dots.
(V) Adela, daughter of Hubert, married Hugh Magnus, fifth Count de Vermandois,

(VI) Isabel, daughter of Hugh, married Robert, Earl of Millent and Leicester.

(VII) Robert was second Farl of Leicoster.

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(IX) Margaret, daughter of Robert, married Saier de Quincy.

(X) Roger was the Earl of Winchester.

(XI) Elizabeth, daughter of Roger, married Alexander Comyn.

(XII) Agnes, daughter of Alexander, married Gilbert de Umfreville, called the famous baron, the flower and keeper of the northern

parts of England.

(XIII) Gilbert de Umfreville was an infant at the time of his father's death and was made a ward of Simon de Mountford, Earl of Leicester. He was the Earl of Angus, having married Matilda, Countess of Angus, a lineal descendant of Malcolm III., King of Scotland, three of whose sons succeeded to the throne. Gilbert died in 1307

(XIV) Robert de Umfreville, second son of Gilbert, had livery of his lands. He was one of the governors of Scotland and was a member of parliament under Edward II., until the eighteenth year of his reign, when he died.

He was the second Earl of Angus.

(XV) Sir Thomas de Umfreville, son of Robert, was heir to his half-brother, Gilbert, and lived at Harbottle. He married Joan,

daughter of Lord Rodam.

(XVI) Sir Thomas de Umfreville was second son of Sir Thomas (1) and heir to his brother, Sir Robert, and was living in the time of Henry IV., at Kyme. Children: I. Gilbert, a famous soldier in the French wars in the time of Henry IV. and V., and was slain with Thokas, Duke of Clarence and others. 2. Joanna, mentioned below.

(XVII) Joanna, daughter of Sir Thomas de Umfreville, married Sir William Lambert, son

of Alan Lambert.

(XVIII) Robert Lambert, of Owlton, was (XIX) Henry Lambert, Esquire, of Ongar,

county Essex, was living in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of Henry VI. (XX) Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Lam-

bert, married Thomas Lyman of Navistoke. (XXI) Henry Lyman, of Navistoke, was his

(XXII) John, son of Henry Lyman, lived in High Ongar.

(XXIII) Henry, son of John Lyman, lived in High Ongar. He married Elizabeth -

and had nine children.

(XXIV) Richard, third child of Henry Lyman, was born at High Ongar, county Essex, England, and baptized October 30, 1580. In 1629 he sold to John Gower lands and orchards and a garden in Norton Mandeville, in the parish of Ongar, and in August, 1631, embarked with his wife and five children in the ship "Lion," William Pierce, master, for New Eng-

land. In the ship, which sailed from Bristol, were Martha Winthrop, third wife of Governor Winthrop, the governor's eldest son and his family, and also Eliot, the Indian apostle. They landed at Boston, and Richard Lyman settled first in Charlestown, and with his wife united with the church of which Eliot was pastor. He was admitted a freeman, June 11, 1635, and in October of the same year, joining a party of about a hundred persons, went to Connecticut, and became one of the first settlers of Hartford. The journey was beset by many dangers, and he lost many of his cattle on the way. He was one of the original proprietors of Hartford in 1636, receiving thirty parts of the purchase from the Indians. His house was on the south side of what is now Buckingham street, the fifth lot from Main street, west of the South Church, and bounded apparently by Wadsworth street either on the east or west. His will was dated April 22, 1640, and proved January 27, 1642, together with that of his wife, who died soon after he died. He died in 1640. His name is inscribed on a stone column in the rear of the Centre Church of Hartford, erected in memory of the first settlers of the city. He married Sarah, daughter of Roger Osborne, of Halstead, in Kent, England. Children: I. William, buried at High Ongar, August 28, 1615. 2. Phillis, baptized, September 12, 1611; came to New England and married William Hills, of Hartford; became deaf. 3. Richard, baptized July 18, 1613; died young. 4. William, baptized, September 8, 1616; died November, 1616. 5. Richard, baptized February 24. 1617; mentioned below. 6. Sarah, bap-tized Pebruary 6, 1620. 7. Anne, baptized, April 12, 1621; died young. 8. John, baptized, 1623; came to New England; married Dorcas Plumb; died, August 20, 1690. 9. Robert, born September, 1629; married Hepzibah Bascom. (XXV) Richard (2), son of Richard (1) Lyman, was baptized at High Ongar, Febru-

ary 24, 1617. He and his two brothers, John and Robert, were taxed in 1655 in Hartford for a rate assessed to build a mill. They probably removed the same year to Northampton, where in December, 1655, Richard was chosen one of the selectmen. He sold his father's homestead in Hartford in 1660. He married there Hepsibah, daughter of Thomas Ford, of Windsor. She married (second) John Marsh, of Hadley. Richard Lyman died June 3, 1662. Children: 1. Hepsibah, married November 6, 1662, Joseph Dewey. 2. Sarah, married, 1666, John Marsh. 3. Richard, married Elizabeth Coles. 4. Thomas, mentioned below. 5. Eliza, married, August 20, 1672, Joshua Pomeroy. 6. John, settled in Hadley. 7. Joanna, born 20. 1077. [tilo]Non-to-1 N. V. 10. [tilo] (2) Lyman, was born in Windsor, Connecticut, in 1647, and died July 15, 1725, aged seventy-five years. He removed to Northampton in 1656, and in 1708-09 to Durham, Conmention), all a one limit and pure

dren came to Durham with him. He was one with the church at the settlement of Rev.

They were dismissed by letter from Northamp-He was ensign of the military company. He x children by her first husband. Children of 1678. 2. Mindwell, born 1680; married John Harris. 3. Ehenezer, born 1682; mentioned below. 4. Elizabeth, born about 1684. 5. Noah, born 1686; died 1728. 6. Enoch, born

Thomas Lyman, was born in Northampton in the west road, or Cooked Lane, about 1719. He field with his brother Noah, and in 1740 reezer were original members of the church. Ocber 21, 1741, and he was elected deacon Janttary 1, 1742. He was representative from Durham in the general assembly in 1737. He married, January 2, 1706, Experience Pomeroy, Children: 1. Moses. 2. Experience, born April 17, 1708, at Northampton. 3. Ehencezer, born September 20, 1700; mentioned believe September 20, 1700; mentioned september low. 4. Stephen, born August 14, 1711. 5. Experience, born December 25, 1712. 6. Mindwell, born July 13, 1714, baptized at Durham; married, October 29, 1741, Jacob Strong. 7. John, born 1717; died 1763. 8. Hannah, bapmarried Asahel Strong.

(1) Lyman, was borni n Nrthhampton, Sepin Torrington, Connecticut (1737), whither he went with his "young family of three persons." He owned a large tract on what was later called Lyman Brook, and his house was used for garrien some others, button policy He married (first) Elizabeth, dansliver of

18to; married Hannah Loomis. 2. Ebenezer,

to the first owner, the same of

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(Willicke) Hall

married Principles (Bulbland), in Flammer Sont Fr-00 | 11 16% - 2 1 - 1, 1 - 1 ber 10, 1656; mentioned below. 8, Israhiah. harri March Sie ar Jessen - His

vember 2, 1659; married Margaret Stowe. 10. Nathaniel, born April 21, 1661; married Dorcas Allen, widow. 11. Joseph, born March 5, 1662; married Lydia Bacon. 12. Sarah, born November 27, 1664. Children of the second wife: 13. Josiah, born March 29, 1667. 14. Mehitable, born June 1, 1669. Children of the third wife: 15. Benjamin, born November 27, 1674. 16. Abigail, born November 6, 1678.

17. Hannah, born January 4, 1680.

(II) Samuel, son of Thomas Wetmore, was born September 10, 1656, and died April 12, 1746. He removed to the Middlefield Society in 1700, and was one of the first settlers there. He married, December 13, 1687, Mary, born April 7, 1664, died May 24, 1709, daughter of Nathaniel and Ann Bacon. Her father was a native of England, and his family lived in Stratton, county Rutland, England. Children:

1. Mehitable, born November 14, 1689. 2. Samuel, born March 13, 1692; mentioned below: 3. Mary, born June 29, 1694. 4. Benjamin, born May 17, 1696. 5. Thomas, born August 26, 1698. 6. Daniel, born May 9, 1703. 7. Beriah, born January 22, 1706-07. 8.

Jabez, born May 14, 1709.

(III) Samuel, son of Samuel Wetmore, was born in Middletown, Connecticut, March 13, 1692, and died December 30, 1773. He was a member of Middlefield Society and removed with his family to Winchester, Connecticut, on election day, 1771, where he purchased land. He was the first person interred in the old Winchester burying ground. His farm in Winchester remained in the family for many generations. He married, June 21, 1722, Hannah Hubbard, born July 21, 1700, died June 4, 1794. Children, born in Middletown: 1. Deacon Samuel, born December 24, 1723; died September 22, 1804. 2. Hannah, born December 18, 1725. 3. John, born October 27, 1727. 4. Rev. Noah, born April 16, 1730; died March 9. 1796. 5. Mehitable, born August 5, 1732; died 1816. 6. Sarah, born March 31, 1734; died 1803. 7. Lois, born March 6, 1736. 8. Joel, born March 9, 1738; mentioned below. 9. Milicent, born September 15, 1739. Maru, born July 23, 1741. (IV) Joel, son of Samuel Wetmore, was

born in Middletown, March 7 or 9, 1738, and died in Torrington, in February, 1814, aged seventy-five. He resided in Torrington, Connecticut, and married, and his wife owned the covenant in the church there, March 10, 1765. He married, November 23, 1763, Sarah, daughter of Deacon Ebenezer Lyman, of Torrington (see Lyman family). She died in 1832, aged ninety-two years. Children: I. Olive, born March 10, 1765; died November, 1848. 2. Ebenezer Lyman, born 1766. 3.

John Pomeroy, born June 15, 1770; died August 22, 1853. 4. Melicent, born January 10, 1772; mentioned below. 5. Sarah, married

Giles Whiting.

(V) Melicent, daughter of Joel Wetmore, was born in Torrington, January 10, 1772, and died September 19, 1848. She married, January 1, 1797, Captain Thomas, born in New Hartford, October 15, 1763, died January 23, 1850, son of Levi and Abigail (Ensign) Watson. Children: I. Roman, born September 27, 1797; died unmarried, February 12, 1848. 2. Thomas, born February 5, 1800; married, November 10, 1829, Emeline, born August 3, 1807, daughter of Elizur and Amanda (Steele) Curtis; children, born in New Hartford: i. Caroline Amanda, born October 7, 1831; ii. Charlotte Ellen, born January 8, 1835; iii. Emma Adelaide, born January 30, 1840, married Edward R. Beardsley (see Beardsley family).

(III) Thomas, third son BEARDSLEY of Joseph Beardsley (q. v.), married Sarah Dem-

ing, July 18, 1707, and removed to Ripton, now Huntington, in 1720, where he died in 1773. His children were: Israel, December 3, 1708, mentioned below: Sarah. March 24, 1709-10; Hannah, May 26, 1715; Elizabeth, October 26, 1716; Esther, married Benjamin DeForest; Thomas and Henry (twins). May 19, 1720, both died young; Thankful, July 8,

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(IV) Israel, son of Thomas Beardsley, was born December 3, 1708. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Blagge, May 30, 1730. They removed to Newtown, Connecticut, before 1761, where he died in 1701. Children: Samuel Blagge, born January, 1731-32; Israel, September 30, 1733; Elisha, August 17, 1735, mentioned below; Urania, baptized April 9, 1738; Lemuel, June, 1740; Abel, April, 1743; Jared, 1744; Katharine, February, 1753; Price, May 10, 1761, in Newtown.

(V) Elisha, son of Israel Beardsley, was born August 17, 1735, died in Monroe, April 6, 1822. He married Elektar'el, druchter of Ebenezer and Abigail Hurd. He was a farmer by occupation; a large landholder; a communicant in the Episcopal church, vestryman and clerk, 1768-1812, and warden from 1812 until his death. Children: Abbe Betsey, baptized August 5, 1770; Ebenezer, baptized April 26, 1772; Elisha Hubbard, baptized December 5, 1773; Ezra Abel, baptized January 14, 1776; Elihu, baptized September 7, 1777, mentioned below; Agur, baptized August, 1779; Roswell, born in 1782.

(VI) Elihu, son of Elisha Beardsley, was





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LL.D., son of Elihu Beardsley, was born at what is now the town of Monroe, Fairfield county, Connecticut, formerly the town of New Stratford, January 8, 1808. His boxin the district schools. At the age of sixteen where he began his clas study the district schools of the vicinity. copal Academy at Norwalk to prepare for college under Rev. Reuben Sherwood, then rector of St. Paul's Church at Norwalk, when academy. He entered Trinity College in 1828. and took the academic course of four years, took a place of honor at graduation. About the same time he received pay for a magataught school for one year in Hartford, and for two years was a tutor in Trinity College, age for many the state of the said out and immediately placed in charge of St. Peter's Academy at Cheshire, and he continued also as rector of the church there. Under his manious to have a new church built, and offered to give his services without salary, if the undersigned as rector to give his undivided attention to the school; but in 1844 the parish again had labor from 1835 to 1848. He then came to water the state of the same of the state of the s and, the state of for your time is assumed and a second and strong at sixth dec to the pre cut," his first was printed in his with living witnesses to the facts of which he was writing. In later years he took a unique place as adviser and counsellor in the church. He was a constant and productive worker, taking few and brief vacations. He went abroad in 1870, and was welcomed heartily in England and Scotland; his history had made him known across the sea, and he formed many new friendships there. In 1868 he was a member of the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church, composed of the house of bishops and the house of clerical and law deputies, four from each diocese. He sat in eight conventions, and presided over the lower house in 1880 and 1883. He always served on the most important committees, and exerted a potent influence in the deliberations of the conventions, though he was not given to frequent speaking. He undertook the writing of a biography of Dr. Samuel Johnson, com-monly known as the Father of the Episcopal Church in Connecticut, and also the first president of Columbia College. He spent three arduous years in the preparation of this work, which was published in 1873. Dr. Johnson, it may be said, was the first in Connecticut to teach the Copernican theory of astronomy, when Yale College and the Pope at Rome still agreed that the sun went around the earth. Dr. Beardsley's Life of Bishop Seabury was finished in 1880, and in the same year he attended the provincial synod of the Church of England, at Montreal, as representative of the American Episcopal church.

He loved his work, his church, and the services of the church, and often attended divine services in other churches. He was rarely disabled by sickness, and enjoyed uniformly good health all his life. The first Sunday of August, 1800, was the first time in forty years, unless out of the country, when he failed to be present on the first Sunday of the month to administer communion. A collection of his historical papers and addresses at various anniversaries was made at the request of his friends, and published under the title of "Addresses and Discourses." In 1884 he was one of a deputation from Connecticut to Scotland and the Scotch Episcopal church to commemorate the consecration of Bishop Seabury, of Connecticut, at Aberdeen, and to renew and strengthen the bond between the two Episcopal churches. He had many friends in Scotland then to welcome him. He was interested in the new diocesan school called St. Margaret's for girls, established in Waterbury in 1875, and in the raising of the diocesan fund for the support of the bishop to one hundred thousand dollars, bringing much relief to the churches and parishes and improving the financial condition of

the diocese. Friendship with Philip Marett, to whom New Haven owes in great measure its public library, led to placing Dr. Beardsley in a position of great trust and responsibility in the disposition of his estate at the death of his daughter, Mrs. Gifford. Many worthy institutions were benefitted. Dr. Beardsley was the one man above all others in whom Bishop Williams trusted, and on whom he leaned in later years.

"Dr. Beardsley was a remarkably wise man; shrewd in good sense, able to look at things in a quiet, judicial way, to see the probable course of things and the end from the beginning. It was New England wisdom of a good kind. He had his own way of judging men, and he felt strongly on many questions; but he measured men quite accurately, and made not many mistakes. He knew well the Connecticut parishes, and was in full sympathy with them in their desire to keep in the old paths. He knew how the people in the parishes felt, what traditions were behind them, what feelings and motives and desires appealed to them and were likely to influence them. Of course Dr. Beardsley was a conservative, a man not given to change, distrusting a good many new methods and ideas in the religious world. He trusted to the ministry of the Word and Sacraments, to the preaching of the Gospel, to ordinary parochial ministration, to build up the church.

He died December 21, 1891.

"He made no selfish struggle for place or power. He did his work, and let it pass for what it might. He did the work close at hand, and took up one task after another as they came to him. \* \* \* Of highest ideals as regards integrity and honesty and justice, a man of great gentleness and kindness, his life lightened up with a sense of humor, a plain, approachable, straightforward man of the best New England type, reverent, God-fearing, associated in a helpful way with many institutions and interests, very useful in his day and generation, a man of unusual wisdom and judgment, a lover of truth in speech and in writing, and a lover of righteousness-having large if quiet part in many movements which make for religion and for common good. \* \* \* He kept his interest in life, and he worked on to the end: no break in his usefulness or his work, having the reward of temperate, orderly, godly living and high thinking." The foregoing is cited from the address of Rt. Rev. Bishop Edwin S. Lines, D.D., on the occasion of the presentation to the New Haven Colony Historical Society of a portrait of Dr. Beardsley, November 19, 1902. Dr. Lines was then president of this society. Dr.

Bears by the second of the control of its president and stay of

Di "cii dress at Cheshire" (1844); "History of the Episcopal Church in Connecticut," of which a second edition was published in 1800 in two volumes; "History of St. Peter's Church at ther works. He contributed a number of of the New Haven Colony Historical Society.

He married, in Cheshire, Jane Margaret ter of Rev. Edmund Matthews, of St. Simon's, Ceorgia; her father was born at Charleston, north to live among friends in the village of cheshire. The only child of Dr. and Mrs. cardsley was Elisabeth Margaret, born at heshire, March 16, 1844, now living at 30

was born at Stratford, February 6, 1750. He was a tailor by trade. nuts, Otsego county, New York. He married 15, 1770, mentioned below; Eli, August 26, 1786; Bulkley, February 27, 1791; Abbie, Jan-

was born at Strafford, July 15, 1779. He was a farmer all his active life. In politics he was a Whig. He lived at Butternuts, New York. but with his wife made frequent visits to his old home in Stratford, and upon his return ury at places distant from the shore. Their and used to buy pork of all the farmers in the section where he lived, packed the pork, smoking the hams and shoulders. He found a good market for this meat among the men scendant, "that one year he made clear over a thousand dollars, which was a large sum. when in those days the best dairy butter sold

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March 10, 1850; Robert Erastus, February 28,

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thousand lectures in all parts of the coun-

ment, in order to continue his studies in the medical school. He is a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Hartford, and of the South Park Methodist Church. His family are members of the First Baptist Church. He married, at Sublette, Illinois, October 16, 1865, Anna Elizabeth Guy, born at Greene, Chenango county, New York, August 16, 1843, daughter and only child of Rev. Albert and Anna (Allis) Guy. Children: I. Mary Allis, born July 2, 1872, at Coventry, New York; graduate of Columbia College; teacher in the Hawthorn School, New York City. 2. Guy Erastus, December 14, 1874, mentioned below. 3. Howard Wood, September 7, 1889, at Hartford; graduated from Yale University, 1910, receiving degree of Ph.B.

(IX) Guy Erastus, son of Dr. Benjamin Franklin Beardsley, was born at Coventry, New York, December 14, 1874. He attended the public schools at Binghamton and the Hartford high school. He left the high school in his junior year to enter Yale College and he graduated there with the degree of Ph.B. in the class of 1896. He began his career in business as clerk in the employ of the Aetna Fire Insurance Company. After six years with this company, he went to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and remained a year as special agent for western Pennsylvania of the National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburg. He returned to Hartford in January, 1903, as special agent of the Home Insurance Company of New York for Connecticut and Rhode Island. In July, 1905, he became a special agent for Connecticut, western Massachusetts and Vermont for the Aetna Fire Insurance Company and he held thispo sition until May, 1907, when he was elected to his present office as assistant secretary of the Aetna Fire Insurance Company. He is a Republican in politics; a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church, of the University Club, the Hartford Golf and Twentieth Century clubs of Hart-ford. He is a trustee of the Society for Savings. He married, December 2, 1903, Jane Reed, daughter of John Reed Hills (see Hills II). Children, born at Hartford: John Hills, October 27, 1904, Guy Erastus, Jr., October 12, 1906, Roxanne, May 18, 1910.

# (The Reed Line).

The name of Reed is found not only in England, where it has been common from the time surnames came into use, and as a clan name before that time, but in Ireland, Scotland and various countries on the continent of Europe. The name at present is spelled generally in three ways: Reed, Reid and Reade. The

genealogy of the Read family of Kent, England, dates back to 1139 to Brianus de Rede of Morpeth, on the Wensback river in the north

of England.

(I) John Reed or Read was born in 1598, supposed to be son of William and Lucy (Henage) Reed. He was brother of William Reed, of Weymouth, Massachusetts. He came to America in 1630 and lived for a time in Weymouth, where he was in 1637. He was of Dorchester in 1638, and removed from there to Braintree. In 1643 or 1644 he went to Rehoboth with Rev. Mr. Newman and his church, and his name is third on the list of proprietors of that town. He was constable, and a man of affairs. He kept an inn. He married Sarah ——. He died September 7, 1685, aged eighty-seven. Children: Samuel, William, Abigail, baptized in Dorchester, December 30, 1638; John, born in Braintree, August 29, 1640; Thomas, November 9, 1641; Ezekiel (twin), died young; Zachariah (twin), died young; Moses, October, 1650; Mary, January, 1652; Elizabeth, January, 1654; Daniel, March, 1655; Israel, 1657; Mehitable, August, 1660; Josiah, mentioned below.

(II) Josiah, probably the elder son of John Reed, was among the early emigrants from Massachusetts to Connecticut, and settled near New London as early as 1652. He had two

sons, John, Josiah, mentioned below.

(III) Josiah (2), son of Josiah (1) Reed, settled in Norwich, Connecticut. He married, in November, 1666, Grace Holloway, of Marshfield, Massachusetts, who died May 9, 1727. He died July 3, 1717, at Norwich. Children: Josiah, born April, 1668; William, April, 1670; Eliazbeth, September, 1672; Experience, February 27, 1675; John, August 15, 1679; Joseph, March 12, 1681, mentioned below: Susanna, September 20, 1685; Hannah, July, 1688.

(IV) Joseph, son of Josiah (2) Reed, was born March 12, 1681. He married, August 25, 1708, Mary Guppie. Children: Joseph, born May 23, 1709; Mercy, November 28, 1711; Abigail, February 7, 1712; Esther, November 22, 1714; Mary, August 19, 1717; Elizabeth, June 28, 1719; Samuel, mentioned

below.

(V) Samuel, son of Joseph Reed, was born October 16, 1721, at Norwich, died at Lisbon, Connecticut, January 17, 1801. He married, October 3, 1745. Mary Andrews. Children: Samuel, born October 28, 1746; Jonathan, February 12, 1749; Mary, June 10, 1751; Elisha, January 5, 1753.

(VI) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Reed, was born at Lisbon, Connecticut, October 28, 1746. He married Lucy Kilham, of Preston,

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was a second contract of the property of the party of the ; ried William Hills (see Hills 1); Thomas N., Virginia complete for the Edition of the Complete Complet

(I) William Hills was born near Paisley, n with some of his people when he was a

Harlem, New York City, borough of the Bronx. Thence he came in later years to Hand-dy I - The second inally Hill, the final letter being added in this are every still. A promise on, allog stopping a 10,14 has a Control of the College

Charles, married Josephine Pollard; Sarah Jane, married Edward Francis: John Reed,

born at Hartford, October 9, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and throughout his active life has folings of the city, and for many years has been one of the foremost in his line of business. trust and honor. In politics he is a Republican part in public affairs. He was state senator ator and member of the Yale College corporation, representing the state. He has repeate lly declined to take the nomination for mayor of the city and other offices to which he could have been elected. He is a member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons. He is a director of the Travelers' Insurance Com-Kellogg & Bulkeley Printing Company and trustee of the Pratt Street Savings Bank.

Otis and Caroline Maria (Myers) Willis.

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John Myers, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, w

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This family is descended from ne thr 1 th 10 to 10 to 10

position. The late eminent General Sir John Carstairs McNeill was of the house of McNeill of Colonsay. The immemorial heraldic device of the family is a silver lion rampant on an azure field, which usually is blazoned quarterly with the arms of notable allied families.

(I) Archibald McNeil, founder of the Connecticut line, was of Branford, where in 1735 he purchased lands. Subsequently he was a prominent citizen of New Haven, was assessor in 1740 and surveyor of highways in 1746, and was conspicuous in real estate transactions. A circumstance of particular interest is his participation, as one of the "brothers" in founding the first Masonic lodge in Connecticut (now known as Hiram Lodge, No. 1), at a meeting "held at Jehiel Tuttle's in New Haven on the festival of St. John the Evangelist, 1750". This was only seventeen years after the first institution of Masonry in the American colonies (which occurred at Boston,

July 3, 1733)

Archibald McNeil was successfully engaged in the trade with the West Indies, in partnership with Samuel Cook (who was named as executor of his will), and was owner and supercargo of the ship "Peggy and Molly". He died in the island of Jamaica in the latter part of 1752 (see "Connecticut Colonial Records", vol. X, p. 577), and his will was probated in July, 1753, by his widow, who was placed under bond of three thousand pounds sterling, indicative of a very considerable estate for those times. He married Mary, daughter of Rev. Samuel and Abigail (Whiting) Russell and widow of Benjamin Fenn. She was born in 1708. Her father, Rev. Samuel Russell, was one of the founders of Yale College. Issue: Archibald, born September 20, 1736, see below; Charles, baptized January 18, 1739; Charles, baptized November 1, 1741; John, born August 2, 1745, baptized August 4, 1745; removed to Armenia precinct, Dutchess county, New York; Samuel, baptized October 9, 1748, of Litchfield, Connecticut.

(II) Archibald (2), eldest child of Archibald (1) and Mary (Russell) McNeil, was born in Branford, Connecticut, September 20, 1736, and baptized October 10 following. He lived in New Haven and Milford, and was a large property owner; died before July 3, 1782, when the executor of his estate was appointed. On July 3, 1776, he enlisted in the continental forces. He married, in New Haven, Connecticut, May 2, 1758, Sarah Clark. Issue: William, see below

(III) William, son of Archibald (2) and Sarah (Clark) McNeil, was born in New Haven, May 13, 1759. He was a graduate of

Yale College, class of 1777, and in the old Yale catalogue is described as a sea captain. During the revolution (January 30, 1782, to August 13, 1783; he served as gunner on the American privateer "Marquis de Lafayette" under Captain Elisha Hinman. In the brief war of the United States with France he was again on the same vessel, which was captured by the enemy, and with others he was for some time confined in a French prison. On account of this event he was one of those who figured in the celebrated French spoliation claims. He was engaged in business in Derby, Connecticut. His death occurred in or before 1808. He married, in New Haven, Huldah Augur. Issue (the chronological sequence not being exactly known): Abraham Archibald, born July 21, 1802, see below; William; Maria, married, September 12, 1824, Russell Bradley, of New Haven; John, had a daughter, Elizabeth, who married John E. Wylie, of New Haven; Henry; Nancy, mar-

ried R. Dickinson.

(IV) Abraham Archibald, son of William and Huldah (Augur) McNeil, was born in Derby, Connecticut, July 21, 1802. In early life he was supercargo of vessels in the West Indies trade, sailing out of New Haven. Removing after 1825 to Bridgeport, he became a prominent citizen of that community. For some time he was associated in the shoe manufacturing business with Samuel Hodges, his wife's uncle. He was the founder of the system of lighthouses in Bridgeport harbor, and for many years before his death was the keeper of the lighthouse at the entrance to the harbor. Mr. McNeil died in Bridgeport, May II, 1873. He married, in Bridgeport, November 25, 1827, Mary Ann, daughter of Captain William Hulse, who in 1813 was lost at sea with all the crew of the brig "William", sailing out of Bridgeport. She was born November 11, 1811, died July, 1892. Issue: 1. Charles Hubbell, born December 14, 1828, deceased; was engaged in business pursuits, being for many years associated with his brother Archibald; twice married, but had no issue; his widow married (second) Captain Alvin P. Hunt. 2. John, born October 9, 1830, deceased; many years harbor-master of Bridgeport and a highly public-spirited citizen, especially active in all movements for the improvement of the harbor; married, 1865, Anna, daughter of James and Anna Maria (Barnes) Scofield, of New York, and is survived by one daughter, who is the widow of Rev. Louis N. Booth, of Bridgeport. 3. Samuel William, born March 16, 1832, deceased. 4. Eliza Maria, born January 9, 1834, died March 6, 1835. 5. Josiah Hoyt, born February 9, 1835, and August of Different a Character Larry Visit D. 1817 to store Ass PHILLS IS IN THE PARTY OF THE P who was automal titles and beginning the by 'c' and a man the Mary Hors som Uktober 1988 - 1988

vertical (Rain to Min Hamilton In center to its, and im Vaniell born July 2, 1843, see below. 11. Maria Longword Into Demos of the aceased; married Lester J. Bradley; no surviving children. 12. Sarah, born August 28,

1849, hel 1804.

(V) Archibald (3), tenth child of Abraham Archibald and Mary Ann (Hulse) Mc-Neil, was born in Bridgeport, July 2, 1843. stocks designed a dimentio skinand (1

place, and graduating from the latter institution in 1860. After completing his studies he entered the ship chandlery store of his brother, Charles H., then located opposite the I was 1860 to 1850 to any a particular with his brother, under the firm name of Mcproduce business. In the latter year the cheese trade at 84 Broad street, the firm style tions. Assemble 50.5 to 1 three years later they embarked in the export since been extensively engaged in the coal trade. The present style is the Archibald Me-Weil & Sons Company, Incorporated, in which his three sons, Archibald, Kenneth W. and resentative men of affairs of Bridgeport, Mr. sonal reputation, is conspicuous for public

in political questions and public policy. Mr. the Democratic party, and in that faith he has always continued. Though never a seeker and produce officer the time our second accounts. accepted nominations, and his record as a candidate before the people is one of exceptional popularity and success. In 1872-73 he represented the old second ward in the BridgeDistrict Committee in 1984 In case of Females -- to -- to -- et 4 manufacture to the contract of the transfer of product to the transfer of the

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Wylie, born in Bridgeport, September 14, 1885; secretary and treasurer of the Archibald McNeil & Sons Company. Married, in New York City, November, 1907, Queenie Beatrice, daughter of William H. Hall, of New York. They have one child, Kenneth Hall McNeil, born May, 1908. 3. Roderick Clan Ranald, born in Bridgeport, March 20, 1888; general manager of the Archibald McNeil & Sons Company.

Dolor Davis, immigrant ancestor, DAVIS was one of the prominent pioneers. He married in county Kent, England, March 29, 1624. Margery, daughter of Richard Willard, of Horsemonden, county Kent, yeoman. She was baptized at Horsemonden, November 7, 1602, and died before 1667. He, with his wife, three children, and Simon Willard, his wife's brother, came to New England and settled prior to August 4, 1634, in Cambridge, Massachusetts. Simon Willard was one of the founders of Concord, and he was captain of foot in 1646, major in 1654, and at his death in 1673 "the colony lost one of its most distinguished members. Dolor Davis was a carpenter and a master builder. He received his first grant of land in Cambridge, June 4, 1635, and others later. He removed to Duxbury, August 5, 1638-39. was admitted freeman, and was granted land there in 1640. He was a resident in Barnstable in 1643, and was admitted a freeman there June 2, 1646. He held many public offices in Barnstable, including those of highway surveyor and constable. He and his wife were dismissed from the Duxbury church to the Barnstable church, August 27, 1648. In 1656 he left Plymouth Colony and returned to Massachusetts Bay, where he purchased, in Concord, one hundred and fifty acres with a house. In 1666 he returned to Barnstable, where he died in June, 1673. His will was made September 13, 1672, proved July 2, 1673. He mentions his sons Simon and Samuel as already having their portions; eldest son John; son-in-law Lewis, and Mary his wife; and daughter Ruth Hall. Children: 1. John, born in England about 1626, to whom was bequeathed the Concord homestead. 2. Mary, born in England about 1631. 3. Elizabeth, died young. 4. Lieutenant Simon, born in America, mentioned below. 5. Samuel, born in America and lived in Concord and Bed-6. Ruth, born in Barnstable, March 24, 1645.

(II) Lieutenant Simon Davis, son of Dolor Davis, was born in America and settled in Concord. His homestead was near his father's house, on a farm given him by his father. He

was one of Captain Thomas Wheeler's troopers in the expedition of 1675 to the Nipmuck country, and he took command when the captain was wounded. He received his commission as lieutenant, July 2, 1689. He was admitted a freeman, March 21, 1699, and was deputy to the general court in 1689-90-92was deputy to the general court in 1689-90-92-1705. He died in Concord, June 14, 1713, and his will was proved July 3, 1713. He married, December 12, 1660, Mary, born at Concord, July 12, 1640, daughter of James and Eleanor Blood. Children: Dr. Simon, born October 12, 1661, mentioned below; Mary, October 3, 1663; Sarah, March 11 or 15, 1666; James, January 19, 1668; Eleanor, October 22, 1672; Ebenezer, June 1, 1676; Hannah, April 1, 1679.

(III) Dr. Simon (2) Davis, son of Lieutenant Simon (1) Davis, was born in Concord, October 12, 1661. He settled there, and was one of the most distinguished physicians of his day. He married (first) Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Woodhouse, of Concord, and she died November 12, 1711. He married (second) Mary Wood. Children by first wife: Dr. John, born November 19, 1689, mentioned below; Simon, September-7, 1692; Henry, February 23, 1694; Elizabeth, March 28, 1695; Mary, November 8, 1701; Samuel, March 6, 1703; Eleanor, March 4, 1705-06;

Peter, September 25, 1707.
(IV) Dr. John Davis, son of Dr. Simon (2) Davis, was born in Concord, November 19, 1689, died November 16, 1762. He lived in Concord and Acton. He was a physician. He married, December 17, 1713, Abigail Dudley. Children: I. John, born July 15, 1714, mentioned below. 2. Ezekiel, June 8, 1717; married Mary Gibson; their son was Captain Isaac, killed at Concord. 3. Micah, February 15, 1720. 4. Isaac, October 24, 1723. 5. Abiray, 1720. 4. Isaac, October 24, 1723. 5. All-gail, March 22, 1726-27. 6. Samuel, April 23, 1730. 7. Sarah, married, May 1, 1757, John Robbins. The will of Dr. John bequeaths to wife Abigail, sons John, Ezekiel, Micah and Samuel, daughters Abigail Melvin, Sarah Robbins. Mentions brother Simon Davis; will was dated September 3, 1762. (V) John (2), son of Dr. John (1) Davis,

was born at Concord, July 15, 1714, died at Littleton, Massachusetts, October 6, 1753. He married Hannah ----. Children, born at Concord: John, June 1, 1735, mentioned below. Born at Acton: Ezekiel, February, 1736-37, settled in Shirley; Abel, May 14, 1739; Hannah, February 28, 1740; Elisha, twin of Hannah; Silas, November 8, 1743; Jonathan, October 9, 1749. Born at Littleton: Rebecca, July 9, 1750; Mary, February

20, 1753.

was 'ann June ; etg. of temped at Atlant and Linkman Malores More with, and attack shoot the come His brothers, Ezekiel, Elisha, Silas and Jonathe on the man W untry in the French and Indian war. ve organizations to the first terms of the first te and a community on the Language of the same r his son was a drummer in Captain Mills's 1777-79. He or his son was in Lieutenant regiment, enlisting in September, 1777, in the continental army for three years; sergeant in Ciptain Barnes's company, Colonel Timothy ber, 1777, credited to Wrentham, residence for three months sergeant again. He was erastot die Sylvates Telle a segment clonel Bigelow's regiment, at Stillwater, Valley Forge and Providence, 1777-78. He Clonel Bigelow's regiment, January 1, 1780. t have done long and faithful service in the ar. In 1788 he removed with that part of his family that had not passed their minority to Reading, Vermont, and erected the first ness into a well-tilled farm. "He fulfilled the mission of life with admirable precision, and went down to his grave, leaving behind an honorable and useful memory." He died in MAY, 18 5

John Davis married, at Acton, June 2, 1757. Huldah Thayer. Children, born at ried Anna Holden: removed to Westminster. where he passed the first ten years of his married life, then returned to Shirley, where he lived the remainder of his life, and died February 8, 1827; had thirteen children. 2. Cornelius, born 1761; was in the revolutionary army three years and was ensign in Shav's rebel army; settled at Cavendish, Vermont; children: Hiram, Luther and Lucy, settled in Canada. 3. Huldah, born at Shirley, No-4. Samuel, March 13, 1765; married Phebe Spaulding and Mary Cogswell. 5. Lucy, marse 128. Milliomalist strong of f mentioned below. 7. Thankful, August 21, form at Wood

All fact and the second

when the family of his father came to Read-

there all his children were born. At the age

March 9, 1850. Children, born at Reading, August 10, 1793. 2. Edmund, October 10, 1793; married, November 2, 1816. Rebecca Philbrick and had nine children. 3. Betsey, October 11, 1795; married, April 2, 1817, Sewall Shattuck and had seven children. 4. Solomon, mentioned below, 5. Almond, March 24, 1799, died September 30, 1855; married (first) March 18, 1823, Semira Pratt; (second) Susan Pratt, February 18, 1832; (third) Grace Stearns, 6. Clarissa, July 7, 1801; married, February 15, 1823, America Amsden; one child. 7, Sophia, November 5, 1803; married, February 15, 1822, Henry Megrath and had eleven children. 8. Cynthia, January 28, 1896; married, May, 1824, George Clyde and had seven children. 9, John, April 15, 1808; married, January 24, 1834, Lydia Pratt and lived at Cavendish, Vermont; four children, 10, Christopher C, July 15, 1810; married Elvira Wheeler, Fannie H, White and Polly Morey; five children, 11, Lorintha, September 29, 1812; married, January 19, 1836, Francis Curtis and had ten children, 12, Lucy, October 26, 1814; married, February 6, 1847, William G, Gi

October 15, 1841. Children: George: Al-Frank B., October 28, 1863: Fanny L., Janwhere he intended to settle, and his wife continued to their destination and lived the re-

mainder of her life there.

(IX) Alpha Ezekiel, son of Solomon Davis, was born September 2, 1829, in St. Lawrence county, New York. He was educated in the public schools there, and worked on a farm until he was twenty years old. At the age of sixteen he went to Vermont and four years later came to Worcester, Massachusetts. He went west with the family, but returned to Vermont and lived with an uncle four years. At Worcester he was employed in the State Hospital for the Insane for about three years, and then spent two years in Illinois. He started in the railroad business in 1859 and continued for a period of forty-eight years. He was employed on the old Norwich & Worcester railroad as brakeman, baggageman, freight conductor and passenger conductor. He was well known for a generation by the patrons of this railroad and retired with an enviable record of faithfulness and efficiency. He is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church of Norwich. He married (first) October 6, 1852, Jane E. Withey, born March 14, 1828, died July 17, 1855. He married (second) January 6, 1858, Lucy Frances Withey, sister of his first wife. She was born September 23, 1831. He had one child by his first wife, James Clarence, mentioned below.

(X) James Clarence, son of Alpha Ezekiel Davis, was born February 19, 1854. He has been a member of the Worcester police force since 1896. He married, September 28, 1875, Sarah R. Cowan. Children: I. Alpha F., married Jennie Murphy, of Worcester, and has twin sons, Reginald and Winthrop. 2. Clarence Theodore, married Lillian Peterson; children: Clarence F. and Ruth. 3. Marion Cowan, married John I. Hoyt; children: Clarence J. and Charlotte Louise. 4. Charlotte Louise, amarried William Hanna-

man.

The ancient home of the Skil-SKILTON ton (formerly Skelton) family is in Cumberlandshire, England, in the parish of Skelton, from which the family took its name. The name was written de Skelton as long as the family owned the Skelton estate, or parish, and resided there. The prefix was dropped by emigrating portions of the family, and finally entirely omitted after the middle of the fifteenth century. Some derive the name of the parish directly from the British language—Skell, water, and tone, town. Others believe that the town was not named until the latter half of the Anglo-Saxon period, or

possibly as late as 1000, when its cultivation began. Thus, they derive the name from the Anglo-Saxon language—Skaling, a hut. Huts were built in numbers in the forest of Ingle-wood to shelter the herdsmen who tended the vast herds which fed in the ancient forest, forming in time a village; and, when cultivation began, the place was called Skaling-ton, tone, tune, etc., having previously been adopted from the British into the Saxon language, and used as now in English in Skelton.

The earliest de Skelton mentioned represented Cumberland in Parliament, in the time of Edward I, about 1300. John de Skelton was knight of the shire in 1316, reign of Edward II. Adam de Skelton was member of Parliament 1318. John de Skelton was member of Parliament 1324-29. Richard de Skelton was member of Parliament in 1331, reign

of Edward III.

Thomas de Skelton was knight of the shire in 1337, reign of Edward III. Sir Clement de Skelton, about 1350, married the heiress of Orton, of Cumberland, and in default of heirs a part of the property passed out of the family. He was four times knight of the shire, between 1375 and 1396, in the reign of Richard II. Between the reign of Edward II. and Henry VIII. several individuals of this family distinguished themselves in the Scotch and French wars. As a token of superior strength and valor they preserved, in Westminster Abbey, a large sword equal to that of Edward III., which it was said was worn by some of them in attendance upon the king in France. Hence came the family coat-of-arms, viz.: Azure, a fez between three fleurs de lis, or. It appears that such was the marked character of their prowess that several differences were granted in their arms, each indicating the individual personal success as a commander against the French. Sir Thomas de Skelton was steward of the Duchy of Lancaster. He died in 1416, and was buried in Hinxton, Cambridgeshire. He was probably father of Johannes de Skelton, who was member of Parliament 1401, 1406 and 1422. Both he and his son John were noted among the gentry at the visitation of 1433. The latter was sheriff of Cumberland in the tenth, nineteenth, twenty-fourth and twentyninth years of Henry VI., and was in Parliament in 1450. For his prowess as a warrior he received a grant from the crown of one hundred acres at Armathwaite. His brother Richard was sheriff of Cumberland in 1427, and was with Henry V. in France at the battle of Agincourt, about 1416. He married the heiress of Branthwaite, and estabIndeed the countries showing the same receiving a grant of arms for his valor.

Robert sielen, fragun -- mit au gar

liament for Carlisle, in 1471.

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Cumberland in 1520.

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Laureate of Henry VIII.

John Skelton, Armiger, was sheriff of Cumberland 1633 (Charles I.).

Sir John Sketton, one of the generals of Charles I, and Charles II., was lieutenant amouth, 1692. At that time his son, Sir Bevil Skelton, was captain of the guards, and soon courts of Germany, Holland and France.

Charles Skelton, brother of Bevil, not

wars of the period.

of Lord Dacre. She died 1741.

eral in the army, and governor of Portsmouth. was engaged in Flanders and in Scotland in 1745. Dving without issue, he bequeathed his estate to his friend, lones, who had saved his life in battle, the Jones family taking the name of Skelton.

Rev. Dr. Philip Skelton, of Ireland, from the Arneathwaite family, was a noted Epis-

copalian divine and commentator.

rare in England, it is probable that the change from Skelton took place about the beginning of the eighteenth century, one of the first of the name may have been John Skilton, men-

tioned below.

tor, oldest child of John and Mary (Bennitt) Skilton, who were married January 23, 1717, England, was there born November 19, 1718, ters Mary and Sarah, and also a brother John, whose descendants were communicated with from America as late as 1853. The family removed to Rumsey, Hampshire county, England, about 1725, and the mother died soon afterward. The father entered the British navy. Henry left home March 31, 1734, and entered the navy. He sailed April 1, 1735.

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ton, Connecticut

Elisha Atwood; Avery, April 30, 1748, men-

(Avery) Skilton, was born at Preston, Conried, March 26, 1771, Parthema Judd, born

Tabitha, born May 2, 1797; never married; died October 30, 1878, at South Farms, Con-

necticut.

(III) James, son of Avery and Parthenia (Judd) Skilton, was born April 10, 1777, in Bethlehem, Connecticut, and died April 9, 1848, in Watertown, Connecticut. He married, June 30, 1799, Chloe, daughter of Eli-jah and Hannah (Scovill) Steele (see Steele family). Children: 1. Elijah, born May 17, 1800; married, April 1, 1827, Elizabeth Wilson; (second) March 25, 1738, Mrs. Sarah Remington, at Ravenna, Ohio. 2. Dr. Avery Judd, born February 1, 1802; married, March 2, 1828, Mary Augusta, daughter of Cyrus and Rebecca (Munn) Candee; he died March 20, 1858, at Troy, New York, where he was a physician. 3. Julius James Gardner, born June 24, 1804; died unmarried, August 17, 1858, at Troy, New York. 4. Henry Bennett, born August 29, 1806; died March 13, 1894, at Watertown, Connecticut; married, November 19, 1832, Julia Clark; (second) November 19, 1838, Emily, daughters of Merritt Sr. and Katurah (Smith) Clark. 5. John Chester, born April 30, 1809; mentioned below. 6. Hannah Maria, born February 4, 1812; died January 18, 1897, at Middlebury, Conmecticut; married, March 22, 1840, Gould Smith, son of Merritt Sr. and Katurah (Smith) Clark. 7. Samuel William Southmayd, born June 20, 1814; died April, 1894, at Morris, Connecticut; married, November 26, 1846, Mary, daughter of Joel and Emma (French) White. 8. Millicent Parthenia, born December 24, 1816; married, December 2, 1842, Rev. Ebenezer O. Beers. 9. George Frederick, born February 11, 1820; died July 18, 1895, at Watertown, Connecticut; married, May 4, 1841, Wealthie Munn, who died December 3, 1848; (second) Abigail, daughter of George Thomas and Almira (Richards) Wilcox. 10. Mary Augusta, born November 14, 1822; married, December 29, 1847, Merritt Clark, Jr., son of Merritt Sr. and Katurah (Smith) Clark, of Prospect, Connecticut.

(IV) John Chester, son of James and Chloe (Steele) Skilton, was born April 30, 1809, in Watertown, died in Plymouth, Connecticut, December 29, 1851. For twenty-five years he was identified with the Seth Thomas Clock Works of Thomaston, Connecticut. He married in Northfield, Connecticut, Anna, born February 18, 1810, died at Hartford, Connecticut, July 14, 1891, daughter of Levi and Anna (Guernsey) Heaton. Children: Anna, De Witt Clinton and Chloe

Cornelia.

(V) De Witt Clinton, son of John Chester and Anna (Heaton) Skilton, was born in Thomaston, Connecticut, January 11, 1839. He began his business career in 1855 in Hartford, in the dry goods trade with C. S. Weatherby. In October, 1861, he entered the employ of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company as a clerk in the office. On August 19. 1862, he enlisted for the civil war service in Company B, Twenty-second Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, and was mustered into service September 20 following, as second lieutenant of the company. The regiment was a part of the Army of the Potomac under Major-General Heintzelman, in brigade of General Robert Cowdin, and later Colonel Burr Porter. On February 16, 1863, he was promoted to first lieutenant, and served with honor until mustered out, July 7, 1863. On his return to Hartford he resumed his former position, and December 1, 1867, was chosen secretary of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company. He held that position from December 1, 1867, to August 1, 1888, when he was elected vice-president of the company and acting president. On February 12, 1891, he succeeded Henry Kellogg to the presidency, and under his management the business grew rapidly. When he entered the service as secretary in 1867 the capital was \$600,000, the assets \$1,234,195, and the surplus \$113,683. On January 1, 1910, the capital had more than trebled, the amount being \$2,000,000; the assets had increased to \$9,941,424.23, and the surplus to \$3,066,837.38. The premium income for the year 1868 was \$1,219,211, and for the year 1909 was \$4,889,175.87.

President Skilton's career has been contemporary with the years of the great growth in American insurance, and he has been identified with all the organized effort, and hence gave much time and thought to the upbuilding of the National Association. He was selected by the New York City Association of Underwriters to represent the Connecticut companies of the committee which prepared the standard policy for fire insurance. By many states this form has been adopted and made obligatory. The Phoenix Fire Insurance Company owes much of its success to his able management. He is a director of the Hartford National Bank, and a corporator and trustee of the State Savings Bank. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, of Robert Tyler Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and of the Hartford Club. He was secretary of the National Board of Underwriters three years; vice-president seven years, and president three years. For seven years he was committeeman of the West Middle School district. He is a Republican in politics, and



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(1) John Steele, immigrant, was been in county Essex, England, and died at Farmmajoro i preser a prosente da nos Llecame to this country given a process make should finally in Farmington. His brother, George 1000. — All formaryon to the distance of the state of the married (second), soon afterward, Mercy 5. survived him. Children: John, married 1657, James Bird; Mary, twin with Lydia, married William Judd; Hannah, born 1655;

27, and came with his parents to America. He was a leading citizen of Farmington, Connecticut; deputy to the general assembly in 1008-60-72-77; lieutenant of the Farmington train band in 1674. He had a grant of land hundred acres. He married Mary, daughter of Hon, James and Alice Boosey; her father was a prominent citizen of Wethersfield. She ington, in 1702. Children: James, born August 31, 1644, mentioned below; Mary, Defived at Wethersfield, married Jonathan died unmarried; Samuel, born March 11,

Mary (Boosey) Steele, was born August 31, in Wethersfield, and captain of the train band. of Captain Samuel and Elizabeth (Hollister) Learning Commence of the Market field, and died in 1730, aged seventy-one. She 

The State of the S Water To an art of the sale Pleased the 16 has married back than Connecticut; died in 1836. 2 18, 1746; married Lucretia

Compa Reserve Ament as the second from

York; in Captain Thomas Converse's company, Colonel Heman Swift's regiment of the Connecticut Line in the Continental army, 1781-83. He married Hannah, daughter of Ezekiel and Mindwell (Barber) Scovill. Their daughter, Chloe, born October 2, 1780, married, June 30, 1799, James Skilton (see Skilton).

The surname Judd is one of the oldest English surnames, and is identical with Jude, an old and now almost obsolete personal name. Judson and Judkins are formed from the same name. Henry Judde, of county Kent, and John Judde, of Oxfordshire, were mentioned in the Hundred Rolls of 1275, and the family has been in Kent down to the present time. Sir Andrew Judd, a dealer in skins and furs, of London, son of John Judd, of Tunbridge, Kent, was mayor of London in 1550, a man of wealth and influence. He endowed a grammar school in Tunbridge. His only child was a daughter Alice. The coatof-arms of this family is: Gules, a fesse raguled between three boars' heads couped argent. It is likely that all the Judds are descended from this Kent family. The only other coat-of-arms of the Judd family is plainly of the same origin, and indicates re-lationship. The Judds of Middlesex bear: Gules, a fesse raguled between three boars' heads erased argent. Crest: on a ducal coronet or, a cockatrice, wings displayed proper. The family was also prominent in county Essex, England.

(I) Deacon Thomas Judd, immigrant ancestor, came from England in 1633 or 1634, and settled at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he had a home lot granted to him August, 1634. It was in that part of the town known as the West End, on the road to Watertown. He had other land granted in 1635, and was admitted a freeman May 25 that year. He removed to Hartford, Connecticut, in 1636, and had two acres for a home lot, near the "Charter Oak." He was one of the first proprietors and settlers of Farmington, Connecticut, and removed there from Hartford about 1644. His home lot was on the main street, and he was a substantial farmer and an influential man. He was deputy to the general court several times. He was a charter member of the Farmington church, and was its second deacon. He died November 12, 1688, aged about eighty. His first wife died in Farmington, and he married (second) December 2, 1679, Clemence Mason, widow of Thomas Mason, of Northampton, and resided in Northampton the remainder of his life. He was selectman there in 1682. Children, order of birth not known: Elizabeth, married, December 27, 1653, Samuel Loomis; William, mentioned below; Thomas, born about 1638, married Sarah Steele; John, born about 1640, married Mary Howkins; Benjamin, born about 1642, married Mary Lewis; Mary, born about 1644, married, January 1, 1663, Thomas Loomis; Ruth, baptized February 7, 1647, married John Steele; Philip, baptized September 2, 1649, married Hannah Loomis; Samuel, born about 1651.
(II) Sergeant William Judd, son of Deacon

Thomas Judd, married, March 30, 1658, Mary, daughter of John and Rachel Steele, of Farmington; she died October 2, 1718, aged about eighty. He lived in Farmington, and was counted a well-to-do citizen for those days. The inventory of his estate was presented November 5, 1690. His age when he died was about fifty-five years. Children: Mary, baptized July 22, 1660; Elizabeth, July 22, 1660, died young; Thomas, October 13, 1662; William, January 8, 1665, died young: Thomas, born 1663, mentioned below; John, 1667; Rachel, 1670, died unmarried 1703; Samuel,

1673; Daniel, 1675; Elizabeth, 1678. (III) Deacon Thomas (2) Judd, son of Sergeant William and Mary (Steele) Judd, was born in 1663, and settled in Waterbury, Connecticut. He was a blacksmith by trade, and conducted a farm. He was town clerk, deacon of the church, captain of militia, justice of the peace, and a deputy to the general court more than twenty years between 1696 and 1733. His will was dated April 26, 1738, and bequeathed to his son William his silverheaded cane, which descended later to SvIvester Judd, of Northampton. He died January 4, 1747. He married, February 9, 1688, Sarah, daughter of Stephen and Hannah (Astrood) Freeman, who died September 8, 1738, aged sixty-eight. Stephen Freeman was one of the first settlers of Milford, Connecticut, and later of Newark, New Jersey. Children: William, born May 7, 1689, mentioned below; Martha, September 11, 1692; Rachel, November 13, 1694; Sarah, April 23, 1697, died November 3, 1725-26; Hannah, July 2, 1699, died March 12, 1713; Mary, January 30, 1701; Elizabeth, July 23, 1704; Ruth, May 9, 1707; Stephen, November 30, 1709, died June 25,

(IV) Captain William (2) Judd, son of Thomas (2) Judd, was born May 7, 1689, died January 29, 1772. He lived a few years in Kensington Society, Farmington, now Berlin, and removed to Waterbury. He finally settled near the center of Westbury parish, now the town of Watertown. His will is dated January 23, 1772. He was a captain of

court many a no the arrest as a least he-diali, Orlo 1 verme right right 77 ton - 11 - W - 10 I did not not to the control of the lege in 1737, and lived in Westbury parish. appointed a justice of the peace every year from May, 1705, to May, 1783, and held other offices. He married (first) March 29, 1744s Mary Clark, who died November 8, 1744, (second) October 9, 1749, Millicent South-mayd, daughter of Samuel and Margaret r > - month fundant, - +1 - or lister Southering Allering Allering 26, 1703. He married (third) August 8, Sedgwick. This proved an unhappy marriage, and they separated. He married from the reads to the stand in October, 1782, widow of Samuel Foote, He married (fifth) a widow Clauson, of Stamford. Children: Mary, born December 11, 1751: Parthenia, August 6, 1754, married, March 26, 1771, Avery Skilton, son of Dr. Henry Skilton, of England (see Skilton family), died March 30, 1830; Allyn Southmayd, 1758, died September 3, 1759; Millicent, born August 21, 1760, died August 30, 1762; Timoths, been thought at 120% and 120% and

The names of our families WARNER in the control of Allahi Section of the artists

ing, to mankind a point of distinction, names serve a beneficial use. In the delineation of names we see the character and habits of an ancient people expressed; in them we trace the changes they have undergone from the most remote time.

In the southwestern part of England, near the boundary of Wales, dwelt a race of people engaged in agricultural pursuits. These people

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Warner arms are

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widely and favorably known as one of the 

earliest families. anno at the sales of the sales

1637 he performed service in the Pequot war. He became one of the original proprietors of Hartford in 1639. In 1649 he married (second) Ann, daughter of Thomas Norton, of Guilford. Mr. Warner became an original proprietor and settler of the town of Farmington, Connecticut; he united with the church there in 1657, and was made a freeman in 1664. In 1673 he went to Mattatuck (Waterbury) to ascertain if it was a desirable place to settle, and was a patentee of that place in 1674. It was his intention to move thither, but he died in 1679, leaving a widow, Margaret

(IV) John (2) Warner, a descendant of the John Warner mentioned above, was a captain in the Connecticut state guards, and served in Governor Waterbury's state brigade, assisting in the defense of the seacoast in 1781. The long hill between Plymouth and the township now known as Thomaston was for many years called Warner Hill in his honor. From

him our subject is descended.

(V) John (3), son of John (2) Warner, married and had a son Abijah, mentioned below

(VI) Abijah, son of John (3) Warner, married Betsey, daughter of Jason Fenn.

married Betsey, daughter of Jason Fenn. (VII) Gaius Fenn, son of Abijah Warner, was born in 1811, in that part of the town of Plymouth known as Town Hill, in Litchfield county, and was the youngest of three children. He was but six years old when his father died, and until his marriage remained at home with his mother. At the age of twenty-one he wedded Harriet Jackson, of Bethlehem, that county, and the young couple settled in their own home. For about three years Mr. Warner worked the farm, and then moved to Waterville. His two daughters, Helen and Harriet, were born during his residence in Plymouth; his son, Henry A., in Waterville, Connecticut. About the year 1847 he found his life work. He met a man who was in the business of manufacturing malleable iron castings, and who so urged him to enter this work that he finally decided to go with him to Straitsville and investigate for himself. He soon moved his family to that place, and so well succeeded in the new venture that when the buildings were burned to the ground he removed the works to New Haven, many of the principal workmen going with him. In this line he had the monopoly, and his was the largest concern of the kind in the country. Mr. Warner passed the remainder of his life in that city, active alike in commercial, religious and benevolent circles, and widely known and beloved.

It was during Mr. Warner's residence in

Plymouth that the Congregational church in that village was built, and he threw his superb energies and strength into that enterprise. He hauled much of the timber from the woods to the mill, and from there to the church lot. At "raising day" all the town turned out to help, and afterward all were served, as was the custom of the time, to doughnuts, raised cake and cider. When he removed to Straitsville, at that time a very small village, Mr. Warner deplored the fact that no regular church services were held there, and he very soon made arrangements whereby theological students from New Haven should preach in the small chapel each Sunday for the sum of ten dollars and their board. His house was freely opened for their accommodation, and very often the compensation was largely given from his own pocket. As he grew in prosperity he was ever ready to respond to numerous calls for benevolence, both public and private, which were made upon him, notably that of home and foreign missions, growing stronger each year of his life. Mr. Warner was a man of few words, and while ever friendly to those who were so fortunate as to possess his love and confidence, he showed a true and loyal heart, to be relied upon in any extremity. In his family he was the faithful husband, the kindest of fathers, and his house was ever open to all his friends.

In the year 1860 Mr. Warner decided to build a new residence, and purchased a fine lot on Chapel street of about one and a half acres, in the center of the city, opposite Yale College, where he erected the substantial house now occupied by the Union League Club, in the rear of which is now the Hyperion Theater, and on the western side Warner Hall, an apartment building, erected and managed by his son, Henry A. Warner. characteristic of Mr. Warner that, when questioned by a member of the college faculty as to his venture in laying out this acre or more of ground, stocking it with fruit trees, fountain, grapery and ornamental shrubs, lest he should suffer invasion by mischievous boys of the college, to reply: "I shall not molest them, and I don't think they will ever trouble me, and they never did. After moving to his new home he gave his best Christian efforts to the welfare of the College Street Church, which building joined his land on the eastern side, and was an earnest helper and exemplary member until his death, in October, 1870. He died as he had lived, in full trust and faith in his Saviour and God, since when, in 1837, during a strong religious movement throughout the entire country, he and his young wife united with the church in Plymouth Center.

A THE House At the street seem Ayar ner, our hope March out Other - Water in t's interest Westerland, set seems fit she to soll soll a good later Diete a the peak and prove-

at the old the after and the prepared for a business career. For many and the father the state of size dealt in pipe, in which line his efforts have met with deserved success. Returning east after the Chicago fire, Mr. Warner stopped at Alice Control of Section 1 and 1 which had not been introduced east, where from New Jersey were in use. However, they were soon superseded by the Ohio pipe, which Mr. Warner introduced and sold throughout New England. For many years he received royalty on all pipes made from this clay and sold east. He has also dealt · tensively in real estate, and is proprietor of the Warner Hall Apartment Hotel, at No. 14 Chapel street, New Haven. At the time of the erection of this building, which was the first six-story building erected in Connec-

Mr. and Mrs. Warner's religious connections are with the Plymouth Congregational Church with the Republican party; but while ever interested in politics and public affairs, he has held public office. He is a member of the Union League, Young Men's Republican Chamber of Commerce, Country Club, and was sergeant major of the Second Company Governor's Horse Guard. Mr. Warner has two sisters living, Mrs. Helen L. Cowles, widow of Luman Cowles, and Harriet W. Merwin, wife of Thomas P. Merwin, all of

EATON here under consideration, is recompanied by two children embarked for

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band, daughter of Nathamel Gav.

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bia county, New York, in 1776.

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Erie canal, and his report, published in 1824, CALIFORNIA CONTRACTOR

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, New York, and Mr. Eaton was made the senior professor; here he spent the remainder of his life. He published many text books, and kindled in the breasts of many young men a love for science, which in time made their names famous and immortal. Professor Eaton was married four times. His second wife, Sally, daughter of Eleazer and Tryphena (Beebe) Cady, born at Canaan, New York, 1780, died at New Haven, Connecticut,

July 13, 1810.

(VII) Brevet Major-General Amos B. Eaton, son of Amos Eaton, was born in Greene county, New York, in 1806. He graduated from West Point in 1826, and was at once assigned to garrison duty, serving in the war with Mexico. At the breaking out of the civil war he was made chief of the commissary service, with headquarters at New York City, and was also purchasing commissary for the armies in the field. Millions of money passed through his hands in the discharge of the duties of the important positions assigned to him, and in the selection of General Eaton the government was particularly fortunate.

(VIII) Professor Daniel Cady Eaton, only son of Brevet Major-General Amos B. Eaton, was born at Fort Gratiot, Michigan Territory, in 1834. While a student at Yale, where he graduated in 1857, he was a zealous student of botany, and the three years after graduation were spent in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1860. In 1864 he was elected to the newly founded University professorship of botany at Yale, which he held until his death. He married, in 1866, Caroline, daughter of Tread-

well Ketcham, of New York City.

(IX) George Francis, second son of Professor Daniel Cady and Caroline (Ketcham) Eaton, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, May 20, 1872. He graduated from Yale College in 1894, and took up the study of osteology and palaeontology with Professor Marsh; he is now (1910) curator of the Osteological Collection in the Peabody Museum of Yale University. He married, October 24, 1899, Julia Henrietta, daughter of Thorvald Frederick Hammer, of Branford, Connecticut. Two sons, Frederick Selden, of the tenth generation, born July 15, 1900, and Richard Lawrence, April 17, 1906.

EATON (q. v.) and Sally (Cady) Eaton, was born in the village of Catskill, New York, June 17, 1805. As soon as

possible he devoted himself to business. When a very young man he went to New York and found employment in the wholesale dry goods establishment of Doughty & Robinson, of Pearl street, where subsequently he was admitted to partnership. In 1845 he retired from business and went to Europe. In 1847 he again went to Europe, accompanied by his family. From 1849 until 1852 he was in New York devoting himself to finance and politics, In 1852 he and John A. Dix were the leaders of the conservative side of the New York City Democracy. Under President Pierce Mr. Dix expected to be appointed Minister to France, and Mr. Eaton expected to be made Collector of the Port. Disappointed in their expectations, they went abroad with their families and remained away until the death of Mr. Eaton in Paris, June 11, 1855, when the two families returned to America. Mr. Eaton was fond of France, devoted to the fine arts, and instilled his tastes into his son. In addition to his son he left a daughter, who became the wife of George S. Brown, of Baltimore, of the banking house of Brown Bros. & Company. The wife of Mr. Eaton was a granddaughter of General James Livingston, of the well-known family and of revolutionary fame.

(VIII) Daniel Cady (2), son of Daniel Cady (1) Eaton, was born at Johnstown, New York, June 16, 1837. He was at school in Paris, France, when ten years of age, and upon his return to the United States attended the Grammar School of Columbia College until 1852, when he again went abroad and pursued studies in Geneva, Göttingen, Rome and Paris until the death of his father in Paris, June, 1855. He entered Yale College in 1856 and was graduated in 1860 with the degree of B.A. He entered the Columbia College Law School in 1860; was admitted to the bar in Albany, New York, in 1861, a year ahead of his class, hoping for and expecting the position of judge advocate on the staff of General John A. Dix. Disappointed in this, he joined the Seventh Regiment New York State Militia, and was with it during its second term of service under the United States. After the return of the regiment from Baltimore he was drill master of the One Hundred and Fifty-fifth New York Volunteers expecting to be appointed its major. He was, however, seized with a fever, contracted during his service, and for over six months was an invalid. During the New York City draft riots he served on the staff of General After the riots were over he was gazetted colonel of a regiment that was never raised. His military career was gloriously ended by his name appearing in the list of the

Last drieft don the timately section and advanced to all a he receiped from William After a realize send as one of an allow w m (see, i) ii d the ji lished professorship of the History and Critirespond to the Year of the Helican III protecting a Pyrilla tion for an allege would me aim be a position of the art school, where his position was subordinate of very little, if any, benefit to the college. Francis s need along root line are andense and me willing the sense of the efficient at Some Avenue Hatties are virules president of Yale University he was offered magazine and newspaper articles on various R () 8 ( th. d) Dodd, Mead & Company, New York, 1990. He is now (1910) at work on a "Handbook of Little"

This family seems to have been first settlement. September 5, 1004, Claes petition to Governor Stuyvesant to surrender the defenceless condition of the town. Octoher up, treat many trees him her, the and City were: Claes Jansen Backer, Hendrick vesant. December 24, 1673, Claes Jansen Backer and another are on record in connec-tion with the sale of a house. March 17, 1674, Hendrick Willemse Backer was worth two thousand guilders, and Reinier Backer was worth five thousand guilders. Jacob assessed at this time, and it is probable that they had already left the city for New Jer-June 15, was a Harafree or locate and a number of others petitioned that each of them may be given and granted a piece of matter of this request to the time of the disresident to the large to the large to the large to services through the second for second

the Thirty Street Stree and among the from thence removed now Union, New Jersey. Thomas Ir, som of The party of the latest and the late

ble are live M., and the Halle He married

(VI) John M., son of William and Elizabeth (Fose) Baker, was born October 2, 1788, baptized in the Tappan Dutch Reformed Church, November 6, 1788, died in 1863. He ran away from his home during his youth, but must later have become reconciled to his parents, for they came to live with him. He had a nephew, Benjamin, living at Honeoye Falls, New York, who has children: Claude, Edward, Frank and others. John M. Baker was a carpenter and cabinetmaker. He married Hetty Meddaugh, of La Grange, Dutchess county, New York, born in 1778, died in 1853, and their gravestones may be seen in the Freedom Plains churchyard. Children: I. Aaron, married (first) ——; (second) Adaline Meddaugh; children of first marriage: Melissa, John Peter, Edwin; children of second marriage: Mary Ann, Amelia and

Eugenia. 2. Levi, see forward.

(VII) Levi, youngest child of John M. and Hetty (Meddaugh) Baker, was born at La Grange, Dutchess county, New York, Au-gust 6, 1819, died in Kingston, New York, September 6, 1898. He received a common school education, and learned the trade of a merchant tailor in Poughkeepsie. New York, which he followed for many years, employing a number of journeymen. After his retirement from business he removed to Kingston, New York, where the last twelve years of his life were spent. He was an earnest worker in the cause of temperance, was a charter member of the Dutch Reformed church of Poughkeepsie, also an elder. He married (first) August 23, 1841, Mary Ann Jewell, born April 30, 1824, died February 1, 1843. He married (second) May 5, 1845, Emily Brown, of Rhinebeck, New York, born Jan-uary 11, 1825, now living in Kingston, New York, daughter of Sebastian and Eliza (Bard) Brown, and a great-granddaughter of Major John Pawley, the famous officer of the colonial and revolutionary wars. Children, all of second marriage: 1. Francis Marion, born March 24, 1848; lives at Providence, Rhode Island, and is a commercial traveler; married (first) Kate Emighie and had children: Henry N., Amy, Bertram Francis; married (second) Abby Perry Dennis, of Bristol, Rhode Island. 2. DeWitt Levi, January 31, 1851, died March 26, 1854. 3. Mary Helen, December 2, 1854; lives in Kingston, New York. 4. Willard see forward. 5. Carrie. York. 4. Willard, see forward. 5. Carrie, July 18, 1862; married Edgar Eltinge Keator, who died June 18, 1894; has one son, Harold Eltinge

(VIII) Willard, third son of Levi and Emily (Brown) Baker, was born in Poughkeepsie, New York, October 27, 1858. He

acquired his education in the public and high schools of his native town, commenced the study of law in the office of Hughes & Baker. at Amenia, New York, and was admitted to the bar of Litchfield county, Connecticut, in 1880. In 1883 he was admitted to the bar in New York. At first he established himself in the practice of his profession at Amenia, and later at Sharon, Connecticut, where he has had an office since that time, 1886. He has not confined his activities to the legal profession, but has been a leading spirit in a number of business enterprises, as well as taking a foremost interest in the public welfare of the community. He was one of the organizers, and until recently a director, of the Sharon Water Company; an organizer and director of the Sharon Electric Light Company and of the Sharon Telephone Company. For a number of years he served as an officer of the first district, and is a trustee of the Sharon Library Association. As clerk of the probate court of his district he has done excellent service for many years. He was appointed postmaster of the town in 1897, and since that time he has filled that office with credit to himself and to the satisfaction of all who have its welfare at heart. He is active in the affairs of the First Congregational Church and since 1895 has been a member of the standing committee of the society. He is a member of the local council of the Royal Arcanum. Mr. Baker married, April 30, 1887, Nellie A. Hitchcock, of Unionville, Connecticut, daughter of Elmer and Mary (Gorman) Hitchcock. Children: Mildred Hitchcock, born January 3, 1895; Marion Brown, August 18, 1900.

The surname Noble is of great NOBLE antiquity in England. It first appears in the reign of Richard I., and has been common since then. Several noted merchants of the name lived in Edinburgh. Various families of the name bore arms and the principal seats of the family were in Cornwall, Belson and Bishop's Tentor, county Devon, and Marming, near Maidstone, county Kent. The latter family bore these arms: Or two lions passant guard, in pale azure between as many flaunches of the last: over all a fesse gules charged with three bezants. Crest: A lion passant azure.

(I) Thomas Noble, the immigrant ancestor, was born as early as 1632, in England, and died in Westfield, Massachusetts, February 20, 1704, aged at least seventy-two years. He was an early settler at Springfield, Massachusetts, coming thither from Boston, where he was an inhabitant, January 5, 1653. He had an account at the store of

I in the pin sound and the sound book aleas that a contrak rogation --ter period the tree and the tree is a second others was given leave to set up a saw mill on a "brook below Ensign Cooper's farme over Agawam River." He was an assessor settlement, and the grant was renewed January 9, 1608. He settled there as early as fanuary 21, 1009, and was on a committee to decide the boundary lines. His homestead was about two miles and a half from the present center of the town. He served as constable, and took the oath of allegiance, I in the Church, February 20, 1081, and was admitted 1 10 - 1 1 10 br (1 10 0 1 1 - 1 10 pd five shillings at one time for traveling on a Davis says "One night during family prayand pulled the string and let the door swing with and he would have been be would ing most of his children at a shot, but did not want scalps as much as captives." On March 2, 1606. Thomas Noble was chosen county surveyor. He was a tailor by trade. His will was dated May 11, 1697, and proved September 5, 1704. He married, November 1, 160 Harris - m is spreamate Attente pa 1643, only daughter of William and Joanna (Scant) Warriner. She joined the Westfield church, November 11, 1680. She married (second), January 24, 1705, Deacon Medad Pomeroy, of Northampton. Children: John, Matthew; Mark, mentioned below; Elizabeth, born February 9, 1673; Luke, born July 15. Mys On Sum Street I, Myg Marborn June 29, 1680; Rebecca, born January : 1043

(H) Mark and the Andrews of the County Westfield, about 1670, and died there, April 10, 1741. The Andrews of the Lower and county roads: in 1720 constable; and in 1722, to seat the meeting. In 1725 he was tythingman. On April 8, 1741, a few days before his death, he executed a deed giving his property to his sons John and Noah Noble. He married, in 1608. Mary or Mercy Marshall, who died May 12, 1733, daughter of Samuel and Rebecca (Newberry) Marshall, of Northampton. She joined the Westfield church. De-

March 9, 1823. He was among the drafted men who during the American revolution months. He resided about one mile east of field. He was a farmer, and

uel and Catherine (Eowler) Noble, of Westfield. She died January 23, 1810. Children: Lucy, born April 29, 1766; Catherine, June 2, 1769; Gad. June 20, 1771: Enoch, March 5, 1775; Elijah, March 9, 1778; Elisha, September 15, 1780, died young; Elisha, March 8, 1782; Naomi, August 31, 1784.

in Westheld, March 5, 1773, and died in Richmond, or Williston, Vermont, January 20, 1856. He resided in Bristol, Connecticut, from 1705 through 1800; in Hartland, Connecticut, 1800-1800; in Richmond, Vermont, 1800-1800; in Richmond, 1800-1800; in Rich

variably voted for the candidate, in his opinion, best fitted for the place, without regard to his political sentiments. He was one of the first volunteers in the war of 1812. He was in the battle of Plattsburg, and performed service at Sackett's Harbor, for which he re-ceived a pension. The story is told of him that when on his way to Plattsburg, some one asked of him: "How long do you intend to stay?" "Stay," was his answer, "I shall stay as long as a Briton remains to invade our soil!" Following the faith of his parents, at the age of twelve years he united with the Baptist church, but subsequently embraced the doctrine of universal salvation. Children: Amureth Smith, born March 3, 1800, mentioned below; Warham, September 28, 1802; Amelia, August 3, 1805; Alonzo, June 3, 1805; Caroline Matilda, December 1, 1811; Maria, April 7, 1817.

(V1) Amureth Smith, son of Enoch Noble, was born in Bristol, March 3, 1800. He married (first) September 5, 1826, Ruth, who was born in Williston, Vermont, January 24, 1808, daughter of Calvin and Ruth Murray. She died in Richmond, February 2, 1827. He married (second), October 28, 1829, Susan, who was born in Hinesburgh, Vermont, February 18, 1808, daughter of Captain Daniel and Susan (McClave) Patrick. She died in Chester, Vermont, March 1, 1875. He resided in Richmond until 1837; in Hinesburgh, 1837-65; in Rutland, 1865-69; and he moved to Chester in 1869. Children: Daniel Patrick. born August 12, 1830; Ruth Maria, born June 20, 1832; Henry Smith, October 8, 1845, mentioned below.

(VII) Dr. Henry Smith Noble, son of Amureth Smith Noble, was born at Hinesburg, Vermont, October 8, 1845, and attended the public schools there. He prepared for college in the Green Mountain Institute at South Woodstock, Vermont, and entered Tufts College, from which he was graduated with the degree of A.B. in 1869. He studied his profession in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City and received the degree of M.D. in the class of 1871. He received the degree of LL.D. from Tufts College in 1905. He was an interne at the Hartford City Hospital for a time, and began to practice medicine at Chester, Vermont, where he was located for seven years and a half. He was then appointed assistant superintendent of the Hartford Retreat. Subsequently he became an assistant in the Michigan State Asylum for the Insane at Kalamazoo, and was afterward assistant physician of the Connecticut State Insane Asylum at Middletown, Connecticut, serving there 188598. He was then assistant superintendent of the same institution from 1893 to 1901 and has been superintendent since then. He is well known throughout the country as an able and successful alienist. He is a member of the American Medical Association; the Connecticut Medical Society; the Middlesex County Medical Society; the American Academy of Medicine; the American Medico-Phychological Association; the New York Neurological Society; Olive Branch Lodge, Free Masons, of Chester, Vermont, of which he was formerly senior warden. In religion he is a Universalist; in politics a Republican.

He married, March 14, 1871, Edna Jane, born August 12, 1846, daughter of John and Rose (Lowell) Chaffee. They have no chil-

dren.

Franklin Pierce Carter, founder CARTER of the Carter & Hakes Ma-

chine Company, of Winsted, Connecticut, in which he holds a number of important offices, is possessed of many admirable qualities which have drawn about him in public as well as private life a large circle of friends. While he has never sought public office, but allowed the office to seek the man, he has been honored in this respect a number of times by his fellow citizens, and has filled the offices to which he has been elected with honor and ability. The Carters came originally from England, and were among the earliest settlers in this country. In his maternal line, Mr. Carter traces his descent back to the "Mayflower" Puritans.

(I) Robert Carter, immigrant ancestor, was born in England about 1675, died at Killingworth, Connecticut, November 6, 1751. He sailed from Bristol, England, for America, about 1700, was a shipwright by trade, and had a business as a ship builder at what is now Clinton, Connecticut. The name of his wife has not been preserved. Children: Benjamin, William, see forward, John, Samuel, Mary, Nathaniel, Joseph.

(II) William, son of Robert Carter, immigrant, was born at Killingworth, Connecticut, in 1702, and joined the church at that place in 1725. Not long after he removed to Guilford, Connecticut, and from thence to Wallingford, in the same state. In the latter town he married, May 3, 1733, Ann, daughter of Theophilus and Sarah (Street) Yale. Children: Thaddeus, see forward: a daughter, born November 20, 1738; William, born November 14, 1748; perhaps others.

(III) Thaddeus, son of William and Ann (Yale) Carter, was born at Wallingford, Connecticut, April 8, 1735. He served as a sol-



Henry Stoble.



der derre, ether in the land of Elisha Andrews, granddaughter of Samuel Andrews, and greater of ancestor. They had a number of children

(IV) Noah Andrews, son of Thaddeus and Lucy (Andrews) Carter, was born at Wallingford, Connecticut, in 1777, died in Barkhamsted in 1830. He was a very young that the control of the cont

Methodist Episcopal church in Connecticut. Prior to this time he had been adopted by his

whom he had been named. His secular ocyears the visiting elergymen of the Methodist Episcopal denomination were entertained at his home in Bristol. In 1815 he removed to Earkhamsted, where he spent the remainder of his life. He married, in 1708, Lydia Gaylord, of Plymouth, Connecticut, who was born 1709; Thaddeus Andrews, March 20, 1802; Polly, August 24, 1804; Evitts, December 24, 1806; Hiram, see forward; Joseph Henry,

(V) Hiram, son of Noah Andrews and Ledia (Gaylord) Carter, was born in Bristel, Connecticut, January 20, 1810, died in 1

Rispah: Lydia.

of the town. He earried the United States mail on horseback for many years between Lee, Massachusetts, and Hartford, Connecticut. In 1834 he went to Ohio with the view of settling in that state, but after a short time returned to Barkhamsted, engaging in farming, with which occupation he was identified until his death. Stanch in his adherence to the tenets of the Methodist denomination, he was for many years an active member of the Methodist church in Pleasant Valley, a villamsted. He married, February 3, 1833, Eliza Nancy Taylor, who died March 18, 1895, at the home of her cleest son, Edwin R., in New Hartford, Children: Edwin R., born in 1834; Mary, 1836; Lyman, 1837; Hiran, 1830; Eliza Jane, 1842; John Wesley, 1848; George Taylor, 1846; Philina Jenette, 1848;

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soon gained for it a widespread reputation, it grew rapidly and consistently, and is in a most flourishing condition. In spite of the manifold demands made upon him by the duties of his business, Mr. Carter found time to devote to the public welfare of the communities in which he resided and has always been a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party. In April, 1891, he was elected councilman from the first ward of the city of Hartford, and was re-elected for the two succeeding years; in April, 1894, he was elected alderman, serving for two years; and in April, 1896, he was elected by the board of aldermen and councilmen as a member of the board of relief for a period of two years. He is a member of the board of directors of the Litchfield County Hospital of Winsted, was for many years a member of the Pearl Street Congregational Church of Hartford, and is now a member of the First Congregational Church of Winsted. His fraternal associations are as follows: St. Andrews Lodge, No. 64, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Meriden Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Tyrian Council No. 31, Royal and Select Masters; all of Winsted; also Charter Oak Lodge No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Hartford, Connecticut, in which he is one of the oldest past officers.

Mr. Carter married, October 17, 1876, Ella Eliza Smith, of New Hartford, Connecticut, and has children: I. Ethel, born March 2, 1880; married Clifford Wheeler, a traveling salesman for the Strong Manufacturing Company, of Winsted. 2. Mills Taylor, born August I, 1882, is with the Carter & Hakes

Machine Company.

James Stewart Osborne, of the Osborne family which has been prominent in Fairfield, Connecticut, from the first settlement of the town, was born there March 9, 1802. He married Elizabeth Brown Guilford, born at Charlestown, Massachusetts, now Boston, November 10, 1806. Children: James, a farmer at Hull's Farms, Connecticut; Captain Samuel, a master mariner, lived at Brooklyn, New York; Mary, married LeGrand Sherwood; Oliver Stewart, mentioned below; Sarah Jane, deceased.

(II) Oliver Stewart, son of James Stewart Osborne, was born in Fairfield, in December, 1834, died in March, 1897. He enlisted in 1861 in Company M, First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, and served three years in the civil war. He was badly hurt during the war by having his horse fall upon him. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

He married, September 25, 1855, Ellen Lewis Sturges, born at Fairfield, July 9, 1837 (see Sturges VI). Children: born at New Haven: Oliver Thomas, November 14, 1862, mentioned below; Caroline, November 20, 1865,

died October 27, 1868.

(III) Dr. Oliver Thomas Osborne, son of Oliver Stewart Osborne, was born at New Haven, November 14, 1862. He attended both private and public schools in New Haven. and took the classical course at the New Haven (Hillhouse) high school, from which he was graduated, with honors, and with the rank of third in a class of more than fifty, in 1882. He combined the study of medicine at the Yale Medical School with the work at the New Haven high school in the year 1882, thus saving a year of time, and graduated with the degree of M.D. in 1884. He then went abroad and studied a year in the Medical University at Leipsic, Germany. He returned to New Haven in the fall of 1885 and began the practice of medicine, where he has practiced his profession since that time, making a specialty of internal medicine. After teaching in the Yale Medical School as assistant in the Medical Clinic, later as instructor in Materia Medica and Therapeutics, he was appointed assistant professor, and was made full Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in 1895. He received the degree of A.M. from Yale College in 1899, and received the extra title of Professor of Clinical Medicine in 1906. He was the instigator of the anti-tuberculosis movement in southern Connecticut, and was chairman for two years of the original committee for the furtherance of this object. After the incorporation and organization of the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association he became the chairman of the medical board of the Gaylord Farm Sanatorium for the treatment of incipient tuberculosis, which position he has held since its inauguration in 1905. He is a director of the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association; director of the Elm City Private Hospital Corporation; member of the council of the American Therapeutic Society; president of the New Haven Medical Association; vice-president of the United States Pharmacopæial Convention for the term of 1910 to 1920; member of the Committee on Revision of the 1910 Pharmacopæia: chief of the Medical Clinic of the New Haven Dispensary; director of the National First Aid Association of America. He is a member of the New Haven County Medical Society; The Connecticut Medical Society; American Medical Association; American Therapeutic Society; National Association for the State of the Common of the

merce. He has been editor since July, 1907, or the 1907.

It is the property of the Hillbouse High School Alumni Association, of the American Therapeutic Society, of the New Haven County Medical Society, of the New Haven County Medical Society of the Yale Medical Alumni Association. Exschairman of the Therapeutic Section of the American Medical Association, and of the Committee on Credentials and Arrangements of the United States In the Internation of the United States In the Internation of the States Internation of the States Internation of the States Internation of the Internation of the States Internation of the Internation of the States Internation of Introduction to Materia Medica and Prescription Writing"; of a book on "Therapeutics"; of a thirteen-page article on Aeromegaly and a short article on Fever in Buck's "Reference Handbook of the Medical Sciences"; of the section on Organotherapy in Cohen's "System of Physiologic Therapeutics"; and of more than fifty original articles published in various magazines and journals. He is a Ma-

Haven; member of the Graduates' Club, and of the Library Club, and politics a Republican; religious denomination

Dr. Osborne married, April 18, 1888, Mary Woodward Tyler, of East Haven, Connecticut, born October, 1805, daughter of Ammi and Harriet Tyler. Children: Marguerite Nichols, born January 23, 1880; Gertrude Stewart, June 28, 1800, died July 21, 1800, Dr. Osborne resides at 252 York street, New

COS STREET LAND

(I) John Sturges was born in England in 1623, and came to Fairfield, Connecticut, in 1660, in his thirty-seventh year. His name is often spelled Sturge and Sturgee. He bought Richard Fowles' homestead and various other property from time to time until he became one of the large property holders there. He was admitted a freeman, May 14, 1600, and was a selectman the same year. His will, date to John the homestead, his sword and varipiece, long gun and land; to John his little gun; to Deborah, wife of James Redfield, several lots of land and his negro woman Jenny; to his grandson Christopher; son-in-

law, Richard Stratton, and daughter Sarah; to da mainder of his in his daughters. I with the three first mention with the three first mention.

Migail, June 14, 1702; Jane, March 12, 1703

04: Deborah, June 1, 1768: Benjamin, menlu was born at Fairfield, February 5, 170

was born at Fairfield, February 5, 170 in 1750. He married Thankful Ward. Child, Seth, mentioned below; probably others.

(1) (1) trade, and lived at Fairfield. He married. December 11, 1791, Grissell Gould, who died February 28, 1832, daughter of Abel Gould (see Gould IV). Children, born at Fairfield: Ellen, August 31, 1792, died September 13, 1868, married (first) Jonathan Lewis, (second) Edward Bennett; John Gould, July 5, 1794, died August 7, 1864, married Lucinda Rust, Tamar Perry and Frances Vandeburgh, settled in Poughkeepsie, New York; Judson, March 31, 1796, died November, 1868; Mary Burr, April 11, 1799, died May 13, 1822, married Edward Bennett; Jonathan, February 13, 1801, died January 24, 1875, married Sarah Hull and Laura Wilson; Racilla, February 1, 1803, died November 29, 1823, married January 23, 1805, died February 25, 1848, narried Lydia Hoyt; Seth Morehouse, May 19, 1808, married Mary Young; Peter, mentioned below.

(VI) Peter, son of Seth (2) Sturges, was born June 22, 1810, died April 18, 1853. He lived at Southport, Connecticut. He married, August 30, 1833, Harriet C. Van Vredenburgh, who died November 10, 1852, killed in a railroad accident at Southport. Children: William D., born June 16, 1835, died April 13, 1878, married, February 29, 1860. Cornelia Lockwood, who died March 3, 1908, lived in San Francisco; Ellen Lewis, July 9, 1837, married, September 25, 1855, Oliver S. Osborne (see Osborne II); Maria B., June 14, 1840. married, December 16, 1860, Henry T. Hawley; Austin, May 26, 1842, married, October 12, 1869, Emma A. Bennett, born March 31, 1847; Jane S., March 19, 1846, died May, 1872, married, October 7, 1869, Rev. Wellington S. Skinner; Benjamin, December 1, 1849, married, September 28, 1869, Maggie Crombie.

## (The Burr Line).

(I) Jehue Burre or Burr was born in England of German descent. He came over it is supposed, in the fleet with Governor Winthrop to New England and was in Boston in 1630. On October 19th of that year he applied to the general court of Massachusetts for the rights of a freeman, and was admitted May 18, 1631. In 1633 he was one of a committee to oversee building a bridge over Muddy and Stone rivers, between Boston and Roxbury. In 1635 his name and that of his wife are mentioned as among the church members of Roxbury, Massachusetts. He was one of the pioneers of Springfield or Agawam, and with William Pyncheon. William Smith and six other young men "of good spirits & sound bodies" founded that town in 1636. On February 9, 1637, he was appointed by the general court of Connecticut to collect taxes at Agawam (at that time under the

jurisdiction of Connecticut) to assist in defraying the expenses of the Pequot war. Savage says that he removed to Fairfield in 1640, and represented that town in 1641. He was granted a house lot by the town, southwest of the meeting-house green and the pond, afterwards called Edward's pond. He was deputy to the general court in September, 1645, also in 1646. He is believed to have been the Jehue Burr who appealed a jury verdict in 1651, given in Stratford, to the general court at Hartford in the same year; was a grand juror in 1660, a commissioner of the United Colonies in 1664; and died before 1670. It is uncertain who his wife was. It is possible that she was a sister of Sergeant Nehemiah Olmstead, in a record of whose lands is mentioned the fact that said Olmstead "before he died, did purchase land of his brother-in-law Jehue Burre." It is more probable, however, that Olmstead married a daughter of Jehue Burr. John Cable, Sr., who died in 1682, mentioned in his will his kinsmen Jehu and John Burr, and the wife Cable. Children: Jelue, mentioned below; John, Daniel, Nathaniel.

(II) Jehue (2), son of Jehue (1) Burr, was born in England, it is supposed. He

married (first) Mary, daughter of Andrew Ward. He married (second) Esther, widow of Joseph Boosy, of Westchester. He became one of the most influential men in the town of Fairfield and also in the colony. He was a captain in King Philip's war, a commissioner of the United Colonies, and held offices of the highest trust and honor. He lived in the family homestead, having purchased in 1671 his brother John's interest in the house and home lot of their father. In 1673 he purchased the next lot west of this. His will was dated January 7, 1689, and mentioned his wife Esther, his sons Daniel, Peter and Samuel, daughters Esther, Elizabeth, Sarah, Joanna and Abigail (the last four minors), also a granddaughter, Mary, daughter of his deceased daughter, Mary Wakeman. He died in 1692. Children: Peter, graduated at Harvard College in 1690, became a noted judge of the supreme court; Daniel, Samuel, Esther, Elizabeth, Sarah, Joanna, Abigail.

(III) Daniel, son of Jehue (2) Burr, lived in Greenfield, Aspetuck river, and was called Daniel Burr, of Upper Meadow. December 19, 1687, he was given by his father twelve acres of land at the Upper Meadow, with a house and barn, on the east side of the Mill river. He married (first) Hannah, daughter of John Banks. He married (second) Mary

Signature of the street stands to impelling 110 million and house he says 20, and mentioned his wife Elizabeth, sons Jehu, Stephen, Peter, David, Moses and Aaron, the last three minors; daughters Hanna', Verania de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania wife of - Hull; Jane and Esther. The inventory of his estate was dated July 14, 1727. The estate was large, his eldest son receiving over one thousand pounds, and each of his other children five hundred and fortyfive pounds. Children of first wife: Daniel, Hannah, Children of second wife: Jelm, Mary. Children of third wife: Elizabeth, baptized September 20, 1696; Stephen, October 3, 1097; Peter, July 23, 1009; Jane, April 27, 1701; Esther, January 31, 1702-03; Nathaniel, June 1, 1707; David, January 1, 1709-

(IV) Peter, son of Daniel Burr, was born July 23, 1699, died in August, 1779. He reerator of the parish in 1734. His inventory, dred and fifty-five pounds, eight shillings. He married Sarah ---- Children: Esther, baptized November 29, 1734; Sarah, baptized February 21, 1736; Ezra, baptized January 2, 1737; Mary, married Seth Sturges (see

(IV) Rev. Aaron Burr, son of Daniel Burr, was born January 4, or March 4, 1715-16, died September 24, 1757. He graduated at Yale College in 1735; studied for the ministry, and was first settled in Newark, New Jersev, where he taught a flourishing school until called to be president of Princeton College. Upon settling in Newark, he sold the homestead at Upper Meadow to two cousins, each named Joseph Bradley, one of whom was the great-grandfather of Justice Joseph P. Bradley, of the United States supreme court, He married Esther, daughter of Rey, Jonathan Edwards, of New Haven. Children: Sarah: Colonel Aaron, third vice-president of the United States.

(I) Nathan Gould, son of Nathan Gould, of England, was the immigrant ancestor; he came from St. Edmundsbury in South Britain, and was in Milford, Connecticut, as early as 1647, in which year he purchased land there. December 12, 1649, he purchased lot at Milford, & all his upland & meadow", sold the same and removed to Fairfield. Here at he was the second process and

March 4, 1094, greatly respected by the people

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Hill cemetery. His will was dated September the bear, or it is more to let use like a order of hirth of the above

household by Falmack which we will be Children: Hester, baptized November 8, 1710;

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(IV) Abel, son of Samuel Gould, was born September 17, 1727, in Fairfield, died in 1789. He married Ellen, daughter of Peter Burr. Children and dates of baptism: John, born at Fairfield and baptized October 5, 1755; Abel, October 24, 1756; Talcott, June 17, 1759; Ellen, August 2, 1761; Samuel, November 27, 1763; Isaac, February 23, 1766; Esther, May 8, 1768; Nathan, September 30, 1770; Grissell, January 17, 1772, married Seth Sturges Jr. (see Sturges V); Seth, May 14, 1725; Hannah, June 17, 1775.

Deacon Samuel Chapin, "The CHAPIN Puritan", was undoubtedly the progenitor of all in this country of the name. There is a tradition that he was of Welsh origin and another that he was of Huguenot descent. The late President A. L. Chapin, of Beloit College, after an exhaustive study of philological records abroad was of the opinion that he was of French Huguenot descent and probably fled with other persecuted Huguenots to Holland, where he associated with the English Puritans who had also fled to Holland. The coat-of-arms also points to French origin and the name of Deacon Samuel Chapin's wife, which was Cicely, or Cecile, is one found in early French families.

Tradition says that he was born or lived in Dartmouth, England, for a time, or at least sailed from that port, about 1635, while there is reason for the belief that he came over in 1631 or 1632 in the "Lyon," if he was not of the original Pyncheon company. He was a contemporary with Pyncheon in the settlement of Roxbury, Massachusetts. He followed him to Springfield and was known as "Pyncheon's right-hand man" and one of the "founders of Springfield". He was made a freeman, June 2, 1641, and elected to town office in 1642. The Chapins of this country are all descended from him, according to the best authorities. He was a distinguished man in church and He was deacon of the Springfield church, elected in 1649, and employed to conduct services part of the time in 1656-57 when there was no minister in town. He was appointed commissioner to determine small causes, October 10, 1652, and his commission was indefinitely extended in 1654. His wife, Cicely —, died February 8, 1682-83; he died November 11, 1675. Of their children five were born in Europe: Catherine, Sarah, David, Henry and Josiah. Japhet was born August 15, 1642, and Hannah, December 2, 1644. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was a descendant of Catherine Chapin and President William H. Taft is of the Josiah Chapin line.

(II) Japhet, son of Deacon Samuel Chapin, was born in Springfield, October 15, 1642, died at Chicopee, February 20, 1712. He married (first) Abilinah Cooley, July 22, 1664, who died November 17, 1710; (second) Dorothy Root, of Enfield, Connecticut, May 31, 1711. Japhet Chapin settled first in Milford, Connecticut, where he was living November 16, 1669, when he took a deed from Captain John Pyncheon and built his house at the upper end of Chicopee street. He was in the fight at Turners Falls in 1675 in King Philip's war in which he was a volunteer, and his son Thomas was grantee of a large tract given to the soldiers and their descendants by the general court. He was, like his father, a man of great piety, a bulwark of the Puritan faith. Childen: I. Samuel, born July 4, 1665. 2. Sarah, March 16, 1668. 3. Thomas, May 10, 1671. 4. John, May 14, 1674. 5. Ebenezer, June 26, 1676, mentioned below. 6. Hannah, June 21, 1679. 7. Hannah, July 18, 1680; married, December 31, 1703, John Sheldon, of Deerfield; was taken captive by the Indians and kept in Canada two years. 8. David, November 16, 1682. 9. Jonathan, February 20, 1685, died in infancy. 10. Jonathan, September 23, 1688.

(III) Ebenezer, son of Japhet Chapin, was born in Chicopee, Massachusetts, June 26, 1676, died in Enfield, Connecticut, December 13, 1772. He married, in December, 1702, Ruth Janes, died January 18, 1736, daughter of Abel Janes, of Northampton. They had eleven sons, six of whom settled in Somers Mount and had farms adjoining. On the homestead at Enfield six generations have lived, each Ebenezer by name, and five generations are buried in one lot in the Enfield, Connecticut, cemetery. Children, born at Enfield: Rachel, August 27, 1703: Ebenezer, September 23, 1705, mentioned below: Noah, October 25, 1707; Seth, February 28, 1709; Catherine, January 4, 1711; Moses, August 24, 1712; Aaron, September 28, 1714; Elias, October 22, 1716; Reuben, September 3, 1718; Charles, December 26, 1720; David, August 18, 1722; Elisha, April 18, 1725; Phineas, June 26, 1726.

(IV) Ebenezer (2), son of Ebenezer (1) Chapin, was born at Enfield, Connecticut, September 23, 1705, died there March 1, 1751. He received from his father, April 7, 1749, three parcels of land in Somers, Connecticut, and lived there for a time. He returned to Enfield to live with and care for his father. His estate was distributed August 5, 1755, his wife Elizabeth being administrator. He married Elizabeth Pease, died July 6, 1786, aged seventy-four, daughter of Jonathan Pease,

chappe, are hern replicable and the seal April 24 1822 House Street 1977 in Captain Peter Penniman's company, Colonel Wood's regiment, for service at Rhode Island, similarly of the property of the Company of Ammidon's company, Colonel Nathan Tyler's regiment; marched on alarm to Rhode Island; de trans de la gran de nacion la the homestead at Enfield. He married, May 4, 1758, Mehitable Bartlett, of Stafford, Connecticut, who died April 8, 1811, aged seventyseven. His will was dated October 20, 1707. and mentions wife Mehitable, children Timothy, Mehitable Collins, Mary Pease, Susannah Booth, Sarah Barber, Tryphena Terry, Patty and Ebenezer. Children born in Enfield: Mchitable, June 7, 1760; Mary, April 28, 1762; Susannah, August 21, 1764; Ebenezer, June 15, 1766; Sarah, March 31, 1768; Tryphena, April 30, 1770; Timothy, April 12, 1772; mentioned below: Joel, May 6, 1774; Samuel, May 19, 1776; Payty, April 23, 1780.

(VII) Joel, son of Timothy Chapin, was born in Enfield, August 10, 1815, died August 27, 1852. He was brought up on his father's farm, and received a good cheation with a little of the did not graduate. He was a fine student and linguist, speaking several lambough he was never settled over a pastorate he often supplied pulpits. In early life he

he often supplied pulpits. In early life he taught school, and later established and maintained several boarding schools for boxs. He was the author of a series of four grammars, two of which were issued shortly before his death. In politics he was a Whig. He married, at Enfield, September 1, 1841, Amelia,

daughter of Elisha and Lovisa (Gleason) Parsons, of Eufield. Her lather was a farmer and leading citizen in town and church. Children, born in Springfield, Massachusetts: 1.

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spent seventeen years in the shoe business. He had some experience in the newspaper and insurance business. Since (885) he has been in the Society for Savings of Hartford, the largest bank in New England (excepting Boston) and for many years has been its actuary. Mr. Chapin gained wide experience in the subject of investments and securities in pursuing an intricate and extended litigation in behalf of an estate in the prosecution of a trustee for breach of trust. This experience and the admirable training of a varied business life added to a natural aptitude for the investment department of the banking business. He has charge of the se-

sents various interests in the capacity of executor, conservator, trustee, etc.

Mr. Chapin is at present developing a tract of land and building for rental some handHe is interested in local history and genealogy, especially in the Chapin family. He was the prime mover in forming the Chapin Family Association and has been its president from the time of organization. His pride in the family of Chapin is great and amply justified

Chapin is clean and honorable, with a few great names, and withal, faithful and honorable even in the humble walks of life. He is a member of the Hartford Historical Society, the Municipal Art Society, the Hartford Club and the Get Together Club. He is a Republican and a member of the Republican Club of Hartford, but has never sought or held public office. He is a member of the Con-

necticut Congregational Club and he and his family belong to the Farmington Avenue Con-

gregational Church of Hartford.

He married (first) October 22, 1874, at Mansfield Center, Connecticut, Delia P., born February 4, 1849, in New York City, died January 31, 1902, daughter of Herbert Barrows and Cynthia Selima (Storrs) Campbell. Her father was a New York merchant. She had a sister Eugenie. Mr. Chapin married (second) November 17, 1909, Lucy G. Stock. His only child is Warren Storrs, born July 4, 1885, educated in the Hartford district and high schools, graduating in the class of 1903 and from Amherst College with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1907; now located in Springfield, Massachusetts, where he is associated with the Phelps Publishing Company in their advertising department.

(II) Josiah Chapin, son of CHAPIN Deacon Samuel Chapin (q. v.), was born probably 1634. He married (first) at the age of about twentyfour years, Mary King, in Weymouth, November, 1658. She died May 30, 1676. He married (second) at Ipswich, Lydia Brown, September 20, 1676. She died October 11, 1711. He married (third), June 22, 1713, Mehitable Metcalf, in Dedham. She died December 2, 1724. He died September 10, 1726, at the advanced age of ninety-two years. He settled in Weymouth and later in Braintree, where he lived for more than twenty years, and eleven of his fifteen children were born in Braintree, three in Weymouth and one in Mendon. He removed to Mendon in Worcester county, Massachusetts, where the fifteenth child was born in 1684. He was one of the original grantees of the town of Mendon, and one of its most prominent citizens in the early days. He built the first sawmill in the town. He held many public offices, and was chairman of the selectmen for twenty years. He represented the town in the general court. He left many descendants. The record of his children and grandchildren in his own handwriting has been preserved.

His children were:

1. Samuel, born November 11, 1659, Weymouth; drowned at sea, April 10, 1692. 2. John, June 11, 1661, Braintree; died at sea, 1686. 3. Mary, August 27, 1662, Braintree, died August 16, 1668. 5. Josiah, December 17, 1665, Braintree; slain in Lord Russell's fight, May 20, 1693. 6. Shem, May 11, 1667, Braintree; died June 6, 1667. 7. Seth, August 4, 1668, mentioned below. 8. Joseph, May 17, 1670. 9. Henry, February 15, 1671.

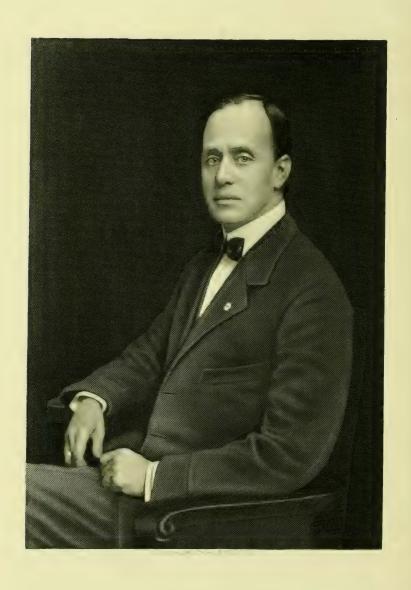
Braintree; died March 20, 1761. 10. Ephraim, December 18, 1673, Braintree. 11. Deborah, February 12, 1675. 12. Lydia, September 29, 1677, Braintree. 13. Sarah, March 12, 1679, Braintree. 14. David, November 11, 1680, Braintree. 15. Hannah, November 11,

1684, Mendon.

(III) Captain Seth Chapin, son of Josiah Chapin, was born August 4, 1668, at Brain-tree. He married (first) May Read. She died without issue September 12, 1689. He married (second) Bethia Thurston, March 25, 1691. She died after having fourteen children, March 2, 1744. He died April, 1746. It appears from the old proprietary records that Captain Seth Chapin had acquired a family home and domicile near the Post Land bridge on Mill river some time previous to May 26, 1700, for at that time he had the following-described parcel of land laid out to him: "Forty-five acres of the fourth division laid out to Seth Chapin and in possession of said Chapin, encompassing the said Chapin's homestead and meadow on the Mill River," etc. He went on adding parcel after parcel to his estate till he became the owner of several hundred acres in what is now Milford, Massachusetts. In 1713 he and his wife made a deed of gift to their son, Seth Ir., of sixty acres in what is now South Hopedale. They sold their homestead August 31, 1715, to Josiah Wood, formerly of Concord, and removed to Mendon to live with or near the venerable parents of Mr. Chapin. He held many places of honor and trust in Mendon. Children: 1. Seth, July 2, 1692, Med-field, mentioned below. 2. Bethia, February 16, 1693. 3. Josiah, March 1, 1695-96. 4. John, May 13, 1698. 5. Mary, April 30, 1700. 6. Samuel, June 2, 1702. 7. Deborah, June 14, 1704. 8. Hopestill, November 27, 1705. 9. Joseph, March 6, 1707. 10. Abigail, June 10, 1710. 11. Lydia, February 2, 1712. 12. Benjamin, April 6, 1713. 13. Ebenezer, December 23, 1714. 14. Japheth, February 24, 1716; died April 15, 1717. (IV) Seth Chapin, son of Captain Seth

(IV) Seth Chapin, son of Captain Seth Chapin, was born July 2, 1692, at Medfield, and married, February 5, 1713, Abigail Adams, aunt of John Adams, second president of the United States. She died April 18, 1722. His home place was in that part of Mendon now Hopedale, where he was a large land holder. He married (second) Elizabeth ————. Children of first wife: I. Sarah, July 3, 1715, at Mendon. 2. Mary, May 19, 1717. 3. Josiah, January 19, 1719. 4. Abigail, May 27, 1721; died April 28, 1722. Children of second wife: 5. Thomas, December 12, 1723. 6. Daniel, October 10, 1727. 7. Rachel, January 22,





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siah Chapin, was born May 5, 1760, in Mendon, and died in Virginia, September 18, 1833. He married Anna Church, born January 5, 1772, in Bristol, Rhode Island, died November 18, 1833. He married Anna Church, born January 5, 1772, in Bristol, Rhode Island, died November 19, 1804, Westmoreland, New Hampshire. 3, Hermon, mentioned below. 4, Jonathan, March 6, 1802, Westmoreland, New Hampshire. 5, Philip, September 5, 1805, Westmoreland, New Hampshire. 6, Rhoda Anna, May 12, 1808, Westmoreland, New Hampshire. 6, Rhoda Anna, May 12, 1808,

(VII) Hermon Chapin, son of Levi Chapin, was born October 9, 1709, in Westmoreland, New Hampshire, and died January 31, 1866, in Savannah, Georgia. He spent his boyhood in New Hampshire, and in early life traveled down the Connecticut river, selling lumber for Westmoreland and Walpole concerns. Later he left home and went to Hartford, where he learned the trade of plane making. He then started out to establish the business for himself, and bought land in Hartford for the purpose of building a shop. Owing to the influence of certain people who objected to having more factories in the town, he was obliged to look elsewhere for a site, and finally decided to locate in Pinc Meadow, in the town of New Hartford. Here in 1826 he built a factory which was the foundation of the present large plant of The Chapin-Stephens Company. From 1826 until the time of his death he continued the manufacturing of carpenter's planes.

While on a visit to his son George, in the south, he died, January 31, 1866. He married Catharine Merrill, horn June 23, 1805, at New Hartford. She died March 21, 1873, at the home of her son George, who was then living in Cleveland, Ohio, Children: 1, Ellen. 2, John. 3, Edward Merrill. 4, Hermon Terrill. 5, George Washington. 6, Philip Fugenc 7, William 1986.

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Republican in politics until the Blame cam

eral years and was tive to the legislature. He was also direct of the State Prison, and served on the Re

of the State Prison, and served on the Reformatory Board. In religion he was an Erre-

copal church in Pine Meadow

He married, June 16, 1856, Mary Ellen, daughter of Hiram and Olive Pike. She was born July 5, 1833, in New Marlbero, Massachusetts, and removed to Canton, Connectant, with her parents when two years of age. Chil-

The Chapin-Stephens Company : married, June 22

1808, Kate Louise White, of Warren, Massa-Ianuary 24, 1900. 2. Frank Mortimer, men-

January 24, 1900. 2. Frank Mortimer, mentioned below.

(IX) Frank Mortimer Chapin, son of Edward Merrill Chapin, was born June 28, 1899 in New Hartford, and was educated in the district schools of New Hartford. He at-

for one year, and attended Cheshire Military Academy for three years, from which he half in the for the school of technology, but did not enter. Instead, he went into business with his father, and after the latter's death succeeded to the business with his brother under the name of The H. Chapin's Son Company. It was continued until 1001, when a consolidation

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The business conducts its own store at 126 Chambers street, New York, under the management of John E. Humason, son of Virgil P. Humason, who before his death in 1905 had charge of Stephens & Company's New York interests for twenty-five years before the consolidation. In politics Mr. Chapin is a Democrat. In 1908 he was first selectman of the town of New Hartford, and also candidate for presidential elector. He is a member of the school board, has been justice of the peace and member of the board of relief. In religion he is an Episcopalian, and is collector and treasurer of St. John's Episcopal Church, Pine Meadow. He is a past master of Amos Beecher Lodge, No. 121, A. F. and A. M., New Hartford; a member of Columbia Chapter, No. 31, R. A. M.; Lee Council, No. 25, R. S. M., of Collinsville; Washington Commandery, K. T. No. 1, of Hartford; past patron of Mayflower Chapter, No. 47, O. E. S., New Hartford; past venerable consul of New Hartford Camp, No. 9,612, Modern Woodmen of America; a member of the Connecticut Field Trial Club. He is also a member of the Country Club of Farmington, a member of the board of governors of the New Hartford Free Public Library, and a director and first vice-president of the New Hartford Savings Bank. On January 4, 1911, Governor Simeon E. Baldwin commissioned Mr. Chapin commissary general, with rank of colonel.

He married, March 24, 1891, Ellie Munger, daughter of Hon. H. Wales and Sarah (Munger) Lines, of Meriden, Connecticut. They have one daughter, Catharine Lines, born July

10, 1892, a student of Smith College.

Henry and Ralph Lines, usually supposed to have been brothers, settled in New Haven in 1642. Henry states in the birth record of his son, Samuel, that he is "second sonne of John Line (as he saith) of Badby two miles from

Dantry in Northamptonshire."
(I) Ralph Lines, immigrant ancestor, possibly the son of John Lyne, of Badby, Northhamptonshire, England, lived in that part of New Haven later designated as the parish of Amity, and now the town of Woodbridge. He died September 7, 1689, and his estate showed an inventory of over two hundred and forty-two pounds. In his will he mentions sons Samuel, Ralph, Joseph and Benjamin, wife "Alis" and daughter Hannah. In a codicil, dated February 1, 1689, he mentions the fact that his daughter Hannah has since died, and leaves her portion to his wife, Alice, and in an additional codicil he states that his son Benjamin has since died, and mentions his

deceased daughter Merriman. The will was proved November 13, 1689. Children: Samuel, born April, 1649; Ralph, July 18, 1652, mentioned below; John, November, 1655, died young; Joseph, January, 1658; Benjamin, December, 1659; Hannah, November 21, 1665.
(II) Ralph (2), son of Ralph (1) Lines,

was born July 18, 1652, lived in Amity, Connecticut. He married, April 27, 1681, Abiah, daughter of William Bassett, baptized February 7, 1658. He was baptized May 27, 1694, with his children Hannah, Joseph, Phebe and Benjamin. In his will, dated January 9, 1712, and proved February 5, 1713, he names his wife Abiah, sons Joseph and Benjamin, and several daughters, including Hannah and Phebe. His estate was inventoried at over three hundred and sixty-four pounds. In the New Haven probate records, "Abia Lines of New Haven, widdow, is allowed guardian to Benjamin, Abia, and Rebecckah Lines and appointed guardian to Alis Lines, being four minor children of Ralph Lines, late of New Haven, dec'd". Children: Ralph, died May 8. 1688; Hannah, born July 28, 1684; Joseph, February 20, 1686; Phebe, June 18, 1687; Alice, February 27, 1689, died November 18, 1689; Ralph, September 23, 1690, died December 7, 1693; Benjamin, January 1, 1694, mentioned below; Abiah, February 7, 1696; Rebecca, February, 1698; Alice, March 1,

(III) Benjamin, son of Ralph (2) Lines, was born January 1, 1694, and lived in Amity. He was a husbandman, and was called junior to distinguish him from his cousin of the same name. He married, February 2, 1720, Dorcas, daughter of Joseph and Abigail (Preston) Thomas. Children: Benjamin, born September 1, 1720; James, mentioned

below; Dorcas, Alice, Mabel.

(IV) James, son of Benjamin Lines, married, January 7, 1745, Thankful, daughter of John and Sarah (Perkins) Sperry. She died August 11, 1811. He died in January, 1792. They lived in New Haven. Children: John, born August 22, 1746; James, November 30, 1748; Ashbel, April 9, 1751; Pamela, April 15, 1756; Ezra, born September 24, 1760, mentioned below; Benjamin, August 16, 1762; Sarah, December 31, 1764; Ebenezer, June 25,

(V) Ezra, son of James Lines, was born September 24, 1760. He removed to New Haven and was a merchant there many years. He was originally an Episcopalian but in later life a member of the North Church. He was a soldier in the revolution under General Israel Putnam and was present at Putnam's famous ride at Greenwich. He married (first)





Harry M. Lines.

was born in New Haven, September 13, 1797. not far from the historic mansion at 111 Olive street, where he himself resided for more than eighty years. It was built by one of his family in 1704. He attended the public schools of New Haven and became associated with his father in conducting his store, succeeding in time to the ownership of the business. He had subsequently a tailoring establishment, in which, as in various other business ventures, he was successful. He was for many years a director of the National New Chapel streets, the oldest in the city. For member at the time of his retirement. He was also on the school committee, and member of the common council of New Haven for a number of years. In politics he was a Rewas highly respected by all classes of people was active in the New Haven Gravs and for many years the accomplished fifer of that famous company. He was the first player on the double bass in New Haven and was skilled ter, died in 1851, aged forty-eight, daughter of David Ritter: (second) Martha, daughter of William Kimberly. Children of first wife: Augustus Ezra, born November 4, 1822, menmarried Almira F. Augur and Ann E. Holt ried James H. Rowland.

(VII) Augustus Ezra, son of Ezra Augustus Lines, was born in New Haven, November 4, 1822, at the corner of Olive and Grand streets, and died in New Haven, November 1, 1822, and the learned the trade of engraving on metals in a shop at the corner of Fulton and Nassau streets, New York

family of Mr
ture

New Haven in 1846. He was a staumch Re-

New Haven in 1846. He was a stanneh Re inherited a fondness for music and was a skill

formerly Chapel Street Church. He was remarkably well informed and well read upon a local history and genealogy and possessed some very interesting and valuable pictures of various landmarks in this section. He married, January 9, 1849, Mary A. Kimberly

to the state of th

merchants, of New Haven. The

Haven. He was afterward a traveling salesform.

High ters: New Haven Commanderv, No. 2.

Shrine of Bridgeport, also the various Scottish Rite bodies, having attained the thirty-second degree. He has held various offices in the Masonic bodies to which he belongs. He was commissioned captain of the Second Company of the Governor's Foot Guards of New Haven. He is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce of New Haven; the Union League Club of New Haven; the Algonquin Club of New Haven; the Knights Templar Club and of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church. He is a Republican in politics. He married, June 7, 1882, Clifford Hastings Cooke, of Marietta, Georgia. They have one daughter, Louise Douglas, born November 16, 1889.

## (The Kimberly Line).

(IV) Abraham Kimberly, son of Nathaniel Kimberly (q. v.), was the first of the name in Guilford. He came from West Haven about 1740 and died at Guilford, February 19, 1797. (V) George, son of Abraham Kimberly,

married and has a son Eli.

(VI) Eli, son of George Kimberly, and grandson of Abraham Kimberly, was born November 2, 1792, in Guilford, Connecticut. He was a mariner in early life. His home was on Faulkner's Island, Guilford and Sachems's Head, having charge of the lighthouse on Faulkner's Head for thirty-three years. No resident along the coast was better or more favorably known to both landsmen and sailors than Captain Eli Kimberly. He lived to the age of seventy-nine and was much lamented. He married Polly Fowler, of New London, November 12, 1812, and they had twelve children, among whom were Mary A., married Augustus E. Lines (see Lines VII), and Daniel Griffin, father of Captain Harry Kimberly Lines. He and his wife were members of the North Church.

Edward Parker, immigrant an-PARKER cestor, was born in England. He settled in New Haven, Connecticut, as early as 1644, and died there in 1662. He married Elizabeth, widow of John Potter. Children, born at New Haven: Mary, baptized August 27, 1648; John, mentioned below; Hope, born April 26, 1650, married Samuel Cook; Lydia, April 14, 1652, married John Thomas.

(II) John, son of Edward Parker, was born at New Haven, October 8, 1648. He settled early at what is still known as Parker's Farms two miles west of the village. He was an active business man and did much to advance the interests of the settlement. He died in

1711. He married, at New Haven, Novem-Bassett; she died June 7, 1726. Children, born at New Haven: Hannah, born August 20, 1671; John, March 26, 1675; Abiah, March 26, 1677; born at Wallingford: Elizabeth, married Josiah Royce; Rachel, born June 16, 1680; Joseph, married Sarah Curtis; Eliphalet, married, in 1708, Hannah Beach; Samuel, married Sarah Goodsell; Edward, born 1692, mentioned below; Mary, married

Joseph Clark; Abigail.

(III) Edward (2), son of John Parker, was born in 1692, died October 21, 1776. He settled in Cheshire parish, Cheshire. He married (first) Jerusha Merriam, who died at Cheshire, December 27, 1745. He married (second) December 1, 1748, Rebecca Ives, who died May 23, 1762, aged sixty-five. He married (third) September 30, 1762, Ruth Merriman Merwin. Children, born at Cheshire: Ralph, January 9, 1718; Athelred, July 1, 1719; Edward, March 11, 1721; Joel, February 24, 1723, mentioned below; Ephraim, August 23, 1725; Amos, November 26, 1726; William, 1728, died May 2, 1752; Eldad, September 14, 1731; Joseph Merriam, February 2, 1734; Joseph, October 9, 1735.

(IV) Joel, son of Edward (2) Parker, was born at Cheshire, February 24, 1723. He married, December 25, 1746, Susannah Hotchkiss. Children, born at Cheshire: Athelred, September 17, 1747; Amos, October 22, 1749; Susanna, March 8, 1752; Joel, January 17, 1754; Stephen, mentioned below.

(V) Stephen, son of Joel Parker, was born at Cheshire, August 5, 1759. He was a soldier in the revolution and drew a pension late in life. He was living in Cheshire in 1840, according to the census, aged eighty-one years (p. 660 Connecticut Rev. Rolls). He married (first) May 27, 1787, Sally, daughter of Joseph Twiss. He married (second) January 6, 1805, Rebecca Stone, widow, daughter of Joshua Ray. She died July 1, 1846. Children, born in Cheshire, by first wife: Clarissa, June 10, 1788, died May 27, 1789; Zeri, August 1, 1790; Stephen, July 17, 1792, died January 15, 1794; Stephen, November 3, 1794, died young: Sarah, March 11, 1797; Clarissa, March 10, 1800; Joel, March 11, 1801; Isabella, November 25, 1803. Children of second wife: John, August 30, 1805; Betsey, May 1, 1807; Charles, mentioned below: Edmund, February 9, 1811, married Jennette Bradley.

(VI) Charles, son of Stephen Parker, was born January 2, 1809, at Cheshire, and lived to the great age of ninety-three years. From the age of nine to fourteen he lived with the family of Porter Cook, a farmer of Walling-

for the fine the men All the same of th a manufacturer of pewter buttons in Southington, Connecticut, receiving as wages at lave be seen by seen his Harry & Harry Smith, who were also manufacturers of butthe part of the pa succeeded in this business in making a profit 1831 he became associated with Jared Lewis was an old house, for which he paid \$650, and spring of 1832 and in which he carried on mund Parker, and Heman White were adthe firm name of Parker & White. During and some reverses, but none ever affected the retired in 1843 and Mr. White the year folwas furnished by a horse attached to a pole concern in 1844 was the first used in Meriden. 500 horse power with twenty boilers having a capacity of 2,000 horse power, besides water power at the factories at East Meriden and Yalesville. At first Mr. Parker not only made but sold his own goods. He made extended trips twice a year and on one occasion took an order that required two years for the factory to fill. The present method of working on orders had not then come into practice generally. A few years later, Mr. Parker the power for which is supplied by Black tory is very large and the goods are sold not only in all parts of this country but extensively in foreign countries. Although the

important part by Prince outlier path path in other re-

the woodwork i

earts and covers is made in endless variety

Meriden Curtai est concern of ing some five

making similar

pany, which it controls, is a close corporation.

Since the death of the tounder, his son, Dex-

pany, incorporated June 12. 1893, has the following officers: William H. Lyon, president and treasurer; James F. Allen, secretary. The various Parker companies give steady employment to about 1,500 hands, most of whom are skillful mechanics. Its development has contributed materially to the growth and prosperity of the city of Meriden. The New York salestrooms are at 32 Warren street. Since the death of Charles Parker, the general management has devolved upon his sonin-law, William H. Lyon, who has been connected with the company for many years.

About twenty years before his death Mr. Parker was stricken with disease that kept him confined most of the time to his home, but did not affect his mental and intellectual vigor and he continued to direct his business affairs. To the very end of his life, his decision was sought and given in important matters. Few men have had such a long and remarkable business career. No man's business credit in the history of Meriden was higher than his. The great diversity of products of the company and the enormous capital required in the business called for the highest financial ability in the management. evolution of his business life from an apprentice boy to a captain of industry would be the story of the growth of a small inland Connecticut town possessing a few local advantages, developing in a comparatively few years into a thriving and prosperous city, prominent among the residents of which he

was a prince among equals. Mr. Parker was naturally one of the foremost citizens of Meriden. He took a lively interest in municipal affairs, and exerted a large and wholesome influence in the community. In his early life he was a Democrat. He was one of the presidential electors from Connecticut who voted for Franklin Pierce for president. After the civil war broke out, however, he gave his loyal support to the Union, and helped to equip companies of militia in response to the first call for troops and became a prominent Republican. He was a delegate to both Republican national conventions at which General Grant was nomi-· nated for president. When Meriden was incorporated as a city in 1867, Mr. Parker was given the handsome compliment of the choice of the people for their first mayor and he started the new city government with wisdom and foresight. He set a standard that has been well maintained ever since. He was a member of Meridian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and was the last surviving charter member of the lodge. He was also a member of St. Elmo Commandery, Knights

Templar, to which he presented a beautiful banner in memory of his brother. Rev. John Parker, his son, Wilbur Parker, and his nephew, George White Parker, all of whom were Knights Templar. He joined the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution in 1893. From early manhood he was a faithful member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, to which at one time he gave \$40,000 toward the building fund. He erected one of the finest residences in the city on Broad street. It is now occupied by his son Dexter W.

He married, in 1831, Abi Lewis Eddy, of Berlin, Connecticut. They had ten children; among whom were: Dexter Wright, mentioned below; Annie D., married William H.

Lyon; Charles E.

(VII) Dexter Wright, son of Charles Parker, was born November 23, 1849, in Meriden. He attended the Russell Collegiate and Commercial School in New Haven. He was appointed to the United States Military Academy at West Point by Congressman Warner, of Middletown, and graduated in the class of 1870 with the rank of second lieutenant. He was in active service in the Sixth United States Cavalry on the frontier of Texas, Indian Territory and Kansas. He resigned from the army to become his father's partner in the great business he had established in Meriden, and when the firm became a corporation in 1877-78 he became an officer of the company. Year by year his share of the management became larger and finally the burden of management was placed upon him and his brother, Charles E. Parker. The great concern continued its amazing growth and prosperity under his guidance. His health failed and he retired for a time. After the death of his brother he became treasurer, and in 1002 when his father died, he naturally succeeded him as president. He is a director of the City Savings Bank and was formerly a director of the First National Bank of Meriden. He is a member of the Home Club of Meriden. In politics he is a Republican. He is unmarried.

PARKER actively and prominently identified with the welfare and advancement of Norwich, Connecticut and representatives in each generation have borne honorable parts in public affairs, especially in military and naval life, and have left records of upright lives.

(I) William Parker was the immigrant an-

(II) Robert, son of William Parker, mar-

Carlon Mary from April 1 and 5 mile nel June se treet, Alies James as pro-Augment, trees, Patrice Countries of the table to limit to me of a come as 1000, and an income property of the at faire one the hearth in they or a deacon, March 6, 1745, married, December 5, 1003, Mary Jenkins; Daniel, born April 18, 15, 1074; Hannah, April, 1070; Sarah, June, 

(Cobb) Parker, was born in February, 1672, ber of the Falmouth church. He married, written Whetstone or Whiton, Children: Joseph, born in 1609; John, see forward; Tim-Mary, 1700.

(Whiston) Parker, was born in 1700, and removed to Norwich, Connecticut, in 1745. 1734, Elizabeth Smith. Children: Timothy, see forward; Mary, born January 15, 1737; July and Mary

and Elizabeth (Smith) Parker, was born in May 27, 1797. He had been a naval commander prior to the beginning of the revolutionary war, and he remained in the merchant service. In 1776, while returning from the New York, and there endured the hardships of the prisoners of those days. In September, 1777, he was released, and appointed to serve as lieutenant on the "Oliver Cromwell," which was the largest cruiser of the state of Connecticut. He was promoted to the captaincy of this vessel, made several cruises in her, and in company with another Connecticut cruiser, April 13, 1778, fought a severe but successful battle with three British ships. armed vessels belonging to the enemy, were he was obliged to capitulate to a far larger to his ability as a commander as well as to of the English prison ships, managed to escape by way of long Island, and returned to Norwich. Later he was placed in command of various privateers, the one with which he was List connected being the "Scourge." At the with the merchant n 1774 217 14, 1771 000 0

he went to Mexico and entered the Mexican

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were never claimed. ( married, April 25, 1802, Sarah, Iorn August

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Hys. A. Co., and and an arranged to the control of Mr. Parker continued the business alone for

some years. He finally disposed of it and formed a connection with Hyde & Hall, merchants of Norwich. Mr. Parker entered the employ of the Norwich & Worcester railroad about 1840, served as conductor for one week. was then made master of transportation and retained this position for thirty-seven years, when he resigned. Subsequently he became accountant for the Reade Paper Company, continuing with them, under Edwin S. Ely, until they went out of business. The New London County Mutual Fire Insurance Company next claimed his attention, and he held the office of president for thirty-five years. His health having become impaired, he resigned from this position, and lived retired from all business affairs for three years prior to his death. His political affiliations were with the Democratic party, and he served as a member of the city council for some time. He was appointed harbor master by Governor Jewell, and held this position until his death. Mr. Parker was a man of wide and diversified reading, an interesting speaker, and his kind heart and optimistic disposition gained for him a host of friends. He married, November 9, 1836, Susan Cross, born in Stonington, Connecticut, in 1821, died January 1, 1879, daughter of James Clark. Children: 1. Henry Lester, see forward. 2. Walter Farnsworth, born August 3, 1839; he married, December 22, 1861, Sarah Catherine Hartt; children: Ella Crane, widow of Charles P. B. Peck, of New York; Carrie H., deceased; Marco Smith, married Miriam Hoyt and resides in New York; Walter F., lives in New York, where he is president of the Peck Press. 3. Robert Bottum, born October 21, 1842; for a number of years he was a ticket agent at Norwich for the Norwich & Worcester railroad, was engaged in the mercantile business for a time, and is now living retired; he has attained the thirty-second degree in the Masonic fraternity; married, September 19, 1877, Annie Cornelia Kelley, who died May 13, 1879. 4. John Ford, born August 2, 1846. 5. Ebenezer Fitch, born October 21, 1854; is married and resides in New York. 6. George Brewster, born August 7, 1857, is unmarried and lives in New York. 7. Frank Clark, born November 8, 1860, died September 5, 1861.

(VIII) Henry Lester, eldest child of Ebenezer Fitch and Susan Cross (Clark) Parker, was born in Norwich August 2, 2011.

(VIII) Henry Lester, eldest child of Ebenezer Fitch and Susan Cross (Clark) Parker, was born in Norwich, August 21, 1837; died November 7, 1908. He received an excellent education until he was fifteen years old, when he entered the employ of the Boston & Sandwich Glass Company in Boston, remaining in that city a number of years. Upon his return to his native city he obtained a position with the Norwich & Worcester railroad under the supervision of his father. He then went to Chicago and was employed as freight clerk by the Illinois Central railroad, and later became a clerk in the Howard House in New York. He again returned to Norwich, formed a connection with the Norwich & New York Transportation Company, became secretary and later treasurer of that corporation, and held these positions about twenty years. He became associated in a partnership with his brother, John F., in 1877, in the insurance business, two years united with the business of Thomas H. Perkins, the firm becoming Perkins & Parker Brothers, and in 1883, Mr. Perkins' interests having been purchased, the firm returned to its old style of Parker Brothers. Three years later the impaired health of Mr. Henry Lester Parker caused him to dispose of his interest in this concern. In spite of the many demands made upon his time by his personal affairs, Mr. Parker served as secretary, treasurer and director of the Norwich Water Power Company, and was president of the He joined Trinity Episcopal Church in his early years, and all his life took an active interest in its affairs, serving as vestryman, senior warden, superintendent of the Sunday school and for many years as parish treasurer. His entire family joined the same church. In his political affiliations Mr. Parker was a Democrat, and served his town as a member of the common council. His fraternal relations were of a high order and he was one of the two oldest thirty-third degree Masons in the state of Connecticut. He was a member of Somerset Lodge, No. 34, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, having been made a Master Mason in 1859; was a member of Franklin Chapter, No. 4; Franklin Council, No. 3; Columbian Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar, and held almost every office in the different branches. He and the late Judge C. W. Carter were appointed members of the Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors of the thirty-third degree, for the Northern Masonic District of the United States, May 18, 1865. Mr. Parker married, December 30, 1857,

Mr. Parker married, December 30, 1857, Ann Meech, born August 17, 1836, died October 22, 1894, daughter of Colonel Asa and Elizabeth (Allyn) Roath, of Norwich. Children: I. Susan May, born May 7, 1859, is a member of Faith Trumbull Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. She married, July 2, 1883, Martin E. Jensen, of Norwich. Child: Gerard Edward, born March 10, 1884, was graduated from the Norwich

Free Armen in their millioning and the sity, a Kline's de Kouth, tem Marses per n articles of her ton, of Norwich. 3. Gerard Lester, born in Norwich, Connecticut, September 4, 1866; edat an early age showed a decided inclination the manufacturing terminal and the allies marbheer Sana 1883 = last sans wr' the in the employ of C. B. Rogers & Company, a period of thirteen years, then with Austin & Eddy, of Boston, for two years. Subsequently he was with the J. A. Fav & Egan Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, for almost eight working machinery. Since 1907 he has been Boston, and holds the positions of secretary poration. His residence is in Brookline, Massachusetts. Mr. Parker married, December 8, 1897, Fannie Arnold Carpenter, of Norand Lester. 4. Anne Meech, born August 26, 1868; married, October 14, 1801, Henry

(IX) Henry Fitch, youngest child of Henry Lester and Ann Meech (Roath) Parker, was born in Norwich, October 9, 1874, and re-

his native town

S. Gilbert & Sons, at Norwich, in April, 1892, remaining in their employ until January, 1904, when he resigned his position. For a number of years he has been one of the most prominent members of Trinity Episcopal Church; is a vestryman and has served for a long time as the parish treasurer. He became a member of the Sons of the American Revolution in 1800, and is secretary and treasurer of the Israel Putnam branch of that orture of that office is a member of the board of managers of the state. He is a member of the board of park commissioners of Norwich and has been since its organization. He is a director of the Norwich Nickel and Brass Communication of the Communica ings Bank of Norwich, a member of the New wich and the New London County Agricultural Society of Norwich. He is a Democrat and was elected an alderman of the city of Norwich in 1910. He married, December 1, 1909, Elizabeth Eastmead Scofield, of PoughLynton Parva, Cambridgeshire, and from that date the surname tion of this work was placement to rolls of matches sable, fired proper a martlet or. Crest: On a ducal coronet or, an antique lamp or, fi

is traced in England, lived at Oakington and Comberton and was assessed to the subsidy for Cambridgeshire in 1522-23. He w

ington, February 3, 1766.

(II) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Leete, married, November 12, 1568, at Oak-III. Its sidy for Cambridgeshire in 1566-67 and 1571-72, and was buried at Oakington, February 4, 1582.

Leete, lived at Oakington and was named in the visitation of Huntingdonshire in 1613. He was warden of the parish church at Oakington, weither 12, 1616. He married, June 2, 1574, Maria Slade, who was buried at Oakington, September 25, 1616, daughter of Edward Slade, of Rushton, Northamptonshire, Chadren: John, mentioned below: John 1000 two sons the same name was not mon), lived at Islungton; Richard, church warden of Oakington, married Elizabeth or Isabella Romers.

of Dodington; was named in the Visitations of Hants in 1013 and 1048. He was baptized of Robert Shute, one of the justices of the King's Bench in 1650. Children: Governor William, mentioned below; John, of Midlow Grange, married Sarah Filbrig; Anne, mar-

(V) Governor William Leete, son of John Leete, of Dodington, was born in 1612 or

"He was bred to the law and served for a considerable time in the Bishop's Court at Cambridge where, observing the oppressions and cruelties then practiced on the conscientious and virtuous Puritans, he was led to examine more thoroughly their doctrines and practice, and eventually to become a Puritan himself and to give up his office." He married, at Hail Weston, Huntingdonshire, August 1, 1636, Anne, daughter of Rev. John Paine, minister of Southoe, in county Hunts. She died in Connecticut, September 1, 1668. He married (second) Sarah, widow of Henry Rutherford; she died February 10, 1673. He married (third) Mary, widow of Governor Francis Newman and of Rev. Nicholas Street; she died December 13, 1683. After his marriage he lived for a short time in Keyston, Huntingdonshire, and there his first child, Mary, was born and died. In the Visitation of Hants in 1684, the record signed by John Leete, brother of Governor Leete, reads: "William Leete, eldest son, Governour of Harford in New England, now living 1684 as is supposed aet. 71.

William Leete came to New England with Rev. Mr. Whitfield's company and he was one of the signers of the Plantation Covenant on shipboard, June 1, 1639, arriving in New Haven about July 10, following. When they had agreed upon Guilford as a place to settle he was one of six chosen to buy the lands of of the Indians, in trust, for the plantation, until their organization was effected. When the lands were laid out, Leete received a lot opposite William Chittenden on the corner of what is now Broad street and River. His outlying land, some two hundred and fifty acres, was located about three miles away and the locality was named for him Leete's Island. His seal bearing the coat-of-arms described above has been preserved by his descendants.

He figured prominently in public life. He was clerk of the plantation from 1639 to 1662. He was one of four to whom was intrusted the whole civil power of the plantation without limitation until a church was formed, June 19, 1643, and he was one of the seven pillars. He and Samuel Disborough were chosen to meet the court at New Haven in 1643 when the combination of the plantations was made and a general court established for the entire New Haven colony. Leete was a deputy from Guilford to this court until 1650, and from 1651 to 1658 magistrate of the town. In 1658 he was chosen deputy governor of the colony and continued in that office until the union with Connecticut in 1664. Afterward he was assistant until 1669 when he was elected deputy governor of the Connecticut colony,

holding the office until 1676 when he was chosen governor, which he held by reëlection until his death in 1683. Upon his election as governor he removed to Hartford. His tombstone is in the rear of the First Church of Hartford. "During the term of forty years" says Dr. Trumbull, the historian, "he was magistrate, deputy governor or governor of one or other of the colonies. In both colonies he presided in times of greatest difficulty, yet always conducted himself with such integrity and wisdom as to meet the public approbation." When two of the judges of Charles I., Goffe and Whalley, fled to New England for safety after the Restoration, Governor Leete secreted them in the cellar of his store and cared for them several days.

Children, all by first wife: John, mentioned below; Andrew, born 1643; William, married Mary Fenn; Abigail; Caleb, born August 24, 1651; Gratiana, December 22, 1653; Peregrine, January 12, 1658; Joshua, 1659; Anna,

March 10, 1661.

(VI) John (2), son of Governor William Leete, was born in 1639, said to have been the first white child born in Guilford. He died November 25, 1692. He married, October 4, 1670, Mary Chittenden, born 1647. daughter of William and Joanna (Sheafe) Chittenden. She died March 9, 1712. Children: Ann, born August 5, 1671; John, January 4, 1674; Joshua, July 7, 1676; Sarah, December 16, 1677; Pelatiah, mentioned below; Mehitable, December 10, 1683; Benjamin, December 26, 1686; Daniel, September 23, 1689.

(VII) Deacon Pelatiah, son of John (2)

Leete, was born at Guilford. March 26, 1681. He settled on Leete's Island, Guilford, where no previous settlement had been made, and built a house where Edward L. Leete recently lived. He owned much land and was a wellto-do farmer. He kept a hundred head of cattle. His homestead descended to him from his grandfather and father and at last accounts was in the possession of his descendants. was deacon of the Fourth Church of Guilford, and often represented the town in the general court. He died October 13, 1768, very old. His wife died October 13, 1706, aged ninety years. They lived together for sixty-three years. He married July 1, 1705, Abigail, born in 1679, daughter of Abraham and Elizabeth (Bartlett) Fowler. Children, born at Guilford: Abigail, born September 13, 1707; Daniel, October 14, 1709; Mehitabel, September 28, 1711; Pelatiah, mentioned below: Mehitabel, 1714.

(VIII) Deacon Pelatiah (2), son of Deacon Pelatiah (1) Leete, was born at Guilford, March 7, 1713, died May 28, 1786. He mar-

tiah (2) Leete, was born April 22, 1744, died Alin (2) Leete, was born April 22, 1744, died Alin (2) Leete, was born April 22, 1744, died Alin (2) Leete (3) Leete (4) Leete (4)

at Leete's Island, Uniford: Joel, mentioner below; Noah, February 22, 1770; Pelatiah, July 3, 1773; Mary, February 15, 1708.

(X) Joel, son of Pelatiah (3) Leete, was 1 to 100.

Molly, born August 25, 1705, died November 27, 1843, daughter of Noah and Naomi (Atwell) Cruttenden, of Guilford. Children, born at Leete's Island, Guilford: Alvan, August 24, 1701, mentioned below; Polly Maria, March 7, 1704; Morris Atwell, November 10, 1705; Frederick William, July 6, 1803.

born August 24, 1791, died July 6, 1882. He was for many years a teacher in the public schools of Guilford and vicinity. He was captain in the militia. In religion he was a Congregationalist; in politics a Whig and Republican

He married, January 15, 1816, Rebecca, widow of William Butler, and daughter of Isaac and Abigail (Tyler) Palmer, of Branford. She was born February 14, 1780, died January 16, 1862. Children, born at Guilford: Abigail Maria, November 18, 1816, married A. W. Leete: Eliza Ann, March 3, 1818, married C. Robbins; Isaac Pälmer, March 9, 1821, married Clarissa Foote; Edwin Alonzo, mentioned below: Marietta, July 20, 1827, died January 18, 1877.

(XII) Deacon Edwin Alonzo, son of Captain Alvan Leete, was born December 21, 1822.

He was educated in the public schools, and followed the trade of cabinet making in his native town. He was deacon of the church and a highly respected citizen. He married (first) November 25, 1847. S. Ellen, born No-

ond

rine, born September

ley) Ward,

ford; married, November born February 28, 1747, daughter of William and Rachel (White) Chittenden. Ambrose was chosen a deavon of the Fourth Church in 1807; he died February 14, 1809; she died

September 16, 1838,

Daniel Leete, father of Deacon Ambrose Leete, was son of Deacon Pelatiah Leete (VII), mentioned above. Daniel married,

Edwin Monzo Leete learned the treabment maker under John Kimberly in Guilford, and worked for him four years. He was employed as a journeyman by Jonas H. Bowditch, of New Haven, manufacturer and dealer in furniture, for a short time. Afterward he came to Guilford and worked for two years in the shippyards at East river owned by Eher Hotchkiss. For a number of Hotch City market, He enlisted in the location of 1862, in Company I, Fourteenth (

of Antietam. He wa dria shortly afterward disability. After return engaged in cabinet making on his own ac-

married Ezra S. Kelsey; James Spencer, September 8, 1859, died March 23, 1857. Children of second wife: Edward Morris, mentioned below; Catharine Ward, November 28, 1860, married Fred W. Seward; Elizabeth Morris, February 10, 1867, graduated from the State Normal School at New Britain, for the past five years a teacher in the William Penn Charter School in Philadelphia; William Henry, December 3, 1868, in Guilford, formerly with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, afterward assistant to the general superintendent of the Los Angeles Terminal Railroad, and cashier and paymaster on the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railroad, and now treasurer of the latter, married Caroline Hopkins Barnes, of Binghamton, New York.

(XIII) Edward Morris, son of Edwin Alonzo Leete, was born in Guilford, August 18, 1858. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and learned of his father the trade of cabinet making. He became associated in business with his father and succeeded to the business. He represented the town in the general assembly of the state, as so many of his ancestors had done in the earlier days. He was elected in 1900. In politics he is a Republican, and a Congregationalist in religion. He is a member of St. Albans Lodge, No. 38, Free and Accepted

Masons, of Guilford.

Edward Morris Leete married, October 15, 1879, Eva S., born April 19, 1858, daughter of Elisha Chapman and Charlotte G. (Fowler) Bishop (see Bishop VIII). Her sister, Mary C. (Bishop) White, is a member of the Society of Colonial Wars and of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in both of which Mrs. Leete is entitled to membership. Mary C. Bishop married Miles G. White Constitution of Market Mrs. White, of Hartford, Connecticut. Mrs. Leete's interest in family history and heirlooms have led her into an interesting business, which has grown to large proportions, for she has now in the town of Guilford three houses furnished with colonial and antique furniture and two large storehouses full of similar goods. She has had the contract for furnishing various state buildings and headquarters at national and international exhibitions, and is recognized as an authority on all kinds of colonial and antique goods. Mrs. Leete is a graduate of the Guilford high school and is well known in business as well as social circles in this section. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Leete: Frank Chapman, born August 16, 1881, unmarried; Earl Bishop, November 8, 1887; Charlotte Elizabeth, August 14, 1889.

The surname Bishop is of anBISHOP cient English origin. Just how
the title of a sacred office of the
Catholic church came to be used for a surname is lost in the obscurity of ancient history. It is suggested that it must have been
a personal name or a nickname of some progenitor, just as majors and deacons are sometimes given. Other names, like Pope, are of
this class. Bishop was in common use in
England as a surname many centuries ago,
and no less than eleven immigrants came
from there to Massachusetts before 1650 with
their families. Various branches of the English Bishop family bear coat-of-arms and have
had titles and dignities of various sorts.

(I) Thomas Bishop, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, died February 7, 1674. His estate was valued at above five thousand pounds, which was a large fortune for the times. He served in many public offices. He was in the general court in 1666. Records show that in 1685 Captain Thomas Bishop lost a ship sailing to the Barbadoes. He married Margaret \_\_\_\_, and had sons Samuel, John, Thomas Jr., Job

and Nathaniel.

(II) Samuel, son of Thomas Bishop, graduated at Harvard College in 1665, and died at Ipswich in 1687. He married Hester Cogswell, and they had nine children. The widow, Hester or Esther, married (second) Thomas Burnham in 1689. Children: Margaret, born May 17, 1676; Samuel, February 6, 1678-79, mentioned below; John, September 20, 1685. The names and dates of birth of

the other children are not known.

(III) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Bishop, was born February 6, 1678-79. He lived in Ipswich and Norwich, and died November 18, 1760. He married, January 2, 1705, Sarah Forbes, born in 1683, died 1759. They had eleven children, and one, Sarah, who died young. Children: Thomas, born November 14, 1706; Samuel, February 2, 1708; Sarah, March 7, 1710; Esther, January 1, 1712; Caleb, March 16, 1715, mentioned below; Joshua, June, 1716; Sarah, March, 1718; Elizabeth, January 5, 1720; Hannah, August 2, 1722; Ebenezer, November 26, 1725; Susannah, December 26, 1727.

(IV) Caleb, son of Samuel (2) Bishop,

(IV) Caleb, son of Samuel (2) Bishop, was born March 16, 1715. He married Keziah Hebbard in 1739. She died 1776. Children: Reuben, born November 2, 1740, mentioned below; Elijah, June 16, 1742; Mary, July 18, 1744; Lucy, December 21, 1747.

(V) Reuben, son of Caleb Bishop, was born November 2, 1740, in Ipswich. He married his cousin, Hannah Bishop, February 10, 1761. He was a soldier in the revolutionary war.





Nathan Perkins Bishop

A Year the control of the control of a restriction of the control of the control

- to the mil - mil cated. When the captain ordered him back to fatally wounding the commander. His widow ment of his estate is given an appraisal of his military equipments, and his creditors collected and returne I credit in pounds, shillings and pence for money received for his servon, Bishop Burnham, 1783, and daughter, Hannah, 1786, by the second marriage. lutionary war for the last two years, and it was the mother's care to look after five children. She often said: "It took each year him." The Bishop family owned slaves, and when slavery was abolished they were obliged themselves. The pillion on which Hannah Bishop rode seven miles to church has been kept, and the stories she used to tell her formation for the family records. Children: below; Caleb, March 20, 1764; Cyrus, Januare as 1710. I shill be online as 1700. Him

iel W., November 24, 1770.

VI June 11, 1702, die Vin 1841

Lorn Leure 11, 1702, die Vin 1841

married (first) Welthy Adams, born in 1760, died September 5, 1830. He married (second) Mehitable Williams. Children, by first wife: Reuben: Barzillai, mentioned below.

(VII) Barzillai, son of Joshua Bishop, was born in 1789. He married Lucy Huntington, March 16, 1815. She was born September 10, 1794, died January 1, 1855, daughter of Barnabas and Abigail (Perkins) Huntington (see Perkins VI). Barzillai Bishop was a prominent citizen of Lisbon and represented that town in the general assembly of Connecticut and held other important offices. Children: 1. Barzillai Huntington, born 1816; married, April 17, 1837, Elizabeth Lydia Allen and went to Illinois; she married (second) — Downs. 2. Nathan Perkins,

The second

without issue. 5. Lucy, born 1824; married, dren: i. Joseph Huntington Edmunds, born

dren: i. Joseph Huntungton Edmunds, born 1843, married Mary Albro; ii. Mary Elizabeth man J. May and lived at Hartford; iii. Lucy Edmunds, died in infancy. 6, Mary (twin), born 1828; married Rev. Charles L. Ayer, November 27, 1849; children; i. Son, born

Ayer, July 11, 1853; iii. John Rogers Ayer, iv. Joseph Huntington Ayer, February 25, Ayer, July 9, 1860, died April 30, 1

Annual Control of the Control of the

Mill for Alexander of the

1868; x. Lucy Eugenia Ayer,

unmarried. 8. Abigail, born 1830, died un-

(VIII) Nathan Perkins, son of Barzdhai III worked on a farm during his boyhood and received his education in the public schools. He became a merchant in Norwich and was a well-known and highly respected citizen. He was a member of the Broadway Congregational Church of Norwich. He held many offices of public and private trust. He was first selectman of the town of Lisbon and represented the town in the general assembly in 1800. In later life much of his time was devoted to the management and settlement of states. "He was a model citizen and a welcome visitor in many households. He took great delight in home ties, and his life was an example of the Christian living which he professed." He was prominent in charitable and church work in Hanover parish. In politics he was a Republican. He married (first) February 16, 1840, Nancy Lee, of Hanover, Connecticut, daughter of William Lee, who was a son of the Rey, Andrew Lee, who preached in the Hanover parish for more than fifty years. She was born September 19, 1817, died April 28, 1892. He married (second) [10]

Ledediah and Joanna (Porter) (Cleveland) Ensworth, of Canterbury, Connecticut. Her mother was born in Sharon, Vermont. Her grandfather was Jesse Ensworth, who married Lotilla Dver, of Canterbury. The Ens-

worth or Ainsworth (as it is also spelled) family is one of the oldest and most distinguished in the state. Children of first wife: 1. Nathan Lee, born March 6, 1841, mentioned below. 2. Lucy Huntington, born September 9, 1842; married, November 1, 1865, Nathan Witter; children: Herbert Bishop Witter, October 23, 1867; Nellie B. Witter, Witter, October 23, 1807; Nelhe B. Witter, June 5, 1869; Edward William Witter, April 15, 1874. 3. Nancy Bingham, January 21, 1845; married, March 10, 1871, Rev. Charles W. Carey; children: Frederick William Carey, born February 16, 1872; Herbert Bishop Carey, October 15, 1873; Henrietta Wood-worth Carey, January 31, 1876. 4. Barzillai Perkins, February 10, 1852; married, July ton, June 9, 1884, died October 14, 1909; Marion Lee, May 31, 1886.

(IX) Nathan Lee, son of Nathan Perkins Bishop, was born March 6, 1841. He was superintendent of the public schools of Norwich for thirty-two years. He served his country in the civil war from 1862 to 1865, enlisting as a private in the Twenty-first Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. After an examination by the military board at Washington, he was commissioned first lieutenant of the First Regiment, United States colored troops, and served as adjutant of the regiment for more than a year. He refused a captain's commission. He was mustered out at Washington, in November 1865. He died October 11, 1909. He married, November 15, 1869, Julia A. Armstrong. Children: Fannie Arnold, born October 20, 1873; Katharine Trowbridge, February 27, 1877.

# (The Perkins Line).

(I) John Perkins, immigrant ancestor, was born at Newent, county Gloucester, England, about 1590, and came to Boston, Massachusetts, in the ship "Lion" in February, 1631, with wife Judith and five children. He joined the church in 1631. He removed to Ipswich in 1633 and was a deputy to the general court in 1636. He died in 1654. Children: John, Thomas, Jacob, mentioned below, Elizabeth and Mary, born in England, and Lydia and Nathaniel, born in Boston.

(II) Jacob, son of John Perkins, was born in England in 1624, and settled with his father in Ipswich, Massachusetts, where he died January 29, 1701. He married Elizabeth -. Children: Elizabeth born April I, 1650; John, July 3, 1654; Judith, July 11, 1655; Mary, May 14, 1658; Jacob, August, 1662; Mathew, June 23, 1665; Joseph, men-

tioned below; Jabez.

(III) Joseph, son of Jacob Perkins, was born at Ipswich in 1667. He removed to Norwich, Connecticut, where his descendants have been a prominent family to the present time. He married Martha Morgan, who died in October 1754, in Norwich. He died in September, 1726. Children: Elizabeth, born November 5, 1701; Joseph, October 25, 1704; Martha, August 21, 1705; John, October 5, 1709; Jerusha September 1 1711; Matthew, mentioned below; Deborah (twin), July 20, 1715; Ann (twin); Hannah, 1717; Simon, 1720; William, 1722.

(IV) Matthew, son of Joseph Perkins, was

born August 31, 1713, at Norwich, Connecticut. He married, April 19, 1739, Hannah 16, 1877, Nellie Kilbourne; children: Hattie Rebes, born 1724. Children, born at Nor-Kilbourne, April 2, 1880; Roberts Hunting- wiell: 1. Ephraim. 2. Joshua, mentioned below. 3. Samuel. 4. Enoch. 5. Nathan, received the degree of D. D. and was pastor of the church at West Hartford for sixty-six consecutive years; died January 18, 1838, aged ninety-two. 6. Frederick, married - Eldridge and followed farming on his father's homestead; died at Utica, New York. 7. Hannah, married Joseph Kirtland. 8. Jeru-

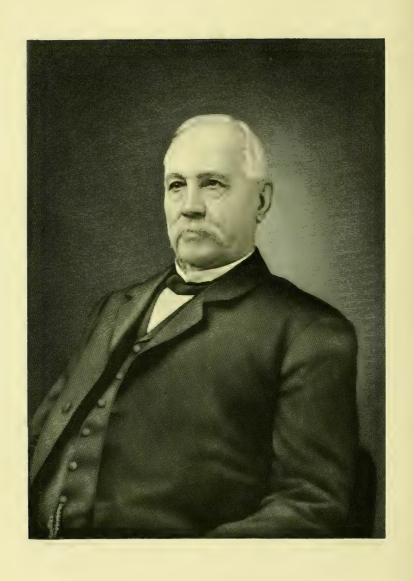
sha, married Jabez Fox. 9. Judah, married John Staples. 10. Sally, married ——— McKeown.

(V) Joshua, son of Matthew Perkins, was born in Lisbon, Connecticut. He married Abigail, daughter of Samuel and Abigail (Corning) Bishop. He died November 13, 1832, and she April 6, 1825. Children, born at Norwich: Abigail, mentioned below; Tabitha, married Benjamin Burnham, 3d., of Lisbon, Connecticut; Sarah, married Rufus Johnson, M. D., of Canterbury, Connecticut; Nathaniel; Azariah; Daniel; Corning; Clarissa; Charles, married Betsey Payne; children: Jonathan, Elizabeth, Joshua, Olive and Abigail.

(VI) Abigail, daughter of Joshua Perkins, was born at Norwich, November 19, 1765. She married, November 13, 1788, Barnabas Huntington, of an old Connecticut family. They lived at Franklin, Connecticut. He was born July 7, 1764. Children: I. Clarissa Huntington, born May 3, 1791; married (first) February 18, 1810, Martin Bottom; (second) Dr. Rufus Smith, April 18, 1820. 2. Lucy, September 10, 1794; married Barzillai Bishop (see Bishop VII). 3. Barnabas, June 30, 1800; married, October 13, 1823, Tulict Moscoca. Juliet Morgan.

John Bishop, immigrant ancestor, was one of twenty-five who came from England in Rev. Henry Whitefield's company and one of the signers of the Plantation Covenant on ship-





E. C. Bishop

Loant, June 4. With the source the source Menunketuck, now Guilford, from the Indians; was one of the magistrates of the plantation and these magistrates had supreme power in all civil matters, not being responsible to England or any other power. He 1. 11601. His widow died in April, 1676. Chil-

was born about 1625. He married, December

born September 20, 1652; John, mentioned be-

iel, 1663; Nathaniel, 1666; Samuel, October

was born in 1053 at Guilford, Connecticut. ried (second) November 18, 1713. Mary Johnson, of New Haven. He died in Guil-12, 1602; Ann, February 15, 1605; David, June 6, 1607, mentioned below; Jonathan, November 8, 1609; Mary, December, 1700; Deborah, February 19, 1702; Nathaniel, May 6, 1704; Timothy, 1708. Children of second wife: William, October 18, 1714; Enos, May 26, 1717; Esther, February 24, 1710; Mercy,

May 7, 1722. (IV) David, son of John (3) Bishop, was born at Guilford, June 6, 1607. He married, May 17, 1724, Deborah (or Dorothy?) Stan-5. 1726; David, mentioned below; Chloe, July

1.A. Charlet and Control of the was born at Chilford, September 20, 1728. He married, April 17, 1755, Andrea, born and Andrea Fowler, granddaughter of Capford, June 25, 1792. Children, born at Guilford: Andrea, February 28, 1756; David, July 20. 1757: Huldah, March 4, 1750: Margaret, November 10, 1760; Jonathan, mentioned be-

I bester - best was a farmer all his active life, and owned much land in Guilford. He was a prominent

The state of the s

and the state of t

26, 1830 : Alfred Griswold, October 19, 1842 : William E., November 3, 1855, married Ellen

TYD I had a factor of the control of

ford. He attended the district schools of his native town, and assisted his father in the work of the farm until he was twenty years old. He then began an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade and afterward engaged in business on his own account as a machinist at Guilford. He started in the old business in the fields at Titusville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, in 1861, and met with substantial success. He returned to Guilford in 1870 and since then has been engaged in farming on the homestead. In 1874 he built one of the finest residences in the town. In politics he was a Republican but in his later years became a Prohibitionist. In 1882 he represented the town of Guilford in the general assembly. He was selectman of the town of Guilford seven years; member of the school committee, burgess and warden of the borough. He was for many years a member of the Congregational church. He married, July 5, 1846, Charlotte Griffin Fowler, born December 15, 1823, daughter of Lyman and Mary (Griffin) Fowler (see Fowler VII). She died October 6, 1885, and he married (second) Cornelia F. Fowler, sister of his first wife. Children: Frederick Chapman, born May 15, 1847, died July 27, 1847; Frederick Chapman, December 23, 1848, graduate of the United States Military Academy, West Point, lieutenant in the regular army, died August 26, 1907; Robert Denison, June 14, 1850, died August 15, 1850; Robert Allen, April 16, 1851; Edward Fowler, mentioned below; Mary Cornelia, August 27, 1853, member of Daughters of American Revolution, married Miles G. White, of Hartford; Frank Havelock, March 22, 1857; Hartford; Frank Havelock, March 22, 1657; Ida (twin), April 19, 1858; Eva S. (twin), married Edward Morris Leete (see Leete XIII); Richard Mathew, May 5, 1861, died September 22, 1861; Marilla Canfield, June 28, 1864; Ernest Smith, M. D., October 22, 1866, graduate of Yale College, class of 1889, physician and current of Mey Verl, City. physician and surgeon of New York City.

(IX) Edward Fowler, son of Elisha Chapman Bishop, was born at Guilford, March II. 1852. He attended the public schools in Pennsylvania and the Titusville, Pennsylvania, high school. He carried on the blacksmithing business in New Haven for a period of twentysix years. He retired to devote all his time to real estate, in which he has large investments in New Haven and elsewhere. In this business he has been very successful. His son, Fred C. Bishop, is associated with him and has assumed the principal burden of management. He is a member of St. Albans Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Guilford; of Pulaski Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Fairhaven; of Crawford Council, Royal and Select Masters, of Fairhaven; New Haven Commandery, Knights Templar, New Haven; Pyramid Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Bridgeport, Connecticut. In religion he is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican. He married (first) February 25, 1878, Anna Gardner, born December 31, 1856, daughter of Dyer J. Spencer. He married (second) May 19, 1897, Edith Emily, born August 2, 1868, daughter of George Ashley, of the town of Scunthrope, Lincolnshire, England. Her mother's maiden name was Ellen Matilda Noble. Mrs. Bishop came to Canada and subsequently to Denver, Colorado. Children of first wife: 1. Edna Fowler, born August 17, 1879; married, September 6, 1897, Leon Bemis; children: Louise Gardner Bemis, born June 2, 1900; Leona Bishop Bemis, May 21, 1905. 2. Frederick Chapman, born October 5, 1880; has taken all the degrees of Free Masonry up to and including the thirty-second; married Mary Ware, daughter of John Willais, of Baltimore, Maryland; is in partnership with his father in the real estate business. 3. Charles Edward, January 22, 1884; married Elizabeth Palmer Norman; child, Dorothy E., born July 18, 1910.

(The Fowler Line).

(III) Abraham Fowler, son of John Fowler (q. v.), was born at Guilford, August 29, 1652, died September 30, 1719. He married, August 29, 1677, Elizabeth, daughter of George and Mary (Cruttenden) Bartlett, born March, 1653, died October 4, 1742. Children: Abigail, born 1679; Mary, 1681; Abraham, 1683; Ebenezer, 1684, mentioned below; Daniel, 1686; Josiah, 1688; Caleb, 1690, died in January, 1724; Elizabeth, 1694. (IV) Ebenezer, son of Abraham Fowler, was born in Guilford, 1684, died there, No-

vember 28, 1768. He married, May 1, 1717, Elizabeth Starr, born November 26, 1695, died March 26, 1765. Children: Ebenezer, born January 11, 1719; Nathaniel, March 21, 1721, mentioned below; Huldah, March 6, 172-; Caleb, January 21, 1726, died March 17, 1726; Caleb, January 21, 1727; Elizabeth, May 26, 1732; Lucy, February 19, 1735; William, August 6. 1738, died December,

(V) Nathaniel, son of Ebenezer Fowler, was born March 21, 1721, died November 12, 1764. He married, November 2, 1757, Lucy Chittendon, born March 12, 1735, died March 5, 1807. Children: Nathaniel, born July 14, 1758, mentioned below; Reuben, June 11, 1760; Lucy, September 21, 1761; Hannah, May 8, 1765.

(VI) Nathaniel (2), son of Nathaniel (1) Fowler, was born July 14, 1758, died Feb-

ler, was born January 6, 1800, died February 10, 15, " The merced, You are the Mary, daughter of Peter and Polly (Fairchild) Griffin, born July 27, 1802, died March 18 18 s. Tree him and the sign of the Confire, and a second second of vas taken prisoner and died aboard the Jeror prison ship in New York harbor. Chilr. rried Elisha Chapman Bishop (see Bishop VIII); Cornelia F., October 7, 1826, married More, Lance 23, 1825, I ham V, July 3

John Collins, the immigrant ancestor, was born in Eng-COLLINS to tradition he came over with his father, Lewis Collins, and brothers, Nathan, Albert and Dexter, who settled in Charlestown, but the records prove that this must be an error. John was a shoemaker in Boston as early as brother of Edward Collins, a very prominent merchant, father of several distinguished sons and progenitor of the Enfield Collins family. but proof has not been shown. John Collins was admitted to the Boston Church, April 4, 1646. He was a member of the Boston Artillery Company in 1644. In 1640 he had a grant of land at Mount Wollaston (Braintree) for three heads. He died May 29, 1670, and administration was granted to Gideon Al-His inventory mentions shoemaker's stock and tools, three apprentices, etc. Children: John, mentioned below; Thomas, baptized April 5, 1646, aged seven months; Susanna, baptized with Thomas; Elizabeth, baptized April 6, 1648, aged eight days.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) Collins, was been at major the was also as a maker in Boston. He removed in 1663 to Middletown and 1668 was one of the founders of Branford, Connecticut. He was one of the first settlers of Guilford, Connecticut, June 2, 1669, and lived there for a time. He died at Branford in 1704. He was proposed as a freeman, October, 1669, at Guilford. He was school teacher as early as 1682 and as late as

1702. He married (first) Mary Trombridge, Kingston or Kingsworth, Married (third)

born in 1667 in Branford. He married Lois

modest grad the order con-

lins, was born February 16, 1741. He was a

Wallingford, Children: Aaron Lyman, mentioned below; Charles Hinsdale, born Januarriver is a small min made turer, married, April, 1852, Sarah C., daughter of James S. and Millicent A. (Clark)

becoming a more important factor in the business year by year until 1878 when he was elected president of the Meriden Cutlery Company. Under his able and wise management this business developed and prospered and he continued at the head of it for a period of forty years, retiring a short time before his death. He died at Meriden, March 25, The concern was established by David Roper in Maine in 1832, Julius Pratt and Walter Webb were his partners. In 1846 the business was brought to Meriden and aft-erward incorporated as the Meriden Cutlery Company. Mr. Collins had interests also in other Meriden industries. For a number of years he was president of the Wilcox Silver Plate Company, afterward consolidated with the International Silver Company. He was a director of the Home National Bank, trustee of the City Savings Bank, president of the Meriden Grain and Feed Company. He also conducted a farm of sixty acres on what is now Williams avenue. In early life he owned many acres on East Main street hill, but he developed the property and sold it in lots.

He took a keen interest in public affairs and took an important part in the development of the city of Meriden, which he saw grow from a humble village to a thriving municipality. He was a valued member and generous supporter of the Congregational church and gave freely to other benevolences and charities. He commanded the esteem and confidence of all his townsmen, not only on account of his substantial success in business but for his sterling character and attractive personality.

He married Silvia, daughter of Rev. Benjamin White, of Middlefield, Connecticut. Children: Charles Lyman, born June 4, 1852, lives at Clinton; Edward John, March 31, 1856, married Mary Hemmingway, of Meriden, child, Elizabeth L.; Aaron, December 6, 1857; Benjamin White, mentioned below; Elizabeth, January 1, 1862; daughter, Septem-

ber 9, 1863.

(IX) Benjamin White, son of Aaron Lyman Collins, was born in the Meriden homestead, April I, 1859. He attended the old Center School, and worked on the farm in his early youth. His father's large business interests gave him an excellent opportunity to acquire a thorough training and before he came of age he had been given a share of responsibility such as few young men are trusted with. He had much to do with the management of the farm and real estate of his father, and he has always continued active in agricultural matters, raising much fine stock and blooded horses; he has a fine herd of Jersey cattle. In 1895, in partnership with

his father, he bought the hay, grain and feed business of A. S. Russell on South Colony street, and in 1897 the concern was incorporated under its present name, the Meriden Grain & Feed Company, and since his father died he has been president and treasurer. Under his management the business has increased from year to year. The company does its own milling and grinding and deals extensively in flour, seeds and fertilizer as well as hay, grain and feed. Mr. Collins is a large stockholder and director of R. D. Prentice & Company, dealers in potatoes, controlling twenty-three potato jobbing concerns in Maine. He owns much real estate and is one of the large taxpayers of the city. He is a director of the Home National Bank. In politics he is a Republican. He has been a member of the board of selectmen and for ten years of the school committee. He was on the town hall building committee and one of the reception committee at the time of the Meriden Centennial. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Center Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Keystone Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Hamilton Council, Royal and Select Masters; of St. Elmo Commandery, Knights Templar, and of the Scottish Rite bodies of New Haven and Bridgeport. He is also a member of Pyramid Temple, Mystic Shrine, and of Alfred H. Hall Council, Royal Arcanum. He is treasurer of the Connecticut Agricultural Society and president of the Meriden Agricultural Society. He is president of the Meriden Braid Company. In politics he is a Republican. He belongs to the Country Club of Meriden and the Home Club. In religion he is a Congregationalist.

He married, March 5, 1895, Sophia Lovell, born September 24, 1869, daughter of Lucius and Martha (Dickerman) Northrop. Their only child, Betsey, was born October 9, 1901.

Jeremiah Randall, immigrant ancestor, was born in England. He and several brothers settled at Greenwich, Connecticut. In 1790 the first federal census shows that Reuben, Nathaniel, Solomon and Timothy Randall were heads of families at Greenwich with sons over sixteen and a Widow Elizabeth Randall, and Widow Amy, all of the first or second generation probably, while Samuel and Jeremiah, heads of families, with sons under sixteen, were doubtless of the second or third generation. Some of the family settled on Randall's Island, New York. The name was usually spelled Rundle in colonial days. Jeremiah was of Greenwich, June 19, 1778, when

he last he and ellin Marion January Landon January Landon January Landon January Landon January Landon Land

was born in 1755, died November 7, 1808, at Bridgewater. He married Anne Jessup, who died at Bridgewater, February 12, 1835, aged eighty-one years. Children, born at Bridgewater: Anne, died December 19, 1866, aged eighty-nine; Polly, born January 20, 1786,

Jonathan J., mentioned below. The order of

birth unknown.

(III) Jonathan Jessup, son of Jeremiah J. Randall, was born about 1790 in Bridgewater. He married Abigail, daughter of Phineas Gorham. Children, born in Bridgewater: 1. Jeremiah G., August 23, 1815; married Abigail Mead. 2. Phineas B., September 2, 1817; married Flora Mead. 3. Rachel S., August 21, 1810, died June 3, 1823, 4. William W., December 3, 1823, 5. Sally J., September 21, 1825; married Jonah Davidson, 6. Rachel S., October 18, 1820; married John Minor, 7. Charles W., mentioned below, 8. Edward, August 18, 1835; married Eliza Bishop.

(IV) Charles Wesley, son of Jonathan Jessup Randall, was born at Bridgewater, March 8, 1834, died January 23, 1887. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and was a merchant at Southbury, Shelton and Derby, Connecticut. He married Elizabeth Ann, daughter of Sherman and Sally (Oakley) Ruggles. Children: 1. Dr. William Sherman, mentioned below. 2. Grace Elizabeth, born January 25, 1870, in Shelton, Connecticut, town of Huntington; married, 1908, Alfred Charles Sperry, of Ansonia, Connecticut, and now living at Shelton; he is clerk in the office of the Derby Gas Company.

(V) Dr. William Sherman Raudall, son of Charles Wesley Randall, was born at Brookfield, Connecticut, August 5, 1861. At an early age he went to live at Southbury and afterward at Huntington, Connecticut. He attended the public schools of Huntington and Derby, Connecticut, and entered the Sheffield

Scientific School of Yale University, in 1880, graduating in the class of 1883 with the decine in the Yale Medical Sch

from December, 1885, to November, 1886. He located immediately afterward at Derl neeticut, where he has continued the ent time in general practice, maleralty also of ear, throat and need to be a supplied to the continued to the

sonia, Huntington, Shelton and all this section, and he has offices at Shelton and Derby. He resided in Derby until 1801 when he purchased the property at No. 378 Howe avenue, residing there until October, 1910, when he acquired the handsome and commodious property at No. 241 Coram avenue, where he has since resided. He is a member of the Farfield County Medical Society and was formerly its president, of the Connecticut State Medical Society, of the Amer

Society. He is the attending otologist and laryngolist of the Griffin Hospital, and secretary of the medical board of the same institution for Derby, Ansonia and Shelton. He has been an assistant in the Manhattan Eye and Ear Infirmary of New York City. From

time to time he has contributed the results of his researches and study in various medical publications, and he ranks among the leaders

of the profession in this state

Dr. Randall has been honored with many offices of trust and responsibility. He was chairman of the school beard of Shelton (Ferry district) for two years, was a member of the board of burgesses for two years, for several years was a director of the Plumb Memorial Library, and since 1803 has been health officer of the town of Huntington. He is an active member and ex-vice-president of the New Haven County Public Health Association and takes a keen interest in the subject of hygiene and public health regulations. In 1802 and 1803 he served his district in the general assembly of the state from the town of Huntington. While in the legislature, Dr. Randall was a member of the committee on public health and safety and clerk of the same, also member of the school fund committee. He was instrumental in securing the passage of the Medical Practice Act, the first law in this state regulating the practice of medicine, also instrumental in the passage of an act relating to town and county health officers,

which has been eminently successful in bringing about the control of contagious diseases, and in the advancement of sanitary science.

Dr. Randall is prominent and popular in many social organizations. He is a member of King Hiram Lodge, No. 12, Free and Accepted Masons; Solomon Chapter, No. 3, Royal Arch Masons; Union Council, No. 27, Royal and Select Masters, of Derby; Hamilton Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar, and Pyramid Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Bridgeport. He is senior warden of the Church of the Good Shepherd (Protestant Episcopal). He is also a member of the Yale Alumni Association of Fairfield County; the Lower Naugatuck Valley University Club; the Derby and Shelton Board of Trade and the Business Men's Association of Shel-

He married, September 7, 1887, Hattie Lacey Beers, born at Brookfield, Connecticut, September 24, 1862, daughter of Daniel G. and Harriet Eliza (Starr) Beers. Children: I. Harold Beers, born in Derby, March 12, 1889, attended the public schools of Shelton and graduated from the high school; was special student at the Boardman School of New Haven, where he completed his preparation for college; entered Sheffield Scientific School of Yale in 1908. 2. Helen Starr, born at Shelton, December 30, 1891; salutatorian of the class of 1910, Shelton high school.

Anthony Austin, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, died in Suffield, Connecticut, AUSTIN 1708. He settled first at Rowley, Massachusetts, was admitted a freeman in the Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1669, and later removed to Suffield, Connecticut. His wife Esther died in the latter place in 1698. Children, born at Rowley: Richard, see forward; Anthony, 1668; John, 1672. Children, born in Suffield; Nathaniel, 1678; Elizabeth, 1681, died young; Elizabeth, 1684; Esther, 1686.

(II) Captain Richard Austin, son of Anthony and Esther Austin, was born at Rowley, 1666, died in Suffield, October 29, 1773. He married, January 12, 1698-99, Dorothy Adams, who died June 26, 1772, at a very advanced age. Children, born in Suffield: Richard, October 9, 1699; Dorothy, July 26, 1701; Jacob, June 1, 1704; Ebenezer, April 22, 1706; Anna, January 16, 1708-09; Joseph, see forward; Rebecca, April 16, 1713; Moses, April 25, 1716; Elias, April 14, 1718.

(III) Joseph, son of Captain Richard and Dorothy (Adams) Austin, was born at Suffield, January 28, 1710-11. He married, May 8, 1740, Abigail Allen, of Suffield. Children:

Caroline, born April 25, 1742; Abigail, November 15, 1747; Ruth, November 15, 1749; Joseph, March 16, 1750-51, died in 1753; Joseph, see forward; Benjamin, June 19, 1756; Tryphene, March 25, 1759; Lurama, June 15, 1761; Olive, March 12, 1764; Lucy, March

15 1767.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Abigail (Allen) Austin, was born at Suffield, November 3, 1753, and was living there, according to the federal census, in 1790. He was a soldier of the revolutionary war, being a member of Captain Elihu Kent's company, on the Lexington alarm. He lived for a time at New Hartford, Litchfield county, Connecticut, and went to Ohio with some of his sons about 1832. He married, December 18, 1782, Hannah Kellogg, born August 4, 1759, admitted to the church at Goshen, Connecticut, in 1800 (see Kellogg VI). Children: Archi-bald, born at New Hartford, December 29, 1783; Norman, April 12, 1785; Russell, May 17, 1787; Nelson, see forward; and others.
(V) Nelson, son of Joseph (2) and Han-

nah (Kellogg) Austin, was born September 9, 1806, died January 13, 1879. He was a farmer, and settled in Goshen, Connecticut. He married, March 27, 1832, Clarena Apley, born March 22, 1806, died March 31, 1874. Children: Theodore W., see forward; Caroline Louisa, born May 31, 1836, died January 21, 1907; Luther Edward, born September 9,

1838, died July 14, 1841.

(VI) Theodore W., eldest child of Nelson and Clarena (Apley) Austin, was born in Goshen, Connecticut, August 5, 1833, died at Plymouth, February 23, 1884. He was edution to the child of his partie town. cated in the public schools of his native town, and followed farming there during his youth. He then engaged in business as the proprietor of a livery stable at Torrington, and afterward located at Plymouth, where he had a livery stable and a stage business. He was a prominent citizen and a successful man of affairs. In politics he was a Democrat, representing Goshen in the general assembly of Connecticut in 1873. He married (first) September 27, 1854, Esther S., born February 17, 1837, died February I, 1866, daughter of Stephen and Lucinda Roberts, of Goshen. Children: I. Wilbert N., see forward. 2. Emma L., born December 28, 1863; married Frank L. Bunnell, of Plymouth, now living in Moline, Illinois; has children: Austin. Ra-chel and Charles. Mr. Austin married (sec-ond) October 16, 1867, Elizabeth A., born May 8, 1841, died November 4, 1876, daughter of Marcus Obiatt, of Torrington. Children: 3. Elmer Grant, born January 15, 1860; conducts a hotel at Terryville; married





Bry: F. Turner.

Limite Maltz, at the front divining Alice \ title i. at a find a constitution of the con

ATTA William See thill of the dog W and other the Anuma was horness of them, by the first the climated in a problem to the part to the foreign and Phospith, and obout his business and the livery stable. For seven years he drove the stage, later purchased the business, took a partner, and continued it under the firm name of Austin & Gregory. At the culture free care is sent the objugues. tor, and now has a well-equipped livery, sale and exchange stable in Thomaston, and also in Plymouth. In politics he is a Democrat, has represented the town in the general as-4 - 130 mt 1802 att 1808, million and the a number of important committees. He is a est of Expeny defeat by end as a monthly of I fan Im I Le, migjen eer Op ej er Oll-Fellows, of Thomaston. Mr. Austin married, December 20, 1882, Minnie Isabel Mattoon, born July 27, 1861, youngest daughter Children: Ellsworth Welles, born May 23, 1891; Arline, July 8, 1893; Roland Mattoon, Lune 11 23, 1805

tenant Joseph Kellogg (q. v.), was born at Hadley, September 28, 1662. He married at Hartford, September 22, 1687, Sarah, born September 19, 1664, daughter of Deacon John who had been brought up in the family of Colonel Stanley, who rescued her when she was a child from an overturned kettle of boil-

Deacon Samuel and Sarah (Merrill) Kellogg, He married (first) Mary, born July 1, 1705. died August 12, 1750, daughter of Captain former born at Hartford in 1667, the latter and other toyo in sected become cross Ruth (Lee) Judd, born June 14, 1703, died De control 1701 die 1115 Elizabeth (Loomis) Lee, and widow of Wil-

(V) Azariah, son of Lieutenant Jacob and Mary (Sedgwick) Kellogg, was born in 1733. died at Harwinton, November 5, 1806. He married Hannah, born September 12, 1738. daughter of Abijah and Hannah (Cook) Catlin, of Hartford, the former born April 6,

1715, the latter born at Hartford, June 20,

1717. At the time of her death she had six

# CHIPS ARE DONE TO SEE THE CO. ear has in House,

necticut, in the year 1768.

tioned below, 2. Sarah Elizabeth, born Au-Olin, January 4, 1872, died November 22,

cise, and chairman on committee of manual necticut. He is past master of St. John's is past high priest; member of Cyrene Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 8, and he has taken all the Scottish Rite degrees in Free Masonry including the thirty-second. In 1906 the supreme honor in Free Masonry in the state came to him, being elected Most Worshipful Grand Master of Masons in the State of Connecticut. In politics he is a Democrat.

He married, November 28, 1883, Jennie Oscella Stevens, born June 6, 1861, daughter of David K. Stevens, of Killingworth, Connecticut, town clerk, judge of probate and town treasurer. Mrs. Turner is a member of the Congregational Church. Children: I. Mima Bailey, born January 3, 1885; married November 28, 1908. 2. Franklin George, October 6, 1886, married Clara, daughter of George W. and Etta Birdsey; children: Winnifred Turner, and Benjamin Franklin Turner 2d., born in 1910. 3. Clelie Olive, born December 30, 1887; married, September 7, 1909, Dayton A. Baldwin, of Worcester, Massachusetts. 4. Mildred, died in infancy. 5. Nelson Benjamin, January 27, 1893.

### (The Burr Line).

(I) Benjamin Burr, the immigrant ancestor, first appeared as one of the original settlers of Hartford in 1635. His name in the land division in 1639 as an original proprietor and settler, is the first evidence of his presence in America. It is said that the first settlers of Hartford were collected from Watertown, Newton, and other places near Boston, and so it is certain that he was in Massachusetts some time before his appearance in Hartford, and he may have been one of the eight hundred who came to America with Winthrop's fleet in June, 1630. He seems to have been an active, energetic, thorough business man, who mingled but little in public affairs. He was the first of his name in Connecticut, and was admitted a freeman in 1658. His allotment in the land division of Hartford in 1693 was six acres. He also drew eighteen acres in the land division of East Hartford in 1666. He appears to have been a thrifty, well-to-do settler, as he owned another house lot in the northwest part of the village, besides houses and lands at Greenfield, in Windsor. He also gave his name to one of the city streets. He died at Hartford, March 31, 1681. A monument to his memory, in common with the other original settlers of Hartford, was erected in the cemetery of the Central Congregational Church. His will is dated January 2, 1677. Children: I. Samuel, born in England; mentioned below. 2. Thomas, January 26, 1645, in Hartford. 3. Mary, January 15, 1656. 4. Hannah.

(II) Samuel, son of Benjamin Burr, was born in England. He was made freeman at Hartford in May, 1658, His wife's name is not found. He died September 29, 1682. He evidently was a man of great business ability, and left quite a large estate. All his children were minors at the time of his death, and by the provision of his will were to possess the property as they came of age. Children: I. Samuel, born 1663. 2. John, 1670. 3. Mary, 1673. 4. Elizabeth, 1675. 5. Jonathan, 1679, mentioned below.

(III) Jonathan, son of Samuel Burr, was born in 1679. He settled early in Middletown, and married Abigail Hubbard, who was born in 1686, daughter of Nathaniel Hubbard, and granddaughter of George Hubbard, of Middletown. He died January 1, 1735. Children: I. Mary, born March 18, 1708. 2. Ebenezer, January 24, 1711. 3. Jonathan, March 21, 1713. 4. Nathaniel, March 23, 1717; mentioned below. 5. Elizabeth, April 23, 1719. 6. Abigail, March 12, 1724. 7. Thankful, twin of Abigail. 8. Hannah, April 23, 1723.

(IV) Nathaniel, son of Jonathan Burr, was born March 23, 1717. The name of his first wife is unknown. He married (second), August 19, 1743, Sarah Porter, who was born October 28, 1724. He settled early in Haddam, Connecticut, about six miles from his native town, Middletown. His house stood on the site of the present Methodist church, near the residence of his grandson, Mr. Sylvester Burr. He was a farmer, a man of athletic build and capable of enduring great hardships. He died in Haddam, September 12, 1802, and was buried in the old burying ground in the northwestern part of the town, where his tombstone may still be seen. His second wife, Sarah, died May 21, 1799, and was buried near her husband. Children, by first wife: 1. Sarah, born November 27, 1740. 2. Samuel, born August 27, 1741. By second wife: 3. Benjamin, July 26, 1746. 4. Joseph, August 26, 1748, mentioned below. 5. Seph, August 20, 1748, filentioned below. 5. Nathaniel, April 17, 1752. 6. Jonathan, April 11, 1756. 7. Martha, January 26, 1759. 8. Stephen, May 7, 1761. 9. Phebe, November 16, 1765. 10. David, July 2, 1769.

(V) Joseph, son of Nathaniel Burr, was born August 26, 1748. He married Mary Nelles of Haddam. He died in Haddam.

(V) Joseph, son of Nathaniel Burr, was born August 26, 1748. He married Mary Nolles, of Haddam. He died in Haddam, May 25, 1835. His wife Mary died September 5, 1835. He and his five brothers were in the revolutionary war. Jonathan Burr was a captain in the continental army, and after the war became a farmer in Haddam. Of the six brothers. Samuel, Benjamin, Joseph, Nathaniel, Captain Jonathan, and Stephen, all of whom served their country faithfully in the

continental army, Stephen, the youngest, failed to return to his family and friends, nor were any certain tidings of his fate ever re-I we met and spoken with him while on a peddling tour in the far South, but his report was generally discredited; it is probable that he perished on some one of the battle fields of the revolution. Children of Joseph Burr, born in Haddam: 1. Joseph, born 1779; mentioned below. 2. Mary, who married Mr. Bristie, of Madison. 3. Martha, who married Mr. Stevens, of Durham.

(XII) i quinty). Or hough the Hors. was born in 1779, in Haddam. He married, December 26, 1803, Huldah Bailey, of Haddam. He died October 13, 1844, and his wife die I Mar 1 (0 18 y C - Hand Unit - Hall Danford, Ster in AS and in 10 cor for March 2 1 8 1 dans January 31, 1810, married Hiram Hubbard, ard Bailey; their daughter, Jemimah Bailey, Asher, September 17, 1813. 6. Sarah, Jan-n.ry 16, 1815; married Lewis Davis. 7. Ja-16 , July 26, 1817. 8. Richard, July 16, 1820. 1, Huldah, July 1, 1822. 10. Anna, June 6, 1827. 11. Henry, April 6, 1829.

BUNNELL ancestor, was born in Eng-Haven. He married Ann, daughter of Benjamon Wilmot, who in his will dated August 7, ter as heirs of his small estate. Probably both bildren: Benjamin, mentioned below; Mary, r ie other.

was born before 1650, and was admitted a freeman in 1670. He was in New Haven in 1668, but soon afterward settled at Wallingford. He married Mary Brooks. Children: Rebecca, 1667: Rebecca, February 11, 1668: Abner, 1676; Benjamin, mentioned below;

(III) Sergeant Benjamin (2) Bunnell, son of Benjammere Bunall, see into der 1680. He married (first) Hannah who died November 16, 1716; (second) August 2, 1717, Patience Miles. He was one of the earliest settlers of New Milford, and died there Vogo 120, 1712 Unit has been the Millord: Rebecca, March 8, 1701, married Ebenezer Bostwick; Hannah, April 11, 1702; Benjamin, April 28, 1704: Solomon. October 27, 1706; Gershom, mentioned below; Isaac,

Samuel, Ann, Jeremiah, Daniel, Doctor and

assisted his father on the farm and at his New Haven & Hartford railroad in May, 1853, he left Stratford and found employment & Johnson, Broad street. He later entered the employ of T. C. Robbins, carriage builder, at Wolcottville, Connecticut, as a journeyman. visit to the farm, July 4, 1854, to return to the homestead, but in the following month

& Barlow, carriage-wood benders. Afterward he returned home to assist his brother in building a house, and in January following entered the employ of Thomas & Wood, carriage makers. In May, 1856, he returned to Smith & Barlow's shop and continued until he abandoned his trade, January 1, 1862. He was appointed by the board of selectmen superintendent of the poor of the town, and held this office four years. He then engaged in the real estate and building business in partnership with his father-in-law, Edward C. Foster. In the following autumn he went to Westport, Connecticut, where he built a house, and for three years was engaged in the building and contracting business. His return to public office was accidental and unexpected.

One Sunday night he received a message from the Bridgeport selectmen that the keeper of the town farm had died suddenly and requested him to call the following morning. He responded and made a contract with the town to take charge of the poor, and he continued under this contract for fourteen years. The old town farms had been sold to P. T. Barnum, the show man, and a new farm known as the Lake View farm purchased and new buildings erected on the present location in the north part of the town. At the expira-tion of his contract, April 1, 1884, Mr. Bunnell was engaged under salary to continue in his position as superintendent of the poor, and he remained in the service of the city until April 1, 1896. From that time until his death he devoted himself to the real estate business,

having an office in Bridgeport.

In politics he was Independent, and though having no party ties, was called to various offices of trust and honor. In his younger days he was a member of the hook and ladder company, Reindeer Hose Company, of the Volunteer Fire Department of Bridgeport. He served for five years on the school committee of Westport; he was a justice of the peace for six years; was a member of the court of burgesses for two years; warden two years, and for two years was a member of the board of assessors of Bridgeport and two years a member of the board of relief. In West Stratford, which was annexed to the city of Bridgeport in 1889, he lived many years. He was a prominent member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hamilton Commandery, Knights Templar, and Raymond Temple, Mystic Shrine. He was a member of the board of associated charities, and at the time of his retirement as superintendent was appointed by the county commissioners one of the visitors to the Children's Home, Norwalk. Few men in Bridgeport showed more earnest public spirit and accomplished more for the public welfare than he. He was popular and possessed the confidence and respect of all classes in the city. Of magnificent physique, attractive personality and kindly manner, he made friends readily and was beloved by all who knew him. He and his wife were members of the Newfield Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he held all the offices, and he was one of its staunchest supports during his active life. He resided at No. 432 Seaview Avenue, Bridgeport, where his death oc-

curred November 20, 1908.

Mr. Bunnell married, November 20, 1856, Julia G., daughter of Edward C. and Eliza (Dobbs) Foster, of Danbury. Her father was of an old New England family of English ancestry; he came to Bridgeport in 1840, and died there at the age of seventy-six, a carpenter by trade. Her mother, who bore him six children, died aged eighty-eight years. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Bunnell: 1. William H., a physician, practicing in Bridgeport; married Margaret Bogart; children: Clara, Alice, Harold. 2. Sarah J., married Meriden Nash, son of Rev. Albert Nash, of the Methodist church; she died in 1885; they had one son, William Albert, married Alice Burkhardt. 3. Edward, died aged four years. 4. Julia A., married Frank W. Hawley, of Hartford; chil-William Albert, married Alice Burkhardt. Dr. George, now an assistant at Sheldrake-on-Cayuga, New York. 6. and 7. Edward and Frederick, twins, died young. 8. Mary Grace, married Stephen A. Norton; resides at Utica, New York; children: Richard, William, 9. Francis G., a machinist, residing at Bridgeport.

John Hurd, immigrant ancestor, HURD came first to Windsor, Connecticut, and was among the first settlers of Stratford, in 1639. He married, December 15, 1662, Sarah, daughter of John Thompson, who is supposed to have been his second wife. She married (second) Thomas Barnum, of Danbury, Connecticut. His will was dated February 18, 1679, and the inventory of his estate, March 4, 1681-82, amounted to five hundred and four pounds ten shillings. According to the inscription on his gravestone he was sixty-eight years old when he died. He mentioned in his will two sons, John and Isaac, his wife Sarah, and his daughters, though not by name. To the latter he gave all his land on White Hill to be divided among them. He also mentioned Mary, wife of John Bennett, and Abigail, wife of Samuel Bissell, probably daughters by his first wife. He had

a brother Adams. He resented to the Hoord, Hurd, Children: John, born December 16, 1664, mentioned below: Sarah, February, 1665; Hannah, September, 1667; Isaac, June 2. (10). June Corrently piles of the

15, 1683.

born December 16, 1664. He lived in Stratford village, and died March 7, 1731. His will was dated March 4, 1731-32, and proved 1002, Abigail Wallis, who died August 28, 1694; Hester, May 9, 1696; John, February 74, 1700; Ebenezer, April 7, 1703; Nathan, Cotober 11, 1705; Jabez, March 12, 1707-08; Migail, February 8, 1710-11; Enos, March 12, 1713; Ephraim, September 20, 1715.

born February 14, 1700. He married Sarah 1733, mentioned below; Rhoda, October 18, 1735; Levi, October 1, 1738; Rhoda, August

26, 1742.

Hurd, was born September 9, 1733. He marborn 1764; Silas, February 12, 1766; John M., November 30, 1769; Truman, February 23, 1772; Daniel, February 16, 1774; Sarah, Octoat Stratford, according to the first federal census, and had three males over sixteen and one female in his family at that time.

(V) Truman, son of Gillead or Gillard Hurd, was born at Stratford, February 23,

(VI) Ebenezer, son of Truman Hurd, was born in Stratford, He married Frances Wheeler, Only child, Truman Ebenezer.

Hurd, was born at Southbury, Connecticut, in 1847, died in 1888. He was educated in the samon of the last on rate last a manufacturer of paper in Southbury. He married Frances Eliza Wheeler, born at born 1867, married Louis A. Mansfield in August, 1900; Katherine Eliza, born 1868, unmarried; Henry Baldwin Harrison, mentioned below.

Truman Ebenezer Hurd, was born at Southschools of his native town, and later gradnated from the high school of New Haven. He took up the study of medicine at the Yale Medical School in 1800, but did not graduate. The state of the s

and general manager, and continued with this

name for a time in New Haven. Then he

mequit), settled by forty Roxbury families

located between Canterbury and Mortlake. He married Elizabeth — \* Children, born at Woodstock: Benjamin; Joseph, mentioned

(III) Joseph, son of John (2) Hubberd, was born at Pomfret. Connecticut, about 1720. He removed to Salisbury, Connecticut, and located at Tory Hill. He bought a farm of one hundred and forty-five acres, four-teenth lot, near Middle Pond in Salisbury of John and Experience Palmer for three hundred pounds sterling, June 18, 1774, by warrantee deed (see Salisbury land records, vol. 7, p. 102). He was a Loyalist during the revolution, though a personal friend of General Israel Putnam, his neighbor. He married at Pomfret, July 5, 1744, Deborah, daughter of Joseph Cleveland (see Cleveland). Children: Luther, Jesse, Olive, Sybil, Par-

ley, mentioned below.

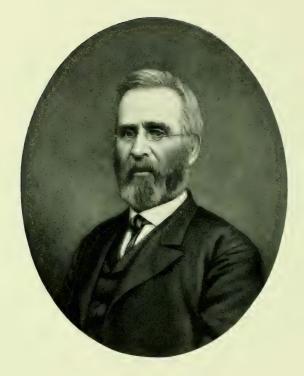
(IV) Parley, son of Joseph Hubberd, was born in Pomfret about 1767, died in 1848. He removed to Salisbury with his parents in 1781. He was a large and successful farmer, owning the land where the Hotchkiss School is located at Lakeville, Connecticut. He was captain in the state militia. He married Anna, daughter of John and Sarah (Landon) Catlin, of Salisbury. Children: 1. Hiram Bosworth, born 1796, died March 21, 1869; married Polly Dean, of Canaan. 2. Joseph Augustus, born 1800, died 1877, at Honesdale, Wavne county, Pennsylvania; married Daphne Bushnell. 3. John Henry, mentioned below. 4. Alexander, born 1806, died June, 1881; married Mandane Van Deusen; children: Jane, James, John Henry, Edwin, Anna.

(V) Hon. John Henry Hubberd, son of Parley Hubberd, was born in Salisbury, March 24, 1804, died July 30, 1872, in Litchfield. He received a good education in the district schools and became especially proficient in mathematics and Latin. He was qualified to teach school at the age of fifteen years. He was a lifelong student, however, and a man of many attainments. He began to study law in the office of Hon. Elisha Sterling, of Salisbury, and was admitted to the bar before he was twenty-two years old. He established himself in the practice of his profession at Lakeville, Connecticut, and resided there for thirty years. In 1847-49 he was a state senator from the seventeenth district. He was appointed state attorney for Litchfield county in 1849 and held the office four years. In politics he was originally a Whig, afterward a Republican and a leader of his party. He gave earnest support to the government during the civil war and helpted to recruit the Thirteenth and Nineteenth regiments. In 1863 he was elected to the thirty-eighth congress and re-elected to congress in 1865 from the fourth district. He served his district with ability and distinction. He was an able

and successful lawyer and continued in practice until shortly before his death. The following tribute by his neighbor and friend. Hon. Henry B. Graves, was published in a Litchfield newspaper at the time of his death: "The Hon. John H. Hubberd died in this village on the 30th of July, 1872. The deceased was born in Salisbury in November, 1804, and was therefore at his death past sixty-seven years of age. He was admitted to the Litchfield county bar in April, 1826, and soon after commenced practicing law in his native town, in the village of Lakeville, where he continued in a very successful business until about seventeen years since, when he removed to Litchfield. Here he was constantly occupied in his profession, being engaged in most of the important cases tried in our higher courts until his election to Congress in 1863 from this district. He was again returned to Congress in 1865. Having served his four years in Congress, he again returned to the practice of law and continued it till within a few weeks of his death. He was very industrious, energetic and persevering; never discouraged by an adverse decision, where there was an opportunity to pursue the cause of his client further, and was often victorious in the court of review, where he had been overruled in the inferior courts. In the course of his professional career he had a lucrative practice and for many years was one of the more prominent lawyers in this county. He served five years as State Attorney of the county, in which position he gave general satisfaction; he was also State Senator from the 17th district two terms and served in various other public relations and in all of them acquitted himself with honor. He was a good citizen; liberal, kind and generous to the poor, and always ready to contribute his full share to all objects of worthy charity. As a husband and parent he could not do enough for those so nearly connected to him and his affections knew no bounds or limit. The deceased leaves a widow, three sons and a daughter surviving him, to mourn his loss. Though his death had been expected for several days, owing to the character of his disease, yet our community was not prepared to meet with so great an affliction and deeply sympathize with the stricken family in their great sorrow.'

He married (first) Julia A. Dodge. He married (second) September 18, 1855, Abby Jane Wells, born at Litchfield, in 1826, died September 30, 1908, daughter of Tomlinson and Electa (Smith) Wells, granddaughter of Philip and Elizabeth (Tomlinson) Wells. Hezekiah Wells, father of Philip, was son of Thomas, grandson of John, and great-grand-





Ichn 14 14 wblean



John J. Hubbard



son of John Well at 5th 11 and 11 and 11 and 11 and 11 and 11 and 12 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 14 and 15 and

(VI) John Tomlinson, son of Hon, John Henry Hubberd, was born in Litchield, November 1988. He was admitted to the bar in 1883. He was admitted to the bar in 1884 as well as a litchield, where he least the litchield assembly in 1901-03 and served on the judiciary committee. He is now serving his second term as judge of probate of the Litchield district. Besides an extensive law practice, he has a real estate business. He is a director in the Litchield Mutual Insurance Company and trustee of the Litchield Savings Bank. He is president of the Echo Farm Company. In religion he is an Episcopalian. He is unmarried.

(II) Josiah Cleveland, son of Moses Cleveland (q. v.), was born in Woburn, Massachusetts, February 26, 1000-07, died at Canterbury, Connecticut, April 26, 1709. He married, at Chelmsford, Massachusetts, about 1689, Mary, born there May 8, 1667, died at Canterbury, July 20, 1743, daughter of John wars, 1088-89, probably in Maine. He settled in Chelmsford in 1680, as did his brother Samuel. In 1093 he followed Samuel to Plainfield, the part afterwards Canterbury, when there was only one white or English family in the town, and the west side of the Quinnebaug river was first settled, 1000. In 1608 he, Samuel and others were made trustees of lands west of the Quinnebaug river by Owaneco, chief of the Mahicame the came are average to perassume the jurisdiction of their territory, and reported June 13, 1701, the result. December 24, 1702, Samuel, Josiah and Isaae were among the freeholders and proprietors of Plainfield applying for a separate township, and it was divided October, 1703, and the west side named Canterbury. Widow Cleve-well, being his second wife; he died before the land of the land

(III) Joseph, son of Josiah Cleveland, was born at Chelmsford, June 13, 1692, died at Canterbury, May 11 or 12, 1752. Captain Joseph Cleveland was a prominent man in Canterbury and active in all public matters. He was one of the wealthy men of the town. He and his wife Deborah entered covenant July 6, 1740. On December 20, 1720, he was chosen grand juryman. He was in the general assembly in May, 1731. He was captain of the train band of Canterbury, Pomíret and Mortlake, appointed by the assembly in October, 1733. He married (first) at Canterbury.

Chelmsford, August 20, 1687, died at Canterbury, November 10 or 14, 1724, daughter of Samuel and Mary Butterfield. He married (second), June 26, 1725, Mary, daughter of John Woodward, Benjamin Butterfield, father of Samuel Butterfield, was born in England, and was in Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1638, and subscribed to town orders in Woburn, Massachusetts, in 1640; was in Naamkeek, Chelmsford, in 1654; he married (first) Ann ——————————————and had son Samuel, born in

and had daughter Deborah. Children: Jonas, born October 16, 1718; Sybil, January 7, 1720; John, December 31, 1721; Deborah. 5, 1744, Joseph Hubberd (see Hubberd III); Bridget, August 12, 1728; Joseph, January 19, 1730; Jonathan, November 24, 1737; Jesse, October 20, 1739.

Dr. William James Butler, a BUTLER leading physician of New Haven is of Irish ancestry. His father, Thomas Butler, was born in Ireland in 1845 and came to this country at the age of fifteen. He made his home in Hartford, Connecticut. He married Bridget Baker, also a native of Ireland, who came with her parents to America in 1852, when she was about two years old. Children: Thomas; Francis; Margaret; William James, mentioned below; Catherine C., born June 20, 1876, unmarried.

(II) Dr. William James, son of Thomas Butler, was born at Hartford, October 16, 1870. He attended the public schools of his native city and graduated from the high school. In 1887 he entered Niagara College, near Buffalo, New York, and was graduated in the class of 1891. In 1891 and 1892 he attended medical lectures and visited many of the great hospitals of London, Berlin and Dublin. He began the real study of his profession in the Long Island College Hospital of New York City and was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1895. He began to practice at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. about a year there he came to New Haven, in April, 1896, and has been in general practice as a physician and surgeon in that city ever since. From 1896 to 1904 he was police surgeon of the city of New Haven. He was ap-pointed health commissioner of New Haven in 1908 for a term of five years. He is a member of the staff of St. Raphael's Hospital of New Haven; examining surgeon for a number of insurance companies. In politics he is a Democrat. He has contributed articles of value to the medical publications and press from time to time. He is a member of the Connecticut State Medical Society, the New Haven City and County Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Union League Club of New Haven, the New Haven Gentlemen's Driving Club, and the Second Company, Governor's Foot Guards of New Haven. Honorary member of the Celtic Medical Society of Connecticut, Chamber of Commerce of New Haven, New Haven Lodge of Elks and several fraternal societies; among some are the Woodmen of the World, Heptasophs, Maccabees, and Foresters. He is also a director in the Organized Charities of New Haven.

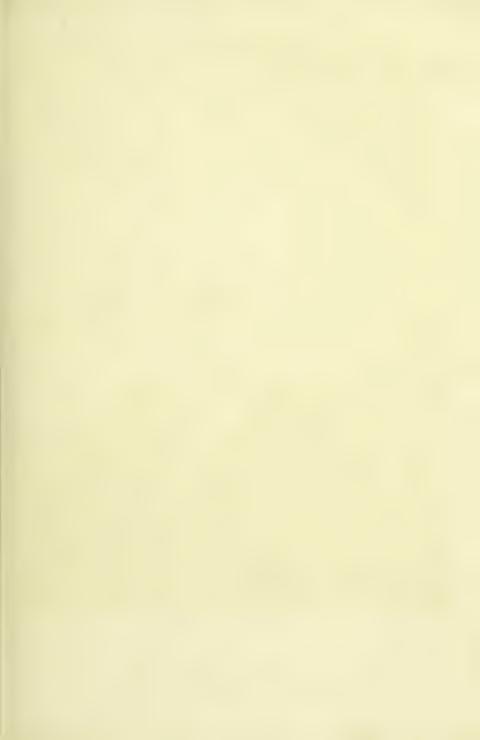
Dr. Butler is unmarried. His office is at 712 Howard avenue, New Haven.

Robert Dunbar, immigrant an-DUNBAR cestor, was born in Scotland, in 1630. His name is believed to have been derived from the ancient Scottish city of the same name. It is also a general belief in the family that he was descendant of George, Earl Dunbar, in the regular line. Ninian Dunbar, founder of the Dunbar family of Grange Hill, born in 1575, had a son, Robert, who is supposed to have been the Robert mentioned above. Robert Dunbar, the immigrant, married Rose —, and in 1655 settled in Hingham, Massachusetts. It was the general opinion that he brought with him a considerable sum of money to begin life in the new country, inasmuch as for years there were but two men in the town who paid a higher tax than he. He died October 5, den, born in Hingham: John, December 1, 1657, mentioned below; Mary, October 25, 1660; Joseph, March 13, 1662; James, June 1, 1664; Robert Jr., September 6, 1666; Peter, November 1, 1668; Joshua, October 6, 1670;

(II) John, son of Robert Dunbar, was born in Hingham, December 1, 1657. He married (first), July 4, 1679, Mattithiah, daughter of George and Catherine Aldridge, of Dorchester, Massachusetts. He married (second), July 24, 1700, Elizabeth Beecher, of New Haven, Connecticut. After his death his second wife willed all her property to her own children, and cut off altogether the children of the first marriage. In 1697 or 1698 he removed to New Haven. Children of first wife: Susanna; Lydia; John, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Elizabeth, born March 27, 1701; James (twin), June 28, 1703, died young; Joseph (twin), died young; Joseph, October 9, 1704; James, April 30, 1708; Lydia, October 1, 1714; Ebenezer, November 9, 1718.

(İII) John (2), son of John (1) Dunbar, married, June 14, 1716, Elizabeth Fenn, born April 29, 1692, daughter of Edward and Mary (Thorpe) Fenn, who were married November 15, 1688. She died in 1751. John Dunbar died May 13, 1746. Children: Mary, born September 26, 1717; Sarah, February 7, 1719; Edward, April 9, 1722; John, September 28, 1724, mentioned below; Samuel, December 18, 1726; Elizabeth, May 5, 1729; Hannah, April

20, 1733. (IV) John (3), son of John (2) Dunbar, (IV) John (3), son of John (4) Dunbar, (IV) John (3), son of John (4) Dunbar, (IV) John (5), son of John (6), son of John (7), son of John (8), son of John (8), son of John (9), son of John (10), son of was born September 28, 1724, in Wallingford, Connecticut. He married Temperance Hall, born in Wallingford, April 16, 1727, died May 26, 1770. Her husband died before that date, and both were buried in Plymouth, Connecti-





Edward B. Dunbar

cut. Diam the pointed in the supplies to the continental army. Children: Miles, mentioned below; Moses; Dinal; Joel; John; Aaron; Joel; Lucina; John; Clarity May 26, 1770; Jonathan (twin), born May 26, 1770; Jonathan (twin).

(VI) Butler, son of Miles Dunbar, was born February 1, 1791, in Plymouth. He was a musician in the war of 1812 under John Buckingham, and later was in the clock business with Titus Merriam. When quite young he removed to the west and became a farmer. He was actively connected with the Congregational church in his new home, Monroe township, Mahaska county, Iowa, and for many vears before his death bore the title of "Father Dunbar." He died October 18, 1808. He married Lucina, daughter of Thomas Welcher and Lucina (Dunbar) Painter, the latter a sister of his father. Children: William Butler, born June 28, 1811; Edward Lucien, April 23, 1815, mentioned below;

(VII) Edward Lucien, son of Butler Dunhar, and it is a state of the control of the was brought by his parents to their native state, Connecticut, where he grew up. In early life he became engaged in the manufacture of clock springs and clock trimmings in Bristol, Connecticut, and later was connected with Wallace Barnes in the manufacture of hoopskirt and crinoline steels. He was a man of strict integrity, and of great public spirit and enterprise. In 1858 he erected a town hall for Bristol, which for many years went by the name of Crinoline Hall. Through his incured for the town, and from this as a be-

Oliver in the local state of the

amost another resident

7, 1872, much honored and respected by his fellow citizens. He married, May 3, 1840, Julia, born in Farmington, daughter of Joel and Lucinda Warner. She died May 29, 1880. Children: 1, Winthup Warner, born February 25, 1841; married, May 3, 1862, Sarah Anna

Charles Edward, born November 18, 1865 married, July 2, 1889, Elizabeth Bulkley Nott born August 29, 1809, died May 16, 1968 one son, Winthup William, born June 26

Phys. 16 Alie May Jone - 1

ried, May 3, 1888, Carl Virgil Mason, born November 23, 1863; children: a. Florence Frances, born July 14, 1880, married, Decem-ber 25, 1909, Lea W. Rockwell; b. Anna Dunward. 3. William Augustus, born April 5, 1844; married, October 4, 1805, Josie Hooker ried, August 20, 1885, Dennis Andrew Upson; 1875, married, June 19, 1901, Nellie Adams; one son, William Adams, born April 30, 1907. ried, May 3, 1865, Warren W. Thorpe, born November 19, 1839; children: i. Eva May, born November 2, 1869, married October 19, 1898, George W. Birge, born June 8, 1870, had the many traded to Francis becoming a tra-1870; children: a. Arthur G., Jr., born De-1907. 5. Julia Lucinda, born April 18, 1849; born October 17, 1837. 6. Eva Louise, born November 4, 1852; married, October 22, 1873.

(VIII) Edward Butler, son of Edward Lucien Dunbar, was born in Bristol, Connecticut, November 1, 1842. He attended the public schools of the town and completed a course

at the Williston Seminary at Easthampton, Massachusetts. At the age of eighteen years he went to New York and became associated with the late William F. Tompkins in the management of the New York office of the "crinoline" or hoop-skirt business of Dunbar & Barnes, then an extensive Bristol industry. Two years later, on the retirement of Mr. Tompkins, Mr. Dunbar succeeded to the sole management of the office, and conducted it with great success for about three years, when the fashion for hoop skirts had materially subsided and the New York office was given up. Returning to Bristol in 1865, Mr. Dunbar entered the employ of his father who had that year established the small spring factory at the present location of Dunbar Brothers. In 1872 the elder Mr. Dunbar died and the following year a partnership was formed between the brothers, Edward B., William A. and Winthrop W., for carrying on the business under the firm name of Dunbar Brothers. partnership continued until 1890, when, because of ill health, William A. Dunbar sold out his interest to his brothers and retired from the firm. The business thrived under the management of the new firm and became one of the leading manufacturing houses of the town. The original factory building is still in use and one of the landmarks of the town. The firm turned out from five thousand to eight thousand clock springs daily, but later they devoted their attention to the production of small springs only. Since the death of the elder Dunbar, and by his express wish, the old bell is tolled every night of the year ninety-nine times at 9 o'clock. Just previous to the death of Edward B. Dunbar the firm of Dunbar Brothers was incorporated with E. G. Dunbar as a member of it. Edward B. was the largest stockholder and president of the firm.

Mr. Dunbar's life was an active one, and he devoted much time, energy and thought to worthy public enterprises and institutions. He served his town two terms as representative in the general assembly; in 1869, when but twenty-seven years old, and again in 1881. He served the old Fourth senatorial district in the upper branch of the general assembly in 1885 and was re-elected in 1887. While in the senate he was an earnest advocate of the weekly payment bill for workmen, and of the child labor law, for both of which he made forcible and eloquent speeches. Subsequently he was urged to accept a nomination for congress, but declined. For thirty years he was the Democratic registrar of voters in the first district of the town and borough. He was one of the active promoters of the

project which provided Bristol with a high school and was chairman of the high school committee from its establishment until four years previous to his death, when he resigned, owing to the press of other duties. It was under his direction the present sightly building was constructed. His interest was ever intense for maintaining high standards at the school, giving it a standing and efficiency beyond that of similar schools in towns the size of Bristol. For a number of years he was a member of the board of school visitors, and for more than a quarter of a century was a member of the district committee of the South Side school. He was the executive head of the Bristol fire department from 1871, the date of the establishment of the board of fire commissioners. He was deeply interested in the progress of the department and within his administration witnessed its growth from the old hand engine equipment to its present modern apparatus. In 1891, when the Free Public Library was suggested as a solution of the question of what should be done with the library of the then defunct Young Men's Christian Association, Mr. Dunbar was very active in behalf of the movement for the town institution. He was chosen president of the board of library directors, which position he held to the time of his death. He was a member of the special committee of the board appointed to solicit for the building fund, and during the absence of Mr. Ingraham from the town acted temporarily as a member of the building committee.

Mr. Dunbar was also active in the interests of the movement for the establishment of the Bristol National Bank; from the first was a director in the institution and for a number of years was its vice-president. In 1905, following the death of President Charles S. Treadway, Mr. Dunbar was chosen his successor and filled that office with characteristic faithfulness and ability to the last days of his illness. He was also a director and vice-president of the Bristol Savings Bank since 1889. He was president of the Bristol Board of Trade. He was president of the Young Men's Christian Association, being particularly interested in the boy's branch. He united with the First Congregational Church, July 7, 1867, and from October 11, 1901, until his death was a faithful deacon of the same. He was a member of the Bristol Business Men's Association; Reliance Council, No. 753, Royal Arcanum; and the Central Congregational Club. Every position held by Mr. Dunbar was regarded by him as a channel for service in the community and to his fellows. Faithfulness, ability and self-sacrifice characterized

his administrate to the mealment his one assets of insertable.

Mr. Dembar married, De ember 11, 1854. Alare Fliza, Som July 8 1883 of Julie at Watson and Adeliza Munson (Case) Gid-Mamie Eva, born December 17, 1877, died January 18, 1881 2 (1900) 200 (1906) 28, (88), married, have as, herr the Wi-Charles Norman Shepard, of Bristol, Connecticut, professor of Hebrew at the General Theological Seminary, New York City; now resides in New York; children; i. Katherine, June 4, 1905; ii. Alice Emma, June 30, 1906; in Margaente Danhor, O Inher 23, 16-8 Edward Giddings, born May 20, 1880; educated in the Bristol public schools and Betts Academy, Stamford, Connecticut; is now in the factory of The Dunbar Brothers Company, and vice-president of the company.

street, Bristol, May 9, 1907. Prayers were said at the home by the Rev. Dr. Calvin B. Moody, and the public services were held at the First Congregational Church, which was filled to its capacity, the fire commissioners, ance Council attending in a body. The Bristol National Bank, the Bristol Savings Bank, and the South Side school committee were also represented by delegations. The following are extracts from the eulogy of the Rev. was sagacious, cautious, prudent, honest, the best type of a reliable, successful business man. He was restected for his integrity and honor by all of those who were ever in his employ. There are men in the factory of the Dunbar Brothers who have been employed there for thirty or forty years, and to-day they feel that they have lost one of their best and truest friends. As a public citizen he was broad-minded and public-spirited, and he took a deep interest in everything that tended to the highest welfare of the community and state. He was a noble, large-hearted, generof faith and prayer. He knew Jesus Christ as his personal Savior and Friend; he could say with the apostle Paul, 'I know whom I 'an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadveil." The interment was in West cemetery.

At a special meeting of the Board of Library Directors of the Town of Bristol, the following minute was adopted, and a copy ordered to be sent to Mrs. Drailar

public duty, the love of his death." Attest, Epaphrodius Peck, Secretary

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bristol National Bank, held Monday, May 13, 1907, it was voted: That the following minute be entered upon the records, in memory of the late Hon. Edward B. Dunbar, and that a copy of this minute be transmitted to his family:

Edward Butler Dunbar, President of the Bristol National Bank, died after a lingering illness Thursday. May 9, 1907. Stricken down in the full strength of his vigorous manhood, with the prospect of many useful years before him, within a twelvemonth, he has passed to his rest. He associates in the Board of Directors desire tenter upon the records their appreciation of hivaluable services, and their deep regard and af-

ber of this board since the organization of the bank in 1875, and its President since 1905. The growth and progress of the institution are are eloquent tribute to the sound judgment and executive ability of the original board, of which

all his dealings, and knew no way but the straight path. He typified a Christian gentleman in the world of business, and through the misfortune to our institution, and we desire to felt appreciation of his cordial relations with us in our business and personal associations, of his wise and kindly counsel, and his lasting pride in, and loyally to, the institution. Attest, M. L. Tiffany, Cashier.

The resolutions of the Board of Fire Commissioners:

upbuilding of his native town, have ceased, and

Whereas, The deceased served continuously as chairman of this board since its organization, be

Resolved, That in the removal of Hon. E. B. Resolved, That in the removal of Hon. E. B. Dunbar from our councils and from the community, we realize the loss to ourselves and to the people of the town, of a faithful, efficient, judicious and loyal public servant, of an esteemed gentleman and friend, a man noble in Christian character, honorable in all places, and high-minded in action whether in this or other capacities. Be it further
Resolved, That we tender to the members of

his family the sincere sympathy of the members of this board, and that these resolutions be spread upon our minutes and published in The Bristol Press. George H. Hall, C. H. Deming, C. H. Blakesley, W. H. Carpenter, J. R. Holley, Bristol, Conn., May 14, 1907.

The resolutions of the Bristol Savings Bank:

Whereas, Death has again invaded our Board of Directors and taken from us Mr. Dunbar, our first vice-president and dear friend, who has long been identified with this bank, a man wise in counsel, of sound judgment and business ability, of sterling integrity and Christian character, a friend to all, beloved and respected by all, one who will long be remembered and missed by us, and in whose death we realize a very great loss

to this bank, as also to this community.

Resolved, That as Directors of this Savings
Bank we place upon its records this token of our appreciation of his personal worth and of his services to this bank, and tender to his family our sincere sympathy. Attest, Miles Lewis Peck,

The Giddings family, of which Mrs. Dunbar is a representative, is of remote Scottish ancestry, and of New England descent since

The name of Giddings, according to some authors, was derived from Gideon, the Hebrew for "brave soldier." From Gideon also is derived Giddy, Giddies, Gibbon, Geddes. That this name is an ancient one in England can be proven from various sources, but at what period it first appeared the researches thus far do not enable us to state. The name was spelled in different ways by different branches of the family, Giddings and Geddings are English, Geddes is Scottish, and Gittings is Welsh, and by many they are supposed to belong to the same family. There are several places in Scotland called Geddes, as Geddes Hill, Geddeston, Geddeswell. According to the statistical account of Scotland, the family of Geddes of Rachan, in Peebleshire, have possessed that estate for thirteen hundred years. "The Manor of Geddings," which lies partly within the two parishes of Boxbourne and Great Amwell, probably derived its name from the family of Geddings, for in 1334 it was in the possession of Edmund Geddings, to whom the king granted the right of free warren. There is a town called Little Giddings, situated on the western border of Huntingdon county, England, and also a parish of that name in Suffolk county. Amongst the various families of this name there are various coats-of-arms; a coat-ofarms of the Giddings family is now in possession of Mrs. Robert B. Denney, of Boston, Massachusetts, a descendant of Daniel Giddings, who procured it of a painter of heraldry in the early part of this century. On the will of Lieutenant John Giddings there was a crest with a griffin rampant, supposed to be the crest of Collins, as the Collins and Giddings families intermarried. Lieutenant John used a seal with that crest upon it to

stamp legal documents.

(I) From what particular branch of the Giddings family in England, or who were the immediate ancestors of George Giddings, the first of the name here, we are unable to say. There is a tradition in the family that there were three brothers who emigrated to this country in the early years, one settling at Ipswich, one at Cape Cod, and one at Halifax, Nova Scotia. The fact is well authenticated that George Giddings, aged twenty-five, and his wife, Jane (Tuttle) Giddings, aged twenty, came from England in 1635, and settled in the town of Ipswich, about twenty-five miles from Boston, Massachusetts, with their three servants. They are said to have had as companion on their voyage Sir Henry Vane, fourth governor of Massachusetts, who in 1662 suffered martyrdom for his zeal in the cause of liberty and religion. George Giddings brought with him a letter of recommendation from the rector, or minister, of St. Albans, Hertfordshire. George Giddings was born in 1608, died June 1, 1676. He was one of Major Denison's subscribers in 1640, a commoner in 1641, one of the twenty sworn freeholders who paid the highest rates out of two hundred and thirty in 1664, deputy to the general court in 1641-54-55-59-61-63-64-68-72-75, selectman from 1661 to 1675, and for a long time a ruling elder of the first church. The inventory of his estate, June 19, 1676, exhibited a total value of £1,021, 12s., of which one hundred and fifty-two acres of land with six acres of marsh, at Plumb Island, was appraised at £772. His widow died March, 1680. Children of George and Jane Giddings: Thomas, born 1638, married (first) Mary Goodhue, (second) Elizabeth ----; John, see forward; James, born 1641, married Elizabeth Andrews; Samuel, born 1645, married (first) Hannah Martin, (second) Elizabeth ——; Joseph Collins, married Susapasa Rudge Sudle May suppl

Samuel John Av.

(H) The notice of the tople, Girling was horn they the Man their He had a commonage granted him in 1607; was a commoner in 1678; a lieutenant of militia; and was also a deputy to the general court in 1683-84-85. The inventory of his estate, rendered February 20, 1600, amount-20. (102, the small to see the married (second) Henry Herrick, of Beverly, and she died in Gloucester. Children: George, (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Perkins; Elizabeth, married (first) December 16, 1685, Mark Haskell, (second) John Dennison, of Ipswich; Jane, married, November 26, 1691, Joseph Haradine; Sarah, born 1672, married John Haraden, died November 11, 1724, they had several children; John, born 1075; Job, Sarah Andrews, children: Job, Sarah and John; Solomon, born 1679, married Margery Goodhue: Joshua, born 1681, probably was children: Abigail, Jacob, and three others who died young; Thomas, see forward; Mary,

(III) Thomas, son of John and Sarah Giddings, was born in Ipswich, Massachusetts, 1083. He removed to Gloucester, and purchased of Benjamin Lufkin, in 1710, a house which he sold May 22, 1721, and went to Lyme, Connecticut, with his family about 1722-23, where he purchased land nearly every year for several years; he settled near Beaver brook. In 1708 he married Sarah Butler. Children: Joh, married Sarah Rathbone; Joseph, born 1714, married (first) Eunice Andrus; (second) Elizabeth Hungerford; John, married Susannah Tozor; Joshua, see forward; Thomas, born 1723, married Marv

Coult.

(IV) Joshua, son of Thomas and Sarah ruary 4, 1807. He probably removed from Lyme, Connecticut, and settled in Hartland, about 1723. The last deed found on the Lyme records concerning him is to Ensign Jasper in 1755, consideration £1,500. The following is a swallow-tail in the left, or a cross on right ear, with a half-penny on each side of same." It is said that he went to Hartland when quite a young man, and put up a log house in the southwestern part of the town, sleeping meanwhile on a bed of leaves. The foundation of the house and a chimney still

remain, and a large tree is growing in the cellar. The records show that he was for more recorded to the second of was admitted to the Congregational church. vears. Children: 1. Elisha, man al a al 22, 1770, Susannah Perkins, who ary 7, 1777, aged twenty-four In all Ilin same year, aged thirtysone, forward. 3. John, born Numarried Ascha Palmer. 4. Junarried (first) Submit Jone heth Pease. 5. Sarah, mar 1784, Angus McLoud, and who married, August 31, 18 man, of Hartland, and had children: 18, 1770, Jonathan Couch, of Simsbury; in dren: Jonathan, Ruth and Delilah. Out 199 Tel - Dall - Louis 1830, whither he was brought in infancy by his parents. He was a prominent man in appointed "a committee to hire all the solwere respected for their industry, intelligence parents, and found pleasure in promoting the in Michigan. 2. Salmon, born March 2, 1782; married Almira Collins. 3. Zeriuah, born 1784; married, August 31, 1807. Jonathan Luttle, of Barkhamsted, Connecticut; in 1810 the committee that the personal re-

there; he was a justice of the peace twenty-

one years, county commissioner twelve years,

June, 1864, and she died May 3, 1871. 4.

30, 1858; married Desdemona Cowdry. 6. Harriet, born 1795; married William H. Tisdale; died December 10, 1831, leaving a son. 7. Benjamin, see forward. 8. Affie, married, May 30, 1820, Dr. Josiah Banning; she died September 28, 1832, aged thirty-four; he married (second) Edith Cowdry, and died 1848. 9. Lowly. 10. Harriet, married a Mr. Tisdale.

(VI) Benjamin (2), son of Benjamin (1) and Afiah (Holcomb) Giddings, was born in Hartland, Connecticut, January 12, 1801, died February 20, 1874. He resided in Hartland all his life; he was a very prominent man, a merchant and postmaster many years, was representative to the legislature, selectman, justice of the peace, and commissioner of superior court for Hartford county until age disqualified him. He married Amoret, born Technique 8 284 died Outber 6 80 February 8, 1804, died October 26, 1881, daughter of Rev. Asa Bushnell, of Hartland. Children: 1. Philo B., born January 25, 1823, died in Montrose, Virginia, December 6, 1857. 2. Fidelia H., born May 19, 1824; married, November, 1842, Henry J. Gates, of Hartland. 3. Milo J., born April 2, 1827, died at McPherson, Kansas, May 8, 1900; married, July 4, 1849, Eugenia P. Miller. 4. Watson M., born April 4, 1830, see forward. 5. Almira, born November 30, 1831; married, September 27, 1858, Hoyt M. Hayes, of Barkhamsted. 6. Mary E., born October 5, 1833; married, February 8, 1855, Nelson D. San-ford, of Hartland; died at New Haven, April 10, 1871. 7. Eliza A., born April 14, 1836; married, July 3, 1860, Cyrus Cook, of Lexington, Ohio; she died September 8, 1877, at Albia, Iowa; Almena A., born April 14, 1838, died November 13, 1891; married, July 23, 1878, Ralph H. Park. 9. Salmon B., born July 14, 1847; married, May 17, 1870, Aurelia M. Emmons, born 1850, died September, 1891.

(VII) Watson, son of Benjamin (2) and Amoret (Bushnell) Giddings, was born in Hartland, Connecticut, April 4, 1830, died March 22, 1905. He attended the common schools of East Hartland until seventeen years of age, after which he worked for five years with his brother-in-law, Henry J. Gates, in East Hartland. He was a carriage maker and blacksmith by trade, and conducted a blacksmith shop in Barkhamsted, Connecticut, for ten years. He then went to New Hartford, and worked one year for R. H. Wheeler, later forming a partnership under the firm style of Wheeler & Giddings. A year subsequently he purchased Mr. Wheeler's interest, and carried on the business alone about two years, at the expiration of which time he disposed of the plant to Henry M. Gates, and purchased the Walter Stickney shop in Win-

sted, which he conducted about eighteen months, and then sold to the Winsted Carriage Company, with which he invested all his capital. About six months later this company failed, financially ruining Mr. Giddings. who then went to Lewis, Iowa, where he worked at his trade for a year and a half, at the end of that time returning to Connecticut and purchasing a shop in Terryville, which he conducted three years and then sold. In 1874 he removed to Bristol; he opened a small carriage repair shop on the corner of North Main and Center streets, which he soon converted into the most commodious and bestequipped carriage factory in the town, employing from five to fifteen men, according to his volume of business. In June, 1886, he admitted as a partner his son, Frederick Watson, the firm style being Watson Giddings & Son. Watson Giddings retired from business several years prior to his death, the business being conducted by his son. In politics Mr. Giddings was always a Republican until the formation of the Prohibition party, when he united therewith and was an active worker in its ranks. In 1861 he was elected by the Republicans a member of the state legislature from Barkhamsted, served one term, and also served one term on the board of selectmen of the same town. He was a member of the board of burgesses, serving two terms, and was chairman of the sewer committee of the town. He was president of the West Cemetery Association, was a trustee of the Prospect Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he had long been a prominent member, was made a member in 1878 of Franklin Lodge, No. 56, Free and Accepted Masons, in which he served as treasurer from the time he joined until his death, and he and his wife were members of the Order of the Eastern Star. Mr. Giddings was a man of sterling character and strict integrity, faithful and conscientious in the performance of every duty devolving upon him, and won and retained the confidence and esteem of all with whom he was: brought in contact.

Mr. Giddings married (second) September 12, 1892, Emma S., born October 4, 1843, daughter of Amos Loomis, of Norwich, Connecticut, who survived him. Children of first marriage: 1. Alice Eliza, born July 8, 1854; married, December 23, 1875, Edward B. Dunbar (see Dunbar VIII). 2. Mary Addie, born April 6, 1856; married, May 31, 1877, Samuel D. Newel, born 1847; four children, of whom only one, Alice Mae, survives; Alice Mae, born February 18, 1880, married, October 22, 1902, Charles Dudley White; one son, Newell Dudley, born January 6, 1904. 3,



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(I) John Case, founder of the American branch of the Case family, was a native of early settlement of the colonies, coming to mulated fortunes by furnishing leather for Case remained in Windsor until the spring of 1669, when he removed to Simsbury, and settled at Weatogue. He was elected the first constable of Simsbury, October 14, 1000, and about 1672 represented the town at the general court or assembly. He was a landowner and farmer, and a prominent citizen. He married (first) Sarah, daughter of William Spencer, of Hartford. She died November 3, 1691. He married (second) Elizabeth 1703-04, and was buried there. Children of first marriage: 1. Elizabeth, born 1052, died ond) John Tuller. 2. Mary, born June 22, 1660, died 1725; married (first) William Alderman: (second) James Hillyer. 3. John, born November 5, 1662, died 1733; married (first) Mary Olcott; (second) Sarah Holcomb. 4. William, born June 5, 1665; married Elizabeth Holcomb. 5. Samuel, born June 1, 1667, died 1725; matried (first) Mary Mary Mary Mary Humphrey. 8. Joseph, born April 1704; married Mary Humphrey. 8. Joseph, born April 1704; married Joseph Phelps Jr., of Windson,

1000, died in 1740. He married, in August, 1701, Amy, daughter of Philip Reed, of Concord, Massachusetts, His sons were: Richard, see forward, Timothy and Edward. He located at Terry's Plains at an early date.

(III) Sergeant Richard (2), son of Captain Richard (1) and Amy (Reed) Case, was born at Terry's Plains in 1710, died at West Simbury in 1760. About 1737 he went to West Sinsbury, a part of Canton, and settled on what is known as East Hill, where he spent the remainder of his life, engaged in agriculture. He married Mercy Holcomb, of Simsbury, born in 1712, died in West Simsbury, 1780. Children: 1. Richard, born in 1734; married Ruth Case. 2. Joab, born 1735, died 1758. 3. Sylvamus, born 1737, died 1817; married (first) Caroline Humphrey: (second) Hepzibah Humphrey. 4. Simeon, see forward. 5. Eli, born 1741; married Athildred Curtis. 6. Uriah, born 1743, died 1820; married (first) Susannah Lawrence: (second) Eunice Hill. 7. Edward, born 1748, died 1708; married Teruah Lawrence. 8. Mercy, born 1752, died 1818; married Abram Moses. 9. Naomi, born 1755, died 1850; married Esther Brown. The son Sylvanus was reputed to have been the first English child born within the limits of West Sinsbury.

(IV) Simeon, son of Sergeant Richard (2) and Mercy (Holcomb) Case, was born in Simsbury, 1730, died 1823. His youth was mainly spent in West Simsbury, and in young manhood he went to what is now West Granby, which became his permanent residence, and there he engaged in farming. He married Mary, born 1730, died 1834, daughter of Amos and Mary (Holcomb) Case. Children: 1. Simeon, born 1750, died 1810; married Phoebe Burr. 2. Titus, see forward. 3. Mary, born 1771, died 1821. 4. Obed, born 1765, died 1840; married Rachel Emmons. 5. Eliphalet, born 1770, died 1847; married Rachel Case.

Frazier. 7. Alexander, born 1774, died 1824; married Mindwell Case. 8. Francis, born 1777, died 1845; married Jemima Case. 9. Robert, born 1780; married Clarissa Case.

10. Peter. 11. Elizabeth, married Reuben

Russel.

(V) Titus, son of Simeon and Mary (Case) Case, was born 1764, died April 3, 1816. He married, March 12, 1792, Amy Reed. Children: Loviah, born October 5, 1792; Titus, August 1, 1796; Jeremiah, July 18, 1798; Owen, see forward; Neri, December 1, 1803; Mahalath, February 20, 1806; Chloe, February 6, 1809; Amy Fannie, October 14, 1811;

Nancy, August 20, 1816.

(VI) Owen, son of Titus and Amy (Reed) Case, was born April 5, 1801, died May 16, 1877. He married, December 23, 1830, Laura Munson, born July 14, 1808, died March 12, 1871. Children: Adeliza Munson, born October 4, 1833, married, January 6, 1853, Watson Giddings (see Giddings VII); Samuel Munson, born November 24, 1834, died June 6, 1841; Adelaide Laura, born April 10, 1842, died December 1, 1877, married, October 16, 1867, Joel Tiffany Case; Owen Elliot, born January 18, 1849, married, April 5, 1871, Belle Lee.

Richard Knight, immigrant ancestor, was a carpenter by KNIGHT trade and lived at Newport, Rhode Island. He was keeper of the prison in 1648-49 and general sergeant in 1648-49-50-53-54-57-58. He was admitted a freeman in 1655. In 1663 he bought lands in Narragansett, and in 1677 he and forty-seven others were granted one hundred acres each in a plantation to be called East Greenwich, but never lived there. He died in 1680. He married Sarah, daughter of James and Mary Rogers. Children: John, Jonathan, David, mentioned below.

(II) David, son of Richard Knight, lived at East Greenwich, Rhode Island, and Norwich, Connecticut. He was associated with his brother John in surveying and laying out lands in Narragansett. He lived most of his life at Norwich, where his children were recorded. He married, March 17, 1691, Sarah, daughter of Stephen and Sarah Backus. He died November 24, 1744. Children: Rachel, born November 14, 1691; Jonathan, July 2, 1698, mentioned below; Mary, April 2, 1700; Hannah, January 30, 1702; Lurana, February I, 1704; Joseph, November 7, 1705; Ben-

jamin, August 14, 1707.

(III) Jonathan, son of David Knight, was born at Norwich, Connecticut, July 2, 1698, and resided there. He died March 7, 1770. He married, May 3, 1726, Abigail, born October 21, 1705, daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Lamb) Longbottom.

(IV) Jonathan (2), son of Jonathan (1)

Knight, lived at Norwich. He had a son Joshua, mentioned below.

(V) Joshua, son of Jonathan (2) Knight, was born September 23, 1746. He married, July 10, 1770, soon afterward removed to Chesterfield, Massachusetts, and built the first house on the old Knight homestead. He died there December 26, 1815, aged sixty-nine years. His wife was born in Northampton, December 28, 1748, died in Chesterfield, November 26, 1825. Children: 1. Jonathan, born October 17, 1772, in Chesterfield. 2. Esther, October 16, 1773, died September 6, 1836. 3. Joshua, January 14, 1775, died in western New York. 4. Erastus, November 18, 1776, mentioned below. 5. Shubael, July 29, 1778, in Chesterfield, died May 19, 1824; married Hannah Rhodes. 6. Elizabeth, February 6, 1780, died at Shepherd's Hollow, Northampton, December 8, 1864. 7. Miriam, July 12, 1783, died September 28, 1835. 8. Seth, July 11, 1785, died August 18, 1793. 9. Zebina, January 27, 1788, died at Keene, August 28, 1871; married Philena Graves.

(VI) Erastus, son of Joshua Knight, was born at Chesterfield, November 18, 1776, died February 14, 1846. He married (first) April 6, 1802, Polly Little, of Williamsburg, Massachusetts. She died May 10, 1808, aged twenty-eight years, six months. He married (second) November 30, 1809, Lucy Smith, who died January 17, 1829, aged fifty-one years. He married (third) May 28, 1829, Thousdoor Cycleron who died March 1829. Theodosia Cushman, who died March 4, 1833, aged forty-six. He married (fourth) Electa Bullard, of Williamsburg. She lost her life in the Williamsburg flood, May 16, 1874, aged eighty years. He lived in Northampton and Chesterfield, whither he moved in 1818. Children: 1. Fanny, born January 9, 1803, died June 14, 1857; married Luke Wilder, of Chesterfield; removed to western New York; had seven children. 2. Harriet, born November 17, 1804, died the same day as her mother, May 10, 1808. 3. William, born at Northampton, January 17, 1807; lived at Chester-field from the age of eleven to twenty, then at Williamsburg three years, in New Jersey a year, in Greenfield three years, moved thence to Michigan in the spring of 1834 with the Smede family; married, December 23, 1834, Anna Smede, and celebrated his golden wedding; his wife was born at Bolton, Warren county, New York, September 14, 1810, died at Adrian, Michigan, July 4, 1885. 4. Samuel Swett, born September 6, 1810, died at Williamsburg, January 20, 1889. 5. Mary, born at Northampton, August 10, 1812, died September 25, 1813. 6. Jonathan Henry, born December 5, 1814; settled in Worcester; marin 1847-48, leaving one son, James Henry,

married Otis Redden, of Worcester, and Harriet Sophia, married Mr. W. F. Hatch, of Hartford; Jonathan Henry died March 27, 1862, at Worcester. 7. Merrick, born January 15, 1817; mentioned below. 8. Martha, born June 10, 1810, died at Worcester. February 15, 1821; married T. L. Whitney in 1846; children: Henry S., of Berkeley, Calinia; Mrs. Sarah M. Meyers, of Bridgeton, y Jersey; Mrs. Horace Sawin, of California.

VII) Rev. Merrick Knight, son of Eras-" Knight, was born at Northampton, Janttary 15, 1817, died at West Hartford, Connecticut, August 10, 1896. He attended the 1 idemy and graduated from Amberst in the meeticut, where he remained two years. I ming the next six years he was pastor of ... t. He was then acting pastor of the church at Broad Brook for five years, and was afterward settled for five years as pastor of the church at Rocky Hill. Thence he went to the s ith Church at New Hartford, and after a to rorate of five years accepted a call to the church at East Hartland, where he served for ten years. He preached also for short periods town of Hartland in the general assembly of removed to West Hartford, and from 1800 occupied in supplying various pulpits in that section. He was a faithful, zealous and tactful minister, an able speaker and preacher, a useful citizen. Of high purposes and exemplary character, he had a distinguished and was universally loved by his people. He married. June, 1851, Abigail, daughter of Ichabod Ward (see Ward family) and grand-daughter of Joel and Elizabeth (Woodward) Ward (see Ward VI). She was born October 29, 1822, died July 4, 1900. Children: Dr. W. W., born September 15, 1852; mentioned below: Rev. Edward H. of Spring. tioned below: Rev. Edward H., of Spring-field: Frank H., of New York.

(VIII) Dr W W Knight son of Rev.

Merrick Knight, was born at Chaplin, Connecticut, September 15, 1852. He attended the public schools, and Williston Seminary at Easthampton, Massachusetts, from which he was graduated in the class of 1872. He studied medicine at the medical school of the New York University, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1876. He was an interne at Charity Hospital, now the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island in 1870-77. Since then he has been engaged in general practice in Hartford, Connecticut. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the Hartford Medical Society; of the Connecticut Historical Society and of the Sons of the Revolution. He is unmarried.

This surname is derived from wood and ward, meaning "custos" or "custodian of the wood," an officer of the forest whose charge is to look after the woods and vert there; his very name denotes his office; he must present all offences within his charge at the court of attachments, or swain-mote, to the chief foresters or verderers; and if he see or know any malefactors or if he shall find any deer killed or hurt, he must acquaint a verderer there and present the same at the next court of the forest and by the law he must not ealk with bow and arrows, but with a forest bill or hatchet." (Manwode, quoted in Nelson's "Law of Game.") The name Le Wodeward first appears in the Hundred Rolls in 1273. The family lived in Bedfordshire and Upton, county Buckingham, England. The arms: Barry of six azure and argent over all three hart's heads calaoshed or; on a chief of the third a wolf passant gules, between two annulets sable. Crest: A wolf's head argent collared sable studded or between an acorn branch and a branch of fern proper. Similar arms, with a different crest, were granted to a Buckingham-hire family in 1527; also to families of the name in Gloucester and London, England. Nearly all the arms of the Woodward family resemble each other.

(1) Richard Woodward, immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1500. He sailed in the ship "Elizabeth," of Ipswich, April 30, 1635, with his wife Rose, aged fifty, and children, George and John, aged thirteen. He settled at Watertown, Massachusetts, and was admitted a freeman September 2, 1635. He was a miller and bought a wind-mill located in Boston, and mortgaged or sold it in 1648.

eighty, and he married (second) (settlement dated April 18, 1663) Ann Gates, born 1603,

widow of Stephen Gates, of Cambridge. In 1642 he had a homestall of twelve acres and much other land. He bought, in 1648, of Edward Holbrook, a mill in Boston and sold it again in December, 1649, to William Aspinwall. He died February 16, 1664-65. His widow died in Stow, February 5, 1682-83.

(II) George, son of Richard Woodward, was born in England in 1622, and came with his parents in 1635 to New England. He was admitted a freeman May 6, 1646, and settled in Watertown, later in Brookline. He was selectman of Watertown in 1674. He married (first) Mary ——; (second) August 17, 1659, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Hammond, of Newton. He died May 31, 1676. His widow married (second) Samuel Truesdale. Children of first wife: Mary, born August 12, 1641; Sarah, February 6, 1642-43; Amos; Rebecca, December 30, 1647; John, March 28, 1649, mentioned below; Daniel, September 2, 1653; Mary, June 3, 1656. Child of second wife: George, September 11, 1660.

(III) John, son of George Woodward, was born March 28, 1649. His will was dated February 26, 1727-28. He lived in Newton, and married (first) Rebecca, born 1649, died 1696, daughter of Richard and Rebecca Robbins, and granddaughter of John and Hester Robbins. He married (second) (probably), July 7, 1696, Sarah Bancroft, of Reading, who died September 22, 1723. Children: John, born September 7, died September 22, 1674; John, July 18, 1675; Richard, December 26, 1677; Rebecca, October 29, 1679, died young; Daniel, September 22, 1681; Rebecca, February 2, 1682-83; Mary, October 6, 1684; Jonathan, September 25, 1685; Joseph, November 26, 1688, mentioned below; Ebenezer, March 12, 1690-91; Abigail, May 25, 1695.

(IV) Joseph, son of John Woodward, was born November 26, 1688, died before his father. He bought land in Canterbury, Connecticut, in 1710, and probably removed there about that time with his brothers, John and Richard. His will, dated May 13, 1727, calls him of Windham, Connecticut. He died May 30, 1727. He married, June 24, 1714. Elizabeth, born 1088, died May 22, 1727, daugiter of Jonathan and Bethiah (Marsh) Silsbee, and granddaughter of Henry and Dorothy Silsbee. Children: Abigail, born May 13, 1715: Bethia, February 6, 1716-17: Elizabeth, January 9, 1723-24; Joseph, mentioned below.

(V) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Woodward, was born January 21 or February 2, 1725-26, died July 8, 1814. He removed from Windham to Ashford, Connecticut, about 1767, where he died. He held many civil

offices in Windham and Ashford, and was one of the most prominent citizens. He married, May 19, 1748, Elizabeth, born May 19, 1733, died September 28, 1823, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Bushnell) Perkins, granddaughter of Joseph and Martha (Morgan) Perkins, great-granddaughter of Jacob and Elizabeth Perkins, and great-great-granddaughter of John and Judith Perkins, the immigrants. Martha Morgan was daughter of Joseph and Dorothy (Parke) Morgan, and granddaughter of James and Margery (Hill) Morgan. Dorothy Parke was daughter of Thomas and Dorothy Parke, and granddaughter of Robert Parke, the immigrant. Elizabeth Bushnell was daughter of Caleb and Anna (Leffingwell) Bushnell, granddaughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Adgate) Bushnell (daughter of Thomas Adgate), greatgranddaughter of Richard and Mary (Marvin) Bushnell. Anna Leffingwell was daughter of Thomas and Mary (Bushnell) Leffingwell (daughter of Richard and Mary (Marvin) Bushnell), granddaughter of Thomas and Mary Leffingwell. Joseph Woodward was in the revolution, a captain in the militia at the time of the evacuation of Boston, as shown by a letter to his wife, dated March 18, 1776. Children of Joseph and Elizabeth Woodward: Elizabeth, born May 22, 1749, married, January 16, 1773, Joel Ward (see Ward V); Joseph, May 26, 1751; Jason, July 19, 1753; John, June 10, 1755; Martha, August 13, 1757; William, November 14. 1759; Abner, January 10, 1762; Phinchas, June 3, 1764; Othniel, September 8, 1766; Perkins Bushnell, August 17, 1770; Levi, August 19,

(The Ward Line).

The Ward family has an ancient and distinguished English history. The records extend back to the days of Ward, a captain who came over from Normandy with William the Conqueror. The first of the family to assume an additional name, as far as is known, was William de la Ward, who resided in Chester, England, in 1175. The Wards of Yorkshire spread gradually over the adjoining counties and the similarity of their arms indicates a common origin, probably in Yorkshire. The arms: Azure, a cross baton or. Crest: A wolf's head, erased.

(I) William Ward, immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1603, probably in Yorkshire. He came to New England before 1639, when he was living in Sudbury, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman, May 10, 1643; was deputy to the general court in 1644, and was for a number of years chairman of the board of selectmen in Sudbury.

Total Control of the position is a second court. The setting others were the original petitioners for the grant of land where the town of Marlborough was founded. He moved there in 1000, the years old. He had a fifty-acre house lot on the meating to the second to church. His lands finally extended westward to the top of the top of the similar v out to see it is the Alexander Philip's war. One son was slain and his buildings burnt and cattle killed. He died August 10, 1687. He was married twice, and his widow died December 9, 1700, in her eighty-seventh year. Children: John, born

Obadiah, 1632; Richard, 1636; Deborah, 1637; Hannah, 1039; William January 22, 1640, died young; Samuel, September 24, 1641: Elizabeth, April 14, 1643: Increase, February 22, 1644: Hopestill, February 24. 1646; William, February 12, 1648-49; Eleazer,

about 1626. He was admitted a freeman in 1649, and was a proprietor of Sudbury in now Newton, and served as selectman there nine years, and nine years deputy to the general court. He lived in the southeast part of the town, and his house was built for a garrison and used at the time of King Philip's war, 1675-76. In 1701 he disposed of his real estate by deeds of gift to his sons. He died at Newton, July 1, 1708. He married Hannah Jackson, born in England, 1631, died April 24, 1704, daughter of Edward Jackson. of Newton, Children: Hannah; John, born Let a man with the same a man the lo a 10m is shist John Abirch's 108 I' the', lune Source, below lule on, 1662: William, November 19, 1664: Richard, February 15, 1666; Mercy, January 27, 1668; Edward, March 13, 1671; Eleazer, February 26, 1672; Jonathan, May 22, 1674, mentioned

below; Joseph, November 9, 1677. (III) Jonathan, son of John Ward, was born at Newton, May 22, 1674, died July 26, 1723. He married, December 31, 1700, Abigail Hall, who married (second), March 27, 1732, John Woodward, of Canterbury, New Hampshire. Children: Ebenezer, born November 2, 1701, died young : Thankful, October 14, 1702; Nehemiali, July 20, 1704; Remember; Ebenezer, April 17, 1709; Ichabod,

September 14, 1712, mentioned below; Mary,

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the pines of the political Kimballs were an ancient

lion rampant, gules, upon a chief sable, three

was a wheelwright by trade and a skillful a demand for a competent wheelwright by

accompanied him to America and died prior to October 23, 1661, on which date he married (second) Mrs. Margaret Dow, of Hampton, New Hampshire. She died March I, 1676. Richard Kimball was the father of eleven children, all of his first union, and eight of them were natives of England. I. Abigail, born in Rattlesden, June 18, 1618; died in Salisbury, Massachusetts, June 17, 1658; married John Severans and her greatgranddaughter, Abigail Eastman, was the mother of Daniel Webster, the famous American statesman. 2. Henry, born in 1619. 3. Elizabeth, 1621. 4. Richard, 1623. Mary, 1625; married Robert Dutch, Gloucester and Ipswich, Massachusetts. 6. Martha, 1629; married Joseph Fowler, who was killed by the Indians near Deerfield, Massachusetts, May 19, 1676. 7. John, born in 1631, died May 6, 1698. 8. Thomas, mentioned below. 9. Sarah, born in Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1635; married Edward Allen, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, died June 12, 1690. 10. Benjamin, born in either Watertown or Ipswich in 1637; settled in that part of Rowley, Massachusetts, which is now Bradford, and died there June 11, 1695. 11. Caleb, born in Ipswich in 1639; died in 1682.

(II) Thomas, eighth child of Richard and Ursula (Scott) Kimball, was born in Rattlesden, county of Suffolk, England, in 1633. Coming to America with his parents during his infancy he resided with them in Watertown and Ipswich, and acquired a knowledge of mechanical pursuits under the direction of his father. Early in life he went to Hampton, New Hampshire, and in 1653, prior to his majority, he became the owner of a mill on Oyster river. He later removed to Bradford, Massachusetts, where he resided for the rest of his life, and he was not only a skillful mechanic, but a thrifty farmer as well. February 20, 1669, he was chosen constable. In a night attack upon the settlement by the Indians, May 2, 1676, Thomas Kimball was killed, and a portion of his family, consisting of his wife and five of their children, Joanna, Thomas, Joseph, Priscilla and John, were made prisoners. After forty-one days of captivity in the wilderness, they were liberated through the friendly offices of Wahalancet, chief of the Pennacook tribe, and their return was the cause of general rejoicing by their friends and neighbors, who had prayed long and earnestly for their deliverance. Thomas Kimball married Mary, daughter of Thomas and Joanna Smith, of Ipswich. Children: 1. Elizabeth, born December 5, 1658; died December 27, 1658. 2. Richard, who is again mentioned. 3. Joseph, born in 1662, died before 1699. 4. Mary, born in 1663, married Thomas Reddington, of Boxford, Massachusetts. 5. Hannah, born January 28, 1664, died before 1669. 6. Thomas, born in 1665, died in Bradford June 30, 1732. 7. Ebenezer, born April 20, 1668. 8. John, born October 14, 1675. 9. Joanna, married Joshua Morse, of Newbury, Massachusetts, and died April 10, 1690.

(III) Captain Richard, eldest son of Thomas and Mary (Smith) Kimball, was born in Hampton, New Hampshire, in 1660; died in Bradford, Massachusetts, January 21, 1732-33. For many years he was an officer in the Colonial militia, commanding the local company and rendering excellent service. September 7, 1682. he married (first) Sarah Spofford, born March 24, 1661, died February 14, 1713-14; daughter of John and Elizabeth Spofford, of Boxford, Massachusetts. He married (second), November 5, 1714, Mrs. Mehitable (Day) Kimball, widow of his cousin, Richard Kimball. Children, all by first wife: 1. Richard, born August 7, 1683, died August 19, 1683. 2. Sarah, January 5, 1685; married John Wood, of Littleton, Massachusetts. 3. Samuel, mentioned in the succeeding paragraph. 4. Mary, born January 29, 1687; married Nathaniel Ames, of Boxford. 5. Richard, March 27, 1689; died January 5, 1768. 6. Hannah, March 19, 1691; married Edward Carlton, of Haverhill, Massachusetts. 7. Ruth, February 1, 1693, married Richard Peabody, of Boxford. 8. Mehitable, August 10, 1699; married Nathaniel Gage. 9. Joseph, September 29, 1701; died July 5, 1769.

(IV) Samuel, second son and third child of Captain Richard and Sarah (Spofford) Kimball, was born in Bradford, Massachusetts, in March, 1686; died in Plainfield, Connecticut, in 1748. In 1723, he removed to Connecticut, purchasing one hundred acres of land in Pomfret, but instead of locating in that town he settled in Hampton, and he afterward removed to Plainfield. His will was made January 1, 1748, and proved April 8, of the same year. Some of his descendants are still to be found in Hampton, while others are residing in other parts of Connecticut and in other states. He married, January 1, 1713, Sarah Spofford, who was born September 20, 1693. Children: 1. Mehitable, born February 26, 1716-17; died April 8, 1760. 2. Martha, born February 9, 1718; married a Mr. Squash. 3. Daniel, mentioned later. 4. A son, born in 1721. 5. Richard, born July 17, 1722. 6. Sarah. 7. Mary. 8. Son, born in Hampton, and resided in Windham.

(V) Daniel, third child and eldest son of Samuel and Sarah (Spofford) Kimball, was

Lorn or Gradient, March 1981 Are no 2, privated a miner Canadania . Les 6 1786. Ohr dim 22 3731 shomortal Anna Hammond and they resided for many years in Hampton, Connecticut. Their childie 1 An . 4 % 17/4 . 10, 1754, died yeung. 3. Daniel (second), metalsmed bel 21, 1757; died September 1, 1778. 5. Asa.

(VI) Daniel (2), third son of Daniel (1) and Sarah (Spofford) Kimball, was born in the year 1800, he settled in Ellington, Conmediation till the time the time the piece of agricultural property located in district No. 5, and engaging in general farming upon an extensive scale, he became wealthy, The original dwelling house he tore down and replaced by a substantial brick residence, the material for the brick was burned in a rude kiln constructed of clay hauled by him from is still considered one of the finest country ball was one of the most prominent residents resented that town in the general assembly. He was a member of the Congregational Church. His death occurred in Ellington, a resident of Brooklyn, Connecticut, born in 1761 Moville of Italy, and a

lady of unusual ability and superior intelligence, and her kindly nature endeared her to a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. the parents of three children: I. Josiah, born tioned below. 3. Asenath, born September 27, 1705, died January 17, 1857; married Horace McKnight, and her son, James D.

work

(2) and Miriam (Allworth) Kimball, was born in Hampton, Connecticut, July 6, 1792. He grew to manhood in Ellington, whither he removed with his parents when about eight he succeeded to the management of the paternal estate. He was a successful business man as well as a prosperous farmer, and withmoved to Ellington Center, where he thenceforward devoted his attention to other interests, particularly to financial matters. He was - of the manner of the Ended to

years as sheriff of Tolland county and attaining prominence in the general assembly as representative from Ellington. He was also many maken't the suspect of the common ton, April 25, 1876. On September 3, 1817. he married Roxanna McCray, born December died June 13, 1907, in Hartford; became a 4. Elizabeth McCray, born December 20,

1830, died July 17, 1835. (VIII) Daniel Norton, second child and eldest son of Daniel (3) and Roxanna (Mccluded his studies at the academy in East succeeded his father as a director of the Rockville National Bank, and was also interested in other important enterprises, including the Rockville, Broad Brook and East Windsor Republican and for a number of terms he Personally, he was highly esteemed for his upright character, and his death, which occurred November 14, 1902, was sincerely defather, he was an active member and a liberal

supporter of the Ellington Congregational Church, and served with ability upon the committee for the erection of the present church

edifice in 1868.

On January 20, 1848, Mr. Kimball married Jane Thompson, who was born in Ellington, September 19, 1823, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Ellsworth) Thompson. Of this union were born six children: I. Charles Norton, born October 17, 1849; died October 23, 1851.

2. Mary Jane, born September 13, 1852. 3. Elizabeth Roxanna, born November 3, 1854; died June 20, 1864. 4. Julia, born October 21, 1857; married John Thompson McKnight September 23, 1885, and had three children; Mary Kimball, born August 28, 1886, was graduated from Wellesley College in 1910; Alice Thompson, born January 9, 1890; died July 27, of the same year, and Grace Ellsworth, born November 13, 1892; died July 7, 1897. 5. Samuel Thompson, born November 6, 1860; educated at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts; engaged in farming at the homestead, died January 11, 1893. He was prominent in political and religious affairs; was deeply interested in the study of nature and became a taxidermist of note. A portion of his fine collection of stuffed birds was presented by his widow to the Hall Memorial Library. He married, October 11, 1887, Maud, daughter of C. Newton and Fannie (Croxon) Pomeroy, of Somers, Connecticut. 6. Fanny, born April 19, 1867; died July 12, of that year.

(II) Benjamin, son of Rich-KIMBALL and Kimball (q. v.), was born in 1637, about the time his fa-ther removed from Watertown to Ipswich. He died June 11, 1695. He resided in Exeter, New Hampshire, removed to Salisbury, Massachusetts, thence to Rowley, where, May 12, 1663, he bought land of Elizabeth Starrett, of Haverhill. This land was what was later the town of Bradford. At the first town meeting of Merrimack (later Bradford), February 20, 1668, he was elected an overseer of the town. He bought various other lots of land in Bradford. He and his brother, Richard Kimball, were soldiers in 1683-84 in Captain Appleton's company. Another brother, Thomas, was killed by the Indians, May 3, 1676. Benjamin was a cornet of horse troops. His house was in the west part of Bradford not far from the ancient cemetery. He was a wheelwright and carpenter and carried on a farm. He married, in Salisbury, April, 1661, Mercy, born October 16, 1642, died January 5, 1707-08, daughter of Robert and Ann Hazeltine. She was one of the first members of the church at Bradford, she and sixteen other women being received into the church, January 7, 1702-03. He owned a fourth part of a sawmill at Haverhill near Amesbury, bought of Matthew Harrison. The gravestones of Benjamin and Mercy Kimball are in the old graveyard. Children: Anna, born December 23, 1661, died January 1, 1774; Mary, December 27, 1663, died February 5, 1664; Richard, mentioned below; Elizabeth, July 24, 1669; David, July 26, 1671, died June 14, 1743; Jonathan, November 26, 1673, died September 30, 1747; Robert, March 5, 1675-76, died February 24, 1744; Abraham, March 24, 1677-78, died February 25, 1707-08; Samuel, March 28, 1680; Ebenezer (twin), June 20, 1684, died January 23, 1715; Abigail (twin),

died January 23, 1715.

(III) Richard (2), son of Benjamin Kimball, was born December 30, 1665, died January 10, 1710-11. He lived in Bradford and was town clerk there for many years. In the division of his father's estate he received a fourth part of his interest in the sawmill at Haverhill, also land in that place and in Amesbury. He married, September 6, 1692, Mehitable, born January 26, 1669, daughter of John and Sarah (Pengry) Day. She married (second) Richard Kimball, son of Thomas Kimhall, and cousin to her first husband, and survived him. Children, born in Bradford: Sarah, born July 5, 1693; Benjamin, July 11, 1695, mentioned below; Abraham, April 24, 1698, died February 19, 1711; Abigail, August 7, 1700, died of smallpox March 25, 1722; Job, September 16, 1702; Stephen, February 13, 1708; Richard, January

9. 1711. (IV) Benjamin (2), son of Richard (2). Kimball, was born in Bradford, July 11, 1695, died there in 1752. He married, in Haverhill, February 17, 1719, Priscilla, born November 25, 1698, died November, 1782, daughter of Richard and Hannah (Andrews) Hazen, of Haverhill, and granddaughter of Edward Hazen, who settled in Rowley as early as 1648. Her mother was daughter of Robert Andrews, immigrant ancestor of Governor Andrews of Massachusetts. Priscilla Kimball married (second) February 26, 1756, Captain Daniel Ames. She was a woman of great strength of character and ability. Children, born in Bradford: Mehitable, January 11, 1721; Mary, April 11, 1723; Abigail, December 2, 1725; Obadiah, May 28, 1728, died October 22, 1804; Sarah, July 15, 1731; Richard, October 13, 1732, mentioned below; Priscilla, October 29, 1734; Benjamin, November 22, 1736, died January 8, 1756, of quinsy, in Nova Scotia, while a soldier in the French War; John, Feb-

Kim all - line in a allow 1 - d- 1 rese the tree of history lines conversed with his family in the evening, he read the last two chapters of Ephesians, then traved, and retired to his bed. He died imriediately. He was a farmer and lived on the state of the s

Pr. 1707, its title of Alexa II common, at Plaiston, New Hampshire, and a descendant of Bernard Harriman, the immigrant, who came from Rowley, county York, England. settled in Peacham, Vermont. Children, born in the West Parish, Haverbill, Massachu-September 21, 1833; James, February 4, 1758; Jesse, December 31, 1759, died young;

Joab, April 15, 1762, mentioned below; Betty, baptized September 2, 1764, die! unmarried; ember 5, 1854; Abigail, 1771; Richard Ha-

(VI) Joab, son of Richard (3) Kimball, was born April 15, 1762, died November 19, went as a soldier in the revolution at a very early age, serving three years. He enlisted April 10, 1781, at Haverhill, and marched to 1781, he was in Captain Sylvanus Smith's under command of General Patterson. In February, 1783, he was transferred to the ell's company, serving until December, 1783. when he was discharged at West Point. The rder for discharge was signed by General Knox, and is in the possession of the family of his grandson, the late Leonard A. Morrison. He underwent great privations while health being permanently injured. He was a fine-looking man, short, fleshy, of a light complexion. He lost much property in early they allowed him to pay, and from these reverses he never fully recovered. He and his wife resided many years in Ryegate, Barnet and Peacham, Vermont. He married, January 24, 1799. Elizabeth, born in Uxbridge. Massachusetts, January 24, 1773, died in Windham, New Hampshire, July 9, 1862, daughter of Thomas and Martha (Park) Reed. She was of medium height, with hazel eyes, dark-brown hair, and light complexion.

for her children to have educational advanremoved to Windham and lived with her daughter, Mrs. Eleanor Morrison. Chibiren:

of the second time their terrors of

Lucy, March 13, 1818, at Danville, Vermont. (VII) Jesse Merrill, son of Joab Kimball, was born June 19, 1809, in Danville, Verden Edwards, January 18, 1853, died April 7, den Edwards, January 16, 1855, died April 7, 1854; Arthur Reed, February 1, 1855, mentioned below; Mary Eliza, born in Brooklyn, January 2, 1857, died June 17, 1857.

(VIII) Arthur Reed, son of Jesse Merrill Kimball, was born in New York City, Feb-

ruary 1, 1855. He prepared for college at ing Company, publishers of the Waterbury American, in which company he is also a di-

to leading magazines, including Scribner's, The Century, North American Review, Among other enterprises with which Mr. Kimball is prominently connected are the following: He is a director in the Chase Corporation, in the Chase Rolling Mill Company, in the Waterbury Manufacturing Company, in the Industrial School for Girls at Middletown, a member of the executive committee of the Civil Service Reform Association of Connecticut, of the Century Club of New York, of Governor Woodruff's tuberculosis commission, chairman of the executive committee of the Gaylord Farm Commission, secretary of the Waterville Corporation, deputy governor of the Society of Colonial Wars, and president of the Waterbury Anti-tuberculosis League. He is independent in politics and in religion is a Congregationalist. He married, May 15, 1895, Mary E., daughter of Augustus S. Chase, of Waterbury. Children: Elizabeth Chase, born February 4, 1900; Chase, January 20, 1902.

SKINNER William Skinner, son of John Skinner, was born in Portsea, county Hants, England, Feb-

ruary 4, 1813. His father immigrated to this country in 1820 and settled in New York City, bringing his family with him. William married Jane Katherine, daughter of Abraham Emmett, of New York City, April 15, 1833, and became a merchant tailor in that city. He

died October 10, 1848.

(II) William Joseph, eldest son of William Skinner, was born in New York City, Decem-5, 1842. He attended the public schools for a time, then enlisted in the United States Military Academy at West Point as a drummer boy when fourteen years of age. He remained at the academy for the next four years and on the breaking out of the civil war, in 1861, he was sent from there to New Haven by the United States government, to drill the First Brigade Connecticut Volunteers, the first troops destined by Connecticut for service in the civil war. His enlistment in the regular army expired in December, 1861, and in the following July, 1862, he joined the Fifteenth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers (three years' men). At the close of the war he entered civil life. In 1862 he married Celia E., daughter of William Wallace Hoggan, a native of Westville, Connecticut, and Sarah Sophia (Tuttle) Hoggan, daughter of Alvin Tuttle, of New Haven. At the time of this marriage the Hoggan family lived at New Haven.

(III) Dr. Clarence Edward Skinner, eldest

son of William Joseph Skinner, was born in New Haven, June 8, 1868. He attended the West street and Fair street public schools in New Haven for a short time, and later, when his parents removed their residence to Westville, Connecticut, he attended the public school at that place. After finishing his course at the Westville school he entered the Commercial and Collegiate Institute (Russell's Military Academy), which he attended until 1882. In 1888 he entered the Yale Medical School, worked his way through, and graduated with the degree of M.D. in 1891, the Keese prize for the best thesis being divided equally between Dr. Skinner and Dr. Reuben Lockhart, of Bridgeport. He was immediately appointed resident physician at Springside Home (The New Haven Alms-House), and at the completion of his service in this institution began practice in New Haven.

Of progressive tendencies, he soon became interested in the methods of disease treatment outside of traditional lines and began experiments on the therapeutic uses of dry hot air in 1897. He published the results of his investigations in various medical journals at various times thereafter. His original work along these lines resulted in his receiving the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Rutherford College, in 1900. In 1901 he was appointed Professor of Thermaerotherapy in the New York School of Physical Therapeutics, going to New York twice weekly for the purpose of delivering lectures and conducting clinics. In 1902 Dr. Skinner completed "Therapeutics of Dry Hot Air," a book of 260 pages, the first authoritative and exhaustive work written on this subject, which was published by A. L. Chatterton and Company of New York City. In 1905 the second edition of this book was awarded the Diplome d' Honneur, by the International Congress of Physiological Therapy held at Liege, Belgium.

Early in 1901 he became interested in the X-ray treatment of various diseases, especially cancer, and in 1902 his work in this field resulted in the most remarkable X-ray cure of a case of cancer that had been reported up to that time. This occurrence was duplicated in 1904, when he reported before the International Electrical Congress at St. Louis the cure of a case of abdominal cancer by X-rays which is still the most remarkable on record. In 1902 he was elected secretary of the American Electro-Therapeutic Association and held the position for three years. Although nominated he declined a re-election to this office in 1905. In this same year he was elected vice-president of the American

Roentgen Ray Society.

He begin by constraining the con-1902, being placed in charge of the department of Lemmanther at the June of Attennet Dengance Larte in ...... L. Water the person of the control of t et Aboth and a A service shifting a take ready, 000, and the Manager James Lorday (Amery a mental) sine sound to drugless methods of disease management. Freudenthal, William Bradbury Noves, Wendell Christopher Phillips, Alphonso David Roche To The Thirt and clair Tousey, of New York, New York; Gor-Franklin Martin, of Chicago, Illinois; Gus-Haven, Connecticut; Arthur Willis Goodspeed and George Edward Pfahler, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; George Coffin Johnston, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Robert Reyburn, of Washington, D. C.; Ernest Albert-Weil, of Paris, France; Hermann Algyogyi, France: Carlo Colombe, Rome, Italy; Ludwig Halber andre im Alfacti Van Strolate Germany: Leopold Laquer, Frankfort-on-Hungary; and Mr. John Hall-Edwards, Birmingham, England.

Sanitarium in New Haven, an institution especially established and equipped for the treatment of rheumatism and like ailments. In City Private Hospital, a corporate institution, of which Dr. Skinner is now medical superintendent and corporation secretary. This institution is unique. It is elaborately equipped with apparatus for the application of dry hot air, electricity, electric light, X-rays, mechanical vibration, hydrotherapy, etc., etc. Any reputable physician or surgeon can enter patients afflicted with either acute or chronic diseases, and care for them himself without any interference from the regular house staff, or any patient can enter and have any physician he desires take charge of his case, entirely independent of the hospital authorities as far as treatment is concerned. It therefore exhibits the features of a sanitarium for chronic diseases as well as those of a general hospital. No patient having a mental or con-tagious disease is admitted. The board of directors is constituted as follows: Andrew R. Bradley, president; Henry L. Swain, M.D., vice-president; Clarence G. Spalding, treas-urer; Clarence E. Skinner, M.D., secretary; John T. Manson, Samuel H. Read, Drs. Norton R. Hotchkiss, Oliver T. Oshorne, Jay

Dr. Skinner is a member of the American Metheal Association, American Electro-TheraConnecticut Medical Association. New Haven in the Colony Historical Society. He is a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church of New Haven, of Hiram Lodge, No. 1, Free and Accepted Masons; of Pulaski Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of New Haven, and of Crawford Council, Royal and Select Masters. In politics he is independent.

He married Edith Hart, only child of Hart and Rebecca (Temple) Hotchkiss, December 31, 1806. Her father was born in Bethany, Connecticut, July 2, 1833, died in New Haven, February 16, 1807. Her mother was born in New Haven, Connecticut, June 14, 1837, daughter of Abram and Rebecca (Clapp) Temple, of Easthampton, Massachusetts. Rebecca Clapp was born August 28, 1805, at Easthampton, daughter of Aaron Clapp (see

Hart Hotchkiss was the son of Hiram Hotchkiss, born April 22, 1705, died January 22, 1850, and Rebecca Hotchkiss, born January 13, 1708, died September 28, 1840. Hiram Hotchkiss was the son of Captain Silas Hotchkiss, who was born in 1766, died in 1849; married Susanna Peck. Joseph Hotchkiss, father of Captain Silas, was born in 1737, died at Bethany, Connecticut (Lebanon Rocks), in 1800; married, in 1762, at Woodbridge; children: Hannah, and Thomas, who died in 1821. Isaac Hotchkiss, father of Joseph, was born in 1701, died in 1750, at Bethany, Connecticut; married, 1725, Rachel Carnes or Kerns, daughter of Thomas; children: Joseph, Thomas and Doreas, and the latter died in 1790. Joshua Hotchkiss, father of Isaac, was born in 1651, died in 1722; sergeant and ensign in King Philip's war; married (second) Hannah Tuttle, born 1662, died 1710. Samuel Hotchkiss, father of Joshua, was from Essex, England, settled in New Haven in 1641; married, in 1642, Elizabeth Claverly, with the service of the servi

## Charles Charles Committee

The surname Clapp or Clap had its origin in the proper or personal name of Osgod Clapa, a Danish noble in the court of King Canute (1017-1036). The site of his country

place was known as Clapham, county Surrey. The ancient seat of the family in England is at Salcombe in Devonshire, where important estates were owned for many centuries by this family. Coat-of-arms of this branch: First and fourth three battle-axes; second sable a griffin passant argent; third sable an eagle with two heads displayed with a border engrailed argent. A coat-of-arms in common use by the Clapp family in England and America is: Vaire gules and argent a quarter azure charged with the sun or. Crest: A pike naiant proper. Motto: Fais ce que dois advienne que pourra.

The American family is descended from six immigrants, Edward and Captain Roger, sons of William Clapp, and John, Nicholas, Thomas and Ambrose, sons of Nicholas of Venn Ottery, Devonshire, England. The fathers William and Nicholas were brothers. wife of Edward Clapp was daughter of Nicholas Clapp. All came to Dorchester, Massachusetts, forming one of the most prominent

and influential families of that town.

(I) William Clapp, of this ancient Devonshire family, lived at Salcombe Regis, Devonshire. Two of his sons were prominent among the pioneers of Dorchester. 1. Captain Roger, mentioned below. 2. Edward, came over after his brother, about 1633; admitted freeman December 7, 1636; was proprietor, town officer, deacon; married (first) Prudence Clapp, daughter of his uncle, Nicholas Clapp, of Venn

Ottery; (second) Susannah -

(II) Captain Roger, son of William Clapp, was born in Salcombe Regis, Devonshire, England, April 6, 1609. He sailed from Plymouth on the ship, "Mary and John," for New England, March 20, 1630, arriving at Nantasket, May 30, 1630. He was one of the first settlers of Dorchester in 1630. He was a proprietor and was admitted a freeman May 14, 1634. He was chosen selectman in 1637, and fourteen times afterward, previous to 1665, when he took command of the fort, being appointed August 10th of that year "captain of the castle," with a salary of fifty pounds a year. He was several times deputy to the general court. At the first regular organization of the militia in 1644, he was lieutenant of the Dorchester company, and was afterward captain. He was one of the founders of the Dorchester church and a member for sixty years. He was a kind and considerate officer, and honored and respected by all under his authority. Such was the affection in which he was held by the citizens that on the occasion when he was seriously ill, a day of fasting and prayer was ordered by the town of Dorchester, that they

might pray for his recovery. On his restoration to health, a day of thanksgiving was set apart. He removed to Boston in 1686, and died there February 2, 1691. He married, November 6, 1633, Johanna, daughter of Thomas Ford, of Dorchester, England, who was a passenger on the same ship. She was born June 8, 1617, died in Boston, June 29, 1695. Children: Samuel, born October 11, 1634, died October 16, 1708; William, July 5, 1636, died September 22, 1638; Elizabeth, June 22, 1638, died December 25, 1711, married Joseph Holmes; Experience, August 23, 1640, died young; Waitstill, October 22, 1641, died August 9, 1643; Preserved, November 23, 1643, mentioned below; Experience, December, 1645, died young; Hopestill, November 6, 1647, died September 2, 1719; Wait, March 17, 1649, died May 3, 1717, married Jonathan Simpson; Thanks, baptized August 25, 1650, died young; Desire, October 17, 1652, died November, 1717; Thomas, April, 1655, died 1670: Unite, October 13, 1656, died March 20, 1664; Supply, October 30, 1660, died March 5, 1666.

(III) Preserved, son of Captain Roger Clapp, was born November 23, 1643, died September 20, 1720. He lived in Dorchester until he was about twenty years old, when he removed to Northampton, and became one of the leading citizens there. He was captain of the militia and ruling elder of the church. He was deputy to the general court. He married, June 4, 1668, Sarah Newberry, of Windsor, who died October 3, 1716, aged sixty-six, daughter of Major Benjamin Newberry. Children: Sarah, born February 24, 1669, died young; Wait, November 8, 1670, married John Taylor Jr.; Mary, December 14, 1672, died November 2, 1691; Preserved, April 29, 1675, died October 11, 1757; Samuel 1677, died 1761; Hannah, May 3, 1681, married (first) January I, 1699, Abraham Miller; (second) Lieutenant John Parsons; Roger, May 24, 1684, mentioned below; Thomas, June 16,

1688, died 1745.

(IV) Roger (2), son of Preserved Clapp, was born May 24, 1684. He married Eliza-beth, daughter of Samuel Bartlett. Their children all lived to grow up and had families. He lived in Northampton. He was captain in the military company, and representative to the general court. He died in 1762, and his widow, August 9, 1767. Children: Roger, born April 3, 1708; Elizabeth, May 29, 1710; Jonathan, born in 1713; Aaron, January 30, 1715, mentioned below; Asahel, about 1717; Supply, about 1721; Charles, in 1725; Noah, died about 1751; Simeon, born in 1728.

(V) Aaron, son of Roger (2) Clapp, was

born Lawrer to 1775 ii mood to 1886 a Lawrer 1990 ii Bartlett. Children: Aaron, born April 5, 17.8. confine to Daying minutes of 1750. promote the active Active married John Duvoy; Levi, in 1700, soldier in

revolution; Eli, married Hannah Lyman.

IVII American Statement & Carewas born April 5, 1748. He married and re-1808. Children: Aaron, born June 6, 1771, married Electa Packard, Benoni, Harvey, Diodema, Phebe, Jemima, Lovisa, Daughter,

1211 Annual (1) and Annual at Line trried, February 16, 1798, Rebecca, born April 19, 1770, died August 31, 1834, daughter in Easthampton. Children: Octavia, born August 26, 1801; Octavia, June 4, 1803; S., October 26, 1800; Eunice A., October 28, (XXI Carrolly becomes a 1995)

born at Middletown, July 20, 1731; married (first) January 10, 1700, Mercy, Sears. Mercy Sears was born at Yarmouth, er Sears, her father, was born at Yarmouth, August 15, 1604, died at East Hampton, Connecticut. He removed to Middletown about 1748 and settled on the east side of the river cars, George Willard, Edmund Freeman, 1 dward Bangs, Robert Hicks, Thomas Howes, Captain John Gorham, Edward Sturgis and from these who were passengers on the "Mayflower"? Elder William Brewster and Mary, his wife, John Howland and Elizabeth (Til-ley) Howland, his wife, and the latter's parents, John Tilley and his wife.

Sarah Howes, born January 20, 1670, was a daughter of Ebenezer and Sarah (Gorham) Harmon there are the annual Jeremiah and Sarah (Prence) Howes. Jeremiah, born about 1637, died January 5, 1705. was a sm of Three sort Very Done Prence, who died March 3, 1707, was a daugh-

at Chatham; married November 20, 1806,

and died there, October 25, 1865, at the home of her daughter Harriet. She was buried, however, in the Episcopal churchyard in Portland. Children, born in Chatham: 1. Alden, December 16, 1807, died November 20, 1813.
2. Ansel Penfield, November 12, 1809, died October 21, 1813.
3. Francis, mentioned below.
4. Edward, August 17, 1813, died November 11, 1889; married (first), January 5, 1841, Emelia Sophronia Lewis, of Hebron, who died September 28, 1862; married (second) August 17, 1864, widow, Julia M. Gardner, who died August 16, 1896; children, born in Portland: Harriet Elizabeth, October 27, 1841; Sarah Sophronia, January 30, 1843; Penelope, July 25, 1845; Francis Lewis, July 9, 1847; Emily Auralia, February 17, 1850; Rachel Maria, February 12, 1852. 5. Harriet, born February 5, 1816, died April 13, 1897; married Merritt Baldwin, of Bristol, November 20, 1842. 6. Penelope Eddy, born June 6, 1818, died January 2, 1868; married Henry Bronson, at Bristol, January 3, 1847.

(VII) Francis, son of Elijah Shepard, was born at Chatham, August 19, 1811; married, December 18, 1834, Phebe Asenath, daughter of Shubael and Chloe (Chapin) Waterman, of Bolton, Connecticut. She was born October 22, 1812, at Vernon, New York, whither her parents had removed. Her father was baptized December 30, 1781 (name incorrectly recorded as Ezra), and was drowned while engaged in carrying supplies to the army on the Canadian border, when Phebe was nine months old, leaving his wife with four small children. His widow returned to Bolton. Ezra Waterman, father of Shubael, was born at Norwich and died about 1831 at Bolton, married (second) at East Haddam, April 5, 1770, Mary Brewster, born April 13, 1745, at Lebanon, died April 11, 1798, at Bolton. Daniel Waterman, father of Ezra, was born October 2, 1701, at Norwich, died March 7, 1773, married, June 26, 1723, Mary Gifford, born December 23, 1701. Thomas Waterman, father of Daniel, was born in 1670, married, June 29, 1601, Elizabeth Allyn, Ensign Thomas Waterman, born 1644, at Marshfield, was an original settler of Norwich, and died 1708, married, 1668, Miriam Tracy. Robert Waterman, father of Thomas, came to Salem from England, lived at Plymouth and Marshfield and died September, 1652; married, December 9, 1638, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Bourne, Miriam (Tracy) Waterman, born 1648, was a daughter of Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, of Watertown, Salem, Wethersfield, Saybrook and Norwich, recently shown to have been in all probability a son of William Tracy, who died in Virginia, April 8, 1621, and grandson of Sir John Tracy, of Toddington, Gloucestershire. Elizabeth (Allyn) Waterman was the daughter of John and Elizabeth (Gager) Allyn, granddaughter of Robert Allyn, of Salem, New London and Norwich and of John and Elizabeth Gager. John Gager was of New London and Norwich (1659), died December 10, 1703, son of William Gager who came with Winthrop in 1630. Mary (Gifford) Waterman, born December 23, 1701, was a daughter of Samuel and Mary (Calkins) Gifford. Samuel Gifford was born in 1668, died August 26, 1714, lived at Norwich and Lebanon. Stephen Gifford, father of Samuel, died November 27, 1724, married, May, 1667, Hannah Gove, who died January 24, 1671. Mary (Calkins) Gifford, born May 1669, died July 30, 1748, was a daughter of John and Sarah (Royce) Calkins, granddaughter of Deacon Hugh and Ann Calkins, granddaughter of Deacon Hugh and Ann Calkins, and of Robert and Elizabeth Royce, immigrant ancestors.

Mary (Brewster) Waterman, born April 13, 1745, died April 11, 1798, at Bolton, was a daughter of Daniel and Mary (Dimock) Brewster. Daniel Brewster was born November 21, 1714, at Lebanon, died May 7, 1749, married, October 10, 1734, Mary Dimock, born September 14, 1710, at Mansfield. Benjamin Brewster, father of Daniel, was born December 25, 1673, died in 1755, at Lebanon, married, December 17, 1696, Mary Smith. Benjamin Brewster, father of Benjamin, was born November 17, 1633, at Duxbury, died September 14, 1710, at Norwich, married, February 28, 1660, Ann (Addis) Darte, daughter of William Addis, of Gloucester (1642) and New London. Jonathan Brewster, father of Benjamin, was born August 12, 1593, at Scrooby, England, and died at Norwich, August 7, 1659, son of Elder William Brewster, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work. Jonathan Brewster married, April 10, 1624, Lucretia Oldham. Mary (Smith) Brewster, born November 21, 1672, at Groton, was a daughter of Edward Smith, of New London and Groton, and Elizabeth Bliss, daughter of Thomas Bliss, Jr., a sketch of whom appears in this work. Mary (Dimock) Brewster was born September 14, 1710, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Dimock, of Mansfield, granddaughter of Deacon Shubael and Joanna (Bursley) Dimock, of Barnstable. Elder Thomas Dimock, father of Shubael, was of Dorchester and Barnstable. (See Dimock elsewhere in this work.)

Chloe (Chapin) Waterman, born March 30, 1782, at Stafford, died March 17, 1872, at Bristol, was a daughter of Aaron and Phebe (Spencer) Chapin. (See Spencer Line).





Charles N. Shepaid

Aaron, father of Aaron Chapin, was born September 28, 1714, at Enfield, died April 19 1868, at Same married a feel Markling, Lande sure / Lande type Theory Chipha falls - Young in born June 26, 1677, at Springfield, and died Larse from Julie 1155 115 1736. Japhet Chapin, father of Ebenezer, Million To an its first stind now at it. Prosting on the American of James Seables Made Times Common a daughter of Abel Janes, son of William and Mary Janes, of New Haven and Northampton, unregrats on the Land Some 18, born 1659, died April 24, 1735, daughter of William and Mary (Steele) Judd, of Farmington, granddaughter of Deacon Thomas Judd, who is mentioned elsewhere in this work, and of John and Rachel Steele, immigrants.

ary 1, 1720, at Enfield, died March 1, 1791, daughter of Daniel Markham, born November I, 1671, at Cambridge, and Deborah Meach-Daniel, came to New England in 1665, and lived at Cambridge and Middletown; married, November 3, 1600, Elizabeth Whitmore, born May 1, 1649. Deacon Daniel is said to be son of Daniel Markham, brother of Mathew, mayor of Norwich, England, 1665, and son of Sir Robert Markham. Elizabeth (Whitmore) Markham, born May 1, 1649, was a daughter of Francis Whitmore, born 1625, in Engand Stamford. Francis Whitmore married ter of Richard Park, of Cambridge, immigrant. Deborah (Meacham) Markham, born April 8, 1681, was a daughter of Captain Isaac Meacham, a weaver of Salem and Enfield, who married December 26, 1660, Deborah (Browning) Perkins, widow of John Perkins and daughter of Thomas Browning, of Salem and Topsfield, Massachusetts.

Francis Shepard was an expert worker in the Portland sandstone, which was then the stone chiefly used for building and decorative purposes, and he was employed on important work in Hartford and vicinity. He died in East Hartford, May 8, 1858, where his grave, according to his request, is marked by a large slab of the red sandstone. His family, shortly after his death, removed to Bristol, Connection, where his statum days Squember 15.

1876, and she is buried there. Children of Francis and Phebe Shepard: 1. Frederick Chapin, born at Hartford, November 15, 1835, died, unmarried, at Bristol, July 27, 1882. 2. Francis Waterman, mentioned below. 3. Emma Maria, born at Hartford, November 27, 1842; married (first) at Bristol, Erwin Augustus Parlin, July 30, 1802; two children died in infancy and he died in 1875; married (second) at Winsted, March 24, 1886, Charles Eddy Wright, of New Britain, when 2 10800.

tober 3, 1906. 4, Elfa Charlotte, ton, January 15, 1846; married at New Haven, July 8, 1870, Stephen E. Harrison, and died

son and four daughters. 5. Rosetta Phebe, born at East Hartford, July 6, (85), married James Oscar Belden, April 22, (806) (see Belden line).

(VIII) Francis Waterman, son of Francis Shepard, was born at Manchester, Connecticut, October 25, 1838; married, February 18, 1860, Emma, daughter of Isaac and Marietta (Holmes) Belden (see Belden). Mr. Shepard's hopes of a professional education were shattered by his father's early death and the family responsibilities which devolved upon him. After removing to Bristol, he found employment in the manufacturing enterprises of that busy town, and was for a long time an overseer in the factory of the late S. E. Root, retiring some ten years ago, since which time his chief interests have been his church and his garden. He had joined the Congregational church in East Hartford, but soon after his marriage he returned with his wife to the Episcopal church to which his father's family belonged. He has filled nearly every office in Trinity Church, Bristol, and has been its senior warden for many years. The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Waterman Shepard was Rey. Charles Norman, mentioned below.

(IX) Rev. Charles Norman Shepard, son of Francis Waterman Shepard, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, January 8, 1870. Professor Shepard began his education in the public schools of Bristol, graduating from the high school in 1887. He then entered Trinity College, where he graduated with high honors in the class of 1891, receiving the degree of bachelor of arts, followed by master of arts in 1804. He then entered the General Theological Seminary in New York, the foremost seminary of the Episcopal church, where he graduated in 1894 with the degree of bachelor of divinity and the appointment to a tutorial fellowship. The late Bishop Williams ordained him to the Diaconate in 1804 and to the

New York Universities, and has been successively Fellow, Instructor in Hebrew, Adjunct Professor of Biblical Learning and, since 1906, Professor of Hebrew and Cognate Languages in the General Theological Seminary.

Professor Shepard is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society; the Society of Biblical Literature and Exegesis; the American Oriental Society; the New York Oriental Club; and the New York Churchman's Association. He lives at 9 Chelsea Square, New York City, and has his summer home at Bristol on the historic Chippeny Hill. He married, June 22, 1904, Marguerite, only daughter of Hon. Edward Butler and Alice Eliza (Giddings) Dumbar, of Bristol (see Dunbar line). Children, born at Bristol: Katherine, June 4, 1905; Alice Engraphysis Dumbar, 1906; Marguerite Dumbar, 1906; Marguer Alice Emma, June 30, 1906; Marguerite Dunbar, October 25, 1908.

Mrs. Shepard is a member of Katharine Gaylord Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, as a descendant of the following revolutionary soldiers: John Dunbar, Fife-Major Miles Dunbar, Thomas Welcher Painter, Demas Warner, Sergeant Benjamin Giddings and Ephraim Munson. Moses Dunbar, the lovalist, the most noteworthy character connected with Bristol in the revolutionary war, was a brother of her ancestor, Miles

Phebe (Spencer) Chapin, born at Somers, April 1, 1750, died August 4, 1816, was a daughter of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Root) Spencer. Ebenezer Spencer was born at Hartford about 1707, died at Somers, November 20, 1787; married, February 14, 1734, Elizabeth Root. Ebenezer Spencer, father of Ebenezer, was born in Hartford, married, February 28, 1699, Mary Booth, and removed from Colchester to Enfield, 1720. He was the son of Obadiah and Mary (Desborough) Spencer and grandson of Sergeant Thomas Spencer and Nicholas and Mary (Brunson) Desborough, of Hartford. Mary (Booth) Spencer, born about 1670, died September 3, 1724, was the daughter of Simeon and Rebecca (Frost) Booth, of Fairfield, Hartford and Enfield, and granddaughter of Robert and Deborah Booth, of Exeter and Saco and of Daniel and Elizabeth Frost, of Fairfield. Daniel was a son of William Frost, who came from Nottingham, England, and died 1645. Elizabeth (Root) Spencer was a daughter of Timothy and Sarah (Pease) Root. Timothy Root, born December 3, 1685, at Westfield, Massachusetts, removed to Enfield and about 1713 to Somers; married, 1710, Sarah Pease. Thomas Root, father of Timothy, born about 1648 at Farmington, removed to Westfield, died August

16, 1709, married (second) October 7, 1675, Mary Spencer, died November 4, 1690, probably born May 20, 1655, and daughter of Sergeant Thomas Spencer, mentioned above, and his second wife Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel Bearding. Thomas Root was the son of John Roote, the immigrant, and Mary Kilbourn, and grandson of John and Mary (Russell) Roote, of Badby, Northamptonshire, and of Thomas and Frances Kilbourn, who came from Wood Ditton, Cambridge county, England, in 1635 and settled at Wethersfield (Glastonbury). Sarah (Pease) Root, born September 27, 1689, died 1750, was a daughter of Captain John Pease, one of the pioneers of Enfield, born at Salem, Massachusetts, May 30, 1654, died 1734, married, January 30, 1677, Margaret Adams, of Ipswich. Captain John Pease was the son of John Pease, of Salem and Enfield, and his first wife Mary Goodell, and grandson of Robert and Marie Pease, who came from Great Baddow, Essex county, England, and of Robert and Catherine Goodell,

From the researches of Jessie Perry Van Zile Belden it appears that Belden is a place name and the family of ancient English origin. Bayldon or Baildon Common is a chapelry in the West Riding of Yorkshire, situated on an eminence overlooking the river Aire. Baildon was in the Angle kingdom of Deira, A.D. 550, whence came the immortal youths seen by Gregory at Rome, and it has been the seat of the Baildon or Belden family since the time of King John. Baildon Hall is still in a good state of preservation. Some alterations were made in 1660 by Francis Baildon, cousin of the American immigrant, and the cornice of the drawing room bears his initials. The hall was built some time during the fifteenth century. The coat-of-arms of the Bayldons of Bayldon is described: Argent, a fesse between three fleur-de-lis, sable. The simplicity of the arms indicates great age.

(I) Walter Bayldon, earliest English ancestor known in the direct line, married a

daughter of Thomas Gargrave.

(II) John Bayldon, son of Walter, married (first) a daughter of John Haldenby, of Haldenby, county York; (second) October 15, 1515, Mary Copley, daughter of Edward of Doncaster, Yorkshire, and he inherited his wife's estate. He died December 22, 1526.

(III) George Baildon, third son of John by the second wife was born about 1520. He was of Methley, 1567, and of Hardwick, 1574. He-married Anne, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Pigot) Folkingham, of Leeds, and

which the state of 
1588, and was knighted at the coronation of James I. He was married four times. By his first wife Frances, daugiter of Henry Johnson of Leathley, who was buried at Kuppax

William, baptized January 4, 1589, who died before his father; Richard, mentioned below, and six younger children. By his third wife I

leby, who survived him, he had no hildren. Sir Francis died in 1023.

entry: 'Richard Bayldon aged 19 yeares borne at Kippax in Com. Ebor, (i. e., County of York) intending to pass over for Bredaugh (Breda) to be a souldier under Capen Blum

with an extra n and a flourish. It is of httle importance that his age is given inaccurately; this taste for adventure. He was involved in controversies over the settling of his father's estate in 1624, after which he disappears from English records. His identification with the management of the head his fortune to make. Opportunities were not plentiful in England and if he had failed to win a competence after years of effort, if his wife had died and his home ties were broken, and if his sympathies were strongly with the Puritan party, it was quite natural that he should take his sons and set out for America, as others were doing all around him. The emigrant seems to have been such a man. His name upon his arrival and presumably at his fairection is spelled Richard Baylden. It was an uncommon name borne as far as appears by no other family in England. The age of his sons and other circumstances would indicate that he was in the neighborhood of fifty years old. His eldest son bore the name of the deceased brother William. Those were days of careless promunciation and phonetic spelling, and the name is soon stelled in vari-

Richard Baylden is found acquiring at

Lent air line line

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a relic of his early days. The thre

about 1631, and they all left de-

ish. He was admitted freeman in the same

John Mason. He was active in t

age of forty-six, left an estate of 1911. He wrote his name John belden. The births of gight children are recorded.

(VII) Samuel Belden, son of John, was born January 3, 1605; married, January 14, 1685, Hannah, daughter of Richard Handy and granddaughter of John Elderkin, of Norwich. He died December 27, 1738, and his widow died January 20, 1742. There were nine children.

(VIII) Gideon Belden, son of Samuel, was born March 24, 1693; married, February 7, 1712, Elizabeth, daughter of Zachery Seymour, granddaughter of Richard and Mercy Seymour, of Hartford, Farmington and Norwalk. Zachery Seymour married, February 9, 1688, Mary, daughter of Widow Mary Gritt (Garrett?) and died August 10, 1702. Gideon Belden died in 1733. They had fourteen children

(IX) Elisha Belden, son of Gideon, was born July 22, 1715. At his father's death, in his nineteenth year, he was put under the guardianship of fosiah Churchill. In "Ancient Wetherstield" he is identified with his son Elisha, but the dates and ages given there corroborate the family tradition that there were three Flishas in the line. Particulars concerning his family, however, have not yet been disentangled from the records.

(X) Elisha Belden, son of the above, died

who survived him, dying at Berlin, July 11 1817, in her eighty-seventh

men, which Connecticut raised for the disas-

trous campaign of that year against the French and Indians, and served thirty-three weeks and six days. He enlisted under the same captain and general again in 1759 in the successful expedition against Ticonderoga and Crown Point, serving thirty-six weeks and four days. He must have married shortly after returning from this campaign. When the "Lexington Alarm" sounded through the colony in 1775, though he had become the father of a numerous family, his martial spirit was aroused again and he enrolled himself among those who were ready to fight. His name is also found on the lists in 1778, so that he is entitled to be called a soldier of the revolution, though he did not serve for any length of time.

The eldest of his children seems to have been Abraham, born about 1761. The baptisms of the others are found as follows on the records of Stepnev parish: Joshua, September 30, 1764; John, February 2, 1766; Honor, November 29, 1767; Aziel, April 6, 1770 (born March 28); Elisha, December 8, 1771; Prudence, May 29, 1774; Lydia, August 6, 1775; Isaac, October 10, 1779; Joel, May 26, 1782. The wife of his grandson Isaac, born 1810, in giving the list of his family (1896), omitted the names of Prudence and Isaac, who probably died young.

(XI) Elisha, son of the above, known as Elisha Belden, Junior, was baptized December 8, 1771. His wife was Phebe Tryon, of Glastonbury. The Connecticut river was then the highway of commerce, and Rocky Hill was an important business center. He owned one of the two shipyards, and is mentioned as a noted shipwright in connection with boats built in the early part of the nineteenth century, among them the brig "Mary," 1805, the schooner "Nancy," 1807, the brig "Dispatch," 1808, and the schooner "Archer," 1810. These were all engaged in foreign His house was on the old shipyard reservation north of the present railroad station. He died February 25, 1848. in his seventy-seventh year. His wife, Phebe, died March 26, 1848, in her eighty-first year. The following record of his children is derived for the most part from his family Bible, which he is said to have read through seventeen times. The later entries are in the handwriting of his son Isaac. George, born June 7, 1797, died unmarried, September 16, 1819. Barzillai, February 9, 1799, died unmarried, May 29, 1889. Nancy, September 26, 1800; married (first) a Mr. Burr, (second) a Mr. Tabor, and died in Ohio, May 7, 1851. Isaac, May 28, 1802, mentioned below. Sophia, March 21, 1804, died September 25, 1805. Otis, April 15, 1807; married, September 10, 1837, Mary W. Butler; drowned in Connecticut river, September 20, 1840, leaving two daughters, who died in infancy.

(XII) Isaac Belden, son of Elisha Belden Junior, was born at Rocky Hill, May 28, 1802, and was baptized May 22, 1803. He married, July 16, 1829, Marietta, daughter of Allen and Martha (Wright) Holmes, of Rocky Hill. She was born November 25,

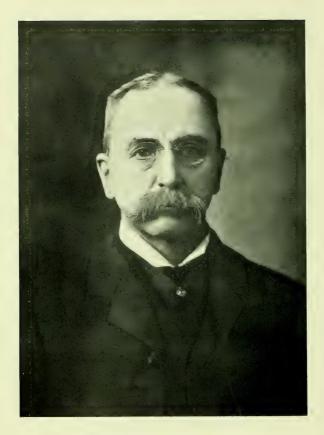
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Allen Holmes, who died June 7, 1841, aged fifty-seven, was the son of John and Mary Holmes. John Holmes was born October 22, 1738. married Mary (Allen?), who died April 19, 1807, aged sixty-eight. He was a comrade of Elisha Belden in the campaigns of 1757 and 1759, and died December 16, 1821. Phineas Holmes, father of John, born April 24, 1713, married, February 5, 1736, Elizabeth Grimes, and died July 5, 1785. His wife died October 7, 1783, aged sixty-six. Jonas Holmes, father of Phineas, married, May 11, 1692, Sarah ——; was a shipwright at Wethersfield (Stepney) and died 1732.

Martha (Wright) Holmes, who died May 12, 1864, aged seventy-nine, was the daughter of Giles Wright. Giles Wright was born June 11, 1756, at Wethersfield, was a soldier in the revolution; married, April 12, 1781, Abiah Dickinson. Justus Wright, father of Giles, was born March 5, 1724, soldier in the revolution, married Anne Williams, born May 5, 1722. Deacon Benjamin Wright, father of Justus, was born December 6, 1686, died 1753; married, June 18, 1719, Hannah Holmes, born December 25, 1694, daughter of Jonas and Sarah Holmes, mentioned above. Deacon Joseph Wright, father of Deacon Benjamin Wright, was born in 1639, died December 17, 1714: married (second) Mercy Stoddard, who was born in November, 1652, daughter of John Stoddard, born in England and settled in Wethersfield, married Maria Foote, daughter of Nathaniel, immigrant, mentioned elsewhere in this work. Thomas Wright, father of Deacon Joseph, is said to have been born November 10, 1610, came from England, and lived at Watertown and Wethersfield.

Anne (Williams) Wright, born May 5, 1722, was a daughter of Captain Jacob Williams, born February 27, 1688, died January 29, 1751; married, July 29, 1719, Eunice Standish, born May 31, 1698, died April 14, 1770. Captain Jacob Williams, father of Captain Jacob Williams, was born March 7, 1665, and died September 26, 1712; married, December 10, 1685, Sarah Gilbert, born December 1, 1661. Thomas Williams, father of Captain Jacob Williams, was one of the first





W. H. Carmalt

settlers at Rocky Hill, Connecticut, 1661, died Line and 
opportunities in a town, whose business departed with the coming of the railroads. His wedding in 1870, surrounded by all their children and many grandchildren. Mrs. Belden survived him for more than twenty years and died in Plainville at the home of her daughter Mary, February 11, 1903, in her ninety-third year. She was in possession of all her faculties until near the end, was able to ne' end do fine employed the Anne and could hear the slightest sound. Children March 1, 1911: 1. Martha, born June 28, Prior, of Middletown. 2. Ellen Sophia, born February 20, 1832, married, December 28, 1851, Norman Robinson Freeman. 3. Nancy. born October 29, 1833, married (first) April. 1848. James Bailey: married (second) February 13, 1854, Oscar Wells. 4. George Eleazer, born March 5, 1838, married. December

Mary Maria, born January 17, 1840, married, June 11, 1857, William Royce, of Plainville, married, April 22, 1869, Rosetta Phebe Shepard (see Shepard). 7, Emma, born December 5, 1847, married, February 18, 1869, Francis Waterman Shepard (see Shepard), 8, Frances Alwilda, born January 22, 1850, married,

CARMALT early in Pennsylvania. Ac-

there were three families of this surname then living in Pennsylvania, all in Ph

(II) James, son of Jonathan and Hannah Carmalt, married, on June 20, 1758, Susanna C. S. Say. Children: Hannah, married William Matlack; Thomas Say, married Sarah Baker; Rebecca, married David Christi; Jonathan, see forward.

(III) Jonathan, son of James and Susanna C. S. (Say) Carmalt, was born in 1767, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He married Hannah (Phipps) Hewlings, a widow. Children: Susanna Say, married John Hudson and died without issue; Caleb, born August 16, 1702,

1704, married Hannah Gaskill; Rebecca, September 13, 1707, died in infancy; James, January 1, 1800, in Chester county, died unmarried; Mary Ann. November 12, 1803, married James Willis.

(IV) Calch, son of Jonathan and Hannah (Phipps) (Hewlings) Carmalt, was born August 16, 1702, at Philadelphia. He married, 1705, daughter of Philip and Rachel Price (see Price V). Children: Hannah: Jonathan: Sibilla Townsend, married John Cox Morris: Samuel Fisher, married Ann Eliza Woolsey: Rachel Price, married Rev, Elisha Mulford; William Henry, see forward; James Edward, married Charlotte Churchill.

(V) Dr. William H. Carmalt, son of Caleb Carmalt, was born at Friendsville, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, August 3, 1836. He was educated at various boarding schools in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Virginia. He studied his profession in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York and

received his degree of M.D. in 1861. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale College in 1881. He began to practice in New York City in 1861; he studied in Germany from 1869 to 1874; since 1876 he has been located at New Haven, Connecticut. He was professor of surgery at Yale from 1881 to 1907, and since then emeritus professor of surgery in Yale University; attending surgeon of the New Haven Hospital; chief surgeon of the New Haven Dispensary. He is a fellow of the American Surgical Association, member of the American Ophthamological Society, and of the Societé Internationale de Chirurgie, secretary of the Congress of American Physicians and Surgeons. He is a member also of the Century Club, of New York, and the Graduates' Club of New Haven. In religion he is a member of the Society of Friends (Quakers), in politics a Republican, with independent proclivities.

He married, December 8, 1863, Laura Woolsey Johnson, of Stratford, Connecticut, born April 3, 1837, a descendant of William Samuel Johnson, one of the framers of the constitution of the United States. She is a niece of the late Theodore Dwight Woolsey, president of Yale College for twenty-five years. Children: I. Ethel, born December 3, 1864. 2. Laurance Johnson, September 3, 1866, a civil engineer; married Helen Frances Clay, of Philadelphia. 3. Geraldine Woolsey,

February 14, 1875.

#### (The Price Line).

(I) Philip Price, immigrant ancestor, came to this country "with the Welsh settlers, but in old age," about 1690, and located first at Haverford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. In 1697 he purchased of Francis Rawle for one hundred and twenty-five pounds a thousand acres in Plymouth, then in Philadelphia county, now in Montgomery county. His wife came with him, but neither her name nor date of death is known. He married (second) Margaret Morgan, when he was eightyfive years old, and he died at the age of ninetyseven years. She died in 1774. He was a Quaker. His will was dated the eleventh day of the twelfth month, 1719, and proved the twenty-second day of the eleventh month, 1720. He left a legacy to the Haverford meeting. He was then of Merion. Children: Sarah, married John Lewis; Frances, married Thomas Reese, February 27, 1692; Isaac, mentioned below.

(II) Isaac, son of Philip Price, was born in Wales or England. He married on the fourth day of the first month, 1696, Susanna

Shoemaker. She was one of the German Quakers from Cresheim in the Palatinate on the right bank of the Rhine, below Heidelberg, Germany. Her mother Sarah arrived in the ship "Jeffries" from London, eighth month, twelfth day, 1685, with children: George, Abraham, Barbary, Isaac, Susanna, aged thirteen, Elizabeth and Benjamin, with ages varying from ten to twenty-three years. She was a cousin of Jacob and Peter Shoemaker. Isaac Price died in 1707, before his father. His will is dated the fourth of the seventh month, 1706, and was proved at Philadelphia, March I, 1706-07. His widow Susanna married William Courten. Children: Mary, Gwen, Isaac, mentioned below.

(III) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) Price, was born in Pennsylvania, about 1705, died 1738 of smallpox. He was apprenticed to Griffith Jones, of Germantown, October 7, 1720. He settled at Plymouth, Pennsylvania, and married there the tenth of the fourth month, June, 1729, Margaret Lewis, died 1738 of consumption, daughter of Henry and Mary Lewis, of Haverford, granddaughter of Henry Lewis, who came from Narabeth, county Pembroke, Wales, settled in Haverford in 1682 and was one of the peacemakers for the county of Philadelphia; died 1688, leaving children, Henry, Samuel and Elizabeth, all born in Wales. Henry Jr. married, December 20, 1692, Mary, daughter of Robert Taylor, of Springfield, formerly of Cheshire; was a member of the assembly in 1715 and 1718 and held other offices. Robert Taylor and wife arrived in the ship "Endeavor" of London on the twenty-ninth of the seventh month, 1683; children: Isaac, Thomas, Jonathan, Phebe, Mary, Martha. Children of Isaac and Margaret (Lewis) Price: Philip, mentioned below, and a daughter.

(IV) Philip (2), son of Isaac (2) Price, was born in Plymouth, Pennsylvania, January 5, 1730-31. He lived to an advanced age in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He married, July 13, 1752, Hannah Bonsall, by Meeting, at Darby, daughter of Benjamin and Martha Bonsall, of Kingsessing, granddaughter of Richard and Mary Bonsall, from Derbyshire. England, 1682. At the time of the revolution he was a farmer and grazier at the Bonsall place in Kingsessing. February 22, 1777, General Howe made his headquarters in Price's house and stayed until the twenty-eighth. For the damages done by the troops he rendered a bill for four hundred and fifty-two pounds. Price died November 17, 1811; his wife died July 10, 1802, within

three days of the fiftieth anniversary of their

marriage. Both are interred in the burial

ground of the Old Hill Meeting House at Darby. His grandson wrote of him: "I remember our grandfather well, having received many kindnesses from him, such as a small boy well appreciates, when visiting my cousin Price's widow and children lived together. He was aged and venerable in appearance, sat at the head of the Darby Meeting (Quaker) erally. He was of large frame and must have came bent by age. I remember him as a pretty constant smoker of the pipe and reader of ness aper out 100/ 110 s con si charitable, according to his ability. Our grandmother was a small woman, who also elite beaver hat." The knowledge of the an account he wrote when very old and some a single male line of descent. Children of a single male tille of descent, Children of Philip Price: Margaret, born July 24, 1756; Sarah, June 30, 1759; Philip, March 8, 1704, mentioned below: Benjamin, June 15, 1766, married Ruth Kirk, sister of Philip's wife:

V) Philip (3), son of Philip (2) Price, "as born at Kingsessing, March 8, 1764. He married, December 20, 1784, Rachel Kirk, of East Nantmeal, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Kingsessing, then four years on a farm he bought in West Nantmeal, and in 1791 removed to a plantation of three hundred acres that he bought in East Bradford, between Westchester and the Brandywine. The battle of the Brandywine was fought within sight of the house. This has been the homestead of the family since then. Philip and Rachel Price lived there until 1818, when they took charge of the West Town Boarding School as superintendents and remained until 1830. They then removed to West Chester and founded a boarding school for girls, which under their administration and their daughter, Hannah P. Davis, had an uninterrupted career of prosperity and usefulness for twenty-two years. Philip Price was prominent in was first president of the Chester County Agricultural Society, organized in 1820. died April 26, 1837, and was buried at Bir-mingham; his wife Rachel died October 6,

The descendants of Philip and Rachel Price had a notable family reunion, July 2, 1864,

which marked the century since the birth of Philip, and the proceedings of the day were published in book form.

the modest and deserving. Love was the

ing labors."
Children: 1. Martha, born November 3, 1785, died September 11, 1852; married Nathan H. Sharples. 2. Hannah, March 26, 1787, died January 10, 1861; married Dr. David Jones Davis. 3. William, September 17, 1788, died January 27, 1860; married Hannah Fisher. 4. Sibbilla, February 10, 1700, died August 6, 1853; married John W. Townsend. 5. Margaret, born April 10, 1702, died July 15, 1880; married Jonathan Passon. 5. Benjamin, December 17, 1703, married Jane Passon. 7. Sarah, November 6, 1705, married Caleb Carmalt (see Carmalt IV). 8. Eli K., July 20, 1797, a prominent and useful citizen of Philadelphia; married Anna Em-

bree. 9. Isaac, born November 30, 1799, died August 25, 1825; married Susanna Payne. 10. Philip M., born July 7, 1802, married Matilda Greentree. 11. Rachel, born July 10, 1808, died September 25, 1808.

# (The Kirk Line).

(I) Roger Kirk was living in 1688 in Lurgan, province of Ulster, north of Ireland, one of the Scotch-Irish people that had held that land since 1610. He married Elizabeth -He was a Quaker and his son's ietter from the Monthly Meeting bears the signa-tures of father and mother. Roger Kirk was fined with others in Armagh because, being Quakers, they would not make oath when

serving as jurors. He died in 1698. (II) Alphonsus, son of Roger Kirk, was from Lurgan, Ireland. He landed at Jamestown, Virginia, March 12, 1689, arrived in Pennsylvania, May 29, 1689, and located on the Brandywine. He married a Friend, February 22, 1692, Abigail Sharpley, who died in 1748, daughter of Adam Sharpley, who came in 1682. He brought a letter from the Friends in Ireland in the usual form, commending him to the Friends of Pennsylvania, dated December 9, 1688. Among the signers were Timothy Kirk and Robert Kirk. phonsus Kirk died September 7, 1745. Al-phonsus and Abigail Kirk had eleven children, of whom William is mentioned below.

(III) William, son of Alphonsus Kirk, was born March 4, 1708, died May 2, 1787. He had a certificate from Newark to the Goshen Monthly Meeting, July 31, 1731. He married twice and had nineteen children. He married (second), May 27, 1754, Sibilla Davis, who married (second) Edward Williams, of Pikeland. She was born March 1, 1726. Children: 1. Isaiah, married Elizabeth Richards. 2. Rebecca, married James Embree. 3. Ruth, married Benjamin Price. 4. Rachel, married Philip Price (see Price V). 5. Sibbilla, mar-

ried Joseph H. Brinton.
John Davis, father of Sibbilla (Davis) Kirk, came from Wales. He purchased of David Lloyd a hundred acres of land a mile and a half east of the Uwchland meeting house, June 2, 1715. He died in the spring of 1736. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Harris, who came, as his certificate from the Friends there shows, from the parish of Machanlleth in Montgomeryshire, Wales, his letter being dated July 2, 1687, though he arrived September 17, 1684. Many of these certificates seem to have been sent or brought over after the pioneers were located in this country. His brother, Hugh Harris, came with him. Daniel Harris settled in Radnor, Pennsylvania, and married, February 4, 1690, Sibyll, daughter of David Price. Children of Daniel Harris: Sibyll, Elizabeth, Mary, Anne, Henry and Margaret. The widow of John Davis survived him many years. Children of John Davis were: Daniel, Hannah, Mary, Rachel, John, Elizabeth, Sibbilla, who married William Kirk, Amos, Abigail, Ruth and Benjamin.

Nicholas Camp, immigrant an-CAMP cestor, was born in England and came from Nasing, county Essex, to this country in 1638. He was at Watertown, Massachusetts, for a time, then at Wethersfield, Connecticut, and in 1639 appears at Guilford, Connecticut. As early as 1646 he had a house, lot of six acres, one right and two parcels, in Milford, Connecticut. His name is on the list of free planters of Milford dated November 20, 1639. He joined the Milford Church, November 2, 1643. He was taxed on one hundred and ninety-nine pounds of property at Milford in 1686. He died there in 1706. He married (first) Sarah ——, who died September 6, 1645; (second) July 14, 1652. Katherine Thompson, widow of Anthony Thompson. Children of first wife: Nicholas, born 1631; Edward, 1633; Twins, September 6, 1645, died young. Children of second wife, born 2t Vilford: Samuel are forward: Joseph Dec at Milford: Samuel, see forward: Joseph, December 15, 1657; Mary, July 12, 1660; John (twin), September 14, 1662; Sarah (twin); Abigail, March 28, 1667.
(II) Samuel, son of Nicholas Camp, was

born at Milford, September 15, 1655. He married, November 13, 1672, Hannah, daughter of Thomas Betts, and lived at Milford. They had a son Nathan, mentioned below.

(III) Nathan, son of Samuel Camp, was born at Milford about 1680. He married Rhoda ---- He lived in Milford and Durham. Children, born at Durham: Elias, baptized February 2, 1717-18. married Ruth
———; Hannah, baptized November 20, 1720; Nathan, mentioned below: Elah, mentioned below; Ozias, baptized September 5, 1731. Perhaps other children.
(IV) Nathan (2), son of Nathan (1)

Camp, was born about 1725. at Durham. Three of his children were baptized February

5, 1758—Elah, Ozias and Adam.

(IV) Elah, son of Nathan (I) Camp, was born at Durham, about 1730. He married Phebe Baldwin, and he and his wife were members of the Durham church in 1804. Children, born at Durham: Ruth, born August 8, 1761; Nathan Ozias, mentioned below; Elias, baptized September 1, 1765, born Au-





David a, Camp

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ted. Children, born at Durham: Sally, January 27, 1788; Enos, December 30, 1780; Elah, mentioned below; Lucy, 1794; Nathan Ozias Jr., January 4, 1790; Alfred, 1798.

SHIPMAN --

(VI) Elah (2), son of Nathan Ozias Camp, was born at Durham, July 22, 1792. He was a farmer at Durham till 1844, when he removed to Meriden, Connecticut, where the General Booth farm and resided there until his death, December 25, 1868. In early life he was a school teacher. He was justice of the peace and deacon of the Congregational church. He married Orit Lee, a direct descendant of Governor Theophilus Eaton, the first governor of the New Haven colony. Children: David N., born October 3, 1820; Phebe Elizabeth, September 13, 1822; Sarah Minerva, September 22, 1824; Alfred Erastus, November 10, 1826; Leverith Lee, April 17, 1820.

Camp, was born at Durham, October 3, 1820. bookkeeping. He grew up under the watchvery strong. She wished him to become a missionary, but ill health in his youth preness, which nearly cost him his evesight, prevented him from following a college course. was given the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1853 by Yale College. He adopted teaching as a profession and followed it for forty years. For ten years he was a teacher in the public schools in North Guilford, Branford, North Branford, and Meriden and in the Meriden Institute, from 1838 to 1850. He was appointed instructor of mathematics, moral and natural philosophy, and geography in the State Normal School of Connecticut, when it are calculated a more than the amount associate principal of this institution in 1855. and principal two years later. He was also state superintendent of schools of Connectilish language and literature, and of philosophy and of the theory and prac

of ill health and spent the following summer the following educational institutions. While he was

the presidency of Dr. Henry Barnard. He re-

on account of the civil wa

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commissioner, to assist in the work. His father died in 1868 and he resigned to return home and settle the estate. From 1870 to 1880 he was a teacher, part of the time as his health permitted, in a seminary in New Britain, Connecticut. Since 1880 he has devoted himself to business and literature. He has been president of the Skinner Chuck Company since 1887. He is president of the Adkins Printing Company, director of the New Britain National Bank since 1874, and vice-president since 1883.

In public life he has been equally active

great influence in his party. He

ber of the common council of New Britain in 1871; alderman in 1872-70, and mayor 1877-70; member of the general assembly of Connecticut from New Britain in 1870, and chairman of the committee of education. He has been director of the Missionary Society of Connecticut since 1875 and its auditor from 1882 to 1807; president since 1000. He has also been auditor of the National Council of Congregational Churches from 1883 to the present time. He was one of the organizers of the National Council of Education and is still a member. He has been active in the temperance movement and was formerly, for ten years, president of the Connecticut Temperance Society. He has held the office of secretary and that of president of the Consecretary and that of president of the Con-

secretary of the National Edu sociation. He was for several years 1 and afterward vice-president and again dent since 1904 of the New Britain II and for fifty years or more has been man of its library committee. He is a

diate" and "Higher" geographies; "An

lin," and other works. He is a member of the Come. Historical Society, and has always taken a keen interest in local history and genealogy. In the course of his long and interesting career, he has found time to deliver more than four hundred lectures on educational and other topics. He is a member of various religious organizations, among which may be mentioned the American Board of Foreign Missions, the American Missionary Association, American Bible Society, Congregational Home Missionary Society, Connecticut Humane Society, Connecticut Bible Society, and Connecticut Congregational Club.

He married, June 25, 1844, Sarah Adaline Howd, born February 24, 1820, died August 18, 1883, daughter of Augustus Howd. Children: I. Ellen R., born March 6, 1846, died March 13, 1900. 2. Emma Jane, born July 1, 1854; married, June 2, 1875, Daniel O. Rogers. Children: i. Emma Gertrude, born April 15, 1876, missionary at Van, Turkey; ii. David Camp, May 25, 1878, now Professor of Sociology and Philosophy, University of Kansas at Lawrence, Kansas; iii. John Leete, June 11, 1880, died December 5, 1905; iv. Daniel Miner, April 25, 1882, clergyman and missionary to Turkey, killed at the massacre at Adana, April 15, 1909; one child, Daniel Miner, born February 4, 1909; v. Noah Walter, 1884, died young; vi. Mary Ellen, March 27, 1886; vii. Paul Knapp, February 4, 1889; viii. Elizabeth Sarah, December 29, 1891; ix. James Pratt, April 26, 1893, now in Williams College; x. Philip Howd, May 22, 1895.

Ebenezer Johnson, of an old JOHNSON Farmington family was a soldier in the revolution. He lived at Farmington, Branford, Wolcott and Litchfield, Connecticut, and died at Bristol, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Peck, December 6, 1852, aged eighty-nine years. He married Abigail Johnson who died February 3, 1849, at Farmington. He is buried at Bristol, Children: I. Lucinda, 2. Adna, married and had children: Edward, died September, 1888; Franklin, died in Illinois; Horace, died in Illinois; Lucy Ann, died in Illinois; Martha, died in Hamden, married R. Warner; Mary, married — Brown; Charlotta, died in 1903; Clarissa, died March 30, 1845, aged twenty-one years; Julia. 3. Eben Stephen, mentioned below. 4. Clarissa. (II) Eben Stephen, son of Ebenezer John-

son, was born in Wolcott, Connecticut, or

Litchfield, died 1882, aged seventy-eight years.

He married Polly Stocker. Children: Wil-

liam Wallace, mentioned below: Francis, died in the civil war, September, 1865; Lockwood; Charles, died in Iowa, November 25, 1902; Nabby, married Almond Home; George.

(III) William Wallace, son of Eben Stephen Johnson, was born in Litchfield, October 16, 1822, died in Winchester, September 17, 1898. He lived for a time at Warren, Connecticut, and operated a saw and grist mill. Afterward he lived two years in Mor-He enlisted in 1863 in Company A. Nineteenth Regiment Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, and served to the end of the civil war. He took part in the battles of Cold Harbor and Winchester, and in all the fights in which his regiment was engaged. He removed to Winchester in 1867 and followed farming on a large scale. He owned some four hundred acres of land and leased more land. He made a specialty of his dairy and shipped milk to the New York City market. He married (first) Cornelia, born at Torrington, Connecticut, April 21, 1831, died February 11, 1885, daughter of Grandison and Fannie (Burgess) Loomis. He married (second) Olivia Bigelow Reed, widow, born at Randolph, Vermont, 1831, now living in Winchester. Children of first wife: 1. Cornelia F., born July 9, 1851, died January 1, 1883; married Joseph Marsh; children: Grace P. and Jonathan Marsh. 2. Beaumont Henry, May 30, 1854; lives at Winchester Center, Connecticut; carries the mail between Winchester Center and Winsted, and is manager of the Hill View Inn, a popular summer hotel; married, August 28, 1881, Edith C., of Litchfield, daughter of Arthur D. and Eliza M. (Bull) Catlin; children: i. Beaumont Virgil, born April 9, 1882; ii. Arthur Benjamin, December 20, 1883, married Luella White; iii. William Cornelius, October 22, 1885, married Edson E. Griswold; iv. Edith Mabel, May I, 1891. 3. William Martin, May 25, 1856, married Huldah Hurd; children: Howard Hurd, Edna May, Daisy Caroline and Iva Inez. 4. Martha Isabelle, April 18, 1859; married Joseph Marsh; children: Cornelia Elizabeth, Catherine Candace, Edward, Allen Johnson and Gertrude Martha. 5. Andrew Loomis, mentioned below. 6. Herbert Victor, August, 1866; farmer and dealer in live stock at Winchester; married, March 15, 1888, Louisa, daughter of Sidney and Susan (Goodsell) Law; children: Bertha, Irwin, Alice and Helen. 7. Guy C., July 4, 1868. 8. Ger-trude May, May 4, 1874; married, October 24, 1907, Wilbur Joslyn, of Winsted, an edge tool maker.

(IV) Andrew Loomis, son of William Wallace Johnson, was born in Warren, Litch-

feld county, Connected October 1986 He care out his same to AV change in 1807, slon sand har leadable of to public and thought the art does ing his boyhood on his father's farm. When be came by any life went to a tolorish on more her an estimate to Window and and the the line of the second the might the homestead and carried it on for some in the best because the supplier of Bronson Brothers, general merchants, at Winthe many and mill tage to the mater confinitel ander the fire sees of Penen Reather a common to the many of which Mr. Johnson was made treasurer, an office he has since or in. The say justice of the perso line a norther afternies. He is a resident of the congregational church. He married, April 1. 1890, Anna Catlin, of Litchfield, daughter Marsh VII). Children: Myron Marsh, born Tarch 24, 1891, graduate of the Gilbert School, of Winsted: Russell Loomis, June 9, 893: Lillian Rice, December 27, 1895.

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v.), was born at Hartford, November 8, 1709. When little more than eleven years old he me from Hartford to Litehheld with his father. He was quartermaster-general of Connecticut. He died March 8, 1788, and his wife April 6 following. His father and two brothers were commissioned officers in the hall marting. He marting the marting the marting the marting that the marting that the marting that the marting the marting that the mart

vid King: Susannah, born August 20, 1746. (V) Elisha, son of Isaac Marsh, was born at Litchfield, November 15, 1742, died Januart 20, 184; He mit in H. 1741, H. 114, etc. Beckley, who died September 1800, Children: Honour, born July 23, 1766; Abigail, November 15, 1769; Elisha, mentioned below; Mary,

(VI) Elisha (2), son of Elisha (1) Marsh, was born at Litchfield, August 27, 1772, died December 16, 1841. He married, in 1802, Rhoda Kilburn, who died March 5, 1850. Children, born at Litchfield: Sally, April 25, 1803; Mary, December 9, 1804; Rhoda, August 4, 1806; Elisha, April 4, 1808; Lewis, November 28, 1819. Phys. Squarm 18

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was born at Litchfield, March 2, 1814, mar-Children, born at Litchfield: Anna Cathn, August 23, 1857, married Andrew L. Johnson (see Johnson IV); Lewis Myron, December 20, 1861, the sixth generation of the family on the same farm, a mile and a half from Litchfield, bought by John Marsh (3), in 1721, and he has the original deed given in the homestead to the present day, the only living male descendant of Elisha Marsh (6) of the surname Marsh, married Harriet Elizbeth Morse.

JOHNSON Captain John Johnson was a sea captain, commanding an English vessel, and late in Iolin, mentioned below.

(II) John (2), son of Captain John (1) Johnson, settled in Rutland, Vermont, in 1773. He lived first on Otter Creek, where J. M. Dewey afterward lived. He lived later on what was later known as the Zina Johnson place, where he died at an advanced age. In 1866, Cyrus L. Johnson, a descendant, took down an old barn, probably built by him in 1700, and used the timbers in it to construct a new one. The timbers were white oak, thirty feet long, and split so that one cut made two timbers ten by fourteen inches. He served in the revolution in Captain John Burt's company, which was drafted from Colonel Samuel Fletcher's regiment in 1770 to defend the frontier (Vermont Rev. Rolls). He married Mehitable Sperry, who lived to the age of one hundred and two years, and then perished in a fire in 1836. Children: Cyrus L, Nahum, Silas, mentioned below.

(III) Silas, son of John (2) Johnson, removed from Rutland to Malone, New York, and was a pioneer of that town. He was a man of much force of character. He married and had a son, Marvin L., mentioned be

low.

(IV) Marvin L., son of Silas Johnson, died March, 1866. He married Polly, born December 16, 1810, daughter of Joshua Chapman and granddaughter of Joshua Chapman, who was born in 1755, and in 1775 served in the revolution in Captain Chapmas company.

(V) Marcus M., son of Marvin L. Johnson, was born in Malone, New York, April 21, 1844. He attended Franklin Academy at Malone, and graduated at Brown University in 1870, with the degree of B. Ph. He then be-

came instructor in mathematics and the sciences in the Connecticut Literary Institute, Suffield, Connecticut, for five years, and is still connected officially with that institution as president of board of trustees. He received his medical degree from the University of New York, where he graduated with honor, receiving the Valentine Mott gold medal, the highest award for excellence in anatomy and dissections. The following year he was house surgeon at the Hartford Hospital. For two years he studied abroad, under eminent instructors. Among them were Thomas Keith, of Edinburgh, whom he assisted in six ovariotomies, Sir Joseph Lister, of London, and Bilroth, of Vienna. In Berlin he received special instruction in gynecology from Martin, and in operative surgery from Von Lagenbeck.

In 1880 he settled in Hartford, Connecticut, for general practice, making a specialty of surgical operations. Soon after he located in Hartford there was an epidemic of diphtheria, two hundred persons dying of the disease during the year of 1882. Dr. Johnson was the first physician in Hartford to use the bichloride of mercury treatment in this disease, and attained a degree of success which was unprecedented. It was an indication of his quickness of perception and his firmness, against professional opposition. Dr. Johnson erected at 122 Woodland street, Hartford, one of the finest sanatoriums of the East, with a perfect operating room supplied with all the latest appliances for the best modern surgery. Dr. Johnson has been a remarkably successful surgeon, a rapid operator, with an acute touch, cool, painstaking and skillful. He has opened the abdominal cavity more than eight hundred times, with a high percentage of recovery. On July 29, 1899, Dr. Johnson operated on an infant, ninenia, at St. Francis' Hospital, Hartford. The mother stated that the child had been born prematurely, and weighed five pounds at birth. The strangulation had existed about thirtyfive hours. The infant made an excellent recovery. It is probably the youngest on record on whom this operation had been per-

Dr. Johnson has written and read many papers before various medical societies, among them being the following: "Diphtheria, its History, Etiology and Treatment," at the Connecticut State Medical Society, May 26, 1892; "The Technique of Removing the Appendix Vermiformis, with a Report of One Hundred Consecutive Cases, with Two Deaths." read in the section on surgery and anatomy at

the forty-seventh annual meeting of the American Medical Association, held at Atlanta, Georgia, May 5-8, 1896; "Treatment of Pus Cases in Operating for Appendicitis,' Connecticut State Medical Society, 1897; "Ventral Hernia After Appendictomy," presented to the section on surgery and anatomy at the forty-ninth annual meeting of the American Medical Association, held at Denver, Colorado, June 7-10, 1898; "History of the First Twenty-three Cases of Gastronomy, with a Successful Case by the Writer," Connecticut Medical Society, May, 1899; "Report on the Progress of Surgery," Connecticut Medical Society, May, 1899; "Etiology of Hernia of the Ovary," with the Relation of Two Cases, Hartford Medical Society, June "Gastrostomy; Improved Tech-16, 1899; nique for Cure of Ventral Hernia," read at the fifty-first annual meeting of the American Medical Association at Atlantic City, New Jersey, June 5-8, 1900; "History and Treatment of a Unique Injury of the Face," Connecticut Medical Society, May, 1900. Johnson is a member of the American Medical Association, of the City, County and State Medical societies, and a surgeon to St. Francis' Hospital. He is a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine and a member of the Connecticut Society Sons of the American Revolution, and a Knight Templar.

He married, February 14, 1884, Helen Lucinda, born June 14, 1849, daughter of Sylvester Strong and Lucinda Smith (Gaylord) Lyman. Children: Helen Gaylord, born February 22, 1885; now at Oberlin College, Ohio; Ethel Chapman, August 23, 1889, at Burnham School, Northampton, Massachu-

setts.

Thomas Robinson, the immigrant ancestor, settled in Guilford, Connecticut. The family tradition is that he came to Guilford direct from England, where he was born. He may have been at Guilford for some time before 1666, when he bought land originally laid out to John Caffinge. The title "Mr." indicates that he was of high social position, or had had a liberal education, for this title was used in the records for but few except the ministers. His house lot, purchased of Thomas Standish of Wethersfield, containing two acres, was half a mile northwest of the Guilford green, on the line of the present New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad tracks, and at last accounts this homestead was still in the possession of his descendants, and had never been alienated. He conveyed it by deed dated October 20, 1679, to his son,

Hore He he are no the editors period the found the Sail a long and anth-In the first that the terms of the second land in front of his lot. Eventually the case was taken to the legislature, and settled by a commission from that body in 1084. This difficulty may have caused his removal to Hartford, where he was living in 1684-85. He died in 1689, at an advanced age. His wife, Mary, died July 27, 1668. Children: Thomas, born in England, about 1650; Ann; Mary; Saint; Jonathan, died unmarried, in 1684,

born probably in England, in 1660; married first) about 1088, Abigail, daughter of John and Elizabeth Kirby, who died about 1094. De services accountly, Minist about Many ford to Durham, Connecticut, soon after 1700, as the unit california also may explanters in Durham, which was incorporated in 1708. He was appointed on a committee of three in the spring of 1708 to treat with the Rev. Nathaniel Chauncey respecting his settlement as minister at Durham, and served on the committee that superintended Mr. 1711. He was prominent in town and church. His house was half a mile north of the meeting house and forty rods west of Main street. Rev. Mr. Chauncey lived with him several ears before he was ordained. In later years uary 1, 1748. His wife, Mary, died October 17, 1746. Children of first wife: Abigail, born April 3, 1690; Ann, June 6, 1692; David, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Thomas, born 1698, died 1774; Ebenezer, born 1702, died unmarried, October 10, 1789; Ruth, born 1703; Mary, 1704; Hannah, about

(III) David (2), son of David (1) Robinsen, was born in Durham in 1694. His home was half a mile west of Main street, in Durham, at the upper west side, and his son February 9, 1780, aged eighty-five years. The number of his descendants at his death, as stated on his gravestone, was one hundred and seventy, of whom one hundred and fortyeight were living when he died. He married, January 26, 1719. Rebecca Miller, of Middletown, (formerly Middlefield Society) (see Miller II). She died September 18, 1786, aged eighty-seven. Children: Anna, born December 5, 1719: David, March 4, 1721; John, June 25, 1723: Dan, May 2, 1725: Rebecca, December 25, 1720; Timothy, April 29, 1728, mentioned below: Planeas, July 24, 1730: James, June 10, 1731; Joel, March 31,

(IV) Colonel Timothy Robinson, son of David (2) Robinson, was born April 29, 1728, at Durham. He removed from his nament, February 8, 1776. He took part in the was again in the service two months in 1777, rebels, and his reasoning with his captors was March 4, 1758, married Samuel Leonard; Elizabeth, April 28, 1760; David, August 9, 19. 1768; Huldah, January 10, 1771; Phebe,

he was chosen representative to the general February 8, 1788; Timothy Beville, March 12, 1790, died young, law student; Orpha Huldah. July 24, 1793; Emily Catherine, Febru-

Robinson, was born at Granville, January 7, 1801. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He removed to Hartford, Connecticut, where he married Anne Seymour, daughter of Asa and Elizabeth (Denison) Seymour (see Seymour and Denison). Children: Lucius Franklin, born February 1, 1824: Charles, December 22, 1825; Anne Catharine, September 14, 1827: Sarah Amelia, October 26, 1829, married J. Hammond Trumbull; Henry Cornelius, August 28, 1832; Mary Caroline, August 12, 1834, married Judge Nathaniel Shipman; Alfred, April 5,

(VII) Henry Cornelius, son of David Franklin Robinson, was born in Hartford, August 28, 1832. He received his early education in the grammar and high schools of Hartford, entering Yale College in 1849. He graduated there with high honors in 1853. Among his classmates were: Hon, Andrew D. White, president of Cornell University and minister to Germany; Bishop Davies, of Michigan; Dr. Charlton T. Lewis and Dr. James T. Witton, of New York; editors Isaac H. Bromley and George W. Smalley, of the *New York Tribune*; United States Senator R. L. Gibson; Hon. Benjamin K. Phelps; and the poet, E. C. Stedman. Mr. Robinson began the study of law in the office of his elder brother, Lucius F. Robinson, and for three years after his admission to the bar practiced alone. He then went into partnership with his brother, Lucius F., and continued until the death of his brother in 1861. From that time until 1888 he managed the business alone, and in that year took his eldest son, Lucius F., into the firm, which was known as H. C. & L. F. Robinson. This firm was well known as one of the foremost in the state of Connecticut, and its reputation extended over the New England and middle states. In his early manhood Mr. Robinson had made a special study of the breeding and propagation of fish, and in 1866 Governor Hawley appointed him fish commissioner of the state. Although his law practice at this time was heavy, he accepted the position, and at once interested himself in experiments looking to the preservation and development of the fish industry of the state. Through his instrumentality laws were enacted providing for the condemnation of the pound fishery at the mouth of the Connecticut river, and the discontinuance of this method of fishing. Before these wholesome laws had become fairly operative, under partisan influence they were repealed, and others substituted which were of no practical use, as has been proven, in preventing or arresting the destruction of the shad fisheries in these

waters, in spite of artificial propagation. The first hatch of American shad was made under his direction as commissioner, associated with Hon. F. W. Russell, before the Connecticut legislature, and Professor Agassiz was a deeply interested spectator of the experiments, and of the legislative contest.

In 1872 Mr. Robinson received the Republican nomination for mayor of Hartford. Although the city was usually Democratic, Mr. Robinson's personal popularity and high character won him a victory with a large majority. He served from 1872 to 1874, and gave the people a clean and efficient administration. During his term of office the city affairs were conducted on business principles, and many wise economies were practiced, at a great saving to the taxpayers, without retarding the advance of improvements in the city. During his term, and largely through his influence. Hartford became the sole capital of the state, and through his recommendation several of the department commissions were established. In 1879 Mr. Robinson was a member of the general assembly, and was chairman of the judiciary committee, and secured a number of important enactments, including the change in legal procedure. As chairman of this committee and leader of the house, he had the exceptional experience of having the action of his committee substantially sustained by the house in every instance of its reports. From the formation of the Republican party, Mr. Robinson supported its principles, and his influence in political affairs was always exerted on a high plane. Three times, in the spring and fall of 1876 and in 1878, he was nominated for the office of governor by acclamation, and the third time he declined. He was a member of the Republican national convention, at Chicago, in 1880, and was the author of a large part of its platform. 1887 he was the commissioner for Connecticut at the Constitutional Centennial celebration, in Philadelphia. Owing to his large legal practice he was obliged to decline a number of honorable appointments which came to him unsolicited, including that of United States minister to Spain, under President Harrison. He was counsel for many of the leading corporations of the state. In the suit of quo warranto involving the question of the state governorship, he was the senior counsel for the Republican party. He was a director in the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company; the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company; the Pratt & Whitney Company; the Connecticut Fire Insurance Company; and the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company;

trustee of the Connecticut Trust and Safe Deford Board of Trade. For many years he city, and was looked upon as one whose ripe - holarship and civic pride might be trusted responsible positions on committees, and was a mention of least of frame and direct of ecclesiastical associations in the state and city. He was a member of the Hartford Tract Society, and a trustee of the Wadsworth Athenæum of Hartford, and of the Hartford grammar school. He was vice-president of the Bar Association of Connecticut and of Hartised County, mention with a consideral of the Yale Alumni Association of Hartford, and one of the reimber of the compliant soextend the Samurable Header in the page nition of his finished scholarship he received in 1888, from Yale College, the degree of " st members of the Connecticut bar of his av, and he won this position through hard work and diligent study. He had a practice remarkable for its breadth and variety. His esteem, and he had a large circle of friends in v is remarkably gifted, and his services as a -peaker were in great demand. He was the memorial orator at the services in Hartford, in memory of President Garfield and General Grant, and gave many Memorial Day addresses, of which the one of 1885 was considered especially fine. At the unveiling of the Putnam equestrian statue, at Brooklyn, Consection in essellm mydding or in sidered one of the finest ever heard in the

He married Eliza Niles Trumbull, born Inf. is 1843. A second of Stonington. Children: Lucius F., mentioned below: Lucy T., born July 10, 1805, married Sidney Trowbridge Miller, of Detroit: Henry S., April 16, 1868; John T., April 25, 1871, mentioned below: Mary S., May 17, 1873, married Dr. Adrian V. Lambert, of New York City.

(VIII) Lucius F., son of Henry Cornelius Robinson, was born in Hartford, June 12, 1803. He attended the public schools and graduated from the Hartford public high school, entering Yale College in 1881, and graduating in the class of 1885 with the degree of A. B. He studied law under his father's instruction, and after he was admitted to the bar became a partner in the firm. Since his father's death he has been the senior

member of the firm of Robinson & Robinson. He has been on the board of fire commissioners of the city of Hartford, and is now on the board of park commissioners. In politics he is a Republican. He married Elinor Cooke, of Paterson, New Jersey. Children: Lucius, Barelay and Henry Cornelius.

in the class of 1880. He entered Yale Colwith the degree of A.B. He was a member of Bones. He took up the study of his profesfather, and was admitted to the Hartford county bar in January, 1806. He was adfirm name of Robinson & Robinson. His ability of previous years and enjoying a large general practice. Mr. Robinson was executive 1001-02. He has been an active and influential Republican for many years, serving on his ward committee and acting as delegate to various nominating conventions, and he was national convention of 1904, from Connecticut.

He married, April 25, 1005, Gertrude I. Coxe, born at Utica, New York, November 13, 1878, daughter of Judge Alfred Conkling Coxe, United States judge of the circuit court of appeals. Her mother, Maryette Doolittle, was a daughter of Judge Doolittle, of Utica,

New York. Mrs. Robinson is a grandniece of Senator Roscoe Conkling, second cousin of President Grover Cleveland, and of Vice-President Sherman. They have one child, Gertrude Trumbull, born February 12, 1906, at Hartford.

(The Miller Line).

(I) Thomas Miller, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and settled in Rowley, Massachusetts, and removed later to Middletown. Connecticut, of which he was one of the proprietors. He married (first) Isabel -; (second) Sarah Nettleton, daughter of Samuel Nettleton, of Totoket, Connecticut,

(II) Benjamin, son of Thomas Miller, was known as "Governor," on account of his great influence over the Indians and his high standing and importance in the community. He owned much real estate and was the first settler of what is now Middlefield, Connecticut. He died there, November 22, 1747. He married (first) September 18, 1695, Mary Johnson; (second) Mercy Bassett. Mary Johnson was born February 14, 1674, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Smith) Johnson, of Woodstock, Connecticut. Nathaniel Johnson was born in May, 1647, at Roxbury, Massachusetts; married, April 29, 1667, Mary Smith, and removed to New Roxbury, then in Massachusetts, now Woodstock, Connecticut, Isaac Johnson, father of Nathaniel, married Elizabeth Porter. His father, John Johnson, was the immigrant ancestor, coming to Roxbury from England; constable of that town and surveyor of arms of the colony; town officer and deputy to the general court; died in 1659.

Rebecca, daughter of Benjamin and Marv Miller, married David Robinson, of Durham,

Connecticut (see Robinson III).

## (The Denison Line).

(I) William Denison, immigrant ancestor, was born at Bishop's Stortford, county Hertford, England, and married in England, November 7, 1603, Margaret Monck. came to New England in 1631, with three children, and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts. He was chosen by the general court constable of Roxbury, November 5, 1633. He was authorized to press men for the building of the bridge, October 27, 1647; was a deputy to the general court. His sons became very prominent citizens. He was buried January 25, 1653, and his wife Margaret, February, 25, 1053, and his wife Margaret, February, 1645. His son, the famous Major-General Daniel Denison, left a sketch of the family history (see N. E. Gen. Reg. XLVI). Children: John; Daniel, baptized at Bishop's Stortford, October 18, 1612: Edward, baptized November 3, 1616; George, baptized December 20, 1620. When Cromwell came into power in England, he returned to fight in the Protector's army, but afterward returned

to Roxbury.

(II) Captain George Denison, son of William Denison, was born in Bishop's Stortford, and baptized December 20, 1620. When Cromwell was in power in England he joined the Protector's army there, but afterward returned to Roxbury, where he became a very prominent citizen. He was wounded at the battle of Naseby and was nursed at the home of John Boradell. He married (first) at Roxbury, in 1640, Bridget Thompson, who died in 1653. While in England he married Ann Boradell, daughter of John, who had nursed him at her father's house. They settled finally at Stonington, Connecticut, and he died at Hartford, October 23, 1694, at the age of seventy-six years, while visiting that town on business. His widow, Ann, died September 6, 1712, at the age of ninety-seven years. Both were remarkably handsome and striking in appearance, and at Stonington she was commonly known as "Lady" Ann. He was captain of a company of militia and gained great distinction in the Indian wars. Miss Caulkins, the historian, says: "Our early history presents no character of bolder and more active spirit than Captain George Denison. He reminds us of the border men of Scotland. In emergencies he was always in demand, and he was almost constantly placed in important public positions." Children: Sarah, born March 20, 1641, married Thomas Stanton; Hannah, May 20, 1643; John, mentioned below; George, born 1652; Ann, May 20, 1649; Margaret, 1650; William, 1654; Boradel,

(III) John, son of Captain George Denison, was born at Roxbury, July 16, 1646, and settled at Stonington. He married Phebe Lay, daughter of Richard Lay, of Saybrook. Children: Phebe, born 1667; John, 1669; George, 1671, mentioned below; Robert, 1673; William, 1675; Daniel, 1680; Samuel, 1683;

Ann, 1684; Jacob, 1692.

(IV) George (2), son of John Denison, was born in Stonington, in 1671; married, in 1693, Mary (Wetherell), widow of Thomas Henry, and daughter of Daniel and Grace (Brewster) Wetherell, granddaughter of Jonathan and Lucretia Brewster, and greatgranddaughter of Elder William Brewster, who came in the "Mayflower" and was one of the chief men of the colony. George Denison died in January, 1720, aged sixty-nine. His wife Mary died in 1711. Children: Grace, born 1694; Phebe, 1697; Hannah,

1000. Paradel, 17 0 Dunel, 17 3, Wellin

erell, 1715. Ann. 17 7. 20 . . . 1719

(V) Daniel, son of George (2) Denison, was born in 1703; married, in 1726, Rachel, daughter of Thomas Starr. His widow mardied February 6, 1791, in the eighty-sixth year of her age, and was buried in the yard east of Groton Fort, with her daughter Phebe. Lieutenant Avery was killed in the revolution, September 6, 1781. Children: Mary, born August, 1728; Daniel, December, 1730; Thomas, mentioned below; Rachel, September, 1734; Samuel, November, 1736; Hannah, January, 1738; Phebe, 1740; Ann. September, 1743; James, April, 1746; and Elizabeth, in

born at New London, in November, 1732; married Catherine Starr, born August 11, lived until 1777 in New London, afterward t Hartford (see Starr). Their daughter, 186, Asa Seymour (see Seymour).

(I) Richard Seymour, the immigrant, was rn in England, and came to America soon colony in Hartford. He became one of the early proprietors of the town, and is reckoned among the founders. He removed to Norwalk in 1650, and was one of the earliest settlers there. Among his children were:

(II) John, son of Richard Seymour, was born about 1640; married Mary Welton. Children: John, born June 12, 1666, mentioned below: Thomas, March 12, 1668; Mary, November, 1670; Margaret, January 17, 1674; Richard, February 11, 1676; Jonathan, January 10, 1678: Nathaniel, November 6, 1680:

Zachary, January 10, 1684.

was born in Norwalk, January 12, 1666. He was a distinguished man, member of the general assembly, and held various town offices. He married, December 19, 1693, Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant Robert and Susannah Treat, of Wethersfield. Robert was the son of Governor John Webster. Children: John, born December 25, 1694; Timothy, June 27, 1696; Daniel, October 20, 1699; Elizabeth, May 1, 1700: Jonathan, March 16, 1702-03; Nathaniel, November 17, 1704; Susannah, April 13, 1706; Margaret, January 20, 1707; Zebulon, May 14, 1709; Moses, February 17. 1710-11; Richard.

married, December 17, 1786, Elizabeth Deni-Children, born at Hartford: 1, Elizabeth, ell; died August 28, 1860. 4. Chester, born May 20, 1798; died October 21, 1850. 7 Anne, born December 29, 1801; married David Franklin Robinson (see Robinson). 8. Almira (twin), April 29, 1804; died December, 1806. 9. Albert (twin), April 29, 1804; died November 25, 1875; married (first) Jerusha W. Ensign; and (second)

Luthera R. Hovey.

(The Starr Line)

(I) Dr. Comfort Starr, a surgeon, of Ashford, England, came in the ship "Hercules' to New England in March, 1634, with three children and three servants. He settled at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he was a proprietor in 1635. He removed to Duxbury, where he had a land grant, August 7, 1638, and was admitted a freeman June 4, 1639. His sister, Constant, was in Dorchester before 1639; married John Morley. Dr. Starr was a legatee in the will of his brother, Jehosophat Starr, of Ashford, February 2, 1659. He finally removed to Boston. His wife died June 25, 1658, aged sixty-three. He died January 2, 1659, and his will was proved February 3, following, bequeathing to Samuel Starr; to the five children of his deceased daughter Maynard; to the children of his deceased son Thomas, and to his widow Hannah, in England; to grandson Simon Eire, for his education; to son John Starr; to daughter Elizabeth Ferniside; to brothers-in-law John Morley and Faithful Rouse, property in Boston, and at Eshitisford, England.

(II) Dr. Thomas Starr, son of Comfort Starr, was born in England, and died in Charlestown, Massachusetts, October 26, 1658.

(III) Samuel, son of Dr. Thomas Starr, was born in Massachusetts. He married Hannah Brewster, daughter of Jonathan and Lucretia Brewster, granddaughter of Elder William Brewster. Samuel Starr was county marshall (high sheriff) of New London county, Connecticut.

(IV) Captain Jonathan Starr, son of Samuel Starr, was born at New London, February 23, 1673-74, and was a prominent man of his native town. He was constable; deputy to the general assembly, 1712-14; member of the governor's council, 1711-12-13-16; sergeant of the militia, 1712; ensign, 1715; lieu-

tenant and captain, 1716-27.

(V) Samuel (2), son of Captain Jonathan Starr, was born November 5, 1699, at New London. He removed to Norwich, and his homestead there is still known as the Starr farm. He died July 9, 1786. He married Ann, daughter of Captain Caleb Bushnell, of Norwich, born 1705, died 1796. Their daughter, Catharine Starr, was born August 11, 1735, died March, 1817; married Thomas Denison (see Denison).

Rev. Daniel Robinson was BOBINSON born in Norway, New York, 1806, son of Hiram and Anna (Foster) Robinson. He was a clergyman of the Baptist denomination. His first pastorate was at Springfield, New York, and

later he held pastorates in Kingston, Claverack and Hillsdale, New York, and in Connecticut and Massachusetts, in which latter state he died in 1863. He married Ursula Matilda Arnold, born August, 1808, at Fairfield, Herkimer county, New York, daughter of John B. Arnold, of Providence, Rhode Island. The Arnolds are among the most distinguished families of Rhode Island, dating from early colonial days. John B. Arnold settled on a farm in Herkimer county, New York, about the close of the revolutionary Children of Rev. Daniel and Ursula Matilda (Arnold) Robinson: 1. Dr. Samuel H., born in 1835, at Springfield, Otsego county, New York. 2. James, born 1838, died in infancy. 3. Silas Arnold, mentioned below. 4. Daniel, born January 20, 1843; enlisted in the Fourteenth New York Heavy Artillery, serving as a musician throughout the civil war. 5. Dr. George B., born September 1, 1845; married Mary E. Parsons; child, Flora M., married --- Daly, of New Haven, Connecticut. 6. Judson J., born November 9,

1850, at Southington, Connecticut; unmarried. (II) Silas Arnold, son of Rev. Daniel Robinson, was born September 7, 1840, in Pleas-ant Valley, Fulton county, New York. He spent his first school days at the Lewis Academy in Southington and afterwards attended the Bacon Academy in Colchester and the Brookside Institute in Sand Lake, New York. He was always deeply interested in books, and under the strong intellectual influence of his parents, his mind developed rapidly. As soon as he finished school, he entered the law office of Gale & Alden in Troy, New York. In December, 1863, he was admitted to the bar at Albany, New York, and the following year went to Middletown, Connecticut, which has since been his home and the center of his professional activities. In 1878 he was elected judge of probate for the district of Middletown and served for two years in that office. In 1880-81 he was mayor of Middletown and for many years served with great efficiency and faithfulness on the school board of the city and town of Middletown, February 11, 1890, he became judge of the superior court and later was elevated to the bench of the supreme court, from which, September 7, 1910, he retired by reason of the age limit under the constitution, he having reached the age of seventy years. He is a member of the state bar association, and is a Republican in politics. He is an enthusiastic devotee of out-of-door life, his favorite amusements being walking, bicycling and trout fishing. He is a man of keen sagacity and broad capability in his profession. In personal habit and man-

#### All Syren Law

George (2), son of George (1) Norton, was born March 28, 1641, and lived in Salem, Ipswich and Suffield, Connecticut. He married (first), October 7, 1669, Sarah Hart, who died June 23, 1682, at Suffield. He married (second) Mercy Gillet, widow, of Wind-In 1695 the town of Suffield agreed with him and Richard Austin to make all the windows for the minister's house at eighteen pence per light and to pay for the same in provision and flax. He afterwards became a settler at Suffield, where a grant of land of sixty acres was made to him. September 14. 1674. The settlement was broken up in 1675 on account of the war with the Indians, but was commenced again at its close. The name of George Norton appears as an inhabitant there as early as September 25, 1677. He is called Ensign Norton in the list of

resentative to the general court in Boston the same year, at which time he is called Captam Norton. In the probate records of Hampshire is found the settlement of his estate, dated March 31, 1698. He died November 15, 1696. Children of first wife: George, horn November 10, 1671; Thomas, November, 1674; Nathaniel, June 30, 1676; Sarah, July 12, 1677; Alice, married Robert Kimbal; Samuel, January 22, 1679, died February 2, 1679; Samuel, April 9, 1681, died April 27, 1681. Children of second wife: John, June 12, 1683, died June 16, 1683; Mary Jane, June 18, 1685; Abigail, January 14, 1687; Freegrace, January 1, 1680; Joanna, March 17, 111

(1) Lieutenant Jonathan Norton, descendant of George (2) Norton, was born about 1730. He settled at Loudon, now Otis, Massachusetts. In 1790, according to the first federal census, he had two males over sixteen and three females in his family. He came thither from Suffield about 1751. His son Jonathan Jr. had two sons under sixteen and two females in his family in 1790. Jonathan was first licutenant in Captain Jacob Cook's company (15th or 17th) (Loudon company), First Berkshire Regiment, and was reported commissioned May 6, 1770; also licutenant of the same company, under Colonel John Ashley at the battle of Saratoga, in 1777; also licutenant in Captain Samuel Warner's company, Colonel John Brown's regiment, in 1780. His son Roderick is mentioned below.

(H) Roderick, son of Lieutenant Jonathan Norton, was born at Loudon, Massachusetts, June 18, 1774. He married Rhoda, daughter of Dr. Asa Johnson, Children: Bethuel, born January 20, 1708, died in infancy: Isaac Ives, January 14, 1799; Elam Potter, June 16, 1800; Harriet Johnson, October 29, 1802; Sedgwick Larkcom, August 28, 1804; Roderick Hyde, March 1, 1810; George Johnson, June 2, 1817.

(111) Isaac Ives, son of Reoferick Norton, was born at Otis, Massachusetts, January 14, 1799. He married Nancy Elmina, daughter of Thomas Marcy. Children: 1. Harriet P., born March 21, 1830; married (first) Albert Norton, her distant cousin, a native of Blandford, Massachusetts, by whom she had three children, all of whom died young; married (second) Judge Seagrave Smith, judge of the district court of Minnesota, and a native of Colchester, Connecticut. 2. Henry L.,

born 1832. 3. Fanny E., born April 10, 1843; married Silas Arnold Robinson (see Robinson II).

Thomas Dewey, the immigrant DEWEY ancestor, came from Sandwich, county Kent, England, and was one of the original grantees of Dorchester, Massachusetts, in 1636. He was here as early as 1633, however, and was a witness in that year of the non-cupative will of John Russell, of Dorchester. He was admitted a free-man of the colony, May 14, 1634. He sold his lands at Dorchester, August 12, 1635, and removed with other Dorchester men to Windsor, Connecticut, of which he was one of the earliest settlers. He was granted land at Dorchester in 1640, and his home lot there was the first north of the Palisado, and extended from the main street eastward to the Connecticut river. He was juryman in 1642-43-44-45. He died intestate and the inventory of his estate was filed May 19, 1648, amounting to two hundred and thirteen pounds. His estate was divided by the court June 6, 1650. He married, March 22, 1639, at Windsor, Frances, widow of Joseph Clark. She married (third), as his second wife, George Phelps, and she died September 27, 1690. Children: Thomas, born February 16, 1640. Josiah, baptized October 10, 1641; Anna, baptized October 15, 1643: Israel, mentioned be-

low; Jedediah, born December 15, 1647.
(II) Israel, son of Thomas Dewey, was born at Windsor, September 25, 1645, and died there, October 23, 1678, in the prime of life. He was a farmer, and at the time of his marriage was living at Northampton, Massachusetts. He was granted eight acres of land in the town of Westfield, Massachusetts, after his marriage. This lot was on South street. Later he removed to William Brooke's grant, and about 1674 removed to Windsor. Captain Daniel Clarke and Job Drake were appointed administrators of his estate December 5, 1678. He married, August 20, 1668, at Northampton, Abigail Drake, born September 28, 1648, at Windsor, died before November 17, 1696, daughter of Sergeant Job and Mary (Wolcott) Drake. Widow Dewey joined Rev. Samuel Mather's church, at Windsor, in 1686. Children: 1. Hannah, born about 1669; married Philip Loomis, of Westfield, Massachusetts, and Simsbury, Connecticut. 2. Israel, born December 30, 1673, at Westfield. 3. David, mentioned below. 4. Sergeant Joseph, born about 1678; died unmarried, about January, 1731; weaver by trade, and owned lands and mills at Hebron and Colchester, Connecticut.

(III) David, son of Israel Dewey, was born at Windsor, January 11, 1676, and died November 30, 1712, aged thirty-six, at Westfield, Massachusetts. He settled there about 1700, and was a weaver by trade. He was constable in 1705; selectman in 1708-09; deacon of the Westfield church in 1712 and later. He joined this church July 25, 1700. In 1707 he was schoolmaster at Westfield, receiving from the town ten pounds as a quarter's salary. His will was dated November 26, 1712, and proved February 3, 1712-13. He bequeathed to his wife; to his son David ten pounds more than to his other sons; to his daughter Sarah ten pounds less; to his servant Abigail Lee. His inventory amounted to five hundred and fifty-four pounds. He married, about 1699, Sarah -, born in 1682, died August 3, 1756, aged seventy-four years. His widow married Sergeant Luke Noble. She joined the Westfield church, July 20, 1709. Children: David, born June 28, 1700; Charles, July 18, 1703; Nathaniel, September 21, 1706, died February 2, 1710; Isaac, mentioned below; Sarah, born May 16, 1711,

died December 15, 1712.

(IV) Isaac, son of David Dewey, was born in Westfield, September 10, 1708. He removed to Simsbury, now Granby, Connecticut, about 1736, and was admitted a freeman there, September 3, 1740. He married (intention dated July 11, 1734), at Westfield, Abigail Bagg, born September 15, 1707, at Westfield, died May 12, 1773, aged sixty-five years, at Simsbury, daughter of Daniel and Hannah Bagg. Children, born at Simsbury: Abigail, August 19, 1736; Sarah, February 11, 1738, died November 29, 1770; Constant, born May 11, 1741; Isaac, July 27, 1747; Aaron,

mentioned below; David, 1751.

(V) Aaron, son of Isaac Dewey, was born at Simsbury, July 27, 1747, and died February 11, 1825, aged seventy-seven, at Granby, Connecticut. He was a soldier in the revolution, probably the Aaron Dewey who was a corporal in Captain Eliphalet Bulkley's company on the Lexington alarm, April 19, 1775. He married Bedee Gillett, born 1747, died December 15, 1840, aged ninety-three, at Granby. Children, born at Granby: Aaron, mentioned below: Bedee, 1783, married Dudley Hays as second wife: Theedy, 1785, married Rodolphus Gillett.

(VI) Aaron (2), son of Aaron (1) Dewey, was born at Granby, in 1781, and died there, September 30, 1826, aged forty-five. He married, in 1810, Louisa Gillett, born 1787, died August 25, 1860, at Granby, daughter of Deacon Samuel Gillett (see Gillett V). Children, born at Granby: William; Mary L.,

July 7 (Sect. and them offer v is born at Granby, October 8, 1813, and i. ny years he was in business in Granby, Ji in. He married (first), July 8, 1840, at c anby, Jane C. Alderman, born 1817, died Vity 21, 1847, aged thirty years, daughter of l ekiel and Julia (Gillett) Alderman. He married 1 second) seconds a day, omfield, Connecticut, Susannah II. Me-I n III. Ma-III. I May 29, 1854, aged twenty-nine, at take of 185 and digitally, the open for the transfer for DAYs at AV-2 to the Asdied July 12, 1908, in Hartford, Connecticut, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Thomporge Melville, born April 28, 1841; ment ned below. 2. Jay Alderman, born May 2. ond wife: 3. Harry McLean, born May 21, 1854; died June 19, 1854. Children of the third wife: 4. Bertha Florence, born July 4. 5. Edward Watson, born October 29, 1857; mentioned below. 6. Kate Estelle, born May an a simulator and any confi 1884: married, June 23, 1807, George Sevmour Godard, of Granby. Children: George February 17, 1901; Mary Katharine, October 3. 1903. 7. Charles Thompson, born Decem-Granby, Connecticut, and Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Massachusetts. Then for one year he was employed in the coal office of Blood & Searles, Westfield, Massachusetts, For a short period he was in an insurance office, in Hartford, and later was associated with his brother Edward in a general store in brother and traveled through the West with

the idea of locating, but finally returned to Hartford and entered the employ of H. J. Case & Company as bookkeeper, and remained with them until they sold out in 1900. Since that time he has been financial manager for P. Berry & Son, cold storage warehouse in Hartford. He married, March 28, 1904, Lucie E. Avery, a direct descendant of an old colonial family of Connecticut. He is a member of St. Marks Lodge No. 91, Masons, of Granby, Connecticut, and in politics he is a Remiblican

of battalion in battles of Mine Run, November 26-30, and of Morton's Ford, February 6, 1864, where his horse was shot under him, while leading an assault on a house occupied by the enemy's sharpshooters. On the occasion of review by the division commander, General Hayes, he paid a special compliment to Captain Dewey in the presence of the field and staff of the brigade for the excellent appearance and steady marching of his commands, and was tendered a vote of thanks by the officers of the battalion for his efforts to insure discipline and all soldierly attainments, and his uniform courtesy to officers and men; continued in command of battalion at the battle of the Wilderness, where he was severely wounded in the left leg, on account of which wound he was discharged, October 13, 1864, and he was breveted major and lieutenant-colonel for gallant and meritorious services in the war of the rebellion. The following is an extract from the Fortress Monroe correspondent of the New York Herald: "A pleasing little episode occurred last evening at the fort. At roll call at retreat, Company I, of the 10th Regt. N. Y. Vols., presented their First Lieutenant, George M. Dewey, with a superb sword belt, sash and epaulets, as a mark of respect. The present was as unexpected as handsome, and took Lieutenant Dewey by surprise. The sword is one of the celebrated solingin blades, richly mounted, and bears the following inscription: Presented to First Lieutenant George M. Dewey, Co. I, Tenth Regt. N. Y. Vols., by the members of the said Co. as a token of esteem. Fortress Monroe, April 28, 1862." The presentation was made in a neat speech by Private Martin Lawless; a singular cir-cumstance connected with this presentation was that the day on which it occurred was the birthday of Lieutenant Dewey, of which fact, however, the company was not aware.

He was a member of Winchester Post, No. 197, Grand Army of the Republic, of Brooklyn, New York, and of the New York Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. He was a member of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, in which city he resided from 1866 to 1880; after that he lived in New York, where he died, January 26, 1900. He married, September 17, 1879, Sarah Benfield Stewart. of Columbus, Ohio. daughter of John and Virginia (Miner) Stewart, born July 1, 1856, died January 1, 1889, at Colorado Springs. Children: I. Alice Marion, born October 29, 1880, at Brooklyn, New York; married William G. Cook, of Lansingburg, New York; children: Katherine Stewart; Constance. 2. Katherine Stewart; Constance.

born August 8, 1883; died of consumption, at Orchard Lake, Michigan.

(VIII) Edward Watson, son of Watson Dewey, was born at Granby, October 29, 1857. He was educated in the public schools, and at Williston Seminary, of Easthampton, Mas-sachusetts. He has lived on the old homestead, in Granby, except from 1880 to 1884, when he was clerk in a store at Westfield, and in the office of a coal company. He returned to Granby to settle his father's estate and bought a store there, conducting it for four years successfully. His later years have been devoted to the public service. In 1880 he represented the town in the state legislature. He is an active and influential Republican and has been chairman of the town committee. From 1886 to 1898 he was judge of probate in his district. From 1891 until 1907 he was county commissioner of Hartford county, a position of great honor and responsibility. Since 1907 he has been high sheriff of Hartford county, re-elected in November, 1910, for another term of four years, from June 1, 1911, and his official residence is in Hartford. Judge Dewey is past master of St. Mark's Lodge of Free Masons, of Granby. He is a member of the Universalist church. He is highly esteemed, not only in his native town, of which he is one of the most distinguished citizens, but throughout Hartford county. An earnest, upright, capable public officer, Judge Dewey has demonstrated especial fitness both as a magistrate and as an executive officer. His administration of the sheriff's office has given eminent satisfaction.

### (The Gillett Line).

(I) Jonathan Gillett, immigrant ancestor, was, with his brother Nathan, of the company of one hundred and forty Puritans from the counties of Devon, Dorset and Somerset, England, which sailed, with Rev. John Warham and Rev. John Maverick as pastors, in the ship "Mary and John," March 20, 1630, arriving off Nantasket May 30, and settled Dorchester, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman of the colony May 6, 1635. He was granted various lands and privileges at Dorchester. He and his brother Nathan removed with Rev. John Warham and the Dorchester pioneers and settled Windsor, Connecticut, about 1636. He had a lot seventeen rods wide near John Warham's lot, and opposite Alexander Alvord's. Jonathan and his wife Mary are included in the list of church members made by Mathew Grant, thirty-seven years after the settlement, of twenty-one "members who were so in Dorchester and came up with Mr. Warham and

pre till at the tillay form all critical lacency and to defer in the fire fire set in them complete in the percentage and in the second i the Indians at Simsbury and Springfield and w. preside the amortion of priories the de An (1) the control of the factor of the f married Priscilla Kelsey. 2. Jonathan, marsted to the train to the the 1 r 14, 1676, Miriam Dibble, who died April

Compared the control of the first tree for

ried, July 8, 1669, Mary Barker. 8, Abigail, baptized June 28, 1646; died, 1648. 9, Jere-miah, born February 12, 1647; married, Octo-ber 15, 1685, Deborah Bartlett. 10, Josiah,

mentioned below.

(II) Josiah, son of Jonathan Gillett, was 1 rn in Windsor, Connecticut, and baptized t'ere, July 14, 1650. He married, June 30. 1676, Joanna Taintor, born April, 1657, daughter of Michael Taintor, of Branford, Connecticut. He removed to Colchester in October 29, 1736, and she died January 23, 1735. Children, born at Windsor: I. Josiah, November 24, 1678; died October 14, 1742; Harried, March 7, 1711, Sarah Pellett. Joanna, born October 28, 1680; married, January 5, 1608, Josiah Strong, of Windsor; removed to Colchester. 3. Elizabeth, born Janttary 16, 1682; died May 10, 1756. 4. Jonathan, born June 28, 1685; general of militia; married, January 3, 1717, Sarah Ely. 5, Mary, born March 8, 1687; married Deacon Nathaniel Skinner. 6. Docothy, born April 15. 1680: married - Roberts. 7. Samuel. born October 1, 1600; mentioned below. 8. born February 4, 1696; died May 8, 1784; married - Clark. 10. Aaron, born March 8, 1699; died November 30, 1730; married

Chamberlain. 11. Noah, born December 5, 1701; merchant; married Abigail ----, who

died February 6, 1730. (III) Samuel, son of Josiah Gillett, was born in Windsor, October 1, 1600, and died October 8, 1771. He married (first) January 30, 1718, Mary Chappell, who died September 17, 1732. tack believer in 1722 numel, he is

1747, Mercy Coleman; Adonijah, May 30, 1724, killed by Indians on the expedition to born April 11, 1729; Ruth, December 17, 1731; married, April 4, 1751; John Hinckley; Eliphalet, mentioned below; Jerusha, born October 20, 1730; married, February 3, 1757;

Caleb, born September 3, 1739. (IV) Eliphalet, son of Samuel Gillett, was born April 29, 1734, and died May 2, 1790; 14, 1830, married, October 30, 1790, Civil

1822; Betsey, born June 11, 1780, died No-

WHITNEY De Whitney from the lordship of Whitney which he possessed. The present form of in Domesday Book, A.D., 1080. The parish of Whitney is traversed by the river Wye, which is one of the most beautiful spots in old England, its Rhydspence Inn reminding one of the description of the old May-pole. The Anglo-Saxon derivation of the name Whitney is evidently from "Hewit," white, and "ey," water, the name meaning white water. In the west of England to-day Whitbourn means White brook; Whit-church, White church; and Whit-on, the White town. De Whitney (de meaning "of") came to be regarded as the family name, and in the course of time this prefix was dropped and the name became Whitney, as it is to-day.

The line had been established for more than five hundred years as Whitney, and John, the first settler of this name at Watertown, Massachusetts, could trace his descent directly to Sir Robert of Whitney, who was living in 1242, whose father Eustace, already mentioned, took the surname De Whitney on the Wye in the Marches of Wales, who through a line of three or four generations which has been ably traced by Henry (Whitney) Millville, Esq., of New York, in his history of the Whitney family, was a descendant of one "Turstin de Fleming," a follower of William the Conqueror, who was mentioned in the Domesday Book, A. D., 1086. The line from Sir Robert (1) of Whitney, living in 1242, passed to another Robert (2) of Whitney, and then by Sir Eustace (3) of Whitney to Sir Robert (4), Sir Robert (5), Sir Eustace (6) de Whitney, knight, Robert (7) of Whitney, Land (6) of Whitney, Polyer (6) of Whitney, Polyer (7) ney, James (8) of Whitney, Robert (9) of Icond, Sir Robert (10) of Whitney, knight, Robert (II) of Whitney, esquire, Thomas (12) of Westminster, gentleman, to John Whitney, who with his wife Elinor and several sons emigrated from London, England, in 1635, and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, the first of the name in America and the ancestor of a great majority of the Whitneys now living in this country.

We unfortunately have no space to speak here of the distinguished members of the early Whitney race in England or to enlarge upon the distinguished careers of many of its modern American members. This has been very fully done in several meritorious genealogies published on this side of the water. Sir Robert Whitney, knight, was sheriff of Herefordshire in the first year of Richard II. (1337) and is mentioned by Thomas Fuller in his famous "History of the Worthies of England." It is no doubt true that the family were entitled to a coat armor as long ago as the early crusades, and the armorial ensign remained unchanged certainly until the time of the emigration of John Whitney to New England. As the motto on the shield of the

Whitney race, translated from the Latin into English, is "Gallantly uphold the Cross," the crusade origin of that object of honor would appear to be substantiated by the facts. The Whitney coat-of-arms is a shield with a blue ground on which is a large cross formed of checker-board squares of gold and red, above which, as a crest, was a bull's head, cut off at the neck, black, with silver horns tipped with red. A cross on an ancient coat-of-arms indicated that it belonged to a crusader. A family coat-of-arms could not have been devised where the cross would be more prominent than in the Whitney design. In fact, the cross is the only symbol. The coat-of-arms as described appears on the walls of Hereford Cathedral, England, where a Mrs. Lucy Booth, daughter of Sir Robert Whitney, was buried in 1763. The bull's head is said to have been adopted as a family crest from the fact that Sir Randolph de Whitney, who accompanied Richard the Lion-hearted, king of England, to the crusades, was once attacked by three Saracens, one of them the brother of Saladin. Sir Randolph Whitney, singlehanded, defended himself with the greatest vigor, but his assailants were gaining upon him, when a Spanish bull, feeding near by, becoming angry at the red dresses of the Saracens flitting before him, joined in the attack against them so furiously that the Saracens were put to flight and left the field victorious to Sir Randolph and the bull. acknowledgment of the services of the bull in time of need, the bull's head was adopted as a crest to the family coat-of-arms. Whether this account be true or not, it is certain that the American descendants of the ancient English Whitney family have many times indicated a "bull headed" strength of mind and tenacity of purpose in many laudable undertakings.

(I) John Whitney, of Watertown, Massachusetts, born in England, died at Watertown, June 7, 1673, aged eighty-four years; his first wife Elinor died at Watertown. May 11, 1659, aged fifty-four years. He married (second) September 29, 1659, Judith Clement, who died before her husband. Although the Whitney family is quite numerous in this country, a very large share of them are descendants of John and Elinor Whitney, of Watertown. John Whitney was third son of Thomas Whitney, "gentleman," and dwelt for several years in the parish of Isleworth, near London, England. He was baptized in the parish church of Saint Margaret, July 20, 1592. At Watertown he was a highly respected citizen and shared with the schoolmaster and the minister the then highly esteemed title of "Mr."

He extel the set of th

(IV) Daniel, son of Jonathan (2) Whitney, was born at Concord, September 12, 1710, died at Boylston, October 18, 1779. He resided for the greater part of his life in the north precinct of Shrewsbury, now the town of Boylston. He married, at Shrewsbury, March 8, 1738-39, Thankful, daughter of Elmathan and Mercy (Rice) Allen. She died, was the last of the North State of the Comber 5, 1739, mentioned below; Timothy,

October 25, 1743; Daniel, September 4, 1746; Sarah, September 9, 1749; Shadrach; Amos.

(V) Lieutenant Levi, son of Daniel Whit-1739, died at Townsend, January 8, 1809. He Prescott's regiment, which marched on the was a manufacturer of agricultural tools by occupation and a man of much mechanical ingenuity. He was selectman of Townsend, munity. His two brothers, Shadrach and Amos, left substantial bequests to the towns and yet his memory is still cherished in his interest of the hundred pounds was left for the support of a reading and writing school. A substantial gravestone, erected by his when it was first erected in 1770. About fifty years ago the old clock given to the town was returned to Asa Whitney, of Philadelnow in good running order and in possession ney, a brother of Levi Whitney, left forty born in Watertown, lived in Townsend, Mason and Groton, and died in the latter town. Levi Whitney married (first) Decemher 19, 1764, Rebecca, daughter of Deacon Samuel Clark, of Townsend; (second) Noica. Children: Amos, born February 11, 1766; died at Lansingburg, New York. Child of second wife: Rebecca, July 29, 1781.

(VI) Aaron, son of Lieutenant Levi Whitney, was born in Townsend, 1772. He was a blacksmith by trade, and in 1812 was the postmaster at Amherst, Massachusetts. In 1815 his shop was burned, and he removed to Calais, Maine. He was for some years a prominent citizen of Amherst. He died February 16, 1845. He married (first) March 16, 1797, Phebe Dunklee, born December 20, 1778, died January 31, 1800. He married (second) Olive Lund, born August, 1779, died January, 1867. Children: Levi, born July 7, 1708; Luke (twin), January 2, 1800; Mark (twin); Aaron, December 15, 1801, mentioned below; Olive, May 15, 1805; James, July 8, 1808.

(VII) Aaron (2), son of Aaron (1) Whitney, was born December 15, 1801, in Amherst, died January, 1866. He was a machinist by trade. He married, at Biddeford, Maine, Rebecca Perkins, born March, 1809. Children: Sarah, born March 19, 1831; Amos, October 8, 1832, mentioned below; John, July 12, 1835; Ada; George Q., April 22, 1843; Fannie Forrester; Grace Greenwood, married, October 11, 1876, George H. Carev.

(VIII) Amos, son of Aaron (2) Whitney, was born October 8, 1832, in Biddeford, and was educated in the common schools of Saccarappa, Maine, and Exeter, New Hampshire, his parents removing first to Saccarappa, then to Exeter, and lastly to Lawrence, Massachusetts. In the latter town he was apprenticed, when fourteen years old, to learn the machinist's trade with the Essex Machine Company. The shop in which he worked was a very large one for those days, and was devoted to the making of cotton machinery, locomotives and machinists' tools. During his apprenticeship of three years and one year as a journeyman he served at the latter work. At the end of the fourth year he followed his father to Colt's pistol factory at Hartford, Connecticut, where both worked as machinists in September, 1850. It may be noted here that among the Whitneys for generations there had been many skilled mechanics. Whitney was an expert locksmith and machinist and the son no doubt inherited from him his mechanical taste and his pronounced skill. Eli Whitney, of cotton-gin fame, was a descendant of the same remote ancestor as Amos.

In 1852, Francis A. Pratt, later of the Pratt & Whitney Company, came to Hartford to take a position in the pistol factory of Colonel Colt. In 1854 he accepted the position of superintendent of the Phoenix Iron Works, and about this time Amos Whitney went to the same works. The two young men were closely associated as superintendent and contractor and remained with the firm until 1864. In the meantime, however, 1860, they had rented a room on Potter street, and

began doing some work on their own account in the manufacture of a little machine called a "Spooler" for the Willimantic Linen Company, who owned the device for winding thread, the Conant patent. This was the beginning of the great Pratt & Whitney Company of to-day. In the month of February following their start, the two men were burned out, but a month later they were again settled for business in what was then the Woods building, in the rear of the Hartford Times office, where they continued to spread through one room after another until all the available space was outgrown by the expansion of the business. In 1863 they took into partnership Monroe Stannard, of New Britain, each contributing \$1,200, and the association thus formed remained unbroken until 1900. Mr. Stannard assumed charge of the running of the shop, but the business so increased that both Mr. Pratt and Mr. Whitney were obliged to give up their positions with the Phoenix Iron Works and devote their whole time to their own business. In 1865 the firm erected the first building on the present site, and from time to time others have been added until the plant in 1910 occupies more than thirteen acres of floor room, equipped throughout with the most approved appliances for protection against fires, for the comfort of the employees and for the convenience and economical dispatch of work. The property lies on both sides of the Park river, and on both sides of the tracks of the Consolidated New York, New Haven & Hartford railways.

One of the chief products of the early firm was a milling machine designed by Mr. Pratt. Up to this date, 1910, more than 9,500 of these machines have been made by the company and distributed to all parts of the world. The design of the machine is practically the same to-day as it was more than forty years ago. Beginning with the manufacture of machine tools, gun tools, and tools for the makers of sewing machines, the firm has gradually extended its lines until a partial catalog of its products fills hundreds of pages. The invention of the typewriter and the bicycle materially increased the demand for special machinery and tools, and since the advent of these industries the company has supplied manufacturers throughout this as well as foreign countries with appliances for doing their work.

In 1865 Roswell F. Blodgett and Seth W. Bishop were admitted to an equal interest with the other members in the partnership. Owing to the constant increase in the business it became necessary to organize a joint stock company. The net assets of \$3,600, in 1862, had



Amos Whitney



grown time, the family at the estimate Jump the most three principles only of 000. In July, 1860, the Pratt & Whitney coo. In 1873 a stock dividend was declared making the capital \$400,000. In 1875 the cardid to the result to the provide a seal dividend. Up to this date, 1875, not over Spanner in sale first from pul se the source been earned. In 1803 the company was restock, figures which were based upon the com-1803, employed over eight hundred hands, chines than any concern in the world. When it was reorganized in 1803 the limit of production for a year was over \$1,100,000. With the same business activity now, in 1910, the establishment could produce in the same period

In 1882 what is known as the west building was erected. In 1887 the company completed of five stories, containing 44,000 square feet In 1895 they built a forge shop about 165 shop about 18 feet, for the enlargement of the offices and stores above. There are now, in 1910, over 566,000 square feet of floorage. In 1870 Mr. Pratt visited Berlin, and after an absence of six weeks returned to Hartford with orders from the German government for gun machinery to the value of \$350,000. Within the next three years he made three trips to Berlin, taking orders and delivered to the government goods worth over \$1,400,000. secondary batteries of our new war vessels. Up to the spring of 1898 Mr. Whitney was superintendent of the works, and after 1803 business, a rare instance of such business and social relations. From the organization of the firm until 1803, Mr. Whitney never had more than three or four days vacation in a year. He had always my to to a when he

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White reputs of the Hell White result to

The Whitney Manufacturing Company was at

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able. Scrupulously honorable in all his deal-

He married, September 8, 1856, Laura Johnson, born November 9, 1837, daughter Johnson VIII). Children: Nellie Hortense, born October 5, 1860, died June 8, 1865; Nettie Louise, November 8, 1865; Clarence Edgar, November 26, 1869. The latter studied at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, later passed through a similar training in the shop and office of the Pratt & Whitney Company. April 25, 1900, he married Nellie Hurlburt; children: Dorothy Goodwin, born February 6, 1901; Laura Cheney, August 6, 1902; Winthrop Hurlburt, April 15, 1904.

### (The Johnson Line).

John Johnson, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and came to America in the fleet with Winthrop, accompanied by his wife Margery, who died at Roxbury, June 9, 1655, and their sons, Isaac and Humphrey, and probably other children. Savage thinks there were three daughters. Johnson was admitted a freeman, May 18, 1630. He settled in Roxbury and was called a yeoman. He was chosen by the general court, October 19, 1630, constable of Roxbury and surveyor of all the arms of the colony, and was a very industrious man in his place. He kept a tavern and was agent for Mrs. Catherine Sampner, of London, in 1653. He was a man of wealth and much distinction. He was a deputy to the general court in 1634 and many years afterwards. His house was burned August 2, 1645, with seventeen barrels of his country's powder and many arms in his charge. At the same time the town records were destroyed. He was elected a member of the Artillery Company in 1658. He signed the inventory of Joseph Weld's estate in 1646. He died September 30, 1650, and his will was proved October 15, following, dividing his property among his five children, the eldest to have a double portion. The estate amounted to six hundred and sixty pounds. He married (second) Grace (Negus) Fawer, widow of Barnabas Fawer. Her will was made December 21, 1671, and proved December 29, 1671, leaving all her estate to her brothers, Jonathan and Benjamin Negus. Children, all by first

Isaac, married, January 20, 1637, Elizabeth Porter, killed in the Narragansett fight in King Philip's war, December 19, 1675; Humphrey, mentioned below; Mary, married Roger Mowry, of Providence, who sold her share in the estate, October 12, 1659. Two other daughters.

(II) Humphrey, son of John Johnson, was born in England. He came to America with his parents and settled in Roxbury as early as 1643, when his name appears on a deed. He was a resident of Scituate in 1651, and

while he was considered an able and shrewd man, he was continually getting into trouble with the authorities. As he came to Scituate without the consent of the governor and two assistants, he was ordered to remove, and March 30, 1674, he removed to Hingham. He was given permission by the selectmen to settle upon the common land, provided he would move at three months' notice. April 22, 1675, he was granted privileges for making improvements on the land. He resided on Liberty Plain at South Hingham. He married (first) in 1642, Eleanor Cheney, of Roxbury, who died at Hingham, September 28, 1678. He married (second) Abigail
——. Children of first wife: Mehitable, born 1644; Martha, 1647; John, 1653, drowned at Hingham, June 12, 1674; Joseph, 1655, died young; Benjamin, 1657; Margaret, 1659; Deborah, 1661; Mary, 1663; Nathaniel, July, 1666, mentioned below; Isaac, February 18, 1668; Joseph, September 6, 1676. Children of second wife: John, June 8, 1680; Deborah, February 19, 1682-83.

Deboran, February 19, 1682-83.

(III) Nathaniel, son of Humphrey Johnson, was born at Hingham, July, 1666. He married Abigail ——, and settled, about 1695, in Sherborn, Massachusetts. He had a lot assigned to him there, March 8, 1696. The history of Sherborn and various other authorities have confused him with Nathaniel Johnson, son of his uncle, Isaac Johnson, of Roxbury. Both branches lived in this section and in Connecticut in the same vicinity. Children: Nathaniel, born about 1684, at Hingham or Scituate; Joseph, September 9, 1685, mentioned below; Abigail, April 1, 1687; Elisha, March 12, 1688-89; Mary, March 1, 1691; Jonathan, March 16, 1692-93. Children, born at Sherborn: Martha, February 19, 1696-97; Mehitable, October 15, 1699.

1723, January 30, 1731.
(V) Elisha, son of Joseph Johnson, was born November 20, 1720. He married, October 1, 1741. Mary Gay, who died February 21, 1809. Children: Perry, born March 24, 1743; Levi, February 1, 1744-45; Aaron, December 26, 1747; Elisha, April 6, 1749, mentioned below; Zedekiah, April 19, 1751; Mary,





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September 20, 75; Ohn Dr. W.

1757. Ann. Sertimber S. J. ... A 47 r.l. discount of a 100 hr state of the ser as series a visito, sports of the shah Vanu va 17. munu 1777 - Ildren Marian untun Solomon. Elisha Johnson was a soldier in

A Transaction of Aller and Journal Rhoda Leonard. Children, born in North Orange, Massachusetts: Horace, Harriet, John, mentioned below, Ruth, Nathan, Chandler, Elisha, Holly, Lucinda, Elmina, Dwight.

was form famous after no South Francis died April 2, 1879, in Hartford. He was educated in the country schools of his native TOTAL AREA OF THE REAL PROPERTY. turer in Winchester, New Hampshire. In 1844 | 1 setts, and in 1846 in New Hampshire; in 1847-48 in Springfield, Massachusetts, and in 1849 in Hartford, Connecticut, where the remainder of his life was spent. He was a member of the Universalist church in Winchester, and his children are members of the March 4, 1833, in North Orange, Sally daughter of Mark and Sally Cheney, the former a cooper by trade. Children of Mr. Amos Leander, Hannah Gould, Ebenezer, Jonathan, Ruth, Sally, Children of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson: Leroy, born August, 1836, died at age of ten months; Laura, November, 1837, married Amos Whitney (see Whitney VIII); Emma Francelia, January 16, 1846, married George Farnham Whitney, died February 14, 1903. All were educated in the public schools of Hartford.

ing business man and citizen of that city, is a descendant in the ninth generation, his line of descent being through John (1), John (2), Eli (2), and Eli (3).

(II) John (2) William on the Information Whitney (q. v.), the emigrant ancestor, born in 1620, in England, married, in 1642. Ruth, With the state of Wethersfield and Boston, and resided in Waterforce the sind so jeen

born in February, 1646, in Watertown, married, in 1673. Sarah Hager, who died in 1746.

Whitney, born in 1075, in Watertown, married, in 1005, Mercy Robinson, and lived in

(V) Nathaniel (3), son of Nathaniel (2)

1 TT EU, - S Bulg-LO L White-

been filled. He then accepted the invitation Whitney, "who," she said, "could make anyclean in a day. Mr. Whitney up to that time seed, but he at once procured some cotton. from which the seeds had been removed, al-(Bought water pro-

and began to work out his idea of the cotton-

long and five inches in diameter, upon which is set a series of circular saws half an inch apart and projecting two inches above the surface of the revolving cylinder. A mass of cotton in the seed, separated from the cylinder by a steel grating, is brought in contact with the numerous teeth in the cylinder. These teeth catch the cotton while playing between the bars, which allow the lint, but not the seed, to Beneath the saws is a set of stiff brushes on another cylinder, revolving in an opposite direction, which brush off from the saw teeth the lint that these have just pulled from the seed. There is also a revolving fan for producing a current of air to throw the light and downy lint that is thus liberated to a convenient distance from the revolving saws and brushes. Such are the essential principles of the cotton-gin as invented by Whitney, and as it is still used, but in various details and workmanship it has been the subject of many improvements, the object of which has been to pick the cotton more perfectly from the seed, to prevent the teeth from cutting the staple, and to give greater regularity to the operation of the machine. By its use the planter was able to clean for market, by the labor of one man, one thousand pounds of cotton in place of five or six by hand. Mrs. Greene and Phineas Miller were the only ones permitted to see the machine, but rumors of it had gone through the state, and before it was quite finished, the building in which it was placed was broken into at night and the machine was carried off. Before he could complete his model and obtain a patent, a number of machines based on his invention had been surreptitiously made and were in operation. In May, 1793, he formed a partnership with Mr. Miller, who had some property, and went to Connecticut to manufacture the machines, but he became involved in continual trouble by infringement of his patent. In Georgia it was boldly asserted that he was not the inventor, but that something like it had been produced in Switzerland, and it was claimed that the substitution of teeth cut in an iron plate for wire prevented an infringement on his invention. He had sixty lawsuits pending before he secured a verdict in his favor. In South Carolina the legislature granted him \$50,000, which was finally paid after vexatious delays and lawsuits. North Carolina allowed him a percentage on the use of each saw for five years, and collected and paid it over to the patentees in good faith, and Tennessee promised to do the same thing, but afterward rescinded her contract. For years amid accumulated misfortunes, law suits wrongfully decided against him, the destruction of his manufactory by fire, the industrious circulation of the report that his machine injured the fiber of the cotton, the refusal of congress, on account of the southern opposition, to allow the patent to be renewed, and the death of his partner, Mr. Whitney struggled on until he was convinced that he should never receive a just compensation for his invention. At the time of his invention, cotton was exported to the amount of only one hundred and eighty-nine thousand five hundred pounds, while in 1803, owing to the use of his gin, it had risen to more than forty-

one million pounds. Despairing of ever gaining a competence, Mr. Whitney turned his attention in 1798 to the manufacture of firearms near New Haven, from which he eventually gained a fortune. He was the first manufacturer of firearms to effect the division of labor to the extent of making it the duty of each workman to make interchangeable the parts of the thousands of arms in process of manufacture at the same time. This interchangeable system has now extended to the manufacture of watches, sewing machines, etc. His first contract was with the United States government for ten thousand stand of muskets, to be furnished in or about two years. For the execution of his order he took two years for preparation and eight more for completion. He gave bonds for \$30,000, and was to receive \$13.40 for each musket, or \$134.000 in all. Immediately he began to build an armory at the foot of East Rock, two miles from New Haven, in the village of Whitneyville, where through the successive administrations, from that of John Adams, repeated contracts for the supply of arms were made and fulfilled to the entire approbation of the government. The construction of his armory, and even of the commonest tools which were devised by him for the prosecution of the business in a manner peculiar to himself, evinced the fertility of his genius and the precision of his mind. The buildings became the model by which the national armories were afterward arranged, and many of his improvements were taken to other establishments and have become common property. Owing to his unpleasant experience with patent laws, he never applied for patents on any of these inventions. His improvements in the manufacture of arms laid this country under permanent obligations by augmenting the means of national defense. Several of his inventions have been applied to other manufactures of iron and steel, and added to his reputation. He established a fund of \$500 at Yale, the interest of which is expended in the purchase of books on mechan-





Eli Cuhitmey

that Arian In the arrangement of the interest of the cotton gin has more than equaled in its relationship.

In person Mr. Whitney was considerably above the ordinary size, of a digmited carriage, and of an open, manly, and agreeable countenance. In New Haven he was universally esteemed. Many of the prominent citizens of the place supported him in his undertakings, and he inspired all whom he met with a similar confidence. Throughout the community and in foreign lands, he was known and honored as a benefactor of the race. With all the Presidents of the United States, from the beginning of the government, he enjoyed a personal acquaintance, and his relations with the leading men of the country were unimpaired by political revolutions. His most remarkable trait of character was a great power of mechanical invention. He was reasonably patient. His mind wrought with precision rather than with rapidity. His aim was steady. He never abandoned a half-accomplished effort in order to make trial of a new and forcing idea.

In January, 1817, Mr. Whitney was married to Henrietta Frances Edwards, born in June, 1700, who lived until April, 1870. She was the daughter of Hon. Pierpont Edwards, who graduated at Princeton College in 1768, was a lawyer in New Haven, Connecticut, soldier in the revolution, member of the continental congress, and judge of the United States court for Connecticut at the time of his death. Mr. Edwards was frequently a member of the Connecticut legislature, was the first grand master of the Masonic fraternity in Connecticut. His father, Rev. Jonathan Edwards, was the noted metaphysician and president of Princeton College, New Jersey. Mr. Whitney's children were: t. Frances E., born November 23, 1817, married, in 1842, Charles L. Chaplain. She died May 7, 1859. 2. Elizabeth F. 3. Eli, referred to farther on. 4. Susan E., born in January, 1821, died in 1823. The father of these children died January 8, 1851.

(VIII) Eli (3), son of Eli (2) Whitney, was born November 24, 1820, in New Haven, where he attended a private school, and was prepared for college. He attended Yale one year, and was graduated from Princeton College in the class of 1841, and the following year he took up his father's business, that of the

manufacture of firearms for the United States government. In 1856 he ceased this branch

it again at the breaking out of the civil war

Whitney Arms Company, of which until recent years he was president, has manufactured thousands of muskets, rifles and re-

military arms for foreign governments, in

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in firearms of all sorts and patented them, are made improvements in machinery for making arms. He was on the Republican elector

ticket in Connecticut as presidential elector at-large in the November election of 1892. It 1800 be received an honorary degree of M. A

prominent and representative citizens. If great-grandson of Jonathan Edwards, he embodied the best traditions of New England and through a life of dignity and honor bordworthily the name of his father, the invento of the cotton-gin. His part in the life and growth of New Haven was an important one He was an ardent patriot in whatever concerned the rational and wise development of his city, his state and his country. His public spirit, open-handed generosity, quick and wide sympathies, dignity of hearing and court

On June 17, 1845, Mr. Whitney was married at Utica, New York, to Sarah Perkins Dalliba, who died January 12, 1000. Her mother was Susannah Huntington, granddaughter of Judge Benjamin Huntington, of Norwich Connecticut. To this union were born children as follows: 1. Eli, referred to at greater length farther on. 2. Susan Huntington, borr August 1, 1846, married, in 1873, Rev. Chauncey Bunee Brewster, late rector of Grace Church. Brooklyn Heights, now bishop of Connecticut, her death occurring May 25, 1885, 3. Henrietta Edwards. The father, Eli (3)

(IX) Eli (4), son of Eli (3). Whitney, the fourth of the name in succession, was born January 22, 1847, in the city of New Haven, which has since been his home and the field of his business operations. He attended the

private schools and later entered Yale College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1869. He has held various public offices and most creditably and efficiently discharged the duties of each. He has been largely identified with various enterprises and is one of the city's prominent citizens and leading business men. For years he has been president of the New Haven Water Company, which, as stated in the foregoing, his father created and built, and is also president of the West Haven and Milford Water companies, a director of New Haven Gas Light Company, director of Security Insurance Company, vice-president of New Haven Chamber of Commerce, state senator for 1905-06. For sixteen years he was a member of the board of education and for twelve years served as its president; president of the General Hospital Society of Connecticut; ex-president of the New Haven Horticultural Society; president of the Tontine Company; vice-president of New Haven Colony Historical Society; director and vice-president of the City Bank of New Haven; trustee of Connecticut Savings Bank, New Haven; trustee of the New Haven Trust Company, and also in a number of charitable organizations. He is a member of the Quinnipiack, Union League and Graduates clubs of New Haven; Century, University, Yale and Engineers clubs of New York; Society of Colonial Wars; Sons of the American Revolution; the Society of the War of 1812, and is also a member of the Yale Corporation.

On October 22, 1873, Mr. Whitney was married to Sarah Sheffield Farnam, born September 27, 1850. Children: 1. Anne Farnam, born September 20, 1874, married, December 6, 1898, Thomas M. Debevoise, a lawyer of New York, and has two children, Eli Whitney, born December 14, 1899, and Catherine, born June 18, 1901. 2. Henrietta Edwards, born February 27, 1876, married, July 2, 1904, Dr. Leonard C. Sanford, and has two children: William Farnam, born August 18, 1905, and Leonard J., born July 14, 1910. 3. Sarah Tracy, born September 18, 1877, married, April 26, 1900, Dr. Leonard C. Sanford, and died February 19, 1901, leaving an infant daughter, Sally Whitney, born February 6, 1901. 4. Elizabeth Fay, born April 3, 1879. 5. Louise Huntington, born February 20, 1881, married, July 9, 1908, Gourdin Y. Gaillard. 6. Susan Brewster, born March 16, 1885. 7. Frances Pierpont, born August 19, 1891.

GEER was born in England in 1621. He came to this country in charge of an uncle. He had a brother Thomas, born

about 1623, who also came. According to family tradition, they were sons of Jonathan Geer, of Hevitree, Devonshire, and related to John Geer, whose family bore a coat-of-arms and was prominent there. Another tradition, however, has Shoreham, Devonshire, as their former home. The name was variously spelled Gere, Geer, Geaves, etc. George Geer was in Boston in 1635, and at New London, Con-necticut, in 1651. Thomas Geer was in Enfield, Connecticut, in 1682. George Geer married, February 17, 1658, Sarah, daughter of Robert Allyn. Geer settled on a tract adjoining Allyn's land. He had first a grant of fifty acres at New London, and in 1665 a hundred acres more. His farm was in that part of New London now the town of Ledvard. He owned land also in what is now Preston and Griswold, Connecticut. He received land by deed from Owaneco, son of Uncas, December 11, 1691. His will was dated June 5, 1723, bequeathing to wife Sarah and his children. He was totally blind during his last years. He was selectman and held other town offices. He resided in Groton until five or six years before his death, then removed to Preston, to live with his daughter Margaret, who married Thomas Gates. He died at the age of one hundred and five. He lived with his wife Sarah for sixty-five years. Children: Sarah, born February 27, 1659; Jonathan, mentioned below; Joseph, October 14, 1664; Hannah, February 27, 1666; Margaret, February, 1669; Mary, March 26, 1671; Daniel, 1673; Robert, January 2, 1675; Anne, January 6, 1679; Isaac, March 26, 1681; Jeremiah, 1683.

(II) Jonathan, son of George Geer, was born May 26, 1662, died April 30, 1742. He settled ten miles north of his father's farm, on land given him by his father, January 11, 1686. He and twenty others petitioned to be set off from Norwich, New London and Stonington, and later they were incorporated as the town of Preston. He married (first) Mary —, who died April 24, 1718. He married (second) Experience —. Children: Jonathan, mentioned below; Deborah, married — Potts; Sarah, married — Jennings, of Windham; Mary, married — Potts; Zerviah, married John Geer, May 12, 1725; Dorothy, married —— Tyler.

(III) Jonathan (2), son of Jonathan (1) Geer, was born about 1690. He married (first) June 15, 1721, Elizabeth Herrick, who died February 10, 1743-44. He married (second) April 16, 1745, Hannah Putnam. Children of first wife, born at Preston: Aaron, May 7, 1722; Jonathan, June 3, 1724; Stephen, February 22, 1726-27, mentioned below; Elizabeth, May 9, 1728: Samuel, June 3, 1737.

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(V) Thomas, son of Stephen Geer, was born at Preston, August 9, 1750, died February 26, 1812. He married (first) February 11, 1773. Meribah Killam, who died March 17. (See Hemograf e and and an het wife: Jephtha, mentioned below; Jonathan, March 8, 1776; Joseph, July 22, 1778; Mr. (VI) Jej tha, son of Thomas Geer, was

born February 7, 1774. He married, November 19, 1797, Olivet Herrat, of Worthington. She died in August, 1854, aged seventyseven years. Children: Olivet, born January vember 10, 1801, married Ezra Starkweather; Jephtha, mentioned below; Eunice, April 20, 1806, married Charles Barstowe: Almira, March 24, 1808, married Mason Morse; Hol-Thomas Clark, February 22, 1812, died October 1, 1817; Isaac Sidney, April 7, 1814, married Abby L. Brewster; Persis Cook, September 12, 1816, married Henry H. Carv.

Geer, was born February 13, 1804. He married (first) Olive Starkweather; (second) at Scotland, Connecticut: Henry Belcher,

mentioned below; Sidney L.

Geer, was born in Scotland, Connecticut, February, 1836. He was educated in the public many years he was a prominent jeweler in his farm at Scotland, and died there, 1900. He married, January 8, 1874. Mary Elizabeth. born April 21, 1840, daughter of James B. and Mary Bacon (Adams) Carey (see Carey VII). Mary Bacon Adams was daughter of Fitch Adams, born at Griswold, Connecticut, and Amy (Bacon) Adams. The Adams family was of Canterbury, Connecticut. Amy Bacon was a daughter of Asa Bacon, of Canterton, Connecticut.

The family of Carey in England is one of the oldest as well as one of the most illus-

trious and honored in the kingdom. In the year 1108 Adam DeKarry was lord of Castle ond reigns of Edward III. John Cary was

subsequent deed made by Ousamequin, the and since June." John Carey was prominent among his fellow citizens and participated ac-tively in public affairs. He was intelligent, well educated and public spirited. There is a tradition that he taught the first Latin class ter of Francis Godfrey, one of the first settlers of Bridgewater, in 1644. He died 1681. Children: John, born 1645; Francis, 1647; Elizabeth, 1649; James, 1652; Mary, 1654; Jonathan, 1656; David, 1658; Hannah, 1661; Joseph, 1663, mentioned below; Rebecca, 1665; Sarah, August 2, 1667; Mehitable, February

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(II) Deacon Joseph, son of John Carey, was born in Bridgewater, 1663, and when a young man went to Norwich, Connecticut, and became one of the original proprietors of Windham. February 9, 1694, he bought one thousand acres of land there. He took position with the first men of the town in civil and ecclesiastical affairs, and was chosen repeatedly to serve in the most important offices, civil, military and religious. He was one of the original members of the first Congregational church in Windham, and was chosen deacon at its organization, December 10, 1700, which office he continued to hold until his death. He was so highly esteemed by his townsmen that he was buried "under arms," a very unusual occurrence at that day. In appearance he was a very large, athletic man. He married (first) Hannah ----, who died 1691. He married (second) Mercy, widow of Jonathan Rudd. He died January 10, 1722, his wife 1741, aged eighty-four years. Children, born in Windham: Joseph, May 5, 1689; Ja-bez, July 12, 1691; Hannah, March 4, 1693; John, January or June 23, 1695, mentioned below; Seth, July 29, 1697; Elizabeth, April 17, 1700.

(III) John (2), son of Deacon Joseph Carey, was born in Windham, January or June 23, 1695, died January 11, 1776. He married Hannah Thurston, May 15, 1716, of Bristol, Rhode Island, and a sister of Mehitable Thurston, wife of Nathaniel Huntington and mother of Governor Samuel Huntington. one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. She died 1780, aged eighty-six years. He was a prominent and influential man in Windham. His father gave him one hundred acres of land in "Scotland Society" (part of Windham). Both he and his wife were original members of the Third Church in Windham, organized 1735. He left a personal estate valued at three hundred and ninety-seven pounds. Children: John, born April 12, 1717; Benajah, March 7, 1719, mentioned below; Phebe, July 22, 1721; Joseph, August 4, 1723; Mercy, October 27, 1725; William, December 12, 1727; Jonathan, August 24, 1729; Nathaniel, November 1, 1731; Samuel,

June 13, 1734.

(IV) Lieutenant Benajah, son of John (2) Carey, was born in Scotland, Connecticut, March 7, 1719. He was a farmer by occupation and a man held in high esteem by his fellow citizens. He married Deborah Perkins, February 11, 1742. He died March 11, 1773, she December 5, 1772. Children, born in Scotland: Zillah, December, 1743; Anna, February 14, 1745; Deborah, February 17, 1747; James, November 27, 1750, mentioned below; Martha, May 18, 1755, died June 2, 1762; Abigail, July 27, 1758, died June 8, 1772.

(V) Captain James, son of Lieutenant Benajah Carey, was born in Scotland, Connecticut, November 27, 1750, died February 28, 1827. He was a prominent and wealthy farmer in Scotland and served with distinction in the revolution. His estate after his death was valued at \$80,000. He married (first) Abigail, daughter of Joseph Kingsley, of Pomfret, Connecticut, August 12, 1773. She died December 18, 1807. He married (second) Anna (Spaulding) Bradford, widow of Rev. William Bradford, 1809. Children, born in Scotland: Abigail, January 28, 1775; James, December 7, 1777, mentioned below; Benajah, January 4, 1780; Anna, February 21, 1782; Sanford, July 14, 1784; Sally, September 7,

(VI) James (2), son of Captain James (1) Carey, was born in Scotland, Connecticut, December 7, 1777, died August 14, 1861. He married Phebe, daughter of William Howard, October 25, 1804. She died 1847, aged sixtynine years. He was a farmer by occupation and settled in Canterbury, Connecticut. He frequently represented the town in the legislature and filled many town offices. He was highly respected, in character honest and upright, kind and courteous. Children, born in Canterbury: Phebe Howard, December 17, 1805, mentioned below; Abigail Kingsbury, August 22, 1807; James Benajah, August 22, 1810, mentioned below; Anna Bradford, Februard.

ruary 9, 1815.

(VII) Phebe Howard, eldest child of James (2) Carey, was born December 17, 1805; married William F. Willoughby, of Canterbury. Children: I. Jane, married Jonathan Perkins, of Lisbon, Connecticut. 2. Laura Willoughby, married Carlos Cutter, of Hanover, Connecticut. 3. James Willoughby, resides in California. 4. Abby Willoughby, married Frank Hamilton, of Wisconsin. 5. Otis. 6. Howard. 7. Eliza Willoughby, married Frank Kelly, of Providence, Rhode Island. 8. John Willoughby, died young. 9. Andrew Jackson Willoughby, married Emily Brewster. 10. Lucretia Willoughby, married John White, of California. 11. Phebe Willoughby. 12. Alice Willoughby, died young.

(VII) James Benajah, son of James (2)

drew J. Bowen, and served three years. 5. Dwight, born January 21, 1846; enlisted, at the age of fifteen years, in Company F. Eighth Connecticut Regiment, and was killed in the 1 ttle of Antietam, September 17, 1862.

(VIII) Asa Bacon, son of James Benajah Cey, was born July 12, 1835. He attended the tary Academy at West Point, graduating in the class of 1856, and entering the regular army. He became paymaster general, and held this rank at the time he retired, in 1800, no account of reaching the age limit of sixty r years, after thirty-five years, with the talk of brigadier-general. He married, July 1, 18

C., and Montpelier, Vermont, daughter of 1. Colby, a prominent lawyer, and niece of 25 mator Redfield Proctor, of Vermont, who 25 governor of Vermont and secretary of 27. Children: 1. Edward Colby, born April 21. 1871. Similar took part in the Spanish was promoted from the United States Military Academy at West Point; took part in the Spanish

war; was promoted from the rank of second lieutenant to captain at San Juan, then of the Thirtieth Regiment, regular army; now a paymaster in the United States army at Boston; married Ruth, daughter of Captain Palmer, of the regular army. 2. Edith, married Lewis Meriwether, a descendant of the explorer made famous in the Lewis and Clark expedition; now a major in the regular army.

(II) Robert Geer, son of George Geer (q. v.), was born January 2, 1675, died November 20, 1742. He married, April 3, 1700, Martha, daughter of Hopestill Tyler, and settled south of the homestead on land deeded to him by his father. He built his house and the first grist mill in that section. This was one of the three places in the town where warnings were posted; the other places were at Captain Morgan's and Ralph Stoddard's. Geer was sergeant and

captain in the colonial militia. He bought part of his father's homestead. He deeded his farm to his three sons, Robert, Ebenezer and James.

August a room total date

bought the interest of his elder brother Robert in the homestead in 1742 and built the third house there. He married, January 2, 1735, Prudence, daughter of Richard and Prudence (Payson) Wheeler. He had ten children.

Geer, was born at North Groton, now Ledyard, February 18, 1744. He was graduated from Yale College in 1763. He served in the Revolutionary war as corporal in Captain Williams' company of detached militia, under Lieutenant-Colonel Nathan Gallup, stationed at Fort Griswold in 1779. He was prominent in town affairs and was senior wasien of St. James Protestant Epissopal Church for many years. He died August 30, 1834, at the age of ninety. He married Lucy, daugliter of John and Alice Fitch, of Windham, November 4, 1707. Children: Charles; Ebenezer; Prudence, married Amos Bailey; Sophia, married Stephen Breed; all went to Brooklyn, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania; Eunice and Alice, lived at the homestead; Lucinda, married Lyman Killam, of Glastonbury, Connecticut; and James, mentioned below.

(V) James, youngest son of Robert (2) Geer, was horn October 31, 1783. He was a teacher of singing schools in Ledyard for many years; was justice of the peace; senior warden of St. James Church more than forty years. He lived on the homestead, where he died March 4, 1872. He built the fourth house on the old homestead in 1848 and it is still occupied. His son, Captain Nathaniel B. Geer, occupied it until he died, August 18, 1868, and it is now occupied by his daughter. He married, January 20, 1808, Sally, daughter of

Peleg and Abigail (Smith) Lewis

(VI) James Lewis, son of James Geer, was born November 8, 1808, at Ledyard. His boyhood was spent in his native town and he was educated there in the public schools. Later he taught school in the Lester district, also in Long Society, Preston, Groton Bank and Geddes, now Syracuse. New York—seven winters in all. Mr. Geer moved to Norwich in 1835 and lived, except for a few years spent on the homestead, in a house on Park street. In early life he worked at cabinetsmaking and house-painting. In 1850 he formed a partnership with Shubael Gallup under the name of Gallup & Geer and conducted an auction and commission business in Norwich for twenty years. Mr. Geer was one of the original

members of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church in Norwich and was a vestryman for several years. He died at Norwich, February 9, 1899. He married (first) November 19, 1834, Prudence Almira, daughter of Isaac and Prudence (Geer) Gallup, of Preston (see Gallup VII). She was born in Ledyard in the glebe house or rectory of St. James Church on the Bill farm, March 4, 1815, died July 17, 1847. He married (second) Mary Ellen Geer, daughter of Elijah D. and Dorothy Geer, of Griswold. She died June 1, 1887. Children: 1. Robert, born on the Geer homestead, March 23, 1837; attended school in the Geer school house and the Poquetanuck Academy; learned the drug business in the stores of William P. Eaton and John L. Devotion and later was a druggist on Main street, Norwich, and at Syracuse, New York; since 1864 in the wholesale salt business at Albany, New York, where he has been a leading citizen. He married (first) October 10, 1860, Mary S. Geer, who died June 21, 1868; married (second) October 20, 1869, Rhoda Kellog Shedd, who died December 12, 1882; (third) April 23, 1884, Julia (Richmond) Cass; children: i. Frederick Lewis, born November 24, 1861, married, November 12, 1884, Mabel H. French; ii. Clara Louisa Gere, August 12, 1863, married, April 12, 1888, Dr. William F. Gilroy, and had Robert William Gilroy, born April 22, 1889, and Frederick Arthur Gilroy, born November 21, 1895; iii. Arthur Hamilton Gere, born December 13, 1873. 2. Ellen, born March 9, 1841. 3. Lucy, born October 9. 1842.

(The Gallup Line).

(V) Colonel Benadam (2) Gallup, son of Benadam (1) Gallup (q v.), was born October 26, 1716. He was a brave soldier and officer in the Revolution. He served in the second battalion of General Wadsworth's brigade, raised in June, 1776; at the Brooklyn front, in the battle of Long Island, August 27, 1776; in the retreat to New York, August 29-30; from New York, September 19, to the main army at White Plains. He was commissioned lieutenant-colonel. He died at Groton, Connecticut, May 29, 1800. He married, August 11, 1740, Hannah Avery, of Groton. She died July 28, 1799, aged eighty-one years. Children: Benadam, born June 29, 1741; Isaac, mentioned below; Hannah, November 4, 1744; Esther, December 9, 1746; James, May 1, 1749; Jesse, February 2, 1751; John, January 13, 1753; Prudence, January 30, 1755; Susan, 1756; Josiah, 1760; Abigail, 1762.

(VI) Captain Isaac Gallup, son of Colonel Benadam (2) Gallup, was born at Groton, December 22, 1742. He was a captain in the revolutionary war in Colonel Samuel Holden Parsons' regiment in 1776. He died in Ledyard, August 3, 1848. Seth Williams was born in January, 1761, died May 21, 1843. All are buried in the Gallup graveyard, Ledyard. He married, October 5, 1786, Anna, daughter of Nehemiah and Abigail (Avery) Smith (see Smith V). She was born December 8, 1765. Children, born at Ledyard: Anna, September 3, 1787; Isaac, January 21, 1789, mentioned below; Russell, April 11, 1791; Sarah, November 9, 1792; Jabesh, August 23, 1794; Avery, April 6, 1796; Elias, April 14, 1798; Erastus, July 31, 1800; Shubael, March 6, 1802; Elihu, December 12, 1803.

(VII) Isaac (2), son of Captain Isaac (1) Gallup, was born January 21, 1789, in Ledyard, then North Groton. The history of

Ledyard says of him:

"He had the advantage of beginning life in a good home and springing from a strong, brave and capable ancestry. He possessed a robust constitution, a keen and active mind and a resolute spirit. \* \* \* He seems to have been a natural leader and an example to his seven younger brothers in the energy, earnestness and faithfulness with which he accomplished his tasks. Though his advantages were limited, he early acquired the rudiments of a sound, practical education, was accurate and thorough in scholarship and at an early age showed tastes for solid, substantial reading. He always had an aptitude for acquiring practical knowledge and learned so well how to use his mental powers that he was able to meet the requirement of the varied pursuits of a long and busy life. Being of an energetic temperament, his mind readily turned to active pursuits, and in his youth he served an apprenticeship in the trade of carpenter with Colonel Joseph Smith, one of the leading contractors and business men of Stonington. He seems, also, to have cultivated a taste for good architecture and that absolute thoroughness of construction, so characteristic of his own work all through life. While still a young man, Mr. Gallup went into the business of building, on his own account, employing apprentices and taking such contracts as he could secure. At the age of twenty-three, he was married to Prudence, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Stanton) Geer, a young woman fully as energetic, ambitious and capable as himself, who proved herself a faithful wife and true helpmeet during all the years of their married life. The young couple began house-keeping in a small but comfortable home near the Bill homestead. (In that house was born in 1729 Samuel Seabury, the first Episcopal bishop in this country.)

"During the first year of their married life, the

"During the first year of their married life, the bombardment of Stonington occurred, and Mr. Gallup did duty as a soldier during the war of 1812. The death of his father, two years later, considerably increased his responsibilities. He assisted his nother in the management of her business affairs, and helped his younger brothers to acquire useful callings in life. During all these years, he carried on business, taking such contracts as he could secure, the busy wife, meanwhile plying the loom, managing the house and caring for the increasing family of children. In this house were born the four daughters, and the only son. For sixteen years

that vicinity. They remained there one year, and ville, then a mere handet, but soon to be the scene of a great and varied activity. The year 1820 with

water power was developed.

"The Greenevalle of that time, though in its infancy, was a place of great activity and there Mr Gallup found full scope for his bursness talents and executive ability. He superintended the work of the large force of carpenters employed in the construction of the dam; he also built temporary quarters, and with the aid of his efficient and practical wife and such help as they could secure cared for a small army of mechanics and laborers there employed. At the end of the year, the work being virtually completed, Mr. Gallup pureliased a farm in Preston adjoining the Geer homestead, the birthplace of his wife. His connection with Greeneville continued for some time later, although his family removed to Preston in 1830, and he held for a number of years the position of agent of the Norwich Water Power Company. Mr. Gallup took a great interest in improving his farm in Preston and in building the large, comfortable and well-appointed house, which he felt would be a fitting and permanent home for his family. That house, mow standing and still in the name and family, has a

tilled fields, large orchards and substantial buildings, is a good specimen of the Connecticut country home. For many years after his removal to Preston, Mr. Gallup carried on business as a builder, handling many important contracts. Though often absent from home, he skillfully directed the labor

however, by diffuent study and the instruction he received from the hands of Asahel Robbins, then the leading surveyor of Norwich. In his connection with town affairs and in the settlement of estates, Mr. Galluy's proficency as a surveyor was of great value. His work was always marked by thoroughness, accuracy and nice regard for details, which were characteristic of the man. Boundary lines laid down by him were seldom, if ever, disputed

"Possessed of a strong mind, a positive chiracter and a sound judgment, Squire Gallup, as he was generally called, was held in the hichest regard by his friends and townspeople, who often sought his advice and always valued his counsel. With his perfect integrity, he was singularly well quadried for the adjustment of business affairs and the settlement of estates and his services were in demand in his own and neuchboring towns. For many years he transacted business for the Treat and Doane families of Preston, whose affairs he managed to their entire satisfaction. Although able to adjust the most complicated and difficult business, he never betrayed a trust or missed an opportunity. Mr. Gallup was a man of strong convictions and took an active part in the early movement for temperance reform, uttering a resolute protest against the

neighbors to shake off the bondage of alcohol. In his mature minhood, Mr. Gallup united with the

the young Though a

Mis also be in the co. In

no 1810 no-mad, for the first to- 0. Average and in 15 to 1810 to 1810. first wife, Mary Ann Avery, born December Geer, born May 5, 1830, died January 25, 1850; they lived on the Gallup homestead. 2. ber 28, 1879; c. Julia Grace Smith, December 23, 1881; d. Emeline Gallup Smith, February 28, 1883; e. Martha Smith; ii. Sarah Otis P. Chapman, son of William R. and at Westerly, July 12, 1888; married, January

1, 1885, Harriet Trumbull Hall, of Pawcatuck, Connecticut, daughter of Horace R. and Sarah (Avery) Hall; Mrs. Smith married (second), September 1, 1892, Rev. Samuel M. Cathcart. 4. Isaac, born at Preston, November 13, 1820, died March 8, 1906; married Maria T., daughter of Thomas and Mary (Shaw) Davis, March 23, 1845, who died December 30, 1910; lived on a farm at Preston; children: i. Henry H., born June 2, 1846, married Irena H. Breed; ii. Ella M., April 29, 1850, married, November 2, 1870, Avery D. Wheeler; iii. Charles D., May 16, 1857, married, May 12, 1880, Grace R. Aldrich. 5. Julia, born April 4, 1823; married, October 20, 1847, Jacob A. Geer, of Ledyard, born January 24, 1817, son of Amos and Prudence (Allyn) Geer; children: i. Isaac Gallup Geer, born July 24, 1848, married A. Chasie Belden; children: a. Earl Belden Geer, born August 10, 1889; b. Florence A. Geer, January 1, 1896; ii. Prudence Emma Geer, July 26, 1850, married, March 18, 1874, Nathan Gallup; iii. Nellie Wight Geer, born February 21, 1858.

## (The Smith Line).

(I) Rev. Nehemiah Smith, immigrant, was born in England about 1605 and settled at Plymouth in New England before March 6, 1637-38, when he and others applied to be made freemen of the colony. He married, January 21, 1639-40, Anne Bourne, of Marshfield, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Bourne. Her sister Martha married John Bradford, son of Governor William Bradford. Nehemiah Smith lived for a time at Marshfield and is believed to have been the first religious teacher there. He was appointed May 5, 1640, on a committee of five to view all the meadows of Green Harbor (Marshfield) which were not granted and report their measurements to the general court. From Marshfield Smith sailed to Stratford, Connecticut, as early as 1644. He belonged to the church and some of his children were baptized there. The records show that he raised sheep extensively and was called "Shepherd" Smith. He owned land in the New Haven jurisdiction. He removed to Long Island about 1652, but returned in a year or two, and located at New London, Connecticut, where he was granted land in 1652. He appears to have been a weaver by trade and doubtless spun the wool from his own sheep and made it into cloth. About 1655 he settled on a farm at Smith Lake, Poquonock. Smith was one of the original proprietors of Norwich, Connecticut, and had the largest tract of land. His house stood about fifty-seven feet north of the oldest burying ground. He had grants in 1661 and

afterward. He conveyed some land to his nephew, Edward Smith, November 18, 1668, and he and wife Ann conveyed their homestead to their son-in-law, June 12, 1684, in consideration of maintenance for the remainder of their lives. He died about 1686. He left a will, but the records including the will have been destroyed. The records some-times refer to him as "Mr." in recognition of the fact that in early life he was a preacher. Children: I. Sarah, baptized in the First Church, New Haven, December 14, 1645, when about three years old. 2. Mary, baptized December 14, 1645, at New Haven. 3. Hannah, baptized with Sarah and Mary. 4. Mercy, baptized February 22, 1645-46. Elizabeth. 6. Nehemiah, mentioned below. 7. Lydia, born 1647. 8. Ann (perhaps same as Sarah, for the mother was called Sarah in the

church records). 9. Mehitable.

(II) Nehemiah (2), son of Rev. Nehemiah (1) Smith, was born about 1646 in New Haven and was baptized there October 24, 1646, by Rev. John Davenport, the founder. He moved with his father to Poquonock farm, near Smith Lake, when he was about ten years old, and when his father moved to Norwich he remained there on the homestead. His uncle, John Smith, and cousin. Edward, lived near. Much of interest about the family is learned from a contest over the will of this Uncle John. Nehemiah Smith married (first) October 24, 1669, Lydia, daughter of Alexander Winchester, of Roxbury, Massachusetts. In the same year he was a member of the general assembly at Hartford, an office he filled for several years. Both he and his wife were members in full communion of the First Church of New London, although one child was baptized at the First Church of Stonington. He bought a large tract of land at Niantic, Connecticut, in 1691-92, of Joseph and Jonathan Bull, of Hartford, north of Black Point on Niantic Bay. In 1694 he is called sergeant in the records and in the same year was put on the building committee to take charge of erecting a new church. In 1697 he was ensign of the military company; in 1706 he was lieutenant. He was a member of the general assembly, justice of the peace, justice of the quorum, selectman, and he served on various committees to settle boundary and other disputes. In 1715 he was appointed overseer of Indians at Niantic. He was in the assembly, 1707-16, and town clerk, 1707-18. His wife Lydia died October 24, 1723, in her seventy-eighth year. He married (second) September 9, 1724, Elizabeth Haynes, a widow. Nehemiah Smith died August 8, 1727, in his eighty-first year. Children: Lydia, born

married. April 22, 1696, Dorothy, daughter of l

th joined the First Church of New London.

When the state of 
w: William, May 10, 1706; Isaac, December 20, 1707; Mary, November 16, 1709; Lydia, January 24, 1712-13; Jabez, February 7, 1714; Anna, November 1, 1717; Sarah, July

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was born at Groton, June 14, 1704. He marded, May 10, 1727, Temperance Holmes, of nington, daughter of Joshua and Fear (Sturges) Holmes, and great-granddaughter ik it somme conton he removed to Colchester, where he and his wife joined the church. November 19, 1738. He was captain of the train band in by letter from the Colchester church. He ed December 22, 1758. His widow married, Freadway, of Colchester. Children of John the voungest seven at Colchester: John, born March 26, 1728; Joshua, January 31, 1729; tioned below; David, December 10, 1735, died young; Shubael, December 7, 1737; Caleb. January 4, 1739: Roswell, February 19, 1741-42; David, July 20, 1744; Temperance, December 7, 1746; Charles, March 9, 1749; Olive, February 12, 1753.

(V) Nehemiah (4), son of John Smith, was born at Groton, October 30, 1733. He married, May 3, 1758, Abigail Avery, of Groton. Her mother, Thankful, was married at the age of fifteen and had fifteen children, living to the great age of one hundred and one years. Four of her family were killed in the battle of Groton Heights, her husband, two sons and a son-in-law. Mrs. Smith was born December 12, 1737, died August 8, 1797. Nehemiah Snith was a lieutenant and is said

to have taken part in the battle at Groton Heights. He died May 4, 1810. Children: and gust 9, 1761; Anna, December 8, 1765, martinling. April 21, 1767; Temperance, January 1, 1769; Thankful, January 1, 1700; John, April 9, 1771; Thankful, January 21, 1775, married Ezra Geer, son of Isaac Geer.

setts, evidently a man of substance, and in in the West India trade. He was in partner-ship with his nephew, William Condy, who he was a trustworthy, faithful, just, loval,

(II) Samuel (2), son of Captain Samuel (1) Chester, was born probably in 1600, or soon afterward. He was doubtless the Samuel whose will, dated April 23, 1708, proved March, 1709-10, bequeathed to children: Abraham, John, Jonathan and Mercy Barrows. His inventory amounted to nearly three hundred pounds. He seems also to have been a master mariner, and in 1680-90 was engaged

(III) John, son of Samuel (2) Chester, was born about 1690; married, at New London, November 1, 1716, Mercy Starr. Very little is known of him, and Joseph, mentioned below, may have been the only child surviving.

(IV) Deacon Joseph Chester, son of John Chester, was born in New London, March 6, 1730, or January 17, 1731 (Hinman). He settled in the North parish of New London, where Captain Samuel Chester, his grand-father, owned land. He was a large landowner and farmer. His land on Raymond hill adjoined lands of Charles Mainwaring on the west, and of John G. Hillhouse on the east, and ran from Stony brook on the north to Oxoboxo pond on the south. He sold two hundred acres in 1775 to Nathaniel Comstock. There was protracted litigation between the Hillhouse and Chester families for land that the Chesters claimed to inherit as heirs of the deceased child of Joseph Chester. He was elected an elder of the church, April 10, 1778; died August 4, 1803. He married Rachel Hillhouse, of New London, now Montville, April 4, 1753, and she died April 8, 1754. He married (second), April 21, 1757, Elizabeth Otis. Child of the first wife: Mary, born January 17, 1754; died June 11, 1765. Children of second wife: Joseph, born January 27, 1758; Rachel, June 12, 1759; Elizabeth, May 23, 1761; Levi, February 13, 1763; Morey, October 7, 764. Chil. Avenue, October 7, 7 Mercy, October 5, 1764; Otis, August 4, 1766; David, April 23, 1768; Mary, February 27, 1770; Mabel, November 11, 1771; Caroline, August 27, 1773; John, October 7, 1775, died October 3, 1796; Olive, born March 12, 1776; Lucinda, February 3, 1779; Dorothy, February 7, 1780; Anna, July 21, 1783; Sarah, January 12, 1785.

(V) Joseph (2), son of Deacon Joseph (1) Chester, was born January 27, 1758; died April 2, 1791. He married, September 22, 1785, Elizabeth Lee, born May 25, 1757, died January 6, 1843, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Ely) Lee, of Lyme. Her father was born September 4, 1712, married, January 25, 1735; her mother was born January 8, 1716.

Mary Ely was a daughter of Daniel and Ann (Champion) Ely, granddaughter of William Ely (1), of Lyme, Connecticut. Benjamin Lee was a son of John and Elizabeth (Smith) Lee, of Lyme, grandson of Lieutenant Thomas Lee and Sarah (Kirkland) Lee, of Lyme. Joseph Chester was a farmer near Salem, then part of Montville, Connecticut, and was killed accidentally by the caving in of a well which he was digging. Children: Lemuel, born about 1786; Joseph, mentioned below; Erastus, born about 1790.

(VI) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) Chester, was born at Montville, January 31, 1788; died at Norwich, January 30, 1832. He settled at Chelsea Landing, now Norwich. He was a merchant. He married, September 10, 1811, Prudee Tracy, born February 20, 1789, at Franklin, Connecticut, died October 6, 1853, in Norwich, while visiting a daughter of Major Eleazer and Prudee (Rogers) Chester (see Tracy XVIII). After the death of Joseph (2) Chester, his widow removed in 1835, with most of the children, to Rome, Ohio, and married (second) Rev. John Hall, rector of Saint Peter's Episcopal church, at Ashtabula, Ohio. Joseph (2) and his wife are buried side by side, at Norwich. Children of Joseph (2) and Prudee Chester: 1. Albert Tracy, born June 16, 1812; mentioned below. 2. Harriet Newell, September 27, 1814; died April 23, 1815. 3. Rev. Charles Huntington Chester, Presbyterian clergyman at Niagara Falls, born October 14, 1816; married Julia A. Thomas. 4. Harriet Lee, January 31, 1819; died April I, 1820. 5. Colonel Joseph Lemuel Chester, born April 30, 1821; eminent genealogist in America and England; married Catherine H. Hubbard. 6. Sarah Elizabeth, November 21, 1823; married Benjamin S. Stone. 7. Leonard Hendee, October 1, 1825; married Lucy C. Thurston. 8. Anson Gleason, July 25, 1827; editor; married Mary T. Staine. 9. Frank, January 19, 1830; died January 27,

(VII) Rev. Albert Tracy Chester, son of Joseph (3) Chester, was born at Norwich, June 16, 1812. He graduated from Union College in the class of 1834, and received the honorary degree of D. D. from the same college in 1847. He was ordained in the Presbyterian church, and his first pastorate was at Ballston Spa, New York; later pastorates at Saratoga Springs and at Buffalo. He died in Buffalo. He married, August 3, 1836, Rhoda Elizabeth Stanley, born August 5, 1814, at Goshen, Connecticut, daughter of Oliver and Rhoda (Powell) Stanley (see Stanley). Children: I. Alice, born May 20, 1837, at Ballston Spa; married, June 3, 1858, Hubert R.





Theston Chester

Ives, of Montreal, son of William Ives, of No. Haven Millerin Lulling.

3. Walter Tracy, born July 31, 1840, at Sarational Munifolds.

Huntington, born November 22, 184—, at Saratoga Springs. 5. Eliphalet Nott, July 18, 1846. 6. Elizabeth, November 7, 1848. 7. Catherine, September 6, 1850, at Buffalo. 8. Ellen, August 15, 1852. 9. Walworth, April 6, 1858.

(VIII) Frank Stanley, son of Rev. Albert Tracy Chester, was born at Pallston Spa, May high schools of Saratoga Springs. He was captain in the civil war. He engaged in the falo. In religion he was a Presbyterian, in politics a Democrat. He was a member of Grand Army of the Republic. He married, December 25, 1861, Katharine Stillman, of Buffalo. Children: Mabel, born January 5, 11 Dr. Thomas Weston Chester, mentioned below; Hubert Mills, born April 3, 1872.

low; Hubert Mills, born April 3, 1872. (IX) Dr. Thomas Weston Chester, son of Frank Stanley Chester, was born in Buffalo, schools of his native place, and in 1888 he entered Hamilton College, at Clinton, New York. In 1891 his uncle, with whom he was sey, and he took his senior year in Rutgers years later he received the degree of A.M. from the same college. He is a member of the tered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, if New York City, in September, 1892, and then spent six months in hospital and dispenpital, and served there for a period of two of the Hartford Hospital, January 1, 1900. In 1910 he was appointed chief obstetrician and assistant gynecologist. He is a member of the ical Association, and the American Medical Association. In politics he is an Independent: in religion a Congregationalist. He is also a member of the Hartford Golf Club, and the University Club of Hartford. He married Sarah Hopkins King, of Newton Highlands, Massachusetts, February 28, 1905.

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Hereford, and was deprived of h William the Conqueror. In 1051 he was admiral of fifty ships of the king's navy. He died December 21, 1057.

Harold de Mantes was next in line

John de Sudeley, eldest son of Harold de Mantes, became Lord of Sudeley and Toddington. He married Grace de Tracie, daughter and heiress of Henri de Tracie, Lord of Earnstaple (see Tracy III).

## (The Fracy Line)

The surname Tracy is taken from the castle and barony of Tracie, near Vire Arrondssement, of Caen. The first of the name of whom there is record is Turgis de Fracie, who, with William de la Ferte, was defeated and driven out of Main by the Count of Anjon, in 1078, and was in all probability the Sire de Tracie menti-med below, in the battle of Hastings. The coat-of-arms of the family was borne in the middle of the twelfith century, and is: Or, an escallop in the chief dexter, between two bendlets gules. Crest: On a chapeau gules turned up ermine an escallop sable, between two wings expanded or.

(1) Sire de Tracie is mentioned as being in the battle of Hastings in 1078, an officer in

(11) Henri de Tracie, son of Sire de Tracie, was Lord of Barnstaple. He settled in county Devon, and was the only man of noble birth in that county who stood firm for the king during the invasion of the Empress Mand. He received as a reward the barony of Barnstaple. He died about 1446.

(III) Grace de Tracie, daughter of Henr de Tracie, married John de Sudley (see Roya line), and her second son inherited her es-

tates, and assumed her name

(IV) William de Tracie, son of Grace de

Tracie, lived in the reign of Henry II., and held the manor of Toddington. He was one of the knights who in 1170, at the instigation of Henry II., assassinated Thomas à Becket. archbishop of Canterbury. He is described as "a man of high birth, state and stomach, a favorite of the kings and his daily attendant." In 1171 he was created justiciary of Normandy, serving about five years. He returned to England and during the reign of King John took up arms against him, and his lands were confiscated. They were restored later, however. Late in life he founded and endowed a chapel to Thomas à Becket in the conventual church at Tewksbury, indicating his repent-He died at Morthoe, county Devon,

close to Woolacomb bay, in 1224.
(V) Sir Henry de Tracy of Toddington, heir of William de Tracie, died about 1246.

(VI) Sir Henry (2) de Tracy, eldest son of Sir Henry (1) de Tracy, died 1296.

(VII) Sir William de Tracy, Esquire, of Toddington, was high sheriff of Gloucestershire, and was called to the privy council of Henry IV

(VIII) William (3) de Tracy inherited the Toddington estates, and was sheriff

(IX) Henry Tracy, Esquire, eldest son of William (3) de Tracy, married Alice, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Baldington, Esq.

(X) Sir William Tracy, of Toddington, eldest son of Henry Tracy, Esquire, was sheriff of Gloucestershire during the reign of Henry VIII (1513). He was one of the first to embrace the reform religion in England, as shown by his will, dated 1530. He married Margaret Throckmorton.

(XI) Richard, third son of Sir William Tracy, inherited the Manor of Stanway. He was highly educated, and wrote several treatises on religion. He was sheriff of Gloucestershire. He married Barbara Lucy, a pupil of Fox, the martyrologist. He died

(XII) Sir Paul Tracy married (first) Anna Sharkerly, who died 1615: (second) Anna Nicholas, who died 1625. He had twenty-one

children by his first wife.

(XIII) Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, son (or nephew) of Sir Paul Tracy, was born in 1610, at Tewksbury, Gloucestershire, England. He was a ship-carpenter by trade, and settled first in Watertown, Massachusetts, whence he removed to Salem in 1636. On February 23, 1637, he went to Wethersfield, Connecticut, and was on the jury at Hartford the same year. In 1649 he had removed to Savbrook, In 1645 he and Thomas Leffingwell, with others, relieved Uncas, when he was besieged,

with provisions, and this led to the grant of the town of Norwich, in 1659. He removed to Norwich in 1660, and was one of the proprietors of the town. In 1662 he was appointed one of the court of commission; in 1666, ensign. He served many years as deputy to the general court. In 1673 he was lieutenant of the forces raised to go against the Dutch and Indians. In 1674 he was commissary or quartermaster to the dragoons, and in 1678, justice. He died at Norwich, November 7, 1685.

He married (first), at Wethersfield, in 1641, Mary, widow of Edward Mason; (second), at Norwich, Martha (Bourne), widow of John Bradford, and daughter of Thomas He married (third) Mary, born Bourne. 1623, in England, widow (first) of John Stoddard and (second) of John Goodrich, and daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Deming) Foote, of Wethersfield. Children: John, mentioned below; Thomas, born 1644; Jonathan, 1645; Solomon, 1651; Daniel, 1652;

Samuel, 1654; Miriam, 1648.

(XIV) John, son of Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, was born in 1642, at Wethersfield, and died at Norwich, August 16, 1702. He was one of the original proprietors of Norwich, a justice of the peace and deputy to the general court six sessions. He married, August 17, 1670, Mary Winslow, born 1646, died July 21, 1721, daughter of Josiah and Margaret (Bourn) Winslow; her mother was a niece of Governor Winslow. Children: Josiah, born August 10, 1671; John, mentioned below; Elizabeth, July 7, 1678; Joseph, April 20, 1682; Winslow, February 9, 1689.

(XV) John (2), son of John (1) Tracy, was born January 19, 1673, at Norwich, and died March 27, 1726. He married, May 10, 1697, Elizabeth Leffingwell, who died October 25, 1737, daughter and granddaughter of Thomas Leffingwell, of Norwich. Children: Elizabeth, born April 16, 1698; John, mentioned below; Hezekiah, August 30, 1702; Joshua, February 27, 1705; Isaac, May 25, 1706; Anne, November 29, 1708; Ruth, Sep-

tember 13, 1711. (XVI) John (3), son of John (2) Tracy, was born June 27, 1700, at Norwich. He married, January 21, 1724, Margaret Hyde, born at Norwich, August 16, 1702, died February, 1789; daughter of John and Experience (Abel) Hyde and granddaughter of Samuel and Jane (Lee) Hyde. He settled at Norwich West Farms, and died August 20, 1786. Children: John, born February 11, 1726; Eleazer, March 16, 1728; Josiah, mentioned below; Elizabeth, May 1, 1732; Margaret, May 16, 1734; Hezekiah, 1736; Daniel, March 14, 1738; Rachel, September 27, 17 cm. Leavest Section by

14, 1742; Joshua, August 13, 1745.

XVII. Justine a marking 3 of the torn April 17, 1730 and illed 2 min in West bir . January 24, 1800. He

The married above or 15, 1987; M. guer Print June Weeth a cray of the tember 6 1847, doubles to the adjust September 6, 1758; Lucy, October 7, 1700; Margaret, December 4, 1702; Eleazer, mentioned below: Peter, April 19, 1767; Bethia. Ini September 4, 1774; Rachel, March 6, 1777; N al, Mar 17 are so Alah, 190 da,

1782, died voung.

XVIII) Major Eleazer Tracy, son of Jothe million of More at allmost as. 1841, at the house of his daughter, and was Invited at a some in the affect of a continue witere he was a man of considerable influence, (mist), September 14, 1788, Prudee Rogers, hon at the rin, thed America 22 1813 angler or version will amb Losba Hyder Roper and punt of there's Same Hole, Hannah (Jones), widow of Jabez Tracy, of Norwich. Children, all by the first wife: Prudee, born February 20, 1780, married Jones anh Chester (see Chester); Cynthia, March 13, 1790; Eleazer, September 28, 1791; Carlos, And mark 1 - 194 , 1 - 2 ... May 15, 17-15. January 4, 1797; Eliza, May 1, 1798; Elizabeth Hall, June 11, 1800; Margaret P., Jannary 11, 1802; Bethia Williams, January 20, 1803. Lath Rugers, March 30, 4800. Allahe, July 26, 1807; Julia Frances, August 10, 1809;

# (The Stanley Line).

The Stanley family is very ancient in England, and there are many branches settled in various counties. The American branch, mentioned below, is thought to have sprung from the family of that name in county Kent, which was descended through a younger son from the great Lancashire family of Stanleys. The arms of the Kent family were: Argent on a bend azure, three bucks' heads cabossed or, a chief gules. Crest: A demi-heraldic wolf, erased argent tufted or.

born in England, and embarked for New Engone hundred and sixteen pounds. Children: John, born 1624, mentioned below; Ruth, men many torn and drain trous

(II) Captain John (2) Stanley, son of John the state of the s and captain. He was constable, 1654; serof land in 1074, and another in 1076. He died (second), April 20, 1663, Sarah Stoddard, who died May 15, 1713. Children: John, men-Section 10 hours are a market complete than 17, 1654; Elizabeth, April 1, 1657, died young: second wife: Abigail, born July 25, 1660;

Elizabeth, November 28, 1672.

(III) John (3), son of Captain John (2) Stanley, was born in Hartford, November 4. at Waterbury, where he became one of the of the town, and one of the proprietors, and county, and in 1705 was employed to copy the 18, 1669, Esther Newell, who died January 29, 1739-40, daughter of Thomas Newell, of as, February, 1684; Sarah, baptized July 4.

(IV) Deacon Nathaniel Stanley, son of John (3) Stanley, was born at Farmington, September 25, 1679, and died at Goshen, Connecticut, March 2, 1770. He removed in the summer of 1742 to Goshen, where he bought a farm, and engaged in the tanning business to some extent. He held many town offices, and several of his account books and memorandums are extant. He married, December 2, 1714, Sarah Smith, born August 2, 1689, died March 16, 1772, daughter of Samuel and Sarah Smith. Children: Sarah, born November 21, 1715; Esther, October 2, 1717; Elizabeth Rola, January 16, 1720; Mary, December 4, 1722; Nathaniel, January 8, 1724; Ruth, January 18, 1726; William, mentioned below;

Eunice, January 15, 1732.
(V) William, son of Deacon Nathaniel Stanley, was born November 18, 1729, and died at Goshen, February 9, 1816. He married, March 30, 1756, Amy Baldwin, who died November 15, 1807, aged seventy-two, daughter of Deacon Nathaniel Baldwin. Children: Daughter, born December 4, 1756, died young; Jesse, mentioned below; Amy, born March 1, 1761; Lucy, January 3, 1764; Cloranda, February 27, 1767; William, April 2,

(VI) Jesse, son of William Stanley, was born December 23, 1757, in Goshen, and lived there most of his life. He was chosen deacon of the church, July 21, 1800. In 1811 he removed with his son Luman to Mount Morris, New York, where he died, June 24, 1845. He Joseph and Lois (Stanley) Bailey. Children: Oliver, mentioned below; Luman, born November 15, 1779; Almira, January 8, 1784; Roxy, June 8, 1788.

(VII) Oliver, son of Jesse Stanley, was born October 12, 1777. He married (first) February 4, 1800, Rhoda Powell, born at Charlotteville, Vermont, July 14, 1781, died at Mount Morris, March 13, 1835, daughter of William Powell. He married (second)

His daughter, Rhoda Elizabeth, born

August 5, 1814, married Rev. A. T. Chester (see Chester VII).

John Wallace, probably of ancient Scotch ancestry, was born in Castle Billingham, county Louth, Ireland, where he lived, and died in his native place at the age of thirty years. He married Alice Murphy, who came to Bridgeport, Connecticut, with her son, died there, and is buried in St. Michael's cemetery. She lived to the age of fifty-five years. She was a daughter of Patrick Murphy, a native of Ireland, who also came to Bridgeport and

died there. His wife, who was a Miss Doyle, was born in Ireland, and died in St. Augusta. Children of Patrick Murphy: Lucy, Patrick, John, Ann, Mary, Alice, Bridget, married William McGrath, a native of Ireland. All are now deceased but Patrick. Children of Mr. and Mrs. McGrath: Thomas; William, who had seven children; Mary, lives at the homestead, Stratford; Annie, housekeeper for Bernard Wallace; Delia, who had seven children; Catherine, married John McEwen; Jennie, who had three children: Patrick, was a market gardener in Stratford, a Democrat in politics and a Catholic in religion. John Wallace was a farmer and at the time of his death was foreman or overseer on a gentleman's country place. Children of John Wallace: Bernard, mentioned below; Mary, who came to this country with her mother and brother; Ann, born in Ireland, died there aged about five

(II) Bernard, son of John Wallace, was born at Castle Billingham, county Louth, Ireland. He had the usual schooling in his native parish. He began to care for horses when a young boy and when he came to America, in June, 1869, was an expert in this business. His mother and sister came with him and he cared for them during the remainder of their lives. He began work in a livery stable and continued two years. Then he became foreman and head trainer in the stables of Tracy Warren, of Bridgeport, remaining in his employ for nine years. He invested his savings in real estate and in the course of time devoted his attention exclusively to the management of his real estate interests, building and renting houses, and at the present time owns two large tenement houses in Bridgeport. By shrewd and careful management, good judgment and industry, he has acquired a competence and ranks among the substantial citizens of Bridgeport. In politics he is a Democrat. He is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church of that city and a liberal supporter of the parish. He is popular among his townsmen and enjoys the friendship of many men in all classes of society. He is charitable and kindly to the poor and unfortunate. He married, April 26, 1883, at Bridgeport, Ann Murphy, born in Ireland, in 1835, died March 22, 1898, in Bridgeport. They had no children. He resides at 571 Myrtle avenue.

Captain Aaron Cook, immigrant ancestor, was born in Plymouth, COOK England, about 1610, and was in Dorchester, Massachusetts, as early as 1630. He received a grant of land in Windsor, Connecticet, 1/2 = 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2ley, Massachusetts, which he also represented in the Above -t overall and the tory it into the area of a film. was a man of great energy, and a devoted friend of the regicide judges, Goffe and Whalb; while they were in this country they re-seled in his neighborhood." The same history in a the heart sit a thighte of Nicholas Denslaw; also that he had a third and fourth wife, and died in 1000. Another Henry Smith, of Springfield, son-in-law of vives: Joanna, February 21, 1640; Aaron, 1 ptized February 21, 1640; Miriam, March Sec. 1 - 6 14 (0) [

, (11) Nathaniel, son of Captain Aaron Cook, ? od his wife were members of the Windsor He died May 19, 1688; his widow Lydia, June 11, 1698. Children: Sarah, born June 26, t aniel, May 13, 1658; Abigail, March 1, 1960; John, August 31, 1662, mentioned be-

Lw: Josiah, December 22, 1664. (III) John, son of Nathaniel Cook, was

form An, at it was and a melt and Child: John, mentioned below.

(IV) Deacon John (2), son of John (1) took, was an original proprietor of Torrington, and is called invariably John Cook, 2nd or junior. He was one of sixteen men, appointed by the towns of Hartford and Windsor, to locate the corner monuments of Torrington and five other towns, included in the initials were on stones at the southeast corner of Torrington. He died in 1751. His widow Edee died in Torrington, October 29, 1781. Child: John, mentioned below.

(V) Deacon John (3), son of Deacon John -2) Cook, was born in 1718, and came to Torrington in 1740. He inherited from his father the latter's farm lot, No. 56, of the first division of the town, and on it he built, 1741, what is supposed to have been the first frame house in the town. He spent the remainder of his life in this house and the place is still known by his name. In it the first church was organized and the first minister ordained. October 21, 1741. Deacon Cook was a much honored and respected citizen of the town. He married, June 22, 1741, Rachel Wilson, a sister of Noah and Amos Wilson. She died ter of Noah and Amos Wilson. She died April 8, 1789. He died April 8, 1779. Chil-dren: Rachel, born May 2, 1742; John, Au-gust 29, 1743, mentioned below; Eunice, March 5, 1746; Francis, September 18, 1747, died December 23, 1750; Shubael, April 21, 1749; Sarah, October 31, 1750; Edec, No-vember 28, 1752; Urijah, September 1, 1754; Lucy, October 2, 1750; Hannah, March 3, 1758; Filip, February 18, 1750; died February

(VII) John (5), son of John (4) Cook, tember 7, 1863, and his wife February 7, 1861.

(VIII) Herman, son of John (5) Cook, was December 7, 1875. He was a farmer, active in April 14, 1813, died May 12, 1890, daughter of Edmund and Sarah (Fuston) Dare. Children: Lucy, born May 18, 1843, married Charles F. McKinzie, a soldier in the Mexican war; Mary Ellen, September 17, 1844, mar-

(IX) John Edmund, son of Herman Cook, sesses much mechanical skill and is fond of

tiful specimens of his skill in making furni-The house was built by his father in 1843. At that time the homestead contained a hundred and forty acres and was nearly half a mile in length. Mr. Cook conducts the farm and looks after his real estate and other investments. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Congregationalist. He married, in 1883, Belle (Dickinson) Stevens, born in Kinderhook, Illinois, coming to Hartland, Connecticut, when a child, daughter of Leonard and Emeline (Mills) Dickinson. Children, born at Torrington: 1. Emeline Lucy, born July 27, 1884; graduate of Smith College in the class of 1906; married, October 5, 1910, Alden Merrill, formerly of Dorchester, Massachusetts, now of Torrington, chemist for the Coe Brass Manufacturing Company. 2. Harmon John, January 4, 1890; student in Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University, in the mechanical engineering course.

(VII) Luther, son of John (4) Cook, was born in Torrington, September 21, 1783, died there November 19, 1855. He was a farmer in Torrington and owned and operated a saw mill there. He married, February 9, 1815, Louisa Fuller, born in Kent, Connecticut, December 25, 1795, died December 31, 1863, daughter of Revilla and Rebecca (Giddings) Fuller. Children, born at Torrington: John Winthrop, mentioned below; Maria L., born September 26, 1833, married James Ashborn,

February 24, 1859.

(VIII) John Winthrop, son of Luther Cook, was born in Torrington, March 12, 1818, died December 8, 1893. He attended the public schools of Torrington and various private schools there. He settled on his father's farm, where his grandfather also lived, and he operated a saw mill. He was active and prominent in public life. In politics he was a Whig, later a Democrat. He represented the town in the general assembly one term. He was a member of the Congrgational church. He married, November 22, 1864, Cornelia Beach, of Winchester, Connecticut, daughter of Caleb and Ann (Rathbun) Beach. Children: 1. Louisa Isabel, born in 1868, died in 1870. 2. Charles Winthrop, November 5, 1871, gradnate of the Torrington high school; now with the American Brass Manufacturing Company of Waterbury: married, June 30, 1902, Florence H. Lawton, of Torrington.

PRATT Tradition relates that the progenitor of this family was John Plat or Platt, who fled from France from some political persecution, and became an armor-bearer to the king of England, and his name was subsequently spelled

Pratt. Both names have the same significance, derived from the Latin root word "pratum," a meadow.

- (I) Henry Pratt, the progenitor, was a nonconformist minister, and for preaching the gospel contrary to the rules of the Established church was imprisoned, at the same time that over four hundred religious teachers were confined in damp and gloomy jails in England for the same offence. While thus incarcerated, he managed to communicate with his distressed family by writing to them with blood drawn from his arm for the purpose. Whether he died in jail, as many of these devout and wretched prisoners did, or was released, is unknown. Among his children were: 1. Joshua, came with his brother Phinehas to Plymouth in the ship "Ann," in 1623; was admitted a freeman in 1633; constable and messenger, January 1, 1633-34: juror and commissioner; administration granted to widow Bathsheba, October 5, 1633-34, and his widow married (second) August 29, 1667, John Daggett. 2. Phinehas, mentioned be-
- (II) Phinehas, son of Henry Pratt, was the immigrant ancestor. He was one of a company of about sixty who were sent to Massachusetts to found a colony by Thomas Weston, a London merchant, who was first friend and chief promoter of the Plymouth colony, and then a rival. Phinehas Pratt and his brother, with nine others, sailed from England in the ship "Ann," arriving at Damariscove Island. He with others left the vessel in a shallop and after touching at several places on the coast, landed in the latter part of May at Plymouth. About the first of July, the ships "Charity" and "Swan," two other vessels sent out by Weston, also arrived; and soon a party left Plymouth in the "Swan," and commenced the settlement at Wessaguscus, in the present town of Weymouth. Pratt was one of this company. The head man of the colony was Richard Greene, a brother-in-law of Thomas Weston, but he, dying on a visit to Plymouth, was succeeded by John Sanders. These settlers began with little provision. "They neither applied themselves to planting of corn, nor taking of fish, more than for their present use; but went about to build castles in the air and making of forts, neglecting the plentiful time of fishing. When winter came their forts would not keep out hunger, and they having no provision beforehand, and wanting both powder and shot to kill deer and fowl, many were starved to death, and the rest hardly escaped." The survivors of the little colony were then really in the power of the Indians, and they were indebted to

the courage, admittee and crosses a Phonelia Pratt is there care a military lives. In the aunter of their state of the tured a plan to entern the English hole at Wes acreers and Phymonths in see thy Pratt, then about thirty-two years of age, had seen who of his companies be a halftoon; and learning during his dealings with the Indians of this scheme for the massacre of the rest, resolved to send intelligence of it to Plymouth. When all others had refused to go be difference? I go bimosti the are closely watched by the Indians, but by a subterfuge effected his escape. He was closely rursued, and narrowly escaped capture, reachtelligence received from Massasoit, and so Captain Miles Standish and his party started on their expedition to kill Pecksuot and Wittewamut. Standish was successful, and though him of was uninde number at the effective The head of the Indian chief decorated a pole at Plymouth, and the plot was frustrated by the death of the two sachems. Pratt was too exhausted to return with Standish. On reg min. 's from the low went to 's statile, and was in skirmishes with the natives at Agaw. n. off at Date e te. He same " fiftee times we fought with them; thirty miles I was joursued for my life, in a time of frost and now, as a deer chased by wolves. settled it Primouth when the Wese lony broke up. His brother was also an inhabitant in 1624 and he shared in the distribution of cattle and of lands in 1623, being classed with the settlers who came with his brother on the ship "Ann." He was a joiner by trade. In 1648 Pratt purchased the place at Charlestown, Massachusetts, on which he lived the rest of his life. In 1658 he shared in a division of lands. He presented to the ceneral court of Massachusetts Bay what he termed "An History," called "A Declaration of the Affairs of the English People that first preserved in the publications of the Massae'sell Historial's sty offer is place ing interest. Under the dure of Me. F. 1188 . the following record of the general court: "In answer to the petition of Phinehas Pratt of Charlestown, who presented this Court with a narrative of the straits and hardships that the first planters of this colony underwent, in their indeavors to plant themselves at Plymouth and since, whereof he was one, the Court of land, where it is to be had, not hindering a plantation." This land was laid out in the wilderness on the east of the Merrimac river,

near the upper end of Nacooke brook. In October, 1668, Pratt, then nearly eighty, presented another petition to the general court, in which he states that he was "the remainder of the forlorn hopes of sixty men"; that he was now lame; and he requested aid "that might be for his subsistence for the remaining supply Phineas Pratt with so much as his present low condition may require." At this time Pratt was regarded with uncommon inin print for forty years, referred to him as one of Weston's men who came to Plymouth "with his pack on his back" and "made a pitiestate and of the Indian carriages"; Morton's "Memorial," printed in 1669, stated that Pratt tragedy" of Weston's colony; Hubbard and Increase Mather also mention his service. His will is dated January 8, 1677, bequeathing an the right hand, on a common center design, is the figure of a spade and pickaxe crossed, The manuscript of Pratt's "Declaration," for many years lost in the state archives, was together, and one half appears to have been torn off after they were thus arranged, hence a portion is lost. The manuscript is torn at 26, 1676; Daniel; Peter, died before 1738; Jo-February 11, 1702-03; Mercy, married

born about 1654, in Charlestown, and died February 23, 1735. He was a farmer. He removed, November 28, 1685, to that part of Hingham known as the first division of Conhassett, consisting of eighteen acres of unland. He built a house two stories high, with gable roof, the lower story of stone, the upper of wood. The windows were of small diamond pattern of glass, known as "quarrels," inserted in leaden sash. The farm has always remained in the Pratt family. He married (first) Sarah, born May 31, 1664, died July 22, 1706, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Pratt. He married (second), September 4, 1707, Sarah Cummings, a widow, daughter of — Wright. She died December 25, 1752, aged eighty-four years, lamented by all who knew her. Children: Henry, mentioned below; Daniel, blacksmith, settled in Needham; Aaron, born March 21, 1690; John, tanner, settled in Taunton; Jonathan, farmer, in Cohasset; Moses, mariner; Sarah; Mercy.

(IV) Henry (2), son of Aaron Pratt, was a blacksmith, of Newton and Needham, Massachusetts. He died at Needham, November 1, 1750. He married Hannah. Their nine eldest children were baptized at the same time in Needham, October 17, 1725. Children: Oliver; Zebadee; Noah; Lemuel, mentioned below; Henry; Ebenezer; Hannah: Sarah; Sybill; Silas, baptized March 31, 1728: Moses, baptized June 29, 1729; Mercy, baptized

March 17, 1734.

(V) Lemuel, son of Henry (2) Pratt. was born at Newton, in 1720; baptized at Needham, October 17, 1725. He married (first) Hannah Leonard, of Taunton, Massachusetts. He married (second) November 23, 1750, Lydia Willard. Children of first wife: Elijah; Lemuel; Hannah; Sarah. Children of second wife: Samuel, born August 5, 1751, baptized August 11, 1751; Leonard, born January 21, 1853, baptized January 28, 1853, died September 23, 1854; Jonathan, born November 27, 1754, baptized January 21, 1754-55; Benanuel, born September 26, 1756, baptized October 3, 1756; Seth, born 1758; Cyrus, born October 30, 1760, baptized November 2, 1760; Paul, mentioned below; Lydia. The baptisms were in the First Church of Needham.

(VI) Paul, son of Lemuel Pratt, was born at Needham, October 22, 1762; baptized at Needham, September 23, 1764. He died at Needham, January 5, 1829. He was a soldier in the revolution, in Colonel Cyprian Howe's regiment, Captain Abraham Andrew's company, enlisting July 7, 1780. discharged October 30, 1780; also in Captain John Miles's company, Colonel Joseph Vose's regiment, enlisting for three years, April 6, 1781. He married (first) Elizabeth Burdill (Burditt?). He married (second) April 9, 1806, Lydia Gates. He married (third) (intention dated August 19, 1822) Abigail Griggs, of Roxbury, who died September 16, 1842. Children of first

wife: Betty, born at Needham, March 4, 1786, married, December 31, 1807, James Spear; Hannah, December 2, 1787, died before 1804; Ephraim, mentioned below; Lydia, born February 13, 1794, died at Newton Lower Falls, December 17, 1886, married Joseph Greenwood; Lucy, born 1797, died, 1817; George, born 1800, went to Evanston, Illinois in 1837, and died in 1839; Hannah, born August 18, 1803, died October 3, 1874, married, April 18, 1822, Ebenezer W. McIntosh. Children of second wife: Charles, born February 21, 1807; Samuel, September 18, 1808, died at Waltham, August 24, 1879, married September 19, 1839, Roxanna Moulton; Dolly, born 1810, died at Dorchester, April 20, 1847, married, June 10, 1838, Tully Freeman; Paul, born September 7, 1812, died at Evanston, March 17, 1896, married, 1837, Caroline Adams Woodward, of Oxford; William, born 1814; Lucy, August 29, 1817, married, March 3, 1853, William Estabrook, of Lawrence, Kansas. Most of the children were born in Weston, Massachusetts, some in Needham.

(VII) Ephraim, son of Paul Pratt, was born in 1789, and died in 1836. He resided in Needham and attended St. Mary's Church at Newton Lower Falls. He married, January 3, 1819, Laura Ann Parker Welch. Children: William Welch, mentioned below; Mary Ann, born 1821; Elizabeth, 1823; Ephraim Willard,

1825; Ephraim, 1836.

(VIII) William Welch, son of Ephraim Pratt, was born September 21, 1819, at Newton Lower Falls, Massachusetts, in the town of Needham, and died January 4, 1898, at Stoneham. He is buried in Sleepy Hollow cemetery, Concord, Massachusetts. Children: Sarah Elizabeth; Mary Ann; William; Willard Francis; Carlos Edward; Jessie; Addie; Laura; and Nellie. William Welch was an architect and builder in Stoneham, Massachusetts, and his children were educated there in the public schools. He was a constable, and had charge of the armory during the civil war. His daughter Mary Ann married Robert Andrew Strickland (see Strickland).

## (The Strickland Line).

(I) Robert Strickland was born in the north of Ireland, and settled in Lowell, Massachusetts; from there he removed to Gardner, Maine, then back to Lowell, and spent some years following his trade of custom shoemaker; later he returned and spent his last years with his son Robert. He died at the advanced age of eighty-two years, 1885. He married Ann Nutting, born in Bolton; England, died at Pawtucket, Rhode Island, in 1877. Children: Elizabeth; John; Mary;

Sarah, arried some knot a file off Massachusetts; William; and Robert Andrew,

mentioned below.

(II) Robert Andrew, son of Robert Strickland, we have they are only other flowing died January 18, 1904, at Stratford, Connecnecticut. He was educated in the Lowell and Gardner public schools. He enlisted in the Libby prison when only fourteen years old. ment of volunteer infantry; second, in the Second Massachusetts heavy artillery, from Boston. He was in the service through the war. After his discharge he went to Chicago, ing and decorating, followed it there for a ham, Massachusetts, where he followed his trade until his eyesight failed. He then took a position as traveling salesman for a wholeale grocery house. He some time later regroved his home to New York. In 1880 he · ame to Bridgeport, continuing in the same twenty-three years, up to the time of his death. He removed to Stratford in 1894, and died there. He was a member of the St. John's Lodge of Free Masons, of Stratford; and of i e was a Republican till Cleveland's time, then a Democrat: in religion, first an Episcopalian, 1870, at Stoneham, Mary Ann Pratt, who was I. Nettie Alma, born at Stoneham, May 12, 1871; married, December 26, 1900, at Stratford, Connecticut, Sterling Filmer, born June 18, 1869, on Long Island; children: Robert Sterling, born May 23, 1902: Catherine Pratt, August 30, 1903, in Stratford. 2. William Alfarado, born April 27, 1876, at Stoneham; served in the Spanish war, and against the Boxers in China; now employed at Bridgeport by the Adams Express Company.

Stephen Bryant, immigrant ancestor, was born and reared in England. He was in the Plymuth colony as early as 1632, and his name appears on the Plymouth records in 1638. He removed to Duxbury, where he is reported as among those able to bear arms in 1643. He had a case in court in 1651. He was admitted a freeman, June 6, 1654, at Plymouth, where he again removed about 1650. He was a constable in Duxbury, June 6, 1654; highway surveyor at Plymouth, June 1, 1658; served on the part, March 5, 16500 (1, and was entered)

stable in Plymouth, June 1, 1663. He married Abigail, daughter of John Shaw, who came from England. Children: 1. Abigail, born in Plymouth colony: married, November 23, 1665, Lieutenant John Bryant. 2. John, born April 7, 1650. 3, Mary, born May 29, 1654. 4. Stephen, see forward. 5. Sarah, born November 28, 1659. 6. Lydia, born October 23, 1662, married William Churchill. 7. Elizabeth, bern October 17, 1667, married Joseph King.

August 25, 1702.

(III) Ichabod, son of Stephen (2) Bryant, was born in Middlehoro, Massachusetts, July 5, 1690. He was the ancestor of William Cullen Bryant, the poet, through his son Philip, and grandson Peter, father of William Cullen Bryant. Ichabod Bryant lived in Raynham, Massachusetts, and went from there to North Bridgewater, at a time when the soil was thought to be unfit for cultivation, about 1745. He died at Bridgewater. Massachusetts, November 22, 1759. He married Ruth Staples, who died May 27, 1777, aged seventy-five years. Children, born at Raynham or Middleboro: 1, Philip, married, 1757, Silence Harwood, 2, Nathan, died unmarried, 3, Seth, married, February 7, 1765, Elizabeth French, 4, Job, see forward, 5, Gamaliel, settled in New Bedford, 6, Phebe, married Henry Howard, 7, Ruth, married Holmes, 8, Sarah, married, 1750, Francis Cook, 9, Anna, married — Robinson, 10, Prudence, died unmarried.

(IV) Joh, son of Ichabod Bryant, was born in Bridgewater or the neighboring town of Raynham, Massachusetts, about 1742. He was a blacksmith by trade and also a farmer. He was a soldier in the revolution. He was a private in Captain Josiah Hayden's company of minute-men, from Bridgewater, at the Lexington alarm, April 19, 1775. He was in the same company, under General John Thomas, later in the year. He was ensign in the Tenth Company, Plymouth County Regiment, in the service at Roxbury, probably in 1775-76, the records not being dated. He served a year or more in the Continental army, and was in the service again at the time of the Belford alarm. He lived in Bridgewater and his children were all born there. He married Mary Turner, Children: 1. Anna, born November 12, 1764;

married, 1787, Abiel Phillips, of Easton. 2. Nathan, born September 15, 1766; married Sarah Jordan. 3. Calvin, born December 16, 1768; married Rebecca Morse. 4. Job Staples, born July 19, 1772; married, 1793, Lovice Pratt. 5. Thirza, born October 4, 1774; married, 1791, Manassah Dickerman. 6. Oliver, born December 21, 1776; married Nabby Ames, daughter of Timothy Ames, 1804. 7. Clement, see forward. 8. David. 9. Samuel. 10. Asa, married (first) Mehitable Snow; (second) Betsey Snow, her sister. 11. Har-

riet, married David Dunbar, Jr.
(V) Clement, son of Job Bryant, was born about 1785, at Bridgewater, Massachusetts. He was educated in that town. He learned the trade of blacksmith with his father and followed that trade throughout the active years of his life. He left Bridgewater about 1805 and went to Athol, Massachusetts, where he established himself in business and had a shop. Previous to the war of 1812, he removed to Greenbush, New York, where he worked at his trade. From that town he enlisted in the war of 1812, and after his death his widow received a pension and a grant of one hundred and sixty acres of land, which she sold to good advantage. He was a Baptist in religion and a Whig in politics. He died in 1837. He married, at Athol, 1805, Rachel Wheeler, born May 8, 1788, died April 19, 1881, daughter of Zaccheus Wheeler. Her father was a farmer and mill owner, and her mother was a descendant of the Leland family, of Massachusetts. Children of Clement and Rachel (Wheeler) Bryant: Royal; Mercy; George Quincy Adams, see forward; Mary Ann; Richard; Silence; Jonathan; Calvin Turner, see forward; Rachel.

(VI) George Quincy Adams, son of Clement Bryant, was born at North Orange, Massachusetts, January 9, 1819. He removed with the family to Athol, Massachusetts, attended the common schools there and also those in Craftsbury, Vermont, for two terms. At the age of twelve he went to work for his uncle, Jonathan Wheeler, on a farm, remaining there until about fifteen years of age, when he began an apprenticeship in the manufacture of tubs, pails, boot and shoe boxes with his uncle. He worked as a journeyman in the same factory until 1843, when he came to Winchendon and engaged in the business of house painting and decorating. In 1856 he took his brother, Calvin Turner Bryant, into partnership and they enjoyed a large and prosperous business until 1860, when they engaged in the grocery business and were associated together as partners in that business until the junior member of the firm died, July 14, 1906, a period of

forty-six years. After his brother's death. George Q. A. Bryant continued the business with the aid of his son-in-law. The partnership of the brothers was exemplary in every respect, they having the utmost confidence, respect and affection for each other. Both seemed well adapted to the business and the utmost harmony of purpose and action existed. Mr. Bryant was, with one exception, the oldest active business man in that town. This firm was the oldest one in continuous business in that section of the county, and he continued actively in business until a short time before his death, which occurred December 26, 1907. The two brothers stood as monuments of integrity and honesty, as well as of business success. They had the respect and confidence of everybody, and their influence and example in the business life of the town was always for the best.

Mr. Bryant enlisted in Company H, Fiftythird Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, in the civil war as a private, was mustered in September 2, 1862, and was promoted to the rank of third sergeant. He was in the expedition of General N. P. Banks at New Orleans, and was also at Port Hudson. He was mustered out September 2, 1863, on account of illness. After his return from the service, he took a much needed rest until the following year, when he returned to the grocery business, above mentioned, which his brother had conducted during his absence. Mr. Bryant was the oldest member of the First Baptist Church, of which he was treasurer for a period of over fifty years, and deacon for twenty-six years. He was also the oldest member of Gilman C. Parker Post, No. 153, Grand Army of the Republic, and carried the cane that is in turn presented to the oldest member. He had been quartermaster, chaplain and commander of his post, had represented it on the department commander's staff and attended many encampments.

He married, October, 1842, Louise A. Roby, daughter of Moody Roby, of Peru, Vermont, who followed farming as an occupation, and who died at Manchester, Vermont, 1870. Mr. and Mrs. George Q. A. Bryant celebrated their golden wedding, 1892, and he was presented with a magnificent gold-headed cane. Mrs. Bryant died at Winchendon, Massachusetts, June 20, 1894. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant had no children. They adopted Finette Miller, daughter of Mary Ann (Bryant) Miller, a sister of Mr. Bryant. Children of Thomas and Mary Ann (Bryant) Miller: I. Joseph, a furniture dealer, cabinet maker and farmer in Athol. 2. Albert, a hotel keeper of high re-

pute in Athol. 3. Finette, mentioned above.





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died December is more

(VI) Calvin Turner, eighth child of Clement Bryant, was born at Athol, Massachusetts, Inc. 118 to the age of fourteen in his native town, and when not in school worked for his uncle. Jonathan Wheeler, in his chair factory. In the spring of 1848 he went to Worcester and worked to the second of the continued with him for a time, subsequently purchasing the restaurant from him. At the expiration of six months he sold it to good advantage, and later started another restaurant on Front street under the firm name of Bryant & Page. A year later he abandoned the business and went to work as a burnisher in the Allen & Thurber pistol

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He caught the gold fever and went to California in 1851, remaining until 1855, and during the four years he remained there accumulated considerable money. In the spring of 1850 he made another western trip, including how Minister to the Abraham of the "Border Ruffian" disturbances. In September of 1856 he returned to Massachusetts and engaged in business as a house painter in Winchendon. He went to Pike's Peak at the time of the discovery of gold in 1850, but his trip was a tillure, and he joined a party of prospectors who decided to go to California, a journey of two thin him of the standard of the standard of the conducted there until 1800, when he and his bother, George Q. A. Bryant, engaged in the goery business. This venture proved profit dle and Mr. Bryant was active in the business until his death, July 14, 1906, a period of forty-six years.

The Bryant Brothers were recognized as mong the most substantial merchants of the frown. In 1857 Calvin T. Bryant erected the building in which the business has since been surried on. In 1861 he built his residence on Pleasant street, wherein he resided until his death. He was an active member of the First Baptist Church of Winchendon. In politics he was a Republican, took an active part in conventions and in party affairs, and acted in the capacity of overseer of the poor of the

town for several years. He was a director of the Winchendon Co-Operative Pank from its incorporation until his death. He was thoroughly identified with the business and social life of the town, and was one of the best known and most highly esteemed citizens. His death was due to apoplexy and came almost without warning; he was able to con luct business up to within a few hours of his death. During his funeral all the business places of the town were closed, as a last token of respect. Interment was in the family lot in Riverside Cemetery, Winchendon.

He married, October 9, 1860, Ahmeda Dexter, of Royalston, Massachusetts, born January 2, 1830, daughter of Ebenezer Wheeler and Cynthia (Walker) Dexter. Mr. Dexter was born March 24, 1780; died 1860; he was a farmer and mill owner, and held many public offices in the town of Royalston. His wife was born December 19, 1790, died May, 1870. Children of Calvin Turner and Almeda (Dexter) Bryant: 1, Flora Almeda, born November 21, 1861, teacher in Winchendon public schools. 2, Waldo Calvin, born December 17, 1863, see

forward

(VII) Waldo Calvin, son of Calvin Turner Bryant, was born at Winchendon, Massachusetts, December 17, 1803. He attended the public schools of his native town. At the age of fourteen he started to learn the machinist trade at the shops of Baxter D. Whitney, Winchendon, by working during his school vacations. At the age of sixteen, after finishing his course of study at the grammar school, he entered Cushing Academy, at Ashburnham, preparing for the Worcester Polytechnic Institute in one year. He was graduated in 1884, at the age of twenty, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He immediately entered the employ of the Thomson-Houston Electric Company in their expert department at Lynn, Massachusetts. He remained there one month and was transferred to Bridgeport, Connecticut, as assistant to George Cutter, to operate the local electric light plant, remaining there until the spring of 1885, when the local company took charge of the plant, and he went to Waterbury to take a similar position with the waterbury and he went to Waterbury and he wen

The Bryant Electric Company, with a capital stock of five thousand dollars, of which three was paid in. The business grew from this time to its present proportions, having now a capitalization of two million, five hundred thousand dollars. Mr. Bryant is president, treasurer, general manager and director of the concern. He is also president, treasurer, general manager and director of The Perkins Electric Switch Manufacturing Company, a director in the First Bridgeport National Bank, trustee of the People's Savings Bank, Vice-president of the Siemon Hard Rubber Corporation, and a director in the Bridgeport Hydraulic Company, the Bridgeport Brass Company, and the Bridgeport Hospital. He is a member of the Union League Club of New York, of the Lawyers' and Engineers' Clubs and the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, in New York, and of the Brooklawn Country Club, the Bridgeport Yacht Club, the University Club and the Algonquin Club, in Bridgeport.

He married, April 6, 1887, Ida Gerald, of New London, Connecticut, and they have two children: 1. Waldo Gerald, born July 30, 1891.

2. Doris, born March 26, 1902.

Abraham Bryant, immigrant BRYANT ancestor, was doubtless born in England. He settled early in Reading, Massachusetts, and married (first) in 1664, Mary Kendall, born December 24, 1647, daughter of Thomas and Rebecca Kendall. Thomas Kendall was deacon of the church. His estate was divided July 22, 1681. He had no sons, but through his nine daughters he became the progenitor of some of the best-known families of New England. Abraham Bryant was one of the signers of the partition papers. The name at that time was more commonly spelled Briant. Bryant lived on what is now Elm street on the south side, west of the homestead of Joseph Hartshorn. He married (second) the widow of Samuel Frothingham, of Charlestown, and she died in 1693. Children of Abraham and Mary (Kendall) Bryant: Mary, born 1666, died 1670; Abraham, mentioned below: Rebecca, 1668, died 1670; Thomas, 1674; Anna, 1676; William, 1678; Kendall, 1680; Abigail, 1683, died 1694: Tabitha.

(II) Abraham (2), son of Abraham (1) Bryant, was born in Reading in 1671, died there in 1714. He married Sarah, born 1676, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Sarah (Poole) Bancroft. Her father, Deacon Thomas Bancroft, was born in Dedham, Massachusetts, in 1649, and settled in Reading, where he was selectman several years, an officer in

King Philip's war, deacon of the church and built the fourth house in the west parish, generally known as the ancient Bancroft home. Thomas Bancroft, father of Deacon Thomas, was born in England in 1622, deposing in 1681 that he was fifty-eight years old; was a townsman in Dedham in 1646, removing to Reading in 1653 to what is now Lynnfield; married (first), March 31, 1647, Alice, daughter of Michael Bacon; married (second) July 15, 1648, Elizabeth, daughter of Michael and Sarah Metcalf; Bancroft was lieutenant; died May 1, 1671; his widow died May 1, 1711. Lieutenant Thomas Bancroft was son of John and Jane Bancroft, who came to New England from London in 1632, settled at Lynn, where he died in 1637 and where she had a grant of land in 1638. Sarah (Poole) Bancroft, wife of Deacon Thomas Bancroft, was born 1656, daughter of Jonathan and Judith Poole, granddaughter of John and Margaret Poole. Jonathan was captain under Major Appleton at Hadley in King Philip's war and president of the council of war in 1675-76, selectman, justice of the peace and deputy to the general court; a brave and skillful soldier, and eminent also in civil life. Children of Abraham and Sarah (Bancroft) Bryant: Mary, born 1695; Sarah, 1698; Abraham, 1700; Jonathan, 1706, died young; Jonathan, 1708; Samuel, born and died in 1710; Ebenezer, mentioned below.

(III) Ebenezer, son of Abraham (2) Bryant, was born in Reading in 1712. Many of the family removed to Sudbury, Massachusetts, and he probably lived there for a time. He married, in 1736, Mehitable Damon, born 1715, daughter of Benjamin and Mercy (Flint) Damon (see Damon III). Children: Ebenezer, mentioned below; Timothy, married

Sarah Flint.

(IV) Ebenezer (2), son of Ebenezer (1) Bryant, was, born in August, 1744. He removed with his parents to Hartford, Connecticut, and died there in January, 1849. He was a farmer. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private from May, 1775, for six months in Captain George Pitkin's company, Colonel Spencer's regiment; from December, 1775, for two months in Captain Jonathan Wells's company; in 1776 for six months in Captain Jonathan Berge's company, Colonel Sage's regiment; afterward for six weeks in Captain Loomis's company, Colonel McClelland's regiment. He took part in various skirmishes. He applied for a pension, July 27, 1832. His residence was then at East Hartford. He married Lois Swetland Foster. Children: Wealthy, married Elijah

Forkes, Lors, married Reuhen Stillman, Cl., 118-20, majoried David Black, Characo, 1100ti ned below

ant, was born in East Hartford, now Mandal etc.

ducated there in the public schools, and was a farmer in his native town all his active life. He was captain of the state militia. He belonged to the Congregational church at Manchester Center. He married Fanny Geer. (India).

Henry, mentioned below; Elizabeth, married F. Iph Haughton, Fannie, Harriet, Walter, 17 ha, Timothy.

(VI) Henry, son of Chauncey Bryant, was 1 n in East Hartford, 1813, died there Deber 7, 1881. In a notice of his death, the Interference of the New English of Times says. "A man of marked excellent character, one of the New English less have to work their with way, do their own thinking and educate uselves was marked and strong, born near Minchester Green in March, 1813, son of thuncey Bryant. His excellence as a painter the of portraits and landscapes was distingished. He was an accomplished astronomer of the inventor of the celestial indicator, and superintendents of schools far and near." In married Josephine Sarah Shults. Children: 1. Arthur, born 1843. 2. Leon, born 1845, died 1902; matried, May, 1874, Marian le; children: i. Percy Leon, born March 1, 1875, married, July 10, 1006, La Verte Lloyd; ii. Florence Josephine, June, 1876, married, July, 1905, William Pereival Green; iii. Arthur Hewig, May, 1878, married, May, 1902, "hbel Chapman; children: Donald Leon, born vember, 1903, and Gordon Benjamin, Octor, 1905. 3. Sarah, born 1847. 4. Percy Stelley, mentioned below. 5. Child, died in 1883.

(VII) Percy Shelley, son of Henry Bryant, was born in Hartford, March 24, 1850. He went to East Hartford with his parents when very young and has lived there practically all of the time since. After attending the second north district school, he entered the Hartford public high school, from which he was graduated in the class of 1866. In 1870 he was graduated from Trinity College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During part of his junior year in college he taught in the south school in Burnside. In 1871 he was appointed principal of the Thompsonville high school and held that position for six years, during the last three of which he studied law under Hon. T. C. Coogan, later of San Francisco. In 1876 he became a student in the law

office of Briscoe & Maltbie, and in 1877 was admitted to the Hartford county bar. He then engaged in active practice, soon winning a leading place in his profession and maintaining it to the present time. He was junior partner of the well-known law firm of Case, Maltbie & Bryant with office on Pratt street and afterward in partnership with William C. Case and his son, William S. Case. Since the death of the father and the elevation of the son to the bench of the court of common pleas, Mr. Bryant has continued in business without a partner. His office is at 1904 Main street.

He has always taken a lively interest in polities and is a prominent Republican. He has been a member of the Republican state central committee; in 1881 he represented East Hartford in the general assembly, and was chairman of the insurance committee and member of the committee on contested elections. In 1902 he was delegate from East Hartford to the state constitutional convention; he was for fifteen years a member of the Republican town committee; since 1876 he has held a commission as justice of the peace. He has been a director of the East Hartford Free Public Library since it was established in 1896. He has served several terms as commissioner of the East Hartford fire district. He has taken an active part in every movement designed to improve and benefit the town and is reckoned among its most public-spirited and valuable citizens. For more than ten years he has been junior warden of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church of East Hartford. While in college he joined the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. He is a popular and able public speaker.

He married, in 1883. Florence Genevra, daughter of Fredus S. and Harriet (Forbes) Griswold, of East Hartford, granddaughter of Charles Forbes. Children: 1. Florence Genevra, graduate of Wellesley College, class of 1907. 2. Percy Carlton, graduate of Trinity College, 1907, law student in his father's office. 3. Josephine Eleanor, student at Wellesley College, class of 1913. 4. Henry Shults, graduate of the East Hartford high school, a student of mechanical engineering.

born in England in 1021. He came in 1633 from Reading, England, and settled in Reading, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman in May, 1645, and was a proprietor in 1653. He was a town officer and deacon of the church. His wife Abigail was admitted to the church in 1648. In 1676 he was lieutenant of the Reading military company. His widow

died in 1713. He died April 8, 1708. His home in Reading was on the common, where formerly the Quinnapowitt House stood and he also had a homestead on Cowdrey Hill, where now or lately an old cellar hole marked the site of the house. He drew a lot of land also on Bear brook at the head of the great pond; his son Samuel occupied this lot and his grandson Daniel built there the Damon mansion, which at the time it was erected was one of the best dwelling houses in Middlesex county. At last accounts it was still owned by his descendants. He married Abigail Sherman about 1645. She was a daughter of Richard Sherman, merchant of Boston. Children: John, born and died in 1651; John, March 18, 1652; Abigail, August 26, 1654; Samuel, June 23, 1656; Joseph, September 28, 1661.

(II) Samuel, son of John Damon, was born in Reading. June 23, 1656. He was a soldier in King Philip's war and had a grant of land in the Nipmuck country for services. He was a member of the Reading church. He married Mary Davis, who died in 1727. He died in 1724-25. Children, born at Reading: Samuel, April 25, 1681; Mary, October 22, 1683; Ebenezer, 1686; Abigail, 1689; Esther, 1691; Benjamin, 1693; Mercy, 1695; John, 1697;

Tabitha, 1703.

(III) Benjamin, son of Samuel Damon, was born in Reading in 1693. He married (first) in 1714, Mercy, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Putnam) Flint. They settled at East Hartford, Connecticut, and joined the church by letter from the second church in Reading, August 23, 1730. As early as 1736-37 Benjamin Damon bought land in East Hartford, now Manchester. Mercy died April 26, 1740. He died August 21, 1771. He married (second) November 5, 1740, Mercy Palmer, of Windham, who died February 13, 1764. He married (third) Susannah ----. In an accident he was thrown from his horse and killed and his wife was injured so that she never walked afterward. His will was dated in 1764, bequeathing to wife Susannah, sons Benjamin, David, daughters Mehitable Bryant, Martha Hills, Abi Sweetland and granddaughter Lucy Damon. Children of first wife: Mehitable, born 1715, married, in 1736, Ebenezer Bryant Sr. (see Bryant III); Martha, 1718; Timothy, 1721; Benjamin, 1723; Hepzibah, 1725; Abi, 1727. Born at East Hartford: Daniel, baptized 1729; Elizabeth, born April 16, 1731. Child of second wife: David, baptized August 26, 1744.

### (The Hutchinson Line)

The antiquity of the family of Hutchinson is very great. Its origin has been assigned to

one Uitchensis, said to have been a Norwegian and to have come from Normandy with William the Conqueror, but there is no record of the family after the Conquest until the year 1282, after which the lineage of the American immigrant is well established. The coat-of-arms is described: Per pale gules and azure, semes of cross-crosslet or, a lion rampant argent. Crest: Out of a ducal coronet or, a cockatrice with wings endorse azure, beaked combed and wattled gules.

(I) Barnard Hutchinson, of Cowlan, Yorkshire, England, was living in the year 1282. He bore the coat-of-arms described above. His wife was the daughter of John Boyvill, Esq., of one of the best families of Yorkshire. Children: John, mentioned below; Robert; Mary, married William Sutton, of Washingborough,

Lincolnshire.

(II) John, son of Barnard Hutchinson, married Edith Wouldbie. Children: James, mentioned below; Barbara, married Lewis Ashton; Julia, married Allyne Bruzbie; Margaret, mar-

ried William Champernowne.

(III) James, only son of John Hutchinson, was of Cowlan also. He married Ursula Gregory of Wafferton, Yorkshire. Children: William, mentioned below; John; Barbara, married John Hathorne; daughter, married John Ocam; Eleanor, married Thomas Brown.

(IV) William, son of James Hutchinson, married Anne, daughter of William Bennett, of Theckley in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Children: Anthony, mentioned below; Oliver,

Mary, Alice.

(V) Anthony, son of William Hutchinson, married (first) Judith Crosland; (second) Isabel, daughter of Robert Harvie. Children of second wife: William; Thomas, mentioned below; John; Richard, who is supposed to have settled in Ireland; Leonard, Edmund,

Francis, Andrew.

(VI) Thomas, son of Anthony Hutchinson, bought the principal part of the township of Owthorpe, Nottinghamshire, the remaining portions afterward coming into the family of his descendants. He lived in the reion of Henry VII. He owned also an estate at Colston Bassett, a few miles east of Owthorpe. His actual residence was at Crowell Butler and he was living as late as October 9, 1550. Children: William, John, Lawrence, mentioned below.

 (VIII) Thomas (2), son of Lawrence Hutchinson, resided at Newark in Nottinghamshire; died in 1598. His will was proved M. Cill Iren: William, died before his father:

1. Her binson, inherited the father's estate at Newark, but removed to Arnold, near Nottingham, between 1001 and 1005. He martied to ed at Arnold, August 17, 1018. Children: I in, lived at Arnold; Isabel, married Adam Barker; Humphrey; Elizabeth; Robert, baptized at Newark, September 6, 1001, lived at Arnold; Richard, mentioned below; Thomas,

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at home tracers to depend a il it his age was fifty-eight. He married, at rave, Nottinghamshire, England, December 7, 1627, Alice Bosworth, probably daughto of Joseph Bosworth, of Southell. He was the American immigrant and came in 1634 with wife Alice and four children, locating in Siliem, Massachusetts. He had a grant of land there in 1036 and another of twenty actes the following year, "provided he will set : 1 . plough." It is said that at that time there we e but thirty-seven plows in the entire col-In 1654 he had another parcel of land 21 eted him and in 1660 still another. This hill, Beaver Dam brook, now Beaver brook, which runs through Middleton into the Ipswh river. He and his wife were members . 1 the Salem church as early as 1636. He haight a farm of one hundred and fifty acres at Salem village, now Danvers, of Elias Stillm. m in 1648, and that became his homestead. He served on a committee of the town to sur-Vo. Jeffrey's creek, now Manchester, and Vo. kerel cove. He married (second) October, 1668, Sarah Standish, widow of James Standish. His will was dated January 19. 1679, and proved September 26, 1683. His widow married (third) Thomas Roots, of dren of first wife, born in England: Alice, See ember 27, 1628, died there the same year; Us theth, haptized at Arnold, August 30, North Muskham, December 28, 1630, mar-Thomas Hale, of Newbury; Rebecca, De ember 25, 1636; Hannah, baptized at Saco, April 12, 1642; John, born May, 1643, at Saleni

(XI) Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Hutch-

inson, was baptized at Arnold, England, August 30, 1628. She married Nathaniel, son of John Putnam. Nathaniel Putnam was a man of standing and property in Salem; was constable in 1650; deputy to the general court 1090, and selectman. Their daughter Elizabeth, born at Salem Village, August 11, 1002, married Sergeant George Flint, second son of the second son of the second 
James Welch, of Malden, Massachusetts, was a soldier in King Philip's war in 1676. He went to Mount Hope, Rhode Island, with Captain Samuel Moseley's company, and remained in that region. He settled in Swansea, Massasetts, and married, November 9, 1683, Mercy Sabin, of Rehoboth, daughter of William Sabin. He was an inhabitant of Rehoboth, February 7, 1680. He evidently removed to Bristol, Rhode Island, as his wife Mercy was received into the First Church of Christ there, June 29, 1701. In 1702 he settled in Plainfield, Connecticut. He receive I land in Voluntown, Connecticut, for his services in King Philip's war, and died there between March 9, 1724, and November 22, 1726. His son James was appointed administrator of his estate. Children: John, born June 25, 1685, died August 14, 1685; Elizabeth, born September 27, 1688, married David Lawrence; Mercy, March 1, 1689-90, married Thomas Spaulding; James, July 27, 1692, lived in Voluntown and Colchester; Samuel, October 15, 1603; Thomas, mentioned below; Ebenezer, February 13, 1697; John, April 17, 1699; Deborah, died young; Martha, born October 25, 1704.

(11) Thomas, son of James Welch, was born March 1, 1695, and baptized in the First Church of Christ, at Bristol, Rhode Island, with six brothers and sisters, March 29, 1702. In that year he removed with his parents to Plainfield, Connecticut. He took up a thousand acres of land on Beaver hill and Beaver brook, three or four miles northeast of Old Windham Village, Windham county, Connecticut. He died August 14, 1781. His will was dated February 1, 1770, and recorded August 29, 1781. He married (first) about 1713, Hannah Abbe, who died March 24, 1769, daughter of John and Hannah Abbe, He married (second) Rachel (Huntingdon) Bingham, widow. Children: Jeremiah, born November 14, 1714: John, July 8, 1717; Daniel, men

tioned below

(III) Rev. Daniel Welch, son of Thomas Welch, was born March 20, 1726, in Windham, Connecticut, and died April 29, 1782. He graduated from Yale College in 1749, and

was ordained pastor of the church in North Mansfield, June 29, 1752, remaining there until his death. He married, February 18, 1752, Martha Cook, daughter of Moses and Deborah (Cadwell) Cook. Children: Hannah, born December 10, 1752, died December 26, 1846, married Captain Jesse Waldo; Moses Cook, born February 14, 1754, mentioned below; Daniel, February 10, 1756, died March, 1756; Thomas, born February 22, 1757, died March 22, 1832, married Lucinda Pierce; Daniel, born May 7, 1759, died September 3, 1785; Gurdon, born May 23, 1761, married, December 9, 1789, Mary Manning; Carolina Matilda, July 7, 1763, died June 11, 1785, married Gurdon Moulton; Martha, born June 17, 1765, married — Evans; Jerusha, December 5, 1767, died December 17, 1815, married Dr. Roger Waldo; Deborah, born November 15, 1769, married —— Bicknell; Sophia, September 27, 1771, married Gurdon Barrows; Abigail, December 26, 1773, died

unmarried, December 24, 1818.

(IV) Rev. Moses Cook Welch, D. D., son of Rev. Daniel Welch, was born in Windham, February 14, 1754, and died April 21, 1824. He prepared for college under the tuition of of the South parish, in Mansfield. He graduated from Yale College in 1772, and was engaged for a time as teacher of the grammar school in Windham. He then entered the office of Hon. Eliphalet Dyer, an eminent lawyer, and afterward prominent in the revolution and chief justice of Connecticut. For about a year he pursued his studies. His father, however, was greatly averse to his taking law as a profession, and in deference to him the study was discontinued. He taught again a short time, and gave some attention to medicine. Subsequently he returned to his father's home at Mansfield, and engaged in farming, and also in teaching young men who were preparing for college or to be teachers. About this time, in company with his intimate friend, Samuel Nott, he began the manufacture of saltpetre, to be worked into powder for the use of the army of the revolution, and was very successful. He served a short time in the army, but was obliged to return home on account of illness. At this time his attention was directed toward religion, and he decided to take up the ministry. His theological studies were carried on under the direction of Rev. Dr. Salter, and Rev. Stephen White, of Windham. He succeeded his fa-ther as pastor of the church at North Mansfield, being ordained June 2, 1784, the ordination sermon being preached by Rev. Dr. White. He continued in this ministry until his death.

In 1812 he preached the sermon before the general assembly of Connecticut on the anniversary election, and the same year was detailed on a tour of duty as chaplain in the army. He was appointed a member of the corporation of Yale College in 1822, holding the office two years. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth College in 1824. In early life his health was very delicate, and it was feared that his labors would prove too taxing. About 1800 he went on a mission to what was then the extreme western part of the state of New York. While there he contracted malaria and was obliged to return home and rest several months. For the rest of his life, however, he enjoyed almost uninterrupted health. He seemed to have a premonition of the approaching end of his life, and referred to it during the last few weeks he lived. He was pastor of the church nearly forty years.

The following is a list of his publications: "A Sermon on the death of Rev. Stephen White," 1794; "A Reply to the Correspondent, containing an Attempt to point out certain inconsistencies and misrepresentations in that publication; together with some strictures upon the Appendix, in a familiar Letter to a friend," 1794; "A Eulogy on Deacon Benjamin Chaplin," 1795; "The Addressor Addressed; or a Letter to the Correspondent; containing some free remarks on his address to the Rev. Moses C. Welch: humbly dedicated to the Hon. Zephaniah Swift, Esq.," 1796; "A Sermon at the funeral of Mrs. Pond," 1800; "A Sermon at 1801; "A Sermon at the execution of Samuel Freeman," 1805; "A Sermon at Thompson, before the Original Association of the county of Windham," 1806; "A Sermon at the ordination of William Andrews," 1808; "A Sermon at the funeral of Miss Mary Juliana Salter," 1810; "A Sermon at the funeral of Mr. John Work Judson," 1811; "A Sermon at the funeral of Rev. John Gurley," 1812.

Dr. Welch married (first) Chloe Evans, who died September 11, 1789, daughter of Randal Evans, of Plymouth. He married (second) Clarissa Ashley, who died June 2, 1806, daughter of Rev. Jonathan Ashley. He married (third) —, daughter of Rev Noadiah Russell, of Thompson, Connecticut. She died March 6, 1815, and he married (fourth) Mrs. Mary Leech, of Lebanon, who survived him, and died in 1829. Children: Jonathan Ashley, married Mary Devotion Baker; Archibald,

mentioned below.

Rev. Samuel Nott, who preached his funeral sermon, pays the following tribute to him, writing it at the age of ninety-seven: "Dr. Welch was a man of vigorous mind, an ardent

tengerament and great the in- a true co-His perception, were let grief and rout He generall, saw at a glame the material betings of a subject, and reached his conclusion by a very direct process. His mind was highly excitable, and would easily rise to meet the demands of an extraordinary occasion. He had a share of irony in his constitution, and sometimes used it with tremendous effort. As a preacher, he was decidedly among the more popular in the state. In the early part of his ministry, he wrote his sermons a full length and with great care; but he afterwards preached chiefly from short notes; and so well-furnished was his mind that he could preach very well, if occasion required, without premeditation. His delivery was simple and natural, but was remarkable chiefly for fervour and unction. He threw his whole soul into everything that he uttered. Indeed he took, he brought to it the whole energy of his intellectual and moral nature. He was a great ecclesiastical lawyer. His uncommon readiness and aptness of thought and great fluency of expression together with his familiarity with legal forms \* \* \* gave him an advantage before an ecclesiastical tribunal, that few of his contemporaries possessed. He was employed on several important occasions of this kind, and, so far as I know, always acquitted himself with honor. In his politics, he was a Federalist. \* \* \* It is not impossible but that his naturally ardent temperament, here as well as elsewhere, sometimes body, I believe, could ever question his sin-His labors in the more try seeped to be arended with an innonlinen-

(A Dr. Aichil d. Welch, and Rev. Dr. Moses Cont. Welsh, san hope in "I in Co" Competint, Mach 13, 1794. He attended the public seb. Is, and then begin the toply of medicine and took two courses of lectures in nothing at Vale Cille c, and was licerself t practice in September, 1816. For sixteen years he practiced successfully in his native town that removed to Wethersfield, comnecticut, in December, 1832, and practiced anof a term but reteen one from 1848 to the time of his death he was a prominent physician of Hartford. For ten years he was in charge of the medical department of the Connecticut state prison. In 1836 he received the degree of M. D., out of course, from Yale College. Dr. Welch was prominent in public life as well as in his profession. He served his district in the general assembly; was secretary, vice-president and president, in succession, of

the state medical society. He was highly esand skillful as a physician; hospitable by nature and entertaining many friends at his firewhich he had an interest. His sense of justice fected. He was simple and natural in his coninterest in the temperance question never flagged, and he earnestly supported the pre-1841 he joined the Congregational church of the Puritans. Though he was not given to talking of his religious experience, he lived an the train on which he was riding went through the drawbridge. Other prominent physicians were also victims of this accident, returning

He married, March 16, 1818, Cynthia Hyde, of Tolland county, daughter of Daniel and Mary Hyde, descendant of William Hyde, an early settler of Norwich, Connecticut. Children: 1. Mary Throop, born February 3, 1810; died August 10, 1850, unmarried. 2. Henry Kirke White, born January 1, 1821; mentioned below. 3. Chaissa Ashley, born April 3, 1825, 4. Rev. Moses Cook Welch, born July 31, 1827; graduate of Yale, class of 1850; was 1 that the pastner of the same thursh his grandfather had at Mansfield; later was settled at Hartford. 5. Archibald Hyde, born

June 7, 1829; a prominent merchant of Hart-

ford

(VI) Henry Kirke White, son of Dr. Archibald Welch, was born at Mansfield, January I, 1821. He removed with the family to Wethersfield and attended school there. He graduated from Yale College, class of 1842, and then studied law. He became the law partner of Judge Nathaniel Shipman and took high rank in his profession. He was interested keenly in public affairs and filled various offices of public trust. He represented his town in the state legislature and was chairman of the high-school committee. He was a director of the old Continental Insurance Company. He and his wife were members of the Congregational church. He married, October 5. 1858. Susan L. Goodwin, born in Hartford, daughter of Edward and Eliza Amy (Sheldon) Goodwin (see Goodwin VI). Her father was one of the early proprietors of the Hartford Courant. Children: 1. Archibald Ashley, born October 6, 1859, in Hartford; mentioned below. 2. Edward G., born January 14, 1861, died in 1894. 3. Frances G., born March 7, 1864; married Bernard T. Williams (see Williams). 4. Henry Kirke White, born December 4, 1865; secretary of the J. B. Williams Company, of Glastonbury. 5. Lewis S., born July 19, 1867; graduate of Yale College, class of 1889, and first editor of the Yale Alumni Weckly; residing at New

(VII) Archibald Ashley, son of Henry Kirke White Welch, was born October 6, 1859, in Hartford, where he has always resided. He attended the North school, and the Hartford public high school, from which he was graduated in the class of 1878. He entered Yale College, but left at the end of his junior year and became a clerk in the actuary's office of the Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford. He remained with that company until 1890, when he resigned to accept the office of actuary for the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford. In 1891 he completed his college course, and received the degree of bachelor of arts from Yale in the class of 1882. He is now actuary and second vice-president of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company. He is president of the Actuarial Society of America; chairman of the Hartford high school committee; secretary of the American School for the Deaf, Hartford; member of the Farmington Avenue Congregational Church. He married, October 24, 1889, Ellen Bunce, born at Hartford, daughter of James M. and Elizabeth (Chester) Bunce. Her mother was a native of Wethersfield; her father, a wholesale grocer of Hartford and vice-president of the Hartford, Providence & Fishkill Railroad Company.

(The Goodwin Line).

(III) Samuel Goodwin, son of Nathaniel Goodwin (q. v.), was born August 22, 1682. He resided in Hartford, Connecticut, and died before January 23, 1711-12. He married, March 18, 1707-08. Mary, daughter of Lieutenant James Steele and Sarah (Barnard) Steele, of Hartford. She married (second) December 2, 1714, Joseph Ashley. Children: Abigail, born December 12, 1708, married Nathaniel Eggleston; Samuel, October 10, 1710,

mentioned below.

(IV) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Goodwin, was born October 10, 1710, and died September 30, 1776. He resided in Hartford and held various town offices. He was hayward in 1732; collector, 1737-45-47; grand juror, 1743. In October, 1749, he was elected ensign of the first company of foot in the first regiment. He married (first) Abigail ——, who died, September 16, 1748, aged thirty-two years. He married (second) January, 1750-51, Laodamia Merrill, born January 28, 1728-29, buried May 6, 1790, daughter of Moses and Mary Merrill, of Hartford. Children, all by the second wife: Samuel, born October 7, 1752, married Abigail Butler; James, December 15, 1754, married Hannah Mather; George, January 7, 1757, mentioned below; Abigail, May 28, 1759, married James Anderson; David, August 7, 1761, married Susanna Pratt; Theodore, April 18, 1764, married (first) Lucy Adams and (second) Harriet Prior; Russell, September 14, 1766, married Ruth Church; Mary, May 14, 1769, buried May 27, 1783. (V) George, son of Samuel (2) Goodwin,

was born January 7, 1757, at Hartford. At nine years of age he applied for a place as office boy to Thomas Green, the first printer of Hartford, who founded the Connecticut Courant, October 29, 1764. Mr. Green told him he was too small, but agreed to engage him if he could carry a pail of water upstairs. George passed the test successfully and entered the office as apprentice. From that time until 1836 he worked in the office, and when the paper at that time was sold to J. L. Boswell, one of the stipulations of the contract was that Mr. Goodwin should have the right to work in the office when he pleased, and until very near the close of his life he availed himself of the privilege. In 1771, soon after the death of Ebenezer Watson, who had bought the *Courant* in 1770, Mrs. Watson took Mr. Goodwin, who was just of age, into partnership and the paper was published by Watson & Goodwin until March, 1779. On

the matriage of Ats. Wats is the mind - min Husbon & Goodern until 1815. At the time Mr. Huden sets of and the process of the vided Richard r. Gradian and their fire - n had been admitted into the firm several vears before. The business prospered, and publishing. Large editions of a school Bible from England in 1809. The New Testament in various sizes and styles, hundreds of thouture, with sermons and pamphlets. The printand complete in the country. Although de-prived of a school education, constant assointion with the leading men of the state, com-I ed with the study of books and with his Len observation, made Mr. Goodwin a sucessful editor and publisher. The Courant was widely circulated, and was the organ of tional reputation. Hudson & Goodwin built side, to furnish paper, and they imported and old many foreign books, besides having a wholesale and retail trade in stationery, blank osiness steadily grew and at the end of thirty-1815, the inventory showed more than \$120,-0 of productive assets, besides large privite properties; a large estate for the times. on the division Mr. Goodwin and his sons bull the a good and the Leatunent the perty on Pratt street corner, the upper hulls at East Hartford, and a handsome sum middle falls in East Hartford, the store and Sons removed to the Pratt street corner, and intinued to print the Connecticut Courant, to runt and sell books and stationery, and to in ke paper at the East Hartford mills. Mr. Goodwin gradually retired from active business, his sons Richard E., George Jr. and 1>25 he and his oldest son, Richard E., withew from the firm, and his sons George Jr., a 'arles, Henry and Edward carried on the lessiness under the firm name of Goodwin & Company. Mr. Goodwin was a conspicuous figure in the town. His fine personal appearance was heightened by the becoming dress of the day; the continental coat and waistcoat,

small clothes, black silk stockings, low shoes

with silver buckles, and broad-brimmed hat. He led the singing in the old First Church for many years, although he did not unite with the church until late in life. He lived for many years on State street, just west of the Hartford Bank. About 1821 he removed to the Ledlie house, on Trumbull street. It was large and gambrel roofed, and stood where the Allyn house now stands, shaded by great trees. He died there, May 13, 1844, in his eighty-eighth year. He had perfect health until the winter before he died. He was buried near the spot where he was born.

He married, December 2, 1779, Mary Edwards, born October 2, 1759, died July 24, 1828, daughter of Richard and Mary (Butler) Edwards. Children: Elizabeth, born September 2, 1781, married Lorenzo Bull; Richard Edwards, December 9, 1782, married Ruth Bull; Oliver, October 10, 1784, married Clarissa Leavitt; George, April 23, 1786, married Maria Kingsbury; Jason, January 18, 1788, died February 23, 1788; Jason, born January 22, 1789, died September 16, 1795; Charles, born January 13, 1791, married Elizabeth C. Howland; Henry, November 16, 1793; Jeremiah, January 3, 1795, died September 6, 1795; Jason, born August 13, 1796, died May 1, 1823, unmarried; daughter, born February 24, buried February 25, 1799; Edward, mentioned bel w.

ward, mentioned bel w.
(VI) Edward, son of George Goodwin. prepared for college at the Hartford grammar school, and graduated with honors at Yale in 1823. He entered the law school of Judge Reeve, at Litchfield, but at the solicirant in Hartford. In 1836, when his father retired from the firm, he continued the paper father and brothers in the firm of Goodwin & Company and H. & E. Goodwin until it was given up in 1861. He then retired from active lector of internal revenue. Mr. Goodwin was a man of natural ability and literary tastes. of classical and English literature, and was a fine Latin scholar. Of a retiring disposition, deep interest in the events of the day. He was a member of the First Congregational Church from 1831, and was elected a member of the prudential committee in 1836, remaining in office until his death. He died after a short attack of pneumonia, October 25, 1883. nearly three years after the celebration of his golden wedding. He married (first) in April, 1827, Susan Leavitt, born April 14, 1800, died June 15, 1828, daughter of David and Lucy (Clark) Leavitt, of Bethlehem, Connecticut. He married (second), November 3, 1830, Eliza Amy (Lewis) Sheldon, born in Goshen, Connecticut, December 29, 1798, died January 7, 1887, daughter of Elihu and Clarinda (Stanley) Lewis, of Onondaga, New York, and widow of Henry Sheldon, of Litchfield, Connecticut. Children: Edward, born August 31, 1831, married Annie S. Conklin; Susan Leavitt, March 31, 1834, married Henry K. W. Welch (see Welch VI); Sheldon, July 7, 1836, married Emma S. Messenger.

The surname Rice is identical with Rice Roice or Royce, which was the spelling in use in this family during the first century or more in this country.

(I) Robert Royce or Rice, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and came in 1634 in the ship "Francis" to Boston. Some accounts locate him in Boston in 1631 and he seems to have been a member of the Boston church, in fact, as early as 1632. He was admitted a freeman April 1, 1634. He was disarmed by the Boston authorities in 1639 because of his support of Wheelwright and Anne Hutchinson in their religious views. He removed to Stratford, Connecticut, in 1644, and was there in 1658. He located at New London, Connecticut, in 1657, and was constable there in 1660 and member of the general assembly in 1669. He left an estate valued at about four hundred and twenty pounds. Children: Joshua, born at Boston, April 14, 1637; Nathaniel, baptized March 24, 1639, removed to Wallingford, Connecticut; Patience, born April 1, 1642, died young; Ruth, married, December 15, 1669, John Lothrop; Sarah, married John Caulkins: Nehemiah, removed to Wallingford; Samuel; Isaac, mentioned below; Jonathan, married Deborah Caulkins. Nehemiah, brother of Robert, was at New London.

(II) Isaac Rice (Royce), son of Robert Royce or Rice, was born in Connecticut, probably at Stratford, about 1650, died at Wallingford in the fall of 1682. His estate was appraised at one hundred and sixty-one pounds. He was one of the first planters at Wallingford, said to have lived earlier at New Haven. He married Elizabeth ——, who married (second) 1696, Ebenezer Clark. Children, born at Wallingford: Isaac, October 28, 1673; Robert, September 4, 1674, mentioned below; Sarah, March 10, 1677; Martha, June 1, 1679.

(III) Robert (2) Rice (Royce), son of Isaac Rice (Royce), was born at Wallingford, September 4, 1674, died there in 1759. He married (first), June 2, 1692, Mary—; (second), March 14, 1709, Abigail Benedict. Children of first wife, born at Wallingford: Nathaniel, October 2, 1694; Dinah, February 24, 1696; Josiah, July 10, 1698; Ruth. September, 1701: Sarah, April 4, 1703; Timothy, June 2, 1705; Mary, July, 1707. Children of second wife: Elizabeth, August, 1710; Gideon, May 4, 1711; Prudence, April 11, 1714; Moses, September 24, 1716, mentioned below; Martha, married Edmund Scott; Lydia, born November 20, 1719.

(IV) Moses Rice (Royce), son of Robert (2) Rice (Royce), was born at Wallingford, September 24, 1716. He married there, January 6, 1740, Thankful Austin. Children, born at Wallingford: Thankful, July 5, 1747; Amasa, March 21, 1751, died December 12, 1797; Abner, January 4, 1753; Joel, February 16, 1754; Amos, March 19, 1757, mentioned below. Probably others at Wallingford or elsewhere.

(V) Amos Rice, son of Moses Rice (Royce), was born at Wallingford, March 19, 1757. He was a soldier in the revolution in the First Regiment, Connecticut Line, in 1779-80. After 1790, judging from the fact that he was not in Readsboro, Vermont, at that time, according to the federal census, he settled at Readsboro, just over the state line from Massachusetts. A brother came with him. Still he may have been in Vermont soon after 1780. Children: Amos, mentioned below; Horace; several others, whose names are unknown.

(VI) Amos (2), son of Amos (1) Rice, was born in Connecticut or Vermont in 1782. He married (first) Betsey Adkins; (second) Levina Adkins, sister of his first wife. Children of first wife: Lemuel, mentioned below; Daniel; Lucius, married a Connecticut girl, but remained in Vermont; Lewis, twin of Lucius; Austin; Betsey; Amos. Children of second wife: Ann; Arbe, died 1901, married ——— Bishop, of Readsboro, and lived there until 1870, when he came to Cheshire, Connecticut, with his family: Frye, died in 1901, went to Connecticut, and thence to northern Wisconsin, where he married and had numerous children; Cornelius. All of the children grew to maturity, married and settled in Connecticut, except Lucius and Frye. None of them had middle names.

(VII) Lemuel, son of Amos (2) Rice, was born in Readsboro, Vermont, in 1806, died in 1868. He came to Connecticut with others of the family and was a farmer at Cheshire. He





Tromp / Tice

married Maria E. Andrews, of Cheshire. She dial in 1880, and he cannot be set the were a street profess Love River Collins. of first wife, born in Cheshire: Julius E., born 1844 There is a Symple Health 1849 Sec. 1852 The Health Common Health Indian Wallet

A., 1847; Marion E., 1851. Child of second

born in Cheshire, 1843. He was educated there in the public schools. His occupation is farming. He has been for many years a mer-Connecticut Regiment, Volunteer Infantry. 1865, in the Sherman campaign. He had general assembly of Connecticut in 1886. He Cheshire. He married Caroline Elizabeth Holbrook, born at North Adams, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Frank James, mentioned below. 2. Frederick W., born October, 1874; a lumber Company; married, in 1896, Mary L. Reily; children: i. Jessie E., born 1898; ii. Esther M., 1904. 3. Grace Elizabeth, born July, 1876. 4. Howard Daniel, born in 1881;

(IX) Frank James, son of Jesse Hull Rice, was born at North Adams, Massachusetts, February 5, 1869. He attended the public schools of Cheshire. When he was fourteen years old he came to New Haven to attend the Yale Business College. He began his ca-reer as bookkeeper for the firm of H. B. Ives & Company, remaining for five years, during four years of which he was foreman of the factory. The confinement of this position undermined his health and in order to secure a complete change of environment and emwas conductor in the street railway of New Haven. In 1803 he resigned to become manager of the Hutchinson Apartments in New Haven and of other real estate of Frank W. resent the Hutchinson interests and has become a prominent factor in the real estate busino of the city. In 1802 he was elected a concilman from ward two and from ward one monor to somethic series commissioner of New Haven in 1905 and held

this office until 1010. He was elected mayor

Tuchill, Twitchwell and Twitchell. Joseph Twitchell was an immigrant who settled in The inventory of his estate was presented December 26, 1657, by Timothy Wales and Ben-

to Medfield as early as 1003. He married Mary White; Mary, born at Dorchester, March 8, 1658-59; Hannah, married Samuel

mentioned below. Probably others.

born in Medfield, November 1, 1663, and lived there. He had a son Benoni, mentioned below.

(III) Benoni, son of Abiel Twitchell, was born in Medfield, and is supposed to have been left an orphan at an early age. He was adopted by his uncle, John Rocket. He and was a grantee of land at Athol, probably in was selectman in 1713-14; town clerk, 1714; constable and until 1725 repeatedly moderator

and selectman. He was a man of enterprise, and engaged somewhat in land speculation. He died, it is supposed, at Killingly, Connecticut, where two of his sons lived. He married, April 18, 1705, Hannah Allen. Children, born at Medfield: David, July 20, 1706, died young; Josiah, July 10, 1707, died young; Seth, July 31, 1710, died young; Seth, November 9, 1711; Hannah, February 12, 1712-13. Born at Oxford: John, 1713; Jeremiah, 1715; Joseph, mentioned below; Sarah, April 18, 1721.

(IV) Joseph, son of Benoni Twitchell, was born about 1720. About 1767 he located at Southington, Connecticut, where he died February 10, 1776. He married Elizabeth Thompson. of Derby, Connecticut. Children: Benoni, soldier in the revolution and pensioner in 1818; Isaac, mentioned below. Perhaps

others.

(V) Isaac Twichell, as the name is generally spelled in this branch of the family, son of Joseph Twichell or Twitchell, was born in 17,41, died February 10, 1776. He married, January, 1767-68, Deborah Alcox, and they removed to Farmingbury in the town of Southington. She married (second) Wait Hitchkiss, and she died January 18, 1831, aged eighty-nine years. Children of Isaac Twichell: Joseph, mentioned below; Mary, Deborah

(VI) Joseph (2), son of Isaac Twichell, was born in Southington, July 15, 1769, died March 14, 1824. He lived in Wolcott, Connecticut. He was a merchant in partnership with Stoddard Whitman; retired from business after a financial disaster in 1820. He married (first) April 16, 1793, Electa, who died January 13, 1803, daughter of Simeon Hopkins. He married (second) February 19, 1804. Phoebe, who died December 5, 1823, daughter of Joseph and Phebe (Hall) Atkins. Children of first wife, born at Wolcott: Isaac, January 9, 1795; Polly, December 25, 1797; Lois E., January 27, 1800; Isaac H., January 10, 1803. Children of second wife: Joseph A., December 18, 1804, removed to City Point, Mississippi; Stoddard W., December 27, 1806, of Hamburg, Mississippi; Edward, mentioned below; William H., January 11, 1813, settled at West Windsor, Mississippi; Dwight, January 24, 1816; Hobart A., August 9, 1820.

(VII) Edward, son of Joseph (2) Twichell, was born in Wolcott, September 5, 1810, died April 16, 1863. At the age of ten he left home and worked on a farm in Avon, returning to Wolcott for the winter. He worked at farming the following summer and had but three months of schooling a year, and that in the

evening school. At the age of sixteen he was apprenticed to learn the tanner's trade of Timothy Higgins, of Southington. After he came of age he was admitted to partnership by his employer and he continued in the tanning business the remainder of his life. He also manufactured leather belting for a time. He entered partnership under the firm name of H. D. Smith & Company and engaged in manufacturing carriage hardware. This firm prospered and his son Edward succeeded him. He was as prominent in religious as in business life. In the great religious revival of 1833-34 he was one of a large number converted, and he joined the Congregational church at Southington, April 6, 1834. He was active and zealous in church work and consistent in his religious life. He was for many years teacher and superintendent of the Sunday school; was seldom absent from prayer meetings or other church services. He was elected deacon, September 11, 1851, succeeding Deacon William Woodruff, receiving all but four of the fifty votes cast, and it has been said that as a deacon "he was the peer of the very best New England has produced.'

Without early educational advantages he tion rapid and he made even and sure progress in scholarship and character building. All his instincts were kindly and benevolent. He could not be restrained in doing good by any conventional rules or methods. Each moment furnished the inspiration and object of his work. Once he started upon a systematic method of giving, setting apart a certain proportion of estimated income for charity and giving his wife the task of keeping an account of his gifts, but in three months his allotment for the year had been spent. Thereafter he never kept account of his benevolence and none could estimate the amount of his charity or the extent of his good deeds as measured in money. The pastor of his church thus described his character in an obituary sermon: "On my first coming to this place a young man and he a young man he took me by the hand as a fellow helper in the Gospel, and for more than a quarter of a century, and especially since he became a deacon of the church, he has stood at my side with a genial spirit and true faithfulness, not easily provoked, thinking no evil, not always of the same mind with me, but never censorious or fault-finding and ever ready to advise or help in every good work. Not that he was even thought to be faultless, but that he was one to be sincerely loved and trusted through all the changes and trials of good report and evil

report, as very few men can be. It does not the end the bit of the south and the war with the state of the state good and faithful man in the position the to ay that I had a stablete had a re-

The same transfer paints and lina D., died April 7, 1840, daughter of Reu-ten Carter, of Wolcott. He married (secnd) May 16, 1850. Jane, daughter of Stephen

Hopkins, born May 27, 1838, mentione I be-

3 plemy; in business at Laporte, Indiana; e 1861 connected with H. D. Smith & mpany, and since 1865 its treasurer; viceber of Friendship Lodge, of Southington, of " ich his grandfather had been a member: 9 rried, October 17, 1866, Sarah (Frisbie) Herrison, widow of William, H. Harrison, 18: son, Reuben Carter, born November 25, 1877, graduate of Yale College in 1900. 3. 1843. 4. Sarah J., January 28, 1844; mar-1854. 7. Timothy D., September 6, 1856. 8. 6 ia E., December 25, 1859. 9. Anna W.,

27 1838, at Southington. He attended the

A idemy, Southington, where he fitted for college. He entered Yale College and was graduated with the class of 1859. Imme-li-ately afterward he began to study for the ministry in the Union Theological Seminary of New York. After two years of study he in the civil war at the very beginning. He became chaplain of the Seventy-first Regiment, duty at the front until his regiment was mustered out July 30, 1864. Then he completed Asylum Hill Congregational Church of Hartford, Connecticut, and duly installed December 13, 1865. For a period of forty-five years he has been pastor of this church. He has achieved some prominence in the literary

world in addition to his prominence in the has never lost his interest in athletic sports. reform the free record or

mony Cushman, of Orange, New Jersey, born August 9, 1843, at Exeter, New York, died April 24, 1910, daughter of David and Julia

The first record of Thomas Sanford in America is at Dorchester, Massachusetts, now November 22, 1634. It is thought that he came to this country in 1632 with his uncle, John Warner. He drove the cows at DorIn 1639 or a year or so later he appeared at Milford, Connecticut, with two children, Ezekiel and Mary. There he became a useful, enterprising man. Children: 1. Mary, born January 16, 1642; died unmarried. 2. Samuel, April 30, 1643; died November 27, 1691; married Hannah Bronson. 3. Thomas, Jr., December, 1644; died at New Haven; married (first) Elizabeth Paine; (second) Elizabeth Gibbard. 4. Ephraim, mentioned below. 5. Elizabeth, August 27, 1648; married Obadiah

(II) Ephraim, son of Thomas Sanford, was born May 17, 1646, at Milford. He settled at Milford and died there in 1687. He was a witness of the will of Benjamin Fenn, of Dorchester and Milford, 1672. He married, at New Haven, in 1669, Mary, daughter of Thomas Powell. His estate was divided by the court, November 16, 1692, among the children and widow. Children: Mary, Samuel, Samuel, Ephraim, Thomas, Nathaniel and

Zechariah.

(III) Samuel, son of Ephraim Sanford, was born at Milford, May 9, 1674. Among his children was Joseph, mentioned below, and

David.

(IV) Joseph, son of Samuel Sanford, was born July 5, 1701, at Milford; died September 9, 1754, at Prospect Hill, Litchfield, Connecticut. He was several times member of the colonial legislature and captain of the militia. He lived on Prospect Hill and is said to have set up the first dry goods store in Litchfield. He married Mary Clark, born in 1704, at Milford, died September 9, 1766, daughter of Joseph Clark. Children: 1. Hannah, born July 23, 1729; died January 11, 1804; married Ephraim Harrison. 2. Sarah, July 28, 1731; died July 30, 1731, at Milford. 3. Oliver, August 22, 1732; died October 26, 1800; married Elizabeth Lyon. 4. Jonah, mentioned below. 5. Mary, October 4, 1739; died January 8, 1755. 6. Joseph, July 28, 1745; died December 13, 1813; married Mehitable Young.

(V) Jonah, son of Joseph Sanford, was born August 1, 1735, at South Farms, died January 21, 1817. He was a farmer at South Farms. He was a soldier in the revolution, commissioned ensign in 1770, served in Captain Jesse Curtis's company, Colonel Hooker's regiment, General Erastus Wolcott's brigade: was stationed at Peekskill at Barracks No. 3. He married, December 7, 1757, Rhoda, born May 26, 1742, died July 11, 1807, daughter of Benjamin and Eunice (Martin) Woodruff. Children, all except Joseph, born at Morris, Connecticut: 1. Joseph, born April 17, 1758, at Milford; died October 17, 1843; married Chloe Goodwin. 2. Benjamin, June 4, 1761;

died July 1, 1883; married Sarah Marsh. 3. Clark, July 10, 1764, died September 5, 1819; Marsh. 4. Rhoda Pamelia, April 27, 1768, died June 4, 1805; married Daniel Clark. 5. Jonah, January 27, 1773, died August 28, 1806, buried at Morris. 6. Simeon, mentioned be-

(VI) Simeon, son of Jonah Sanford, was born at Morris, May 6, 1775, died June 23, 1846. He resided at Cornwall for some years and was a prosperous farmer. In later years he lived at South Farms. Children: I. Arman, born October 29, 1799, died May 24, 1803. 2. Rhoda, July 7, 1801, died July 7, 1803; married (first) William Henry Harrison; (second) Edward Cowles. 3. Clarinda, February 28, 1804, died May 21, 1875; married William D. Harrison. 4. Rollin, mentioned below. (VII) Rollin, son of Simeon Sanford, was

born March 27, 1806, at Cornwall, Vermont, near Lake Champlain, died December 2, 1879, in New York City. He was a lawyer at New Haven and Stamford, Connecticut. He joined the Stamford Manufacturing Company and was a dealer in imported wood and dye stuffs, and an importer of rice. He married (first) May 25, 1835, Maria Seymour. He married (second) Susy Ann Wright. He married (third) Clarinda S. Harrison. Child of first wife died early. Children of second wife: Amasa Wright, Maria Seymour. Children of third wife: Elihu Harrison, Rollin, William Henry, mentioned below, Simeon, Elizabeth Post, Alice Warner, died in infancy.

(VIII) William Henry, son of Rollin Sanford, was born in Brooklyn, New York, May 17, 1854, and is now living at Litchfield, Connecticut. For a number of years he made his home at Stamford in summer and in New York City in winter. He resided also, for a time, at Hastings-on-the-Hudson. In 1880 he came to Litchfield. He was engaged in the wholesale grocery business at Colorado Springs, Colorado, from 1888 to 1895, when he returned to Litchfield, where he has an artist's studio. He married Miss Joanna Ketchum Swartwout, born at Stamford, in 1856, daughter of Robert and Sarah Stearns (Satterlee). Swartwout (see Swartout). Children: I. Harrison, mentioned below. 2. Robert Dunscomb, born September 1, 1879, a farmer, married Louise Christy; children Robert S. and Gladys. 3. Margaret Swartout, May 14, 1881. 4. Reginald, August 5, 1884, real estate broker, Litchfield. 5. Eleanor, July 21, 1886. 6. Joan Satterlee, October 5,

(IX) Harrison, son of William Henry San ford, was born in Stamford, December 10,





Gro. A. Sanfard.

1870. The was obtained in the Lyrse gad when at Chash to Committed to the large and the manner of Wall street to the particular of Seymour, Peters & Sanford, brokers. He married, in December, 1001, Anna Champion Ferry, beart hill 12 18 and the married of the ma

The ancestors of the Swartout family were of Dutch origin and came to the town of Minser (100). They were all three interested in the remark patent, but Eager says that but one of the mark his wind with the street of the mark his wind with the street of militia in Orange county. New York, to siding on the disputed land between New York and New Jersey and was once dispossessed by Jersey claimants, an affair that called out all his neighbors in order to reinstate him. Cornelius Swartout and Gerardus Swartout, a son of the Major, were at the capture of Fort Mentgomery by the British but escaped. This family bore an important part in all the strugges and hardships of those troublous times. Swarty all of the family now spell the name Swartures.

Robert Swartwout, son of Brigadier-General Robert Swartwout, whose father was one of the seconds in the Alexander Hamilton-Aaron Barr duel, descendant of the New York famth, married Sarah Stearns Satterlee. Their desplier, Joanna Ketchum, born at Stamford, Connecticut, in 1856, married William Henry Sanford (see Sanford VIII).

SANFORD Samuel Sanford (q, v.), was born September 8, 1700, died January 16, 1751. He married Rachel Strong, Among their children was Elihu, mentioned lel w

(V) Elihu, son of David Sanford, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, May 6, 1734, died May 28, 1808. He married, June 28, 1758. Hannah Sanford, who was born April 30, 1733, died September 17, 1826. Children: Elihu, Strong, Hannah, Stephen, Samuel, David, Mary Ann, Clarissa, Susan, David, and Joseph, mentioned below.

(VI) Joseph, son of Elihu Sanford, was born at Litchfield, Connecticut, November 3, 1779, died October 26, 1851. He settled in Granville, Massachusetts, died at Tariffville, Connecticut. He was a tanner all his active life. He married, February 25, 1801, Hope Wilmot, born July 5, 1780, died July 18, 1851. Children: Esther Minerva, born December 4, 1801; Rowena, August 8, 1804; Betsey, July 21, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1800; George Willis, December 20, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 27, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 28, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 29, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, August 28, 1807, mentioned below; Betsey, Mentioned Betsey, Mentioned Betsey, Mentioned Betsey, Mentio

necticut, December 20, 1807, died at Tariff-ville, September 23, 1892. He was educated was graduated in 1830 with the degree of married (first), February 4, 1830, Jane Elizabeth Adams, born at North Bloomfield, Con-necticut, September, 1813, died March 29, 1872. He married (second) Ada Letitia Eno, dine, born 1831, married Charles L. Roberts; George Ambrose, November 26, 1832, died Sector her are 1837, and the miles soushing 4, 1850; George Ambrose, mentioned below, (VIII) George Ambrose, son of Dr. George town of Simsbury, Connecticut, August 15, 1852. He attended the public schools of his native town, the Connecticut Literary Institute at Suffield, Connecticut, and Union College at Schenectady, New York, from which he was graduated in 1876. He began to study law in the office of William C. Case, but on account of trouble with his eyes had to abandon his ambition to be a lawyer and engaged in the mercantile business in New Hartford, Connecticut. After a time he removed to Fort Wayne, Indiana, and for twenty years was a traveling salesman. In 1895 he came to Winstead, Connecticut, and has lived there since. He was associated with the William L. Gilbert Clark Company for a number of years, then to the bar in 1903. He opened an office, and sted. He was for six years a member of the school board. He was a prime mover in the project of consolidating the school districts canum, and of the New England Order of Protection. He is a member and clerk of the Paptist church of Winsted; and is also secretary and attorney of the Winsted Business Men's Association. In politics he is a Republican. He married, January 3, 1877, Mary E., born at Hinsdale, Massachusetts, daughter of Rev. William and Elizabeth Crane Goodwin. Her father was a Baptist clergyman. Chilwin, born October 19, 1877; a grocer at South Bower. 2. Ralph Ambrose, March 9, 1879; a farmer at Winchester, Connecticut; marbeth. 3. Clara Ophelia, December 8, 1880; lives with her parents. 4. Elizabeth Georgianna, March 20, 1883; married George Watanna, March 20, 1883; married George Watson Hale (deceased); children: George Watson and Mason Ellsworth. 5. Ada Calista, born August 1, 1885; principal of high school at New Hartford, Connecticut. 6. Kathryn Mary, October 22, 1893. 7. Willis Adams, January 10, 1896. 8. Harold Arthur, December 2, 1897.

The name of Stoughton is of remote antiquity in county Surrey, England. In the reign of King Stephen (1135-54), Godwin de Stocton lived at Stocton in that county. In the eighth year of King Edward I, Henry de Stocton received the royal license to empark one hundred and sixty acres of land there. In the early part of the sixteenth century a younger branch of the family became seated at

St. John's, county Warwick, where they occupied a large and ancient mansion. The elder branch continued at Stoughton, county Surrey. The site of their mansion, now a plowed field, is still known as "Stoughton Garden".

In the neighboring church of Stoke, and at the east end of its northern aisle, is Stoughton Chapel, which contains many ancient monuments of the family, with quaint inscriptions. In 1692 the chief line of Stoughton of Stoughton became extinct by the death of Sir Lawrence, second baronet of Stoughton, and the succession was preserved by the younger branch of St. John's, county Warwick, until the death of Sir George Stoughton. The fortunes of the family appear to have been, at one time, identified with those of the Earl of Warwick, upon whose estates the Stoughton Manor was standing as late as 1876. The coatof-arms is described as follows: Field, azure, a cross engrailed ermine. Crest: "a robin red-

hreast, proper."

(I) Rev. Thomas Stoughton, progenitor of the American family, was born in Eng-Coggeshall church, December 12, 1600. 1606 he was deprived of the same, probably for non-conformity. Children: 1. Rev. John, D.D., curate of Aldermanbury parish, London; died 1639. 2. Thomas, mentioned below. 3. Colonel Israel, to whom the following record, taken by Mr. Frank Farnsworth Starr from the parish record of Coggeshall church, probably applies: "1602, February 18. Israel Stoughton, son of Thomas (then rector of the parish) baptized." Israel came over with his brother Thomas to Dorchester in 1630, and beonv. He was a man of superior intelligence and large property. In the division of town lands, his share indicates that he, with Mr. Rossiter, was the largest adventurer in the Dorchester plantation. He was admitted freeman, November, 1633, and that same month was granted permission by the town to erect a mill on the Neponset Falls, Massachusetts, to cut timber near by and to erect a fish weir near it. At the first general court of the Massachusetts Bay Colonies, May, 1634, he was deputy from Dorchester and obtained from the court a confirmation of all his grants from Dorchester, upon condition of supporting a horse bridge over the river, and of selling alewives at five shillings per one thousand. At the mill which he then erected was ground the first corn ground by water in New England. In January, 1635, he offended the government by publishing a pamphlet denying some of the powers which they claimed, and as a result was disqualified from holding office for three

neral court, and the following year an astant. He was also elected, with two other ndidates, to command as captain the Massassetts troops in the expedition against the quots. In 1630 he served with Governor ndicott in running the Old Colony Line, and sisted the same year in preparing a code of

missioner to administer the government of his private affairs to England, became intested in the revolution and determined to the his services to the revolutionary cause, returned home, induced others to join in undertaking, and was again in London in his, 1644, where he made his will. He served lieutenant under Rainsboro until his death Lincoln, England, in 1645.

nd with his wife was among
the covenant of the Dorter church, 1036. He was a member of

to five thousand acres of land, besides other perty, and by will left three hundred nds to Harvard College. He left three s, of whom only one, William, lived to mand. The latter never married, but became ost remarkable figure in the early history Massachusetts. He was first lieutenant-vervor, then governor, and also chief justice the superior court of the state. On his think left generous gifts for the poor and educational purposes, and in addition to or gifts to Harvard College, established righten Hall.

III) Thomas (3), son of Thomas (2) yi ughton, was born in England and came to 1 chester with his father, (630, and later removed with the latter to Windsor. He received there by deed, July 17, 1645, the property granted by the town to his father except his "home Lott, well court, and Court before

the younger, shall afford convenient maintenance to the said Thomas his father and ( ), his mother-in-law during the time of their lives, and in case Mr. Stoughton dyes first then to all. ( ) his mother-in-law, the third part of a hundred pounds, which the said particulars were prized at, or to allow the said convenient maintenance with himself. During her life, the Last being her Choyee provided she Live with the said Homas, otherwise not." He married Mary, daughter of William Wadsworth, November 30, 1655. He was evidently a man of property and of social distinction, and the builder and

the house, and the orchard." Afterwards his

is, one-wise not. The harried Mary, daugniter of William Wadsworth, November 30, 1655. He was evisiently a man of property and of social distinction, and the builder and irst occupant of the "Old Stoughton House." He died September 15, 1684. His wife survived him, and until 1707 there is frequent nention of the Widow Mary Stoughton, who lid a considerable business in loaning money on mortgages. She deeded her property to ner children, October 20, 1703. Children; lohn, born June 20, 1657, mentioned below; Mary, January 1, 1658-59; Elizabeth, baptized November 18, 1660; Captain Thomas, November 21, 1662; Samuel, September 8, 1665; Israel, August 21, 1667; Rebecca, June 19,

(IV) John, son of Thomas (3) Stoughton was born June 20, 1657, and settled east of the Great river, near the quarry, in what is now East Windsor. He was a leading man there, and figures largely in the Rev. Mr. Edwards' time. He was selectman and owner of considerable property. His estate was inventoried, May 4, 1713, at two hundred and seventy-one pounds two shillings nine pence. He married (first) Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Moore) Bissell, who died July 17, 1688. He married (second) Sarah Fitch, January 23, 1689. He died May 24, 1712. His widow married (second)—Drake. Children of first wife: John, born October 16, 1683; William, March 10, 1685-86. Children of second wife: Joseph, May 1605; Rebecca, April 27, 1698; Ann, March 21, 1699; Nathaniel, June 23, 1702, mentioned below; Hannah, August 6, 1705; Mary, November 25, 1708; Martha, January 16, 1710;

(V) Nathaniel, son of John Stoughton, was born June 23, 1702. "Cousin Nathaniel Stoughton" is mentioned in Rev. Timothy Edwards' Rate Bock, as paying his rates in shoes, 1725-40. His will was dated June 13, 1753. He married Martha, daughter of John Ellsworth, of East Windsor, September 11, 1725. Children: Oliver, born May 19, 1727, mentioned below; Lemuel, August 9, 1731; Gustavus, July 25, 1733, probably died young; Captain John. November 22-23, 1735, an officer in British provisional army, rendered meritorious service in French war, settled on land given him for his military services, still known as Stoughton Patent; Alice, May 1, 1736; Joseph, July 31, 1738; Ann, June 30, 1741; Alice, October 10, 1743; Nathaniel, March 6, 1746; Martha, August 23, 1748, married Cot-

ton Mather. (VI) Oliver, son of Nathaniel Stoughton, was born May 19, 1727. He bought from Timothy Stoughton the original home lot of Captain Stoughton in East Windsor. He died January 23, 1815. He married (first) about 1755, Eleanor Burbank, who died March 9,, 1774, in her thirty-ninth year. He married (second), September 28, 1781, Widow Elizabeth Gillet, of West Hartford. She died February 9, 1815, aged seventy-four. She was a member of the First Church in East Windsor, 1787. Children: Shem, born January 15, 1757: Timothy, 1760; Oliver, died January 23. 1765, aged seven weeks; Oliver, May, 1766, mentioned below; Molly, died February 7, 1775, in second year; Augustus; Eleanor, 1787, died August 4, 1787; Ruth, married Joseph Elmer, of West Hartford; Elizabeth, married, December 26, 1794, Simon Wolcott, as second wife,

(VII) Captain Oliver (2) Stoughton, son of Oliver (1) Stoughton, was born May, 1766, in Windsor, died March 2, 1846, and both he and his wife are buried in Plymouth, Connecticut. He was captain of the state militia at the close of the revolution, and a prominent man in his day. He married, October 29, 1787, Sarah Sanford, born December 29, 1767, died December, 1826. Children: Sophia, born August 9, 1788; Justin Leavitt, November 19, 1789; Andrew, September 22, 1791, died voung; Nancy, May 11, 1793; Catharine, January 29, 1795; Andrew, November 16, 1796, mentioned below; Julia, November 29, 1798; George, December 6, 1805; Oliver, June 1, 1807.

(VIII) Deacon Andrew Stoughton, son of Captain Oliver (2) Stoughton, was born November 16, 1796, in Plymouth, and died April 7, 1850. He married, September 30, 1824, Julia Elma, daughter of Ira and Amy (Barnes) Hooker (see Hooker VII). She was born November 30, 1800, died August 11, 1886. He received a common school education and taught school until his marriage. After that he became a farmer on the old homestead until his death. He was justice of

the peace, and deacon in the First Congregational Church. Three of his sons were also deacons. Children: Justin Leavitt, born September 22, 1825, died January 23, 1827; son, May 19, 1827, died May 31, 1827; Julia Sophia, May 21, 1828, married Riley Ives; Catharine, June 15, 1830, married Ansel Gaylord, lives in Terryville, Connecticut; Elias Cornelius, August 12, 1832, married Cornelius, A. Blakeslee, three sons, Henry, Willard, Frederick; George Andrew, November 19, 1834, mentioned below; Justin Oliver, March 7, 1841.

(IX) George Andrew, son of Deacon Andrew Stoughton, was born in Plymouth, November 19, 1834, and remained at home and attended the schools of the town until he was sixteen years old, when he entered the store of Henry Terry in Plymouth as a clerk; after spending about four years clerking he started in business for himself in Terryville. The same year he married Mary A., daughter of Allen and Mary F. (Linsley) Hemingway, and in April, 1856, removed to Thomaston, where he spent the remainder of his life. For over thirty years in Thomaston he was (part of the time with a partner) engaged in mercantile business from which he retired about 1893, and during these thirty years and the remainder of his life he was actively interested in the growth of the town and made efforts to induce manufacturing interests to locate here. He served as justice of the peace, tax collector, on board of relief, and for many years was a member of the town school board; his interest in schools and time spent to improve them was equal and perhaps greater than that of any other individual of the town. In 1872 he represented the town of Plymouth in the legislature, the year that the two capital questions were decided and the state house was built in Hartford; in 1874 he obtained signatures and got a petition before the legislature for a charter for a savings bank in Thomaston, which was granted and a bank organized, of which he was the first treasurer, holding the office until succeeded by his son George (who was appointed in 1881 and held the office over fourteen years). He was a director of the bank continuously from the start and gave much time and care to its affairs and lived to see its deposits considerably over a million dollars.

He was often appointed administrator on estates and perhaps probate records would show that more of that service was performed by him than by any other one person in town. In 1899 he was chosen to represent Thomaston in the legislature (Thomaston having been



Gastongton



set off from Chan with in 1875 1. namber i pa tuana i mori di o Genero Ribert vitamini di di o viol thatle to all in though he is a sometime that it the Proof of the inof the continuous of an a director and treasurer for years. He was a down his year Children a conduction er, begins Commission (85) or Center of twenty free years severaled his father as the Surer of the Thomaston Savings Bank, I I ling the position until 1805, when he regood in the insurance business; the banking let me school in the total business; to Hartford and was chosen treasurer of the State Savings Bank; he married Clara Coleman; children: Adelaide and Robert. 2. Ed-1 ... in 1864. 4. Nellie, born in 1867, died and some with a limit, which is the limit of the some statement of the source of the s

(X) Edward Cornelius, son of George A. Staghton, was born April 18, 1860, at Thom., ton. Connecticut. He was educated in the pulling aston for thirty years. He is a director of the Thomaston Savings Bank and its vice-president. He is secretary and treasurer of the Thomaston public library, member of the Thomaston public library, member of the Thomaston public library, member of the fifteen years, member of the Congregational church and its clerk for twenty years. In politics he is a Republican. He married, in 1882, Cornelia Chapman Trivoya, of Thomaston, born March 7, 1864, daughter of Ferdinand and Flora A. (Pond) Trivoya. Children, born at Thomaston: 1, Lewis Edward, December 6, 1886. 2, Arthur Hemingway, October 9, 1890. 3, Kenneth Trivoya, June

(IX) Ira Hooker, son of Deacon Andrew Stoughton, was born at Plymouth, Connecticut, April 19, 1838. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at the Terryville Academy. In 1856 he started a general store at Plymouth Hollow, now Thomaston, in partnership with his brother, George A. Stoughton, and the firm continued for four years. He enlisted, July 22, 1862, in Company D. Nineteenth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteer Militia, afterward the Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery, and served three years in the civil war. He was mustered out in July, 1865, quartermaster's sergeant of Company D. His regiment took part in the

defense of Washington and Alexandria; joined the Army of the Potomac, after Genthe Sixth Army Corps until the close of the war. Mr. Stoughton took part in the battle of Cold Harbor, the battle of Winchester, in which he was wounded and incapacitated for

Ira Hooker Stoughton, was born in Terryville, in the town of Plymouth, Connecticut, November 2, 1872. He went to California with his parents when he was ten years old and was educated in the public schools of San Bernardino and at the Redlands Academy and Pomona College, California, from which he was graduated in the class of 1895. He studied medicine at the Starling (Ohio) Medical College, at Columbus, Ohio, graduating with the degree of M.D. in 1808. He practiced medicine in Afton, Wyoming, from 1898 to 1901 and then returned to his native town. From 1901 to 1910 he practiced in Terryville. He then located in Los Angeles, California, where he continued to practice his profession. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, and has been health officer of

the town. In politics he is a Republican. He married, in June, 1900, Clara Benson, born December 4, 1874, daughter of Leon and Laura A. (Huntington) Benson, of Lime Springs, Iowa. They have had one child, Arthur Volney, Jr., born May 11, 1907, died in infancy.

with Hocker Line)

(IV) Hezekiah Hooker, son of John Hooker (q. v.), was born October 14, 1688, at Farmington, Connecticut. About 1720 he removed to Woodbury, Connecticut, where he was a farmer in Bethlehem Parish. He died in Woodbury, February 20, 1756. He married, December 18, 1716, Abigail, daughter of Captain Josiah and Abigail (Judson) Curtis, of Stratford, Connecticut. She was born in the latter town, 1695. Children: Hezekiah, born October 30, 1717, Farmington; James, January 30, 1719, Farmington; born in Woodbury: Josiah, April 2, 1722; Abigail, September 25, 1724; Mary, January 8, 1727; William, June 20, 1729; Jesse, August 27, 1732; Eunice, October 30, 1734; Asahel, December 13, 1736, mentioned below; Sarah, May 30, 1730.

(V) Asahel, son of Hezekiah Hooker, was born December 13, 1736, in Woodbury. He married, February 15, 1760, Anne, daughter of Jonathan and Sarah (Taylor) Parmalee, of Branford (and Litchfield and Chatham), Connecticut, born February, 1737. They removed from Woodbury to Bristol, where he had a large farm near the boundary line between Bristol and Plainville. He was also interested with his sons in manufacturing. He died at Bristol, November 10, 1810, and his wife, October 27, 1811, and they are both buried in an old burial ground near the Bristol and Plainville line. Children, born in Woodbury: Ira, March 12, 1760, mentioned below; Asahel, August 29, 1762; Bryan, August 5, 1764; Anne, February 10, 1767; Levi, August 15, 1769; Urania, March 14, 1774; Chauncey, September 12, 1775; Polly, March

2, 1778.

(VI) Ira, son of Asahel Hooker, was born March 12, 1760, in Woodbury. When a young boy he became a soldier in the revolution and saw considerable service, probably throughout the war. He was present at the execution of Major André. After the war he became a manufacturer of tinware at Bristol. He died there. November 30, 1838. He married, February 15, 1791, Amy Barnes, born August 18, 1769, died August 6, 1835. Children, born at Bristol: Asahel, June 15, 1792; Anna, October 15, 1793; Moseley, October 17, 1795; George, February 17, 1798; Julia Elma, November 30, 1800, mentioned below; Ira, No-

vember 11, 1802; Amy, April 16, 1805; Caroline, July 2, 1808; Lurena, November 3, 1810;

Stephen, December 16, 1813.

(VII) Julia Elma, daughter of Ira Hooker, was born November 30, 1800, in Bristol, She married, September 30, 1824, Deacon Andrew Stoughton (see Stoughton VIII).

The first records of the Back fam-BACK vicinity of Preston, Connecticut. George, Daniel, Elijah and Judah Back, perhaps all brothers, served in the French and Indian wars from this locality. George and Judah Back were of the same company, Judah serving from May 17 to November 20, 1758, under Colonel Samuel Coit, of Preston, in the Second Regiment; George from April 2 to October 15 of the same year (see vol. 11 French and Indian War Rolls, Conn. Hist. Society.) Daniel Back served in 1755 in Stonington, Preston and vicinity. Elisha and Simeon Back were soldiers in the Revolution. Evidently Judah was the only one to remain in Connecticut, and for a time all of the family left Connecticut except the family of his

(I) Lieutenant Judah Back, the first of this family, was a soldier in the French and Indian war in 1758, and was born probably as early as 1738. He settled at Hampton, Connecticut, and died there. He married Priscilla——, December 30, 1761, at Hampton,

and she also died in that town.

(II) Judah (2), son of Lieutenant Judah (1) Back, was born August 26, 1768, in that portion of Hampton, Connecticut, that is now the town of Chaplin. He lived for a few years in Vermont. He was a farmer. He settled at length in Holland, Massachusetts, and became the owner of considerable land there. In stature he was small, but very energetic and successful. He married, November 22, 1801, at Hampton, Elizabeth Abbee or Abbey, of an old Windham county family. She died at Holland when over ninety years old. Children: 1. Lucius, mentioned below. 2. Harding Gates, born October 6, 1816; married, May 15, 1842, Elizabeth Colburn, born November 10, 1824; children: i. Sarah Emeline, born August 28, 1844, died November 11, 1885, married, May 10, 1866, George Lanphear, born March 24, 1840, and had Emma Elizabeth Lanphear, born March 25, 1867, Orin Elliot Lanphear, January 8, 1868, Edna Sarah Lanphear, May 8, 1869, Mansir George Lanphear, June 8, 1876; ii. George H., born November 12, 1846, died September 7, 1880, married, November 17, 1875, Susie A. Perry, born February 21, 1858,

am' had therby to think him which 1875: iii. Orin Colburn, born September 18,

Pic Sail Inc. - of jet the line of the sail Lore at 11 min, a south to the the an Huttandi Sh 18tg the one to thelland of the second when the second of the extensive farmer for his time, was industrious and energetic, blessed with good health, December 1 of the West of the second 
Hi probity and good judgment were so uniilly recognized that he was frequently called upon to settle estates. He lived in the safe from the many of the same of the

July 15, 1852, daughter of Samuel Moore (see 1 e III). He married (second) September 3, 1855. Sarah, daughter of Levi Rich

October 2, 1870. His death occurred in

If land as the result of a runaway accident, me hich he was thrown from a wagon and Solumber 13, 1835, Holland; now living in W. Ister, Massachusetts; has been active in 18 ), Mary Elizabeth Upham, of Sturbridge; 1 tilge. 2. and 3. Rosetta (twin), February 4, 181) Poretta, married (first) June 10, 1862, Na-

Welliam H. Harris, a farmer in Holland, Mas-Loui; married, November 2, 1865, Julia Butto orth, now of Southbridge, Massachusetts. 4 Adna, March 26, 1844; married, March 10,

180, Marc C. Vinne, at Miss, Id., sineticut: died December 20, 1887; superintendent of the Florence (Massachusetts) Silk Mill for a cumic of one of children sections 1845: married, August 7, 1876, Sibyl Zulette

the limb of the second of the second of the second 10. 1847; married, December 26, 1871, Freeman A. Brown, formerly of Storm Lake, Iowa, where he was wholesale and retail grocer and editor of the Storm Lake Gazette: now of Wall Lake, Iowa, editor of the Wall Lake News. Children of second wife: 9. Ellsworth, September 17, 1858; married, December 16, 1884, Ellen F. Vinton, of Holland; a farmer, died in Woodstock, Connecticut, April 16, 1900. 10. Grant, August 9,

1863, married, February 26, 1885, Mary Mo-

riarty, of Woodstock, a farmer. (IV) Roscius, son of Lucius Back, was mory at Hartford. March 27, 1862, he went name was Weld & Back, Mr. Weld having

1865 he built his Union residence and lived tional Church, of which he is a consistent member. He was a member of Mashapaug Grange, No. 101. He has always shown a public-spirited interest in all matters pertain-

He married. August 31, 1863, in the vil-

setts, Harriet Cutler, daughter of William A. and Mary (Wallace) Robbins, of Holland, Massachusetts, born June 2, 1840. Her father, William A. Robbins, was a carpenter, and a man of ability, also a school teacher and a teacher of music. For a number of years he was town clerk and held other local offices. In 1861 he served in the state legislature. Mrs. Back was for forty years a leader in the social, religious and musical life of the town of Union. She was organist of the Congregational church there for nearly forty years. Children, born in Union: Roscius Harlow, May 28, 1865; Harry Eugene, July

8, 1869. (V) Roscius Harlow, son of Roscius Back, was born May 28, 1865, in Union, and was educated in the district schools of Mashapaug, the Hitchcock free high school, of Brimfield, Massachusetts, from which he graduated in 1885, with a post-graduate course there the following year, and the Boston University Law School, from which he graduated in June, 1889, with the degree of LL.B. After that he opened a law office at No. 24 Congress street, Boston, where he practiced for eight years. He was then obliged to leave the city on account of ill health. He was attorney for the executor in the famous litigation over the will of the late Elvin Dean Hall, once treasurer of the Standard Sugar Refining Company. For nearly a year he lived in Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and when his health was restored, opened an office at Athol. Massachusetts, 1898, and carried on a large practice there until 1903. He was considered one of the most reputable, reliable and leading lawyers of northwestern Worcester county. November, 1903, he went to the Pacific coast and has spent most of his time since at Vancouver, Washington, where he has made for himself a position of eminence as an advocate, attorney and counsellor. In 1908 he was elected city attorney. As a young man he had served as school visitor in Union, and in Boston had been one of the active forces in Republican politics in Ward 10. In Boston and Athol he directed his political efforts to placing others in office, rather than seeking office for himself. He married (first) December 1, 1888, Katherine Elizabeth Hart, born May 3, 1865, in Manchester, England. He married (second) October 2, 1906, Ann Phillips. Children of first wife: Roscius Harlow, March 17, 1894; Helen Robbins, July 30, 1896; child of second wife: Harriet Elizabeth, July 29, 1907.

(V) Harry Eugene, son of Roscius Back, was born July 8, 1869, in Union. His early education was received in the common schools of his native town, and he prepared for college at the Hitchcock free high school, Brimfield, from which he graduated in 1888. He then went to the College of Liberal Arts of Boston University, from which he graduated in 1892 with the degree of B.A. During his college life he took a leading position among his fellow students. In his freshman year he was secretary of his class and was elected associate editor from Upsilon Chapter of Boston University of the national catalogue of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity. From his sophomore year on through the remainder of his college course, he was the Boston University reporter upon the Boston Globe. As a sophomore he was toastmaster at the sophomore-senior banquet; a director of the Boston University Athletic Association; business manager of the University Beacon, the college paper, and a director of the University Beacon Association. When a junior he was business manager of the college annual; treasurer of the University Beacon Association; president of the University Debating Club; local editor of the University Beacon; secretary and later vice-president of the Upsilon Chapter of the Beta Theta Pi, and delegate to the national convention of the latter fraternity at Chataugua, New York. When a senior he was made editor-in-chief of the University Beacon; president of Upsilon Chapter, and a member of the Monday Club of Boston University, an honorary literary society of the college. After graduation he was made alumni director of the Boston University Athletic Association. After graduating from college he became a newspaper man, and served as reporter on the Boston Globe, city editor of the New Hampshire Republican (Nashua), telegraph editor of the same paper, and managing editor of the Worcester Evening Post. In the fall of 1893 he entered the Boston University Law School, took the three years' course in two years and worked at the same time on the Boston Globe to pay his school expenses. In the fall of 1895 he returned to newspaper work as night editor of the Lowell, Massachusetts, Mail, where he remained until July, 1896, when he returned to Union. In the fall of 1896 he was elected to the Connecticut legislature from the town of Union, and during the session of 1897 made the acquaintance of people who induced him to go to Danielson in the town of Killingly to open a law office. May 1, 1897, he was appointed prosecuting attorney for Killingly and held that office by reappointment until May 6, 1901. August 5, 1897, he was appointed prosecuting agent for Windham county for a term of two years. April, 1899, he was appointed by Gov-



Pary Suche.



ernor Louis bery are interested of the little un-quior labor tatrificant conventibilities a ferili or neer years. By the legislation of own his was appointed into at the team built of Killingly for two years, an appointment which and still holds the office. During his term are of the bill creating the office of attorneyand the sales and the state In a state central committee from the I wenn es at the Connecticut Mutual Life Buildhe law. He has served as a director in 11 Webster & Dudley Street Railway Comparts the sea one of the common parts " W Company, the name of which was later and the territory of the sections I tern Railway Company, and later still to the Danielson Young Men's Christian Asso-

the Bohemian Club. He is a member of the The same among some office of the port, daughter of the late Dr. Samuel Hutch-

1 y M, Third Regiment, Connecticut Nat il Guard. He is a member of the local

ons of his day in the state. Children: Sam-

Eugene, August 3, 1904.

II has Man margan process born in the north of Ireland and came to this country with the early Scotch-Irish pioneers in 1717-18. He died in the eighty-third year of his age, during the revolution. He uary 22, 1785, aged ninety-eight years.

"on the passage to America," 1717-18, died

at Union, Connecticut, May 22, 1787.

ancestor, settled in Marblehead

unusual ability for his time and circumstances, and was school commissioner for many years. He married Anna Babcock on November 26, 1778, and he died at Woodstock, Connecticut, June 8, 1826. ("His daughter, Mary J. Alton, who was my grand-aunt, told me in 1863 that her father was a trooper in the Revolution and I have many times sat on the chair cushion she made from the red and blue uniform he wore as a trooper."—C. D. A. Sr.)

(IV) James Babcock Alton (also spelled Allton), son of John Alton, was born at Thompson, July 23, 1786, and died at Canajoharie, New York, December 16, 1845. He assumed the name Babcock, his mother's maiden name. He was educated in the public schools and was a school teacher at Woodstock and Canajoharie, a typical Yankee schoolmaster of his day and generation. He was afterward a general merchant, and for a long time was justice of the peace of the One who knew him said he was "such a good man, so upright and gentle and so considerate of others, and was beloved by all." He married (first) Sarah C. Simmons, who died December 25, 1821, a daughter of John Simmons, of Wheeling, West Virginia. He married (second) Lucy Cheesbrough, widow of Lieutenant Lewis S. Germain, United States navy. The children of the first marriage were: Condé Raguet, mentioned below;

(V) Condé Raguet, son of James Babcock Alton, was born at Canajoharie, New York, August 6, 1814, and died at Hartford, Connecticut, July 2, 1886. He began the study of law, but turned afterward to civil engineering, and for many years was employed in the construction of canals in New York state. He superintended work on the canal from Chicago to the Illinois river, on harbor improvements at Kenosha, Wisconsin, and the state waterways of Wisconsin, becoming chief engineer of the state, and planning railroads in various parts of the country. In politics he was a Democrat before the war, a Republican during and after the war. He was a communicant and several times warden of the Episcopal church. He married, at Southport, now Kenosha, Wisconsin, June 5, 1839, Carolan Esther Turner, born at Sterling, Cayuga county, New York, May 18, 1822, daughter of Charles W. and Sarah (Spencer) Turner, of Fort Covington, New York, granddaughter of — and Abigail (Tracy) Turner, and of — and Mary (Peck) Spencer. The children of this marriage were: James Turner, born August 22, 1840, died October 16, 1886; Marie Louise, born February 24, 1842. died June 7, 1843; Charles DeLancey, mentioned below; Frederick William, born May 8, 1848, died September 11, 1849; Carolan Vir-

ginia, born September 29, 1854.

(VI) Charles DeLancey, son of Condé Raguet Alton, was born at Kenosha, Wisconsin, May 9, 1845. He moved to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1850, where he attended school until June, 1859, going to New York in November of that year. Here he was in business chiefly with the book and music publishing house of Mason Brothers until 1863, when he began school again at Woodstock Academy, at Woodstock, Windham county, Connecticut, and in 1864-65, Phillips Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire, passing his entrance examinations for Yale College in June, 1865. He taught school during 1866-67, living at home, in Summit, New Jersey. In the summer of 1867 he became an assistant on railway surveys at Urbana, Illinois, and continued in charge of railway construc-tion at Paterson, New Jersey, and Babylon, Long Island, Schenectady, New York, and in the north woods of Wisconsin. He graduated at Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1875, was interne at Charity Hospital, Jersey City, until 1876, when he engaged with the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, for special medico-legal work, and in a few years became medical referee in charge of all its medical examiners, which office he still holds. He resumed the practice of medicine in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1885 and has continued to the present time. He is a member of the Hartford Medical Society and was treasurer from 1889 to 1899 inclusive, and chairman of the executive committee for many years. He was president of the Hartford County Medical Association in 1909. He is also a member of the Connecticut State Medical Society, the Climatological Association, the American Medical Associa-tion, the Life Insurance Medical Directors Association, and the Hartford Golf Club, the Twentieth Century Club (of which he was president for a time), the Connecticut Historical Society, the Republican Club, and the Educational Club. He is a Republican in politics and is a member of Trinity Episcopal

He married (first) at Yonkers, New York, September 3, 1878, Jane Gray, daughter of John Warburton and Mary (Brace) Skinner, born at St. Louis, December 30, 1853, died April 24, 1882. John Warburton Skinner was a lawyer and for many years counsel for the Children's Aid Society of New York City. Mary Brace was the daughter of John P. Brace, of Hartford and Litchfield, Connecticut. He married (second) at Hartford, June





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25, 1885 Minuse Mana Clark, bonch Corne wall come rest, investor a 1800 shoulder Clarke. Leavitt Walter Clarke was of Cornwall, later moved to New Haven and Merithe sales of the many and at the mine In urance Company, of Hartford. Charlotte Paper Super notice that are not believed and Junear College Record Miller Co. that. Her maternal grandmother was of the I ry Brace, born at Lyme, Connecticut, Ho tryo inhibited as a limited Interes fr. ben a thirtent Camen and the Strong of 1881 of the Strong of the Alr; he was in business with the J. B. Wil-Committee york of Philips (See Munia, returning later to the J. B. Williams thompany. He married, at Hartford, Connect. December 1, 1909, Ruth Holman, daughtor of Ralph William and Grace (Dennis) Cotler. Children of second marriage: 3. Chirlotte, born May 13, 1886; graduated at firtford high school in 1904, and at Dobbs Frry, New York, in 1906; married, June 9. Their son, James Alton, was born March 8, 1910. 4. Carolan, born December 31, 1887; attended Hartford high school and graduated at Farmington in 1907; unmarried.

(IV) Giles Churchill, son CHURCHILL of Ensign Samuel Church-

Newington, June 11, 1718. He settled about 1751 on the forks of the Delaware river upon land granted by William Penn and afterward ted at Florida, New York, where he died in 1771. Children, born at the forks of the Delaware: Joseph, mentioned below: Elijah, Sostember 4, 1755: Stephen, April 15, 1758: South: Olive, married Joseph Steele: Giles:

W. Loch, so of Colo Chine'dl, assistent about 1740. He married (first) January 25, 1764, Elizabeth Andrews; (second) September 11, 1777, Rhoda Goodrich, born March 23, 1750, died February 24, 1827, daughter of Benjamin Goodrich, granddaughter of Benjamin Goodrich, granddaughter of Lieutenant William Goodrich, and great-granddaughter of William Goodrich, the immigrant, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere

in this work. Joseph Churchill settled near the old family home in Newington, formerly part of Wetherstield, and lived in the old line of the control of the line of the and owned and operated a grist mill, and his son Joseph succeeded him in that occupation. He died April 26, 1812. Children, born at Newington: Sarah, 1778; Joseph, mentioned below; lames, March 28, 1782.

below; James, March 28, 1782.
(VI) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1)
Churchill, was born in Newington, 1780, died
February 28, 1829. For some years he carried on the milling business of his father and
then sold it to his brothers. He married, in
1804, Anna Allen Judd, born May 16, 1791,
in New Britain, died July 27, 1823. Children,
born in Newington; Laura, born 1805; Rhoda,
1808; William Allen, May 10, 1810, mentioned

below: Maria, 1812.

er in New Britain. He afterwards built up a of the finest houses in the country. Elihu "He founded here in New Britain a normal school of aesthetic culture for beautifying homes with the best artistry of nature." He 28, 1874. He married (first) at New Britain, in Wethersfield, Connecticut, December 4, 1838, Sarah Wells Blinn. Child by first wife: Colonel Emory Foote Strong, of Bridgeport, as his second wife, July 28, 1858; she died in November, 1892. Children of second wife: 2. Sarah Augusta, born July 8, 1841, married 14, 1843, married John B. Powell; no children. 4. William Walcott, born September 22, 1845, unmarried, 5. Frederick Hosea, born March 27, 1848, mentioned below, 6, Annie

(VIII) Frederick Hosea, son of William

Allen Churchill, was born March 27, 1848, died March 4, 1881. He attended the public schools of his native town, New Britain, and was graduated from the New Britain high school in 1867. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University, and was graduated in 1870. He then spent several years in studying law and was graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1874. He began to practice law in New Britain and was very successful, but turned his attention to the study of electrical science and with intense application devoted himself to the purpose of forming an electric company in New Britain. The strain of this extra study and work, undoubtedly overtaxed a rather frail constitution and exceedingly sensitive, nervous temperament, his reason was temporarily unbalanced and during this illness he took his life by his own hand, to the great bereavement of his family and the sorrow of the entire community. He had a promising career before him, an ideal home life, and ample professional and business success. He was a man of generous impulses, strict integrity and unusual ability, and his death in the prime of life was widely and deeply mourned. The American Electric Company, which he organized, was the parent of the Thomson-Houston Company of Lynn, Massachusetts, subsequently merged in the General Electric Company. He married, November 5, 1874, Annie Louise Smith, born in New Britain, daughter of William H. and Lucinda (Hart) Smith, granddaughter of Dr. Samuel and Orpha (North) Hart and of William and Sally (Lewis) Smith. Her father was a prominent citizen of New Britain. Children, born in New Britain: 1. May, born September 2, 1875, married, June 9, 1897, George Sherman Talcott, born in New Britain, July 27, 1869, a graduate of Yale College, 1891; children: Lucy, born April 10, 1899; Cynthia, deceased, Iolanda and Theodora. 2. William, mentioned below. 3. Rose, June 3, 1878, possesses artistic tastes and abilities to a high degree; she is a member of the Arts and Crafts societies of Boston and of Hartford and also of the Copley Society of Boston.

(IX) William, son of Frederick Hosea Churchill, was born in New Britain, November 3, 1876. He prepared for college in the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Connecticut, and entered Yale College without conditions, at the age of sixteen. He was graduated in the class of 1897 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and continued in the post-graduate department, receiving the degree of Ph.D. in 1901. He also studied in Germany at Leipsig

University in 1901, under Professor Wundt. He was employed for a year by the publishing firm of Charles Scribner's Sons. For two years he was an instructor in the psychological and philosophical department of Yale University, in 1902-04. Since July, 1904, he has had charge of the signal glass department of the Corning Glass Works at Corning, New York. This change grew out of an experimental investigation of signal glass, conducted at the Yale Psychological Laboratory in 1902-04. The Corning Glass Works manufacture most of the signal glass, lenses, roundels and lantern globes and other glass used in railroad and marine service in the United States. Mr. Churchill has taken out several patents on lenses, etc., and has many more pending. His work has formed an important part in the development of the system of railroad signals in the country, with the consequent saving of life and property. He resides at Corning. He is a member of the Phi Gamma Delta and of the Phi Beta Kappa, college fraternities, of Yale University. He is a member of the City Club of Corning and of the Graduates Club of New Haven, Connecticut. He is a member of South Congregational Church of New Britain, Connecticut, but attends Christ Protestant Episcopal Church of Corning, of which his wife is a communicant. In politics he is an Independent.

He married, at Syracuse, New York, June 17, 1908, Elizabeth Hyde Durston, born at Syracuse, New York, February 19, 1880, daughter of George and Amelia Leeman (Nichols) Durston, granddaughter of John and Sarah (Hunt) Durston, who came from and Marv Hyde (Ketchum) Nichols, of Columbia, South Carolina. John Durston had a shipyard in Syracuse, New York, in the early days of the Erie Canal, and built a large number of canal boats. He was a first cousin of Sir Albert John Durston (retired) of the British navy. On her mother's side, Mrs. Churchill descends from Governor William Bradford, of the Mayflower colony at Plymouth. Mr. and Mrs. Churchill have one child, Durston, born September 3, 1909. All the ancestry of Mr. Churchill is of English stock and from settlers coming prior to 1660, except the Blinn line, which is French, descending from Pierre Blinn, who settled in Wethersfield about 1665. Mr. Churchill's ancestry has been traced among others to the following immigrant ancestors: Henry Wolcott, of Windsor, Connecticut; John Stedman, of Hartford; Thomas Burnham, of Farmington; Richard Beckley, of Berlin, Connecticut; Samuel Appleton, of Ipswich; Deacon Edward Collins, 

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this country is found in the records of the town of Scituate, Massangetts. It is believed that the original form in the name was Woodward and that through one process of evolution it became Woodrith. This belief is strengthened by the fact it in Kent, England, the original home of it immigrant, Walter Woodworth, there were, at the time of his coming over, no Woodworths, but a number of Woodwards.

(I) Walter Woodworth, the immigrant ance tor, came from Kent, England, and settled in Scituate, Massachusetts. The first menthen of him in that town occurs in 1633, when i was taxed, and again in 1635, when he as assigned the third lot on Kent street, at the corner of Meeting-house lane. Here he will his house. In the same year he appears in d the residence of Samuel Woodworth, the poet, also another tract on Walnut Tree In 1000 % to the broken style on Westmitting almost a first to the dimetral ... a freeman, and June 4, 1645, he was ap-; inted surveyor of highways, and again in 1016 and 1656. His name occurs often on the town records as juror, witness and in the performance of other duties. In 1654 he was a member of the First Church. His children all became successful and respected citizens. flicted with some nervous disorder, and was at one time supposed to be under the influence witchcraft. Mary Ingham was charged with being the witch, and on March 6, 1676, was formally accused by the authorities, but was afterwards tried and acquitted. There is no record of the wife of Walter Woodworth. His will was made November 26, 1685, and proved March 2, 1686. In it he mentioned gave land in Seituate and Little Compton: Joseph, to whom he also gave land in Seituate and Little Compton: Benjamin and Isaac, to whom he gave two-thirds of his land in Seconet, now Little Compton, Rhode Island; also six daughters, Sarah, Elizabeth, Mary, Martha, Mehitabel and Abigail. He left also to Benjamin his dwelling house, with the barns and other outbuildings, in Seituate, and made him sole executor. The inventory of his estate amounted to 355 pounds to shillings. Children: Thomas, born about 1036, married about 1666; Benjamin, about 1638, mentioned below: Joseph, about 1648, married about 1650, married, December 24, 1677; Martha, about 1650, married, Duce, 1679: Isaac, about 1659, married about 1686; Mehitabel, August 15, 1662; Abigail, about 1694, married, December 24, 1095.

(II) Benjamin, son of Walter Woodworth, was born between 1938 and 1645, at Scitnate, and married, 1600, at Little Compton, where he had lands bequeathed to him by his father. In the records of Little Compton, Rhode Island, there appears the record of "Walter" Woodworth, born 1645, married 1660, but the evidence clearly shows that this must have been an error. The property bequeathed by Walter, first, to his son Benjamin was inherited by Benjamin (2), mentioned below. Children of Benjamin Woodworth, born in Scituate: Joseph, 1670, married 1604; Hezekiah, 1672; Catherine, 1673, died June 1, 1720, married, July 20, 1704, Thomas Davenport; Benjamin, 1674, mentioned below: Isaac, 1676; Elizabeth, 1678, died June 18, 1713, married, December 18, 1701, Benjamin Southworth; Thomas, 1680.

(III) Benjamin (2), son of Benjamin (1) Woodworth, was born at Little Compton, 1674, according to the Little Compton records, but perhaps earlier. In 1704 he bought land in Lebanon, Connecticut, where many of his relatives and friends from Scituate had settled. Soon after he removed to the former town with his family, and lived there until his death. He was admitted as an inhabitant, December 22, 1704. His farm was situated in the northeast part of the town, and on account of its remoteness from the church, he, with others, petitioned in 1714 for a new church. In 1716 this new church was formed, called Lebanon North Parish, later the town of Columbia. His will was executed January 21, 1726, and proved June 20, 1728, and mentioned sons: Benjamin, Ichabod, Ehenezer, Amos Ezekiel, and Caleb; daughters, Deborah Sprague, Hannah Waiter, Ruth Owen, Judith Newcomb, Margaret Owen and Priscilla Fuller. He died April 22, 1728. Chil-

dren, mentioned in the will, but not recorded in Lebanon or Little Compton: Benjamin, Ichabod, Ebenezer, born March 12, 1691;

Amos, Ezekiel, Caleb.

(IV) Ebenezer, son of Benjamin (2) Woodworth, was probably the eldest child, and was born March 12, 1691, in Little Compton, and married, December 27, 1717, at Lebanon, Rebecca Smalley. Children, born at Lebanon: Ebenezer, September 26, 1718; Zerulah, November 14, 1720; Eliphalet, September 24, 1722, mentioned below; Joseph, October 19, 1724; Amasa, April 4, 1727; Rebecca, July 25, 1729; John, January 24, 1735; Phebe, August 9, 1737.

Phebe, August 9, 1737.

(V) Eliphalet, son of Ebenezer Woodworth, was born at Lebanon, September 24, 1722, and married ———. Children: Eliphalet, born 1751; Ebenezer; Joshua, about 1760,

mentioned below; Amasa, 1764.

(VI) Joshua, son of Eliphalet Woodworth, was born about 1760, and married Esther Fuller. He was a farmer by occupation and lived in South Coventry, Connecticut. He served as a soldier in the war of 1812. Children: Spencer, born 1780: Asa; Jesse; Harry, June, 1797, mentioned below; Sophy, married—Stocking, farmer, of South Coventry; Eunice, married John Eels, farmer, South Coventry; Ada, married Erastus Lincoln, shoemaker, South Coventry.

(VII) Harry, son of Joshua Woodworth, was born in South Coventry, June, 1797, and married Roxy Robinson. Children: James; Lucian Bingley, mentioned below; Henry; Albert Payne; Olive, married Ezra Gross, farmer, Willimantic, Connecticut: Miranda, married A. Gladding, farmer, South Coventry; Eliza, married Ashbel Roberts, farmer, Mansfield, Connecticut; Harriet, unmarried.

(VIII) Lucian Bingley, son of Harry Woodworth, was born at Coventry, Connecticut, August 18, 1829, died September 15, 1902, at Willimantic, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and followed farming there most of his active life. He was a skillful mechanic and followed the trade of carpenter and blacksmith to some extent. His last seven years were spent at Willimantic. He enlisted in 1862 in the Tenth Connecticut Regiment of Volunteer Infantry and was stationed at Fort Trumbull, Connecticut. He married, June 19, 1852, Mary Jane McCracken, born January 25, 1836, daughter of William and Laura (Saunders) McCracken (see McCracken III). They had but one child, Albert Eugene, born September 2, 1853, and who is further mentioned below.

(IX) Albert Eugene Woodworth, son of

Lucian Bingley Woodworth, was born at South Coventry, September 2, 1853. He was educated in the public schools. He married Nellie Holbrook. Children: I. George Elroy, married Susie Brooks. 2. Maud Elizabeth, married William Dainton, and has one child, Nellie May Dainton. 3. Leonard Holbrook. 4. Charles Herman. 5. Lila Christian, married Herbert Tubbs, and has one child, Herbert Leonard Tubbs. 6. Everett Card. 7. Dewey Hobson. 8. and 9. Inez and Irene, twins. 10. Annette Arabella. 11. Lena Arabella.

## (The McCracken Line).

(I) James McCracken, the immigrant ancestor of this family, was of Scotch ancestry. He came to America as a soldier in the army of General Burgoyne and was in the defeated and surrendered army. Instead of returning to his former home, however, he located at Hebron, Connecticut, and died and was buried at Colchester, Connecticut.

(II) James (2), son of James (1) Mc-Cracken, was born in Connecticut. He mar-

ried Dorothy Rood.

(III) William, son of James (2) McCracken, was born in Hebron or Gilead, Connecticut. He was a stone mason by trade and lived at Hebron.

William McCracken married Laura Saunders. Children: 1. Mary Jane, born January 25, 1836; married Lucian Bingley Woodworth (see Woodworth VIII). 2. Angeline, born December 18, 1838; married (first) Dwight Whitney; (second) Charles Crocker, of New London, Connecticut; child of first marriage: William Nelson Whitney, who married Ella Sweet and had three children, Eliza, Dwight and William Whitney. 3. Emeline, born July 4, 1840; married Leonard Strickland, of Gilead, Connecticut, and had one child, Charles Strickland, who married Elsie Whitcomb and they have three children: Leonard, Ray and Daisy Strickland, residing at Hop River, near Willimantic, Connecticut. 4. Martha Elizabeth, born May 7, 1842; married Royal Eddy, of East Hartford and had two children: Charles Eddy, who married - Burnham and had two children, and Elvira Eddy, deceased. 5. Ellen Roselle, born May 8, 1844; married Willard Palmer, a veteran of the civil war, who served in the Eighteenth Connecticut Regiment. 6. Francis Eugene, born July 29, 1848; married (first) Margaret ; married (second) Etta ——; children of first wife: Harry, married Eunice Stapling and has one child; Ralph, married Grace Bowers and has two children, resides in New London, Connecticut. 7. William, died in his seventeenth year.





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Were it not for the concilence IVES an indican of ready orders we should be subout thee his

with the part which secting that by to the home of the came to be a so have been born at a distance and have person mains years of their lives far from the old scenes. This was the case with our late townsman, necticut stock, though born and brought up in the Empire State. Mr. Ives, who for twenty years prior to his death resided in Bridgeport, was a representative of a family which traces its history through the following gencrations:

10-17, and in 1639 came to New Haven.

(II) John, son of William Ives, appears to have been the first of the family born in this country. He was among the early settlers of Wallingford (now Meriden), Connecticut, and followed the calling of a farmer. John, born November 16, 1669, mentioned below. 2. Hannah, married, August 17, 1692, Joseph Benhaut, 3. In et . horn October 14. 1674; married Esther Benedict. 4. Gideon, married, February 20, 1706, Mary Rovce. 5. Nathaniel, born May 3, 1677; married Mary Cook. 6. Ebenezer. 7. Samuel, born June 5, 1006 S. Benjamin, bern Nittender 22, 1009.

(III) John (2), son of John (1) Ives, was born at Wallingford (now Meriden), November 16, 1669, died there in 1738. He married, at Wallingford, December 6, 1603, Mary Gillette. Children, born at Wallingford: I. John, September 28, 1694, died August 4, 1745; married Hannah Rogers. 2. Samuel, January 5, 1696. 3. Benjamin, November 22, 1699; married Rebecca Merriman and Hannah Moss. 4. Abijah, March 14, 1700; married, 1702. 6. Lazarus, February 19, 1703; married, January 5, 1730, Mabel Jerome. 7. Daniel, mentioned below. 8. Hannah, February 10, 1708 o Nech + School 2, 70, married Elizabeth Stanley. to. Bezaleel, July 4. 1712. d. of Oemier 18. 1714 - 11. Berded. married Hannah Merriman.

(IV) Daniel, son of John (2) Ives, was born at Wallingford (now Meriden), February 19, 1706. He married there, October 28, 1735, Abigail Parker. Children, born at Wallingford: 1, Abigail, July 30, 1736. 2. Lydia, June 11, 1738. 3. Martha, February 29, 1740. 4. Olive, November 29, 1741. 5. Daniel, January 31, 1743. 6. Samuel, mentioned below. 7. John, February 19, 1747. 8. Levi, March

20, 1750.

(V) Samuel, son of Daniel Ives, was born at Wallingford, March 9, 1745, and served during the revolutionary war in the Fifth Connecticut Line. At the close of the war he removed to Windham, Greene county, New York, where he cleared a farm and passed the remainder of his life.

was born about 1775. He removed from Minerva, Jonathan R., Calista, Samuel Parker, mentioned below, Alma, Washington, Montgomery, Betsey and Helen.

(VII) Samuel Parker, son of Samuel (2) Ives, was born about 1808. He received his education in the district schools, and for a time engaged in farming in Roxbury. During the gold excitement he spent seven years in California, and on returning east passed the remainder of his life in New York City, dving at the age of seventy-six years. He lution. Children: 1. Samuel, born November 14, 1840, died at the early age of twentylis DeWolfe, mentioned below. 3. ---, died in infancy. 4. Phoebe, who died at three

(VIII) Willis DeWolfe, son of Samuel Parker Ives, was born July 2, 1845, at Rox-It is possible that his ultimate return to the home of his ancestors may be traced to the accounts which he heard in his boyhood from ing in 1871. No doubt she told him how five generations of Booths had worshipped in how their ashes repose in the ancient "God's Acre" of the church. The Curtis generations are all in the same enclosure, they having been of the same religious denomination. Some twelve or fifteen years before his death Mr. Ives visited Stratford in search of these old landmarks in which he felt much pride. Most vividly did he remember his mother's account of the sleigh rides from the Catskills to Connecticut in her father's old family sleigh.

When a young man Mr. Ives went to Prattsville. Greene county, New York, and there taught school for one season. He was then employed for a time on steamboats plying between New York and Albany, and rose to

the position of engineer. He was afterward engineer for two years on a boat-the "Moses Taylor"-in New York harbor, and then undertook the installation of the fog whistle machinery at Sandy Hook lighthouse, under the lighthouse department, and after the work was completed remained for a time to instruct those in charge. He was then for two years a custom house officer, after which he was appointed to the Metropolitan police force and after a short time was transferred to the world-famous Broadway squad, every member of which was over six feet in height. This squad of giants was considered the pick of the service and was famous the world over as a model of police excellence. During most of the twenty years that he served as a police officer he was stationed on Broadway at the corner of Walker street and was one of the best-known officers on the force, having a wide acquaintance with the prominent business men. He was retired at the end of twenty years on half-pay, after which he engaged in business with the Citizens' Gas Light Company, serving for four years as business manager of the collection department. He then came to Bridgeport with the Fuel Gas Company, and when the concern was sold engaged in the real estate business, to which he devoted himself with much success dur-ing the remainder of his life.

Mr. Ives joined the General Silliman Chap-

Mr. Ives joined the General Silliman Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, on the record of John Booth, his maternal grandfather, as a soldier, a selectman and collector of town and state taxes for four years, which money was to defray the war expenses. He also affiliated with Greenview Lodge, No. 467, Free and Accepted Masons, New York City. In politics he was a Republican or Independent. For five years he was a member of the Governor's Foot Guards, Second Company, of New Haven. He was formerly connected with the Mott Haven Reformed Church, of New York, in which he served as deacon, and after his removal to Bridgeport was unanimously elected to the same office in the First Congregational Church of that city.

Mr. Ives married (first) March 13, 1867, Kate, daughter of Richard Laraway, of Prattsville, New York, the Laraway family being one of the oldest in that region. Mr. and Mrs. Ives were the parents of three children: 1. Frederick DeWolfe, born October 21, 1868, mentioned below. 2. Sadie, who died at the age of six. 3. Mabel, who died aged twelve years and a half. After the death of his wife, who possessed marked musical ability, Mr. Ives married (second) May 24, 1900, Flora, widow of Lewis Curtis and

daughter of Herman Clark. The brothers, Lewis and Ira Curtis, who settled at the Point, were cousins of Lucy Curtis Booth, Mr. Ives' mother, and were born in Stratford.

The death of Mr. Ives, which occurred January 5, 1911, at his home in Bridgeport, removed one who was a respected resident of that city as he had formerly been of New York; a man whose strict adherence to duty caused him to be regarded with confidence

in every relation of life.

(IX) Frederick DeWolfe, son of Willis DeWolfe Ives, was educated in and graduated from the public schools of New York City, then from New York University in the class of 1888. He then engaged in the wholesale drygoods business in New York City for a number of years, leaving this to accept a position in the maintenance department of the Citizens' Gas Company, of New York. After remaining in this position for a time he came to Bridgeport and entered the employ of the Fuel Gas Company, having charge of laying the mains in the street for this company and putting down over fifty miles of piping. Then he accepted a position with Christopher Rickard in the general trucking business and remained with him six years, when he went into business for himself, which he has steadily built up and which is now in a flourishing condition, keeping nine horses. He is a Republican in politics and was a member of Common Council from the fourth ward for one term, a member of the Board of Trade and Business Men's Association, formerly member of the Foot Guard, a member of General Silliman Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, the Bridgeport Club, also St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Bridge-

He married Pauline Theiling, and they have two children living. Irene and Edna, their son, Willis DeWolfe Ives (2), having

died in infancy.

## (The Clark Line).

Mrs. Willis D. Ives, of East Bridgeport, is one of its best known and most highly successful operators in real estate. She was born in Torrington, Connecticut, daughter of Herman and Ellen B. (Holcomb) Clark, and granddaughter of William Clark, who was born at Newington, Connecticut, died at West Hill, New Hartford; he was a carpenter throughout the active years of his life. Herman Clark was born in New Hartford, Connecticut, died at Town Hill, aged seventy years. He was a farmer in early life; later conducted a grocery store; finally a farm at Torrington, where he resided several years;

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and in time Mrs. Ives came to take an interest for handling them, Mr. Curtis gave her to died in 1807 and after her death it was to take her place who had been so much to them both, and accordingly Mr. Curtis and Miss Clark were married January 12, 1899. He died September 22, 1899. At his death his wife, who had assisted so materially in making their fortune, found herself in possesthe most careful investors, and the success she has attained entitles her to take high rank among her professional associates, who recognize her ability in business transactions, and her straightforward and honorable methods. Among other buildings she has erected a apartments and equipped with all the latest conveniences, containing twenty rooms. She and religious work, and is a prominent member of the First Congregational Church, in the She also had a class of forty-five girls, whom she taught sewing and other useful accom-1910, when she was compelled to ahandon all this, owing to overwork in other lines. On (q. v.), was born in England, in 1611. His name appears among the original patentees of Stratford, Connecticut, and also on the list of property owners of 1650. He married Elizabeth Welles, supposed to have been a sister of Governor Thomas Welles. He was a free-time of the following the work of the work of settling the town, but was not as much of a public man as his brother William.

He served in King Philip's war and attained the rank of ensign. He died December 6, 1707, in Stratford. His wife died March 9, 1681-82, in Stratford. Children, born in Stratford: John, October 14, 1642; Israel, April 3, 1644; Elizabeth, May 2, 1647; Thomas, January 14, 1648; Joseph, November 12, 1650, mentioned below; Benjamin, September 30, 1652; Hannah, February 2, 165, 25

(III) Joseph, son of John Curtis, was born November 12, 1650, in Stratford. For many years he was one of the most prominent citizens of Stratford. He held the office of town clerk for fifty successive years, 1678-1728. In all the records during his service he always spelled the name Curtiss. In 1698 he was spelled the name Curtiss. In 1698 he was elected an assistant or member of the governor's council and served as such for twenty-five years. He was for several years judge of the county court, and was appointed on several state committees of importance. In October, 1709, he, with the deputy governor and three others, was appointed as a committee of war for Fairfield county. In 1710, with Hon, Nathan Gold and Peter Burr, he was appointed with a committee from the colony of New York to locate the boundary line between that colony and Connecticut as settled by the authorities in 1700. He was lieutenant in the town band and a representative from Stratford for a number of years. He was called "the Worshipful Joseph Curtis." He married, November 9, 1676, Bethiah, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Hawley) Booth, of Stratford. Children, born in Stratford: Elizabeth, January 17, 1678; Anna, September 1, 1689; Mark, 1681; Ephraim, December 31, 1684, mentioned below: Joseph, November 1, 1689; Nathan, February 21, 1689-90; Josiah, March 31, 1691; Bethia, May 17, 1695-96; Eliazur (triplet) August 1, 1690;

died October 21, 1699; Ebenezer (triplet),

died 1699; Eliphalet (triplet).

(IV) Ephraim, son of Joseph Curtis, was born December 31, 1684, in Stratford. He represented Stratford at the general court for a number of years, and was also a justice of the peace of Fairfield county. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Ephraim Stiles, June 26, 1707. His wife died October 5, 1775, aged ninety-one years. He died May 9, 1776. Children, born in Stratford: Stiles, March 18, 1708; Henry, October 12, 1709; Anna (twin), August 31, 1713; Phebe (twin), August 31, 1713; Elizabeth, August 9, 1715, died October 11, 1716; Ephraim, August 30, 1717; Elizabeth, October 2, 1719, died July 3, 1728; Martha, November 26, 1721; Ruth, October 27, 1723; Edmund, baptized August, 1725; Elnathan, January 4, 1726-27; Bathsheba, November 7, 1728.

(V) Henry, son of Ephraim Curtis, was born October 12, 1709. He married, April 12, 1738, Anna, daughter of Ambrose and Anne Thompson, of Stratford. He died May 23, 1804, and his wife September 14, 1783, aged sixty-eight years. His will was filed at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Children, born at Stratford: Jabez, October 26, 1739; Lucy, March 4, 1741; Elijah, May 22, 1742; Andrew, January 20, 1744; Lewis, March 12, 1745, mentioned below; Solomon. July 24, 1747; Anne, March 29, 1749, died August 8, 1749; Henry Thompson, March 22, 1751; Anne. December 12, 1752; David, September 3, 1754; Samuel, June 27, 1757; Huldah, October 12, 1751; Annel March 19, 1757; Huldah, October 12, 1752; David, September 3, 1754; Samuel, June 27, 1757; Huldah, October 12, 1752; Annel March 20, 1757; Huldah, October 24, 1758, 1758, 1758, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 1759, 175

tober 24, 1759.

(VI) Lewis, son of Henry Curtis, was born March 12, 1745, in Stratford, died March 5, 1834. His will was filed in Bridgeport, April, 1834. He married, January 28, 1773, Hepsibah, daughter of James and Jerusha Walker, of Stratford. She died April 16, 1819, aged seventy-one years. Children, born in Stratford: Philo, March 4, 1774; Naomi, January 2, 1776; Hepsibah, January 19, 1778; Huldah, February 10, 1780; David, December 17, 1781; Ira, December 30, 1783; Alice,

November 5, 1787.

(VII) Ira, son of Lewis Curtis, was born December 30, 1783, in Stratford. He married Lucy Booth, born September 14, 1788. He died March 12, 1834, in Bridgeport, and his wife April 1, 1872, aged eighty-three years. Children: Isaac B., born 1812 at Stratford, died September 12, 1812; Isaac, July 6, 1814, died December 7, 1845; Ruth Ann, September 13, 1816, died November 16, 1871; Lewis, mentioned below; Elisha, August 22, 1825, died September 12, 1826.

(VIII) Lewis, son of Ira Curtis, was born

January 21, 1819, died September 22, 1899. As a young man he followed the shoemaker's trade, and afterward was a farmer. He sold his farm and in later years engaged in the real estate business, in which he was very successful and at his death left a considerable fortune. He married (first) Mary C. Hull, of Naugatuck; she died in 1897. He married (second) Flora Clark (see Clark).

(V) Robert Plumb, son of John Plumb Plumb or Plume (q. v.) (name used both ways), was born in county Essex, England, and baptized at Ridgwell, December 30, 1617. He came with his father to Wethersheld, and settled at Milford, Connecticut, in 1639. He died May 12, 1655. He married, January 9, 1642. Mary Baldwin, who died in Milford, February 1, 1707-08, daughter of Sylvester Baldwin. She married (second) William East, March 16, 1676. Children of Robert Plumb: Mary, born February, 1644-45; John, mentioned below; Robert, December 21, 1648; Samuel, December 1, 1650; Samuel, February 16, 1652-53; Joseph, July 10, 1655.

(VI) John (2), son of Robert Plumb, was born at Milford, August 12, 1646. He also settled in Milford. In 1719 and 1722 he deeded land to his only surviving son, Joseph, and provided that it should be entailed, according to the laws of England. He made a similar deed to his grandson John, son of deceased son John, in 1723. He owned much land and left it entailed in the deeds to his sons. In one deed he signs his name John Plume, in another Plumbe. Joseph administered on his estate, April 10, 1728. He married, November 24, 1668, Elizabeth Norton. Children, born at Milford: Elizabeth, November 1, 1669; John, July 29, 1671; Mary, May 15, 1673; Sarah, April 5, 1675; Hannah, April 15, 1677; Dorothy, March 23, 1679; Joseph, mentioned below; Ruth, November 29, 1685; Josiah, February 6, 1686-87; Robert, April 19, 1691.

(VII) Joseph, son of John (2) Plumb, was born in 1683, died May 27, 1742. He and his wife joined the church, June 8, 1718. He lived for a time at Wallingford and Lois and Thankful were recorded there. Most of the children were born at Milford. He died at Milford and his gravestone is preserved there. He married, December 5, 1709, Elizabeth Bailey, who died November 17, 1726. He married (second) Thankful Gaylord, who married (second) Hezekiah Rue. Children of Joseph Plumb: Elizabeth, born March 17, 1710; Sarah, June 17, 1711; Joseph, June 8, 1718; Waitstill John, June 8, 1718; Hannah,

Inne 8, 1718 (t) let ail two tat 'm Clark Asimates, 8, 1730 2 · 1.1 · 1.1 att 11, 1731 2 · 1 tat Anno 2 · 1.1 R, 1728; Thankful, January 20, 1730-31; Asimates Statistics of the control (twin), April 20, 1741; Susanna (twin),

at Milford, October 10, 1738. He lived at Wolcott, Connecticut, formerly Farmington. He married, in 1762, Mary Atkins, who died in 1807. He died in 1813. Children: Samuel, born July 13, 1766, mentioned below; Selic 10, 1701. October 10, 1775; Sylvia, June 28, 1778; Azariah, July 30, 1780; Sybil; Sussanna, March 28, 1784; Sabra, May 18, 1788.

born at Wolcott, July 13, 1766, died October 24, 1840. He married, January 17, 1797. Sarah Scarritt, born September 6, 1778, died January 28, 1873. Children, born at Wolcott: Luther Wheaton, October 2, 1797, died July 9, 1832. A. July 1870, 1873, died August 20, 1870, married Lois Alcott; Mary, September 2, 1805; Almon, August 4, 1807; George Henry, October 15, 1813, died August 17, 1891, married, May 3, 1840, Diadama Minor; Rollin Wiard, na the state of the second s

(X) Rollin Wiard, son of Samuel Plumb, was born at Wolcott, February 11, 1821, died Lamon 7, 10, 11 lines in Planceticut, when a young man and followed its married, September 1, 1844, Čarolina Natey Brooks, born October 13, 1824, died September 3, 1907. Children: Rollin Jesse, nontioned below; Henry Brooks, born December 24, 1857, secretary of the Eagle Lock Company, lives in New York, married Myra Love; children: Rollin Jesse, and Love; children: Rollin Jesse, married Myra Love; children: Rollin Jesse, Married Myra Love; children: Henry K., Alice B., Edmand Love; children: Rolling Rolli

XI) Rollin Jesse, son of Rollin Wiard Plumb, was born at Plymouth, September 13, 1833. He was educated in the public schools of in native the Dimus formal in worked on the farm and during vacations in the lock factory. At fifteen he began to work as a mechanic at Terryville and in the following year started in the office of the Eagle Lock Company, of which he is now president and treasurer. He won his promotion by steady, conscientious work. He became bookkeeper, then in 1881 assistant secretary. In March, 1882, he was elected a director and in the following July was made secretary. In August, 1891, he was elected treasurer; in

July, 1903, vice-president and treasurer, and in October, 1903, president. This concern is one of the largest in its line in New England. He is an able and progressive business man, self-made and successful. He is a prominent Free Mason, having taken the thirty-second degree, a member of Union Lodge, No. 96, 96 which he has been master; of Granite Chapter, No. 36, Royal Arch Masons, of which he has been high priest; of Waterbury Council, No. 21, Royal and Select Masters; of Washington Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, He is an active member and deacon of the Congregational church. In politics he is a Republican. He is fond of horseback riding, driving and fishing. He married, July 29, 1872, Cora Jane, born September 25, 1853, daughter of Jonathan Addison and Huldah (Wetmore) Rossetter, Children: 1, Charles Wetmore, mentioned below. 2, Carrie Louise, born August 27, 1886; married, July 29, 1903, Harry C. Clow; children: Louise Elizabeth Clow, born May 10, 1904; Arthur Plumb Clow, May 16, 1907, 3, Cora Rossetter, April 16, 1886; married Harry C. Atwood; children: Eleanor Plumb Atwood, born June 9, 1906; Harry Nathan Atwood, February 21, 1909, died in infancy; Kenneth Chauncey Atwood, September 14, 1910. 4, Helen May, May 4, 1889, 5, Alida Grace, July 29, 1893.

(XII) Charles Wetmore, son of Rollin Jesse Plumb, was born in Plymouth, December 28, 1873. He was educated there in the public schools and at the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. He entered the employ of the Eagle Lock Company at Terryville, when a young man, and has been connected with that concern for nineteen years. He is at present its purchasing agent. In politics he is a Republican and he is a member of the Republican town committee. He is registrar of voters in Plymouth. He is a member of Union Lodge, No. 96, Free and Accepted Masons; Granite Chapter, No. 36, Royal Arch Masons, of Thomaston. He is one of the finance committee of the Congregational church. He married, June 21, 1900, April 25, 1878, daughter of Charles D. and Annie (Bailey) Chambers. Children, born at Plymouth, village of Terryville: Rollin Bailey, February 21, 1902; Vivian Gertrude, January 4, 1905; Annie Laura, May 5, 1907.

(VI) Joseph Plumb, son of John PLUMB Plumb (q. v.), was born about 1671. He and Samuel removed to Milford, Connecticut, about 1692. He married, 1700, Susanna Newton, born in July, 1673. He died in March, 1714. His widow

was appointed admisintratrix April 8, 1714. Children: Susanna, born 1702, married, January 14, 1724, Nathan Nettleton; Joseph, 1704, married Rebecca Thomas; Ann, 1707, married, January 6, 1731-32, Samuel Sanford; Noah, mentioned below.

(VII) Noah, son of Joseph Plumb, was born in 1709 and died in 1776. He removed to Stratford, Connecticut, as early as May 6, 1747. He married (first) about 1738, Abiah Platt; (second) November 23, 1761, Abigail Custis. He died in January, 1776, and his will was proved February 5, 1776. Children, born at Stratford: Abiah, March 26, 1739, married Andrew Nichols; Phebe, March 5, 1741, married James Nichols; Susanna, August 28, 1748; David, June 25, 1751, married Mary Beach; Joseph, mentioned below.

(VIII) Joseph (2), son of Noah Plumb, was born January 13, 1756, at Stratford, died November 7, 1826. He was a soldier in the revolution in Major Skinner's Light Horse Regiment. He lived in Stratford. He married, May 28, 1777, Sibel Edwards, born November 25, 1756. Children: Ely, born November 25, 1778, married, January, 1800, Betsey Booth; Elliott, mentioned below.

(IX) Elliott, son of Joseph (2) Plumb, was born at Stratford, January 15, 1788, died February 23, 1823, at the early age of thirty-five years. He lived in Trumbull, Connecticut. He married, December 29, 1808, Alice Nichols, born November 22, 1789. Children, born at Trumbull: 1. Avis Elvira, October 10, 1809, married Hall Beardslee in Bridgeport, and is still living, over one hundred years of age; Oliver Elliott, April 20, 1817, mentioned be-

Oliver Elliott, April 20, 1817, mentioned below; Sarah Ann, July 26, 1819.

(X) Oliver Elliott, son of Elliott Plumb, was born April 20, 1817, at Trumbull, now Nichols, Connecticut. He had a large farm and followed farming there during his active life, and in addition to this he also had a general store which he conducted, and did building and contracting. He had in a did building and contracting. building and contracting. He had in connection with his store a meat market and ran a number of wagons. He was a prominent man in the town. He married, December 10, 1836. Sarah Ann Beach, born July 26, 1819, died October 26, 1899, at Nichols. Children: I. Elliott B., born December 10, 1837, mentioned below. 2. George Hall, November 17, 1839, died November 30, 1869; unmarried. 3. Alice Elvira, February 15, 1843; married Alexander S. C. Cook; she is still living, at ninety years of age; had a daughter, Jessie Ella Cook, who lives at Nichols. 4. Charles Stiles, July 25, 1846, died July 29, 1869. 5. Seymour, October 2, 1847, lives on West avenue, Bridgeport; has a son Raymond, a minister,

graduate of Yale, class of 1911. 6. Hanford, October 2, 1853, lives on Washington avenue, Bridgeport, and has two children.

(XI) Elliott Beach, son of Oliver Elliott Plumb, was born December 10, 1837, died October 28, 1907. He attended the public schools and Easton Academy, also the schools of Stratford, Sedgewick, and the Chapin School of Trumbull. He became associated with his father in the meat business and learned the trade of butcher. He had charge of a butcher's cart with a route in Bridgeport and adjoining towns. After a time he embarked in the same line of business on his own account, opening a market on East Washington avenue. After two years he bought a lot on the corner of Beach and East Washington streets and built a block, removing his market thither and doing business there for a number of years. He subsequently devoted his entire attention to the wholesale trade in meats and provisions, having a place of business in a block which he built on Middle street. He finally sold his business to George Winton and retired about ten years before he died. In politics he was a Republican. He served one year on the school board. He was a member of the First Congregational church and of the Seaside Club. While living in Trumbull he attended the Methodist church. He was modest, retiring and devoted to his family. He married, December 10, 1859, at Trumbull, Connecticut, Celia Amatha, daughter of Andrew Beach and Mary (Thorp) Nichols, granddaughter of Silas and Polly (Fairchild) Nichols. Andrew Beach Nichols had a brother David and sisters Almina and Cynthia; he was a farmer; his children were: Celia Amatha, mentioned above; Plumb Beach, a dairy farmer at White Plains, New York; Estella Victoria, died at seven years; Elmer Thorp, a dairy farmer on the old homestead; Edward, died in infancy, May 12, 1861. Children of Elliott Beach and Celia A. (Nichols) Plumb: 1. Frank, mentioned below. 2. Estelle Nichols, born March 30, 1867, died January 30, 1891; married Professor Vincent C. Peck, of Bridgeport.

(XII) Frank, son of Elliott Beach Plumb, was born at Nichols, Connecticut, May 12, 1862. He was educated in the public schools of Nichols and Bridgeport and the Hills School of Bridgeport. He began his business life as a shipping clerk in his father's store. For some years he has been in business for himself at Stratford and conducts a large wholesale business in grain, and retail in gro-ceries. He is a member of Pequonic Lodge, Independent Order Odd Fellows. He married, June 22, 1888, Eleanor Augusta, born in





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eletivity in the month of the erly president of the board of trade in that city, and well-known as one of the most enterprising, progressive and successful business men a la la la la Cilinea de la Cilinea de la Cilinea de la composición dela composición de la composición - not the York I are the Albert In was five years old his father died, and he and a sister were left to be brought up by their where he remained four years. He was then called by his brother, Benjamin, to a position in the latter's banking house at De Pere, Wisconsin; but after a brief experience there, he St. Lawrence University, at Appleton, Wisconsin. Upon concluding his studies there, he returned east, and made his home with his mother in Brooklyn, New York.

was a handsome, stalwart and well-educated the Union, and a firm determination to support the Federal government, he set to work at once to prepare himself for active service. who had been commissioned by the government to educate officers for military positions, board of United States examining officers, and was immediately appointed adjutant of the McClellan Infantry, a picked corps then in process of formation in New York City. He took an active part in recruiting six hundred men for this regiment, but, owing to political favoritism, was unsuccessful in going out with it. The regiment itself was consolidated with a smaller body, and the officers of the latter were placed in command of the new organization, displacing the entire staff of the original corps. This did not, however, diminish in the least young Mr. Clowes' patriotism. On the second call for troops, he at once enlisted in the Forty-seventh regiment of Brooklyn, and this time was successful in going to the front, Soon he was appointed sergeant-major of the regiment, and held this position until mustered out at the expiration of his term of service. I'm at common the I seed square may as

paymaster's clerk, and after service of a year and a half aboard the gunboat "Flambeau," doing duty off the coast of North and South

to the store ship "Home," where he remained until honorably discharged, in the summer of

service on board he kept the accounts not only

In the fall of 1804 he became bookkeeper for the large manufacturing house of Garden and Company, New York, in which he later flattering offer of employment from the Middelfield Fire and Building Stone Company, New York, whose service he left in 1800, to accept an appointment as paymaster's clerk on the United States gunboat "Juniata," with which he served on the European station until 1872. The pay in the naxy was not one-fifth what he was making with the building company, and the latter, thinking that he would soon tire of his new position, would not accept his resignation, but gave him six months' leave of absence, stating that his position would be kept open for him. He remained, however, the full three years of the cruise abroad.

On his return to civil life, Mr. Clowes acwith the New York Loan and Indemnity Company. As such he won the regard and respect of all who had dealings with him, and it is said that through their confidence in him personally he influenced to this company deposits of his friends amounting to over a quarter of a million dollars. At the end of his second year there he was offered the position of secretary of the company, but refused to accept it on being told that the incumbent had not resigned. The latter was a man of sixty, with a large family, whom they had taken from the Hanover National Bank; and Mr. Clowes did not feel justified, as he expressed it, in "taking the bread from an old man's mouth." It was the reputation for personal ability and sterling integrity which he gained while in this position, that secured for him his next employment. When the New York Loan and Indemnity Company was preparing to discontinue business, Mr. Philo Brown, president of the corress.

turers of sheet brass, and copper, seamless and brazed tubes, of Waterbury, Connecticut, asked its president if he could recommend one of his employes who had the requisite ability and character to become identified, in a responsible capacity, with the Waterbury corporation. For reply the president presented Mr. Clowes to Mr. Brown, saying: "Of all those employed in this bank, I speak in every respect most highly of this one." This flattering endorsement, together with the personality of Mr. Clowes, led to an immediate engagement, and on January 1, 1875, Mr. Clowes became head bookkeeper for Brown & Brothers. He was later promoted to the office of assistant treasurer, and then became office manager of the concern. Although his labors in these several positions were active and responsible, he had no part in the direction, management or policy of the corporation, his duties being limited to seeing that the details of the business were carried out in accordance with the instructions of the board of directors. At the close of the year 1885, adverse conditions forced the corporation to discontinue business. For several years previous, it had devoted its efforts almost entirely to the development of the manufacture of seamless tubing and to the experiment and perfection of machinery for the same. As a consequence, its rolling mills and other branches of business were neglected. The possibility of reviving the industry, therefore, was felt by many to be doubtful. Mr. Clowes felt confident that it could be done, however, and determined to purchase the seamless and brazed tube and boiler business from the trustees, and make it the nucleus of a larger plant. For its purchase thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars was required, together with an additional five thousand to secure control of a valuable adjunct. amount was obtained from Mr. Edward F. Randolph, a friend of many years' standing, and a man of business sagacity, strict honor and acknowledged wealth, who had large business interests in New York. The money was furnished with the stipulation that Mr. Clowes should assume the entire responsibility and management of the plant. The new firm of Randolph and Clowes took possession of the old corporation plant in April, 1886. It began business with a capital of \$100,000, and gave employment to fifty men and one clerk. Within three years it had outgrown its quarters, and its transactions amounted to more than six hundred thousand dollars yearly. At this juncture, Mr. Clowes' sagacity suggested to him the propriety of the firm engaging in the manufacture of sheet brass and sheet copper, which it consumed, and he at once began negotiations for the purchase from the trustees of the old corporation of their disused rollingmill, then the largest single brass and copper rolling-mill in the country, and the remainder of the property. This purchase was finally effected in March, 1889, for \$75,000, and increased the area of the plant to some six acres, which, when the mill and machine shops had been improved, gave all needed facilities. For so young a firm, this was a gigantic undertaking, and was regarded by many conservative business men as folly. Mr. Clowes, however, paid no attention to the views of others. He gave his entire energy to strengthening and extending his business, and he succeeded. Beginning with less than two hundred customers, he increased his patronage, until in 1897 it included fully five thousand firms and individuals in all parts of the world. Out of the profits of the business, more than six hundred thousand dollars has been spent in improving the property as originally purchased, making the cost of the plant about three-quarters of a million dollars. An expert, in speaking of his visit to it a few years ago, said: "What, first, and all the time, impresses a visitor to these mammoth mills and far-famed factories is the spirit of modern method that infuses everything about their operation down to the smallest detail. Everything that inventive genius has devised in the way of the mechanical amenities has been admirably utilized by Mr. Clowes; so that a tour of these works provides a perfect object lesson in mechanical advancement and progressive achievement. The buildings are of massive proportions, built entirely of brick, and ranging from one to three stories in height." A remarkable fact to which the writer quoted draws attention, is that "the great advance made is the more notable and eminently demonstratable of the commercial genius of the firm's practical headwhen it is remembered that more organizations have been effected during the last forty years to manufacture seamless-drawn brass and copper tubing, that have failed or gone out of business, than are now in existence. Many of these companies were organized with very large capital, which has been entirely sunk, ruining many of the original investors." seamless tube business is one of many and various technical difficulties, and requires not only ponderous and costly, but also delicate machinery. On account of the many difficulties attending it, the exceptional skill demanded of those engaged in it and the large capital required, the greater number of firms manufacturing seamless tubing confine their output to the minor calibres, up to four or five inches. Mr. Clowes was quick to recognize that his advantage lay in the more difficult field, and as far back as 1890 began to concentrate all his energies in the way of developing his plant and machinery to turning out tubes of the largest dimensions. He devised an original method of arriving at the desired end, and to-day the corporation is noted as having in operation re methods of drawing tubes than any concorn in the world, all peculiarly adapted to the special sizes and qualities desired. In the spe-

to the other more

calibre of seamless tubing. The works of the oppany, flanked by the tracks of the New ter supply in the Naugatuck river, have long 1. n regarded as ideally situated. For some views of five hundred workmen, mostly skilled the main office in Waterbury; and branch of ces are maintained in New York, Boston on nent of this enormous industry Mr. Clowes had no aid from any source except the numeial assistance of his partner, Mr. Ranre remarkable in view of the competition or old and established corporations, with alnics at the head of the various depart-

In December, 1808, Mr. Randolph died, and · August, 1800, the old firm was turned over t stock company known as the Randolph-Wes Company. Mr. Clowes was elected Mr. Randolph. The company was capital-

Since retiring from the active management the brass industry, Mr. Clowes has been a most important factor in the development of residential real estate in Waterbury. He purchased twenty-four acres of wild wood norther that he called it "Hard Scrabble," verted it into city building lots, now all rued by fine residences; now called Nor-. d. and including the attractive streets ed Sands, Hewlett, Randolph avenue, wes terrace and Tower road. He has also look, the latter a tract of four hundred buildtuck valley, and affording beautiful homes for provements.

worker, and devotes himself without reserve to his responsible duties. No man could show a fairer disposition in all dealing with em-Florence Guernsey, died 1908; Randolph, His home at Norwood, a place of his own creation,

Strong (q. v.), was

born in England in 1626, died at Windsor, Connecticut, February 20, 1697-08. He was a tanner by trade and an important citizen of Windsor. He married (first), November 2, 1650, Mary Clark, who was naptized September 30, 1638, daughter of Joseph and Frances Clark. Frances Clark married (second), March 22, 1630, Thomas Dewey, of Westfield. Mary (Clark) Strong died April 28, August 11, 1660. Children of second wife: John, mentioned below; Jacob, April 8, 1673; Josiah, January 11, 1678; Elizabeth, about

1084.

(III) John (3), son of John (2) Strong, was born at Windsor, December 25, 1665, died there May 29, 1749. He married there, November 26, 1686, Hannah Trumbull, of Suffield, Connecticut, daughter of Deacon John Trumbull. Children, born at Windsor: Mary, May 24, 1688; Elizabeth, September 21, 1689; Deacon Jonathan, April 22, 1694; Esther, April 12, 1699; Abigail, May 11, 1701; Deacon David, December 15, 1704, mentioned below; John Warham, September 30, 1706; John, July 14, 1707; Elizabeth, August 13, 1708.

July 14, 1707; Elizabeth, August 13, 1708.

(IV) Deacon David Strong, son of John (3) Strong, was born at Windsor, December 15, 1704, died January 25, 1801. He married (first) May 3, 1732, Thankful, born March 5, 1709, died May 21, 1771, daughter of Moses Loomis of Windsor and Joanna (Gibbs) Loomis, who were married April 27, 1694. He married (second) Abigail Phelps, of Simsbury, and she died October 16, 1787. He married (third), in 1793, Zilpah Davis, of Hebron, born 1775. She was eighteen years old and he was eighty-eight years old at the time of the third marriage. He was a farmer at Bolton, Connecticut. For sixty-five years he was deacon of the Congregational Church. He went from Windsor to Bolton in 1730 and lived three miles from the center of the town on the road to Buckingham, then Eastbury.

Children of first wife: David, born May 13, 1733; Levi, December 19, 1734; Beulah, December 28, 1735; Nathan, January 15, 1736-37; Judah, November 28, 1738; Thankful, October 12, 1740; Aaron, September 21, 1743; Bathsheba, January 20, 1747; Hepzibah, married Captain William Hibbard; Ebenezer, men-

tioned below.

Moses Loomis, of Windsor, father of Mrs. Thankful Strong, was born May 15, 1671, was son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Moore) Loomis. Joanna Gibbs, wife of Moses Loomis, was born March 26, 1671, daughter of Samuel and Hepzibah (Dibble) Gibbs, of Windsor.

(V) Ebenezer, son of Deacon David Strong, was born in 1754, died in 1824. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private in the company of Captain Thomas Pitkin from Bolton on the Lexington alarm; also in 1776 under Captain J. Wells. He lived at Bolton, Connecticut. He married (first) August 24, 1779, Lucy (Kilbourne) Lawrence, daughter of Benjamin and Lucy (Goodrich) Kilbourne, and widow of Daniel Lawrence, who was killed in the Wyoming massacre. She died April 28, 1793. He married (second) in Au-

gust, 1793, Abigail, daughter of Ebenezer Smith, of Ashford. She died October 29, 1825. Children of first wife: Ebenezer, Jr., born May 20, 1780; Solomon, July 8, 1782, settled at Rome, New York; Daniel, November 18, 1784; Eli, mentioned below; Genubath, October 22, 1791. Child of second wife: Samuel, April 22, 1795, was adopted by John and Cleopatra Skinner, of Barkhamsted, and his name changed to Samuel Skinner.

(VI) Eli, son of Ebenezer Strong, was born October 8, 1789, at Bolton, Connecticut, died there September 19, 1867. He was a farmer in his native town. He married (first), December 10, 1812, Betsey Cowles, of Belchertown, born July 24, 1794, daughter of John Cowles. He married (second) Sybil Cowles, born July 19, 1802, sister of his first wife. She died October 27, 1825. Children, born at Bolton, by first wife: Lucy Kilburn, August 25, 1814, married Alanson Keeney; Captain Ethan Eli, October 12, 1816; William Cowles, July 4, 1818; Semantha Lodemia, November 28, 1820, died March 28, 1822; John Remember Cowles, February 7, 1822, mentioned below; Cornelia Jane, November 1, 1824. Children of second wife: Betsy Lodinia, February 10, 1827; Semantha Azubah, January 16, 1829; Samuel Alanson, March 29, 1831, died March 26, 1842; Mary Emmeline, July 6, 1833; Horatio Bardwell, June 10, 1836; Harrison Alanson,

October 16, 1840.

(VII) John Remember Cowles, son of Eli Strong, was born at Bolton, Connecticut, February 7, 1822, died at Meriden, January 13, 1907. He was adopted by James White, of Marlborough, Connecticut, and given the name of Henry Kirk White. He spent his boyhood days on the home farm, and was educated in the district schools and by private study. Early in life he developed musical talent and before he was twenty had become well known as a music teacher, having charge of various singing schools and choral societies. He became expert in the tuning of various musical instruments, and in 1841 went west, where he was occupied in piano and organ tuning for four years. In 1845 he located in Colchester and in the employ of Denison Smith began his career in the manufacture of musical instruments. Two years later he embarked in business on his own account at New London, Connecticut, in the manufacture of melodeons. In 1853 he removed his business to Washington, New Jersey, where he remained until the panic of 1857 and the subsequent outbreak of the civil war rendered his business unprofitable. For several years he was engaged in piano tuning in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In 1865 he went to Brattleborough, Vermont, to

take charge of the timing and action departs ment a the Later Organ A the Alexander also sere green post in a tile the fire and advanced rapidly to positions of responsibility. During 4870 77 Alt What million with the aid of Horace Wilcox organized the Wilcox & White Organ Company and began to and grew rapidly. It was welcomed in the city of Meriden and its product found a world-wide market. To the genius and experience of Mr. White the initial success of the company was chiefly due, however, and to his energy, inprosperity and growth of the concern are due. Until his death in 1807 he was, perhaps, the oldest living maker of reed instruments, and he had sust the true in the mile of miles 1-faction the achievements of the industry he

The Wilcox & White Company was incorporated in 1877 with a capital of \$100,000. The founders were Horace C. Wilcox, then a well-Mr. White and his sons, James H., Edward H., and Howard White. In 1888 the symphony or pneumatic self-playing organ was evented and placed on the market by this company, and in 1807 the first piano-player, called The Angelus, the invention of Edward success of this instrument placed the company in the lead among the manufacturers of musiinal patents the keen inventive genius of the Whites of three generations have made numerthe Angelus and the Angelus Pianos to their present state of perfection. At the time the piano-player was invented, the capital of the company was \$75,000. It was increased in 1808 to \$150,000, and again in 1910 to \$450,enlarged and within a few years the capacity of the plant was doubled. At the present time some four hundred hands are employed.

A well-known writer in Harper's Magazine says: "Beneficent Nature has placed within the soul of every human being the love of music. In every thousand she has picked a few for the richer dower of the ability to produce it. Among primitive people those mortals thus favored have been set apart for special honor, and even worshipped because of their god-like power of producing melody that would stir even the soul of a savage. If the power to produce music in a person be a great mark of genius, what may be said of those who

have conceived and perfected the means by which any one can produce it! This magnificent faculty, which means so much to every man or woman lacking musical genius and education, has been conferred upon universal mankind by Mr. H. K. White, his sons and grandsons, in the conception and perfection of the Angelus, by which everyone, from the child of three years to the musical artist, can play the piano with perfect technique and expression, limited only by the power of the player to feel the music being played. \* \* \* The Angelus holds its position of pre-eminence because it is an original invention, whose inventors still live—father, son, grandson—all of inquestioned musical genius, still adding constantly to its powers, making it more human in its possibilities, more artistic in its wonderful effects. The imitator who must ferret his way around patent laws is naturally handicapped and his machine is merely mechanical. The Angelus alone gives soul to the music. Dominant, live, energetic, ambitious, capable genius makes the Angelus, to-day as ever, the preminent and incomparable piano-player."

Henry Kirke White has held various public offices of trust and honor. He was alderman from the fifth ward and for a time was acting mayor of the city. For many years he was a member of the school committee and was the first chairman of his district and he always took a lively interest in public education. In politics he was a Republican, in religion a Baptist. He was a member of Columbia Lodge, No. 36, Free and Accepted Masons, of Brattleboro, Vermont; Royal Arch Masons; Knights

Templar.

Mr. White married (first), September 2, 1846, Lucy, born January 2, 1825, died February 18, 1867, daughter of William and Julia (Roberts) Cornwell, of Middletown, Connecticut, granddaughter of Sylvester Cornwell. Asa Roberts was father of Julia (Roberts) Cornwell, who was born March 1, 1777. Mr. White married (second) Mrs. Betsey Herrick, born July 12, 1840, daughter of Benjamin Stickney, of Dummerston, Vermont. Children of first wife: James Henry, mentioned below; Edward H., mentioned below; Howard, mentioned below; Julia Cornwell, born March 8, 18 (2014) 11 (1997) 11 (1997) 12 (1997) 13 (1997) 14 (1997) 15 (1997) 16 (1997) 16 (1997) 16 (1997) 16 (1997) 16 (1997) 17 (1997) 17 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18 (1997) 18

(VIII) James Henry White, son of Henry Kirke White (Strong), was born at Westfield, Connecticut, September 26, 1847. He attended the schools of Somerville, Washington and Phillipsburg, New Jersey. When the family moved to Philadelphia during the civil war,

he found employment in the department store of John Wanamaker and received a thorough business training. He went with his father to Brattleborough, Vermont, and worked in the Estey organ factory in the tuning department and rose rapidly to a position of responsibility. As already stated he became one of the founders of the Wilcox & White Organ Company in 1877, and for many years has been the head of this concern. The affairs of the company have been wisely handled and its growth fostered under his management. He is a Republican in politics, but the only office he has held is that of councilman from the fifth ward. He is a prominent member and trustee of the Congregational church. He is a member of the Country Club and the Home Club; director of the Home National Bank, the City Savings Bank, and the Connecticut Electric Company; he is president and treasurer of the Wilcox & White Company.

He married, December 1, 1868, Kate, born May, 1848, daughter of Samuel T. R. and Martha (Brown) Cheney, of Brattleborough. Children: 1. Frank Cornwell, born October 28, 1870, in Brattleborough; attended the public schools there, and is now mechanical superintendent of the Wilcox & White Company, and has invented many important improvements in the Angelus: married, December 19, 1893, Charlotte Foster; children: i. Ruth, born February 3, 1896; ii. Henry Foster, July 23, 1897; iii. Frank Cornwell, December 22, 1908. 2. Grace Louisa, born January 26, 1874, married, April 28, 1906, Edward C. Goodwin, of Washington, D. C. 3. Florence May, born December 29, 1876, married Harry Smith, June 15, 1904; one child, Philip Huntingdon, born Au-

gust 3, 1905. (VIII) Edward H. White, son of Henry Kirke White, was born in Washington, New Jersey, April 5, 1855, died September 15, 1899. His early training in business and experience in manufacturing was obtained in the Estey organ works at Brattleborough, Vermont. When the Wilcox & White Company began to manufacture organs at Meriden he supervised the tuning and voicing of the instruments. He was the original inventor of the Angelus and as such belongs among the great original inventors of the century. He was secretary and superintendent of the Wilcox & White Company. He was a Republican in politics. He was domestic in his habits, devoted to his home and his business, kind and considerate to employees, and of a thoroughly lovable and attractive personality. He married, November 18, 1885, Mary, daughter of Bela and Mary Ellen Carter. She resides at the corner of Britannia and Griswold streets, Meriden, and

is much beloved in the community. Since his death her life has been spent in great measure in carrying out the benevolence and charity in which she was interested before her husband's death. They had one child, Allan Hubbard.

(VIII) Howard White, son of Henry Kirke White, was born in Somerville, New Jersey, September 9, 1856, died December 9, 1897. His early education and training was much like that of his brothers. He took an important part in the development of the Wilcox & White Company. He contributed much to the improvement of the Symphony and Angelus. He was not only one of the best-known manufacturers in Meriden, but a valued citizen whose death was a great loss to the community. He was a social favorite and generous to the poor and unfortunate. In politics he was a Republican. He was a member of the Home Club. He married, in 1880, Flora A., daughter of Russell J. Ives, of Meriden. They had two children, Russell S. and Stanley Butler, who are both associated in the business of the Wilcox & White Company.

Robert White, first known in South Petherton, county Somerset, England, was church warden there as early as 1578. His wife Alice was buried there August 22, 1596, and he was buried September 7, 1600, then called Robert White, Senior. His will was proved at Taunton, but is lost. Children: I. John, was also church warden; died 1623, leaving will proved August 1, 1623, at Wells; married Mary ---, who died September 6, 1593, and Alice -

died 1636. 2. Robert, mentioned below. (II) Robert (2), son of Robert (1) White, lived in South Petherton in 1598, and probably before that. In 1601 he was church war-den. His wife Joan died at South Petherton, September 13, 1634. He died there March 8, 1642. The chancery proceedings prove conclusively that he was father of John, the American immigrant. Children: 1. Andrew, baptized January 15, 1598, lived at Creech, Somersetshire, and died 1647. 2. Joan, baptized May 13, 1600. 3. John, mentioned below. 4. Robert, baptized March 25, 1604; married, March 13, 1630, Joan Keemer and lived in Overstratton. 5. Jane, baptized August 31, 1606. 6. Joan, baptized December 11, 1608. 7. Josias, baptized January 13, 1611. 8. Alice, baptized February 6, 1614; married, February 18, 1641, John Vile. 9. Thomas, married in South Pethington, November 16, 1642, Ann Kymer.

(III) John, son of Robert (2) White, was baptized in the old church in South Pethington. Somersetshire, England, March 7, 1602. He married in Drayton parish, Somersetshire,

1948 he returned to England on business, as slown by a letter of Tristram Dolliber, of Stoke Abbas, Dorsetshire, dated April 20, 1048, to John Balch and William Woodbury, of Salem, and published in the "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," vol. 31, p. 313. He returned to New England and soon located at Lancaster, Massachusetts. He and others subscribed to the "rules for proportion of meadow". May 1, 1653, and he had twenty series of land allotted to him. His house there sood at the east end of the lot, near the one tow or lately owned by Edward Houghton. His family and descendants resided there until the death of Samuel F. White, March 15, 1843. The first house was burned by the Indians. It

Lord. His son Thomas had the farm in Wenham. His wife Joan died at Lancaster, May 18, 1654, and he died between March 10 and May 28, 1673, the dates of making and proving his will. Children: 1. John, baptized at Drayton, June 1, 1628; mentioned in will of his grandfather, Richard West, March 10, 1643, but not in his father's will. 2. Thomas, baptized at Drayton, June 30, 1630; came to New England with his father. 3. Joan, baptized in the Old Church in South Pethington, February 24, 1633; married Captain Thomas Fiske, of Wenham, Massachusetts. 4. Elizateth Lagard and Massachusetts. 4. Elizateth Massachuseth Massachus

Caster. 5. Mary, married Rev. Joseph Rowlandson, first minister of Lancaster. 6. Sarah, baptized in the First Church of Salem, April 9. 1193, married first lam, that are Concord; (second) Samuel Rice, of Concord. 7. Josiah, mentioned below. 8. Hannah, born in Wolom high distribution of Laman, 23, 1075, 76. Ensign John Divoll, who was killed by the Indians, February 10, 1675-76, while in command of Rowlandson garrison; his wife taken prisoner and ransomed May 12, 1676; their children were killed or captured.

(IV) Josiah, son of John White, was baptized in the First Church, Salem, June 4, 1643, while a resident of Wenham. He removed with his parents to Lancaster, and married Mary Lewis, baptized in the First Church, Roxbury, August 2, 1646, daughter of William and Anne Lewis. He married (second) November 28, 1678, Mary Rice, born in Sudbury, September 4, 1656, daughter of Thomas and Mary (King) Rice, of Marlborough. Her father was son of the immigrant, Edmund Rice. She married (second) July 15, 1718, Thomas Sawyer, of Lancaster, and died August 22, 1733. Josiah White was a notable and prominent man in the history of the town. He lived on the estate of his father in Landau and prominent man in the history of the town.

Children, all by second wife: Sarah, born October 21, 1680; Josiah, September 16, 1682, mentioned below; John, September 20, 1684; Thankful, March 27, 1689; Jonathan, 1692, killed by Indians, July 16, 1707; Judith, 1694;

Keziah, 1606.

(V) Josiah (2), son of Josiah (1) White, was born at Lancaster, September 16, 1682, and lived on the homestead. He was an influential citizen; tythingman, 1718; moderator six years between 1725 and 1743; deputy to general court three years; selectman five years, being one of the first seven; deacon of the church from January 30, 1729, to his death, May 5, 1772. He married, June 26, 1706, Abigail Whitcomb, born in Lancaster, March 13, 1688, died September 24, 1771, daughter of Josiah and Rebecca (Waters) Whitcomb. Children: Mary, born March 31, 1707; Jonathan, October 4, 1708, mentioned below; Hannah, March 14, 1710; Abigail, January 26, 1712; Josiah, January 3, 1714; Ruth, February 9, 1716; Martha, November 24, 1717; Joseph, November 1, 1719; Joanna, September 20, 1721; Jotham, April 20, 1723; Silence, June 26, 1725; John (twin), born and died June 26, 1727; John, April 10, 1729; Elisha, March 8, 1731, soldier in the revolution.

(1) Colonel Jonathan White, son of Josiah (2) White, was born in Lancaster. October 4, 1708. He settled in the northern part of the "new grant," now Leominster, and was one of the largest land holders, a man of wealth and education. In the French and Indian war he commanded a company and was actively engaged in defending the town from the Indians. On March 29, 1755, he was commissioned captain in the Worcester regiment under Colonel Ruggles, which marched for Crown Point. He was promoted major, and before the end of the campaign was made lieutenant-colonel. He was present with his regiment, at the battle of Lake George. September 8, 1755, when Baron de Dieskau was defeated and taken prisoner. Colonel White was or

dered to Lake Champlain, and served to the end of the war, taking part in many battles and winning distinction as an officer. He was one of the earlier proprietors of Charlemont, and chosen one of the officers. He planted an orchard and built a house in what is now Heath. He gave land to the town of Charlemont for a burial place in 1771. After he returned from the war he lived most of the time in Leominster, but often passed from one town to another. On one of these journeys he was detained over Sunday at Deerfield. He went to meeting in the morning in his homespun frock, and as he passed up the aisle no pew door was opened to welcome him, so he went to the woodpile and got a block of wood which he laid on the floor near the pulpit, seated himself upon it, and listened attentively to the long sermon. At the noon recess the people, finding that his station in life was not as humble as they first supposed, treated him with great respect. When the afternoon service was open many doors were open to receive him, but, disregarding them all, he again took his seat on the block of wood, for the afternoon service. He died at the home of his son in Heath, December 4, 1788. He married, June 22, 1732, Esther Wilder, baptized in Lancaster, March 8, 1713, died November 23, 1788, daughter of James and Abigail (Gardner) Wilder. Children: Jonathan, baptized June 10, 1733, died young; Jonathan, born April 26, 1734, died December 2, 1736; Esther, June 11, 1736, died December 7, 1738; Esther, October 15, 1738, died January 5, 1739; Jonathan; David; James, mentioned below; Asaph; Esther; Abigail.

(VII) James, son of Colonel Jonathan White, was born in Leominster, August 11, 1744, died May 1, 1821. He removed to Charlemont in 1764 and lived in Charlemont or Heath. He was elected deacon of the church in Heath, November 16, 1799, and held the office until his death. An account book of his still extant, contains a record of his ancestry, which he had from his father. He married, in Leominster, February 4, 1771, Ruth Ballard, baptized in Lancaster, February 12, 1743-44, died June 21 or 23, 1823, daughter of Benjamin and Ruth (Wilder) Ballard, Children: Jonathan: Ruth, born August 14, 1773; Esther, February 13, 1775; Rebecca, November 17, 1776; Polly, December 26, 1778; Clarissa, August 27, 1780; Abigail, October 7, 1782; Sally, July 1, 1784; James, September 30, 1786; Gardner, mentioned below.

· (VIII) Gardner, son of James White, was born in Heath, Massachusetts, June 11, 1789, died at North Adams, Massachusetts, in 1860, He married, in Worcester, February 16, 1813, Sarah Wellington, born in Worcester, March 6, 1792, daughter of David and Patty (Crawford) Wellington. Children: James Gardner, born and died April 8, 1814; Mary Rice, born April 24, 1815; Martha Longley, April 12, died October 18, 1817; Martha Longley, June 13, 1819, died September 9, 1824; Julia Ann Taylor, March 29, 1821; Caroline Lucretia, December 27, 1825; James Mozart Hayden, March 19, 1828; Frederick Wellington, born June, 1830, died April, 1900; Emeline B., born 1832, died 1890; Francis August Mason, April 22, 1834, mentioned below; Sarah Diana, May

22, 1836.
(IX) Francis August Mason, son of Gardner White, was born in Heath, Massachusetts, April 22, 1834, died May 28, 1884. He was a carpenter and builder, and a man of musical tastes. He married, November 1, 1855, Cornelia Adelaide Humphrey, born at Hartford, Connecticut, November 27, 1833 (see Colton VII). Children: Frank Gardner, born October 24, 1856, married, September, 1883, Agnes D. Best, died July 14, 1890; Herbert Humphrey, July 3, 1858, mentioned below; Samuel Howard, December 11, 1861, died January 22, 1862; Frederic Lester, born September 2, 1864; Charles Samuel, March 22, died August 28, 1867; Henry Wellington, October 21, 1870; William Howard Colton, December 21, 1872, died June, 1906; Clara Anna, January

27, 1876. (X) Herbert Humphrey, son of Francis A. M. White, was born July 3, 1858, in Hartford. During his youth his health was delicate and he was obliged to forego the college education which he so much desired. He attended the public schools and took the classical course at the Hartford high school, and after leaving school studied political economy, constitutional history and astronomy at home. In 1874 he entered the employ of the Hartford Trust Company, where he remained four years. In April, 1878, he entered the Phoenix National Bank and was assistant cashier for nine years, and connected with the bank for over twenty years. For four years he was one of the auditors of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, and in January, 1899, became a director of the company. He was also unanimously elected secretary, a position which he filled acceptably until March 23, 1906, when he resigned to accept the office of treasurer of the company. Being thoroughly familiar with the affairs of the company, his fitness for the important office was quickly recognized, and he has managed the business with fidelity and sagacity. He is a director of the State Bank; secretary and director of the Hartford Retreat for the Insane; treasurer and member

of the form's probable in the case of the spring to the Block, pressurer and the total the Harmont school of it man be to and a combet of the West Wilder Deve-Lean, and served as a member of the common was an alderman and one year president of the board of councilmen; secretary and director of Hartford Golf Club Company; member of the Sons of the American Revolution, and the

nd Connecticut. He was at Hartford early, husetts, and settled in Longmeadow, where to the some including those both grounds has one of the committee in 1670 to lay out Lits and sell land in the town of Suffield, and n 1722 fifty acres of land were laid out in that town to his heirs. He died February 13, 1600. He married (first) Deborah Gardiner, who died September 5, 1689; (second) March 1, 1602, Lydia Wright, widow successively of Lawrence Bliss, John Norton and John Lamb. She died December 17, 1600. Children, all by first wife: Ephraim, mentioned below; I, 1651; Sarah, February 24, 1652; Deborah, James 23, 1681, Hepathah, 1991, 7, 1185; John, April 8, 1659; Benjamin, May 26, 1661.

(II) Ephraim, son of George Colton, was to be Appilled mark 11 married disco Drake; (second) Esther Marshall. Children; Joseph, Benjamin, mentioned below, Daniel, Isaac, Nathaniel, Noah, Thomas, Esther.

raim Colton, was graduated at Yale College in 1710, he and John Bliss being the only graduates that year. He died March 1, 1759, aged

at West Hartford, Connecticut, February 2: 1713, and a comment rise of hism. them forty-four years. He married (first), Decem-Benjamin, June 7, 1724. By second wife: Lucina, born March 8, 1720-27; Elizabeth, November 28, 1728; Abijah, baptized April 4, 1731; Esther, baptized July 15, 1733; George,

in Massachusetts, was born in 1738 and died, (second), December 8, 1768, Elizabeth Make-peace, of Western, now Warren, Massachumarriage, giving his name, however, as Jonathan, October 29, 1768, and the certificate that cember 8, 1768. He was certainly always first wife: 1. Phebe, July 12, 1765; died June 26, 1838; lived at Westmoreland, New York. ough. 3. Jason, May 8, 1773; died March 11, 1838, at New Marlborough. 4. Samuel, twin of preceding, died September 11, 1796.

(II) Phebe, daughter of Samuel Warner, was born July 12, 1765; married (first) — Rawson; (second), March 20, 1790, James Smith, of Westmoreland, New York, born April 26, 1762, died January 16, 1836. Children of first marriage: I. Pelatiah Rawson, November 9, 1789; graduated at Hamilton College in 1817; teacher at Oneida Institute, Whitestown, New York; married Julia Peck, in Utica, New York, was living in 1877 in Utica with her daughter, who married Charles Kingsley, merchant. Children of second marriage: 2. Phebe Smith, January 6, 1792, died November 20, 1861. 3. Elizabeth Smith, April 20. 1794; died May 8, 1795. 4. Gad Warner Smith, April 10, 1796; died August 11, 1825. James Smith, July 24, 1798.Ebenezer Smith, born 1801, died December 25, 1857. 7. Almira Smith, October 17, 1803, died August 16, 1806. 8. John Smith, February 28, 1806, died October 5, 1868. 9. Caroline Mary Smith, July 14, 1808, died March 7, -

Phebe (Warner) Smith, born January 6, 1792, married, January 29, 1823, James Olney, born June 29, 1789, died April 7, 1841; brother of Jesse Olney, the geographer. Children: I. Almira Olney, November 30, 1823; married Horace Kellogg, March 10, 1853. 2. Eliza Olney, June 5, 1825; married Clark Wilgers. 3. Thomas Jefferson Olney, October 12, 1826; married, October 26, 1865, Francis Thornley. 4. Caroline May Olney, May 29, 1828; married, February 26, 1857, James Barr. 5. James Clay, September 15, 1830; married, October 15, 1866, Katie Broderick. 6. John Marshall Olney, August 12, 1832. 7. Lafayette Olney, June 20, 1834.

James Smith, born July 24, 1798; married Rhoda Castle, and moved to Illinois. Children: Edmund J., Gad Warner, Lovina, Mary

Ann, Henry and Caroline.

Ebenezer Smith, born in 1801; married (first) Lovina Dean; (second), August I, 1838, Lucretia Books, of New Marlborough, and had Lemuel Smith, who married Jane Goodall, Horace Smith, who married Hannah Allen, and Sarah Smith. James Smith, who married Phebe Warner, was son of Ebenezer and Mary Smith; Ebenezer died May 4, 1799; Mary, November 21, 1819; their children: 1. Benjamin Smith, July, 1746. 2. Ebenezer Smith, March 16, 1748. 3. Anna Smith, December 13, 1749. 4. Sarah Smith, February 17, 1751. 5. Elizabeth Smith, February 11, 1753. 6. Perry Green Smith, August 3, 1756. 7. John Smith, April 27, 1760. 8. James Smith, April 26, 1762; mentioned above. 9. Eunice Smith, July 8, 1764. 10. Daniel Smith, August 20, 1769. 11. Stephen Smith, April 9, 1772. 12. Naomi Smith, September 2, 1774. 13. Susannah Smith, February 18, 1777. 14. Lucy Smith, November 24, 1780.

(II) Jason, son of Captain Samuel Warner, was born at New Marlborough, May 8, 1773; died March 11, 1838. He married, December 9, 1795. Almira Bushnell Churchill, born April 28, 1776, died October 21, 1834, at New Marlborough. Children: I. Samuel, mentioned below. 2. Cullen, mentioned below. 3. George Yary, February 6, 1799; died July 11, 1878. 4. Theron, November 13, 1800; died January 23, 1864. 5. Animi, October 27, 1802; died February 22, 1886. 6. Jason, Jr., January 20, 1806; died April 2, 1867. 7. Almira, May 27, 1810; died September 28, 1873. 8. Eliza, April 6, 1815; died October 28, 1848. 9. Mary, February 2800; died May 27, 2800. ruary 3, 1820; died May 19, 1879.

(III) Samuel Makepeace, son of Jason Warner, was born at New Marlborough, October 11, 1796; died December 13, 1865, in Great Barrington, Massachusetts. He was a farmer most of his life and lived in Suffield. He married, May 14, 1817, Laura Norton, born December 1, 1797, died in Southwick, Massachusetts. Children: I. Jairus Norton, mentioned below. 2. Mary Elizabeth, August 3, 1837, at Southwick, Massachusetts; died June 17, 1864, at Great Barrington.

(III) Cullen, brother of Samuel Makepeace Warner, was born December 22, 1797, and died October 25, 1877; married, October 10, in Brookfield, died December 10, 1857, in Greenwich. Their children: I. Lucy Ann, married Henry W. Thayer. 2. Mary Amanda, married Baxter Whitcomb. 3. George Cooley, married Sarah E. Stacy. 4. Eliza Almira, married Jarvis Oldes. 5. Ann, married Thomas G. Carrick. 6. Jane Minerva, married (first) H. Vaughn; (second) H. W. Thayer. 7. Maria. 8. Phebe, married (first) John Carrick; (second) Nathan A. Beals. 9. Caroline. 10. Laura Ann, married Merriam King. In 1910 Mary, Ann, Phebe and Laura were surviving.

(IV) Jairus Norton, son of Samuel Warner, was born November 26, 1827, in New Marlborough, and died in Sheffield, Massachusetts, October 30, 1904. He attended the public schools. When a young man he embarked in business as a grain dealer at Great Barrington, Massachusetts, and continued until the civil war. After the war he removed to Sheffield, where he was occupied in farming to the time of his death. He was a prominent and influential citizen and served the town of Sheffield as selectman and in other places of trust and honor. He was a member

of the Congressional Secreta. In public, he was a Den with the matter Clark and 1862, frame of the confidence of States of May, the risks for Secretary to the Clark and States of the Secretary of the Congression of Clark and States of the Secretary of the Congression of the Cong

24, 1871; married Alice L. Benjamin, April 12, 1893; lives at Sheffield; children: Clarence Herbert Jr. and two died in infancy.

the public schools, a boarding school and the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and was gradu-, ted in 1806 with the degree of M.D. He had in general practice at Litchfield, Connecticut, County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, the American Medical Assoiation, and the Jefferson Alumni Medical Asociation. He is medical examiner for the 'ew York Life Insurance Company, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, mpany, the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Inance Company, the Johns Hopkins Life In-Life Insurance Company and others. He is an the Litchfield Savings Bank. He married, Notermination of the second of the second 1870, daughter of Henry Bennett and Sarah mother lives with Dr. and Mrs. Warner. children. He and his father, Ezra Graves, were representatives to the general assembly

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The word Spoor is the Dutch for track or trail, and as a common noun is used to designate the traces left by an animal or man in the sand, the mud or the snow. The name is common to-day in Holland, although it is comparatively recent there, and it is not known when or how the name came to be applied to

the Dutch or the American family. In the original Dutch, the name is pronounced as though it were spelled Spore, the Dutch "oo" being like our long sound of "o," and it is likely that this pronunciation will account for the change in spelling the name to Spore, the spelling now used in several branches of the family. In some early family records in bibles the form Spoore has been found, as well as the forms Spur and Spurr. Spur is also the German equivalent of the Dutch Spoor.

and six children. In 1714 he was doubtless burnt by French and Indians at Skinnech-6. Saartje, baptized December 3, 1684. 7. Nicolas, baptized April 27, 1000. 8. Annetje,

(II) Johannes Spur, son of Jan Wybesse Spoor, was born in Albany, New York. In the census of 1714 of Dutchess county he is recorded as "Johannes Spoor, jungoor," and this established his relation to Jan or Johannes Spoor, his father. Also, at this time, there was in his family a man over sixty years of age, and this was evidently his father. He married, April 21, 1700, Mary Singer, born in England. They both lived in Kingston at the time, and four of his children are recorded baptized there in 1701-03-11-20. Three children

dren are recorded at Albany. He was one of the petitioners from Ulster county in a petition of the "Protestants of America to King William III.," dated December 30, 1701. He was a wheelwright by trade. He was a member of the Linlithgow church in August 22, 1722, being one of the early members. His daughter Joanna had been baptized two years earlier at Rochester (Ulster county), according to the Kingston records. In 1731 he was called Captain, and purchased of the Indians, for thirty pounds and a suit of clothes, six hundred acres of land on Egremont Plain, in Berkshire county, Massachusetts. At this time he had with him three younger sons, Isaac, Jacob and Cornelius, and after settling his sons on these lands he returned to New York state, as he joined the church at Albany from Kinderhook in 1740, and held the office of constable at Albany in 1735-36. Children: 1. Johannes, baptized July 13, 1701. 2. Sara, baptized November 28, 1703, at Kingston. 3. Henricus (or Hendrick), baptized January 13, 1706. 4. Abraham, baptized August 3, 1707, at Albany. 5. Dirk or Direck, baptized April 30, 1710, at Albany, mentioned below. 6. Isaac, baptized September 30, 1711, at Kingston. 7. Jacob. 8. Cornelius. 9. Joanna, baptized January 10, 1720, at Raysester (Rochester).

(III) Direck, son of Johannes Spur, was born January 28, 1710, at Albany. He married, May 1, 1733, Christina Bresie Van Alstyne, who was born May 10, 1712. They lived in Sheffield, Massachusetts, in 1762. At the time of his marriage he lived at Catskill, New York, where his first child was born, and he next lived at Copake. He was a farmer, and settled on the Under Mountain road, in Sheffield, about three miles west of the village, directly under Mount Everett. He died May 28, 1780, and his wife died June 12, 1795. They were buried in a private cemetery near their original home, but in May, 1879, they were removed with others of the family to the village cemetery at Sheffield, where a monument was erected by some of their descendants. Children: 1. Nicholas, born May 24, 1734. 2. Mary, May 30, 1736. 3. John, May 14, 1738. 4. Catlina, May 12, 1740. 5. Sarah, August 19, 1742. 6. Gesia, December 12, 1744. 7. Hannah, October 13, 1747. 8. Abraham, January 29, 1749. 9. Isaac Derick (men-

tioned below).

(IV) Isaac Derick, son of Direck Spur, was born in Sheffield, September 22, 1752. He married Diadamia Smith, who was born in 1759, and their children were born at Sheffield. He was a soldier in the revolution, where he served in Captain William Fellow's company of matrosses twice, in 1777 and again in 1780. He lived on the old homestead west of Sheffield, Under Mountain road. He died July 15, 1827, and his wife died August 20, 1846. Children: I. Christina, born January 15, 1779. 2. Moses, September 16, 1780; mentioned below. 3. Lavinia, May 15, 1783. 4. Cornelius, February 11, 1787. 5. Derick Isaac, October 25, 1789. 6. Mary, March 7,

(V) Moses, son of Isaac Derick Spur, was born in Sheffield, September 16, 1780. He married Hannah Holmes, born 1784. He was a farmer, and lived on the original homestead. While riding with his wife they were thrown from the carriage and were both fatally injured. He lived but a short time, and his wife survived him only a few weeks. The horse he was driving was a young mare that afterwards became famous under the name of Flora Temple. He died June 3, 1846. Children: I. Charles, born July 22, 1810; mentioned below. 2. Squire, April 18, 1812. 3. Isaac, June 6, 1814. 4. Mary Lovinia, April 6, 1816. 5. Henry, August 11, 1818. 6. Hannah, June 1, 1820. 7. Andrew Jackson, June 14, 1828. 8. Edwin Williamson, March 23,

1830.

(VI) Charles, son of Moses Spur, was born July 22, 1810. He married (first) June 2, 1836, Susan Cook, of Sheffield. He was a successful farmer and fruit grower, on a farm about four miles south of the original Spoor farm. His wife died January 7, 1859, and he married (second) November 30, 1859, Emily Hall. He was representative from Sheffield in the Massachusetts legislature in 1850. He died April 29, 1889, and his widow died November 10, 1895. Children: 1. Thaddeus, born March 11, 1837; died February 22, 1839. 2. Henry Renselaer, born September 29, 1839. 3. Frances Hannah, May 10, 1842; married, October 29, 1862, Jairus N. Warner, of Great Barrington and Sheffield (see Warner IV). 4. Charles Erwin, born October 5, 1847. 5. Mary Lavinia, August 4, 1850, teacher in New York, 1871-74 (institution for improved instruction of deaf mutes); afterwards continued instruction in private family at East Orange, New Jersey; married, November 6, 1884, Theodore F. Dexter, of Salisbury, Connecticut, and removed to Litchfield, Connecticut, 1900. 6. George, born August 16, 1852; died December 31, 1856.

WHITTEMORE more is identical with Whitmore, which is a more common spelling in the English family.

more common spelling in the English family. The name is of local origin, the original fam-

it, taking their name of an the manus of March here or Waterners of Star alline Inqueror to Ricardus Forestarius, according to the Danie and the Committee of a tenants Ulfac, Aldwin, Arnulf and Avisa. It

of the place over do Williams after Seal Light from the Company of the heading of

Fo hill, Staffordshire, and Prodford, Salop. The family was originally designated by the name of a farm: Poto and Potor's or New iell, from a Norman estate. The first Duke or Brittany, Godfrey, was of this family, a firmanne.

nanc of the father of William de Botrel (1000-35) and his brother, Peter de Botrel, is unknown. William had a son William (1158 01)

a s a Relulió y Palitic

(III) Ralph de Botrel, born 1152, died 1171; married twice. His son William by the first wife married Avisa de Whitmore. Wil-

rays to who had no ne to have will be a con-Las is not the American line. That descends in in the second wife, by her son Ralph de Potrel, and not by Rad Fitz Wetmore (1200all! an illegitimate son. Rad had a son Will le Hora d'annous aparts

(IV) Ralph de Botrel had a son, Sir John. (V) Sir John de Whitmore married Agnes

- (1252-76-) and had at least three sons: 10 n, Lord of Whitmore, founder of what the married Alice Fenners, had son Philip (VII), Ralph (VI).

White ce, warms' Martine 11270.

(VII) Richard of Whitmore married Susannah, daughter of Sir Philip Draycote, knight, and had: Jane, married John Blunt; John Chetwind; Christina, married Richard Fleetwood; Philip.

(VIII) Philip Whitmore married Thomas-ine, daughter of Richard Oliver (?), and had

a son Richard Whitmore.

(IX) Richard Whitmore, son of Philip Whitmore, married (first) a daughter of Sir R.M. May to married the series of regiment

Whitmore, married Christina Vaux, daughter

Robert, who was the heir. without issue, 1559; John, living in 1545; Charles, died 1568; Thomas, living in 1550. Thomas Whitmore, as will be seen later.

Thomas to Malden, Massachusetts, and John to Stamford, Connecticut. Thomas, of Malden, is the ancestor of most of the American Whittemores. John Whitmore, of Stamford, had a daughter Elizabeth and son John Whittemore, who was of age in 1649, lived at Stam-

ford and Middletown, Connecticut.

(XVII) Thomas Whittemore, son of Thomas Whitmore, was born at Hitchin, Hertfordshire, England. He came to New England prior to 1640, for at that time he was in Charlestown, Massachusetts, on the Mystic side, which later was the town of Malden, and signed a petition with neighbors for better privileges in 1640. He bought land there of Mr. John Cotton in 1645. This lot adjoined his home lot and is now in the city of Everett, Massachusetts. It remained in the Whittemore family until May 1, 1845, over two hundred years after he bought it. The site of the first dwelling place is not known. He married (first) -; (second) Sarah Deardes, April 14, 1623, in England. She was buried November 17, 1628. He married (third) Hannah ----, who, according to her deposition in 1662, was born in 1612. She married (second) Benjamin Butterfield, June 3, 1663, at Chelmsford, Massachusetts. Thomas Whittemore died at Malden, May 25, 1661. His will was proved June 25, 1661. Children of Thomas Whittemore were: Sarah, baptized April 14, 1616; Mary, baptized May 12, 1624; Thomas, baptized October 6, 1626, lived in England; Daniel, baptized July 31, 1633; England; Daniel, Daphtzed July 31, 1033, John, baptized April 27, buried April 29, 1635; Nathaniel, baptized May 1, 1636, married Mary Knower, left no male descendants; John, baptized February 11, 1638-39; Elizabeth; Benjamin, died July 16, 1726; Thomas; Samuel, died September 15, 1726; Peletiah; Abraham, died Langury, 1760-04.

Abraham, died January 14, 1690-91. (XVIII) Daniel, son of Thomas Whitte-more, was born in Hitchin, Hertfordshire, England, and baptized there July 31, 1633. He married Mary, daughter of Richard Mellins, of Charlestown, March 7, 1662. Richard Mellins removed from Charlestown to Weymouth, where he was admitted a freeman, September

7. 1030. Daniel Whittemore inherited the homestead from his father and settled on it. He bequeathed the homestead to his sons Daniel and John, the latter being the father of John Whittemore, of Leicester. The will was nuncupative and was not proved until two years after his death. His widow Mary was the administratrix. Children of Daniel Whittemore: Daniel, born April 27, 1663, died September 21, 1756; John, February 12, 1664-65, died 1730; Thomas, March 5, 1667; Mary, February 15, 1668-69; Nathaniel, February 7,

1670; Peletiah, 1680; James.

(XIX) John, son of Daniel Whittemore, married Ruth Bassett. She and her sister, Lydia Bassett, who married his brother, Daniel Whittemore, were daughters of Joseph Bassett, son of the emigrant, William Bassett, who came over in the "Fortune" in 1621, lived at Duxbury, Massachusetts, in 1637, was deputy to the general court in 1640-41-42-43-44; Bassett joined Governor Bradford and others in the purchase of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, and removed to Bridgewater, where he died in 1667. John Whittemore died in 1730. His wife Ruth was appointed administratrix, April 3, 1730. His whole estate was appraised at five hundred and three pounds. Children of John and Ruth Whittemore were: John, born September 12, 1694; Jeremiah; Joseph; Benjamin; Patience; David, April 6, 1706; Deborah, March 1, 1707-08; Peletiah, October 30, 1710.

(XX) Jeremiah Whittemore, son of John Whittemore, was born in Malden, Massachusetts, 1695. He married (first) in Boston, March 15, 1722, Patience, seventh daughter of Israel and Mary Reed, of Woburn, Massachusetts. She was born December 3, 1699, died in Weston, October 24, 1745; she was received in the Weston Church from the church in Chelsea, February 26, 1726-27. They were then living in Weston. He married (second) May 10, 1746, Abigail Wooley, of Concord. He died in Concord, Massachusetts, March 31, 1783, aged eighty-eight years. His children were by the first wife: Jeremiah, born in Concord, August 16, 1723; Isaac, born in Weston, Massachusetts, November 15, 1726, Weston, Massachuseus, November 13, 1720, married, May 9, 1751, Ruth Bullard, who died October 10, 1764; Patience, January 20, 1729-30; Israel, July 10, 1732; Asa, August 7, 1736, died April 12, 1746.

(XXI) Jeremiah Whittemore, son of Jerentin Married Paril 12, 1746.

miah Whittemore, was born in Concord, Massachusetts, August 16, 1723, died at Spencer, Massachusetts, May 14, 1803. He went from Weston to settle in Spencer in 1760. Some of his children were born before he moved, some after. He married Mary Carter. Their children were: Amos, died 1751; Asa, born November 10, 1749; Reuben, April 29, 1754; Mary, born in Weston; Tamar, June 18, 1756; Sybil, January 17, 1758; Aaron, Spencer, March 1, 1762, mentioned below; Esther, Spencer, December 28, 1764; Jeremiah, Spencer, February 21, 1766; Sarah, Spencer,

March 16, 1768.

(XXII) Aaron Whittemore, son of Jeremiah Whittemore, was born at Spencer, March 1, 1762. He lived in Spencer and Leicester. He count will have enthing type is not give the country of thing to the country of the country o

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(XXIV) Dr. Franklin J. Whittemore, son at the American Massachusetts, January 15, 1828. He attended the public schools and the Williston Standard of the Plymouth, Connecticut, and rapidly built up a reputation for skill and good judgment and became much beloved and honored in the community. He held various offices of trust and honor in the community. He removed to New Haven in May, 1868, and for officen years had a large and herative practice in that city. He was surgeon general of the state of Connecticut on the staff of Governity and the staff of Connecticut on the staff of Governity and the staff of Firey, Jr. (see Terry VIII). She died in April, 1864. Children: Dr. Frank I milton, mentioned below: William Richardar (Charl Like

(XXV) Dr. Frank Hamilton Whittemore, 1 of Dr. Franklin J. Whittemore, was born attended the Hopkins Grammar School of New Haven, and studied his profession in the ladlevue Medical School of New York, graduing in the class of 1875. He was on the staff of the Jersey City Charity Hospital for two years. Then he located at New Haven, where he has been in general practice since, and one of the leading physicians of the city. He is a member of the State, County and City Medical Associations and the Graduates Club. He married, October 19, 1876, Amelia, born January 26, 1854, daughter of Isaac T. and Martha A. (Ingersoll) Rogers, of Milford. They have one son, Edward Reed, born July 23, 1877, was educated in St. Paul's School at Concord, Massachusetts, and graduated from Yale with class of 1808; studied medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, graduating in 1902; was interne at the Roosevelt Hospital in New York, and was also at the Sloan Maternity Hospital in New York. He returned to New Haven and is associated with his father in the practice of

medicine and surgery at 69 Elm street, New Haven. He is attending surgeon at St. Raphael's Hospital and assistant surgeon at the New Haven Hospital. He married, June 23, 1900, Phyllis Annie, born August 11, 1883, daughter of Alexander Hall Roe, of Napanee, Ontario, Canada.

The second second

metals. He originated the shelf clock, thus with a shop in the rear on Plymouth Hill, near the center. He built two houses in ner, granddaughter of John Warner and

1799, mentioned below; Henry; James; Silas Burnham; Sarah Warner; Huldah; George; Lucinda; Stephen, born 1841; Edwin, born

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(VII) Eli (2), son of Eli (1) Terry, was born at Plymouth, June 25, 1799. He was educated in the common schools and learned his father's business. He lived first at Plymouth Hollow, near Thomastown. In 1835 he came to Terryville and built his house and two shops, locating on a water privilege there. He had a large business in the manufacture of clocks and before the days of railroads used to act as salesman himself from time to time, making trips to the southern states and elsewhere. Terryville was named for him. He built many houses and was active in public affairs and in the church. He was a member of the church at Plymouth Hill and afterward one of the founders of the church at Terryville in 1838. He became wealthy, though his career was cut short at the age of forty-two. He was a potent influence for good in the community and universally respected. much of the business in his day was done by barter and little on a cash basis, he had to keep a general store, and much of his product in the clock factory was sold through peddlers. His business was sold to Hiram Welton & Company, who failed in 1845. The factory was standing at last accounts, being used afterwards for the manufacture of locks. The old water wheel is still in place. He married, September 6, 1821, Samantha McKee. Children, born at Plymouth: James, July 5, 1823; Andrew, December 19, 1824; Eunice, October 28, 1827; Welles, August 22, 1830; Willard, March 22, 1832; Fallah, November 5, 1833, mentioned below; Lucinda, October 28, 1836; Eli, September 8, 1840.

(VIII) Fallah, daughter of Eli (2) Terry, was born November 5, 1833, at Plymouth. She married Franklin J. Whittemore (see

Whittemore XXIV).

WHITTEMORE

(XX) Joseph Whittemore, son of John Whittemore (q. v.), was born at Malden, Massachusetts, in 1698, died May 15, 1742. He married, October 9, 1734. Ann Slate, at Mansfield, Connecticut, Children, born at Mansfield: Joseph, July 4,

1738-39: Elizabeth Williams, July 19, 1741. (XXI) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Winittemore, was born at Mansfield, July 4, 1736. He married there, November, 1763, Sarah Howe, who died July 17, 1802. Children, born at Mansfield: Joseph, April 11, 1764; Samuel, January 12, 1767, mentioned

1736, mentioned below; Ann, February 6,

below; Shubael, February 28, 1771; Sarah,

December 24, 1779.

(XXII) Samuel, son of Joseph (2) Whittemore, was born at Mansfield, January 12, 1767. He married, January 1, 1794, at Mansfield, Sally Walls, born May 11, 1773, at Hebron. Connecticut, and died about 1802. Children: Evelina, born at Mansfield, December 29, 1796, died September 15, 1862; Harriet Howe, July 11, 1798, died September 12, 1844; Williams Howe, mentioned below; Julia Ann Sally, born at Bolton, May 13, 1802, died at

Granby, December 6, 1833.

(XXIII) Rev. Williams Howe Whittemore, son of Samuel Whittemore, was born at Bolton, Connecticut, February 2, 1800, died at Rye, New York, July 25, 1885. He was a Congregational clergyman, a graduate of Yale College, 1825, and Divinity School, 1828. He married, at Rye, New York, December 22, 1831, Maria Clark, born at New York City, January 16, 1803, died at Brooklyn, New York, February 25, 1886. Children: 1. William Clark, born at Charlton, Massachusetts, December 16, 1833; married (first) Mary Elizabeth Babcock, at New Haven, October, 1865; she was born July 22, 1839, died at New Haven, December 29, 1865; married (second) at Chicago, Illinois, November 27, 1883, Sally Adams Wilcox. 2. Edward Payson, January 24, 1836; married, at Rye, New York, October 17, 1860, Caroline Amelia Loder, born April 2, 1839; eight children. 3. John Howard, October 3, 1837, mentioned below. 4. Emma Parsons, August 3, 1839; married, November 9, 1764, William Plumb Bacon, born at Middletown, Connecticut, April 17, 1837; resided at New Britain; four children.

(XXIV) John Howard, son of Rev. Williams Howe and Maria (Clark) Whittemore, was born at Southbury, New Haven county, Connecticut, October 3, 1837, died in Naugatuck, Connecticut, May 28, 1910. He began his education in his native town, and at the early age of ten years entered the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell, in New Haven, remaining five years. His intention was to enter Yale College, but unforeseen circumstances led to his abandonment of a college career, and at the age of sixteen, his academic course being completed, he went to New York, where he engaged in the employ of Shepard & Morgan, commission merchants. In 1857 the firm went out of business, and he was for a few months in the private office of Edwin D. Morgan, Sr. In March, 1858, he removed to Naugatuck, and was there in the employ of E. C. Tuttle & Company, manufacturers of farm



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Mr. Whittemore was the prime mover in all this plendid type of the old-school Eastern manufacturing domitable industry and phenomenal ability. In the early days the only market for the production of the product

unger men who had grown up in his employ, but maintaining an intelligent advisory

relation to the general management.

While the name of Mr. Whittemore is principally associated with the iron interests of the country, he was also widely known in rail-man, and of its executive committee. He was among the incorporators of the Colonial Trust Company, was its first vice-president, and inally succeeded the late David S. Plume in the presidency, only relinquishing that position in the November prior to his death, when he retired, but continuing to act as a director and hairman of the executive committee.

Mr. Whittemore's public spirit and artistic taste found exemplification in many improvements of lasting value. The beautiful Naugatuck passenger railway station was erected more in a superior of the beautiful surroundings and the fine broad approach from Church-street. He gave to the town the new high

school, a building of noble arentecture and complete equipment, and a part of the sustaining fund; and he was donor of the Salein grammar school, and of the public library, and the sustaining fund which is expected to in rease and become sufficient for the maintenance of the institution. He gave largely to the work of endowing and improving the Green, moving the Soldiers' Monument, building the drinking fountain, and providing the equipment for the children's playground on the land adjoining the Green, fifteen years ago given by George A. Lewis for a public park. Mr. Whittemore and Bronson B. Tuttle were the largest subscribers to the fund for building the new Congregational church and parish house. Nor was Naugatuck, his own home town, the only beneficiary of Mr. Whittemore, At Waterbury, at a cost of \$350,000, he erect-

presented to the Waterbury Hospital for a maintenance fund, on condition that Waterbury should contribute \$250,000 for the building of a hospital, and which was accomplished through the generous subscriptions of other public-spirited citizens. Mr. Whittemore also took special interest in the Gaylord Farm Sanitorium, which he served as a director, and to which he afforded much of his time and generously of his means. At Middlebury he purchased various farms bordering Lake Quassapaug, where he built a cottage, and afterward a larger house, and greatly beautifed all these places and their surroundings. He was a liberal supporter of the Westover school, and president of the corporation. In politics Mr. Whittemore was a consistent Republican, but avoided all political honors; was researched to the recent constitutional convention.

He was a lover and collector of the best examples of literature and art, and owned a superb collection of Whistler's paintings. He was a self-made man and used his gifts and his fortune unselfishly.

He married, in June, 1863, at Naugatuck, Julia Spencer, horn October 29, 1839, daughter of —— Harris, Children, born at Naugatuck: 1. Harris, November 25, 1864; president of the Naugatuck Malleable Iron Company; married, September 21, 1802, Justine Morgan Brockway, daughter of Oscar Brockway, of New York City; children; Harris J., born March 17, 1804; Helen Brockway, June 12, 1807; Gertrude Spencer, June 23, 1903, 2, John Howard, February 24, 1872, died May

28, 1887. 3. Gertrude Buckingham, August 31, 1874. 4. Julia, May 14, 1876, died July 31, 1876.

Alfred Gregory was born in GREGORY 1803 at Ridgefield Connecticut, and died in 1867 at Red-

ding, Connecticut. He attended the public schools of his native town. He came to Redding when a young man and learned the trade of blacksmith, which trade, with farming, he followed all his life. He was a useful citizen, taking a lively interest in public affairs. He was a Republican. He was a member of the Congregational church. He married (first) Huldah Barlow, born at Redding; he married (second) Eunice Tupper, born 1822, at Rush, Pennsylvania, died June, 1901, at Redding. Children of first wife: I. Stephen Barlow, died in 1895. 2. Frances, school teacher, married Leroy Stowe, a Methodist minister, now retired at Westfield, New Jersey. 3. Sarah, a school teacher, married Henry Bates, a farmer in Ridgefield, Connecticut, now deceased. 4. Fannie, deceased, was a school teacher in Ridgefield. 5. Peter O., residing in Ridgefield, Connecticut. 6. Charles Alfred, now in Ridgefield. 7. Daniel Diamond, residing in Waterbury, Connecticut. Children of second wife: 8. Frederick Har-Children of second whe: 8. Frederick Flar-vey, mentioned below. 9. Julia, resides in Bethel, Connecticut. 10. Mason Tupper, died at Redding, in 1881, aged twenty-one years. (II) Frederick Harvey, son of Alfred

Gregory, was born at West Redding, Connecticut, December 31, 1850. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. When a young man he worked in Cleveland, New York, for four years, engaged in lumbering. He then returned to Waterbury and resided there until 1879 then moved to Bridgeport, and from 1872 until 1887 was in the railroad business on the Naugatuck railroad. In 1887 this railroad was leased to the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. Since the consolidation he has been a conductor on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, western division. He is a member of Pequonic Lodge, No. 4, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a Republican. Mrs. Gregory is a communicant of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church. He married, October 14, 1880, Annie Bronson Scoville. born Watertown, Connecticut, daughter of

William Scoville (see Scoville VI).

## (The Scoville Line).

(I) John Scoville or Scofield was born in England, settled early in Farmington, Connecticut, and died in 1712. He removed to Waterbury and thence to Haddam, Connecticut. He married, March 29, 1666, Sarah, daughter of Thomas Barnes. Children: John, mentioned below, William and Benjamin.

(II) John (2) Scoville, "ye soon of John of Haddam," according to the town records of Waterbury, married Hannah Richards, "ye daughter of Obadiah Febra 6, 1693." She died at Waterbury, March 5, 1720, and he died January 26, 1726-27. Children, born at Waterbury: John, January 12, 1694; Obadiah, April 23, 1697, died February 23, 1718-19; Sarah, October 24, 1700; William, September 7, 1703, mentioned below; Hannah, March 10, 1706-07: Edward, February 12, 1710-11.

19, 1706-07; Edward, February 12, 1710-11.

(III) William, son of John (2) Scoville, was born at Waterbury, September 7, 1703. He married (first) April 17, 1729, Hannah, daughter of John Richards. She died April 1, 1741, and he married (second) Elizabeth, daughter of James Brown, June 16, 1742. She died May 6, 1752, and he married (third) Desire Sanford, widow of Caleb Cooper, of New Haven. William Scoville died March 5, 1755, and his widow married Deacon Jonathan Garnsey. Children of first wife: Anna, born March 25, 1731; James, January 27, 1732-33; Samuel, November 4, 1735; Abijah, December 27, 1738. Children of second wife: William, February 9, 1744-45, mentioned below; Darius, May 15, 1746.

low; Darius, May 15, 1746.

(IV) William (2), son of William (1) Scoville, was born in Waterbury, February 9, 1744-45, died August 13, 1827. A William Scoville, credited to the town of Haddam was in the revolution. He married Sarah, daughter of Samuel Brown, December 24, 1767. He resided in Waterbury and Watertown. He was a farmer and deacon of the church. Children, the first three of whom were born at Waterbury, the others recorded at Watertown: Bethel, born June 6, 1769, died June 6, 1775; Elizabeth, July 31, 1771, died January 14, 1774; William, September 29, 1775, died October 16, 1779; Elizabeth, July 31, 1777; Eliza, August 4, 1783, married Rev. Elias Scoville; Samuel, mentioned below.

(V) Samuel Brown, son of William (2) Scoville, was born July 11, 1786, died in 1866. He lived and died in Watertown, where he followed farming all his life. He married, in Plymouth, February 27, 1811, Ruth Langdon, of Watertown. Children, born at Watertown: I. Sarah Elizabeth, born September 23, 1812; married Milo Hoadley, April 27, 1831, who removed to California in 1849, died May 6, 1887; Mrs. Hoadley died in San Francisco in 1890, aged seventy-eight years. 2. Mary Langdon, born October 26, 1817; married (first) Josiah Dayton, December 25,

1837. (second) Garger S. Alm. M. Leville and H. Harrison in Harrison by the gen-

(A.L. Walliam 13) and summed arown So ville, we born in Waterman De may any 1821, died in Bridgeport, June 30, 1800. He was reared on his father's farm, educated in district schools, and he taught school in Watertown three years; then left home and went west, settling in Ohio and engaging in the mercantile business. After a few years he was called home, owing to his mother's illness, ceeded after his father's death. In addition to farming, he also for a number of years drove the stage and carried the mail to Hartford. He was a member of the Protestant had two children: 1. Mary Harriet, born Auler, born April 14, 1848, died October 1, 1852. He married (second) December 21, 1852, 14, 1905, daughter of Joseph Perry and Hannah Bronson, granddaughter of Dr. Abel and Esther (Beecher) Bronson, of an old Wateroury family. Their only child was Annie Bronson, born August 28, 1860, married Frederick Harvey Gregory, of Bridgeport (see Gregory II).

John Andrews (or Andrus), ANDREWS the immigrant ancestor, was one of the early settlers, and in 1672 one of the eighty-four proprietors of

the ancient town of Tunxis named afterward "ffarming-town," Tunxis being then as much a name of a tribe of Indians as it was of the river and lands they occupied, and claimed as proprietors. He came over in 1645. John Andrews was a farmer, and lived on the east side of the river, near to where the canal aqueduct was made, about two miles north of the village of Farmington. His wife's name was Mary, and she united with the church there, April 2, 1654, with her sons, then under the age of thirteen years. John joined the Congregational church of Farmington, May 9, 1658. In a list of forty-two families in full communion of the church in 1679, which list seems to be graded and ranked with reference to "dignity and standing," a neighbor of Deacon Isaac Moore and Capferred to as associated with them in public business. He and Captain Standley actually bought from the Indians real "black lead"

was made a freeman in Hartford by the general court. May 20, 1658. In 1681 he died and his wife died in May, 1694. He and lands in Simsbury by thirteen Indians, and the probability is that they met at his home when it was executed, one year before he died. He was a landholder in Hartford, and also owner of much other land. He left a very complete will, bequeathing to his wife, children, and grandchildren. Children: 1, Mary, ruary 26, 1647. 4, Abraham, October 31, May 26, 1651, mentioned below. 7, Rachel

 of the sawmill that belonged to their father. He died in 1719, probably, for the inventory of his estate was then taken by Jabez Whittlesey and Joseph Andrus, as appraisers. The society at Newington voted December 2, 1722, to pay widow Elizabeth Andrus, for sweeping the meeting house. In 1722, their children had distributed to them seventeen pounds of their uncle William's estate, he having been lost at sea. Children: 1. Jemima, born October 2, 1705. 2. Joseph, May 5, 1707, mentioned below. 3. Rebecca, February 3, 1708. 4. Phineas, May 26, 1711. 5. Timothy, July

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Benjamin Andrews, was born about 1707, and baptized June 22, 1707, by Rev. Stephen Mix, of old Wethersfield. He married, April 3, 1746, Sarah, daughter of Captain Robert and Abigail Wells, of Newington. Joseph Andrews was a wealthy farmer, and left a large estate, to his family, by will, his son Levi being executor. He was chosen one of the standing committee of the church in Newington, October 29, 1761; he and his wife were both members of that church when Rev. Mr. Belden settled there, 1747. He died September 14, 1775, of fever, at the house of his son Levi, in New Britain, aged sixty-nine, where he went to nurse Levi who was sick with fever, but Levi recovered, while the father died; he was carried to Newington, on men's shoulders, on a bier, some two or three miles, although it was very muddy. This custom was common as the convenience of a hearse was not known then in country places. The will of widow Sarah Andrews was dated May 11, 1782. She died June 4, 1793, aged seventy-seven years; her grave is in the cemetery near the Congregational church, in the parish of Newington, town of Wethersfield, where also lie many of the Andrews family, descendants of the early settlers of that place. Children: I. Levi, born February 23, 1747, mentioned below. 2. Ruth, born 1751; died young. 3. Elias, February 16, 1753. 4. Sarah, January 12, 1756.

(V) Levi, son of Joseph (2) Andrews, was born in Wethersfield, February 23, 1747. He married, December 20, 1770, Chloe Wells, of Newington, daughter of Captain Robert and Abigail (Burnham) Wells. She was born May 31, 1746, and was a quiet, unassuming woman, a great lover of order and home, a devoted Christian. He took the "half-way covenant" in Newington, May 8, 1768, and both joined Dr. Smalley's church, May 5, 1771, in New Britain, he on profession, she by letter. He bought a farm in New Britain about the time of his marriage, and occupied it during his life; it was in the south part of Stan-

ley quarter, so called, and was one of the best farms in town. In 1775 he was sick of the fever from which he recovered although his father died. He was executor to his father's estate. He was clerk and treasurer of the Ecclesiastical Society several years; he was made one of the standing committee of Dr. Smalley's church in 1807. He held rank of ensign in the company of militia in New Britain, and ever after held this title. He was appointed in 1782 by the town of Farmington to provide for soldiers' families. He was a very successful farmer, of kind, cheerful disposition, and a great lover and promoter of peace, Ensign Levi Andrews died May 8. 1826, aged eighty years. The widow died January 11, 1837, aged ninety-one. Many anecdotes and stories might be related of him. for he was exceeding fond of wit, notwithstanding he was one of the most substantial men of the town and took a lively interest in public affairs, especially in church and society matters. Children: 1. Levi, born October 8, 1771. 2. Chloe, November 16, 1774; died young. 3. Chloe, August 29, 1777. 4. Ethan Allen, April 7, 1787, mentioned below.

(VI) Professor Ethan Allen Andrews, son of Ensign Levi Andrews, was born April 7, 1787. He graduated at Yale Colloge in 1810, and studied law at Farmington. He commenced the practice of law in his native town in 1812. He married, December 19, 1810, Lucy Cowles, who was born January 20, 1789. She was daughter of Colonel Isaac and Lucina (Hooker) Cowles. Solomon Cowles, father of Colonel Isaac, had four brothers: Ezekiel, born November 17, 1721; James, September 25, 1723; Elijah, January 12, 1726; Amos, July 29, 1730. Children of Solomon Cowles were: i. Martha, born June 29, 1751. ii. Isaac, July 15, 1753. iii. Colonel Isaac, born July 31, 1756. iv. Solomon, February 20, 1758. v. Zenas, February 15, 1761. Professor Ether Aller and Solomon and Solomo fessor Ethan Allen Andrews was admitted to the church at New Britain August 5, 1821, during the great revival of that memorable year. His wife was admitted August 6, 1815, by letter from the Farmington church. He built on Stanley street, near his father's home in 1813. He taught a select school in a part of his house with good success for several years. He removed his family in 1829, and his church connection in 1832, to New Haven, where he had a select school for young ladies, and a like school in Boston subsequently. He was a professor of languages in the University of North Carolina for a time. After his return to his home, he represented his town in the state legislature for the year 1851. He was a magistrate and judge of probate court,

but he ame I he council and the first his literary taste and labor as a Latin author. In 1815 how the him the honorable degree of LL. D. He died in the midst of his literary labors, March 24, 1858, aged seventy years. He was gentlemanly in deportment, and was entimently a literary light of his age and country. On May 19, 1858, at the request of several prominent citizens of the place. Rev. Hubbard Winslow, of Boston, delivered a eulogy on the life and services of this distinguished man, at the Centre Church, of New Britain, to a very

ind published in Boston soon after. An inventory of his estate, amounting to twenty-three thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars and forty-eight cents, was made and presented to probate court, district of Berlin, June 15, 1858. He built a Gothic house in 1855, on the site of his father's old red one. Children: 1. Levi, born October 12, 1811, 2. Isaac Cowles, October 27, 1813, 3, Ann Lucy, April 27, 1815, 4, Julia Hooker, April 161

Samuel, August 5, 1823. 8. Mary, November 25, at Chapel Hill. 9. Ellen Amelia, May 27, 1829. 10. Elizabeth Cowles, December 9, 1829.

27, 1819. He graduated in the Academic Department of Yale College in 1841, and in the June 1, 1847, Julia Russel, daughter of Wilwas born July 24, 1826, and died Noried (second), May 14, 1868, Anna Maria Hoover, daughter of Harmon and Alvira was born November 2, 1847, at Alexandria, Ohio. Mr. Andrews practiced law in New Haven until about 1850, when he removed to New York City, and continued his profession there in 1871, with office at 55 Liberty street. Children, by first wife: 1. William Henry, born April 18, 1849, at New Haven; mentioned below. 2. Horace, March 19, 1852. 3. Ethan Allen, September 10, 1859. By second wife, Anna Marsh Hoover. 4. Frank Hoover, April 16, 1859. 5. John Harreld, November 19, 1859. ver, April 16, 1869. 5. John Harold, November 16, 1870, at Tarrytown, died April 7, 1872. 6. George Eugene, May 21, 1874. 7 Josephine Lucy, September 29, 1872, died January 9, 1891, 8, Harry, December 2, 1880, died May 26, 1900. 10. Guy, July 19, 1882. 11. Florence Evelyn, June 8, 1881.

(VIII) William Henry son of Horace An-

drews, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, April 18, 1849, and died September 6, 1910. He attended the private schools of Dr. Patten and Dr. Hull in New York City and the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. He studied his profession in the Columbia Law School and graduated with the degree of Lt. B. in 1869. He then became associated with his father in the practice of law, being admitted to the bar in 1870. He continued to practice with great success until 1994. Since then he has spent the greater part of his time at his beautiful country home at Portland, Connecticut. He was admitted to the bar in Connecticut in 1997. He was a member of the Portland Club. In Free Masonry he had a distinguishe! career. He was past worshipful master of Sagamore Lodge, No. 371,

of the Grand Council, Royal and Select Masters of New York; past district deputy grand master of New York; past chairman of appeals of the Grand Lodge of New York; chairman of the committee on antiquities. This committee has done much useful and interesting work. The library committee of the Grand Lodge of New York, in 1884, with the object of furnishing the rooms and gathering articles of interest, appointed a committee and in May, 1885, Grand Master William A. Brodie appointed three members of the Reading Committee to take charge of the articles collected and complete the collection of archeological objects and articles of Masonic interest. The committee consisted of the secretary of the reading-room committee and William II, Andrews was chairman. This committee on antiquities compiled, and the Grand Lodge of New York published, a book of great interest describing these Masonic antiquities in the possession of the Grand Lodge in 1905. He was a member of Palestine Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 18; of Phenix Chapter, No. 7, Royal Arch Masons. He had taken all the Scottish Rite degrees in Free Masonry, including the thirty-second and was a member of Meeca Temple, Mystic Shrine; Arqum Grotto, No. 7, Veiled Prophets; of the New York State Veteran Masonic Association; the Masonic Club of New York City. In politics he was a Democrat.

He married, October 28, 1881 Anina Atlida Nyborg, born in Denmark, April 10, 1862. They had no children.

ANDREWS Francis Andrews, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and settled in 1639, in Hartford, Connecticut. His home was at what is now the corner of Flm and Trinity streets.

He removed to Fairfield, and died there 1662-63. His will was dated June 16, 1662, proved March 5, 1663. Children: John, baptized September 27, 1646; Thomas, baptized January 2, 1648; Jeremiah; Abraham, mentioned below; Elizabeth; Mary; Esther; Rebecca; Hannah; Ruth.

(II) Abraham, son of Francis Andrews, was born about 1650, died between July I and December 31, 1729. He settled at Waterbury, Connecticut. He also lived at Farmington. He was one of twenty-six Farmington men who petitioned to have Waterbury granted as a plantation October 9, 1673. He was selectman of Waterbury in 1681. His home lot adjoined that of the minister. He built a house in 1704. He married Rebecca, sister of John Carrington, of Mattatuck (Waterbury). Children, recorded at Waterbury: Rebeckah, born December 16, 1672; Mary, March 10, 1674-75; Hannah, September 8, 1678; Abraham, October 14, 1680; Sarah, March 16, 1683-84; Rachel, July 11, 1686; John, mentioned below; Thomas, March 6, 1694. The Waterbury historian believes that the son Abraham was the first white child born in Waterbury. This honor has been claimed also for Richard Welton and John Warner.

(III) John, son of Abraham Andrews, was born at Waterbury, Connecticut, July 16, 1688. He was the first permanent settler in Gunntown, Waterbury. He served on various town committees. He married Martha, daughter of Thomas Warner. Children, born at Waterbury: William, mentioned below; Patience, born October, 1716; Ebenezer, April 29, 1719.

(IV) William, son of John Andrews, was born about 1715, at Waterbury. He married, February, 1736-37, Martha, daughter of James Williams. He married (second) ——. Children of first wife: Sarah, born January 17, 1737-38; Martha, June 3, 1740; James, December 19, 1743, killed by fall from a tree; William, mentioned below; John, October 28, 1747; Timothy, December 1, 1749; Mehitable; Diadema. Children of second wife: James: Ruth.

wife: James; Ruth.

(V) William (2), son of William (1) Andrews, was born April 5, 1745. He married, at Waterbury, May 6, 1766, Submit Frost. Children, born at Waterbury: Elizabeth, February 15, 1767; William, January 13, 1769, died young; Luther, July 2, 1770, died young; Philo, February 3, 1773; Luther, mentioned below; Cornelius; Anna, September 1, 1777; Laura, 1790, married Seth Thomas.

(VI) Luther, son of William (2) Andrews, was born at Waterbury, April 13, 1775. He was a farmer in Wolcott, Connecticut, or Allentown Center. He married a daughter of Seth Thomas. Children: Randal Thomas, mentioned below; Chester; Luther.

(VII) Randal Thomas, son of Luther Andrews, was born at Wolcott, 1798, died at Plymouth, Connecticut, January. 1831, aged thirty-three years. He married Philena, born 1800, died 1876, daughter of Michael and Rhoda (Hopkins) Blakeslee, of Plymouth. Children: Philinda, born 1822; Harriet; Randal Thomas, mentioned below.

(VIII) Randal Thomas (2), son of Randal Thomas (1) Andrews, was born in Plymouth Hollow, now Thomaston, Connecticut, in the same house in which he is now living, May 13, 1831. He received his education in the public schools, and at the age of fourteen began to work in the Seth Thomas clock factory, and continued in various responsible positions with the Seth Thomas Clock Company for many years. He became interested in the business conducted for many years under the name of R. T. Andrews & Company, dealers in furniture. While he continues in this business, he has given over the active management, and devotes little of his personal attention to it at the present time. He is a trustee of the Thomastown Savings Bank, having served from the time of its incorporation. He was a director of the Electric Light Company until it was sold. In politics he is a Democrat. He was selectman of the town of Plymouth, and represented Plymouth in the general assembly in 1873-74, and Thomaston in 1893-95, serving on important committees. He is senior warden of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church. Mr. Andrews has never married.

RANSOM Ransom is an English surname of considerable antiquity. Probably all the American families of this name are descended from Robert Ransom.

<sup>(1)</sup> Robert Ransom was born in England, either in Ipswich or Kent, according to the family historian, and came to Plymouth, Massachusetts, before 1654. He was admitted a freeman of the colony December 14, 1697. Children: 1. Mathew. born 1661: married Hannah Jones, March 6, 1682; settled in Saybrook, Connecticut. 2. Joshua, born at Sandwich about 1665, mentioned below. 3. Robert, married 1690, Anna Waterman. 4. Hannah, married Eleazer Jackson. 5. Mercy, married, July 26, 1692, Samuel Waterman. 6. Samuel, married Mercy Dunham. 7. Mary, married Nehemiah Pusse.

<sup>(</sup>II) Joshua, son of Robert Ransom, was born in 1665 at Sandwich, Massachusetts. He married (first), February 26, 1686, Mercy, daughter of John and Elishua Gifford. She

dnel () toda) 25, 1050, and lo a strong only. May, 20, 10, 250, in 250, 17. Plymouth. She died at Halifax, Massachusetts, March 16, 1735. Ransom died after 1718. It also have been died after 1718. It also have been died below.

Marchael Knight, Children of the second wife: 3. John, married Martha Ripley.

4. Sarah, married, at Plympton, Francis Curtical Lephym program of the Whiteham and the control of the second wife: 3. John, married Martha Ripley.

tis. 5. Joshua, married Mary Wright.

Was born in Wexford, Rhode Island, or vicinity, in 1087, and died, January 23, 1777. He settled in Colchester, Connecticut. He (Hubbell) Newton, granddaughter of Sergeant Hubbell, of Fairfield. She was also a descendant of Richard Smith. She removed to Colchester with her father. Children, born in Colchester: 1. John, November 15, 1709. 2. Mary, August 30, 1711. 3. James, March 13, 1713, mentioned below. 4. Joshua, May 3, 1715. 5. Robert, March 25, 1717. 6. Alice, September 6, 1719. 7. Newton, February 21, 1722. 8. Peleg, September 20, 1724. 9. Amos, February 17, 1727. 10. Elizabeth, May 1, 1729. 11. Amy, August 2, 1732.

(IV) James, son of Robert (2) Ransom, was born at Colchester, March 13, 1713, and married there, Sarah Treadway. He died at Colchester, March 1, 1773, and his wife, May 12, 1793. Children born at Colchester: I. Elias, February, 1736. 2, James, July 16, 1738, mentioned below. 3, Amasa, August 13, 1741. 4, Alice, September 20, 1743. 5, Asahel, May 30, 1746, mentioned below. 6, Lois, No. 1746, 1746, 7, 101 b, 1806. 12, 1751.

8. Israel, October 26, 1753.

was born at Colchester, July 16, 1738, and married there, December 15, 1757. Elizabeth Loonis. Both died at Colchester, James, August 12, 1823, and Elizabeth, June 12, 1823. He was a lieutenant in the revolutionary service, May 1 to December 17, 1775, from Colchester. Children, born at Colchester: 1. Olive, June 20, 1750. 2. Israel, July 21, 1760. 3. James. November 17, 1761, mentioned below. 4. Sarah, February 28, 1764. 5. Irenus, May 15, 1766. 6. Betty, July 5, 1768. 7. Joel, July 6, 1770. 8. Russell, May 16, 1772. Joel, July 6, 1770. 8. Russell, May 16, 1772. O. Son (twin) May 13, 1777. died May 23, 1777. 11, Jerusha, July 13, 1770.

(VI) James (3), son of James (2), Ran-1761, and married, February 2, 1786. Elizabeth Clarke. She died July 20, 1820, Children, born at Colchester: 1, Henry, March 23, 1787. 2. Frances, April 17, 1780. 3. Clarissa, 5. Clark, July 15, 1794. 6. Elias, September 6, 1796. 7. Horace, July 8, 1798, mentioned below. 8. Owen, June 30, 1800. 9. Lydia C., 11, Sarah Ann, October 22, 1804.

was born July 8, 1708, at Colchester, and married Sarah Southworth. He was a farmer by occupation, and owned a fine farm between Colchester and East Haddam. Child: Henry Gardner, born March 18, 1823, at East Had-

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(VIII) Henry Gardner, son of Horace Ransom, was born at East Haddam, March 18, 1823. After leaving school, he went south, and engaged in the lumber business with his father. He then went to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he was in business for four years. Later, he went to California for a few years, and finally returned to Norwich, where he bought the candy business of David L. Gale, located on Franklin Square, and was very successful in the business. At the breaking out of the civil war, he sold out to John C. Perkins, who had been a clerk in the employ of Mr. Gale. The business was continued by Mr. Perkins, with a partner, under the firm name of Perkins & Root, and in 1804, he assumed entire control.

Mr. Ransom, about 1865, bought a store in Grosvenordale, and also had a store in North Grosvenordale. He sold the former store to Thomas Hutchinson, who had been his clerk, and the latter to John Elliott. After this, he bought a farm in Iowa, and put a young man, who had lived in his family, in charge of it.

Later, he returned to North Grosvenordale, and bought back the store which he had formerly sold to John Elliott. They formed a partnership, under the firm name of Ransom & Elliott, and conducted the business successfully for many years. After the death of Mr. Ransom, Mr. Elliott continued alone until he was killed by lightning. Mr. Ransom retired about four years before his death, and went to live in Norwich, where he died, May 9, 1803. He married, May 31, 1848. Frances Mr. 1993. The married of Mr. Ransom, of Montville, Connecticut. He was a member of the Broadway Congregational Church of Norwich, as was also Mrs. Ransom.

(V) Asahel, son of James (1) Ransom, was born at Colchester, May 30, 1704, and married there, January 15, 1778. Sophia Little, who died April 5, 1821. He served in the revolution, in a New London company, and was a pensioner in 1832, together with his

brother James. He died at Colchester, April 6, 1835. Children, born at Colchester: 1. Justin, April 8. 1780. 2. Sophia, July 29, 1782. 3. Asahel, February 13, 1784. 4. Alice, December 5, 1785. 5. Statia, March 4, 1788. 6. Ephraim (twin), September 9, 1792. 7.

George (twin), mentioned below.

(VI) George, son of Asahel Ransom, was born September 9, 1792, at Colchester, and married (first) Fanny Billings. He married (second) Lucy Ann Cone, at East Haddam, February 26, 1834. She died at Colchester, December 24, 1859, and he died July 21, 1864, at Norwich and was buried at Colchester. Children of first wife: I. Sherwood Billings, April 20, 1820; married Abbie Payne, of Colchester; had two children, who died young; was in the express business in New London, Connecticut, and died in November, 1893. 2. Frances Ann, September 7, 1824. Colchester; married Henry Gardner Ransom, born at Colchester. Children of second wife: 3. George Reed, April 30, 1836. 4. Mary Adelaide, October 4, 1838. 5. Henry Asahel, January 23, 1841. 6. Ellen Louise, December 19, 1843. 7. William Cone, October 17, 1850.

Elias Hershey Sneath, Ph. D., SNEATH LL. D., formerly Professor of Philosophy in Yale University, and at present Lecturer in Ethics in the same institution, is a representative of a family undoubtedly of English origin, although the branch to which Professor Sneath belongs was

found in the north of Ireland. The name is English and is frequently found in England to-day. Of those in this country who bear the name the majority have come from England.

During the time when Oliver Cromwell reigned as Lord Protector, and immediately before and after that period, there was a large emigration from England to the north of Ireland because of the confiscation of lands. It was probably at this time that the founder of the Irish branch of the Sneath family left England. It is on record that William Sneath, a gentleman of Boston, England, was on the side of the parliament in the time of Cromwell. Sneath is still a common name in the Boston of Lincolnshire, the mother town of the Boston of Massachusetts.

The American branch of the Sneath family is traced through the following genera-

tions:

(I) Richard Sneath was born in 1751, in Londonderry, Ireland, and in 1774 came to America, settling in Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His death occurred October 24, 1824.

(II) William, son of Richard Sneath, mar-

ried a Miss Lingerfelter, of German parentage.

(III) Robert, son of William and Lingerfelter) Sneath, was a farmer. He married Mary Todd, of York county, Pennsylvania.

Jacob, son of Robert and Mary (Todd) Sneath, was born November 11, 1828. He married, October 23, 1853, Elizabeth Witmer, who was born August 19, 1833. She was fifth in descent from Peter Witmer, who came to Philadelphia, August 28, 1733, by the ship "Hope," of London, from Rotterdam, Daniel Jay, Master. Peter Witmer was born in 1708, married Anne Catharine Bachman, and died in 1792. Jacob, son of Peter Witmer, married Susannah -----Daniel, son of Jacob Witmer, married Elizabeth Wissler, and died in 1834. Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Witmer, was born in 1808, married Anna, daughter of William and Mary (Herr) Hershey, and died in 1896. She was a direct descendant of Hans Herr, one of the founders of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel (2) Witmer, became the wife of Jacob Sneath, as mentioned above. Jacob Sneath was a prominent citizen of Columbia, Pennsylvania. He was conspicuous in the business, civic and political life of the

(V) Elias Hershey, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Witmer) Sneath, was born August 7, 1857, in Mountville, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. He graduated from Lebanon Valley College, Annville, Pennsylvania, in 1881, and from Yale Theological Seminary in 1884. Later he pursued studies in the graduate department of Yale, receiving the degree of Ph. D. in 1890. He had been instructor at several important institutions of learning before succeeding to his present position. Professor Sneath is a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, a member of the American Philosophical Association, the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Science, National Religious Educational Association, New Haven Historical Society, etc. He organized and edited the "Modern Philosoorganized and edited the Modern Philosophers Series," also the "Ethical Series." He is author of "The Philosophy of Reid," "The Ethics of Hobbes," "The Mind of Tennyson," "Philosophy and Poetry," "Wordsworth: Poet of Nature and Poet of Man." He organized and is joint author of a series of books embodying a graded system of moral instruction by the indirect method-teaching morals through literature, biography and history. This is the first contribution of this character that has yet been made to education.

Professor Sneath married, June 19, 1890,



E. Stroken Sneuth



also of Samuel Stocking, one of the original settlers of Middletown, Connecticut, Professor and Mrs. Sneath have three children; Herbert Camp, Katherine Williams and Richard Sheldon.

During the English civil war MARSH Land Burn ist cause. Captain James Marsh,

porters of Charles I., and after the battle of Edgehill was beheaded by the order of Cromtheir younger brother William, who was then in college, called him home and sent him to America with two of their nephews (sons of

Total Common 1

(1) William Marsh, younger brother of Captain Edward Marsh, arrived from England at Salem, Massachusetts, and afterward resided in Boston, and in Plainfield, Connecticut. He was a commissary in the Indian war, and was badly wounded in the Narragansett fight, December 10, 1075. He married, about 1882, Elizabeth Yeomans. Children: Mary; William, died in Plainfield, Connecticut, January 23, 1750, aged seventy-four; Thomas, see below: James, died April 6, 1740, aged sixty-

one; Elizabeth; Anne; Matthias.

(II) Rev. Thomas, third child of William and Elizabeth (Yeomans) Marsh, was born in Plainfield, Connecticut, 1687. He removed to Canada Parish, Windham, Connecticut, which later was incorporated as Hampton, and was deacon of the church from 1730 to 1738. Becoming pastor-elect of a separatist church at Mansfield, he began to preach, and in January, 1746, was imprisoned for officiating without a license, but in the same year was ordained and subsequently pursued his ministerial calling without molestation. He died March 19, 1753. He married Eunice Parkhurst. Children: Thomas, born January 24, 1014 and 1715 and

(III) Elihu, third child of Rev. Thomas and Eunice (Parkhurst) Marsh, was born July 12, 1717. Until about his fifteenth year he lived in Mansfield, and then removed to

1727: Simeon, January 15, 1729: Hannah, October 17, 1730: Jacob, August 19, 1733: Mat-

(IV) John, sixth child of Elihu and Zeruiah (Abbey) Marsh, was born August 4, 1749. He resided in New Miliord till 1779, when he removed to Vergennes, Vermont, and there he died. He married, March 2, 1772, Abigail Wanzer. Children: Mary, born January 10, 1773, married Thomas Bulkley; Elihu, July 18, 1774; John R., February 11, 1776; Anthony, August 12, 1778; Wanzer, see below; Daniel, of Bennington, Vermont; Lavinia, died September 0, 1865, married Gershom

Bulkley

(V) Wanzer, fifth child of John and Abigail (Wanzer) Marsh, was born 1780, died Febauary 24, 1845. His home was in Merryall, near the land of his grandfather Elihu. He married (first) Sally, daughter of Rev. Nathan Bulkley, of Danbury, Connecticut; (second) Urania Ferris, who died 1873, aged eighty-three. Children by first marriage: John Bulkley, see below; Daniel, see below; Esther, born May 26, 1806, married (first) Clark Wells, (second) Mr. Newcomb; Lavinia, July 28, 1808, married Daniel E. Giddings; Anan, 1817, died February 22, 1872, married Lucy A. Peet. By second marriage: lames, born March 18, 1825, married Maria Buck.

(VI) John Bulkley, eldest child of Wanzer and Sally (Bulkley) Marsh, was born August 6, 1801, resided near New Milford, and was a farmer, highly respected. He died February 2, 1867. He married Laura Hine, who died November 6, 1882, a descendant of Daniel and Mary (Brownson) Hine, of Waterbury, Connecticut. Children: 1, Henry, born May 1, 1825, died June 15, 1881; married Nancy Stone; children: Frank, Lily, Augustus, Chauneey and William. 2, Clark, born February 2, 1827, died December 31, 1906; married (first) Esther Stone, (second) Esther Smith; children by first marriage; Samuel S., married Carrie Barnum, Lena, married Henry

Y. Thompson, and Frederick B. 3. Egbert, born May 22, 1830, died December 29, 1896; married Helen Canfield. 4. John, born June 18, 1833, died January 5, 1836. 5. Julia, born July 14, 1835, died November 5, 1857; married Cyrus A. Todd. 6. Daniel E., born June 16, 1839; resides in Bridgeport, having formerly been connected with the Wheeler and Wilson Company; served three years in the civil war; married, May 23, 1866, Sarah F., daughter of Horace and Sarah Florinda (Peet) Merwin, of New Milford; children, Arthur Merwin, born August 17, 1870, married, October, 1909, Irene Graffin, of Montclair, New Jersey, and Egbert, born May 12, 1873, married, October 14, 1896, Lucie J. Catlin, of Bridgeport. 7. Helen, born October 29, 1841, died September 8, 1909; married James H. Cook. 8. Lucy, born January 31, 1845; married John S. Terrill; they reside in New Milford; children: John, Sherman, Kate and Grace. 9. Mary. 10. Francis Wanzer, see below.

(VI) Daniel, second child of Wanzer and Sally (Bulkley) Marsh, was born in New Milford, January 31, 1804. Throughout his life he resided in that place, and he was a conspicuous citizen, noted for his activity in business affairs and his executive ability. He was a merchant, banker and farmer, director of the Housatonic Railroad Company, president of the First National Bank of New Milford, and represented the town in the legislature. He died July 25, 1886. He married Charlotte Bliss, daughter of Jehial Williams, for forty years a doctor in New Milford. Children: I. Edward Williams, see below. 2. Thompson Todd, born August 11, 1838, died December 10, 1901; married Florence Henderson, of

Lee, Massachusetts.

(VII) Francis Wanzer, tenth child of John Bulkley and Laura (Hine) Marsh, was born near New Milford, December 18, 1846. The youngest of a large family, his educational opportunities were limited to the schools of the rural community where he resided, and from boyhood his life was one of active industry. At the age of seventeen he entered a country store and in 1866 he came to Bridgeport, where he was at first employed in a dry goods establishment and then in the insurance business and in the People's Savings Bank, beginning in that institution as an office boy and rising steadily until he became treasurer. In 1886 he embarked in the business of private banking, insurance and real estate under the firm style of Marsh, Merwin & Lemmon. His firm in 1901 organized the Bridgeport Trust Company with a capital of two hundred thousand dollars and the Bridgeport Land and Title Company, capitalized at one hundred thou-

sand dollars. With both these important concerns Mr. Marsh has since been identified. In the trust company he occupies the position of president. Aside from his business interests. Mr. Marsh is known for his prominence and influence in connection with religious, educational and philanthropic work in Bridgeport: He is an elder of the First Presbyterian Church and Sunday-school superintendent, is director and treasurer of the Young Men's Christian Association, and is a member of the local and state committees of the Christian Endeavor Society. He married, May 17, 1871, Emma Clifford, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Shepard) Wilson. Her father (who died in 1866) was a descendant of the notable Wilson family of Leeds, England, that city being built on lands which formerly belonged to the family. He came to America in early life, and was a prominent business man of Bridgeport and member of the city The mother of Mrs. Marsh, Elizabeth (Shepard) Wilson, was a descendant in the eighth generation of Governor William Bradford, of Plymouth Colony, through his son, Major William Bradford, and the latter's daughter, Meletiah Bradford, who mar-ried George Steele, from Essex, England, and whose daughter, Bethiah Steele, married Samuel Shepard, grandson of John Shepard, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, who removed to Hartford, Connecticut, and died in 1707. Mrs. Marsh, like her husband, is actively interested in organized work for worthy causes. She is a directress of the Young Women's Christian Association and the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association, and is a member and former recording secretary of the Mary Silliman Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Children: I. Egbert S., born November 18, 1875; connected with the treasurer's office of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company; married, December 25, 1901, Charlotte Scofield. 2. Violet, born February 9, 1879. 3. Cliffard Wanzer, born February 1, 1882; married November 15, 1904, Edith Campbell, and has one child, Francis Wanzer Marsh, born November 26, 1905. 4. Mabel, born January 16, 1885; married, October 4, 1904, Alvin H. Hancock, and has two children, Alvin Homer Hancock, born January 29, 1906, and William Bradford Hancock, born October 16, 1907.

(VII) Edward Williams, eldest child of Daniel and Charlotte Bliss (Williams) Marsh, was born in New Milford, January 24, 1836. He was educated in the public school, the village academy, and the Alger Institute of Cornwall, Connecticut. When sixteen years

old be entered the New Milland training of the Herisathan see sail, where he has en was agent, and subsequently he was employed in the fields are on that is any or Haven and Bridgeport, finally leaving the railway business to become a clerk in the old hardware store of Thomas Hawley & Company in Bridgeport, where he continued seven years. On August 6, 1862, he enlisted in the Nineteenth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, which subsequently received the name of the Second Connecticut Heavy Artillery. With that regiment he served continuously during the remainder of the war and for several months longer, being mustered out July 20, 1865. He had an active part in many of the most important military movements and severe battles of the war. Being wounded in March, 1803, by the act of the ribary of a firearm in the hands of an officer, he was ordered to Hartford, Connecticut, where as second lieutenant he was engaged in recruiting duty, and later (February 17, 1864) received from Governor Buckingham the commission of captain. Returning to the field he went to the old General Lee mansion at Arlington, where he was mustered in by General ticipated in the final operations under Grant, and was present at Appointation.

his residence in Bridgeport. From 1865 to 1885 he was identified with the Spring Perch Company of that city. Afterward he was for where he was interested in the gypsum and plaster industry, but again established himself in Bridgeport and has since been a prominent and influential citizen there. For twenty-four tary and treasurer of the People's Savings the First Bridgeport National Bank, president of the Savings Bank Association of Connecticut, secretary of the Spring Perch Company, rate interests. He was a member of the legislature in 1805-96, was one of the McKinley and Roosevelt presidential electors in 1900, is president of the Bridgeport Hospital, is viceciation and deacon of the Second Congregational Church. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Loyal Legion and the Seaside Club. Captain Marsh married (first) 1858, Amanda Blanden, of Burlington, New York; she died September 1, 1880. Child, Charlotte Bliss, died at the age of four. He married (second) January 12, 1888, Fannie Forrester, daughter of Munson Howley, of Bridgeport, Connecticut.

(VI) Captain Griswold Edwin Morgan, son of Captain William Avery Morgan (q. v.), was born in Colchester (now Salem), January 30, 1811, died in Norwich, January 18, 1902. He lived in Lebanon, where he was a farmer. He was also for years justice of the peace, sheriff and county commissioner. In politics he was a Republican. He was a prominent member of the Congregational church, in which he was a leader of the choir for forty years. He married, November 27, 1834, Eliza, born January 8, 1812, died January 20, 1892, daughter of Nathaniel and Fanny (Chamberlain) Saxton. Children: William Edwin, born October 23, 1835, mentioned below; Sarah E., born April 26, 1838; Harriet K., July 28, 1840; George K., September 8, 1842; Nathaniel H., March 11, 1845; Fanny M., March 25, 1847; Mary E., May 22, 1852; Griswold, March 20, 1855.

tain Griswold Edwin Morgan, was born in to take a position in the prison, becoming a deputy warden before he was twenty-one. from a minie ball which disabled him for Morgan. In October, 1865, he entered the a position which he held continuously until Morgan is a Republican, and has served in various political offices; he was elected councilman in 1886, and served for two years; was alderman for four years, member of the board of education for four years; and of the board

of fire commissioners four years, and of the latter board he was president for two terms. In the Masonic fraternity he has been very active, and is one of the leading members in the state. He belongs to St. John's Lodge, No. 4, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Hartford; Trumbull Council, Royal and Sclect Masters; New Haven Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar; Pyramid Temple, Mystic Shrine, at Bridgeport. In the Grand Army of the Republic he was first a member of Robert O. Tyler Post, Hartford, but is now in Admiral Foote Post, at New Haven. In the latter organization he has filled many responsible positions, and has been quartermaster general since 1887. He belongs also to the Union Veterans Union, an association composed of battlefield soldiers, and in this he has been commander of the Department of Connecticut and Rhode Island. He is secretary of the State Soldiers' Hospital Board, and has served as state president of the Patriotic Order, Sons of America. He belongs to Washington Camp, No. 8.

He married, January 1, 1866, Charlotte E., daughter of Austin Hutchinson, of Lebanon. Children: Edwin Hutchinson, born November 19, 1871; George Austin, November 22, 1873, married Agnes Rose, children: Doris and Donald; William Edmund, October 2,

1876, married Emma Macdonald.

The Zink family is of ancient and distinguished lineage in Germany. The family, both in Germany and America, is notable for the number and prominence of the physicians and surgeons it has produced.

(I) Dr. Philip Zink was a physician of prominence in Bavaria, and was physician to

King Maximilian II.

(II) Dr. Charles Edwin Zink, son of Dr. Philip Zink, was also physician to King Maximilian II., of Bavaria. He held the office of forest master in the province of Nuremberg, Germany. Of his sons and grandsons no less than twenty-nine entered the medical profession. He married Anna Maria Ernst. Children: Dr. Walter Henry Zink, mentioned be-low; Florence, married Dr. Zink, a cousin, now living in Welchberg, Germany; Cathernow living in Welchberg, Germany; Catherine, married — Pan, of Frankfurt. Germany; William Zink, M.D., now living in Bavaria, Germany; Charles Zink, M.D., living in Nuremberg, Germany; Frederick Zink, M.D., living in Berlin, Germany.

(III) Dr. Walter Henry Zink, son of Dr. Charles Edwin (1) Zink, was born March 22, 1841 in Nuremberg, Payaria, III.

1841, in Nuremberg, Bavaria. He was thoroughly educated in his native country, passing through the preparatory schools with credit. In 1858 he entered the University of Würzburg, from the medical department of which he was graduated in 1862, with honors. In the fall of 1863 he came to this country and took a post-graduate course in Columbia University. He practiced his profession for a time in New York City. He became surgeon of the Thirtieth Regiment, New York National Guard, in the civil war, in the fifth army corps, under General Warren. He continued to fill this position with ability for two years, gaining valuable experience in medicine and surgery in the field. While he was attending the wounded he was struck in the eye by a bul-He continued the operation in which he was engaged, but the wound cost him the sight of his injured eye. His devotion to duty and courage won the admiration of all. He was exceedingly popular with the soldiers under his care. He returned to New York City and practiced nearly twelve years, making his home in Newtown, Long Island. He then practiced for a year at Trenton, New Jersey. For eleven years he was health officer at Newtown. In 1878, after the death of Dr. Hall, he came to Branford, Connecticut, where he was in general practice the rest of his life. Dr. Zink was keenly interested in public affairs and filled many offices of trust and honor. He was justice of the peace at Branford for ten years. He was member of the school board, acting school visitor and health officer. He was a member of Widows' Sons Lodge, Free Masons; of Lodge of Odd Fellows; of Woodland Lodge, Knights of Pythias, No. 39, in which he was commander of the castle, and of Mason Rogers Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he was post surgeon from the time of organization until he died. He was post surgeon of the state department of the Grand Army for twelve years prior to his death. He was a member of the New Haven Medical Society, the New Haven County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He was a communicant of the Lutheran church. Though afflicted with cancer of the stomach for two years before he died, and suffering greatly, he persisted in his practice until six weeks before he died, August 26, 1900. He possessed a kindly and sympathetic nature and was a welcome visitor in the sick room. He was a profound student and kept pace with the progress of his profession. He enjoyed a patronage commensurate with his natural ability and skill. He married, September 25, 1864, Caroline A., daughter of Philip and Katherine Milling, granddaughter of Lord Sminke (Lord Henry Milling). Her





D. B. Bimmede

parents were born in Germany and came to New York City and in a similar of the Area ter Henry Zink: 1. Louisa Augusta, born at Winfield, Long Island, January 17, 1870; marnecticut, contractor and builder; children: Caroline Av. of London tioned below. 3. Walter Raymond, born July 5, 1888, at Branford; an electrician at Bran-

Dr. Walter Henry Zink, was born December 7, 1873, at Winfield, Long Island. He attruden the state of the state of prepared for college in the Branford high school. He entered the University of New tered the medical school of the University of was graduated with the degree of M.D. in went to Owensborough, Kentucky, where he was in general practice for four years. In 1906 he came to New Haven, Connecticut, and practiced two years, after which he located in ticing since. He has taken time for study in the hospitals of Europe and is a very successthe Middletown Medical Society, of the the Connecticut State Medical Society; and of the Knights of Pythias, in which he has he is a Methodist; in politics a Democrat. He was elected to the school board of Durham in western Life Insurance Company. From time to time he has contributed articles to various medical journals. He married, January 1, 1900, Sarah Alice Clarke, born October 25, 1870, daughter of Frank and Alice (Dean) Clarke, of Branford. Children: Walter Henry, born October 18, 1900; Stanley Milling. July 5, 1907 : Helen, January 7, 1908.

(V) Rev. Daniel (3) was born July 31, 1718. He graduated at Yale College in 1745, and became minister of the parish in Judea in 1749. It was then a part of Woodbury, Connecticut, but in 1779 it, with the parish of New Preston, was in-

Mr. Bunsmade continued in the same pastor-

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died November 3, 1862. He married (first) Irene Merwin. He married (second) Mary

18, 1878. His home was close upon Washington Green, and his children made their ber of rare good will and helpfulness, and a most genial man. He married (first) Silence, daughter of Samuel Leavitt, May 30, 1838; (second) July 21, 1844, Elizabeth Leavitt, sister of his first wife. Children of first wife: Isabel, mentioned below; Silence Leavitt, mentioned below. Child of second wife: Samuel

Leavitt, mentioned below.

(IX) Isabel, oldest child of Thomas Franklin Brinsmade, was a woman of influence, and of sympathy warm and wide; she was beloved throughout the community. On October 6, 1875, she married William J. Ford, who practiced medicine in Washington from 1884 until his death, in 1908. He was a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, of the Connecticut Medical Society, and of the Litchfield County University Club. He was a member of the legislature in 1903, and chairman of the house committee on public health and safety. He was appointed on the state reformatory commission.

(IX) Silence Leavitt, daughter of Thomas Franklin Brinsmade, married, November 18, 1869, Alpheus Geer Baker, of Washington, Connecticut, who died April 25, 1900. Children: Elizabeth Brinsmade; George Frank-

lin, mentioned below; Julia Leavitt.

(X) George Franklin, only son of Alpheus Geer and Silence Leavitt (Brinsmade) Baker, married, November 26, 1907, Josephine Bene-

dict, of Danbury, Connecticut.
(IX) Samuel Leavitt, son of Thomas
Franklin Brinsmade, married, October 16,
1872. Frances Elizabeth Bradley, of Roxbury, Connecticut. On the completion of the Shepaug Valley Railroad, in 1872, he, with his brother-in-law, Alpheus G. Baker, formed the firm of Baker & Brinsmade, put up a large building near the new railway station, in "The Hollow," and in it began the business of a general store, which prospered under them for a long time. He died January 21, 1895. Children: Daniel Bradley, mentioned below; Amelia Elizabeth, mentioned below.

(X) Daniel Bradley, only son of Samuel Leavitt Brinsmade, graduated at Yale in 1896, and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City in 1900. He practices medicine in New York, and is a member of the New York County Medical Society and its committee on admission, of the Society of the Alumni of the Presbyterian Hospital, of the New York Academy of Medicine, of the New York State Medical Society, and of the American Medical Association. He is also a member of the Yale Club, an associate member of the University Glee Club, and a member of the Columbia Yacht Club and the Motor Boat Club, all of New York City. He married, June 3, 1903, Grace Elizabeth Downey, of Oswego, New York. Daughter: Eleanor Preston, born August 5, 1904.

(X) Amelia Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Leavitt Brinsmade, married, May 5, 1904, Frederick Bronson Colby, paymaster in the United States navy. Daughter: Frances

Brinsmade Colby, born January 25, 1908.

(VIII) William Bartlett, son of Daniel Bourbon Brinsmade, was born in Washington, Connecticut, May 10, 1819, died May 16, 1880. He graduated from Yale in the class of 1840 and became a civil engineer. He was a pioneer in the construction and operation of railroads in New England. From 1856 to 1870 he was superintendent of the Connecticut River railroad, and resided at Springfield, Massachusetts. He married. January 11, 1848, Charlotte Blake, born May 6, 1824, died October 5, 1900, daughter of Harvey and Hannah Chapin. Children: John Chapin, mentioned below; Anna L.; William Gold, mentioned below.

(IX) John Chapin, son of William Bartlett Brinsmade, was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, April 24, 1852. He graduated from Harvard in 1874, and in the autumn of that year became a teacher in the Gunnery School; on the death of Frederick W. Gunn, in 1881, he succeeded him as principal. He has followed the example of his famous predecessor in encouraging and training boys in their sports, as well as their studies. Under him the Gunnery has continued to prosper and maintain its high standing among preparatory schools; with grounds containing twenty acres and admirable buildings, it is beautifully located among the Litchfield county hills, in the town of Washington. Mr. Brinsmade is a Republican. He represented the town in the general assembly of 1893, and in that of 1909, when he was chairman of the committee on education, and was delegate to the constitutional convention of 1902. November 8, 1910. he was chosen state senator from the thirtysecond district of Connecticut. He is a member of the Litchfield County University Club, of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, of the Connecticut Civil Service Reform Club, and is president of the Connecticut Harvard Club. He also belongs to the American Historical Association and to the American Academy of Political and Social Science. He married, October 4, 1876, Mary Gold, daughter of Frederick W. and Abigail Irene (Brinsmade) Gunn (see Gunn VII). Children: Frederick Gunn, born March 8, 1882, graduate of Harvard in 1904, assistant principal of the Gunnery School; William Bartlett, January 4, 1884. died August 1,

1804 (bering bellet, 1885, 1994). Har and the effect of th

(Tall Waller Said, on a) William Peruntil 1801, when he replied to the line on grounds that were once a part of the anvers as either chairman or secretary of the ... le of committee, as clerk of the ecclesiastical rety and chairman of the society's committee, and also as leader of the church choir. He gave much time to the Washington Library, was conductor of the Washington Glee Club, and served all the musical interests of the town; was a member of the Litchfield County re 'icut, the Harvard Teachers' Association, the Connecticut Association of High and vice Reform Association. In the Washington vie to the public schools; and a William Gold 13 nsmade Memorial Fund, for the purchase re I Library by the Alumni of the Ridge.

(VIII) Abigail Irene, daughter of Daniel Urbon Brinsmade, was born in Washingtoo Connecticut, July 18, 1820, died there so tember 13, 1908. Her mother, Mary Wennan Gold was the daughter of Colonel i jamin Gold, granddaughter of Rev. Heze-In runs back through Rev. Hezekiah Gold, of Statford; Nathan Gold, who was deputy govon or of Connecticut in 1707, and chief justice of its supreme court in 1712; and to Major England. The following is from an article in Le Jahren Degeneral September 25, 198 eck William Gunn were married, and in 1850 they went to live in the house which was the nucleus of the present Gunnery, and started their boarding school for boys (see Gunn VII). The history of the school and its success has been often told, and most fully, in the pages of Dr. Holland's 'Arthur Bonnicastle, William Hamilton Gibson's 'Pastoral Days,' and in the memorial volume, 'The Mother of the Gunnery is recognized to have been as Jotent an influence in the school as its Master, and to have won the love and reverence of the pupils by the sympathy, the patience and the motherly love she gave them. Mrs. Gunn showed her strength of character not only in the great charity and sympathy she gave to all with whom she came in contact, but in her ability to do many practical things better than anyone clse could do them, in her training of Gunnery boys in declamation and acting, in her rich and humorous talk, in her use of the best literature, and, above all, in the charm and delight which she threw about her home, making it a home indeed for all who came within it." "The Son of Man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister," were the words the example of which explain Mrs. Gunn's life, and it seemed as if no one could follow that example more closely than she did during the many years of her activity. Her marriage with Mr. Gunn was one of ideal happiness, and its beneficence is expressed for the people of Washington in the tablets of bronze placed upon their Gunn Memorial Library. As they approach its doorway they see on one hand the portraits of Mr. and Mrs. Gunn, and on the other the following inscription: "Frederick William Gunn and Abigail Brinsmade, his wife, were for many years teachers by precept and example of truth, honor and loving kindness, their influence was ennobling and far-reaching. Earnest and unselfish in their lives, they are held in blessed memory."

(IX) Daniel Brinsmade, only son of Frederick William and Abigail Irene (Brinsmade) Gunn, died at the age of sixteen years.

(IX) Mary Gold, only daughter of Frederick William and Abigail Irene (Brinsmade) Gunn, and wife of John Chapin Brinsmade, is (1910) and has been for many years the Mistress of the Gunnery. She graciously fills the position, and takes an active interest in the welfare of the church and the town, as her mother did before her.

(VIII) Mary M., daughter of Daniel Bourbon Brinsmade, was born in Washington, November 4, 1827, died there April 17, 1887. She graduated in 1846 at Mount Holyoke Seminary, and, with the enthusiasm inspired by its principal, Mary Lyon, began teaching in her home soon after her graduation. The school quickly outgrew the limits of General Brinsmade's house, and occupied the Methodist church building, which was no longer used for religious services. Its interior was altered to meet the needs of the classes, and the successful school took the name of the Judea Female Seminary; the pupils were boarded among the families about Washington Green, and some of them came from distant states. Miss Brinsmade continued to be its principal until 1854, when she put it in charge of others. For the next four years she was the teacher of one of the higher classes of Packer Collegiate Institute, of Brooklyn, New York. She gave her pupils not only a delight in study, but an enthusiasm for all that is noble, and a belief in spiritual truths which had a life-long influence upon them, and they gave her their love and devotion. On August 3, 1864, she was married to George Lockwood Brown, of Stamford, Connecticut. She impressed all who knew her with the strength of her character and her intellect, yet her tenderness and grace made an impression deeper still. There are few who form friendships as intimate as hers, yet she was the friend of all, and especially of those whose lives were the humblest or the saddest. Her pupils and friends have placed a memorial in the reading room of the Gunn Memorial Library, a beautiful chimney piece, with fireplace and mantel, and above the mantel a wide tablet of bronze, with a portrait of Mary Brinsmade Brown in the center, and on either side panels containing an appreciative inscription.

## (The Gunn Line).

(I) Jasper Gunn, immigrant ancestor, came to New England in the ship "Defiance," in 1635, then aged twenty-nine years. He settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts, where he was a proprietor of the town, and was admitted a freeman, May 25, 1636. He removed to Milford, Connecticut, but was living in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1648. He settled finally, however, in Milford. In 1649 he was "freed from watching during the time that he attends the service of the mill." In 1636 he is called a physician in the public records. He was deacon of the church in Milford and perhaps school master, and on one occasion appeared before the court in the capacity of attorney. He was a deputy to the general court and an extremely active and versatile citizen. He married Sarah Hawley. He died January 12, Children: Samuel; Jebomah, mentioned below; Daniel, married Deborah Coleman and died in 1690; Nathaniel, settled in Branford; Mehitable, baptized in 1641; Abel, baptized in 1643, a physician at Derby, Connecticut.

(II) Jebomah, son of Jasper Gunn, was born 1641. He was also a resident of Milford. He married, in 1660, Sarah Lane. Among their children was Captain Samuel,

mentioned below.

(III) Captain Samuel Gunn, son of Jebomah Gunn, was born in Milford in 1669, died there in 1749. He married, in 1698, Mercy Smith. Among their children was Lieutenant Samuel, mentioned below.

(IV) Lieutenant Samuel (2) Gunn, son of Captain Samuel (1) Gunn, was born at Milford, January 15, 1701, died in 1756. He married Sarah Clark, who was born October 24, 1706. Among their children was Samuel,

mentioned below.

(V) Samuel (3), son of Lieutenant Samuel (2) Gunn, was born in Milford in 1740, died in Washington, January 7, 1782. He settled at Woodbury, Connecticut. He married Phebe Northrop, born April, 1735, a descendant of Joseph Northrop, a founder of Milford. Among their children was John Northrop.

mentioned below.

(VI) John Northrop, son of Samuel (3) Gunn, was born at Milford, June 5, 1772, died in Washington, October 3, 1826. He was a farmer, but for many years held and discharged the duties of deputy sheriff, an office then held in much honor, which he so acceptably filled that he became widely known and still lives in local tradition as "Sheriff" Gunn. He married, at Washington, Connecticut, October 25, 1797, Polly Ford, born June 19, 1773, at Milford, died January 15, 1827. She was highly esteemed for her goodness and refinement and for her ready kindness and skill in nursing the sick. She was the daughter of Samuel and Susannah (Stone) Ford. Her grandfather, Samuel Ford, died 1760, was son of John Ford, born 1654, died 1711, and grandson of Thomas Ford, who came from England and died at Milford in May, 1662. Children of John Northrop and Polly Gunn: John Northrop, born August 1, 1798; Louisa, March 3, 1800; Susan, October 10, 1801; Abby, November 30, 1804; Lewis, November 30, 1806; Sarah, October 1, 1809; Amaryllis, September 14, 1811; Frederick William, mentioned below.

(VII) Frederick William, son of John Northrop Gunn, was born at Washington, formerly Woodbury, Connecticut, October 4, 1818, died August 19, 1881. At the age of thirteen he began to attend a school in Cornwall kept by Rev. William Andrews. He prepared for college in 1831-32 at Judea Academy, then taught by Rev. Watson Andrews, son of Rev. William Andrews, and he graduated from Yale College in the class of 1837. He taught in the academy at New Preston during the winters of 1837-38; in the Judea Academy, 1845-47; in Towanda. Pennsylvania, 1847-48-49. He established the famous pri-



F. H. Dum



Gunn was far in advance of his time; in his school and town he exercised a powerful influence for the good of the community. The gratitude and reverence of his pupils are expressed in the book written and published by them, entitled "The Master of the Gunnery." The people of Washington have shown their appreciation of his life and work among them by erecting the Gunn Memorial Library, a heautiful building which stands on a corner of Washington Green. It is described further in the account of Abigail Brinsmade Gunn elsewhere in this work. Mr. Gunn was always a strong supporter of the Ecclesiastical Society of the First Congregational Church of Washington, of which his wife and daughter were members. He married, at

t820, died September 13, 1008, daughter of Daniel Bourbon and Mary Wakeman (Gold) Brinsmade (see Brinsmade VIII). Children: 1, Daniel Brinsmade, born January 9, 1849, at Towanda, Pennsylvania, died April 10, 1865, at Washington. 2, Mary Gold, January 20, 1853, at Washington; married, October 4, 1870, John Chapin Brinsmade (see Brins-

(V) Captain Isaac Gallup, son GALLUP of Captain John Gallup (q, v,), was born in Voluntown, Connecticut, the part now called Sterling, February 24, 1712. He lived on his father's homestead, and was prominent in town and church affairs. He represented the town in the general court from 1768 until 1773. He served in the revolutionary war, being lieutenant under Captain Abel Spencer, of Groton, in the Tenth Company, Sixth Regiment, Colonel Samuel Holden Parsons. He served in Boston and Connecticut. In 1776 he served in New York and Long Island campaigns, and Plains, under Colonel Parsons. He was captain of the Groton company. He also fought in 1777, his name being on the Connecticut rolls, pages 78-90-100 and 618. He married Margaret, daughter of Nathaniel and Margaret daughter of Nathaniel and Margaret Gallup, of Stonington, March 29, 1748. She was born October 12, 1730, died December 9, 1817. He died August 3, 1790. Children: John, born December 29, 1749; Elizabeth, January 22, 1755; Martha, February 17.

1764, mentioned below; Isaac, October 8,

March 24, 1772

lup, was born April 12, 1704, in Sterling, Contown, daughter of Benjamin Gallup, who was and died January 23, 1842. He was a farmer, His wife died March 5, 1847. Clairen: Zeruiah, born May 21, 1791, married Seth Gates; Erastus, September 25, 1795; Sybil, March 14, 1798; Charlotte, August 24, 1850, married John Frink, and died 1842; Alban

(VII) Dr. Alban William Gallup, son of William Gallup, was born December 31, 1803. He lived at West Greenwich, Rhode Island, and died at Plainfield, Connecticut, April 2, 1879. He was engaged in mercantile business for ten years. He was judge of the court of common pleas of Kent county, Rhode Island, from 1840 to 1843. He enumerated the census of West Greenwich in 1850, and practiced medicine for forty years. He married (first) Susannah Waldo, August 29, 1822, and she died July 13, 1825. He married (second) Lydia Tillinghast, September 7, 1828, and she died March 6, 1832. He married (third)

February 4, 1839. Sarah (Sally) Spalding

first marriage: 1. Mercy M., born Octsber 1, 1823; married Zephaniah Brown, June, 1847, and lived in West Greenwich, R! ode Island, 2, Susanna W., July 4, 1825; married Nathaniel L. Stanton, September 17, 1843. Children by second marriage: 3. William A., July 5, 1820. 4. Eunice L., February 4, 1831; married (first) Albert Brown, September, 1848, and (second) Henry R. Brown, and settled in Hopkinton, Rhode Island. Children by fourth marriage: 5. Harriet E., born January 6, 1841, died July 3, 1842. 6. Joseph S., April

8. Isaac B., August 16, 1846, mentioned helow. 6. Adelaide A., March 17, 1851, died September 2, 1877. 10. Charles N., August 2, 1852; a doctor of Long Hill, Fairfield county, Connecticut, who graduated from the New York Eelectic Medical College; he married Mary Foote, having two daughters. Edna and Mabel.

(VIII) Dr. Isaac Benjamin Gallup, son of Alban William Gallup, was born at West Greenwich, Rhode Island, August 16, 1846. He attended the public schools of Griswold, Connecticut, and the Select School there. He then entered the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1869 and was gradtrated in 1871 with the degree of M.D. He also attended the New York Polyclinic for a post-graduate course in 1889, and the Post Graduates Medical School of New York City in 1892. He served as an interne in New York Hospital. He began to practice medicine in 1871 in the town of Scotland, Connecticut, and continued there until 1878, when he located at Willimantic, where he has been in practice to the present time, making a specialty of diseases of the eye. He is one of the leading oculists of this section of the state. He is a member of the Willimantic Medical Society, the Windham County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He has contributed from time to time to various medical journals. In politics he is independent. His office is on Main street, and his home at 30 Pearl street, Willimantic. He married, September 16, 1879, Marietta C. Hebbard, born September 19, 1843. Children: I. Inez Mabel, born July 8, 1880, at Scotland; married Clyde Truax, of South Manchester, Connecticut; children: Mildred, Florence and Ruth Truax. 2. Bertha Christine, born at Willimantic, April 4, 1883, graduate of the State Normal School at Willimantic in 1902, a school teacher at New London.

The earliest ancestor of the family here under consideration was Rufus Gardner, born at Newport, Rhode Island, died in New London, Connecticut, in 1809. He was captain and commanded various sloops plying Long Island Sound from New London to New York, carrying both passengers and freight. He served as a sailor during the revolution-

York, carrying both passengers and freight. He served as a sailor during the revolutionary war, and from the close of that struggle until his decease engaged in the business aforementioned. He was a member of the Masonic order, and the emblem of the lodge was carved upon his tombstone, which is in Cedar Grove cemetery, New London. He married Lydia Harris, a native of New London, descendant of one of the early settlers of New England. Children: Christopher, died young; Rufus, died young; Mercy: Ly-

forward: Harriet: Champlin.
(II) Douglas Woodruff, son of Rufus and Lydia (Harris) Gardner, was born in New London, Connecticut, September, 1807, died there, January 26, 1885. His education was

dia; Henry; Lucy; Douglas Woodruff, see

acquired in the common schools of his native town, and at an early age he began conducting what was known as the "Auction Store." Later he engaged in a grain business, but this not proving remunerative he closed it out in 1849, in which year he took up his residence in New York City, where he secured employment in the same line of business, and being trustworthy and attentive to the desires and wishes of his employer, he became his trusted confidant and, a few years later, when his employer became incapacitated, he turned the business over to Mr. Gardner, who by industry, perseverance and straightforward transactions placed the business on a firm foundation, thereby winning a place for himself in the business world and pecuniary gain. His place of business was located on Peck Slip, North river, where he catered to the wholesale and retail trade. For a number of years he had the contract with the Adams Express Company for all its grain used in New York City and surrounding territory, and during the progress of the civil war, by keen foresight and shrewd buying, accumulated handsome profits from his various operations. Upon his retirement from an active career, he returned to his native town, where he enjoyed a well-earned and well-merited rest from labor. During his business life he accumulated considerable real estate in New York City, Brooklyn and New London, which he held at time of death. He was identified with the Baptist church in his early life, but in later vears became independent in his belief, believing in the scriptural command, "Do unto others as you would that they would do to you," and that he carried out this policy is demonstrated by the fact that during his residence in New York City he furnished shoes to all needy children of his neighborhood, and a call upon his sympathies never failed to elicit à response. In politics he was first an "Old Line Whig," and upon the formation of the Republican party joined that organization, adhering to the same throughout the remainder of his life.

Mr. Gardner married Mary, daughter of Graham Don, of Albany, New York. She was a woman of great piety and womanly characteristics, beloved by all who came in contact with her, and her death, which occurred during their residence in New York City, was greatly lamented by a wide circle of friends. Children: I. Rufus. married a Miss Griffin, of Groton, Connecticut. 2. Lydia, who died in infancy. 3. Jeannette, married John Stewart Brown, deceased, of Brooklyn, New York. 4. Lydia, married J. Beekman James, of Poughkeepsie, New York, a

decent art of Recent Limited and the signer of the Decent of an art for performance. Mr. James is deceased. 5. Harriet, see forward. 6. Theela, married Laverne Barris, of Son Francisco, California.

The house known as the Gardner hometh to the state of the control of the contro

Robert Ashley, the immigrant uary 13, 1638-39, when a rating of forty pounds was agreed upon to meet a portion of the minister's expense and maintenance. He gave one pound sixteen shillings, being fifth in amount on the list. This is a proof that he was in Springfield in 1638, but the first allotment of land that he received was in Junear 3, training, when he had be mine. ber three, of eight rods, he being unmarried, Dibble. The next important record of him is August 7, 1641, when Mr. Pynchon, founder of Springfield, announced the marriage of Robert Ashley and widow Horton, which was to take place soon. At that time she gave over all her property to him, providing he cared for her two sons. Although there is no record of his marriage, it is known that he married about 1641, and his wife's name was

peared from the records after 10.11. She was on the west side of what is now Main street. of land on Mill river, on condition that he waters to English or Indians." He probably this a house in which he lived the remaining at Springfield, February 13, 1630-40, March 1, 1654, and those in September, in 1661-62-Morgan were chosen for overseers of the fences of the house lots. On November 5, 1650, William Warriner and Robert Ashley in the upper part of the town. On November 4, 1651, he and Nathaniel Bliss were chosen for this office in 1652 and 1657. In In April, 1665, he, with several others, was fined for being absent from town meeting. On March 30, 1669, he was freed from military training on petition. In February, 1653, he received three shillings as payment "for the use of his mare for the use of the church." He was on the first seating committee of the church, December 23, 1659, and he sat in the first seat. In 1663 he was again on the seating committee. He took the oath of allegiance with the other inhabitants of Springfield, December 31, 1678. He died in West Springfield, November 29, 1682, and his wife died there September 19, 1683. His wife and his son Joseph were made administrators of his estate, and he mentioned in his will, made October 9, 1679: his sons Jonathan, Joseph, David; wife Mary; grandson John; children of his sons, David and John Root. Children, born in Springfield: David (twin), born June 3, 1642; a daughter (twin), born June 3, 1642, and died soon after birth; Mary, born April 6, 1644, married, October 18, 1664, John Root, of Westfield; Jonathan, mentioned below; Sarah, born August 23, 1648, probably died young, as she was not mentioned in her father's will of 1679; Joseph, born July 6,

(II) Jonathan, son of Robert Ashley, was born February 25, 1645-46, in Springfield, and died early in February, 1704-05, in Hartford, Connecticut. He settled on a farm in the northern part of Springfield. In 1670 he was chosen constable, and in 1672 surveyor of highways. In 1671 William Hunter complained to the court that Jonathan Ashley and his wife Sarah were harboring his daughter in their house against his wish. May 4, 1674, the town granted Jonathan Ashlev ten acres of upland and swamp "on the brook at the head of the plain above 3 Corner Meadow." He took the oath of allegiance at Springfield, January 1, 1678-79. On September 30, 1679, he and Joseph Ashley sued Isaac Morgan "for refusing or neglecting ye performance of a bargain for ye doing of a parcel of fence," and March 28, 1682, he was sued by Richard Lord, of Hartford, for a debt of twenty pounds. The case was settled out of court, the plaintiff paying the entry money and the defendant the costs, which amounted to fourteen shillings. He moved to Hartford and was propounded a freeman there October II, 1683, and admitted May 8, 1684. In 1692 he sold to Colonel John Pynchon, of Springfield, four acres of meadow upon Poor brook, but the sale was not recorded until February 10, 1698-99. On July 30, 1694, he and his wife deeded to Edward Stebbins, of Springfield, seven acres of land in the upper meadows, and on July 8, 1696, he sold his home lot in the north part of Springfield to Peletiah Grove. He continued to own land in Springfield, and was present at a meeting of proprietors there March 20, 1698-99. He owned much land at Hartford, and had eighty acres of land in Plainfield, and also was interested in a saw mill "in Greenfield in Windsor bounds." He was a member of the First Congregational Church both in Springfield and Hartford. He left an estate of 1,030 pounds. He married, November 10, 1669, in Spring-field, Sarah Wadsworth, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Stone) Wadsworth. She was baptized March 17, 1650, in Hartford, Children: Jonathan, born August 23, 1674; Joseph, about 1677; Samuel, mentioned below; Sarah, baptized February 13, 1703-04; Re-

(III) Samuel, son of Jonathan Ashley, was baptized February 26, 1687-88, in Hartford, Connecticut, and died February 12, 1771, in Hampton, Connecticut. He inherited his father's farm of eighty acres, in Plainfield, Connecticut, and removed there from Hartford. In April, 1717, he bought of John Fitch two hundred acres of land in the northeast part of Windham, Connecticut, on both sides of Little river, for one hundred and eighty pounds. This homestead, owned by the family until 1683, is in the North Bigelow district of the present town of Hampton. He was commissioned ensign of the Northeast Company, in Windham, on October 8, 1730. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Windham, and one of the original members of the church in Hampton. He was evidently one of the leading men in his part of the town. His youngest son inherited the homestead. He married, August 19, 1717, in Lebanon, Connecticut. Elizabeth Kingsbury, daughter of Deacon Joseph Kingsbury and Love (Ayres) Kingsbury, of Franklin, Connecticut. She was born October 16, 1693, in Haverhill, Massachusetts, and died August 21, 1750, in Hampton. Children, born in Hampton, except the first: Elizabeth, 1718, in Plainfield (?), Connecticut; Samuel, November 27, 1720; Abner, mentioned below; Susannah, June 5, 1724; Joseph, June 1, 1728; Love, July 19, 1731, probably died in infancy; Jonathan, born August 4, 1737, and died June

13. 1740. (IV) Abner, son of Samuel Ashley, was born May 10, 1722, in Hampton, Connecticut, and died February 17, 1801. He settled in his native town, and was a prosperous farmer and influential man there. He and his wife were buried in the old Hampton cemetery, and this verse is carved on the stone:

"Thrie happy death to drop a diment life without the largering pain. Long in additional to endless life without a tedious dying strife." He married (first), March 5, 1745-46, in Hampton, Mary, daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Ingleson) Cressey, and sister of his brothers' wives. She was born April 11, 1724, in Salem, Massachusetts, and died in Hampton, February 17, 1786. He married (second) December 14, 1791, in Tolland, Connecticut, Patience Barrows, of Tolland. Children, by first wife: Jonathan, mentioned below; Mary, born August 7, 1748; Elizabeth, May 18, 1750, probably died young; Ruth, born January 21, 1752; Abner January 19, 1754; Samuel, January 25, 1756; Daniel, January 28, 1758; Hanta December 20, 1760, https://doi.org/10.1001/

(V) Jonathan (2), son of Abner Ashley, was born March 2, 1740-47, in Hampton, Connecticut, and died November 30, 1831, in Chaplin, Connecticut. He settled as a farmer in the northern part of Windham, Connecticut, near Parish Hill. He was one of the postunders who canned the Physics off indo kum Herald), the first number of which was published March 12, 1791. He and his wife passed the latter part of their lives at the home of their eldest son, in Chaplin, Connecticut. He married, June 13, 1773, in Hampton, Lydia, daughter of Samuel (?) and Elizabeth (?) Humphrey. She was born May 4, 1752 (?) in Barrington, Rhode Island, and died March 9, 1838, in Chaplin, aged eightysix years. Children, born in Windham, Connecticut: Sally, February 22, 1775, died October 24, 1778; Sally, born May 11, 1779; Luther, mentioned below; James, August 13, 1783: Polly, January 10, 1786, probably died in infancy; Roxanna, born April 11, 1788; February 15, 1795.

was born June 14, 1781, in Windham, Connecticut, and died August 3, 1860, in Scotland, Connecticut. He enlisted in the war of 1812, and served as corporal in Captain Charles Palmer's company from June 13 to July 14. 1813, but did not like camp life at New London, and returned home, his brother Jonathan taking his place in the army. He passed most of his life in Chaplin, Connecticut, but late in life removed to Scotland, Connecticut, where he died. He was a farmer. He was a selectman in Chaplin in 1822, and was one of the representatives from there to the general assembly in 1845. He married (first), September 21, (Soo, in Barrington, Rhode Island, Eliza Humphrey, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Bullock) Humphrey. She was born March 12, 1786, in Barrington, and died December 20, 1828, in Chaplin. He married (second), May 6, 1829, in Hampton, Sarah Smith, daughter of Solomon and Sarah (Hodgkins) Smith. She was born January 2, 1790, in Hampton, and died February 10, 1849, in Chaplin. He married (third), December 6, 1849, in New York City, his cousin Lucy (Spencer), widow of Andrew Washburn, of Chaplin, and daughter of David and Lucy (Ashley) Spencer. She was born October 8, 1786, in Hampton, and died August 29, 1870, in West Randolph, Vermont. Children by first wife, born in Chaplin: 1. Eliza Anne, February 27, 1811; died March 31, 1837, unmarried. 2. Roxanna, born October 2, 1812; married, April 17, 1833, Joseph Chapman Martin, of Chaplin, and moved to Florence, Massachusetts. 3. Lydia Diana, born August 18, 1814; married, May 11, 1830, Enoch Pond, Jr., of Brooklyn, Connecticut. 4. John Humphrey, January 28, 1817; died September 16, 1840, unmarried; a farmer. 5. George, March 20, unmarried; a farmer. 5. George, March 20, 1810; child, Lydia. 6. Gilbert Everett, September 11, 1821; mentioned below. 7. Sarah Ann, February 16, 1824; married, October 13, 1850, Nathaniel F. Martin, of Barrington. 8. Samuel Newell, March 18, 1827; soldier in the civil war, member of the 26th Connecticut Volunteer Infantry Regulars. He enlisted from Scotland, Connecticut; married Eliza.

(VII) Gilbert Everett, son of Luther Ashley, was born September 11, 1821, in Chaplin, and died March 18, 1862, in Scotland, Connecticut. He was a farmer, and removed from Chaplin to Scotland, Connecticut, in the spring of 1855, where he lived the rest of his life. He married, April 29, 1845, in Windham, Frances Elizabeth, daughter of Alfred and Frances (Humphrey) Drown (Drowne), of Barrington. She was born May 7, 1824, in Seekonk, Massachusetts, and lived in Willimantic, Connecticut. Children: Edward Eugene, mentioned below; John Humphrey, born September 29, 1850, at Chaplin, married Jane Palmer; Evelyn Maria, November 21, 1853, a dressmaker after 1883, married William Heath, of Barrington; George Drown, December 22, 1858, in Scotland, married Hattie Gardner, of Williamattic, and had children, Gilbert and Eliza.

(VIII) Edward Eugene, son of Gilbert Everett Ashley, was born at Chaplin, Connecticut, November 24, 1848. He attended the public schools of his native town. He was for some years clerk in a general store, at Norton, Massachusetts, and afterward in the general store of J. P. Kinsley, at Plainfield, Connecticut, for a period of twenty years. He

was during the next four years agent of the Adams Express Company, at Plainfield, Connecticut, and later of the United States and American Express companies. He was appointed by President Harrison postmaster of Plainfield, and after one term during which a Democrat held the office by appointment of President Cleveland, he was reappointed by President McKinley and has continued since then in the office. He is a member of Protection Lodge of Odd Fellows of Central Village, Connecticut, and Hope Council, Order United American Mechanics. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Ashley has a flourishing variety store in connection with the post office.

He married (first), November 28, 1872, in Scotland, Connecticut, Ellen Sophia Wood, born October 25, 1852, in Scotland, died June 5, 1882, in Plainfield, daughter of Oliver and Susan Barstow (Palmer) Wood. He married (second), September 16, 1884, in Plainfield, Fannie Edna Starkweather, born March 29, 1849, in Plainfield, daughter of Daniel and Mary Louisa (Frink) Starkweather. Children of first wife: I. Susan Frances, born October 14, 1873; was assistant postmaster before her marriage; married Edward Windsor, of Plainfield; children: Clarence, Alfred, Milton and Marjorie. 2. Alfred Drown, born September 15, 1875; married Alice Lewis, of Plainfield; child, Helen. Child of second wife: 3, Edna Louise, born July 20, 1891.

William Barmore was born BARMORE in Stamford, Connecticut, and spent his entire life in his native city. In early life he was a mason, but later engaged in the grocery business. He married Frances Rebecca Robbins and the following were their children: 1. Stephen R., mentioned below. 2. George, married Josephine Lounsbury, and had two children, Edward and Jennie; died in Stamford. 3. Robert, married Elsie Waterbury, and had five children: Lilliam, William, Edna, Jessie and Charles; he died in Brooklyn, New York; his children are living in New York City; Lilliam married Norman Betz. 3, and 4. Two sons who died in infancy. The mother of these children died January 13, 1857, at the age of thirty-one years and one month. Mr. Barmore contracted a second marriage by which he became the father of two children: 5. Anna, married Edward Webb, of Stamford. 6. Jennie, died January 9, 1878, at the age of eleven years and six months. Mr. Barmore died April 15, 1881, at the age of fifty-six years and two months.

(II) Stephen R., son of William Barmore,

was born October 26, 1852, in Greenwich. Connecticut, and was educated in the common schools of Stamford. Like his father, he learned the trade of a mason, serving an apprenticeship under the direction of Willis Pardee, and for a time followed the trade, first as a journeyman in Stamford and later in Bridgeport. Subsequently he became interested in the building of furnaces and in boiler work, making this a specialty, in which he engaged until his death. He was a member of Arcanum Lodge, No. 41, in which he took an active interest for a number of years; Stratfield Encampment, No. 23; Charity Rebekah Lodge, No. 4, all of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He also belonged to the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He attended the First Methodist Episcopal Church and for sixteen years served as a trustee.

Mr. Barmore married, May 24, 1876, Estella B., born in Kent, Connecticut, daughter of Henry Lockwood, who was a sailmaker and followed this trade until he retired, after which he made his home with his children. where he died March 7, 1908, at the age of seventy-four. He married Ann Maria Brown, a native of Weston, Connecticut, and they were the parents of six children, four of whom are now living: 1. Estella B., who became the wife of Stephen R. Barmore, as mentioned above. 2. Susan B., married George Davis, of South Norwalk. 3. George, died December 28, 1902, aged thirty-five years; married Rose Walsh. 4. David, died October 7, 1875, aged four years, nine months. 5. Jesse B., married Rose Anna Mahoney; employed with Yost typewriting concern in Bridgeport. 6. Addie May, married Charles Tomlinson, of Bethel, Connecticut. Mrs. Lockwood is still living and makes her home with her children. Following are the children of Mr. and Mrs. Barmore: 1. Edith May, born March 14, 1877, in Bridgeport, married Clarence Banks, a farmer of Fairfield; children: Kenneth, Dorothy, Raymond, Helen, Myriel. 2. Henry Lockwood, born April 19, 1881; like his father, a mason by trade; married Lillie Teaman and has one child, Gertrude. 3. Robert Lauder, born June 26, 1883, machinist by trade; married Mary Morehouse and has one child, Sylvia. 4. Stephen Robbins, born April 12, 1885. 5. Franklin Pierce, born July 26, 1887, died February 13, 1890, buried in Mountain Grove cemetery. 6. Frederick Plumb, born Septem-Estella, born September 9, 1892. 7. Frances Estella, born September 9, 1892. 8. Charles Sheldon, born August 21, 1896. 9. Mildred Burr, born October 8, 1900. All these children were born and educated in Bridgeport.



Rephen R. Barmore



any member of its the first beauty member of its the first beauty member of its the first beauty members, at his home in Bridgeport, leaving a record that might, with profit, be emulated by the young men of to-day. In all respects he led an exemplary life. In business he began at the bottom of the ladder and became highly successful. He was deeply interested in social and religious affairs and was greatly attached to his home, finding his highest enjoyment in the company of his wife at the first him the state, which she has handled in a most creditable manner, using rare tact and judgment. So the first him the first him to the first him the infant class of the Sunday school. Her children were reared in this church, and also her grandchildren, who are now in the infant class, making four generations of this family who have attended the same church.

"The announcement of the death of Stephen R. Barmore came as a shock to numerous friends and acquaintances, to the community, and to the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he had been a valued, consistent and esteemed member from early manhood, and a trustee for sixteen years. As a result of his sterling character, combined with prudence, foresight and conscientiousness, his career as a business man was eminently successful. He was ever responsive to the calls of the needy and his hand outstretched to help them in a liberal and yet unostentatious way. His consideration for those with whom he was associated won for him their deep admiration.

"We realize with deep sorrow that there has been removed from us one whom we could ill afford to spare, in view of his good worth to his family, to the community and to his church."

"Therefore, be it resolved that this heartfelt testimonial be spread upon the Church Records and a copy thereof be transmitted to

the bereaved family.

Richard W. Shares Richard X. H. M. S. Johns H. Whate, Committee."

John Deming, the immigrant ancestor, was one of the early scale of Wells ancestor. He recorded his homestead here in

bounded by High street on the west, the Great Meadow on the east, Thomas Standish's house on north, and Richard Crabbe's place on the south. The dates of his birth, marriage and death, have not been found. He married Honor, daughter of Richard Treat, whose second wife, Alice Gaylor I, may have been her mother. It is very likely that she was his only wife, and the mother of all his children. It

a soft by some constraint to the last a gloss by the state of the state of the lie records after his house is recorded, was he was among the deputies as J. Demon, and m 1095 so line Decel and in the pointed one of a committee, as a deputy, "to the river from Wethersfield, and within the town of Glastonbury. He obtained it in the year 1640, appearing as John Demion. He became a freeman in 1660, as John Deming Senior, together with John Deming Junior and Jonathan Deming. He bought much land signed a codicil to his will February 3, 1602, and this is the last recorded act of his life. ber 21, 1705. There is no record of the dates of birth of his children, and the names of them have been taken from his will. He left his son David he left all the materials and left money and movable property. He appointed his son Samuel the executor. His will shows that he was a man of some property and that he had some trade. David, who was left the tools, was a rope maker, but it is not known whether or not this was his father's trade. It is probable that his wife died before his will was made. Eunice and Sarah Standish, mentioned in the will as cousins, were daughters of Thomas Standish, whose land adjoined Deming's. The connection of this family with that of Captain Miles Standish has not been found. He was undoubtedly a prominent man in Connecticut colony affairs. Trumbull speaks of him as one of "the fathers of Connecticut," and Hinman says that he held the office of constable of Wethersfield in 1654, which shows that he possessed the full confidence of the governor. His name often appears on the records of the colony with the prefix Mr., a courtesy paid only to men of some prominence. It is also said that he was a representative at fifty sessions of the general court, while in Hollister's roll of deputies it is said that it was nineteen sessions. Children: John, born September 9, 1638; Jonathan, about 1639; A daughter, about 1643, married a Beckley, of Wethersfield; Rachel, about 1644, married John Morgan, of Wethersfield; Samuel, about 1646; Mary, about 1648, married John Hurlburt; Mercy, about 1651, married Thomas (or Joseph) Wright; David, about 1652; Sarah, about 1654, married Samuel Moody of Hartford; Ebenezer, mentioned below.

(II) Ebenezer, son of John Deming, was born in Wethersfield, about 1659. He died May 2, 1705, in Wethersfield. He married there, July 16, 1677, Sarah ——. It is supposed that he was the youngest son of John, and was born about 1659, although the will is the only means of ascertaining. In 1698 he received a deed of land in Wethersfield from his brother David, of Cambridge, and he inherited other land in that vicinity from his father. In the record of his marriage his wife's name has been obliterated. His widow and all his children as well as two sons-in-law Talcott and Wright, are named in the distribution of his estate. Children, all horn in Wethersfield: Ebenezer, May 5, 1678; John. July 26, 1679; Sarah, January 6, 1681; Prudence, about 1683; Ephraim, mentioned below; Josiah, about 1688.

(III) Lieutenant Ephraim Deming, son of Ebenezer Denning, was born in Wethersfield, in 1685, and died there November 14, 1742. He married, January 19, 1716, in Wethersfield, Hannah, daughter of John and Dorothy (Willard) Belding, who was born September 12, 1692, and died November 6, 1771.

He settled in the western part of Wethersfield, and joined the church at Newington early, being often appointed on important committees. October 13, 1726, he was appointed lieutenant of the train band of Newington by the Connecticut general assembly. He left a large estate which was distributed among his children, all of whom are mentioned in his will. Children, all born in Wethersfield: Dorothy, October 21, 1716; Janna, mentioned below: Honour, May 18, 1721; Stephen, August 25, 1723; Waitstill, May 18, 1726; Hannah, August 4, 1728; Lydia, March 26, 1732.

Deming, was born in Wethersfield, November 2, 1718. He died July 24, 1796, in Newington. He married, June 14, 1750, in Newington, Anna, daughter of Ebenezer and Eunice (Hale) Kilbourn, who was born June 20, 1728, and died April 12, 1813, aged eighty-five. He was a farmer, and lived in that part of Wethersfield afterwards known as Newington. In 1741 he was a private in the muster of Newington men drafted to go in the expedition against the West Indies. He seems to have reached the rank of lieutenant and was so called by friends and neighbors. He was a man of influence in his church, as is shown by the fact that in 1770 he was on a committee "to seat the meeting house, and that the men and their wives be seated together." His estate, inventoried at £832, was distributed among his children, by his will. Children, all born in Newington, Connecticut: Elizur, February 3, 1751; Elias, April 11, 1752; Daniel, mentioned below; Thomas, October 27, 1755; Anna, March 6, 1758; Eunice, April 4, 1760; John, May 4, 1762; Chloe, April 25, 1765; Honour, May 6, 1767; Gad, June 19, 1770: Levi, August 27, 1772. (V) Daniel, son of Janna Deming, was

(V) Daniel, son of Janna Deming, was born in Newington, December 31, 1753, and died September 10, 1828, in Colebrook, Connecticut. He married, October 1, 1778, in Wethersfield, Judith, daughter of Moses and Martha (Welles) Deming, who was born March 18, 1754, and died October 3, 1831. He was a shoemaker by trade, and was an early settler in Colebrook. He joined the troops in the beginning of the revolution, which were raised on the alarm of Lexington. May 15, 1775, he enlisted in the 9th Company, Captain John Chester, Second Regiment, General Spencer. His powder horn, marked "Daniel Deming his horn," is now owned by his grandson, Wolcott Deming, It is curiously decorated with pictures of animals cut with a penknife. After the war he bought land in the southeastern part of Colebrook, where he lived the rest of his life. Chil-

dier talen tij is Min dem film : 1782. Have dense ap 1781 and differen 2, 1786 Daniel Ann 3 (788) Alim I Ini-ani 8, 1700 Unol, Juli 2

All General and Daniel Donners born Laman , asso of Wester field, and sale October 5, 1836, in Riverton, Connecticut. He married. Married Sto. March, complained in A condition office (Author) I may also say ben Juli 10, 1776 - Torrin en Sie del John I. 1800 - Children en 15 ea ea, mentioned below: Januah Kilborn, born No-vealler 12 (883) 8 1 mm dm 33, (807)

and died there May 15, 1873. He was eduented in the district schools and learned the trade of shoemaker. He brilt the brick house in which his son Watson now lives at Riverton, from brick made on the homestead. He was a well-to-do and prominent citizen and was representative from the town in the gen-November 16, 1825, at Riverton, Belinda Moore, born November 15, 1800, died November 5, 1886, in Riverton, daughter of Apollos and Candace Moore (see Moore). Children: riet, August 4, 1828, died young; George G., January 13, 1831; John, May 8, 1833; Ann Eliza, December 4, 1835; Sarah Ann, December 4, 1837; Watson Henry, mentioned below. (VIII) Watson Henry, son of George Gil-

bert Deming, was born March 6, 1840, at Riverton. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He enlisted as a musician in the civil war in Company F. Nineteenth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and after a year of service was discharged for disability. He worked in the scythe shop and rule shop in Riverton and in later years was a master to which he has devoted his attention since he retired from active labor. In religion he is an Episcopalian; in politics a Republican. He resides in Riverton. He married, January 7. 1868, Ella Jane Tiffany, born June 30, 1850, daughter of James an I Sophronia (Case) Tiffany. Children, born at Riverton: 1. Lena M., born June 4, 1874; married Edward Pierson. 2. Clara Louise, April 9, 1877; married, February 16, 1898, Hubert W. Menzell, of The Hill I have ing a daughter Doris, born February 4, 1908.

John (1) Deming (q. v.), was Wethersfield, Connecticut, died there January 23, 1712. He married, December 12, 1657, in about 1037, daughter of Joseph and Ann Mygatt. According to Savage, he was born in man says that he was born in 1032, and if this in order to distinguish him from his father. and the title shows that he may have taken his wife were members of the church at whom his father first bequeathed the tools er," which was a maker of small work, or a John, born September 9, 1658; Joseph, June Tely I from Same, Am of its this the cob, August 26, 1670; Sarah, January 17. 1672; Hezekiah, mentioned below,

(III) Hezekiah, son of John (2) Deming, was born about 1680 in Wethersfield, died June 11, 1747, in Farmington, Connecticut, He married, November 22, 1700, in Wethersin that part of Wethersfield which was afterwards in the parish of Newington, and on Newington with "the mansion and buildings. trade of a carpenter. His will was dated later appears at Plainville, where he had a wife Esther, who was administratrix of his estate. June 16, 1763. Children, born in Benjamin, July 20, 1705; Eunice, May 29, 1708; Lois, January 24, 1710; Elisha, baptized March 8, 1712-13; Zebulon, baptized July, 1714-15; John, died October 28, 1731; Eliakim, born 1722; Samuel, born July 26, 1724, mentioned below; Sarah, married, February 15, 1759, John Rew; Mehitable, baptized March 6, 1748, "daughter of Lois Deming."

(IV) Samuel, son of Hezekiah Deming, was born July 26, 1724, at Plainville, died January 24, 1796, in Farmington. He married, May 4, 1749, Anna, born September 25, 1724, died November 23, 1796, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Anna (Stanley) Hart. He lived in Plainville, Connecticut, where he owned Root's Mills which he inherited from his father. He is very likely the Samuel who served in the revolution in Captain Edwin Shipman's company, Colonel Webb's regiment. He owned land in Bristol, where his wife joined the church in 1793. According to the Hart Genealogy he had other children besides those given, including a son Eliakim, but other authority is lacking for that statement. Children: John, born October 9, 1753, mentioned below; Chauncey, July 19, 1757.

(V) John (3), son of Samuel Deming, was born October 9, 1753, in Plainville, Connecticut, died July 2, 1810, in Farmington. He married, May 10, 1775, in Farmington, Susanna, born September 14, 1755, died March (Hooker) Cowles. Children: Samuel, born May 9, 1776, died May 29, 1776; Anna, September 8, 1777; Abigail, February 26, 1780; Fanny, February 18, 1786; Caroline, May 27,

1789; Samuel, mentioned below.

(VI) Samuel (2), son of John (3) Deming, was born January 29, 1798, in Farmington, died April 28, 1871, in Farmington. He married, January 18, 1821, in Farmington, Catharine Matilda, born August 22, 1801, died October 12, 1884, daughter of Seth and Phebe (Scott) Lewis. He was a man of strong character, an anti-slavery man, a true Christian, and a prosperous farmer. Children, born in Farmington: Child, died December 30, 1821, unnamed; Edward, died December 28, 1822; John, born August 19, 1825, mentioned below; Chauncey, October 24, 1827, died September 12, 1831; Susan Augusta, September 8, 1830, married, October 9, 1867, Austin Hart, and died December 7, 1895; Frederic, August 6, 1836; Chauncey, December 15, 1838; Catharine Lewis, June 4, 1841; Carolina Campa Mayerpher 26, 1842

line Camp. November 26, 1843. (VII) John (4), son of Samuel (2) Deming, was born August 19, 1825, in Farmington, died March 10, 1894, in Brooklyn, New York. He made his home in Northampton,

where he was engaged in the manufacture of farming implements. While there he served as a member of Massachusetts legislature in 1857, and the following year returned to Farmington, where he continued in the same business until he moved to Glen Eyre, Pike county, Pennsylvania, in 1869, when he engaged in the manufacture of furniture and in mercantile business, practically owning the whole town. He spent his last days in Brooklyn, New York. He married Catherine Hooker, daughter of Rev. Joshua Williams, of Cromwell, Connecticut, and granddaughter of Squire John Mix (see Mix IV). Catherine Hooker (Williams) Deming was born Oc-26, 1826, in Middletown, Connecticut, died October 4, 1901, in Hoboken, New Jersey. Children: Anna, born May 18, 1848, died June 6, 1848; Annie Williams, August 23, 1851; Samuel Lewis, May 5, 1854; Edward Hooker, July 14, 1857, mentioned below; Elizabeth Thomson, December 17, 1859; John Mix, May 10, 1862; Harry Wadsworth, November 5, 1868.

(VIII) Edward Hooker, son of John (4) Deming, was born in Northampton, Massachusetts, July 14, 1857. He was educated in Deacon Hart's school at Farmington. He was in business with his father at Glen Eyre, Pennsylvania, until 1883, when he returned to Farmington. In 1884 he bought the store of Chauncey Rowe and conducted it until 1892, when he entered into partnership with F. L. Scott, continuing until April 1, 1901, when he sold his interest to Mr. Scott. He is president of the Union Electric Light & Power Company, and of the Farmington Water Company. Mr. Deming has been ac-tive and prominent in public life; he was judge of probate in this district from 1896 to 1908; chairman of the school board nineteen years; postmaster from January 1, 1884, to January 1, 1902; was reappointed by President Roosevelt but declined; was selectman for five years, 1892 to 1896 inclusive. Since 1889 he has been a trustee of the Farmington Savings Bank; assistant treasurer since 1903; was a member of the loan committee for many years, and May 1, 1910, elected treasurer. He is a member of the Country Club and of the Sons of the American Revolution. In religion he is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican.

Mr. Deming married, at Hawley, Pennsylvania, May 26, 1886, Isabelle, born September 20, 1857, daughter of Morvelden and Jane (Miller) Plum. Children: Edward Hooker, born May 19, 1888, associated with his father in the savings bank; May Atkinson, June 28, 1893.



5 It Denning



Ly Thomas Miscon Move and one Haven in their aid to be a control of the left a gent test and mention to be bottoms. Stephen were executors. He married, 1649. Rebecca, daughter of Captain Nathaniel Turner; she died June 14, 1731. Children: John, born 1649, mentioned below; Nathaniel, Seprefries 14, 003 Total, Salmilla Times,

Rebecca, January 4, 1658; Abigail, 1650; Cahe unit same famor is the nah, June 30, 1666; Esther, November 30,

No. 12 in Wallingford in 1670. He married Line and hard and a second Allice Co. 178 a. His will was proved in 1712, and in it he ther, Elizabeth, Mercy and Abigail. He and against Hannah, wife of William Jones, The John, born August 26, 1676, mentioned below;

ried Theophilus Munson; Elizabeth; Mercy; Abigail, married, September 7, 1700, Major Thomas Miles.

He received four and a half acres of land in (first) November 26, 1702, Sarah Thompson,

En : (80000 TO, 1000, --- ) and she married (second) --- Smith, In his estate, and she was guardian to Esther and John, who were minors. Mehitable chose the dower to Esther Smith was divided between John, one of the heirs of John Mix, 1 Me min Perk L' beth Sanford, and Esther Painter. Children: Ebenezer, born about 1705; Mehitable, August 19, 1706; Elizabeth; Esther; John, mentioned

(2) Mix, was born in 1720. He chose Jonathan Arnold as guardian in 1730, and he died January 24, 1796, aged seventy-six. He won der Colonel William Douglas, and a prominent member of the Society of the Cincinnati, serving as secretary of the Connecticut branch, He was also quite prominent in political afthe fairly tent to the or to

married (first) November 21, 1600, Sarah,

one authority she was widow of Thomas Wil-

born May 18, 1705, at Wethersfield, died October 20, 1745, in Wethersfield. He married, March 10, 1735, there, Eunice, born July 20, 1704, daughter of Abraham and Eunice (Borman) Williams. Children, born in Wethersfield: Giles, February 18, 1736; Abraham, May 29, 1738, mentioned below; Hannah,

March 12, 1743.

(V) Abraham, son of Daniel Deming, was born May 29, 1738, in Wethersfield, died September 25, 1776, in Rocky Hill, Connecticut. He resided at Rocky Hill parish in Wethersfield. His estate was not distributed until 1784. He married Olive Smith. Children, born at Wethersfield: Israel, 1760, mentioned below; David, April, 1761; Justus, 1763; Luther, baptized March 8, 1767; Elijah, baptized September, 1769; Euniee, baptized April 5, 1772; Frederick, July 31, 1774, died in infancy; Frederick, baptized June 23, 1776, died

in infancy

(VI) Israel, son of Abraham Deming, was born at Wethersfield, and baptized there July 7, 1765. He died April 30, 1848, in Beckleyville, Connecticut, aged eighty-eight years. He married Hepzibah Webster, born in 1763, died March 18, 1832, daughter of David and Zerviah (Hart) Webster. Being the eldest of a large family and his parents poor, he left home early and in 1784 was living in Great Barrington, Massachusetts. He is mentioned in the will of Jacob Deming in 1791. After this date Israel lived in that part of Berlin known as Beckleyville, although he bought a house in Enfield, Connecticut, in 1824, with his son-in-law, Silas North. His children seem to have lived much of the time in the southern states. Hepzibah Deming lived for a time in Virginia, and died there; Levi Deming was in North Carolina for a time; there was a grandson Jacob in Georgia, and William lived in Virginia. Children, born at Berlin: Philip, mentioned below; Levi, died in 1813; William Horace, born March 4, 1804; Hepzibah, married, January 14, 1824, Abijah North; 

(VII) Philip, son of Israel Deming, was born about 1796, died August 19, 1836. He married, June 14, 1818, Sarah Andrus, born April 17, 1797, died January 13, 1863, daughter of Samuel and Eunice (Eddy) Andrus. Children: Levi, mentioned below; Henry, born May 11, 1824, died in Virginia, September 17, 1824, Philip Henry, May 4, 1827.

tember 15, 1834; Philip Henry, May 4, 1835.
(VIII) Levi, son of Philip Deming, was born September 1, 1818, died December 17, 1877, in Berlin. He married (first) May 26, 1842, Satah Burnham Merriam, born in 1821, in White Oak, Connecticut, died December

6, 1843, aged twenty-two. He married (second) December 2, 1845, Delia Belden, who died March 2, 1887, daughter of Leonard Belden. Child of first wife: Sarah J., born in 1843, died September 28, 1844, aged eleven months. Children of second wife: Henry, born October 8, 1847, died March 30, 1865, on his way home from service in the civil

war; Francis, mentioned below.

(IX) Francis, son of Levi Deming, was born in Beckley Quarter, Berlin, February 4, 1857. He was reared on the homestead and occupied with farming in his boyhood. He attended the public schools of his native town and the State Normal School at New Britain, from which he was graduated in the class of 1878. He taught school one year in New Hartford and two terms in West Cromwell, and afterward engaged in farming. After the death of his father he succeeded to the homestead and has conducted it until recently. In 1881 he purchased the grocery and drug store of Alfred North, but after conducting it a year and a half sold it. Mr. Deming is secretary and treasurer of the Berlin Savings Bank, elected in 1910. In politics he is a Republican. He has been town clerk, justice of the peace and grand juror and for several years member of the school board. He is a prominent member of the local grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and was elected master, but declined to serve. He is an active and prominent member of the Congregational church of which he was clerk for thirteen years, and of which he has been deacon since January, 1897. He has also been clerk and treasurer of the Ecclesiastical Society, since February 8, 1886. His wife and son Lester are members of the same church. Mr. Deming is one of the most substantial and influential men of the town, of sound judgment, sterling integrity and enterprising in business, of recognized public spirit and exceptional executive ability.

He married, October 5, 1880, Jennie Bidwell Hill, of Cromwell, born December 5, 1857, daughter of William S. and Phebe (Bidwell) Hill. Her father was a farmer. Mr. Deming's residence on Benjamin street was built in 1892. Children, born at Berlin: 1. Florence Delia, September 3, 1881, died May 6, 1882. 2. Lester Francis, December 1, 1884; educated in the public schools of New Britain, Wesleyan University, class of 1906; now in the office of the Stanley Works, New Britain; married, October 9, 1907, Jessie E., daughter of John H. Connley; child, John Francis, born March 21, 1910. 3. Robert Hubbard, May 30, 1886; graduate of the New Britain high school; now in the office of the

State Was a Heavy Chair Annual 12 SS - graduate at the Annual Language of the Property of the Chair State of the Property of the Chair State of th

DEMINO John Common of Winner and, Common than I also be been a like Cambridge, where he was called a "fencetop type, or best of the Property of the last of the west portion of the estate to Andrew Bel-"Knacker," which has been defined as "a maker of small work; a rope-maker." His will was dated April 23, 1725, and "being sick and weak," he discharges his son David of a debt of one hundred pounds more or less which had been given him at different times for his education at college and since then, and he left money to the three children of Joseph Deming, son of Hannah Deming, widow, he left his dwelling house, with the twenty-one, the property should go to his brother, John Deming. The remainder of the estate was left to his son-in-law, Henry Howell, blacksmith. The inventory named "15 Seal-skins; 17 Sheep-skins; and leather and tools," and it also included "Benjamin Deming's time valued at 24 pounds, and the Indian boy valued at 60 pounds." He married, August 14, 1678, in Wethersfield, Mary, who died October 14, 1724, in Boston, aged seventy-two. Children, three born at Wethersfield, last probably born at Cambridge: David, born July 20, 1681, mentioned below; 1685. died May 13. 1713; Martha, married,

ing, was born July 20, 1681, in Wethersfield, died February 6, 1745-46, in North Lyme, Connecticut. Rev. David Deming was educated at Harvard College, from which eh graduated in 1700. Soon after his marriage he bought land in Middletown, where his son David was born, and he very likely moved back to Boston after a few years, and he may

have been the pastor of the church at Needham, for at a meeting there, the inhabitants of the town voted, October 29, 1712, "yt ye week for his House Rent a year and Re Iris Earn for to lay hay for to keep the Mr. Deming's Cattell, and that Robart Fuller should provide a convenient stud by for Mr. want his littell roome in ye spring. He was ordained minister of the should provide a convenient stud by for Mr. and here his son Jonathan was born, though nothing further has been found of him except that he is mentioned in his grandfather's will. After leaving Medway he settled in He was a tall, handsome man, and hi was quite small. He married, November 18, 1708, in Foston, Mercy Bridgham, who died in December, 1700, aged eighty-five. Children: David, born August 24, 1700, mentioned below; Mercy, married, February 5, 1734, Joseph Lay, of Lyme; Jonathan, born March

(IV) David (3), son of David (2) Denning, was born August 24, 1700, in Middletown, died May 30, 1781, in Lyme, He married, December 18, 1740, in Lyme, Mehital el, daughter of Henry and Mehitabel (Rowley) Champion, born February 25, 1720, in East Haddam, Connecticut, die l October 24, 1817, in Litchfield. He seems to have been a man of quiet habits, and little is to be found of him in the records of the town. His wife is said to have been an energetic and beautiful woman, active in managing the affairs of Ler family. Children, born in North Lyme; Prudence, May 18, 1742; Jonathan, February 20, 1744, 1710 (1914).

(V) Julius, son of David (3) Deming, was born April 16, 1755, in North Lyme, died January 23, 1838, in Litchfield. He served in the continental army during the revolution

He was detailed as acting assistant commissary general and accompanied the relief train of cattle sent to General Washington at Valley Forge. He removed to Litchfield after the war, where he commenced business in 1781, and soon developed unusual ability as a merchant and acquired considerable pr

the legislature of Connecticut, and he served as county treasurer of Litchfield county from 1801 to 1814. His residence, "The Lindens," is still standing at Litchfield and is now owned and occupied by his grandson, Hon Julius Deming Perkins. He married, August 7, 1781, in Westchester, Connecticut, Dorothy, daughter of Henry and Deborah (Brainard) Champion, born October 29, 1759, in Westchester, died December 4, 1830, in Litchfield. Children, born in Litchfield: Julius, July 28, 1782; Dorothy, December 29, 1784; Frederick, October 4, 1787; Charles, December 23, 1789; William, March 1, 1792, mentioned below; Clarissa, December 21, 1795; Mary, October 16, 1798; Lucretia, August 13, 1804.

(VI) William, son of Julius Deming, was born in Litchfield, March 1, 1792, died May 2, 1865, there. He graduated from Yale College in 1811, and in 1816 engaged in mercantile business in New York City with his brothers Frederick and Charles. About five years later the firm gave up business and he re-turned to Litchfield, where he was able to live the life of a gentleman of leisure. He married, April 29, 1830, in Hartford, Charlotte Tryon, daughter of Amos and Clarissa (Tryon) Bull, born May 30, 1807, in Hartford, died June 16, 1886, in Litchfield. Children: Adelaide Louisa, born February 14, 1831; William, March 16, 1833; Emma Dorothea, June 2, 1835; Charles Julius, August 10, 1838, mentioned below; Charlotte, September 20, 1840; Julius, October 15, 1842; Clarence, October 1,

(VII) Charles Julius, son of William Deming, was born in Litchfield, August 10, 1838, died August 30, 1905. He lived in Litchfield. He enlisted, August 10, 1861, in Company I, First Regiment, Connecticut Heavy Artillery, and became adjutant of the Second Regiment in 1862, and was honorably discharged, July 30, 1863. He married, November 7, 1867, in Danbury, Connecticut, Anna Maria, daughter of Colonel Nelson Lloyd and Sarah (Booth) White, born October 4, 1840. Child, born in Danbury: Nelson Lloyd, men-

tioned below.

(VIII) Nelson Lloyd, son of Charles Julius Deming, was born in Danbury. Connecticut, November 21, 1868. He attended the public schools and the Hopkins Grammar School of New Haven, and graduated in the class of 1890 from the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University. He studied his profession at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York and had four years of hospital work after receiving his degree in 1893. He went to Fort Wayne, Indiana, in 1897, and practiced medicine there until 1906 when he came to Litchfield, Connecticut, where he has practiced since. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society, the

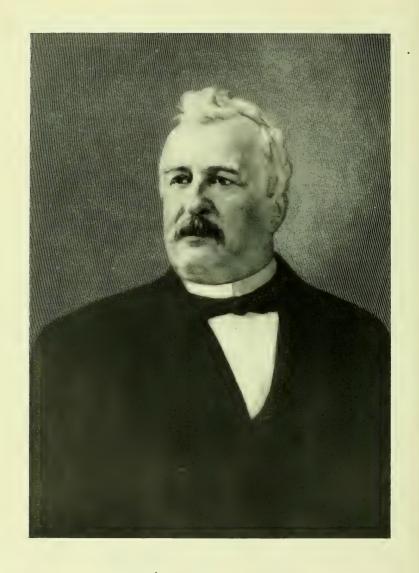
American Medical Association and of the similar societies in Indiana. In religion he is an Episcopalian. He married, November 16, 1898. Louise, born May 2, 1866, daughter of William Lane and Clara Louise (Hanna) Carnahan, granddaughter of James G. and Margaret (Brown) Carnahan, great-granddaughter of Robert Carnahan. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Deming: Nelson Lloyd, October 29, 1900; Mary Louise, March 17, 1902.

(V) Jonathan Deming, son of DEMING David (3) Deming, was born February 29, 1743, in North Lyme, Connecticut, died March 1, 1788, in Colchester, Connecticut. In his early life Jonathan Deming was brought up by Dudley Wright, who later on admitted him to partnership in business. He became a prosperous merchant and accumulated considerable property. He served in the revolution as an officer in the continental army, retiring at the close of the war with the rank of major. Was first sergeant in Captain Thomas Converse's company in 1781, captain in the Second Connecticut Regiment of Light Horse. His home in Colchester is still standing. It is said that in it was instituted the first commandery of Knights Templar in America, and that in the third story a hall was fitted for the use of companions of the order, and for other Masonic meetings. He married, December 30, 1767, in Colchester, Alice, daughter of Rev. Thomas and Mary (Thompson) Skinner, born September 2, 1747, in Colchester, died September 15, 1824. She married (second)

Hubbard. Children, born in Colchester: David, December 8, 1768, died September 14, 1769; Mary, October 10, 1770, died June 19, 1776; David, May 8, 1773, died October 6, 1775; Betsey, April 2, 1775, died April 27, 1776; Mary, September 3, 1777, died January 15, 1778; Alice, September 21, 1778; David, mentioned below.

(VI) David, son of Major Jonathan Deming, was born August 23, 1781, in Colchester, died there June 6, 1827. He was for many years a successful and prominent merchant in Colchester. He was frequently a member of the state legislature, and, in 1818, was a delegate to the convention to form the state constitution. He was also active in military affairs, was a major of cavalry, and in 1819 became brigadier-general of the artillery brigade. He received honorary degrees from Yale and Williams colleges. He married, September 17, 1804, in Westchester, Connecticut, Abigail, daughter of Henry and Abigail (Tinker) Champion, born in Westchester, January 17, 1787, died in Hartford, March 31, 1853. Chil-





Amy ! Deming-

dren, born in Colchester: Mary Thompson,
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at Colchester, Connecticut, died in Hartford, Yale College in the class of 1830 and from Harvard Law School in 1839. He then devoted more attention to literature and to Benjamin he edited the New World, a literary monthly. In 1847 he came to Hartford, Connecticut, and made another start in the practice of law, but finding politics more attractive, he entered upon a public career. He represented the city in the general assembly of the state in 1840-50, and from 1850 to 1861. In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1854 to 1858 and In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1859 to 1861. In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1859 to 1861. In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of Hartford from 1859 to 1861. In 1851 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of 1861 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of 1861 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of 1861 he was a state senator. He was mayor of the city of 1861 he was a state senator.

publican, he was elected speaker pro tem, October 9, 1861, such was the confidence in his ability and good judgment. In September, 1861, he was commissioned colonel of the expedition under General Benjamin F. Butler, After the passage of the forts, his regiment was the first to reach New Orleans and it was assigned by General Butler the post of honor at the Custom House. He was appointed provisional major of the city and detached from his regiment for that duty. From October, 1862, to February, 1863, he administered the affairs of the city under the most difficult and trying circumstances. He was elected to congress by the Republican party tion by his rhetorical ability and force of character. His military experience made him an exceedingly useful member of the committee on military affairs and he was also chairman of the committee on expenditures in the war department. In 1866 he was dele-He was appointed collector of internal revenue in 1869 and to the duties of that office he

devoted the remainder of his life. He was conceded to be one of the most eloquent and convincing public speakers in New England in his day, and as an orator he won a national reputation. He translated Eugene Sue's "Wandering Jew" (published in 1800) and "The Mysteries of Paris." He delivered before the Connecticut legislature in 1805 a eulogy of Abraham Lincoln, and was the author of the "Life of Ulysses S. Grant," published in 1808, and also of various other publications. A man of culture and retinement, of excellent literary taste and discrimination, he was also a crifted and prediffic writer.

The married (first) February 12, 1850, in flartford, Sarah B. Clerc, born August 12, 1888, in Hartford, died June 26, 1869, in that city, daughter of Laurent and Eliza C. (Boardman) Clerc. He married (second) June 29, 1871, in East Hartford, Anne Putnam (Wilson) Jillson, born January 7, 1849, in Hartford, died in the city of New York, October 27, 1905, without issue, daughter of Myron W, and Elizabeth (Putnam) Wilson, widow of Sherman L. Jillson, and great-granddaughter of Israel Putnam. Children born of first wife at Hartford: 1. Henry Champion, born November 25, 1850; graduated in 1872 at Yale College with the degree of A. B., and was a member of the Psi Upsilon and Skull and Bones societies; was president of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York City, from which office he resigned in 1008, since which time he has not been actively engaged in business; a member of the Union, University, Lawyers, Larchmont Yacht and Yale clubs; resides at 114 East Twenty-seventh street, New York, 2, Charles Clerc, mentioned below. 3, Mary Shipman, died in her seventh year, 4, Laurent Clerc, born November 21, 1800; graduated in 1883 from Yale College where he was a member of Psi Upsilon and Skull and Bones societies; he is assistant secretary of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company; resides at 114 East Twenty-seventh street, New York City; is a member of the University, Yale and New York Yacht clubs.

(VIII) Charles Clerc, second son of Colonel Henry Champion and Sarah B. (Clerc) Deming, was born May 22, 1852, at Hartford. He received his primary education in the public schools of that city; entering Yale College, he was graduated in the class of 1872, and was a member of Psi Upsilon and Skull and Bones fraternities of the college. He pursued his professional course in the Columbian Law School, graduating in 1875 with the degree of LL. B., and since that time has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in

New York City. He is a member of the law firm of Alexander & Green, with offices in the Equitable Building, 120 Broadway. Mr. Deming is a member of the University, Union, Yale, Racquet and Tennis, Lawyers and Ardsley clubs of New York City, of Maryland Club of Baltimore, the Metropolitan Club of Washington, and of the City Bar Association of New York. He married, in 1903, Mabel F., daughter of James and Adela C. Wilson. They have no children. They reside at 135 Central Park West, New York City.

(VI) Frederick Deming, son DEMING of Julius Deming (q. v.), was born October 4, 1787, in Litchfield, Connecticut, died September 13, 1860, in Newburg, New York. He was a merchant in New York City from 1816 to 1820, and president of the Union Bank in that city for nearly twenty years. He married, July 19, 1813, in Farmington, Connecticut, Mary, daughter of Ebenezer Steele and Prudence (Brainard) Gleason, born May 15, 1796, in Farmington, died March 31, 1869, in Brooklyn, New York. Children: 1. Mary Gleason, born May 8, 1815; married, May 12, 1846, Sidney Greene, of Brooklyn, and died November 21, 1888. 2. Clarissa Brainard, November 15, 1818, died December 14, 1899, unmarried. 3. Louisa, May 8, 1822, died December 27, 1892, unmarried. 4. Charlotte Elizabeth, June 8, 1825, died August 28, 1848, unmarried. 5. Sarah Ellen, July 14, 1828; married November 4, 1873, Par Lorge Level married, November 4, 1852, Rev. James Leonard Corning, and died January 10, 1883. 6. Frederick, October 30, 1832, mentioned below. 7. Julia Champion, March 7, 1836; married, May 10, 1859, John Taylor Sherman, and died August 8, 1888.

(VII) Frederick (2), son of Frederick (1) Deming, was born at Litchfield, October 30, 1832. After traveling extensively, he made Litchfield his permanent residence. His son Frederick possessed great musical gifts and was an organist of more than ordinary merit. He married, March 31, 1869, in East Haddam; Connecticut, Emma Louise, born October 3, 1850, at East Haddam, daughter of George W. and Clorinda Buchanan (Hallock) Jones. Children, born at Litchfield: 1. Clarissa Champion, March 18, 1872; resides in Litchfield. 2. Frederick, September 9, 1873, died July 15, 1892. 3. Dudley Brainard, October 8, 1874; resides and practices at Waterbury, Connecticut; graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York. 4. Elizabeth, April 12, 1884. 5. John

Hallock, September 24, 1887.

The surname Bartram is BARTRAM identical with Bertram and Bartrum, and is derived, like so many other British surnames, from ancient personal names. According to "Patronymic Brittanica," Bertram is the ancient spelling of the baptismal name from which the surname was taken at the time of the adoption of surnames in Normandy and England. The family has been traced in England to the reign of King Henry I., and is of ancient Norman stock. William Bartram founded the priory of Brinkburne, county Northumberland, England, at that time. The name may also be of local origin, taken from a place named Bertram or Bartram, which previously took its name from some person, for we find in the "Domesday Book," William de Bartram, as a tenant in chief in county Hants. Two baronies by tenure were held in the name of Bartram down to the thirteenth century (see Burke). It may safely be said, therefore, that the family came to England in 1066 with William the Conqueror. There are two very old coats-of-arms, viz.: "Or, a lion passant, vert; azure, an eagle displayed; or." Another borne by a branch of the family in Cumberland and probably equally ancient, judging from its simplicity, is described: "Gules, an oile, or." A branch of the family in Scotland, probably of later date, bears: "Gules, on an escutcheon between an oile of eight crosses pattee, or, a thistle head proper. Crest: Out of an antique crown, or, a ram's head, argent. Motto: J'avance." An immigrant from England to Virginia in early colonial days founded an important family in the southern states, a family tree of which has been pub-

(I) John Bartram, the immigrant ancestor, came from England to Stratford, Connecticut, among the early settlers, and died there in 1676. He was first in Massachusetts Bay Francis Bowers, --- Long and Roger Harding, Richard Marjeron, Henry Cowes, Frances Bowers, — Long and Roger Bunley, asked permission to withdraw. "The Court judgeth it meete on the request of Captain Robt. Harding, Richard Marjeron, Henry Cowes, Fraunces Bowers, Jno. Bartram, Long & Roger Bounly, shall be released of their bonds to this court for theire continuance in the countrye & sequestration of theire estates." (Massachusetts Bay, "Colonial Records," Vol. IV, p. 207.) This action was taken by the general court, October 18, 1654. The only one of these men about whom much is known is Captain Harding, who was disarmed on account of his disaffection for the Puritan church and his support of Anne





Moselle Balliam

Harder on He chined other or he me Appendent relicibility to the HE III Ri e interes in the more and age the not mention the time count than tram, and it is surmised that all were driven most of them returned to England or left John, mentioned below; Hannah, born at Stratford, June 28, 1668, and perhaps others.

was born about 1605, at Stratford, Connecticut, whence he removed to Fairfield. He was a planter and was made a freeman, March 18, 1600. He married Sarah, daughter of Jacob Gray. Children, born at Fairfield: John, in infancy; Joseph, baptized August 8, 1606; David, born December 13, 1702, settled at

29, 1699. He married, May 15, 1728, Elizaat Fairfield: Joseph, baptized February 23, 1720; Hannah, born July 4, 1731, died March 28, 1759; Ebenezer, June 13, 1732, mentioned below; Job, March 20, 1735, married, November 18, 1762, Jerusha, daughter of David Thompson; Eulalia, June 24, 1737; Bar-

nabas, September 30, 1730.

No allower to be with the at Fairfield, June 13, 1732, and baptized there, and served both in the army and navy. He brother's) company, Samuel Whiting's regiment, on the alarm at Ridgefield and Horsethe state of the s adier-General Silliman. He was first lieutenant of a privateer, in the naval service of the Continentals, known as the "Defense," and this ship captured many prizes. (See "History U. S. N.," 114-115; "Connecticut in the Revolu-tion," 524, and "Colonial Records,") He died at Black Rock, January 3, 1783. He married, November 1, 1759, Mary, daughter of Captain John Burr. She died March 15, 1806. Children: Joseph, baptized September 28. The land David of the Lene, baptized August 15, 1762; Thomas, born June 3. 1764, died July 28, 1764; Mary, baptized October 6, 1765; Job, baptized May 17, 1767. mugge Control 8 Str. 1 Str. R

(V) Thomas, son

May 6, 1771, and died \(\text{i} = \text{1}\)

and built county and is in protection o the same about

to the second-story windows of the houses a date in the second

tional church in Black Rock was founded. To it he gave his staunch support and liberal

contributions as long as he lived.

He married, September 2, 1829, Elizabeth Jane Carpenter, of Harrison, Westchester county, New York, daughter of William and Abbie Carpenter. At the time of their marriage there were no railroads, and their wedding trip to Niagara Falls was made by stage coach and packet boats on the Erie canal. William Carpenter was a wealthy land owner and farmer. She died November 25, 1878. Children of Captain Joseph and Elizabeth Jane (Carpenter) Bartram: 1. Sarah Jane, resided on the old homestead; vice-president of the Bridgeport Protestant Orphan Asylum, to which she devoted much time; interested in and substantially aided all charitable and philanthropic work; died at her home, Brewster street, Black Rock, January 19, 1911. 2. Thomas William, never married; with his brother, Joseph Burr, founded the commission house of Bartram Brothers, now at 62 Pearl street, New York City, in the early sixties, and continued in that firm until his death, November 1, 1888. 3. Joseph Burr, born May 17, 1839, mentioned below. 4. Elizabeth Martha, died unmarried, October 20, 1902. 5. Mary Allen, married Rev. Henry Collins Woodruff, October 15, 1884, resides on the old homestead.

Rev. Henry Collins Woodruff was born in Brooklyn, New York, February 16, 1845, son of Albert Woodruff, a native of Sandisfield, Berkshire county, Massachusetts. Albert Woodruff was born August 13, 1807, died October 11, 1891, in Brooklyn, New York. When he was only an infant his parents removed to the adjacent town of Otis, and when he was twelve years old they removed from Otis to Hartford, Connecticut. Mr. Woodruff left Hartford when he was nineteen and entered commercial life in New York City with his brother, and continued, after the death of his brother, with other partners, until about 1861. when he retired from business. His wife died in 1882. All his life Albert Woodruff was an earnest Christian and an active worker in the Sunday school in the cities where he lived. He was particularly interested and very successful in establishing Sunday schools in for-eign countries. He instituted the Foreign Sunday School Association of the United States of America, and this has spread to nearly all the foreign countries. He was its president as long as he lived, and the work that he began so well has been productive of great good and grown steadily. Rev. Henry Collins Woodruff graduated from Yale College in 1868; attended Andover Theological Seminary for two years, graduating in 1871,

and also attended Union Theological Seminary for one year. His first parish was at Northport, Long Island, where he remained eight and one-half years. In 1881 he came to Black Rock, Connecticut, where he has been located since as pastor of the Congregational Church, of which his wife's father was one of the founders. At the expiration of the first quarter of a century of his pastorate the congregation of his church gave him a reception and presented him with two hundred fifty five-dollar gold pieces, tokens of their esteem and affection. On the occasion of the twentyfifth anniversary of their marriage, Rev. and Mrs. Woodruff were given a handsome silver loving cup by their parishioners. Rev. H. C. Woodruff is president of the Foreign Sunday School Association of the United States, member of the Yale Alumni Association of Fairfield county, and of the Phi Beta Kappa fraternity of New York.

(VII) Joseph Burr, son of Joseph and Elizabeth Jane (Carpenter) Bartram, was born at Black Rock, Connecticut, May 17, 1839, and was educated in Fairfield. In the early sixties he with his brother Thomas formed the commission firm of Bartram Brothers, now at 62 Pearl street, New York, and he continued in this business with substantial success to the time of his death, April 10, 1902. He was a resident of Black Rock until his marriage, after which he made his home in Newark, New Jersey. In addition to his business, he was director of a number of important corporations. In politics he was a Republican, but never sought nor held public office.

He married Eleanor Cook Wardwell, who was born in Fall River, Massachusetts, daughter of Benjamin Wardwell. The Wardwells are of an old and prominent family of Fall River. She was one of two children, the other dying in childhood. Her father was a prominent manufacturer in Fall River. Mrs. Bartram now resides in Newark. She and her husband were members of the Newark Presbyterian Church. Children: I. Joseph Percy, mentioned below. 2. Rensselaer Wardwell, in partnership with his brother in the commission business; married, November 14, 1901, Alice Booth; children: Rensselaer Jr., and Jane Isabel. 3. Howard Preston, resides in Newark, with his mother.

(VIII) Joseph Percy, son of Joseph Burr and Eleanor Cook (Wardwell) Bartram, was born in Brooklyn. He spent his boyhood in Newark, where he received his education. As a clerk in his father's office he learned the business thoroughly, finally becoming a partner in the firm and has continued in this business to the present time. For some years he





Edwin Thartram

espled in the dain and then are in the some of his ancestors in Black Rock. He married Moreother ; 1803, Wash reasurer of the Pioneer Iron Works, of Brooklyn, New York. Children of Joseph

(VI) Captain Thomas Bartram, son of at 10 to the Amend a next the attention he public schools of his native town, but left at an early age to follow the sea. He rose brough the various ranks to master mariner, ng between New York and Salem, Massachusetts. At the age of fifty he retired from the of eighty-three years. He was a Republican in politics. He married Anna M., who died at the age of seventy-five years, daughter of Fimothy and Sarah (Taylor) Burr (see Burr homestead at Black Rock; Thomas B., resides on the home-tead; Edwin Taylor, mentioned

Anna M. (Burr) Bartram, was born at Black years and where he was educated in the pubthe age of seventeen and entered the employ of Bartram Brothers. He was connected with this concern for eight years, then resigned and shortly after became secretary and treasurer of the Standard Cord and Paper Company of Bridgeport, holding this position for six years. ness, except from 1886 to 1905, when he was a director of the Bridgeport National Bank. In religion he is a Congregationalist, attending the South Congregational Church; in polcommunity and demonstrating a large public spirit, he has declined all offices. In social life, he is popular, and enjoys the acquaintance and friendship of many men in all parts of the city and surrounding towns. He is a mem-ber of the Seaside, the Bridgeport Yacht, the Brooklawn Country and the Automobile Clubs

He married in 1880, M. Lillian Grumman, born in Bridgeport, daughter of Samuel Grumman, a native of Ridgefield, manufacturer of harness and dealer in hardware of the firm of Grumman & Wilson, Mrs. Bartram has one brother, Elmer E. Grumman, of the firm of Lyon & Grumman, one of the leading hardware firms of Bridgeport. Children of Edwin Taylor and M. Lillian (Grumman) Bar-tram: 1. Harry E., a farmer in Vermont, making a specialty of his dairy and raising

submission on the second secon

ter of Henry Glover, of New Haven. He died October, 1695. Children: Daniel, born July 14, 1671; Hellinah (Helena), October 26. 1680; Deborah, 1684; Samuel, June 30, 1691,

mentioned below: Mehitable.

Abigail (Glover) Burr, was born June 30, 1. Seth, baptized February 6, 1726. 2. Seth. 3. Daniel, baptized May 5, 1736. 4. Nehemiah. baptized May 5, 1736, mentioned below. 5. married Abel Gould, 7. Elizabeth, baptized October 16, 1738. 8. Ebenezer. 9. Mehitable.

1763: Noah: Ebenezer, December 31, 1766: Nehemiah, February 16, 1769; Sarah, March 20, 1771, married Thomas Bartram, see for-ward: Eleazer, January 8, 1773; son, die l

Sarah, daughter of Nehemiah and Rock, March 20, 1771, married, November 16, 1707. Thomas Bartram, of Black Rock; died

was born in Fairfield, July 30, 1670. He lived on Greenfield Hill in the town of Fairfield.

ber, 4, 1739.

(IV) Timothy, son of Daniel (2) Burr, was born about 1705, baptized when an adult, February 20, 1726. He died July 27, 1772. He married Sarah Borland, who died October 22, 1772. Children, born at Fairfield: Ebenezer, baptized January 2, 1729, mentioned below; Sarah, baptized March 16, 1723, married Captain Ezekiel Hull; Hester, baptized September 18, 1730; Timothy, baptized January 2, 1734; Mabel, baptized January 17, 1740; Eleanor, married John Hubbell.

(V) Ebenezer, son of Timothy and Sarah (Borland) Burr, was baptized in infancy, January 2, 1729, and died about 1821. His inventory is dated November 7, 1821. He lived at Fairfield. He married (first), February 7, 1750. Sarah Sherwood; (second) Abigail——. Children, born at Green Farms, Fairfield: Eleanor, baptized March 26, 1758, married Lothrop Lewis, July 19, 1778; Ebenezer, mentioned below; Zalmon, baptized April 30, 1769; Easter, married D. Hawkins and had

Ellen and David Hawkins.

(VI) Ebenezer (2), son of Ebenezer (1) Burr, was born in 1761, and baptized February, 1761. He was a soldier in the revolution, probably the Ebenezer Burr of Zalmon Read's company, 1775. He married Amelia, daughter of Rev. John Goodsell. He died February 2, 1819, and his grave is in the burying ground at Greenfield. Children, born at Fairfield: I. Timothy, September 3, 1788. 2. Lewis, July 17, 1790. 3. Morris, July 24, 1792. 4. Ellen, June 27, 1794, married William Bradley, of Greenfield. 5. Amelia, March 3, 1796, married Hezekiah Bradley, of Greenfield. 6. Rowland, March 22, 1798. 7.Betsey, May 21, 1800, married Osborne Sherwood, of Easton; removed to White Lake, Pennsylvania. 8. Henry, May 17, 1802. 9. Andrew, September 17, 1805; died January 25, 1846. 11. William, December 4, 1810. (VII) Timothy (2), son of Ebenezer (2)

(VII) Timothy (2), son of Ebenezer (2) Burr, was born at Fairfield, September 3, 1788. He was a prominent and successful merchant of Greenfield for many years and left a large estate. His portrait appears in the Burr Genealogy. He married, December 22, 1807, Sarah Taylor, daughter of Barak Taylor, of Danbury, Connecticut. Children, born at Fairfield: I. George, August 30, 1808. 2. John, February 23, 1810. 3. Elihu, April 12, 1811. 4. Abigail, November 24, 1812, died 1872. 5.

Parak T., April 7, 1815. 6. Sarah A., November 3, 1817; married Harry Hanford, of Wilton, and had children—Morris, William, Georgianna and Amelia Hanford. 7. Amelia, June 18, 1824; married Seth Bradley, of Greenfield Hill. and had Mary and Jane Bradley. 8. Anna M., January 13, 1828; married Captain Thomas Bartram, of Black Rock, and had three children (see Bartram VI). 9. Timothy E., March 12, 1834.

(III) David, son of John BARTRAM (2) (q.v.) and Sarah Bartram, was born in Fairfield, December 13, 1702. He removed to Redding, Connecticut, in 1733 or even earlier. In that year he was the surveyor of highways in Redding. He was a farmer in that part of Redding called Lonetown, and all of his sons settled in Redding. He married Mehitable——. Children, born at Fairfield and Redding: John, baptized October 24, 1731; Hannah, November 25, 1733; David, May 25, 1735; Paul, October 17, 1736; James, April 23, 1738; Isaac, January 25, 1740; Elizabeth, September 11, 1743; Sarah, twin of Elizabeth; Daniel,

(IV) Daniel, youngest child of David and Mehitable Bartram, was born at Redding, October 23, 1745. He settled in Redding, was a tanner and currier, and built the first tannery in the town on ground now, or lately, occupied for the same purpose by Walter M. Edmonds. At the time of Tryon's invasion during the revolution, together with nearly every other man in the town capable of bearing arms, he joined the militia and marched to the defense of Danbury, when that town was invaded and burned by Tryon in 1777. Being absent several days, he sent word to his wife that she must get someone to take the hides from the vats or they would spoil. As there was no man to be found, she herself undertook the task, ground the bark, took out the hides, turned and repacked them. Just as she had completed the arduous and unpleasant task her husband arrived home, having secured leave of absence to attend to the matter. Daniel, his wife. and four children: Uriah, Levi, Phebe and David, and several neighhors left Redding, May 3, 1810, for what was then the wilderness of Ohio, and arrived at Madison, Lake county, Ohio, June 10, and made their home there. He died in Madison, May 17, 1817, and his widow died August 3, 1835. He married, October 10, 1768, Ann Merchant, of Redding. Children: Gurdon, October 25, 1771, died in infancy; Anna, January 23, 1773, died in infancy; Elinor, March 1, 1774; Gurdon, see forward; Anna, August

to 1778, carni - 1 m c 1 m c 1 c and the limit that the Alama John The low a ring

ton : -7 mon schools, and learned the trade of shoemaking from his father, who made shoes as the distribution of the second 
Oliver Sanford. Children, born at Redding: Aaron R., November 5, 1804; was a car-

· ge builder; married, January 15, 1827, Har-100 A See Very er of hats at Redding; children; i. Gurdon

rham and lived at Bridgeport, ii. Mary Le, married Samuel B. Osborn, a farmer at

delding; children: Carrie and Milo Lee. 3. THINK I THE THE boker in New York City; married Laura Cul-

r, of Amenia, Dutchess county, New York; bild, Belle C. 4, Coley, November 1, 1810; s a blacksmith and farmer; married Malvina dams, of Westport; children; Nelson, Agnes,

rirried Ebenezer Wilson, of Redding, a carn ge maker; children; Charles H. Wilson, of hicago, Lucy and Annie. 6. Oliver, July 11, 1815, died in childhood. 7. Daniel S., January 14. 1818, a farmer; married Eliza Godfrev; children: Eli, George, Frank, Charles, Wil-Elizabeth. 10. Frederick A., see forward. 11. farmer; children; Henry, Frederick and Carrie. 12. Julia, September 30, 1820; married

in Sanfordtown, as shown by deeds still in the second of the transfer of all the contract which date back to 1733. He married Eliza-29, 1733; Abigail, May 18, 1735, married, Octoher 2, 1775, Daniel Jackson: John, baptized April 20, 1730; Oliver, see forward; Lois, 27, 1755. His will, dated January 30, 1701,

1706, and the record of his baptism is to be found in both Greenfield and Fairfield. He settled at Greenfield. He married, March 3, 1725, Hannah, daughter of Dr. Joseph Hyde,

(V) Ichabod, fourth son of Joseph and Hannah (Hyde) Burr, was born May 1, 1736. There is no record of his death nor of his wife's name. His widow died in 1818 and her dower was divided between her son Jesse and her daughter Rachel, who married -

(VI) Jesse, son of Ichabod Burr, married, in 1780, Ellen Ogden, of Fairfield.

(VII) Morris, son of Jesse and Ellen (Ogden) Burr, married Arrity Bulkley, of Greenfield. Children: William; Frances, married William Sherwood; Amelia, married F. A. Bartram (see Bartram VI).

(IV) James Bartram, son of BARTRAM David Bartram (q. v.), was

born April 23, 1738, at Fairfield, Connecticut, and settled early in life in Redding in that state. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private, June, 1776, in the First Battalion, General Wadsworth's Brigade, under Colonel Gold Selleck Silliman, Captain Zalmon Read's company. He took part in the battles at Flatbush, Long Island, August 27, at Harlem, September 15, and at White Plains, October 28, 1776. In the spring of 1779 he served three months in the Sixteenth Connecticut Regiment of Militia, Colonel Nehemiah Beardsley, Captain Daniel Hickok's company. He applied for a pension, August 11, 1832, when he was a resident of Danbury, Connecticut. He was granted \$25 a year, from March 4, 1831, and his name was placed on the roll, November 6, 1832. He received three payments in 1834. He married Hannah Morehouse, who became the mother of twenty-one children, of whom ten grew to maturity. Children, born at Redding; Isaac, mentioned below; Noah, 1760; James, 1770; Aaron, February 21, 1784; Lucy; Hannah; Hannah; Betsey; Irena; Anna.

(V) Isaac, son of James Bartram, was born April 15, 1758. He settled in Redding, his native town, and married Molly Hamilton. Children, born at Redding: Isaac Hamilton. mentioned below; Harry, David, Willis, Cha-

sie, Lucy, Polly and Huldah.

(VI) Isaac Hamilton, son of Isaac Bartram, was born at Redding, May 22, 1785, died there April 25, 1864. He was a farmer in his native town. He married, November 11, 1811, Lydia Platt, who died October 6, 1873, daughter of Isaac and Mary Platt. Children, born at Redding: 1. Betsey, August 5, 1812,

married, October 29, 1833, Charles B. Rich. 2. Mary Jane, February 27, 1814, married, December 22, 1861, John Harrington, of Newstead, New York. 3. Urilla, 1816, died 1822. 4. Sally Hill, January 20, 1818, married, April 14, 1834, Aaron Squire. 5. Lydia, died young. 6. Lydia B., January 16, 1822, married, October 13, 1847, Levi Drew of Bethel, Connecticut. 7. Abby, August 19, 1824, married, June 13, 1852, Perry Fairchild. 8. Adaline, December 29, 1826, married, October, 1850, Asahel P. Clapp, of Sharon, Connecticut. 9. Lucy, March 20, 1829, married, April 23, 1850. Rev. Charles W. Lockwood. 10. Huldah, July 4, 1831, married Comfort Blake. 11. Laura, September 9, 1833, married, November 9, 1852, Joel Osborne, of Redding. 12. Isaac Newton, mentioned below. 13. Ezra Gilbert, October 22, 1843, married, October

22, 1862, Lucy Maria Stowe.

(VII) Isaac Newton, son of Isaac Hamilton Bartram, was born at Redding, Connecticut, May 25, 1838. He was educated in the district schools and at the Redding Academy. He worked at farming until he was of age. then came to Sharon, Connecticut, where he has lived since 1857. He is an architect, builder and contractor, and a man of high standing in his business relations. He has built many charcoal blast furnaces and smelters for iron ore and has been interested in the iron industry for many years. He is director and superintendent of the Sharon Water Company. He organized the Sharon Electric Light Company, of which he was director and secretary for a time, and the plant of which he installed. He also organized the power company and was formerly a director. In politics he is a Democrat. He represented his town in the general assembly in 1868-72-76-88-91, and was state senator in 1899. In the senate he was chairman of the committee on roads and bridges and was instrumental in making the Hartford Bridge free from tolls. He served on the board of selectmen of the town and has also been town treasurer. He is a member of Hamilton Lodge, No. 54, Free and Accepted Masons, of Sharon; or Royal Arch Masons, of Lakeville, Connecticut; of the Methodist Episcopal church of Sharon.

He married, March 27, 1861, Helen D. Winans, of Cornwall, Connecticut, daughter of Elijah B. and Hannah (Hart) Winans. Children: I. Phebe M., married Charles Rodman Pancoast, of Germantown, Philadelphia, an artist. 2. Blanche W., married (first) Henry Moore, a lawyer (deceased); (second) Dr. George B. Cameron, of Germantown, Pennsylvania; child by first hus-

band, Helen Bartram Moore.

Juntatia di ne in monto as 1620, in England. per complet fine to the complete our to Mary Williams of that town. In 1650 he Barlow's Plain. "He was an intelligent and 1675, leaving a good estate to his wife and of Jennings descendants. "Their name is associated with thrift and prosperity; honest, inhabits, or fond of home life; retiring, not seeking publicity." They were also patriotic Joshua, married Mary Lyon. 2, Joseph, mar-Bulkeley. 3. Michael. 4. John, married Grumman, 6, Matthew, married Hannah Wheeler. 7. Isaac, mentioned below. 8. Mary, married - Curtis. 9. Elizabeth, married

(II) Isaac, son of Joshua Jennings, was born in 1673 at Fairfield, Connecticut, died hely fill they could fill the his ambient ne-His will was dated June 10, 1746, and proved Angust 21, 1740. He mare a life in H a daughter of Joseph Beers. Children: Isaac, born 1702: Mary, baptized August 19, 1705; Josiah, baptized May 27, 1711; David, bapticul control of 1714. Sorth, bear 1710.

(III) John, son of Isaac Jennings, was born March 24, 1706, baptized at Fairfield, May 11, 1707, died in 1700. His will was dated to littor of the family is that his house was burned by the British during the attack, July 7 and S. 1770, miles General Trans. He married, January 20, 1731, Sarah, daughter of John Winton. Children: Thaddeus, born Name 1 1732 Susan, March 28, 1741; Mary, December 5, 1743; David, June 27, 1746; Josiah, September 15, 1748; Sarah,

(IV) Thaddeus, son of John Jennings, born Some in that he makes the entered Vale College and while a student at New Haven became engaged to Lavinia Burritt of that city. His father took him from college the engagement without his consent. He continued his studies at Greenfield Hill and was low; Appollina, March 8, 1761; Phileman,

born December 21, 1758, at Weston, Connecram Peck. 2. Paulina, May 3, 1703, died November 10, 1866; married, January 11, 1820, Hiram Dunham. 3. Thaddeus B., January 23, 1705, died August 4, 1821. 4, John, March 23, 1707, mentioned below. 5. Josiah, May 28, 1800, died November 20, 1876; married, June 16, 1822, Lucinda Guild, 6, Sally, July 4, 1803, died August 22, 1848, 7, David T., January 26, 1806, died December 3, 1811. 8. Emily, January 29, 1810.

born at Cornwall, Connecticut, March 23. 1881. Children: 1. Hannah, born September 15, 1827, died September 19, 1827. 2. Hiram, William H., December 18, 1830, mentioned Initial Man A American January 21, 1807; married - Webster. 5. John Wesley, April 13, 1830, died April 22,

(VII) William H., son of John Jennings,

all his active life, and died in his native town. He married Ruth Kilbourne, of Litchfield, Connecticut, born in 1834, now living at Bantam, Connecticut, daughter of Ethan and Thankful (Bishop) Kilbourne. Children: I. Eleanor, born 1863; married F. M. Seelye, a grain merchant at Bantam. 2. Ralph W., men-

tioned below.

(VIII) Ralph W., son of William H. Jennings, was born in Cornwall, Connecticut, April 15, 1866. He was educated in the public schools of Cornwall. He worked on the homestead until he was twenty-two years old, when he came to Torrington, Connecticut, and was employed in the grocery business for the next ten years, and in 1902 engaged in his present business as dealer in flour, grain and feed, at Torrington. He has been very successful and is one of the leading merchants of the town. He married, April 6, 1898, Alma Merwin, of Sharon, Connecticut, born May 15, 1873, daughter of Volney and Emma (Bryan) Merwin. Children: 1. Wesley Burritt, born November 2, 1899. 2. Merwin W., June 18, 1003.

(III) Captain Jabez Hyde, son of HYDE Samuel Hyde (q.v.), was born in May, 1677, died September, 1762. He married, December 29, 1709, Elizabeth, born January 31, 1686, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Adgate) Bushnell. He lived at Norwich West Farms and owned a large tract of land. He was a wealthy and influential citizen, for many years a justice of the peace and for eight sessions representative in the general assembly. His wife died August 21, 1768. He was clerk of the church at Norwich West Farms (Franklin) for many years after 1716. Children: Elizabeth, born 1711, married Deacon Simon Tracy; Jabez, mentioned below; Abigail, November 17, 1715; Phinehas, February 2, 1720; Joseph, August

(IV) Judge Jabez (2) Hvde, son of Jabez (1) Hyde, was born September 16, 1713, died in 1805. He lived at Franklin and was a leading citizen, judge of the court and held various other offices of trust and honor. He married, in 1736, Lydia, born in 1719, died in 1803, daughter of Benjamin and Lydia (Hagen) Abel. Children: Ezekiel, 1738; Judge Jabez, 1740; Lydia, 1744; Elizabeth, 1746; Andrew, mentioned below; Phebe, 1750; Solomon, about 1753; Joseph, about 1755; Benjamin, about 1757; Dice, 1759; Ambrose, 1762.

(V) Andrew. son of Judge Jabez (2) Hyde, was born in Norwich West Farms, now Franklin, October 2, 1748. He was a farmer in his native town. He represented the town

in the general assembly of the state. He married (first), March 31, 1775. Mary, born April 1, 1750, daughter of his second cousin, John Tracy, and Margaret (Huntington) Tracy. She died December 8, 1804. He married (second) Edna (Hyde) Rogers, of Hoosick, New York, born 1758, died 1820, without issue, widow of Dr. Stephen Rogers and daughter of Captain Thomas and Edna (Burleigh) Hyde. Children: Andrew, born March 6, 1776; Jude, October 23, 1777; Lydia, May 19, 1779; Mary, November 21, 1784; Amasa, February 22, 1787; Rodney, December 29, 1789; Lewis, mentioned below.

(VI) Lewis, son of Andrew Hyde, was born at Franklin, November 13, 1792. He was a merchant and farmer. He settled in Franklin and removed to Yantic in the town of Norwich, where he was postmaster, justice of the peace and representative to the general assembly. He married, January 6, 1822, Mary, born September 21, 1708, at Franklin, daughter of Asa and Parthenia (Jones) Backus, of Norwich (see Backus V). Children: 1. Mary Bartholomew Janes, born November 29, 1822, at Franklin; married, January 17, 1844, Thomas Lathrop Stedman, born July 16, 1818, at Norwich, son of James and Eunice Huntington (Carew) Stedman; she died September 14, 1853; children: Lewis Hyde and Mary Eunice Stedman. 2. Lucy Anne, December 14, 1824, died October 29, 1825. 3. Lewis Andrew, mentioned below. 4. George Rodney, mentioned below.

(VII) Lewis Andrew, son of Lewis Hyde, was born at Yantic, August 8, 1826. He was educated in the public schools of Norwich and the Bacon Academy at Colchester, Connecticut. For five years he was in the employ of Tweedy & Barrows, of Norwich, and afterward of the Quinebaug Bank of that city, afterward called the First National Bank of Norwich. He rose to the office of cashier and filled that position with ability and fidelity for more than fifty years, continuing until he retired from active labor. He was prominent in the First Congregational Church of Norwich, of which for sixty-four years he was a member and for fifty-four years deacon, treasurer of church committee fifty-three years. He was interested in public affairs, especially in public education, and served for forty-four years on the school committee and for six years as chairman. He married (first), September 8, 1851, Anna C. Webster, of Woodstock, who died April 6, 1853, in Norwich. He married (second), October 9, 1854, Mary E., born October 3, 1830, daughter of Daniel L. and Mary Ann (Lathrop) Huntington, of Norwich. He married (third), September 26,

1865. Harm: Sewall. It is a lawyer in New York City.

Law School, is a lawyer in New York City.

third wife: 4. Sasan Cleveland. August 30, 12.

e of Amherst College, is assistant secretary in the art department of Mount

(All the Rolling of Leis His.) and at Annual Page 1881 His has Held the public schools of his native town, th Norwich Academy, and Phillips Academy it Andover, Massachusetts. He entered mer-1 (first), October 22, 1856, Clarissa S., oghter of Gilman Dickey. He married (secmilities with the second second uster of his first wife. Child by first wife: 1 Kate Stedman, born November 11, 1857; married, June 22, 1882, George E. Schnabel; side at White Bear Lake, Minnesota, Children f second wife: 2. Clara E., born July 10, 1867; mirried, June 16, 1902, W. T. Olcott, of Normedical Van Balles Danish a Soni teacher in Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York. 4. Harriet Stewart, March 8, 1872; married William Zumbro, a missionary in Maof Civil Engineering in the University of Cali-1801, Margherita Isola; children: Margherita,

(1) William Backus, immigrant, was born in England, settled in 1638 in Saybrook, Connecticut, and was the common ancestor of the Windham county and Norwich families of this surname. In 1660 he removed to Norwich and was one of the original proprietors of that town. He was admitted a freeman in 1663 and died in 1664. He married (first), Sarah Charles; (second), before 1660, Ann

He had sons, Stephen and William, mentioned below, and daughters, Sarah and Mary.

(II) Lieutenant William (2) Backus, son of was one of the early settlers and one of the most enterprising citizens of Norwich. After-Windham, Connecticut. He was one of the legatees of Joshua Uneas, from whose estate he received three shares of a thousand acres each. He married Ehzal eth Pratt before 1000. She was born in 1041, died 1730, daughter of Licutenant William and Elizabeth (Clark) Pratt. Children: William, 1000; John, 1001; below; Nathaniel, 1000; Elizabeth, died 1728. Hannah, married twice.

(III) Joseph, son of Lieutenant William (2) Backus, was born at Norwich in 1667. He married, in 1660, Elizabeth Huntington, born 1 1111. Henrich and 1665; Rev. Simon, 1700-01; James, 1703; Elizabeth, 1705; Sarah,

agraph Wassens, 151.

(ÎV) Samuel, son of Joseph Backus, was born at Norwich in 1603. He married, 1715-16. Elizabeth, born 1608. died 1760, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Leftingwell) Tracy. Children: Samuel, born 1716-17; Ann, 1718: Elizabeth, 1720-21; Rev. Isaac, 1723-24; Elijah, 1726; Simon, 1728-29; Eunice, 1731; Major Andrew, 1733; Asa, mentioned below; Lucy, 1738; Deacon John, 1740, died in 1814. (V) Asa, son of Samuel Backus, was born

at Norwich in 1736. He married, in 1762, Esther Parkhurst. Their daughter Mary, born at Franklin, September 21, 1708, married, January 6, 1822, Lewis Hyde (see Hyde VI).

(VI) Jasper Hyde, son of Eph-HYDE raim Hyde (q.v.), was born at Stafford in December, 1760. He was an iron manufacturer at Stafford and became very wealthy. He was an energetic, progressive and useful citizen. He married Delight Strong, sister of his brother Nathaniel's wife. She died March 22, 1855, aged eightytwo years. He died August 5, 1848. He had two sons, born out of wedlock, but adopted and acknowledged by him and his principal legatees: Ephraim Henry, mentioned below; Lasper Bolton, of Stafford

(VII) Governor Ephraim Henry Hyde, son of Jasper Hyde, was born at Stafford, June 1, 1812. Attendance at the district school in his native town and about six weeks of study at the academy in Monson, Massachusetts, comprised his entire school education. His hoxhood was passed in work on the farm, accompanied by general service in an old-time

hotel connected with the farm, and known as the half-way stage station between Worcester and Hartford, and about four months as a stage driver between Stafford and Sturbridge, filled up the years between school and the commencement of his active business life. Entering a country store in his eighteenth year as clerk, he became proprietor of the store in his twenty-first year, and from that time was closely identified with the interests of the He was interested in a blast furnace business for about eight years, and in his twenty-ninth year was the chief promoter of a cotton mill at Stafford Springs. For many years he was interested in the business of manufacturing satinets as one of the firm of Converse & Hyde, and he was actively engaged in many other industrial enterprises. He devoted his time principally, however, to promoting the agricultural interests of the state and to breeding blooded stock. About 1842 he had become the owner of two or three large farms, and commenced the careful breeding of stock from imported and native cattle, beginning with Devons, and afterwards experimenting with Ayrshires, Durhams and Jerseys. Believing the Devons to be the best adapted to this country, he applied himself to the scientific selection and breeding of that class, and as a result he greatly improved the stock, and produced herds of beauty and excellence, the winners of many a sweepstake medal and prize. Animals from his herds went to all parts of the country, and the improvement of the stock in his native state is owing in a large measure to his care and wisdom as a breeder of pureblooded Devons. He early became concerned in the general agricultural interests of the state, and was an active and zealous participant in all movements for their protection and advancement. He gave to the interests of agriculture his time, money and talents without stint, and brought to the service an indomitable will and energy that prosecuted its aims with a patient industry that was untiring. It was largely owning to his influence and enterprise that the Tolland County Agricultural Society was organized in 1852. He was president from its organization until 1860, and from 1864 to 1868. Hyde Park at Rockville was named in his honor, and in recognition of his services to the society. He was president of the Connecticut State Agricultural Society from 1858 to 1881; vice-president of the New England Agricultural Society from its beginning; vicepresident of the State Board of Agriculture from its organization in 1866 to 1882, was chosen again in 1890; was chairman of the commissioners on diseases of domestic animals for more than thirty years; president of

the American Breeder's Association from 1865 until it resolved itself into sections for each breed; president of the Connecticut Valley Agricultural Association, comprising Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont; corporator of the Connecticut Stock Breeders' Association: vice-president of the Dairyman's Association: chairman of the committee to publish the first volume of the "American Herd Book"; president of the Tolland County East Agricultural Society from its organization in 1870 to 1876; one of the trustees and vicepresident of the Storrs School. He had long been in favor of a school in which the science of agriculture should be taught and was one of the first two persons who consulted the Storrs brothers in regard to the project of establishing the school at Mansfield. The scheme met his approval, and that the plan was finally adopted, and that the school was able to maintain itself against the numerous attacks upon it, was largely owing to his indefatigable efforts and earnest support. In 1889 he was chosen one of the building committee to erect the beautiful and commodious structures, which were completed at the cost of about fifty thousand dollars.

His labors to secure reform in the management of prisons and houses of correction were extensive and persistent. He was one of the founders and directors of the Prisoners' Friend Association, and a director of the Industrial School for Girls, and was active in the direction of the state board of education, especially in 1867-69. He attended as delegate from the New England Agricultural Association, the United States Agricultural Association convention at Washington. He was county commissioner for Tolland county in 1842-43; member of the house of representatives from Stafford in 1851-52; delegate to the national Democratic convention at Baltimore. In the presidential campaign of 1860 he took a prominent part, identifying himself with the state rights faction, and was an elector on their ticket. He was a state senator and president pro tem. of the senate in 1876 and 1877, and lieutenant-governor in 1867-68. During this time the office of commissioner of agriculture at Washington became vacant, and he was strongly recommended for the place, every member of the legislature then in session, irrespective of party affiliation, signed the petition, and nearly all of the state delegation in congress. He took an earnest and lively interest in the Connecticut Experimental Station, and was chosen vice-president of the board of control at its organization, March 29, 1879. He presided at the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the primitive organization of the





& Henry Hyde

Congregate and clurch and some of the alehe, Connecticut, O. Chart pages 11 president of the Tolland records and Innthose r 1870, delivery of a green up of the occupied many other offices of importance. In half a century, his aim was to subserve the interests of the state, and no shadow of suspicion ever rested on his name. His conduct, methods and motives were always honorable, and he left an enviable record. He took an efficient and active interest in the Universalist ist, and leader in the choir for fifteen years. in activity and endurance. Always strictly temperate in his habits, he saved himself from the infirmities which so often overtake men in their declining years. With a tall and slender form, a well-bred face, a flowing white beard and the graceful courtesy of an older day, he presented a striking figure. Affable and agreeable, fond of society and companionship, kind and considerate of others, with a pleasant smile and a cheerful greeting always, he had a large circle of friends and was most highly

He married (first), September 27, 1836, Hannah Couverse Young, who died February 26, 1862. He married (second), October 10, 1800, Mary S. Williams, of Hartford. Chillren by first wife: Ellen E., married Ernest Cady, of the Pratt & Cady Company: Ephraim Henry, mentioned below. Four children died

son of Governor Ephraim Henry (1) and Hannah Converse (Young) Hyde, was born in Stafford, Connecticut, October 5, 1848. He received his early education in the common leven Academy at Wilbraham, Massachusetts. He entered Yale College with the class of 1871, but left at the end of his freshman year to commence the study of law in the office of Waldo, Hubbard & Hyde, at Hartford. He was admitted to the bar in 1871, and was associated with Samuel L. James until April, 1875. when he formed a partnership with Charles M. I a remain the firm range of Hede & Bashin This relationship was continued until 1804, when George H. Gilman was admitted to the firm, and the style was Hyde, Joslyn & Gilman men' Secretary, 1807, when Fresh I Him gerford, of New Britain, was admitted to the firm; the firm name was Hungerford, Hyde, Joslyn & Gilman until Mr. Hungerford's death in June, 1909, since which date the firm name has been Hyde, Joslyn, Gilman & Hungerford, the junior partner being William C.

Hungerford. The firm is counsel for many important corporations, and is well known throughout the state.

In 1873 Major Hyde was assistant clerk of the Connecticut house of representatives, clerk in 1874, and in 1875 clerk of the senate. He was prosecuting atterney of the city of Hartman appointed a member of the commission on uniform state legislation by Governor Morris, serving from 1803 to 1904, when he resigned. In this important position his services were of special value. He was president of the Hartford board of charity commissioners from 1800 to 1901. In 1896 he was a candidate for congress in the first congressional district, on the Gold Democratic ticket. He is past master of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Hartford, and a member of the Hartford Club, Country Club of Farmington and Hartford Golf Club. He has been a member of First Company, Governor's Foot Guard, since 1880, and was major commandant of the company from 1891 to 1898. He married, June 2, 1881, Clara Pearce Tuttle.

BULKELEY This surname is a place name of ancient English origin, and was originally

spelled Buclough in the time of King John, in 1100, and later. It signifies "a large mountain". There have been and still are many variations in spelling. Bulkeley is the one most commanly used, other forms being Bulkle, Bulkley and Buckley.

(I) Baron Robert de Bulkeley lived in the time of King John (1199-1226).

(II) Baron William de Bulkeley married a daughter of Thomas Butler.

(III) Baron Robert (2) de Bulkeley married Jane, daughter of Sir William Butler.

(IV) Baron William (2) de Bulkeley married in 1302, Maud, daughter of Sir John Davenport.

(V) Baron Robert (3) de Bulkeley married

(VI) Baron Peter de Bulkeley married Nicola, daughter of Thomas Bird.

(VII) Baron John de Bulkeley, of Houghton, married Arderne Fitley.

(VIII) Baron Hugh de Bulkeley married Helen, daughter of Thomas Wilbraham.

(IX) Baron Humphrey de Bulkeley married Grisel Moulton.

(X) Baron William (3) de Bulkeley, of Oakley, married Beatrice, daughter of William Hill.

(XI) Baron Thomas de Bulkeley married Elizabeth, daughter of Randelle Grosvenor.

(XII) Rev. Edward de Bulkeley was born at Ware, Shropshire, England. He was admitted to St. John's College, Cambridge, April 6, 1550, and was curate of St. Mary's, Shrewsbury, in 1550; prebend of Chester; prebend of Litchfield about 1580; rector of All Saints, Odell, in the Hundred of Willey, Bedfordshire, where he died and was succeeded by his eldest son, Peter, mentioned below. He married Almark Irlby or Islby, of Lincolnshire.

(XIII) Rev. Peter (2) Bulkeley, son of Rev. Edward de Bulkeley, was born January 31, 1582-83, at Odell, Bedfordshire, England. He entered St. John's College, Cambridge, March 22, 1604-05; fellow 1608, with M.A. degree; and "said, but on doubtful authority, to have proceeded Bachelor of Divinity". ceeded his father as rector of Odell. He was known to be a non-conformist, but "the Lord Keeper Williams, formerly his diocesan, and his personal friend, desired to deal gently with his non-conformity", and connived at it, as he had at his father's for twenty years; but when Laud became Primate of England in 1633, Mr. Bulkeley was silenced and with no hope of reinstatement. He therefore sold his estate and sailed for New England in 1635, at the age of fifty-two, with his children, on the ship "Susan and Ellen". His wife Grace, aged thirty, was enrolled on the ship "Elizabeth and Ann", but it is probable that she sailed with her husband. There is a tradition in the family that while on the voyage the wife Grace apparently died. Unwilling to have her body buried at sea, the husband pleaded with the captain to keep it until they reached port. As no signs of decay appeared, he consented, and on the third day symptoms of vitality appeared, and before land was reached animation was restored. Though carried from the ship an invalid, she recovered and lived to a good old age. Rev. Peter Bulkeley settled first in Cambridge and the next year with twelve others began the settlement of Concord. Three years later he received a grant of three hundred acres of land at Cambridge. He was teacher of the church at Concord, of which Rev. John Jones was pastor, and was installed pastor April 6, 1637. He is always spoken of as the first minister of Concord. He brought with him from England about six thousand pounds. most of which he spent for the good of the colony. He was a learned and pious man. He wrote several Latin poems, some of which Cotton Mather, in his Magnalia, quotes, as a part of a sketch of his life. He also published a volume in London in 1646, entitled "The Gospel Covenant", made up of sermons preached at Concord; and an elegy on his friend, Rev. Mr. Hooker. He was among the first to in-

struct the Indians, and the singular immunity of Concord from Indian attack was largely credited, by tradition, to his sanctity and influence. He died at Concord, March 9, 1658-59. His will, dated April 14, 1658, with codicils of January 13 and February 26, following, was proved June 20, 1659. Before his death he gave many books to the library of Harvard College. He married (first) Jane, daughter of Thomas Allen, of Goldington. He married (second), about 1634, Grace Chetwode, born 1602, died April 21, 1669, at New London, Connecticut, daughter of Sir Richard and Dorothy (Needham) Chetwode, of Odell. Children of first wife, born in England: Edward, born June 17, 1614, came to New England before his father, died January 2, 1696; Mary, baptized August 24, 1615, died young; Thomas, born April 11, 1617; Nathaniel, born November 29, 1618, died 1627; Rev. John, born February 11, 1620; George, born May 17, 1623; Daniel, born August 28, 1625; Jabez, born December 20, 1626, died young; Joseph, (probably) born 1629; William, of Ipswich; Richard. Children of second wife, born in New England; Gershom, born December 6, 1636, mentioned below, Elizabeth; Dorothy, born August 2, 1640; Peter, born August 12. 1643.

(XIV) Rev. Gershom Bulkeley, son of Rev. Peter (2) Bulkeley, was born at Concord, December 6, 1636, died December 2, 1713. He graduated at Harvard College in 1655, as a fellow of the college. In 1661 he became the minister of the second church at New London, Connecticut, and in 1666-67 removed to Wethersfield, where he was installed as pastor. In 1676 he asked for dismissal on account of impaired health, and thereafter devoted himself to the practice of medicine and surgery, in which he achieved much success and reputation. He was an ardent student of chemistry and philosophy, and master of several languages, and was also an expert surveyor. During his pastorate in 1675 he was appointed surgeon to the Connecticut troops in King Philip's war, and placed on the council of war. The court gave orders to have him taken especial care of. At one time the party to which he was attached was attacked by a number of Indians near Wachusetts mountain, Massachusetts, and in the fight he received a wound in the thigh. His monument in the Wethersfield cemetery says of "He was honorable in his descent, of rare abilities, excellent in learning, master of many languages, exquisite in his skill, in divinity, physic and law, and of a most exemplary and Christian life." His will was dated May 28, 1712, and proved December 7, 1713. He

Latte

| Head of Harvard College. Children:

(XV) Rev. John (2) Bulkeley, son of Rev. c. rshom Bulkeley, was born in 1070. Hegraddivinity, and was ordained as minister of the church at Colchester, Connecticut, December

2 . 1710

rgymen of New England. He wrote the feet: election sermon (1713) entitled, "The occessity of Religion in Societies"; "Inquiry Itto the Right of the Aboriginal Natives to the Account of a Late Debate at Lyme Upon the Following Points: Whether it be the Will of the Account of a Late Debate at Lyme Upon the Following Points: Whether it be the Will of the Following Points: Whether it be the Will of the Italian of Supporting Ministers by a Public Rate of Tax be Lawful." Dr. Chauncey I have seen and conversed with, though so long ago that I formed no judgment of him from my own knowledge. Mr. Whittlesey of Wallingford, "Ir. Chauncey of Durham and others I could

genius and I have often heard that Dummer and he, who were classmates in college, were accounted the greatest geniuses of their day. The preference was given to Dummer in regard to quickness, brilliancy and wit; to Bulkeley in regard to solidity of judgment and strength of argument. Mr. Gershom Bulkeley, father of John, I have heard mentioned as a truly great man and eminent in his skill in chemistry, and the father of Gershom, and grandfather of John, Peter Bulkeley of Concord, was esteemed in his day as one of the greatest men in this part of the world. But by all that I have been able to collect, the Colchester Bulkeley surpassed his predecessors in the strength of his intellectual power." Mr. Bulkeley was classed by Rev. Dr. Chauncey in 1768 among the three most eminent for strength of genius and power of mind which New England produced. He was regarded by men of his time as a famous casuist and sage counselor.

He married, in 1701, Patience, daughter of John and Sarah Prentice. Children: Sarah, born April 8, 1702; married (first) Jonathan Trumbell; (second) John Wells: daughter,

born and died May 6, 1704; John, born April 19, 1705, mentioned below; Dorothy, February 28, 1708; Gershom, February 14, 1709; Charles, December 26, 1710; Peter, November 21, 1712; Patience, May 21, 1715; Oliver, July 29, 1717, died January 1, 1770; Lucy, June 20, 1720, died February 20, 1722; Irene (twin), February 10, 1722; Joseph (twin), died Feb-

ruary 25, 1722.

(XVI) Hon. John (3) Bulkeley, son of Rev. John (2) Bulkeley, was born April 19, 1705, died July 21, 1753. He graduated from Yale College in the class of 1725 and studied law. He became eminent in his profession. In 1753 and for ten years afterward he was one of the assistants of the province; he was judge of probate and held many other offices of trust. He was colonel of his regiment. "Hon. Judge Bulkeley of Colchester, who for a number of years was a great honor to an uncommon variety of exalted stations in life, more sub tanac corripuit Julii 21, A. D. 1753, anno actatis sui 40. Beloved and feared for vertues sake. Such vertue as the great doth make." (epitaph on tombstone). He married, October 29, 1738, Mary Gardner, who died December 4, 1750. He married (second), April 16, 1751, Abigail Hastings. Children, born at Colchester: Lydia, born October 21, 1739, married Captain Robert Latimer; Mary May 27, 1741, died June 1, 1741; John, May 20, 1742, died November 13, 1742; Mary, November 15, 1743, married George B. Hurlburt; Eliphalet, August 8, 1746, mentioned below; Lucy, August 2, 1740, married Captain John Lamb; Charles, May 22, 1752.

(XVII) Colonel Eliphalet Bulkeley, son of Hon, John (3) Bulkeley, was born at Colchester, August 8, 1746. He was a prominent officer in the Connecticut troops in the revolution, a captain of the Colchester company that responded to the Lexington alarm, April 19, 1775; promoted lieutenant-colonel in May, 1780. He married, September 16, 1767, Anna Bulkeley, of New London, Children: Lydia Ann, born May 18, 1768, married Colonel Daniel Watrous; Mary Adams, June 25, 1770, married James Worthington; John Charles, August 8, 1772, mentioned below; Patience, December, 1774, married Charles Chapman; Jonathan, July 8, 1777, married E. Simons; Pettis, April 30, 1780; Eliphalet, April 22, 1782, died unmarried; Sarah Chauncey, July 24, 1784, married James Bolton; Fanny, April 6, 1787, married Henry Lamb; Orlando, January 10, 1793; Julia, married Steuben Butler.

(XVIII) John Charles, son of Eliphalet Bulkeley, was born August 8, 1772, at Colchester. He married Sally Taintor. Children: Charles Edwin, born October 16, 1790; John Taintor, October 3, 1701; Eliphalet Ad-

ams, mentioned below.

(XIX) Eliphalet Adams, son of John Charles Bulkeley, was born June 20, 1803; died in 1872. He graduated from Yale College in the class of 1824 and began the study of law in the office of William P. Williams, of Lebanon, Connecticut, and began to practice at East Haddam, where he became a prominent citizen. He became president of the East Haddam Bank; representative to the general assembly and twice state senator from the nineteenth district.. In 1847 he removed to Hartford, where he was already known and where he enjoyed a large practice. He was for a number of years one of the school fund commissioners, leader in politics and town affairs and held various positions of trust and honor. He was elected in 1857 to the legislature from Hartford with Nathaniel Shipman and was chosen speaker of the house of representatives by the Union Republicans. He was originally a Whig, but joined the Republican, party at its organization. For some years he was in partnership with Judge Henry Perkins under the firm name of Bulkeley & Perkins, a well-known law firm, but his later years were devoted to the business of life insurance. He was the first president of the Connecticut Mutual Company and assisted in its organization. In 1850 he organized the Aetna Life Insurance Company, serving as president until his death. He was interested in all the Aetna companies, banking and insurance, fire and life. He was a director of the Willimantic Linen Company and other corporations, and was a leading stockholder in many profitable enterprises. Through his own enterprise, good judgment and sagacity in investment and development of business he accumulated a fortune and was rated as a millionaire at his death. His habits of life were most regular and methodical. He was prompt in keeping his engagements and was present at all meetings where he was expected. In eighteen years he never failed until his last illness to preside at the meetings of the Pearl Street Ecclesiastical Society, to which he belonged. When he lived on Church street he regularly attended the school meetings in the first district, and after he removed to Washington street he was equally punctual in the south district. At all gatherings, religious, political or otherwise, in which he took an interest, he was never tardy. His regularity and promptness were never exceeded by any other citizen, probably. He was especially faithful in his political obligations and he not only voted himself, but urged others never to neglect the duties of citizenship. One marked characteristic was his wonderfully retentive memory regarding people and events. His wonderful knowledge in this respect enabled him to give with surprising accuracy many general facts relating to families of which their own members were in ignorance. Few men have lived in this state possessed of such general information with regard to individual associations. In other respects his knowledge was extensive, accurate and valuable. He may be said to have died at the post of duty for he was stricken while at his desk in the office of the Aetna Insurance Company, though he was almost blind during his last years. He died February 13, 1872.

He married, January 31, 1830, Lydia Smith Morgan, of Colchester. Children: 1. Mary Morgan, born October 21, 1833, died June 30, 1835. 2. Charles Edwin, born December 16, 1835; graduate of Yale College in 1856; lawyer of Hartford; captain of company of artillery in civil war; died December, 1864, in command of Fort Garesche, near Washington, D. C. 3. Morgan Gardner, born December 26, 1837. 4. William Henry, born March 2, 1840, mentioned below. 5. Mary Jerusha, born September 27, 1843; married Leverett Brainard (see Brainard VI); director and president of the Union for Home Work and in 1904 president of the Orphans' Asylum of Hartford. 6. Eliphalet Adams, born July 11, 1847, died De-

cember 17, 1848.

(XX) Hon. William Henry Bulkeley, son of Eliphalet Adams Bulkeley, a capitalist, exlieutenant-governor and merchant of Hartford, was born March 2, 1840, in East Haddam, Connecticut, and came to Hartford six or seven years later with his father, who then established his home in the city. received his education in the public schools of Hartford, in which he made an admirable record for scholarship. His business career was begun with the company with which he has so long been connected, for he succeeded his brother, Morgan G., in the humble capacity, and at the same salary, above referred to. When sixteen years of age he commenced mercantile life with an old dry-goods firm of Hartford, becoming a clerk. In the spring of 1857 he became engaged in the dry-goods business in Brooklyn, New York, with H. P. Morgan & Company. Later he began the dry-goods business in that city for himself, continuing it successfully on Fulton street for some six years. On the breaking out of the war of the Rebellion young Bulkeley was one of the first to respond to his country's call. At the time Fort Sumter was fired upon he was a member of Company G, Thirteenth Regiment, New York National Guard, the Brooklyn City Guard, and advanced to the front, April 19,

1801 the continuous in the continuous transport of the con

of service having expired.

engaged in the lithographing business, organizing the Kellogg & Bulkeley Company, lithographer i Hamberth in almili ter early vears he has been president. Immediately on his return to Hartford he was elected a directhe of the Astro-Life Fernance Company was also vice-president of the same in 1877-79, and success of the company than any other man who has not held an executive office. General quarter of a century, and his business judgment has proved invaluable in the direction of connected with a number of the banking, inwhich he is vice-president and a director, the American National Bank, of which he is a ditor, and the Kellogg & Bulkeley Company. In 1878 he purchased the "Bee Hive," a famus dry-goods establishment, which he manand for years with great success. He has Is n honored with official position, and has He served his fellow citizens for five years in the commoun council of Hartford, acting a portion of the time as vice-president and presisome site as a shah in sound a very efficient member. Mr. Bulkeley was commissary-general of the state, commissioner of nnecticut to the Yorktown Centennial Cele-It tion, and was elected to the office of lieuwith Governor Bigelow, serving with credit was a Republican candidate for governor, and in the exciting time which followed the election conducted himself in a manner which elicited favorable comment in the press all over the country. He is an active member of R top to I for Past Circuit Area of the Republic, of Hartford, and of the Army and rection he is a member of the Pearl Street Congregational Church, and contributes gencrously to the charities.

ried Emma, daughter of Melvin and Letitia Gurney, and they have had six children: 1. A to author. 2. William Eliphalet Adams, cashier of the Aetna Life Insurance Company. 3. Grace Chetwood, wife of David Van Shaack. 4. John Charles, of Hartford. 5. Salley Tain-

or, wife of Richard McCauley, of Detroit, Michigan. 6. Richard Beaumarais, of Hart-

ford.

The name Brainerd or BRAINARD Brainard is of very ancient origin, and is a place name originally spelled Brendewood or Brendewode. Tradition says that the family came originally from the village of Braine in Flanders or France. The name is still common in both France and Germany spelled Brainerd and Brainard. The family is, however, without doubt of English descent, being found in England as early as 1350. In Essex county, England, the name is spelled Brainwood, from

Brentwood, meaning burnt wood,

(1) Daniel Brainard, inningrant ancestor, was born probably in Braintree, England, in 1641. An old maniscript, bearing date of January 20, 1786, gives the following account of him: "Mr. Daniel Brainard, who by the best account was stolen from his native town, Braintree, in the county of Essex in the island of Great Britain about eight years of age. Being brought to America, landed up Connecticut at Hartford, was sold for his passage to Mr. Wadsworth, farmer in said town. His conditions were, to be learned to read and write and at the time of his freedom, twenty-one years old, two suits of clothes. At the age of twenty-one years he labored for him one year (perhaps two years) in Hartford at farming, and in the year 1660 tor thereabouts came and purchased a right of land near the centre west of Haddam, twenty-five miles below Hartford upon the same river on the west side. Lived first in a cave covered like a small hut or cottage. We presume that he came over in the year 1649. It is said that his name was Brainwood and that the family owned and employed two spring looms, likewise that his mother at his emigration was a widow and by a certain letter sent him by her she married Mr. Grey. In Haddam he was the first justice of the peace and commanded great respect, a judicious, sagacious and penetrating man of superior sense but no learning." This

the American Antiquarian Society of Worcester, Massachusetts. His home lot had four acres and was No. 5½. He held many town offices. Was constable, surveyor, fence viewer, assessor, collector, justice of the peace, and on committees for the laying out of highways. He was a commissioner to the general court in 1669, and deputy many years, between 1692 and 1706. He was deacon of the church many years, serving until his death, April 1, 1715. His gravestone is in the old cemetery at Haddam, near the courthouse. He was elected captain of the train band but his appointment

He married (first), about 1663-64, Hannah, born at Lynn, daughter of Gerrard and Hannah Spencer. He married (second) March 30, 1693. Mrs. Elizabeth (Wakeman) Arnold, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Wakeman, of England. He married (third) November 29, 1698, Mrs. Hannah (Spencer) Sexton, daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Bearding) Spencer, and widow of George Sexton. of Winslow, Connecticut. His children, all by first wife, were born at Haddam and baptized at the church in Middletown. Children: Daniel, born March 2, 1665-66, mentioned below; Hannah, November 29, 1667, married Thomas Gates; James, June 2, 1669, died February 10, 1742-43; Joshua, June 20, 1671-72; William, March 30, 1673-74; Caleb, November 30, 1675-76; Elijah, baptized March 26, 1678;

Hezekiah, born May 24, 1680.

was never confirmed.

(II) Deacon Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Brainard, was born March 2, 1665-66, in Haddam, died January or February 28, 1742-43, aged seventy-seven. He was a farmer and settled on the east side of the Connecticut river a mile north of East Haddam landing, near a spring of water at the southern end of Creek Row. In 1890 this property was still owned by a descendant. He was collector in 1688; surveyor in 1688-92; constable, 1693. He was elected deacon in the East Haddam church in 1693, and held the office the remainder of his life. He was often on committees for laying out land, and was on the proprietor's committee January 5, 1782. He was captain of the train band in East Haddam and was on a committee to build a church in 1724. He was deputy to the general court nearly continuously from May, 1726, to May, 1734. He married Susannah, baptized May 21, 1704, died January 26, 1754, daughter of William and Elizabeth Ventres. Children: Susannah, born August 9, 1689; Daniel, September 28, 1690; Hannah, June 12, 1694; Noadiah, April 4, 1697; Stephen, February 27, 1699, mentioned below; Bezaleel, April 17, 1701; Mary, September 10, 1703.

(III) Stephen, son of Deacon Daniel (2) Brainard, was born in East Haddam, February 27, 1699, died March 30, 1794, aged ninetyfive years. He was a farmer and settled in the southwest district, in Westchester parish, in the town of Colchester, on an elevation just north of the line dividing the town of East Haddam from Colchester. Tradition says that the path from East Haddam was marked by blazed trees, and that deer were so plentiful that they could be shot from their door. He cleared the land and prepared to build a house, and when Saturday night came sat down on a log and looked toward home, and cried because he was so far from home. The next week he was to return to his father's home about five miles distant. He was accompanied by two others at the time. The house he built was on the site where his grandson Amaziah, mentioned below, afterward built a house. He was a man held in great respect by all the townspeople. He was a consistent member of the church in Westchester. He married, December 24, 1730, Susannah, born September 21, 1705, died April 29, 1793, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hungerford) Gates. She was the first person to be buried in the Southwest cemetery in Westchester. Children: Susannah, born September 24 or 29, 1731; Elizabeth, September or December 17, 1733; Hannah, November 2, 1737; Mary, February 15, 1739-40; Stephen, March 24, 1741-42; Sarah, April 30, 1744; William, mentioned below.

(IV) William, son of Stephen Brainard; was born in Westchester parish, Colchester, August 27, 1746 (town records say August 16). He lived on the homestead of his father and was a farmer. His house was built on a higher hill a little east of where his father lived, and commanded an extended view. He was commissioned ensign of the train band in 1777 in the Twenty-fifth Regiment. He was commissioned captain of the same company (the Fifth) by Captain General Jonathan Trumbull, November 16, 1783. He was also captain of the Twenty-fourth Regiment, First Brigade, under Lieutenant-Colonel Eliphalet Bulkeley. He was ensign in Colonel Wells' regiment. He was in the detachment under Colonel Wells, December 9, 1780, at Horseneck, when Colonel Wells was attacked by the enemy and taken prisoner, together with many in his command. Captain Brainard died January 26, 1820. He married, December 31, 1772, Lucy, born May 14, 1752, in Colchester, died May 20, 1823, daughter of Abraham and Irene (Foote) Day. Children: William, born October 23, 1773; Elijah, March 23, 1775; Ezra, February 10, 1777; Lucy, April 22, 1778; Amaziah, June 12, 1780,

nenti ne blekw. Bere, Amerika, 12, 1784. Omn June 11, 1784. Hamah Merika, 1286. de Mar S. 1786. Ses et J. Mar 1, 1788. eleld, bern ambilied Jero 7, 75, 46, 47, 16. Leberry 28, 1702. Serbin Leberry 28, 1742.

Dorothy, November 5, 1705.

Brainard, was born in Colchester, June 12, 175, 16cl. April 1. Bit on the site of that of his grandfather in Colchester, and was a farmer. In his early years he taught school several seasons, and later occupied many positions of honor and trust. He was justice of the peace from 1828 to 1835 and in 1839. He was representative to the legislature in 1829 and 1830. He was often called upon to settle local difficulties. He was a man of commanding figure, six feet and one inch tall, and correspondingly heavy. He married, March 29, 1824, Huklah Foote, born December 4, 1791, died at Hartford, August 9, 1881, aged nearly ninety years. She was a school teacher in early life, and taught one summer at Cold Spring, Long Island. She was of a quiet and gentle disposition, much beloved by her family and friends. She was blind the last eight years of her life. Children: Leverett, born February 13, 1828, mentioned below; Albert, June 26, 1832, diel unmarried June 16, 1878; Lucy Abigail, June 26, 1832, registrar of the Connecticut Chapter of the Daughters of the Founders and Patriots of America, compiler of the Brainerd-

was born in Westchester, Connecticut, February 13, 1828, died July 2, 1902. His father of the farm. He attended the district school winters, later attending school at the Bacon Academy in Colchester. After teaching school a couple of winters, he returned to the farm. ern Pennsy'vania. Two years later he returned to the farm, and in 1853 was offered the office of secretary of the Orient Insurance years. He was prominent the remainder of his life as a business man of Hartford. He was a member of the common council in 1866. of the park commission from 1872 to 1877. Haven & Hartford Railroad Company; of the Aetna National Bank; the United States Bank; the Security Company; the Hartford pany; the Hartford & New York Transportation Company: the Connecticut General Life

ance Company; the Western Automatic Machine Screw Company; the Hartford Faience Company; the Actna Indemnity Company; the Board of Trade; the Charity Organization, and a trustee of the Scottish Union & National Insurance Company. He was first vice-president of the Connecticut Typothetae, and had been its president. He was president of the Hartford Paper Company; of the Burr Index Company; the Employing Printer's Association of Connecticut and vicinity. In January, 1858, he was admitted as a partner in the firm of Case, Lockwood & Brainard Company, and made secretary and treasurer, and president after the death of the senior member of the firm, Newton Case. He was an active member of the Governor's Foot Guard, He was representative to the legislature in 1884, and chairman of the committee on rail-roads. In 1894 he was chosen mayor of the city of Hartford by a large majority and served two years. For many years he was chairman of the society committee of the Pearl Street Congregational Church, until the removal of the church to Farmington avenue.

He was appointed by Governor Bulkeley in 1890 a commissioner with Ex-Governor Thomas M. Waller, from Connecticut, to the World's Fair at Chicago. He was made chairman of the joint board's committee on manufactures, and was also a member of the state committee from Connecticut on international exhibits at the fair. He was a member of Hartford Lodge, No. 88, Free and Accepted Masons; the Hartford Club; the Republican Club of Hartford; the Country Club of Farmington; the Hartford Golf Club and the Hartford Club, also of the Sons of the

American Revolution.

At the time of his death commendatory resolutions were passed by the various organizations to which he belonge l, and the following article appeared in the Hartford Courant of July 3: "Leverett Brainard was a part of Hartford. Everybody knew him and he had a kind word for whomever he knew. He was identified with many of the corporations here whose success has added so much to the standing of the city in business circles, and he has been an important factor in their growth and prosperity. He was conservative but far-seeing, and he typifiel the careful, fair-mindel and public-spirited citizen. The responsibilities that his fellow men imposed upon him testified most emphatically their confidence in him. He was respected and trusted as a representative citizen, and as a friend he was held in peculiarly affectionate consideration. His nature was gentle, all his instincts were kindly; he wished everylody well, and the

fact was made unobtrusively evident to all who came to know him. He was a keen observer of men and things, and possessed a clever wit and a most neat manner of putting his notions that made him always a most agreeable companion. Many kind things are being said of him these days, and they reflect the sentiments he himself entertained toward his fellow citizens. He had a kind heart."

He married, November 29, 1865, Mary Jerusha Bulkeley, born September 27, 1843. daughter of Judge Eliphalet Adams and Lydia Smith (Morgan) Bulkeley (see Bulkeley XIX). Children: I. Mary Lydia, born November 14, 1867, died January 11, 1900; married, June 5, 1894, Charles Cheney; children: i. Son. born and died June 2, 1895; ii. Marion Cheney, horn September 18, 1897; iii. Ward Cheney, born November 3, 1899. 2. Charles Edwin, born December 10, 1869, died October 31, 1889; graduated with honor at the Hartford high school and entered Yale College, where he was a popular member of the junior class at the time of his death. 3. Lucy Morgan, born January 22, 1872; married, October 28, 1903, Lyman Bushnell Brainerd; children: i. Mary Leverett, born January 13, 1905; ii. Lyman Bushnell, born October 15, 1906; iii. Lucy Bulkeley, born October 5, 1908. 4. Robert Leverett, born March 31, 1874, died August 3, 1885. 5. Albert Bulkeley, born July 9, 1876, died November 2, 1881. 6. Morgan Bulkeley, born January 8, 1879; graduated at Hartford high school, 1896, at Yale, 1900, and at Yale Law School, 1903; was two years in law office of Sperry & McLean of Hartford; in 1905 became treasurer of the Aetna Life Insurance Company, and in 1910 elected vicepresident of same; married, April 27, 1905, Eleanor Stewart Moffat; children: i. Morgan Bulkeley, born March 17, 1906; ii. Charles Edwin, born July 17, 1907. 7. Newton Case, born December 26, 1880; graduated at Hartford high school in 1898 and at Yale in 1902; appointed secretary of the Case, Lockwood & Brainard Company of which his father was president. 8. Edith Hollister, born August 13, 1882: graduated at Hartford high school in 1900 and attended Miss Porter's School at Farmington; married, October 30, 1907, John Henry Kelso Davis. 9. Ruth Alberta, born January 31, 1885; attended Hartford high school and Miss Porter's School. 10. Helen Stidlies hour Med. 2004. Stirling, born May 6, 1889, died November 11, 1800.

(II) James Brainerd, son of BRAINERD Daniel Brainerd (or Brainard, q. v.), of Haddam, Connecticut, was born June 2, 1669.

He married (first), April 1, 1696, Deborah Dudley, of Saybrook, Connecticut, born November 11, 1670, daughter of William and Mary (Roe) Dudley, of Saybrook. Brainerd died July 22, 1709, aged thirty-nine, and he married (second), May 23, 1711, Sarah Daniels. He was appointed ensign in May, 1705; lieutenant, May. 1714; captain, October, 1722, by the assembly; he was captain of the home militia. He was appointed one of a committee for surveying and laying out of land, with his brothers Daniel and Joshua Brainerd. He was deputy or representative in 1711, and a member of the legislature from 1726 until 1737, almost continuously. He was chosen deacon of the Congregational church. He was a farmer. He died February 10, 1742-43, aged seventy-four. His wife died June 4, 1770, aged eighty-nine. She was called "Sarah the First." Children, by first marriage, born in Haddam: James, March 25, 1697; Deborah, April 3, 1698; Gideon, March 4, 1699-1700; Mary, January 11, 1701-02; Hannah, March 7, 1703-04; Abijah, November 26, 1705, mentioned below; Daniel, August 2, 1707; Mehetable, July 13, 1709. By second marriage: Sarah, May 2, 1713; Zechariah, July 31, 1715; Jephtha, October 29, 1718; Othniel, June 2, 1720; Elizabeth, September 28, 1723; Heder, April 18, 1725.

(III) Abijah, son of James Brainerd, was born in Haddam, November 26, 1705, died September, 1782. He married (first) December 28, 1727, Esther, born November 20, 1706, daughter of Simon and Elizabeth (Wells) Smith, of Haddam. The date of her death is unknown. There is no proof that her maiden name was Smith, but it is thought to be so by two or three authorities. Abijah Brainerd married (second) Thankful, born July 10, 1713, daughter of Shubael and Hannah (Crocker) Fuller, of East Haddam. He settled on Haddam Neck, and was a farmer. Children by first marriage: Othniel, born June 5, 1729; Simon, October 7, 1730, mentioned below; Deborah, September 17, 1732; Esther, July 10, 1734; Lydia, August 18, 1736; Zilpah, January 16, 1737-38; Abijah, February 22, 1738-39; Leah, December 12, 1740; Jephtha, January 23, 1743. By second marriage: Rachel, December 17, 1743-44; Dorcas, February 19, 1745-46; Urijah, February 27, 1747ruary 19, 1745-40; Orijan, February 27, 1747-48; Asaph, March 17, 1749-50; Shubael, January 12, 1751-52; Thankful, March 7, 1754; Cornelius, April 20, 1756; Mary; Mercy.

(IV) Simon, son of Abijah Brainerd, was born October 7, 1730. He married Hepzibah, daughter of Nathaniel Spencer, of Haddam. He was in Middletown, Connecticut, in 1750 and 1701. He is a small in the small is a small in the sm

m. She died November 27, 1820, Fanny, 1 murried (second) November 27, 1820, Fanny, 1 murried (second) November 14, 1828, at Cairo, 1841, 1843, 1 murried Middle Haddam. He lived in East Haddam, in Catskill, Cairo, Durham and Sauties, New York. He was a carpenter by the second murriage of the second murriage of the second murriage. Fanny: Erastus, 1703, 1800, Lois, November 18, 1802, Child by second marriage: Raymond Hastings, December 25, 1821.

(VI) Erastus, son of Silas Brainerd, lived in Portland, Middlesex county, Connecticut. He was director in the Middletown Bank from 1847 to 1861 inclusive; vice-president of the Agricultural Society in 1858-50. He was representative in the Connecticut legislature in the winter of 1843-44; was one of the incorporators of the Union Mills in Middletown in 1854; was one of the pioneers of the quarry business in Portland, Commencing with a capital of a few hundred dollars, the business grew immensely until Portland quarry vessels found their way into every scaport

for some years a very few hands were employed, but business increased very rapidly. He married, December 25, 1815, Mary Wells,

Teribah (Wells) Staneliffe. Mrs. Brainerd was the idol of her children, beloved by her relatives and all who knew her. She was from her vouth a devout and consistent member of

the Trinity Episcopal Church. She died May

5. 18. 19. 19. 19. 1821; Benjamin Franklin,

1831: Adelaide, November 6, 1832; Cornne, December 20, 1835; I eRoy, March 12, 1840, (VII) Benjamin Franklin, son of Erastus Portland, Connecticut. He was treasurer and a large stockholder in it, and a director of the Freestone Savings Bank, the Middletown Ferry Compuny and Portland Building Company. He was an excellent citizen and greatly esteemed by all who knew him. He died March 1, 1880, aged sixty-two years. His wife died June 5, 1889. He married, March 26, 1851, Amelia Ann, born at Portland, July 8, 1822, daughter of Asa and Mary (Diggins) Davis, Children: Mary Wells, born June 16, 1852, died February 12, 1807; Franklin, October 23, 1854, mentioned below; Amelia, March 12, 1857, died March 1, 1858; Judson Baldwin, June 14, 1850, mentioned below; Bessie Dig-

January 15, 1865, married, January 7, 1861, Oliver Henry Raitery, born at Achill, county Mayo, Ireland, May 31, 1853, son of Thomas and Mary Raitery, graduate of the Epise pal Academy, Cheshire, Connecticut, in 1860, and of Trinity College, class of 1873, of which he was valedictorian, graduate of the Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown in 1876, and ordained deacon in Holy Trinity Church at Middletown in 1876 and priest at St. Peter's Church, Cheshire, in 1877, installed in Portland, Connecticut, his first wife was Mary E. Clark, daughter of Rev. O. William Clark, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. They had three children: Herald, Elizabeth B., and one who died in infancy.

(VIII) Franklin, son of Benjamin Franklin Brainerd, was born at Portland, October 23, 1854. He is engaged in the quarry business and lives at Portland. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, by virtue of the revolutionary services of Josiah Brainerd, ensign of Fourth Battalion, Connecticut Militia. He is a graduate of Harvard College, class of 1877. He was elected president of the Brainerd, Shaler & Hall Quarry Company, of Portland, July 15, 1902. He married, October 8, 1879, in Hartford, Ida, born February, 1855, daughter of Captain H. Hobart and Lsabella (Gildersleeve) Gillum, Children:

land; Amelia, May 22, 1882, died July 14, 1887; Frank Judson, October 26, 1888.

(VIII) Judson Baldwin, son of Benjamin Franklin Brainerd, was born at Portland, June 14, 1859. He was educated in public and private schools, St. Paul's Episcopal School at Concord, New Hampshire, and at Trinity College, where he was a student for a time. He then became active in the business of the Brainerd Quarry Company of Portland, and was made treasurer of the corporation and held that office for fifteen years. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, by virtue of the service of Ensign Josiah Brainerd. He lived for a time in Wyoming, where he owned a ranch. He has traveled extensively both in this country and abroad. He is at the present time a director and secretary of the Brainerd, Shaler & Hall Quarry Company. He is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church, and in politics is a Republican. He married, October 1, 1884, Harriet I. H., born November 1, 1858, in New York City, daughter of Charles and Harriet (Cuthbert) Anderson. They have no children.

The surname of Bostwick is BOSTWICK of Saxon origin, and is traceable to the time of Edward the Confessor, who preceded Harold, the last of the Saxon kings, upon the throne of England. Like all ancient names, it has undergone some mutations in over seven centuries, and has even been materially changed since the time when Arthur Bostock first transplanted it into the wilderness of America.

(I) Arthur Bostwick (Bostock), emigrant ancestor of the family, was baptized at Tarporley, Cheshire county, England, December 22, 1603. His first wife, mother of his five recorded children, was Jane Whittel, whom he married January 8, 1627-28. He emigrated to America in 1641 or 1642, and located at Stratford, Connecticut, being one of the first seventeen settlers of that town. The exact date of his death is unknown, but he was living

(II) John, son of Arthur and Jane (Whittel) Bostwick, was baptized in St. Helen's Church, Tarporley, Cheshire county, England, October 18, 1638. He married, in Stratford, Connecticut, Mary Brinsmead, born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, July 24, 1640, died in 1704. John Bostwick received the entire estate of his father to which he made large additions from subsequent divisions of the town lands. He died in 1688.

(III) John (2), son of John (1) and Mary (Brinsmead) Bostwick, was born in Stratford, Connecticut, May 14, 1667. He married Abigail Walker, a granddaughter of Rev. Peter Prudden. In 1707 he went to New Milford, Connecticut, and was the second settler of that town, where he died, beings upwards of eighty

(IV) Daniel, son of John (2) and Abigail (Walker) Bostwick, was born in New Milford, in 1708, and was the first white male child born in that town. He married Hannah, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Weller) Hitchcock, who was born in New Milford, January 1, 1719-20, where he died July 31, 1792. He was prominent in town affairs; was deputy to the general assembly during four years, and was a lieutenant in the militia.

(V) Amos, son of Daniel and Hannah (Hitchcock) Bostwick, was born in New Milford in 1743, died in Unadilla, New York, November 19, 1829. He married, in New Milford, December 2, 1766, Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Rachel (Buell) Grant, who was born in Litchfield, August 7, 1745, died in New Milford about 1795. He afterwards married Sarah Hayes. Amos Bostwick served as ensign in Captain Chapman's company, of the Nineteenth Continental Infantry, under Colonel Charles Webb, from January 1, 1775, to December 31, 1775. The companies were stationed along the sound until September 14, 1775, when, on requisition from General Washington, the regiment was ordered to the Boston camps. There it was assigned to General Sullivan's brigade, on Winter Hill, on the left of the besieging line, and remained until the expiration of its term of service, in December, 1775. It was reorganized as the Nine-teenth Continental Infantry, under Colonel Charles Webb, and on leaving Boston it marched under General Washington to New York, by way of New London, and on vessels through the sound, and served in that vicinity from April to the close of the year. The regiment assisted in fortifying New York City, and was ordered to the Brooklyn front on August 27, 1776, but was not engaged in the battle of Long Island. It was closely engaged in the battle of White Plains, October 28, 1776, and at Trenton, December 25, 1776. The regiment was also in the battle of Princeton, January 3, 1777, and continued in service, at the urgent request of Washington, about six weeks after the expiration of their term.

(VI) Charles, son of Amos and Sarah (Grant) Bostwick, was born in New Milford, October 9, 1772, died in New Haven, October 17, 1850. He married Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Macomber) Trowbridge, June 1, 1797. They had eleven children, of whom six lived to maturity. Their only daughter. Seed a the flow of level of the flow of level of lev

(VII) Frederick Levi, youngest son of Charles and Sarch (Troubredge) lasswick, was born in New Haven, July 9, 1818. He married (first) November 10, 1845, Caroline Attwater, oldest daughter of George and Caroline (Attwater) Rowland, and granddaughter of Captain Elnathan Attwater; she died in 1840, leaving two daughters. December 5, 1851, he married (second) Elizabeth Jones Rowland, sister of his first wife. He died in Yew Haven, March 8, 1868, at the age of seventy-nine years and eight months. Eliza-

eventy-nine years and eight months. Elizab h J. (Rowland) Bostwick was fifth in dent from Thomas Fitch, of Norwalk, governor of Connecticut from 1754 to 1766. One f her brothers was Thomas Fitch Rowland, ho, under contract with Eriesson, built the mons ironclad "Monitor" which rendered such efficient service in the war of 1861.

(VIII) Frederick, older son of Frederick L. and Elizabeth J. (Rowland) Bostwick, was ew Haven high school in 1866, intending to prepare for Yale College; upon the withdrawal of the classical course from the curriculum of the high school, he abandoned his intentions of higher education, and entered the printing office of Tuttle, Morehouse & Taylor, where he remained thirty-five years. In 1906 he was Haven Colony Historical Society, of which he was a life-member. This society possesses a fine collection of books, portraits and other articles, relating to the colonial history of New Haven, besides many objects of national interest. Mr. Bostwick is a member of the Connecticut Historical Society, the Mississippi Valley Historical Society, the Connecticut Library Society, and the Sons of the American Revolution, and is prominently identified with church and social work. He is the oldest male member of the Epworth Methodist Church of New Haven, and is president of its board of trustees. In 1876 he married Ida May Boone, of Columbia county, Pennsylvania; they have had six children, three of whom died in early childhood. Of their three surviving sons, the oldest graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in 1903, and the second from the same department in 1909; the youngest is now a member of the class of 1913 in the academical department.

RUSSELL in Prospect, Connecticut,

1864. He was a farmer at Prospect. He married, September 9, 1855, Sarah Tyler, born at Prospect, September 23, 1837, daughter of Spencer Tyler, His widow married (second) Cornelius D. Thrall. Children of Henry E. and Sarah Russell: 1. Lewis Russell, died aged eleven years. 2. Henry E. Jr., died aged two years. 3. William Spencer, mentioned below. Child of Cornelius D. and Sarah (Tyler) (Russell) Thrall: Bessie Eleanor Timell.

(II) Dr. William Spencer Russell, son of Henry Elliot Russell, was born in Prospect, Connecticut, September 7, 1858. He attended the public schools of his native town, the Connecticut Literary Institute at Suffield, Connecticut, and took a special course in Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University. In 1877 he entered Yale Medical School and was graduated in the class of 1880 with the degree of M.D. He took post-graduate courses pital. He began to practice at Wallingford, Connecticut, in 1883, and has continued there with marked success to the present time. He ciety and the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Democrat. He represented the town of Wallingford in the general as-sembly of Connecticut in 1883. Dr. Russell married, June 1, 1882, Eliza Cook Hall, born and Hannah Maria (Bostwick) Hall, grand-daughter of James H. and Maria (Gardner) Bostwick (see Bostwick IX). Children of Dr. and Mrs. Russell: 1. Donald Gardner, born May 3, 1890, mentioned below. 2. Elinor Tyler, November 22, 1893. Dr. Russell's great-grandfather was Daniel Hitchcock, of Waterbury or Prospect, Connecticut, a soldier in the French and Indian and revolution-

(III) Donald Gardner, son of Dr. William

Spencer Russell, was born at Wallingford, May 3, 1890. He attended the public schools there and fitted for college at the Hopkins grammar school of New Haven; he was valedictorian of his class. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in 1900 and graduated with the degree of Ph.B. in 1909. He entered Yale Medical School, but on account of his health went west in 1910 to spend a year in the mining camps. He was an assistant instructor in the Sheffield Scientific School in 1909.

## (The Bostwick Line).

(II) John (2) Bostwick, son of John (1) Bostwick (q. v.), was born at Stratford, May 2, 1667. He married Abigail, daughter of Joseph Walker, about 1688, and resided in Stratford until about 1706, when he removed to Derby. Two years later he came to New Milford, of which he was the second permanent settler. Many of his descendants have lived there and some have been prominent. He died after 1747, being over eighty years old. Children: John, October 12, 1688; Robert, 1691; Ebenezer, 1693; Joseph, 1695; Nathaniel, mentioned below; Lenuel, 1704; Sarah, married William Warriner; Daniel, 1708; Mary, February, 1714-15; Hannah,

1716. (III) Nathaniel, son of John (2) Bostwick (q. v.), was born in Stratford, Connecticut, September 17, 1699, died in New Milford, July 13, 1756. He married (first) in New Milford, October 7, 1727, Esther, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Weller) Hitchcock. She was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, July 11, 1705, died in New Milford, December 13, 1747. He married (second) in New Milford, in 1750, Jerusha, widow of Theophilus Baldwin, and daughter of Eleazer and Elizabeth (widow of — Welsh) Beecher. She was born September 1, 1705, died in New Milford, August 28, 1790. He came to New Milford a number of years after his father and built his home on the south end of the Town Hill, on the road to Bridgewater. He was a successful farmer, was a man of much influence of character and active in public affairs. He served as deputy from New Milford to the general assembly in May, 1738, 1741, 1742, and October, 1742. In October, 1743, he was appointed the first captain of the Second Company in the town. He also served as justice of the peace from 1744 to 1753. His will was made July 7, 1756, and probated August 10, 1756. He bequeathed to his wife, Jerusha, and children. Children, by first wife: I. Arthur, born June 28, 1729, mentioned below. 2. Sarah, August 28, 1730. 3. Lois,

March 16, 1732-33. 4. Reuben, September 2, 1734. 5. Zadock, February 18, 1735-36. 6. Abigail, July 20, 1737. 7. Elijah, June 8, 1740. 8. Gideon, September 21, 1742. 9. Eunice, August 21, 1744. 10. Tamar, May 31, 1746. 11. Ichabod, December 13, 1747. By second marriage: 12. Johannah, November

29, 1752. (IV) Arthur, son of Nathaniel Bostwick, was born in New Milford, June 28, 1729, died in Jericho, Vermont, January 10, 1802. He married, in New Milford, July 1, 1752, Eunice, daughter of William and Sarah (Bostwick) Warriner. She was born in Brimfield, Massachusetts, June 3, 1729, died in Jericho, May 26, 1801. In May, 1764, he was appointed first lieutenant in the Second Company of Militia in New Milford. He removed from New Milford, Connecticut, to Manchester, Vermont, in 1792, and afterwards to Jericho, Vermont. Children: I. Esther, born December 3, 1754. 2. Nathaniel, February 7, 1757. 3. Lois, August 20, 1758. 4. John Warriner, October 18, 1761. 5. William, November 25, 1765, mentioned below. 6. Elijah, April 17, 1768, died April 19, 1768. 7. Asenath, December 23, 1769. 8. Eunice, November 6, 1772. 9. Asel, March 9, 1775, died 1778.

(V) William, son of Arthur Bostwick, was born November 25, 1765, in New Milford, died in Auburn, New York, June 24, 1825. He married, in Canaan, New York, March 10, 1790, Hannah, daughter of William and Abigail (Hawley) Warner. She was born in Canaan, January 22, 1768, died in Auburn, New York, August 14, 1851. William Bostwick moved to Hardenburg Corners (now Auburn), New York, in 1798, coming from Whitestone, New York, where he had lived since 1793. He was a master builder and tavern keeper by occupation. He immediately built a home for himself and returned to Whitestone to make preparations to move his family as soon as possible. He arrived in Auburn the second of February, 1799, having made the journey in a sleigh, with his family of six. His residence was a double log house, whitewashed inside and out, and it was soon afterwards opened as a tavern. oven of the establishment stood in the dooryard, built against a tree stump. He was one of the most energetic men of the town, took the lead in all important measures of that early day, and assisted in the achievement of many public works. Children: I. Sophia, born March 23, 1791. 2. Abigail Hawley, June 26, 1792. 3. Laura, March 13, 1794. 4. Harriet, September 30, 1795. 5. William Warner, February 19, 1797, mentioned below. 6. Polly, September 28, 1798. 7. Hiram, Aucen's 18m × Plan, December 1 1800 Animum Cale in Marchite 23, 1834, are I me. His comber 20, 4800 to the Elizabeth, April 21, 1809. 12. Betsey Maria, for come in the rank to the control of the

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1: twick, was born February 19, 1797, in i is, October 6, 1845. He received his early elonom at the Address Authority, Achara, New York and annorth to be to received to the Dr. McDosels or forterolled to the order of Deacons at New Brunsvalk, New Jersey, by the Bishop of New Jerto of the only the York from services over a district of country fifty miles n liameter, officiating at Penn Yan, Wayne, Post, Pratistewn, Jerusalem, Dresden and tended into Allegbany county, an I in the early y made to the sum of mothers ii adstort, New York, and gave up his church at 1. th, attime his literal to Whene. It enells ville and other villages. In the summer of 1842 his attention was drawn to the with and he made a journey of exploration. I the autumn of that year he removed, with In family, to Illinois, and took charge of the regregation at Joliet. There he continued to ork in his accustomed field, and performed n :: h missionary work in addition to his stated services at Joliet until his death. He was not a brilliant scholar nor a popular preacher, but he had the elements of a useful clergyman; studious, diligent, devout, and gave himself to the work of his calling. He married, in Litchfield, Connecticut, April 11, 1828, Mary, daughter of Ozias and Mary (Jones) Lewis. She was born in Litchfield, May 1, 1809, died in Joliet, September 28, 1845. Children: 1. William Lewis, born December 20, 1830. 2. Mary Jones, February 1, 1833. 3. Celeste Parmelee, November 26, 1836. 4. James H.,

(VII) James H., son of William Warner Bostwick, married Maria Gardner. (VIII) Hannah Maria, daughter of James

mentioned below.

H. Bostwick, married Edward C. Hall.

and Hannah Maria (Bostwick) Hall, married Dr. William Spencer Russell, June 1, 1882

son of Samuel Heminway Haven, Connecticut, May 20, 1675. He mar-

died of chronic pleurisy, April 17, 1762. He married, November 9, 1738, Mary Tuttle, born wounded and may not recover" and he perhaps died from the effects of the wound. Children, born at East Haven: John, mentioned below; Joseph, June, 1741; Amy, May 26, 1743: Joseph, March 14, 1745: Hannah, February 14. 1747-48; Jared, May 17, 1749; Moses, August, 1751; Anna; Joel, May 21, 1754: Mary, September 1, 1755; Lydia, May

(V) John (3), son of John (2) Heminway, was born at East Haven, August 6, 1739, died and Abigail (Chidsev) Hitchcock. She was born December 17, 1744. They had a son

John, mentioned below.

(VI) John (4), son of John (3) Heminway, was born at East Haven, February 28, 1777. He married (first), February 25, 1797, Hannah, daughter of Moses and Desire (Moulthrop) Thompson. He married (second), in 1806, Abigail (Bradley) Holt, daugh-Bradley and widow of Samuel Holt. She was born October 22, 1776, and married, May 2, 1796, Samuel Holt, who died June 23, 1803, Children of John Heminway by first wife: vears; Merrit, mentioned below; John, died December 10, 1805, aged four years; Maria. Children of second wife: John, Orilla, Wil-

(VII) General Merrit Heminway, son of John (4) Heminway, was born March 23, 1800. He was educated in the public schools, and settled in the town of Watertown, Connecticut, where he became a prominent silk manufacturer, and active in public life, hold-He was justice of the peace for many years. He was influential in politics and held the office of postmaster in Watertown. He was brigadier-general in the state militia and well

I nown throughout the state of Connecticut. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church and was warden for many years. In character he was upright and conscientious, a gentleman of the old school, rather stern and austere in manner. He married, March 13, 1832, Mary Ann Buell, a descendant of William Buell, who was born in England, and came in 1630 to Dorchester, Massachusetts. He died June 8, 1886; his wife died March 15, 1898. Children: John, born March 13, 1833; Homer, October 19, 1834; Mary A., November 7, 1836; Buell, see below; Merrit, August 8,

1842.

(VIII) Buell, son of General Merrit Heminway, was born at Watertown, Litchfield county, April 20, 1838. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Watertown Academy. During vacations he worked in his father's store and silk mill and acquired a thorough knowledge of the business at an early age. After graduating from the academy he became a bookkeeper in his father's office and in the same year, 1857, when he was only nineteen years old, he was elected secretary of the company, then known as the M. Heminway & Sons Silk Company. After the death of his father, Mr. Heminway with his son, Buell Havens, and Mr. Bartlett, who had been superintendent of the old company, organized in 1888 the Heminway & Bartlett Silk Company, of which Mr. Heminway became president and treasurer. This concern has had a very successful and flourishing record. From time to time the plant has been enlarged on account of the growing business. Mr. Heminway had many other public and private interests and held many positions of trust. In 1880 he became vice-president of the Dime Savings Bank and in 1800 director of the Citizens' National Bank of Waterbury. He was a member of the building committee for the new town hall. He was interested in public education and for many years chairman of the executive committee and president of the Library Association and treasurer of the public school board for ten years, in the Center district. When the beautiful new library building was erected, he was member of the building committee and took a great personal interest in its construction. He was treasurer of the Watertown Water Company. In politics he was a Democrat, though after 1896 he ceased to support the democracy of Bryan. He was a trustee of the Evergreen Cemetery Association. He was a member of the Waterbury Club and the Home Club of Waterbury and of the New England Society of New York. He was fond of good horses and owned many. He traveled extensively both in this

country and abroad and was a man of wide general information and sterling common sense. He was a staunch supporter of the church and various charities. He was for twenty-five years a vestryman of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, treasurer of the parish for ten years and trustee of its parish fund six years. His wife and daughters have always been active in the work of the church and Sunday school and all are communicants of this church. Mr. Heminway inherited many of the sturdy qualities of his father. He was courteous, kindly and public-spirited, co-operating in all movements for the public welfare and especially in projects for advancing the interests of his native town. He was temperate in his habits, ambitious, determined and honorable in all the relations of life.

He married, January 17, 1866, Julia M. Havens, of Ogdensburg, New York, only daughter of George F. and Clarinda J. (Welton) Havens, of New York City, the latter a daughter of Isaac Welton. She is a member of the local chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, by virtue of the service (on her father's side) of Peleg Havens, descended from the emigrant, William Havens, of Rhode Island and (on her mother's side) of Captain John Allyn, a descendant of the emigrant, Matthew Allyn, who settled in Windsor, Connecticut. Children: 1. Buell Havens, born November 11, 1866; married, October 19, 1892, Maud Willard, of Brooklyn, New York; children: Madeleine, born September 20, 1893; Buell Havens, August 24, 1895; Caroline Le Baron, August 19, 1899; Willard Sands, June 22, 1905. 2. Mary Julia, born March 2, 1869; married, December 22, 1897, Paul Klimpke; children: Julia Heminway, born December 15, 1808; Gertrude Heminway, December 3, 1000 Buell Heminway, October 29, 1902; Paul Heminway, March 24, 1909. 3. Helen Louise, born June 14, 1872, died November 10, 1910.

John Bronson was living in BRONSON Hartford, Connecticut, in 1639, a proprietor "by courtesie of the town." He spelled his name also Brunson and Brownson. His house lot was on the road to the Neck, now Windsor street. He served in the Pequot war. About 1641 he removed to Tunxis, and in May, 1651, was a deputy to the general court from Farmington. He was one of the original members of the church in Farmington, October 13, 1652. He died in 1680, and the inventory, taken November 28 of that year, shows an estate valued at three hundred and twelve pounds, one shilling and six pence. He was probably a brother of Richard Bronson, of Hartford and



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7. Sarah, married John Kilburn.

(H) Isaac, son of John Bronson, was bap-daughter of John Root. He lived in Farmington, where his first three children were born, and then removed to Waterbury, where the remaining children were born. Children: 1. Isaac, born 1670. 2. John, 1673. 3. Samuel, 10. Thomas Hikeox and Deacon Samuel Bull. 5. In January 16, 1685-86, mentioned below. 7. Ebenezer, December, 1688. 8. Sarah, November, 1688. 8. Sarah,

(111) Lieutenant Thomas Bronson, son of Isaac Bronson, was born in Waterbury, Connecticut, January 16, 1685-86, died May 26, 1777. He married, December 21, 1700, Elizabeth Upson, who died March 30, 1778, daughter of Stephen Upson, Sr. Children: I. Thomas, born January 5, 1711, mentioned below. 2. Stephen, November 25, died December 30, 1712. 3. Elizabeth, April 18, 1714, died May

ried Ebenezer Warner.

(V) Deacon Stephen Bronson, son of Thomas (2) Bronson, was born in Waterbury, June 30, 1735, died December 15, 1809. He married, May 17, 1763. Sarah, who died July 27, 1822, daughter of Caleb Humaston. Children: 1. Mercy or Marcia, born December 17, 1764; married Judge John Kingsbury. 2. Jesse, June 9, 1766, died of small pox, February 4, 1788. 3, John, August 14, 1768, died January 22, 1782. 4, Susanna, December 26, 1770, died October 21, 1773. 5, Content Humaston, May 14, 1773, died March 28, 1806. 6, Bennet, November 14, 1775. 7, Susanna, April 6, 1780; married Joseph Burton.

(V1) Judge Bennet Bronson, son of Deacon Stephen Bronson, was born November 14, 1775, died December 11, 1850. He was fitted for college in the school of Messrs. Badger and Kingsbury, and graduated at Yale in 1797. In 1708 he was appointed lieutenant in the provisional army of the United States, and served about two years, when the army was

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an office in his native town. In 1812 he beof Waterbury; he was a representative to the from his father, and soon became one of the leading capitalists of the town. For a time and on August 31, having considered the matsent to perform for a time at least the duties of that office"; he remained a deacon until 1843. He was one of the first trustees of the Second Academy at Waterbury. He took great interest in local history and early began to It is largely due to his painstaking efforts that lished customs. At the time it was proposed to heat the meeting house with stoves, he oping the singing, he saw no need of the change, but remained loval to the older forms, notwithstanding the change. In person Judge confidence of the community. In his will he

for a pastor's library, and in 1857 these books were purchased.

He married, May 11, 1801, Anna, daughter of Richard Smith, of Roxbury. She died March 4, 1819. He married (second), May 6, 1820, Elizabeth Maltby, who died June 12, 1840, daughter of Benjamin Maltby, of Branford. He married (third), May 27, 1841, Nancy Daggett, who died at New Haven, August 14, 1867, daughter of Jacob Daggett, of New Haven. Children of first wife: 1. George, born February 27, 1802. 2. Henry, January 30, 1804. 3. Jesse, February 8, 1806. 4. Thomas, January 4, 1808, mentioned below. 5. Elizabeth Anna, March 3, 1812. 6. Susanna, February 26, 1814, died August 12, 1814. 7. Harriet Maria, September 13, 1815. Children of second wife: 8. Rebecca Tainter, February 10, 1822. 9. Susan, January 19, 1824, died November 25, 1905.

(VII) Rev. Thomas Bronson, son of Judge Bennet Bronson, was born in Waterbury, January 4, 1808, died there April 20, 1851, after a few weeks' illness of a rheumatic affection of the heart. He was fitted for college partly by his father, and partly in Farmington, and graduated at Yale in 1829. On leaving college he took charge of a school in East Windsor, but was obliged to give it up on account of a severe attack of rheumatic fever. In the spring of 1830 he began the study of law with Truman Smith, of Litchfield, and then attended the New Haven Law School; abandoning this, he studied theology at New Haven and Andover. He began to preach in the autumn of 1835, although he did not receive his license until 1838. He was never ordained, but preached in several places in Connecticut and New York. Late in the year 1843 he gave up the ministry and removed to the south, where he taught school in Smithfield, Virginia. Later he removed to Quincy, Illinois, and taught school there until after the death of his father in 1850. He returned to Waterbury in 1851, but died soon afterward. He mar-Bartlett, who died February 13, 1839, Cynthia Elizabeth Bartlett, who died February 13, 1852; daughter of Cyrus M. Bartlett, of Hartford. Children: I. Harriet Anna, born June 2, 1840; married Rev. Peter V. Finch. 2, Julius Hobart April 20, 1842, mentioned below. bart, April 30, 1842, mentioned below. 3. Edward Bennet, June 12, 1843.

(VIII) Julius Hobart, son of Rev. Thomas (3) Bronson, was born at Sandy Hill, New York, April 30, 1842. From the age of eighteen months he lived in Waterbury with his grandfather. His early education was received at a boarding school at Ellington. He fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, but did not enter on account of ill-

health. He was for several years with B. P. Chatfield, in Waterbury and Bridgeport, engaged in contracting for buildings and dealing in building materials. For three years he was obliged to give up business and devote himself to the care of his health, and in 1875 he became manager of the Oakville Company, and later its president and treasurer. The company manufactures pins, safety pins, small wire goods and other articles of a like nature. In 1869 the present factory was erected and the water power greatly improved, and the business has steadily prospered. Mr. Bronson was director and vice-president of the Citizens National Bank several years, and upon the death of Frederick J. Kingsbury, September 30. 1910, was elected president. Mr. Bronson is a member of the Waterbury Club and has served on the board of managers, being a member of the first board and vice-president of the club. He is secretary of the Hospital Association and has been since its formation. and is also a director. He married, November 16, 1886, Edith, daughter of Roderick Terry, of Hartford. Child, Bennet, born December 3, 1887

(VIII) Dr. Edward Bennet Bronson, son of Rev. Thomas Bronson, was born at Hartford, June 12, 1843. He attended the public schools and was graduated with the degree of bachelor of arts from Yale College in the class of 1865. He entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City and graduated with the degree of M.D. in 1869, and afterward served as interne at Bellevue Hospital. After three years' study abroad he took up active practice in New York City. He was for many years professor of dermatology and is now professor emeritus of the New York Polyclinic. He is physician of the City and Babies hospitals of New York City. He is a member of the American Dermatological Association, the American Academy of Medicine, the American Therapeutic Society, the New York Academy of Medicine, the County Medical Society, the Dermatological Society, Bellevue Hospital Alumni Association. He belongs to the Century Association and the University Club of New York.

The surname Hickcox is also spelled Hickox. Hicox, Hikox, Hickock, and in a multitude of other ways. A branch of the family spelling the name Heacock settled early in New Jersey and spread through Pennsylvania and the west. Most of the New England and northern New York families may be traced to Joseph and Samuel Hickcox, of Connecticut, supposed to be sons of William.



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to look at

It in Hickeox, it is believed, and brother of the cph, mentioned above, married Hannah ——. He died shortly before February 28, 16:44-95, the date of the inventory of his estate. The ages of his children in 16:05 were follows: 1. Samuel, twenty-six. 2. Hannah, twenty-four, married John Judd. 3. William, twenty-two. 4. Thomas, twenty, mentioned below. 5. Joseph, seventeen. 6. Mary, the reeen, married John Bronson. 7. Elizabah, twelve. 8. Stephen, eleven. 9. Benjamon, nine. 10. Mercy, six. 11. Ebenezer, two

(III) Deacon Thomas Hickox, son of Serntt Samuel Hickox, was born in 1675, died ne 28, 1728. He married, March 2, 1700, hry, daughter of Sergeant Isaac Bronson. His widow married, November 23, 1748, Death Samuel Bull and she died July 4, 1756, Cildren, born in Waterbury: Thomas, October 25, 1701, mentioned below: Mary, May 1704; Mary, March 9, 1700-07; Sarah, Jantry 2, 1700-10; Mercy, married Isaac Hoplus; Amos, born May 19, 1715; Jonas, October 25, 1700-10.

(IV) Deacon Thomas (2) Hickcox, son of Deacon Thomas (1) Hickcox, was born at Waterbury, October 25, 1701, died there December 28, 1787. He married, April 19, 1730, Mariam Richards, widow of Samuel Richards, I she died March 13, 1780. Children, born at Waterbury: Thomas, April 4, 1737; Sarah, March 20, 1739; Daniel, mentioned below; Janes, January 19, 1747-48, died young;

Jun - May 8, 1755.

In keox, was born December 16, 1742. He nurried (first) January 15, 1766. Sibyl Bartholomew, who died April 2, 1774. He married (second) July 5, 1775, Phebe Orton. Children of first wife, born at Waterbury: Caleb, mentionel below: Daniel, February 11, 1760; Mary, May 5, 1771, died February 7, 1772: Chauncey, July 31, 1773. Children of second wife: Eliezer, July 25, 1776; Mary, January 23, 1778; Uri, August 8, 1770; Merriam, August 1, 1781; Sibyl, October 13, 1783.

born October 18, 1766, in Waterbury. He was an extensive owner in that part of the town, now Watertown. He died March 9, 1813, at the age of forty-seven years. He and his wife were Episcopalians. He married Ruth Scoville, born in Watertown, March 8, 1773, died there January 8, 1850. Captain Edward Scoville, father of Edward and grandson of Ruth, was son of John and grandson of John Scoville, of Haddam, Connecticut, Children of Major Caleb and Ruth Hickcox: Be-

tioned below; Albert, born June 21, 1795; Martha S., May 23, 1799; Emeline, April 19, 1802; Ruth A., March 12, 1804; Bennett N., October 9, 1800; Caroline J. (twin), September 6, 1809; Cornelia J., twin of Caroline J.

(VII) Edward S., son of Caleb Hickcox, was born in Watertown, March 11, 1704, died October 16, 1881. He worked in boxbood on his father's farm, and attended the public schools. About 1823 he purchased a large farm in the west part of the town of Watertown and for many years was engaged in breeding merino sheep and Devon cattle. He was well known in the community, influential in public affairs and prominent in the church. He married (first) March 4, 1819, Anna Merriman, of Watertown. He married (second) Anna Beecher. Children of first wife: Nancy, born January 9, 1820; Charles C., August 9, Belinda, October 10, 1825; Anna Penderson,

Belinda, October 10, 1825; Anna Penderson March 2, 1828; Elizabeth E., June 11, 1830; Edward S., mentioned below; Nancy P., Feb-

ruary 21, 1838; Ruth E.

(VIII) Edward S. (2), son of Edward S. (1) Hickcox, was born at Watertown, June 21, 1832, died November 5, 1865. He was educated in the public schools, and worked until he came of age on his father's farm. He then purchased a farm, adjoining his father's. He was prominent in town affairs and held various offices of trust and honor, though he died at the age of thirty-three. He married Charlotte M. Perey, who died in 1902 at the age of sixty-five years, daughter of Thaddeus M. and Emeline (Stone) Perey. After her husband died she remained on the homestead. She was an active member of the Methodist church.

1. F. Percy, born February 6, 1850, married Lucia Burr; children; Miriam, Ruth and Julia. 2. Howard Minor, mentioned below. 3. Truman S., born February 5, 1862, married (first) Edna Brown; (second) Grace Dodge; children of first wife; Walter, Clarence and Rachel. 4. Frank Merriman, born December 13, 1863, married Annie Davis; children:

Helen, Bernice, Percy, Howard, Charlotte and Wesley.

(IX) Howard Minor, son of Edward S. (2) Hickcox, was born at Watertown, Sep-

tember 19, 1860.

Mr. Hickcox was only five years old when his father died. He assisted in the work of the farm in his youth and attended the public schools. When a boy he began working by the month on farms in the vicinity. He was a teamster for Cheney Brothers of Manchester one summer, and taught school one year. In 1881 he purchased a farm at Watertown and since then has been engaged in farming. His home is in Watertown Center. He engaged in the ice business in 1886 and continued same for five years, and has also engaged in the undertaking business. He is treasurer of the Evergreen Cemetery Association and has been for many years superintendent of the cemetery. He is financial agent of the Watertown Library Association, and chairman of the executive committee. He is interested in town affairs, and in politics is a Republican. He was selectman one year, tax collector for years, member of the board of relief four years, town treasurer since 1904. Since 1890 he has been judge of probate for the district of Watertown. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal

He married, October 9, 1881, Amelia M., born August 17, 1862, in Woodbury, Connecticut, daughter of Eben J. and Margaret (Strong) Atwood, granddaughter of Stephen Atwood, who was famous for his merino sheep, and a prominent citizen of Woodbury. Her father died at the age of fortytwo. Both parents were members of the Congregational church of Watertown. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Hickcox: 1. Arthur Percy, born February 29, 1884, clerk of the Scoville Manufacturing Company of Waterbury; graduate of Wesleyan Seminary; married Florence E., daughter of Joseph W. and Carrie M. (Baldwin) Atwood. 2. Frank Bronson, born April 5, 1885, associated in the undertaking business with his father; married Elizabeth, daughter of Charles W. and Hattie (Woodbridge) Atwood; child, Howard Merriman, born March 1, 1910. 3. Mabel Merriman, born June 13, 1887; married James Maxim Yard, of Farmingdale, New Jersey, now a missionary in Western China; children: Elizabeth Hickcox Yard, born May 1, 1909; Priscilla Sterling, born Chengtu. China, October 9, 1910. 4. Florence Strong, born December 23, 1889, died March 27, 1901. 5. Octavia Atwood, born August 12, 1897. 6. Edward Scoville, born March 5, 1902.

Samuel Pond was born in Eng-POND land and was one of the early settlers of Windsor, Connecticut. He died March 14, 1654, and his inventory was filed March 19, 1654. He left sixty-two acres of land. He married, November 14, 1642, Sarah — Children: Isaac, born at Windsor, March 15, 1646; Samuel, mentionel below; Nathaniel, December 21, 1650, killed by the Indians, December 19, 1675, in King Philip's war; Sarah, February 11, 1652,

married Ionathan Hoyt,

(II) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Pond, was born at Windsor, March 4, 1648. He was one of the signers of the "New Plantation and Church Covenant," of Branford, Connecticut, January 20, 1667. He was propounded for freeman in 1672. He was a deputy to the general court from Branford in 1678-82-83-87, and was lieutenant of the military company in 1695. He married, February 3, 1669, Miriam Blakeley. Children, born at Branford: Nathaniel, 1676, died 1679; Abigail, 1677; Samuel, mentioned below; Josiah, September 25, 1688; Lois, 1690; Moses, 1693; Miriam, 1696; Mindwell, 1698.

(III) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) Pond, was born at Branford, July 1, 1679. He married, June 8, 1704, Abigail Goodrich. Children, born at Branford: Samuel, May 7, 1705, died young; Philip, June 5, 1706; Bartholomew, January 19, 1708: Josiah, May 19, 1710; Abigail, July 13, 1713; Phineas, mentioned below: Perez, January 22, 1718; Mene Mene Tekel Upharsin (1), March 6, 1721.

Ezra Clapp.

(V) Jonathan, son of Phineas Pond, was born at Branford, June 24, 1740. In 1764 he purchased of Benjamin Cook, of Farmington, fifty-one acres of land, and in the same year land of Eliphalet Eaton, of Goshen, in that part of the town of Farmington now Bristol, and known as Chippeny, or Chippen's Hill. His sister Martha, who afterward married Isaac Curtis, of Plymouth, probably came with him, or soon afterward. While living on the Chippen's Hill farm he married Susannah Hungerford, of Bristol. She died a year or two afterward, and he sold his farm, and in 1770 settled in the town of Plymouth, Connecticut. His farm of two hundred acres was partly in Bristol and partly in Plymouth.

The farm remained a the passes of him had than cold by the care of the cold of the of affects they are to be a some as a leftity stilling of the office to be all the problacksmith as well as a farmer. He joined the Congressional clearly within the Abic 4b 177 ) and his is to according to

bers. He died December 16, 1817, aged seventy-eight. He married (second) Jerusha Jerome, of Bristol, an aunt of the late Chaunce jense in a dinamiliar in the mouth. She died in 1828. Child of first wife: Pine as after young state of a state but ied at East Plymouth. Children of second wife: 1. Philip, resided at New Haven. 2. Jonathan, mentioned below. 3. Harriet, married Eli Terry. 4. Willard E., went west; his n, Major J. B. Pond, was a famous lecturer. 5. Xancy, died aged sixteen. Four others.

Pond, was born in Plymouth, 1773, died October 11, 1855. He inherited part of the He married (first) Betsey Adams; (second) Lucia Gildersleeve. Children by first wife:

V ((1))

Pond, was born in Plymouth, March 9, 1811, ied December 26, 1877. He was educated in ous offices of trust and honor. The homestead passed out of the family in 1864, when Alexander sold it. A peculiar coincidence is the fact that each of the generations born in the three girls. He married, April 6, 1834, Lydia Gaylord, born at Bristol, July 5, 1809, died October 31, 1868 (see Gaylord VII). Children of Alexander and Lydia Pond: 1, Caroline Amelia, born February 22, 1835, died June, 1907; married Norman G. Grannis, of Waterbury. 2. Sarah Aurelia, June 29, 1837; married Spencer A. Clark, deceased, of New Haven; son, LeRov Clark (deceased). 3. Charles Hobart, July 16, 1839, died April 17, 1885, in California. 4. Gad Gaylord, June 2, 1842, died March 4, 1864. 5. Aliza Augusta, June 19, 1845; married Judah Winslow Clark, of Terryville (deceased); children: exander, March 28, 1847, lives in Waterbury; married Alice M. Woodworth; children: Clifford Allen, and Jessie Woodworth, who married Hubert Cornell. 7. George Clifford, September 11. (820, dark land 1), 787 8. From Leken 1990 (1)

LVIII I TO THE STATE OF THE STATE OF Alexander Pond, was born at Plymouth, lic schools of Terryville. At the age of fifin this position and one year in a similar pothe session of 1901, and is one of the directors of that institution. He is a member of the American Mechanics, and of the board of managers of the Sons of the American Revo-February 14, 1861, daughter of Willard Terton, August 21, 1881, died April 16, 1905. 2. below. 3. Dwight Warren, September 24. 1889, educated in the public schools of Terrywas graduated in 1909; employed in the An-

December 26, 1883. He attended the public time. At the present time he is in newspaper He is judge of probate of the Plymouth district, and member of the Republican town committee. He has written a book entitled "The Tories of Chipping Hill," a brief account of the Loyalists of Bristol, Plymouth and Harwinton, who founded St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Church at East Plymouth, in 1891. He married, January 15, 1910, Mary Wheeler, of Terryville, daughter of Andrew

(The Gaylord Line).

(IV) Joseph (2) Gaylord, son of Joseph (1) Gaylord (q. v.), was born in Durham. He came to Waterbury in 1719, died there 1742. He married, in 1699, Mary Hickox. Children: I. Timothy, born November 29, 1706, married, April 25, 1733, Prudence Roys. 2. Samuel, July 5, 1709; married Thankful Munson. 3. Edward, mentioned below. 4. Benjamin, married, January 18, 1729, Jerusha Frisbie. 5. Joseph, married, March 9, 1730, Elizabeth Rich. 6. Mary, married John Hickox. 7. Thankful, married Ebenezer Row. 8. Martha, married Caleb Aberbethy.

(V) Edward, son of Joseph (2) Gaylord, was born at Waterbury. He settled in Farmington. He married, August 16, 1733, Mehitable Brooks, at Cheshire. Children: 1. Jesse born February 23, 1734, died young. 2.

Jesse, mentioned below.

(VI) Jesse, son of Edward Gaylord, was born at Farmington, September 10, 1735. He

married Rachel Hungerford.

(VII) Lott, son of Jesse Gaylord, married Sarah Allen. Their daughter Lydia married Alexander Pond (see Pond VII).

John White, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England and settled at Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1633. He was admitted a freeman of Massachusetts Bay Colony while at Lynn in 1633 and was made a freeman in 1647 at Southhampton, Long Island, whither he removed about 1644. He had a son John, mentioned below.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) White, was born about 1632. He married (first) Ann —; (second) in 1653, Zerubabel Phillips, of Southampton. Children: John, Sarah, Hannah, married Captain Thomas Topping; James, mentioned below; Martha, married, June 12, 1673, Captain John Howell; Abigail, married, October 19, 1682, Captain Abraham Howell; Esther, married, July 11, 1678, Samuel Clark; daughter.

(III) James, son of John (2) White, was born about 1655; died August 21, 1694; married, November 24, 1675, Ruth Stratton, of East Hampton, Long Island. He settled at

Southampton and his children, born there, were: Ephraim, December 29, 1677; James, mentioned below; Stephen, October 13, 1684; Charles.

(IV) James (2), son of James (1) White, was born at Southampton, May 15, 1681, died January 23 or February 8, 1729-30. He settled in Huntington, Long Island, called the Island of Nassau. Susanna, widow of John Holley, quitclaimed to James White, then of Huntington, Michael Waring and Thomas Brush, March 17, 1718-19, land bounded north by the colony of New York, east by the hills on the east side of the great meadows, south by Stony brook, and west by Mianus river. He settled in Stamford, Connecticut, about 1717, building a house at what is still called Long Ridge. His wife Sarah died at Stamford, October 3, 1720. He made a wedding contract with John Waring, of Oyster Bay, 1720-21, and married his daughter Elizabeth Waring, February 23, 1720-21. He was surveyor in 1727-28, at Stamford. Chil-dren of first wife (found in various deeds given in a genealogy by Henry Kirk White, 1891, at Detroit, Michigan): Stephen; John; Peter; Israel, mentioned below; Deborah, married Augustus Bryant. Children of second wife, born at Stamford: Timothy, February 7, 1721-22; Timothy, December 27, 1722-23, married Mary Newman; Sarah, December 27, 1723 (perhaps twin of Timothy); Jacob. January 25, 1726-27; Richard, March 8, 1727-28; Uriah, February 18, 1728-29; James, March 1, 1730.

(V) Israel, son of James (2) White, as shown by a deed to his brother John of land at Long Ridge, bounded on one side by land of younger brother. He and brother Peter quitclaim land in 1750-51, rights to property belonging to "our honored father James." Israel White married Mary Benedict, who married (second) Edward, son of Samuel Benedict. Mary was daughter of James and Mary (Andrus) Benedict. Her father was born in 1685; her mother, May 18, 1689, daughter of Abraham and Sarah (Porter) Andrus; James Benedict was deacon of the Congregational Church of Danbury, Connecticut. Israel White settled in Danbury. James Benedict, father of James Benedict, was born at Southold, Long Island, and removed to Norwalk, Connecticut, where he married (first) May 10, 1676, Sarah Gregory, born December 3, 1652, daughter of John and Sarah Gregory: he was one of eight who bought and settled Danbury; he sold his property in Norwalk, March 26, 1691; married (second) Sarah, daughter of Robert Porter. Thomas Benedict, father of James Benedict, was to all to be made in the latest terms of the legislative assembly in New York; came town clerk there in 1673; selectman seventeen years ending with 1688; deputy to the assembly in the church at Norwalk and two of his sonsere deacons afterward. Children: Thomas, I hn. Samuel, James, Daniel, Elizabeth, who arried John Slauson; Mary, married, July 17, 1673, John Olmsted; Sarah, who married, D.

who married Dr. Samuel Wood. Israel came with his father to Stamford and himself setded, as shown by deeds to his brothers, at Dobury. He had a son Israel, mentioned

I-low.

(VI) Israel (2), son of Israel (1) White, 15 born in Danbury, Connecticut, about 1732, and died at Sharon, Connecticut, February 5, 11 miles of the moved about 1775. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private in Captain Korthey's company, and was discharged Denber 24, 1776. He married Phebe Sanford, 1 m 1729, died April 24, 1796. They had a n John, mentioned below.

married Chloe Holden, born October 22, 1757.

the done at-

(VIII) Benjamin Holden, son of John (3) White, was born in Sharon, March 29, 1783, died there March 20, 1868. He had a large farm and lived in Sharon all his life. He married Betsey Brooks, born March 4, 1787, died March 10, 1681, daughter of Daniel Brooks, who was a soldier in the revolution. Children, born at Sharon: Chester, June 5, 1810, died July 2, 1879; Laura, born June 14, 1812, died November 14, 1888; Marcia, July 3, 1814, died October 21, 1803; Sanford, born May 9, 1816; Daniel Brooks, born May 9, 1818, died April 18, 1868; Henry Kirk, mentioned below; Nathaniel Turner, born December 17, 1822, died December 1, 1883; Torn May 10, 1816; died December 17, 1822, died December 1, 1883;

(IX) Henry Kirk, son of Benjamin Holden White, was born in Sharon, November 26, 1820, and died in Winsted. Connecticut, in 1904. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at select schools in Amenia, New York, and Sheffield, Massachusetts. He taught school in his younger days and followed farming most of his life. He was active in public affairs and served the

town as tax collector. He was a zealous and faithful member of the Methodist church and superintendent of the Sunday school at Lime Rock. He married Harriet Louise Parsons,

many Personal Street Princeton Street

Peirsons, of Suffolk, England, an immigrant, who settled at New Haven, Connecticut, and later at Derby in that colony. Children of Henry Kirk and Harriet Louise White: Albert Parsons, mentioned below; Josephine Elizabeth, horn October 15, 1856: Frances

Augusta, October 29, 1862.

(X) Albert Parsons, son of Henry Kirk White, was born in Sharon, April 14, 1853. He attended the common and high schools of his native town. He was clerk in a store there for a time, but has been farming most of his active life. He assisted his father on the homestead at Sharon until he came of age. In 1874 he came to the town of Winehester, Connecticut, and has made his home there since. For the past twenty years he has been superintendent of the Highland Lake farm where he has charge of three hundred and fifty acres of land and has a very fine dairy of one hundred cows. He has valuable real estate in Winsted. He is a member of Winehester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and of the First Congregational Church of Winsted. In politics he is a Reublican. He married, April 24, 1878, Celena Close, born March 11, 1855, daughter of Gideon and Mary Ann (Ingersoll) Close, of Greenwich, Connecticut, Children: Mabel Close, born November 9, 1882; Nelson Henry, August 7, 1880, graduate of the Connecticut Agricultural College: Albert Russell, February 13, 1897.

(HI) Thomas (2) Day, son of DAY Thomas (1) Day (q. v.), was born March 23, 1662, at Springfield. About 1702 he removed from Springfield to Colchester, Connecticut, where he died January 14, 1729. He married Elizabeth Merrick, of Springfield, January 28, 1685, Children, born at Springfield; Elizabeth, February 28, 1687; Thomas, October 23, 1680, mentioned below; Sarah, September 30, 1601; Ebenezer, 1701. Sanual September 15, 1701.

(IV) Thomas (3), son of Thomas (2) Day,

diam'r

He removed with his father to Colchester, and thence to Sharon, Connecticut, about 1755, and died there February 28, 1772. He marries (first), June, 1722. Sarah Barres, who died March 20, 1726. He married (second) February 2, 1727, Mary Wells, of Colchester, born January 22, 1702. Children of second wife: Tamar, born November 29, 1727; Jonathan, August 7, 1729; Abel, July 26, 1734; Jereniah, January 25, 1737, mentioned below; Lernel Lanuary 25, 1730, Sarah June 24, 1742.

Israel, January 25, 1739 : Sarah, June 24, 1742. (V) Rev. Jeremiah Day, son of Thomas (3) Day, was born January 25, 1737, at Colchester. He graduated at Yale College in 1756. He married (first) Sarah Mills, of Kent, Connecticut. She died August 25, 1767, and he married (second) in October, 1770, Lucy Wood, of Danbury, who died August 16, 1771. He married (third) Abigail Osborn, widow of Rev. Sylvanus Osborn, of East Greenwich, now Warren, Connecticut, daughter of Stephen Noble, of New Milford, October 7, 1772. She died in June, 1810. He died September 12, 1806. He settled in Sharon, Connecticut, and represented that town in the general assembly in 1766-67. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational church in New Preston, Connecticut, January 31, 1770, with a salary of seventy pounds. Child of first wife: Mills, born August 13, 1767, died November 9, 1770. Children of third wife: Jeremiah, August 3, 1773; Thomas, July 6, 1777; Noble, May 20, 1779, mentioned below; Sarah, December 9, 1781, died 1782; Mills, September 30, 1783 (Yale, 1803), died 1812, a tutor at Yale.

(VI) Noble, son of Rev. Jeremiah Day, was born in New Preston, May 20, 1779, died February 13, 1855. He lived at New Preston. He married there May 7, 1805, Elizabeth Jones, of Hartford. Children: I. Daniel Jones, born July 15, 1806; lived at Appalachicola, Florida, and New York City, died November 1, 1883, 2. Henry Noble, August 4, 1808, mentioned below. 3. Jeremiah, October 4, 1810, died December 29, 1874. 4. Mills, April 15, 1813, died March 31, 1834. 5. Thomas, June 18, 1816; graduate of Yale in 1839, lawyer at Cleveland, Ohio, died October 17, 1870. 6. Charles, August 18, 1818; graduate of Yale in 1840; lived in New York City, died August 17, 1889. 7. Elizabeth, November 18, 1821; married, August 25, 1846, Rev. Samuel T. Seeley, of Wolcottville, Connecticut, and died November 26, 1846. 8. Sarah, April, 1823, died

young.

(VII) Rev. Henry Noble Day, second son of Noble and Elizabeth (Jones) Day, was born August 4, 1808, at New Preston, died January 12, 1890, in New Haven. He attended the public schools and prepared for college under Solomon Stoddard and Edward Beecher at the Hartford grammar school. Entering Yale College in 1824, he was graduated

September 10, 1828, delivering an oration at the commencement. Among his classmates were many who have since become distinguished in college life upon the supreme bench of the United States, and in various other ways. For nearly two years he was a classical instructor in Burlington, New Jersey, and afterward studied law in Philadelphia. October, 1831, he became a tutor at Yale College, and thus continued until 1834, in the meantime studying theology in the Divinity School under Doctors Taylor, Gibbs and Fitch. He was licensed to preach August 7, 1833, by the New Haven West Association. For more than a year he traveled abroad, and returning was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church at Waterbury, Connecticut, November 9, 1836. Four years later he was elected professor of Sacred Rhetoric in the theological department of the Western Reserve College at Hudson, Ohio, and for eighteen years continued his labors with the institution. In 1858 he accepted the presidency of the Ohio Female College, located near Cincinnati, which he conducted with eminent success for six years, returning in 1864 to New Haven, where he could conveniently continue the literary labor to which he had already given, considerable attention, and which occupied the remainder of his life. For a few years he instructed classes of young ladies in mental science and English literature, but the latter years of his life were given entirely to study and reading. He was the author of many volumes and essays, which attracted wide attention in the literary world, and some of his text books are still in use. Following is a list of the volumes which he gave to the public: "The Art of Elocution," 1884; "The Art of Rhetoric," 1850; "Rhetorical Praxis," 1861; "Book-keeping," 1861; "The Logic of Sir William Hamilton," 1866; "The Art of English Composition," 1867; "The Art of Discourse," 1867; "Elements of Logic," 1867; "Introduction to English Literature," 1869; "American Speller," 1869; "The Young Com-1870; "The Science of Aesthetics," poser," 1870; "The Science of Aesthetics," 1872; "Logical Praxis," 1872; "Elements of Psychology," 1876; "The Science of Ethics, 1876; "Outlines of Ontological Science," 1878; "Elements of Mental Science," 1886; "Logic," 1886; "The Science of Education," 1889.

The Rev. Noah Porter, president of Yale College, said of Dr. Day: "As a scholar he was minute, exact, and exhaustive, patient of toil, ingenious in theory and nice discrimination, but always seeking and seeming always to find some practical application for the results of his most ingenious theories, and his most refined analysis. He had the rarest gift



Manne to Non



to the shift to see the life some who to light and maint or to the ean heart's stone order of by himself, and to kindle all the enthusiasm was animated by his classes and in conversathan were supplied of the bit Transaction and not require either to sustain or stimulate his own ent and self-relying, and perhaps too much shut up within itself; he was, however, in no membrance of many instructive facts died with him-facts concerning persons and events of no little significance. Socially he was genial ticeably unobtrusive, yet uniformly self-respecting and self-possessed. He was fond of quiet social games, and was pleased with his ness and courtesy were conspicuous. He never forgot nor tempted others to forget his sacred profession, although he was prevented by considerations of health from the frequent exercise of its public functions. He was for many years an active and interested member Haven, as its pastors have borne witness."

In the annual sermon, February 2, 1800, by Rev, T. T. Munger, D. D., the following tribute was paid to the character of Dr. Day; "For the last twenty-five years he lived the life of a scholar in our city, engaged in high studies, publishing books and contributing to the magazines. Without the stimulus or the pressure of a position, his life was as rigorously and systematically devoted to study as though he had filled a chair in the University. Indeed he was so fully a scholar that we always thought of him as a part of the University. And such a life he led up to the very close of his eighty-one years. I have often thought that an education and scholarly habits paid, if in no other way, in affording an occupation in old age. The scholar does not weary of life. But this life of thought and study does not represent the whole career of our friend. After a brief ministry in New England, he went to Ohio, where as a teacher he spent his strong, productive years, throwing himself with creat energy and force into the life of that state. His real record is there, not here, in hundreds of homes, refined

and devated by his instruction. Few of you

Day, with the highest New England culture,

Ohio, a half century ago. He was leaven indeed, and the West was ready for the work-

cial means of knowing, with what energy, what fidelity, what self denial, what high-minded and uncompromising ways be gave himself to education in that young state. He may be considered to the limit of the limit of the limit of the limit of both young men and young women. These influences, exerted in conjunction with those of men like-minded, entered deeply and vitally into the life of the state, and helped to make it what it is—a state marked by the highest civilization west of the Alleghemes. Dr. Day needed such conditions to call out his power. Without such stimulus, he gravitated in the direction of his natural tastes, which were those of the quiet scholar, and this tendency was strengthened by a protound native modesty. Of his studies, I cannot speak. He was an original and bold tlunker in mental science, a helper in the studies of those who teach others to think. He preserved to the last the youthful characteristics of thought-fresh, enthusiastic, generous, free. His theology kept pace with the age, and grew by careful change to the last. He was not afraid of progress, and did not heed the timid or intolerant protests which always attended theological changes. He was conservative but he was rational." He received the degrees of D, D, and LL, D.

He married, April 27, 1836, Jane Louisa, daughter of Simeon and Susan (Bishop) Marble, of New Haven, Children: 1, Henry Mills, mentioned below. 2, Edwin Marble, 1 0, 0, 0

Hudson, Okto; member of the Society of Co-

church of New Haven, which the family has attended since 1814. 4. Susan Marble, October 10, 1848, at Hudson; member of the Colonial Danies and of the United Congregational church of New Haven. The family home is at No. 100 Whitney avenue, New Haven.

(VIII) Henry Mills, eldest child of Rev. Henry Noble and Jane Louisa (Marble) Day. Connecticut, and was of tender age when the

serve University with the degree of A. B., in 1859, and in the same year received a degree ad eundem from Yale College. After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati; was admitted to the Ohio bar, and practiced his profession in Cincinnati with success until 1865, when he came to New York and engaged in business in Wall street. In 1870 he became a member of the New York stock exchange, and so continued until his death, which occurred October 12, 1901, at his home, No. 6 East Forty-fourth street, New York City. In 1873, in association with William Weaver Heaton, he established the firm of Day & Heaton, bankers and brokers, which has continued in active business until the present day, a most remarkable record among brokerage houses of the Wall street district in New York City. Mr. Day was not only a conservative and safe business man, respected by his contemporaries, but he was also active in the social life of the city. As a life member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, he contributed to the cultivation of uplifting influences in the metropolis, and was a member of the American Museum of Natural History. He was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, of the New England Society in New York, and other similar organizations as well as the following clubs: Union, University, Union League, Metropolitan and Riding. He married, December 21, 1868, Sarah, born September 20, 1842, now living in New York City, daughter of Henry Vallette, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Children: Laura Vallette, Harry Vallette and Sherman. The sons are mentioned below. The daughter, born June 15, 1870, resides in New York.

(IX) Harry Vallette, elder son of Henry Mills and Sarah (Vallette) Day, was born May 11, 1873, in New York City, and was educated at the Cutler and other schools of his home city, as well as the Thacher school at Nordhoff, California. He entered the Shef-field Scientific School of Yale University, and was graduated in 1895, with the degree of Ph. B. Deciding upon a business career, he became a member of the New York stock exchange, April 18, 1895, and in 1901 succeeded his father as a member of the firm of Day & Heaton, since which time he has been active in the management of the business. Mr. Day is an honorary member of Squadron A, National Guard of the State of New York, and is identified with many of the leading bodies and movements in the social life of the city. He is a member of the Delta Phi fraternity and numerous clubs including the following: Racquet and Tennis, University, Yale, St. Elmo, Rockaway Hunting, Country, Automobile of America, Turf and Field, and Coney Island Jockey. He is fond of outdoor living

and motoring.

(IX) Sherman, younger son of Henry Mills and Sarah (Vallette) Day, was born September 7, 1874, in New York City, and prepared for college at the Cutler and other schools of that city. Entering Yale College, he was graduated with the class of 1896 with the degree of A. M. During his college career he was a member of the sophomore society of Eta Phi, of the senior society of Scroll and Key, and of the Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities. He was also president of the Yale Athletic Association. After graduation he entered the banking office of Day & Heaton in New York, but soon decided to adopt the profession of law. He entered the New York Law School, and graduated in 1899 with the degree of LL. B. cum laude, and was admitted to the bar the same year. He became associated with the law firm of Hornblower, Byrne, Miller & Potter, in 1900, and five years later was associated with L. C. Krauthoff, Esq., who is now head of the firm of Krauthoff, Harmon & Matthewson, of which firm Mr. Day became a member in 1909. This firm occupies commodious offices in the City National Bank Building, formerly the United States Custom House. In 1905 he became the president of Henry Hooker & Company, carriage and motor body manufacturers, in New Haven, Connecticut, in which position he still continues. From 1896 to 1991 Mr. Day was a member of Squadron A, National Guard, State of New York. He is a member of numerous clubs, including: Racquet and Tennis (of which he is governor), Union, University, Brook, Rockaway Hunting (a governor), Turf and Field, Midday Yale, City Lunch (a governor), and Aiken. Mr. Day is an independent Republican, but takes little part in political movements.

(VI) Judge Thomas Day, son of DAY Rev. Jeremiah Day (q. v.), was born in New Preston Society, town of Washington, Connecticut, July 6, 1777. He was graduated from Yale College in the class of 1797 and read law in the office of Judge Reeve at Litchfield, Connecticut, and afterward in the office of Judge Dewey, of the supreme court of Massachusetts, at Williamstown, where Mr. Day tutored in Williams College. In September, 1799, he came to Hartford and was a student under Theodore Dwight until he was admitted to the bar two months later. He began to practice there and continued to the time of his death.

In October, 1809, he was appointed assist-

ant secretary of state of Connecticut, and in 1810 succeeded George Wyllys as secretary of 1835, filling the office with marked ability and effections of a thronty also are the also 1815, he was appointed associate judge of the county court for the county of Hartford and annually thereafter, except one year, until pointment until June, 1833. In 1818, as one of the senior aldermen of the city of Hartford, he became one of the judges of the part of the common blood property and the comutes of 1808 and he had the duty of compiling mittee that prepared the statutes of 1821 and 1824. In 1805 he commenced regularly to criors, but took no note of cases in the latter penntment and the supreme court placed on and its high respect for his eminent serv-· · · and exalted character and thanked him his advancement of judicial science through his numerous reports and other legal productions and for his uniform kindness and made other improvements.

tribute the stock at the formation of the Phoenix Bank, and remained closely connected with that institution as stockholder and director to the day of his death. He was for many years one of the trustees of the Hartford gram-mar school, of the Hartford Female Seminary, of the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, and of the Retreat for the Insane. He was director of the Connecticut Bible Society, president of the Hartford County Missionary Society, an auxiliary of the Amersions, president of the Connecticut Branch of the American Education Society, president of the Goodrich Association. He was one of the charter members of the Connecticut Historical Society and aided in its reorganization in 1825, being at that time its recording secretary. On the revival of the society in 1830, he became its president and continued in that office until shortly before he died. He was a liberal contributor to the funds of the Wadsworth Athenseum and was its first president

ferred on Judge Day the honorary degree of

Jenners, and was the immigrant. He had a granted land at New London, Connecticut. great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Winslow) Tracy. Mary Winslow was a daughter of Josiah Winslow, of the famous

rael and Rebecca (Bliss) Lathrop. Samuel and Elizabeth (Scudder) Lathrop were par-

most distinguished and liberal of the Puritan

Children of Thomas and Sarah (Coit) Day: 1. Sarah, born September 23. 1814; married, in 1856, Alexander H. Holley, of Lakeville. 2. Elizabeth, February 16, 1816; married, September 7, 1841, Professor Nathan P. Seymour, of Western Reserve College, Hudson, Ohio. 3. Thomas Mills, mentioned below. 4. Catherine Augusta, August 6, 1819; married Rev. S. J. Andrews. 5. Harriet, November 26 1821; married, September 21, 1842, Judge John Phelps Putnam, of Boston, judge of the superior court; she died February 19, 1894; she was a member of Trinity Church, Boston. 6. Robert, February 28, 1824, died June 22, 1824. 7. Mary Frances, May 7, 1826; married Heman Ely. 8. Ellen, September 7, 1829, died

April 2, 1850. (VII) Thomas Mills, son of Judge Thomas Day, was born in Hartford, November 21, 1817, in the old Day home on Prospect street street on the site of the Hartford Club building. He attended the public schools and fitted for college. He was graduated from Yale in the famous class of 1837, a classmate of Secretary William M. Evarts, Chief Justice Morrison R. Waite, of Edwards Pierrepont, attorney general under President Grant, and minister to England, John Hooker, of Hartford, supreme court reporter, Professor Benjamin Silliman and Samuel J. Tilden. At the time of his death in 1905, Mr. Day was the oldest surviving member of the Skull and Bones, the well-known fraternity of Yale. From 1838 to 1840 Mr. Day studied law and was admitted to the bar. He practiced in Hartford for a time, but on account of deafness had to abandon this profession. Until 1849 he engaged in mercantile business, although in 1840 he published a "Digest of Connecticut Law Reports." In 1850 he went abroad for a year. Mr. Day bought the Hartford Courant from the estate of John L. Boswell, soon after the death of Mr. Boswell, in 1854, and afterward formed a partnership with A. N. Clark, father of William B. Clark, president of the Aetna Insurance Company, and Mr. Day became editor and Mr. Clark publisher. In 1867 Mr. Day retired and the paper was consolidated with the *Press*, an evening daily. He sold the *Courant* to General Joseph R. Hawley, Charles Dudley Warner, Stephen A. Hubbard and William H. Goodrich.

At the time of his death he was the oldest living member of the Hartford bar, being admitted August 13, 1840, in the Hartford county court, before the superior court of the state was given jurisdiction over the admissions to the bar. His brother-in-law, Rev. Samuel Andrews, who was admitted to the bar, October 13, 1842, succeeded to the honor of being "the oldest living member." On account of his infirmity he led a retired life and engaged in no active business after he retired from journalism. He lived for more than fifty years in the house in which he died. At one time he was the state printer. He was for a time on the staff of Governor Holley with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. His sister, Sarah Coit Day, married Governor Hollev. He was a communicant of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church and at one time a vestryman. In early life he was a Whig, in

later years a Republican.

He married (first) December 3, 1851, Anna J. Dunn, of Boston, from whom he secured a divorce, December, 1858; she died in 1887. He married (second), December 2, 1862, Ellen C. Pomeroy, of Coventry, Connecticut. Children of first wife: 1. Ellen Channing, married Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, secretary of the navy during the administration of President Roosevelt. 2. Thomas, died in infancy. Children of second wife: 3. Thomas Mills, born August, 1864; a lawyer, practicing in New York City; living in Plainfield, New Jersey. 4. Sarah Coit, born June, 1866. 5. Arthur Pomeroy, mentioned below. 6. Clive, born February, 1871; professor of Economic History at Yale University.

(VIII) Arthur Pomeroy, son of Thomas

Mills Day, was born in Hartford, November 6, 1868. He attended the public schools and was graduated in 1886 from the Hartford public high school. He entered Yale College and graduated in the class of 1890 with the degree of A. B. He was a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon and other college societies He took up the study of law and was graduated from the Yale Law School in 1892. Since then he has been interested in various manufacturing enterprises, is a trustee of the Mechanics' Savings Bank and of the Loomis Institute, and since 1905 has been secretary of the Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Company and manager of its trust department. He is a member of the University Club, the Hartford Golf Club, the Graduates Club of New Haven. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church. He married, September 24, 1904, Lucy B., daughter of Admiral F. M. Bunce (see Bunce sketch). Children: Arthur Pomeroy Jr., born June 21, 1906; Marvin Bunce, born December 22, 1909.

# (The Bunce Line).

(VIII) Rear Admiral Francis M. Bunce, of the United States navy, son of James Marvin



J. M. Bucc



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ron, 1857-60: passed midshipman, June 25.

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"Macedonian," Gulf Squadron, January 7, 1862; commissioned lieutenant from April 11, 1811 in that vessel took part in an engagement with rebel batteries at Yorktown, Virginia. He was assigned to temporary duty with the army during the civil war, and had charge of the

during the civil war, and had charge of the disembarkation of the heavy artillery and mortars for use in the batteries at the investment of that place by General McClellan in April, ading off Wilmington, North Carolina, and

ading off Wilmington, North Carolina, and took part in several skirmishes with Fort Little river between North and South Caroquantities of cotton, turpentine and resin, together with extensive salt works. On the scot," he was placed in charge of her as prize master, and brought her to New York, November 1, 1862. He was detached from the "Pawnee," refitting at Philadelphia. He mander, January 16, 1863, and during the winter of 1863 sounded out and buoved and removed obstructions from interior channels as aide to General Gilmore, he had charge of the embarkation and transportation of General George C. Strong's brigade, five regiments, through these channels to Morris island, and commanded the naval part of this attack, July 10, 1803, resulting in the capture of Morris island to Fort Wagner. His conduct in this affair was honorably mentioned in the report of Commander G. B. Balch and letter of Admiral Dahlgren, to the navy department. He was detached from the "Pawnee," and ordered to the monitor "Patapsco" and took part in that monitor in all the actions in which she was engaged during the siege of Charlestown, and also in the night boat attack on Fort Sumter, under Commander T. H. Stevens, and received honorable mention for conduct in was wounded by a premature explosion of a

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solved February 4, 1802. On June 30, 1801,

Island. August 20, 1894, he was relieved from the command of that station and the "Richmond," and ordered to the navy department at Washington as a member of the board of inspection and survey. On March 1, 1895, was commissioned commodore; March 23, 1895, assigned to duty as president of the naval examining and retiring boards at the naval department at Washington. On June 19, 1895, Commodore Bunce was assigned to the command of the naval force on the North Atlantic station and ordered, June 27, to hoist the flag of rear admiral, and to affix that title to his official signature. The United States ship "New York" was designated as his flag-ship. He received, March 5, 1897, a letter from Secretary of the Navy Herbert, on his retirement from office, expressing his official and personal satisfaction with the discharge of the duties assigned to the admiral during his term of office. On May 1, 1897, he was relieved from the command of the North Atlantic station, and ordered to command the New York navy yard and station. August 17, 1897, ordered senior member of a board to report on the requirements of the country as to dry docks, and February 19, 1898, was commissioned rear admiral; December 25, 1898, he was transferred to the retired list of officers, as he was then sixty-two years of age, and the senior officer on the active list of the navy. He continued on duty at the New York navy yard until relieved, January 14, 1899, when he received from the secretary of the navy the following letter:

"Navy Department, January 12, 1899.

"My Dear Sir:

As the time approaches for your retirement, I cannot let the occasion pass without expressing my appreciation, not only of the long distinguished and useful service which you have rendered as an officer of the United States Navy, but also of the efficient manner in which you have discharged the duties of the very responsible post you have held as commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard during the existing demands of the recent war. I wish to say this for the Department and personally for myself, and, also, to wish you many happy years to come, feeling sure that if the call of your government should come at any time, your ripe experience would be at its service.

"Very truly yours.
"John D. Long, Secretary."

On June 20, 1899, the senate and house of representatives, Connecticut, passed the following resolution, of which an engrossed copy was sent to the admiral: "The country has

been deeply indebted to Admiral Bunce for his long and successful service in the navy during the late Civil war. He had astonished and delighted, not only the Naval authorities of the world, but the world of science itself, by his courage and skill in successfully navigating the ironclad monitor 'Monadnock' around Cape Horn. At the outbreak of the recent hostilities with Spain he was placed in charge of the principal coast defenses of the country and of its largest maritime interest at its metropolis port. That duty he fulfilled with the wisdom and energy which have characterized all its previous history."

Admiral Bunce married, May 28, 1864, Mary Eliza, daughter of John W. Bull, of

Hartford.

John Hall, immigrant ancestor of this branch of the family, was HALL born in county Kent, England, in 1584, died in Middletown, Connecticut, May 26, 1673. His will was dated May 14, 1673. He came from the west of England to Boston in 1633 and settled first in Cambridge, soon afterward removing to Roxbury, where he was a member of John Eliot's church. He was admitted a freeman in Boston in 1635. In September, 1633, he and two others made a trip to the Connecticut river and returned with a favorable report of the land. He removed to Hartford soon after he was admitted a freeman, but did not remove his family until 1639. He was a carpenter by trade. He had home lot No. 77 of six acres on Lord's Hill in 1639, and also bought land. He was surveyor of highways in Hartford in 1640. In 1650 he sold his house and home lot and removed to Middletown, and in 1659 was appointed to have charge of the customs. He held various positions of honor and trust. He married Esther ——, who probably died in England. Children, born in England: John, born 1619; Richard, 1620; Sarah. 1622; Samuel, mentioned below.

(II) Samuel, son of John Hall, was born in England, about 1626, died in Middletown in 1690. He was admitted a freeman in 1654 and had lands recorded to him in 1655. His home lot of five acres was on the east side of Main street, extending to the river. The Mansion House block occupies a part of the front of his lot on Main street. He was a farmer and a large land holder, and also learned his father's trade of carpenter. His will was dated February 13, 1690. He married, in 1662, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Cooke, who came to Guilford, Connecticut, with Whitfield, and was a signer of the plantation covenant June 1, 1639. After her hus-

band" and 1 disabeth removed to tailly of and lived a the her and Themes. Che have Sansid, our Edinson 3 rooging minimum of hel - lobe born knymt J. 1668, Flore c

Lean A. Hill & Real (III) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Hall,

we home Attalks more many a 105g/hawas a farmer and settled first on the farm given him by his father at the Upper Houses, I'm and the control of the control to the other side of the river. East Middletown (now Portland), where he had a large farm, and was elected deacon of the church. life. He married (first) January 8, 1691, Sarah, daughter of Barnabas and Sarah minimum and Marchan the Director's Stocke ing, who died September 2, 1737, widow of George Stocking. Children: Sarah, born May

toher 15, 1707; Isaac, May 2, 1709. (IV) John (2), son of Samuel (2) Hall, was time to get my many that January 3. He was a farmer and lived in Port-1767. 19, 1722, Mary Ranney: (second) September 30, 1765, Sarah, daughter of Deacon John Gains, Children: John, born June 1, 1723, nonline 1, 1 a. Hondh, Yorl 3, 1720. Mary, Symembo 19, 1728 (accom. Janel, 30).

16, 1692, died December 16, 1712; Elizabeth, A. (1, 2), (1), Samuel, March 28, (10), died February 22, 1713; John, August 19,

1600, mentioned below; Mercy, November 13, 1704, died November 10, 1712; Thomas, Oc-

1734; Mary, February 28, 1737. (V) John (3), son of John (2) Hall, was born June 1, 1723, in Portland, died there in 1754. He married, March 7, 1745, Abigail Shepard. Children: Abigail, born June 3, 1746, died young : Abigail, June 31, 1748, died February 10, 1749; Abigail, May 2, 1750, died December 27, 1752: Joel, mentioned below.

in East Middletown, April 5, 1753, died there May 25, 1818. He married, May 29, 1774. Hannah, daughter of George and Hannah Ranney, of Chatham. Children: Joel, born January 10, 1776; Samuel, November 20. 1777, mentioned below; Abigail, January 10, 1780, married John Coleby; Esther, March 18, 1786, married Robert Patten; Jesse, June 28, 1787; Joseph, August 21, 1789; Hannah, 12,000 1: 1701

born November 20, 1777, died October 6, 1849. He resided in Chatham, Connecticut.

He was a farmer and quarry owner. He was Company, organized by Nathaniel Shaler and Samuel Hall. The following advertisement was inserted in the Midd ctown Gazette or Federal Advertiser, under date of October 13,

as may be required. They will contract to

He married, October 6, 1798, Ruth Bates, vid and Ruth Bates. Children: Alfred, born mira, January 10, 1802; Hannah, October 29, 1803; Fanny, September 13, 1805; Ruth, July 14, 1807; Alfred, November 15, 1809, mencember 3, 1825; Samuel Nelson, January 24,

September, 1824, died June 15, 1835. was born in Portland, November 15, 1800, died September 10, 1873. He entered Washington (now Trinity) College on the day it opened, and completed his education at the of his father returned to Chatham to assist succeeded his father as president of the Quarof the legislature in 1848-51-52, and repredia, born February 8, 1814, died July 11, 1882, daughter of Seth and Maria Whiting, ber 14, 1834, graduate of Trinity College and fred Gordon, February 6, 1837; Maria Whiting, July 3, 1830, died March 13, 1844; Jane Whiting, August 1, 1841, died March 27, 1844; James Philip, May 18, 1844; Mary Ellen, December 29, 1846; John Henry, March 24, 1849, mentioned below; Alice Elizabeth,

November 6, 1851.

(IX) John Henry, son of Alfred Hall, was born March 24, 1849. He attended the public school in Portland and Chase's School in Middletown, and completed his education at the Episcopal Academy of Connecticut, at Cheshire. He entered the employ of Sturgis, Bennet & Company, Nos. 125 and 127 Front street, New York, tea and coffee importers, and remained five years with them, being promoted until at the age of nineteen he had charge of the foreign and insurance departments. In December, 1877, he returned to Portland and purchased a large interest in the Pickering Governor—at that time in a very depressed condition—under the firm name of T. R. Pickering & Company. The business at once improved, and by hard work and wise management he brought the enterprise to success. In five years from the time of his association with the firm, the manufacture and sale increased from less than five hundred a year to five thousand. He engaged in competition with English manufacturers, and the sale of the Pickering Governor in Great Britain now represents four times the original output. During the ten years from 1878, Mr. Hall was a prominent resident of Portland. He was elected president of the Shaler & Hall Quarry Company in 1884, and refused nominations to both branches of the state legislature. In 1888 the business was incorporated, and Mr. Hall was elected treasurer of the company. About this time R. W. H. Jarvis, president of the Colt's Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Company, was obliged to retire from active work on account of ill health. Mr. Hall was offered the position of general manager of the concern, which was being affected by the general depression of trade. Mr. Hall at once took the position and almost from the beginning assumed the entire care of the business. Under his vigorous direction the business was strengthened at home and abroad, and in 1890 he was elected vice-president and treasurer. During his residence in Hartford Mr. Hall has taken an active interest in city affairs, although he declined nomination to municipal offices. However, he served from 1890 to 1896 on the board of water commissioners. He was state senator in 1895-96, representing the Democratic party, and in 1896 and 1900 supported the gold platform of that party. He is a director of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, the Hartford National Bank, the Dime Savings Bank. He was one of the organizers of the board of trade, and a member of its first board

of directors. He is a director in the Neptune Meter Company of New York. He is a member of the Hartford Club, the Manhattan Club, the Engineer's Club and the New York Yacht Club of New York City, and the Metropolitan Club of Washington. He belongs to the Sons of the American Revolution and Mayflower Society, and is a thirty-second degree Mason. He is senior warden of the Church of the

Good Shepherd (Episcopal).

He married, February 9, 1870, Sarah G. Loines, who is descended on her father's side from Quaker stock, and from Stephen Hopkins, of Rhode Island, who was prominent during the revolution, being chief justice of the court of common pleas and the superior court, governor of Rhode Island, speaker of the house of representatives, and twice elected a member of the continental congress at Philadelphia, and one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Children: Clarence Loines, horn December 17, 1871; Grace Loines, December 24, 1878, wife of John C. Wilson.

The Loines Line).

The original spelling of the surname Loines is supposed to have been de Loines, and the progenitor of the family is thought to have been among the French refugees who fled from France to Holland after the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. The name appears early among the colonists of New Haven, Connecticut, and it is possible that Roger Loines, mentioned below, was a descendant of that family. On Hempstead, Jamaica, and other records, the name is spelled Linas, Lines, Lynes, Lounes, etc. In the family Bible of the descendants, it is spelled Loines and de Loines.

(I) Roger Lines, or Loines, was one of the founders of North Hempstead, Long Island, in 1647. With John Ellison and Richard Valentine he was a freeholder and shared in the division of land at that time. He had allotments of land there as late as 1658, although his name appears on the Jamaica records previous to this. March 15, 1658, he was granted six acres of meadow land, which was granted the next year to Robert Williams. Roger Loines was one of the founders of Jamaica, Long Island. The oldest known document relating to that town is a deed from the Indians, witnessed by Daniel Denton and Roger Loines, in which land was sold to the grantees for two guns, a coat, and a certain quantity of powder and lead. The next year, March 10, 1656, he was one of the petitioners for permission to make a settlement in the place, and he received on November 22, 1658, three shillings an acre for laying out the lots for the purchasers. On

Denote the Research of the their twenty-five householders, united to call Rev. Zachariah Walker as their minister, and Roger Loines became a member of the Presbyterian church, and helped to support the ministration of the Rev. Adv. Children: high many first the ministration of the Rev. The Mary Children: 1679, Damaris Baylis; Thomas; Gabriel.

at Hempstead, Long Island. He removed with his parents to Jamaica, and shared in the second allotment of land. He died in Jamaica in 1688. He had a son William and probably

al a piren

(III) William, son of John Loines, was bern about 1650-60. He lived in Hempstead, in a place called Cow Neck, which is mentioned in a deed for land bought by him from Richard Osborne. He married Mary, daughter that the state of John Ellison, one of the original settlers of Hempstead. Children: William, mentioned below, and probably others.

13 William 21 (William 11), 1 
Stephen, 1737; William.

(V) William (3), son of William (2)

1 to the model of the model of the birth of his children are taken from the records of the Society of Friends, Westbury, Long Island. Children: James, born April 1, 1768; Richard, mentioned below; Anne, December 14, 1773; Sarah, May 1, 1787.

(VI) Richard, son of William (3) Loines, was born December 18, 1760, and died August 23, 1832. He married Sarah, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Twining) Hopkins (see Twining and Hopkins). Children: t. William H., mentioned below. 2, Sarah K., born August 17, 1816; died December 23, 1874; married, May 22, 1843, Henry A. Garrett. 3, Elizabeth H., born December 23, 1818; married November 13, 1841, William Carpenter. 4, Anna R., born June 23, 1821, 5, Mary B., born July 31, 1823; married May 8, 1844, Robert Matthews. 6, Richard A., born December 17, 1825; married October 314, 1840, Elizabeth A. Carpenter.

(VII) William H., son of Richard Loines, was born July 31, 1814, and died June 30, 1880. He married, in New York City, June 12, 1848, Elizabeth L., daughter of John and Lydia (Bennett) Aitken, Children: 1, Sarah Garrett, born January 8, 1840; married, February 9, 1870, John H. Hall, of Portland, Con-3, Anna R., born July 27, 1852, 4, Ehzabeth C., born January 26, 1855; matried, July 17, 1877,

1862. 6. William H., born bebruary 5, 1850,

The original signification of the name Valentine was strong, healthy, robust, powerful. The canonized representative of the name, St. Valentine, was a presbyter, or, according to some writers, a bishop, who flourished about the middle of the third century and suffered mar-

tyrdom at Rome A. D. 270.

(1) Richard Valentine was of English origin, and probably a lineal descendant of Richard Valentine, of the parish of Eccles, in Lancashire, England. With Roger Loines and John Ellison he was one of the founders of Hempstead, Long Island, in 1647, and shared in the first division of land. His name appears as the plaintiff in a case of assault and battery against Thomas Southard. In 1683 he was the owner of thirty-four acres of land, six oxen, sixteen cows, one hog, twelve sheep, and two horses. He served as selectman, as overseer in 1676, and constable in 1679. He died about 1684, leaving a widow. Children: Obadiah, mentioned below; William; Ephraim; Richard.

(II) Obadiah, son of Richard Valentine, was born in Hempstead, about 1660. April 1, 1684, he had a grant of a home lot in that town, adjoining those of his brother Ephraim and Caleb and Richard Carman. He married Martha, daughter of Richard Willets. Her father was born in December, 1660, and died in 1703; married (first) in 1686, Abigail Bowne, who died 1688; (second). May 15, 1600, Abigail, daughter of Thomas Powell, of Huntington, Long Island; children; i. Hannah Willets; ii. Abigail, born February 28, 1600; iii. Mary Willets, March 16, 1602; iv. Martha Willets, January 24, 1604; mentioned above; v. Jacob Willets, June 6, 1607; vi. Phebe Willets, April, 1600; vii. Elizabeth Willets, June 27, 1701. Her grandfather was Richard Willets, who was said to have come from the west of England and was at Hempstead as early as 1657; was a man of property and influence; was surveyor of highways, selectman, and assistant; died 1664-65; married Mary, daughter of William and Jane Washburn; children; i. Thomas Willets, born May 3, 1650, married Dinah Townsend; ii. Hope Willets, born Sep-

tember, 1652, married Mercy—; iii. John Willets, born July, 1655; iv. Richard Willets, mentioned above. Children of Obadiah Valentine, recorded in Friends' Church, Westbury, Long Island: Ann, born 1715, married William Loines (see Loines); Martha, January 17, 1717; Mary, April 12, 1719; Phebe, born October 29, 1721; Elizabeth, April 28, 1724; Esther, March 16, 1733.

## (The Alsop Line).

The surname Alsop is taken from the village of Alsop, Derbyshire, England, and the family is numerous in that vicinity. Richard Alsop was Lord Mayor of London in 1597, and the immigrant mentioned below may have

been of his family.

(I) Richard Alsop, the immigrant ancestor, came to America, according to tradition, with his uncle, Thomas Wandell. Thomas Wandell, according to family tradition, had been a major in Cromwell's army, but on account of a quarrel was obliged to flee for safety first to Holland and then to America. He married the widow of William Herrick, whose plantation on the Newtown creek in Long Island he bought in 1659, afterwards adding to it fifty acres. On this property, since composing the Alsop farm, he resided, and some years later made a voyage to England. He returned by way of the Barbadoes, and it is supposed brought with him from England his sister's son, Richard Alsop, whom he adopted as his heir. Wandell died in 1691, and was interred on the hill occupied by the Alsop cemetery.

Richard Alsop received a commission in the Newtown troop of horse while he was yet under age. He inherited his uncle's estate and lived there the rest of his life. He died October, 1718, aged about fifty-eight. He married Hannah Underhill, who died August 28, 1757, aged ninety-one, daughter of Captain John Underhill. Her father was a noted Indian fighter, and said to have slain one hundred and fifty Indians on Long Island, and was one of the commanders of the expedition which exterminated the Pequots in Connecticut; he was born in 1597; was strongly solicited to go with Governor Carver to the settlement of Plymouth; came to New England with Winthrop as captain of militia, as he had served in the war of the Netherlands in 1630; he disciplined the Boston militia and was one of the first deputies from Boston to the general court; he was a founder and the first captain of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston; in 1637 his friend, Sir Harry Vane, sent him as commander of the colony troops to Saybrook, Connecticut, and the same year he was disfranchised and eventually banished from the jurisdiction of Massachusetts, his ideas of religious toleration being more liberal than those around him; he was representative from Stamford, Connecticut, to the general court in 1633; in 1644 removed to Long Island and lived in Flushing; in 1655 was appointed by Governor Nicoll as high sheriff of North Riding on Long Island; he died July 21, 1762; married (second) Elizabeth Winthrop, and had Deborah, Nathaniel, Hannah, born 1666, married Richard Alsop, Elizabeth and David Underhill. Children of Richard Alsop: Thomas, mentioned below; Richard; John; Hannah; Deborah; Amy; Elizabeth; Susannah.

(II) Thomas, son of Richard Alsop, was born September 7, 1687. He served for some time as magistrate in Newtown, but subsequently went to New York as a merchant, and died there September, 1740. He married Susannah Blackwell. His three sons became Quakers. Robert settled in Newtown and Thomas in Hempstead. Children: Richard, mentioned below; Robert; Thomas; Mary;

Sarah.

(III) Richard, son of Thomas Alsop, was born about 1720, and married Sarah Pearsall. Children: I. Sarah, born May II, 1747; married William Loines (see Loines). 2. Phebe, born April 10, 1749. 3. John. February 27, 1753. 4. Hannah, April 7, 1755: died 1757. 5. Hannah, born December 18, 1757.

## (The Hopkins Line).

(I) Gerrard Hopkins. the immigrant ancestor, came from England to Maryland in 1656, in the family of John Burrage, and settled in Anne Arundel county. The land office records at Annapolis have the following: "24th Jany., 1656, John Burrage demands land for transportation of himself, Margaret Burrage, his wife, Margaret and Elizabeth, his daughters, John Willson, Garrett Hopkins and Mary Thomas." The will of Garrett or Gerrard Hopkins was proved October 12 1691. He married Thomasina Chappell, daughter of John Chappell of Anne Arundel county. Her father's will was dated December 30, 1706, and proved June 26, 1714. She married (second), March 13, 1700, John Welsh. Children: Gerrard, mentioned below; Ann; Thomasine;

(II) Gerrard (2), son of Gerrard (1) Hopkins, was born about 1673 and died 1743. He married (intentions dated March 11, 1701), Margaret Johns. His will, dated January 1, 1741-42, proved February 2, 1743-44, shows that he had land in both Anne Arundel and Baltimore counties. He was also the owner of several slaves, and evidently a man of means. Children: Elizabeth, born January 6, 1704;

Longli, September 2, 17(2), Correspt from Limited 2, 17(2), Co

(IV) William, son of Samuel Hopkins, was born June 23, 1760, and died July 12, 1802. According to the Pennsylvania Archives he served in the revolution as a substitute. He served in the Italian as a substitute. He to of land in Philadelphia near Front street and the Germantown road. He married, November 12, 1783, Elizabeth Twining, born Martin 17, 1783, Elizabeth Twining, born Martin 17, 1832, mighter of David Twining (see Twining); fill, Sarah, born November 3, 1786; died 1801, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 1111, 11

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The surname Twining is of Anglo-Saxon igin, and signifies "two meadows". It is a place name, and the family was seated in Gloustershire, England, where, on the river won, a few miles from Tewksbury, there is village of that name. It is claimed that members of the section at the junction of the Severn and Avon rivers. John Twining appears as the Abbot of Winchicombe about the middle of the Iteenth century, and in the Scottish locality the rame is said to be found on tombstones of at least as early a date. Families of the name are still in Scotland, Wales, in London, and the London of the family which came from Wales.

 ernor Prince in 1633. Children: William, mentioned below; Stephen, born February 6, 1650; Isabel, married Francis Baker.

(11) William (2), son of William (1) Twining, was born probably in England, the son of the first wife of William. He died in Newtown, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, November 4, 1703. He was a deacon of the Eastham church as early as 1677. He owned land at Easton harbor, and had an interest in drift whales at the end of the cape. About 1005 he changed his religious views and united with the Society of Friends. He therefore removed to Pennsylvania, where he became a staunch Quaker and a fast friend of the Indians. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Stephen Deane, of Plymouth, who came in the ship "Fortune" in 1621 and built the first corn mill in New England in 1632. Children: Eliza; Annie, married, October 3, 1672. Thomas Bills; Susanna, born February 25, 1654, died young; Joanna, born May 30, 1657, married Thomas Bills; Mehitable; Stephen, mentioned below; William, born February 28, 1654, married Ruth Cole.

(III) Stephen, son of William (2) Twining, was born at Eastham, February 6, 1659, and died at Newtown, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1720. He moved to Pennsylvania with his father in 1605 and owned eight hundred acres of land in Bucks county, besides considerable property in his native town. He was appointed overseer and elder in the Society of Friends, May 7, 1713, and April 12, 1715. He was a leading member of the society, and their meetings were held at his house. He married, at Eastham, Abigail, daughter of John and Abigail Young, of Eastham, Children: Stephen, born December 30, 1684, married Margaret Mitchell: Eleazer, born November 26, 1686, died December 17, 1716; Nathaniel, born March 27, 1680, married Joan Penquite; Mercy, born September 8, 1600, married July 10, 1713, Joseph Lupton; John, mentioned below; Rachel, married John Penquite, Jr.; John March 2, 1716; Oberland 11, 18

(IV) John, son of Stephen Twining, was born March 5, 1692, and died at Newtown, August 21, 1775. He was a farmer and being in the state of Roger and Elizabeth (Richards) Kirk. Her father was born 1686, settled in Pennsylvania as early as 1714, and married Elizabeth Richards, of New Garden; had Mary, Timothy, William, Elizabeth (mentioned above). Deborah, Rebecca and Samuel Richards. She was descended from Alphonsus Kirk, son of

Richard Kirk, of Lurgan, Ireland, who came from Belfast in 1688 to Jamestown, Virginia, and removed to Pennsylvania, March 29, 1689; married, December 23, 1692, Abigail, daughter of Adam and Mary Sharpley, of Shelpot Creek, New Castle county, and settled in what had a son Roger Kirk, father of Elizabeth, mentioned above. Children of John and Elizabeth Twining: John, born August 20, 1719; Joseph, June 11, 1720. died December 28, 1733. at Newtown: David, mentioned below; Eleazer, born June 8, 1724: William, May 25, 1726: Thomas. June 28, 1728, died January 5, 1733; Jacob, October 15, 1730, married Sarah Miller: Rachel. November 11, 1732, died December 22, 1733: Stephen, April 5, 1734, married Mary Wilkinson.

(V) David, son of John Twining, was born June 17, 1722, and died December 2, 1791. He was a prominent man in society and business and served two terms in the legislature in Pennsylvania. He raised Edward Hicks, a prominent Ouaker preacher. About 1762 he married Elizabeth Lewis, Children: I. Elizabeth, married William Hopkins, of Philadelphia (see Hopkins, IV). 2. Beulah, born 1770; married Dr. Torbert. 3. Sarah, mar-ried Thomas Hutchinson. 4. Mary, married,

May 23, 1788. Jesse Leedom.

(II) Thomas, son of John Hall, (q. v., p. 71), was born in New Haven, March 25, 1649, died in Wallingford, September 17, 1731. He married, June 5, 1672. Grace —, died May 1, 1731.—the first marriage in Wallingford. Children, Abigail, born January 7, 1674: Thomas, July 17, 1676: Mary, November 22, 1677: Jonathan, July 25, 1679: Joseph, July 8, 1681, mentioned below: Esther, February 23. 1682; Benjamin, April 19. 1684; Peter, December 28, 1686; Daniel, January 27, 1680; Rebecca, January 6, 1691; Israel, October 8, 1696.

(III) Joseph, son of Thomas Hall, was born July 8, 1681. died November 3, 1748. He married, November 13, 1706. Bertha Terrel, who died December 28, 1753. He lived in Wallingford. Children: Temperance, July 15, 1714. died December 7, 1716: Joseph. September 23, 1718, died September 6, 1737; Eph-

raim, mentioned below

(IV) Ephraim, son of Joseph Hall, was born April 25, 1723. He married (first) Eunice Moss, who died May 9, 1765. He married (second) October 13, 1766. Chloe, born December 6, 1739, daughter of David Moss. Child of first wife: Temperance, born August 10, 1764. Children of second wife: Ephraim.

October 5, 1768: Chloe, November 13, 1770: Comfort, February 25, 1773, mentioned below; Reuben, 1775: Joseph, March 17, 1776: David Moss. October 24, 1777: Content, March 15, 1780: Bethia, March 27, 1782.

(V) Comfort, son of Ephraim Hall, was

born February 25, 1773, at Wallingford. He settled on a farm in Westfield parish. Middle-

town. He married Jemima Bacon.

(VI) Sylvester, son of Comfort Hall, was born at Middletown, November 22, 1796, died October 3. 1875; he married December 31, 1825. Rosetta Johnson, born October 15, 1806, died October 30, 1869. Children, born at Middletown: 1. Seth Jacon, mentioned below. 2. Lois. December 5, 1831. died April 20, 1908; married, September 8, 1855, William M. Booth, born January 10, 1823, son of Abner Booth: children: i. Lucy Booth. born June 5. 1856, died 1867; ii. Martin W. Booth, married 4, 1879, William M. Booth, born 1882, Ravmond B. Booth, 1887; iii. Ida Booth, married A. B. Wilcox and had Rosa and Fred Wilcox; iv. Rosa Booth, died unmarried. 3. Ann Wilcox, born July 18, 1833, died April 8, 1908: married (first) November 1, 1845. Parson F. Miller; (second) Jesse Miller, born August 5, 1825, died April 2, 1885; and had Emma Miller, who married, October 14, 1860,

(VII) Hon. Seth Jacon, son of Sylvester Hall, was born in Westfield Society, town of Middletown, Connecticut, September 4. 1829, died May 27, 1909. He was educated in the public schools and at Rev. McGonegal School at Middletown. He worked on his father's farm until he came of age, and for nine consecutive winters taught school in the vicinity of his native town. He went to work in 1850 in the factory of Jesse G. Baldwin as a burnisher and afterward in the factory of Charles Parker. In 1857 he entered the employ of Harrison W. Curtis as bookkeeper and salesman and continued until 1861. Mr. Curtis was a dealer in crockery and hardware. During the dull winter season he taught school, returning to the store in the spring. In 1861 he embarked in the flour, grain and feed business and prospered. His sons, John B. and Silas B. Hall, were associated with him in this business later. Five years later he formed a partnership with Isaac C. and Jared Lewis under the firm name of I. C. Lewis & Company, formerly I. C. Lewis & Brother. After two years and a half the firm was dissolved and Mr. Hall continued the business, dealing in coal, in addition to grain, flour and feed. His location was at The Corner, an old landmark of Meriden. Few merchants of



Janes Jaky



Meriden have been more successful. He built up a large trade and made profitable investments in real estate in the city. He was upright, capable and earnest, a useful citizen as well as a second file of the sec prominent in public life for many years. In politics he was a Democrat. He served the hoard of selectmen and the board of relief from 1890 to 1894. He was state senator credit to himself and his constituents. He was trustee and treasurer of the corporation of the Meriden Hospital from the beginning until he died. For many years he was a justice of the peace. He was treasurer and trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association and served on the building committee and board of managers. He was one of the directors of the Middlesex County Bank several years; director of the Meriden National Bank and Meriden. He was one of the trustees of the

He married, October 14, 1860, Lois, born January 24, 1833, daughter of Silas and 1891, is one of the finest in the city. Children: 1. John Blakeslee, born September 6, 1861; married, December 16, 1805, Jennie Holcomb, daughter of Bertrand L. and Chloe Elizabeth (Holcomb) Yale, granddaughter of Levi and Annie (Guy) Yale, of Branford, Connecticut; children: Liane Holcomb, born February 15, 1807, and Elizabeth Yale, July 6, 1899. 2. Judson Sylvester, March 30, 1866; unmarried. 3. Silas Blakeslee, March 25, 1869; married, November 25, 1903, Alida, adopted daughter of Dr. Baker, of Middletown; no children. 4. Esther Rosetta, July 24,

1880; unmarried.

(I) Samuel Blakeslee, immigrant ancestor, came with his brother John from England to Boston about 1636. He removed first to Guilford, Connecticut, and later to New Haven, where his name first appears in 1646. In the latter town he married, December 3, 1650, lowing account of him is taken from the notes of a descendant, Captain Samuel Blakeslee, who had it from his father and other old men, "In the early settlement of America there was two men and brothers by the name of Samuel and John Blakeslee, both blacksmiths by occupation, left England with their anyth, vise, hammers, tongs and other necessary tools

and the law officer of the contract of

the service of the the was incapable of affording much for the subshore to New Haven in Connecticut. They

was born July 17, 1664, in New Haven, and Susannah, May 21, 1689; Grace, January 1, uel, about 1697, mentioned below; Thomas,

1 1 1 1 7

Blakeslee to his son Samuel "for loving affec-tion and good will." He married Elizabeth, Doolittle, born October 15, 1700, died April

was born April 1, 1732, in Wallingford. He spent his life in Wallingford, on his father's cupation, a Congregationalist in religion, and

a Federalist in politics. He was a non-commissioned officer in the French and Indian war. In the revolution he and Charles Ives hired Benajah Hall to serve for three years, under an act passed by the legislature that any two men hiring one man for the service were exempt during the time of service. He married, April 1, 1756, Lois, daughter of Stephen and Sarah (Hart) Ives, born January 9, 1737, died May 16, 1795. Children: Samuel, born November 23, 1759, soldier in the revolution, enlisted in July, 1776, served until 1780; Lois, January 9, 1762; Joseph, March II, 1767; John Webb, March II, 1769, mentioned below; Thankful, May 16, 1771; Viney, July 29, 1775; Asahel, July 8, 1778; Asenath, August 17, 1781.

(V) John Webb, son of Joseph Blakeslee, was born March 11, 1769, died November 5, 1825. He married, November 12, 1792, Ruth, daughter of Charles and Sarah (Butler) Ives, born January 26, 1772, died November 25, 1838. They lived and died in Wallingford, near the Blakeslee homestead. They were Baptists in religion, and lived exemplary lives. Mr. Blakeslee was a leader in the church choir, and all his children were singers. Children: Idumea, born June, 1793, died on the eighth day of the same month; Lovicy, June 27, 1794; Rachel, June 24, 1796; Laura, June 27, 1798; Obed, March 10, 1800; Lois, February 17, 1802; Emily, January 21, 1806; Silas, September 13, 1808, mentioned below; Ann, September 24, 1810; Oliver, July 22, 1815. (VI) Silas, son of John Webb Blakeslee,

was born September 13, 1808, in Wallingford, died June 6, 1893. He married, January 17, 1832, Esther, daughter of Robert and Betsey (Peck) Buel; she was born November 20, 1808, died April 17, 1889. Both died in Wallingford, where they had lived all their lives, and were buried in the Memoriam cemetery. Children: Lois, born January 24, 1833, mentioned below; Ruth Ann, October 31, 1836, mentioned below; John Webb, October 22, 1840, mentioned below; James Ellis, February 13, 1843, died July 17, 1847.
 (VII) Lois, daughter of Silas Blakeslee,

was born January 24, 1833, and was baptized by Rev. Charles Keyser, December 21, 1851. She married, October 14, 1860, Seth J. Hall (see Hall VII). She is a member of Susan Carrington Clark Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of Meriden, by virtue of the revolutionary service of her grandfather, Martin Buel, of Moses Peck and Joseph

Blakeslee.

(VII) Ruth Ann, daughter of Silas Blakeslee, was born October 31, 1836. She married, October 4, 1857, Elijah J. Hough, born July

28, 1829, son of James and Mary (Rice) Hough. Children: I. Jennie B. Hough, born January 15, 1864; married, October 23, 1884, George D. Hall, born June 20, 1859; children: i. Louis Cook Hall, born March 27, 1888; ii. Almon Blakeslee Hall, November 27, 1891; iii. Mabel Hough Hall, March 7, 1898. 2. Hattie B. Hough, born October 22, 1868; married, January 16, 1889, James Norris Barnes, born March 13, 1858; children: i. Norman Hough Barnes, born November 18, 1891; ii. James Penwell Barnes, December 6, 1893; iii. Blakeslee Hough Barnes, July 14, 1895; iv. Elijah Hough Barnes, January 18, 1901; v. Russell Norris Barnes, November 25, 1905; vi. Ruth Elizabeth Barnes, January 25, 1907. 3. George E. Hough, born October 3, 1873; married, November 1, 1894, Jennie Day, daughter of Joel and Delphine Paddock; children: i. Ruth Blakeslee Hough, born February 14, 1901; ii. Grace Edna Hough, November 19, 1906.

(VII) John Webb (2), son of Silas Blakeslee, was born October 22, 1840, died January 27, 1910. He married, October 22, 1861, Emerett M. Atwater, born December 5, 1840, died November 10, 1909. Children: Emma A., born April 3, 1865, unmarried; Mary A.,

April 24, 1871, unmarried.

John Hall, the immigrant ancestor, came from Coventry, county Warwick, England, in 1630, to Charlestown, Massachusetts, probably in the fleet with Governor Winthrop. He was then about twenty-one years old. He joined the First Church in Charlestown at its organization, July 30, 1630. In 1632 a majority of the members being on that side of the Charles river organized the First Church of Boston, among the number being John Hall and his (first) wife Bethia. He had Lot No. 48 in 1633, and was admitted a freeman May 14, 1634. About 1640 he became a resident of Barnstable, and was on the list of those able to bear arms in 1643. In 1653 he was a resident of Yarmouth, in that part of the town later set off as Dennis. He married (second) Elizabeth Larned. His will is dated July 15, 1694, and proved August 29, 1696. He died July 23, 1696, and was buried on his farm. The will mentions eight sons. Children of first wife: 1. Samuel, married Elizabeth Pollard, and died s. p., January 20, 1694. 2. John, baptized in Charlestown, May 13, 1638; died at Yarmouth, October 14, 1710. 3. Shebar, baptized February 9, 1639; died young. Children of second wife, baptismal dates given: 4. Joseph, Yarmouth, July 3, 1642: died May 31, 1716. 5. Benjamin, July 14,

roqq, died Jel, 23 requie conflicit i man 8 roqo 5 cas ben Windi i digs died ter her 3 i 722 8 W i i 1900 8 1051 o Benjami, 10 as; on to gau 7, 1737 to be see and

a clay bearing that a fall course from a diwas active they are one one the re-1733. He married Livins - Was illed Edward 124 live the engine tatile of Yang them 17 to commission office free years. He say consists to the and we dollar do ext project of Years of a or Dennis Children Pennici, him No. vender 20, 1680, menti nei hel w. Dhale, have upon no reser, have the every is. rest Teda's Linnary 18, 108 - BedinAdia. About 1085 - Paris Co. March 3, 1480 - Su Squ tenther no or 14, 11ton, software, In 17,

III. He is an I in Mina Hall, was born November 20, 1680, and died November 10, 1748. He married Mehitable Eldridge, and lived in Yarmouth. Children: Seth, born November 29, 1708, men-

(IV) Seth, son of Ebenezer Hall, was born November 29, 1708, and lived at Yarmouth. Mercy --- . He removed to Hebron, Tol-Amos, August 4, 1734, mentioned below; Seth, DAY S. 1738. J. Din. August the 1747. three dinghters.

(V) Amos, son of Seth Hall, was born August 4, 1734, and lived in Hebron, Tolland county, Connecticut. He married Betsey Bryant, March 1. 1502 - Clobb (Loro, Loro com-ber 21. 1585, metro-od by 1.

(VI) Ezra, son of Amos Hall, was born October 21, 1782, and resided in Hebron, Toltaught school for a number of years. He married, October 10, 1800, Phila Ford, daughgranddaughter of Isaac Ford. Lois was irms) Northam. Child: Gustavus Ezra, born February 13, 1811, mentioned below,

was born in Hartford county, town of Marlwas spent on a farm there. He received his education in the public schools and for a time attended a private school. He established himself in the lumbering business, which he conducted successfully for many years. In politics he was a Democrat until the breaking out of the civil war, when he became an

ardent supporter of the Republican party until The state of the s the senting ways a best of the fisher Trave - Fisher Western 1 - Joint River ard Lord and Peter Bulleley. Her father was descended from Richard Lord, one of the was one of the founders of Wethersfield, Connecticut. Children: 1. Charles, born May 27. 1833. 2. Ezra, born May 11, 1835. 3. Mar-1833. 2. Ezra, born May 11, 1835. 3. Martin, born June 14, 1837, died young. 4. Charlotte Electa, born September 28, 1842, 5. Mary, born August 16, 1843. 6. Joel, August 1, 1845, resides in Hartford. 7. Elizabeth, born August 27, 1847, married James T. Mather, and resides in Bristol. 8. and 9. David Skinner and Daniel, twins, born August 18, 1850. David Skinner lives in Hartford Daniel died August 18, 1850. David Skinner lives in Hartford Daniel died August 18, 1850. tin Luther, born September 18, 1852, died

Hall, was born in Marlborough, Connecnated in 1866, and then for a time taught in John Hooker, Esq. She passed the examination for admission to the bar and was formally she was commissioned a notary public by Governor Waller. She has practiced her profes-

pleasure and on business. In 1900 she repredon; the Conference of Charities and Correcthe state at these conferences and was a dele-

charitable institutions in England and on the continent. She was a member of State Board of Charities from 1893 to 1905. Miss Hall is president and treasurer of the board of directors of the Good Will Club, and also its superintendent. Miss Hall was the founder of this interesting and useful organization. In 1878 she began by calling together a few boys and entertaining them by reading stories, providing games and talking on topics of natural history and other subjects of interest to boys. The attendance increased and the club became popular. In April, 1880, larger quarters were required and the club was formally organized with constitution, by-laws and officers elected by the boys. Other ladies came to her assistance. The club grew and larger rooms were secured. At first the club was open but two or three evenings a week, but finally with the aid of the help that came from volunteers among the college students of Hartford, and the ladies, the club was opened every evening except Sunday. The corps of workers has grown to nearly a hundred and the work is divided wisely. The management of the club is eminently sensible and its value measured by its achievements is inestimable. Each boy member takes a pledge of good conduct and, should he violate this pledge, forfeits both badge and membership. Several hundred boys between the ages of eight and twenty-one are members. Lessons in gymnastics, elocution, instrumental music and military drill are given and the boys in later years have been taught the fundamentals of various useful trades. The primary purpose of the club is to afford wholesome amusement and entertainment for boys and thus incidentally keep them out of mischief and teach them to avoid idleness. No religion or sectarianism is suggested in the club. The Good Will Club is similar to the very successful boys clubs now in operation in many of the larger cities. At the dedication of the Good Will Building, February 22, 1889, Miss Hall closed her address with these words:

"And may I add that my work in and for the Good Will Club is a memorial work in perfect harmony with the large and small sums given here, because too sacred to be given elsewhere. I should be ungrateful to the memory of a noble brother, whose boyhood was of the finest type, and whose active life began and closed in this beautiful city, did I not acknowledge in this presence that the little I have done and the more I hope to do is in loving memory of Ezra Hall." Miss Hall is also a life member of the Connecticut Historical Society. She wrote the history of Marlborough for the "Memorial History of

Hartford County," and has recently published an historical sketch of Marlborough.

(VIII) Ezra Hall, son of Gustavus Ezra Hall, was born in Marlborough in 1835 and died, in November, 1877, in the prime of life. He prepared for college at Wilbraham Seminary and the East Greenwich (Rhode Island) Seminary, where he graduated in the class of 1858. He was the orator some years afterward at the celebration of the centennial of the seminary. He graduated from Wesleyan College in the class of 1862, and immediately began the study of law in the office of Hon. Thomas C. Perkins, of Hartford. He was called to the bar, in Hartford, and practiced there the rest of his life. When he was but twenty-seven years old, in 1863, he was elected state senator from the second district of Hartford county, and was the youngest senator at that term. In 1864 he was a member of the house and in 1871 he was again state senator from the second district. He was elected president pro tem., and presided over the senate during the trying period when the election of state officers was in controversy. He was chosen a Fellow of Yale College by the senate, and was in the corporation and voted for the election of Dr. North Porter as president. In 1864 he served on an important committee to collect the votes of the union soldiers then in camp. He was a member of the state central committee of the Republican party in 1866-67. In 1867, in partnership with Marshall Jewell and H. T. Sperry, he purchased the *Morning Post* of Hartford, later called the *Evening Post*. The newspaper was published a number of years by the firm of Sperry, Hall & Company, afterward the Evening Post Association. Mr. Hall retained his interest in the newspaper as long as he lived. In 1874 he was admitted to practice in the supreme court of the United States and he argued a number of cases before that court, mostly questions arising in the insurance business. At the time of his death a local newspaper paid this tribute on record: "Mr. Hall had attained an honorable position at the bar and a high place in public esteem. He was courteous in his profession and indefatigable in the discharge of its duties. No client ever had reason to complain of any neglect of his interests. He was always honorable in his practice and had in this respect the entire confidence of his associates at the bar.'

The Bar Association took action, as follows: "Resolved, that we regard with profound sorrow the death of Ezra Hall, Esq., member of this bar. Mr. Hall has been taken away in the fulness of his manhood from the active and successful pursuit of his profession and



Ena Hale



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make programme hard ground managery and managery to book. The same to construct produced and and the Charles Str., Library stress with but a professor or the life between larger and

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Pease. They had two children: Robert Ezra

1) Thomas Lord, immigrant ancestor, was one of the early settlers of Hartford, Connecage of eighty-seven years in 1678. All their Richard, born 1011, mentioned below; Thom-

tain; Irene, 1629; Dorothy, 1631.

130 Terrani, many of princes I and was born in England in 1611 and died in 1664. efficient men of his day; captain of the troop. dian fighter. He died in New London. His home was at the corner of Main and Pearl streets, Hartford. He was deputy to the general assembly from 1656 to 1664. Children: Richard, born 1636, mentioned below; Sarah, regional gray were the last the Is the

CHIEF Sichord CAL - - - Midwell Drie lent, we have no one was a ton. The married Mary, daughter of Governor John Haynes. He left a large estate to his only

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and bought large tracts of land in Chatlann Marlborough, then Colchester.

1755; Lydia, July 4, 1750. was born in 1700, died 1700. II

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Call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call and the call

Deacon David Skinner, died July 2, 1807; Lavinia, 1770; Epaphras, 1772; Patience, 1774; Mary, born 1775, died 1862, married (second wife) Deacon David Skinner (see Skinner VI); George, 1777; Sarah, 1781; Gardner, 1783; Eliphalet, 1785.

### (The Skinner Line).

(I) John Skinner, immigrant ancestor, was one of the Hooker company and probably came from Braintree, county Essex, England. He was a kinsman of John Talcott, of Hartford, mentioned in his will in 1659. Skinner was one of the founders of Hartford. He died there in 1650-51. His will was proved October 23, 1651. The estate was partitioned January 18, 1655, and at that time the ages of the children were given in the records, and it is from this record that the birth years of the children are computed, viz.: Mary, 1638; Ann, 1639; John, 1641; Joseph, 1643; Richard, 1646, who continues the family line, as mentioned below.

(II) Richard, son of John Skinner, was born in Hartford in 1646. He also lived at Hartford. Children, born at Hartford: John, born 1675, mentioned below; Richard, married, November 24, 1708, Hannah Pratt;

Ebenezer.

(III) John (2), son of Richard Skinner, was born in 1674-75 in Hartford. About 1696 he removed to Colchester; was deacon of the First Church there in 1703. He died at Colchester, August 27, 1740. He married Sarah Porter. Children, born at Colchester: Sarah, July 17, 1697; Ann, October 1, 1700; John, August 30, 1703; Daniel, August 30, 1705; Noah; Hannah, January 27, 1707; Joseph, October 7, 1710; Mary; Aaron, June 14, 1713, mentioned below; Elizabeth.

(IV) Deacon Aaron Skinner, son of John (2) Skinner, was born in Colchester, June 14, 1713; died November 17, 1766. He married, August 4, 1737, Eunice Taintor, who came of another old Hartford family. Children, born at Colchester: Aaron, July 12,

1740; David, mentioned below.

(V) David, son of Aaron Skinner, was born December 22, 1743. He lived in Colchester, now the town of Marlborough. He married (first) December 8, 1766, Sarah Lord, who died August 30, 1769 (see Lord IV). He married (second) February 28, 1771, Jerusha Lord, of Colchester. Children of first wife, born at Marlborough: Ichabod, September 2, 1767; David, April 5, 1769, mentioned below; children of second wife: Sarah, January 28, 1772; Jerusha. October 28, 1773; Charles, December 1, 1775; Charles, April 5, 1777; Aaron, March 22, 1779; Henry, June 22, 1781;

John, August 30, —; Oliver, died young; Oliver, died 1854; Lydia; Eunice.

(VI) Deacon David Skinner, son of David Skinner, was born at Marlborough, Connecticut, April 5, 1769; died November 21, 1850. He married (first) Hope, died July 2, 1807, daughter of Epaphras Lord (see Lord VI). He married (second) September 18, 1808, Mary Lord, her sister. Children of first wife, born at Marlborough: Ichabod, September 29, 1793, died February 11, 1851; Ralph, January 3, 1796, died at Leona, near Fredonia, New York, January 20, 1873; Hope, July 27, 1798, died December 13, 1870; Emily, October 12, 1800, died January 23, 1823; Loana, February 12, 1803, died June 5, 1805; Julia, August 18, 1805, died September 8, 1834; Prentice Bulkeley, July 2, 1807, died July 27, 1807. Children of second wife: Mary Electa, October 1, 1809, died February 7, 1886; Louisa, February 27, 1812, died January 13, 1893, married Gustavus Ezra Hall (see Hall VII); Homer, August 11, 1815; Charlotte, March 6, 1818, died September 11, 1872.

Francis Hall, the immigrant an-HALL cestor, was the son of Gilbert Hall, who lived in the county of Kent,

in the southeastern part of England. The former came from Milford, county Surrey, in the ship with Rev. Henry Whitefield and his party of emigrants from Kent and Surrey. They arrived at what is now New Haven in time to participate in the meeting of colonists held in Newman's barn, June 4, 1639. In 1640 Francis Hall joined Mr. Ludlow in the planting of a settlement at the head of a small inlet of Long Island Sound, which they named Fairfield. At this time he was thirty-two years old, and had a wife Elizabeth and two sons, Isaac and Samuel, who were born in England. His wife died in 1662, and he married (second), October 30, 1665, Dorothy, widow of John Blakeman, and daughter of Henry Smith, of Stratford, Connecticut, who survived him. About 1669 he moved to Stratford, where he held the office of constable, and May 11, 1676, was a deputy from that town to the general court held in Hartford. He held large landed property in Fairfield, and also in Stratford. He died there in 1690, aged eighty-two years. Children: Isaac, born in England; Samuel, born in England, mentioned below; Elizabeth; Hannah, married, July 14, 1675, Joseph Blakeman, of Stratford; Mary: Rebeccah.

(II) Samuel, son of Francis Hall, was born in England, about 1635, and died in Fairfield, 1694. He settled in the latter place, on land conveyed to him by his father. He also lived

in Strattard, where the name is the property period, to a strain the latter of the strain of the latter of the samuel of the sam

lived in Stratford in 1755, and in Fairfield, 1764. He died in the latter place. In his will be mentions his wife Rebecca, and children, Nathaniel, David, Sarah, Mabel, Re-

becca, Ebenezer and Abbott.

Rebecca Hall, was born 1723, and died January, 1709. His will mentions his wife Elizabeth and five children, viz.: Seth, Esbon, Daniel, Mary Sillinan and Esther Treadwell. H. f. ther twenty-one acres on line of division between Fairfield and Stratford, Connecticut, or the property of the first of the fi

(V) Esbon, son of Ebenezer Hall, was born March 20, 1753, at Stratford. He married, May 4, 1775, Rhoda Brinsmade, Children: Josiah Brinsmade, born March 30, 1776; Naomi Bennett, July 3, 1778; Gershom Odel, September 18, 1780; Sarah, December 1, 1782; Isaac, September 23, 1784; Almon, September 25, 1787; Priscilla, August 9, 1790; Joseph Bennett, mentioned below: Pamela, March 4, 1795; Rhoda, March 12, 1708;

Philemon, February 28, 1802.

(VI) Joseph Bennett, son of Esbon and Rhoda (Brinsmade) Hall, was born February 12, 1793, at 1 a top 10 min 1772, its local aged seventy years. He was a farmer and school teacher. He was a soldier in the war of 1812. He multiple multiple multiple military was ordained in the Universalist denomination. He married Cornelia Baker. Children: Henry, born 1816, of Bridgeport; Eliza Jane, 1818; Priscilla, 1820; William, mentioned below; Mary Cornelia, 1825; Theodore Wellington; Ann Celeste, March 2, 1834; Colonel James Martin, October 12, 1838, of Toledo, Ohio, the only one living.

(VII) William, son of Joseph Bennett Hall, was born in Easton, Connecticut, October 6, 1822. He attended the district schools and Easton Academy. At the early age of eight world as a clerk in a store up to 1843, when he came to Bridgeport, Connecticut. Here he

was employed in the store of his brother, the possibilities of the future, and in time he money so that he was ready to start independobligation when it was due, and ever keeping within his resources, he assumed no obligahaving demonstrated what can be achieved by well worthy the emulation of all young men

He married, May 25, 1852, Clara Baldwin, of Greenfield Hill, born November 22, 1827, daughter of Abraham Dudley and Henrietta (Jennings) Baldwin, and granddaughter of Michael Baldwin (see Baldwin VI). Her father was a graduate of Yale College and a lawyer, practicing in Greenfiel , a justice of the peace, of high ideals and purposes, excellent judgment and model character. Her mother, Henrietta Jennings, was a daughter of Joel. The Baldwin family is of ancient English ancestry. Mrs. Hall had brothers.

William, Henry and Michael, and sisters, Henrietta, Sarah and Anna Baldwin. Although eighty-three years old, she retains all her faculties and takes as much interest as ever in affairs. Since Mrs. Hall came to Bridgeport in 1852 she has seen the city develop from a small town to a great industrial center. She formerly attended the Congregational Church, but for many years has been attending St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Hall had one child, Dr. William Dudley Hall, born July 13, 1856, in Bridgeport, graduate of Harvard College in the class of 1880 with the degree of M.D., who has been practicing his profession in Boston since graduation, making a specialty of

diseases of the eye.

### (The Baldwin Line).

(I) Nathaniel Baldwin, second son of Richard Baldwin, of parish Cholesbury, Buckinghamshire, England, and brother of Timothy and Joseph Baldwin, who settled in Connecticut also, came to Milford, Connecticut, early, and was admitted a freeman. November 29, 1639. He and his brothers were planters in Milford. He was a cooper by trade. He removed to Fairfield, Connecticut, in 1641 or earlier, and died in 1690. He married (first) Abigail Camp, who joined the church, at Fairfield, June 9, 1644, and died there March 22, 1648. He married (second) Joanna, widow of Richard Wescott. She married (third) George Abbott, of Fairfield. Children of first wife: John, baptized June, 1644; Daniel, baptized with John; Nathaniel, January, 1645; Abigail, March 19, 1648. Children of second wife: Sarah, born 1650; Deborah, 1652; Samuel, mentioned below.

(II) Samuel, son of Nathaniel Baldwin, was born at Fairfield in 1655. He was a blacksmith. He joined the Fairfield church. He was invited to Guilford, Connecticut, by vote of the town, "to work upon trade as smithing upon trial," and he settled in that town and acquired a handsome property. His home was on a grant dated July 15, 1676, of half an acre on the green, opposite the house of John Bishop. He died January 12, 1696. He married Abigail Baldwin, born November 16, 1658, daughter of John Baldwin, of Milford. She married (second) John Wadhams, of Wethersfield, and had daughters Mary and Martha Wadhams. Children: Abigail, born December 14, 1678; Deborah, April, 1680, died young; Dorothy, December 27, 1683; Joanna, May 18, 1686; Samuel, January 13, 1689; Timothy, April 14, 1691, mentioned below;

Nathaniel, November 28, 1693.

(III) Timothy, son of Samuel and Abigail

(Baldwin) Baldwin, was born at Guilford, April 14, 1691. He was an ensign of the military company there. He owned land in Goshen, Connecticut. He married, December 24, 1713, Bathsheba Stone, born August 10, 1695, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Taintor) Stone. He died August 3, 1745; she died July 20, 1776. Children, born at Guilford: Timothy, July 27, 1714, died 1720; Bathsheba, February 1, 1716; Michael, April 2, 1719, mentioned below; Timothy, October 20, 1721; Abigail, March 5, 1724; Stephen, August 10, 1726; Elisha, April 6, 1729; Deborah, April 15, 1730; Abraham, April 17, 1732; Sarah, July 24, 1735; Mary, May 2, 1739.

(IV) Michael, son of Timothy Baldwin, was born at Guilford, April 2, 1719, and died

in 1787. He had land of his father at Goshen, whither he went to settle, but returned to Guilford before July 9, 1743. He removed to New Haven as early as 1775, in order to educate his sons. Seldom has a man had, among his children, a United States senator and governor, a judge of the United States supreme court and a speaker of the house of representatives, of Ohio. His sons-in-law, Joel Barlow and Colonel Bomford, were also distinguished men. He was a blacksmith by trade. His house on George street, New Haven, faced College street. It was protected from damage and destruction during the British invasion in the revolutionary war by a British officer who had been a paroled prisoner during the last French and Indian war in this house, then a country tavern. Michael Baldwin married (first), December 7, 1749, Lucy, daughter of William and Ruth (Strong) Dudley. She was born March 29, 1721, and died June 2, 1758. He married (second), November, 1768, Theodora Wolcott, born November 4, 1746, daughter of Josiah and Ruth (White) Wolcott, of Coventry. Children of first wife: 1. Ruth, March 4, 1751; died 1755. Dudley, April 17, 1753; mentioned below.
 Abraham, Yale, 1772, United States senator from Georgia, president of Georgia University. 4. Ruth, September 13, 1756; married Joel Barlow, poet, editor, diplomat. 5. Lucy, May 22, 1758; died 1760. Children of second wife: 6. Lucy, born 1770, died 1798. 7. William, March 3, 1772. 8. Michael, August 26, 1774, speaker of the House of Representatives, Ohio. 9. Theodore, 1777. 10. Henry, January 4, 1780; congressman from Pennsylvania. 11. Clarissa, November, 1782; married Colonel George Bomford. 12. Sally, 1787; married Edmond French.

(V) Dudley, son of Michael Baldwin, was born in Guilford, April 17, 1753, and died at Fairfield, March 29, 1794. He graduated from Yale Colling 1777. Ind. While a lawyer at the mixt. Hill the model of the property death at the age of thirty-six years. He married Sally Bradley, who died in 1802. Then only hill married Sally Bradley.

All'A Joseph Halls and their HALL Hall (q. v.), was born at Chatham, Connecticut, June 28, 1787. He married (first) June 4, 1808, Harriet Change them I so 1987 at Alice M. 1827, daughter of Captain Daniel and Julia Cornwall) Cheney, granddaughter of Elisha 2. 1797, died July 31, 1835, daughter of Amos born at Chatham, of first wife: 1. Charles Cheney, born April 4, 1800, died June 4, 1826. married, January 1, 1834, Rachel Smith, of Chatham. 3. Henry, April 18, 1812, died July ughter of Colonel James Ward. 4. Joel, mentioned below. 5. Julia Cornwall, born 25, 1816, died October 25, 1848; married, September 11, 1838, Rev. Bliss Ashlev. 6. Harriet, born January 22, 1820, died April Luther H. Perkins, of Hartford; (second) (twin), January 22, 1820; married, December 10, 1845, Charles Henry Sage. Children of second wife: 8, Emma Ransom, February 8, 1834; married, October 1, 1857, Rev. Jared Starr, rector of the Protestant Episcopal church at Newington, Connecticut. 9. Elizabeth, June 2, 1836; married, September 21, o, John S. Harris, and lived in Hartford. January 19, 1850. He married, December 24, daughter of David Stocking (6). Steven (5). Stocking (1). Children: 1. Jesse, mentioned below. 2. Joel, died unmarried. 3. Eliza, married Rev. Douglas C. Peabody; she died in 1876, leaving two children. 4. Elizabeth, married William Morgan, of Hartford.

(IX) Jesse (2), son of Joel Hall, was born in 1840. He lived at Portland, Connecticut. He married Clara E., daughter of Henry Stewart. Children: J. Stewart; Stephen

Stocking, mentioned below.

uary 18, 1864. He attended school at Seabury Institute in Old Saybrook, Connecticut, whither the family removed in 1870, and again became a clerk in the office of T. R. Pickering & Company of Portland in 1881, and when this concern was incorporated, May 1, 1888. he was made secretary and later a director of the company, the name of which became the born October 13, 1865, daughter of Richard 1841, in Fenton, Staffordshire, England, son of Richard and Margaret (Pickering) Pascall. He came to this country in May, 1849. Richard Pascall, father of Richard Henry 1800, died September 9, 1859, was a sister of Pascall Institute at 576 Lexington avenue, New York City. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have had one child. Nettie Pascall, born June 20, 1889, died November 30, 1890.

In records incident to the BALDWIN Conquest of England, the name of Baldwin appears in the Battle Abbey, and one of the name is known as early as 672. The Earls of Flanders bearing the name date from the time of Al-

fred the Great. Baldwin 2nd married Elstouth, daughter of Alfred, and Baldwin 5th married the daughter of Robert of France, and their daughter Matilda married William the Conqueror. Surnames, however, were not used in England until long after the Conquest. Baldwin de Hampden of the time of the Conquest became John Hampden, the patriot of the English revolution. The name is found in Denmark, Flanders and in Northern 1985.

mandy, and other parts of France.

The Baldwins of the United States came largely from county Bucks, England, where the name "John Baldwin" is of frequent historical mention in successive generations, as is Henry and Richard. In New England we have Richard Baldwin, of Milford, Connecticut, before 1639; Richard Baldwin, of Braintree, 1637; John Baldwin, of Stoughton, Connecticut, 1638; John Baldwin, of Milford, Connecticut, 1639; Nathaniel Baldwin, of Milford, 1639; Joseph Baldwin, of Milford, Connecticut, 1639, and of Hadley, Massachusetts, subsequently; Henry Baldwin, of Woburn, Massachusetts, 1640; John Baldwin, of Billerica, Massachusetts, 1655, and John Baldwin, of Norwich, Connecticut, the immigrant progenitor of Judge Simeon Eben Baldwin (see forward). Yale University has on its alumni rolls over eighty-three Baldwins.

(I) John Baldwin, of Norwich, Connecticut Colony, by a tradition of unusual value, came to America with a relative, but not by blood, in the capacity of ward or servant, as was at the time so usual. Probably he came with Sylvester Baldwin who died on the ship "Martin," June 21, 1638, and whose son Richard settled in Milford. The widow of Sylvester "with five in her family had lands in New Haven and John seems to be needed to make up the number," as John, son of Sylvester, was only three years old when "John Baldwin' testified to the nuncupative will of Sylvester. John Baldwin, the founder of the Norwich family of the name, appears early in Guilford, Connecticut, and while there he married Hannah Birchard, April 12, 1653. In 1660 he removed to Norwich, the year of the settlement of that town. In 1659 Uncas, the Indian chief, for seventy pounds, gave a deed of a large tract of land to an English company at Saybrook, that included the territory of the present town of Norwich, and Major John Mason, at the head of the company, which included the pastor of the Saybrook church and most of its members, in the spring of 1660, settled at Norwich, founding the town and establishing the church. Of the thirty original proprietors, John Baldwin was one. He brought with his wife at least three children. He was made a constable in 1678, at the time an office of trust and honor. We have no record of his death, but the record ot the birth of his first three children are from the Guilford records. Children: I. John, born December 5, 1654; removed with his father from Guilford to Norwich; married, in 1680, Experience Abell; resided near Lebanon, Connecticut; was a grantee there 1695, assisted in organizing the town government incorporated October, 1700; was elected one of the first selectmen and deacon of the church; he had five children born between August 3, 1684, and April 2, 1699. 2. Hannah, October 6, 1656. 3. Sarah, November 25, 1658. 4. Thomas, see forward. 5. Ebenezer, who died without issue.

(II) Thomas, son of John, the immigrant, and Hannah (Birchard) Baldwin, of Guilford, Connecticut colony, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, in 1662, two years after the place was first settled. He was a farmer, owning land purchased by his father from the Indians, his land being near Lebanon, then a name of a settlement, but not a town. It was three miles distant from the town flat and is now known as Fitchville, in the town of Bozrah, Connecticut. He married (first), in 1685, Sarah, daughter of John and Sarah (Royce) Caulkins, and granddaughter of Robert Royce, of New London, and of Hugh Caulkins, of New London. Sarah (Caulkins) Baldwin died in New London in 1685, childless, and Thomas Baldwin married (second) Abigail Lay, of Lyme, Connecticut, in 1692. When the church at Norwich changed pastors, in 1700, she was one of the first women to join, under the ministration of Mr. Woodward. Children of Thomas and Abigail (Lay) Baldwin, all born in Norwich, Connecticut: 1. Abigail, July 5, 1693; married her cousin John, son of John, the immigrant. 2. Mary, June 5, 1695; married a Mr. Birchard. 3. Hannah, January 22, 1699; married a Mr. Backus. 4. Thomas, June 15, 1701; married Anna Brigham, May 5, 1730; settled in that part of Norwich which became the town of Bozrah; had eight children; his widow married Captain John Hough, of New London. 5. John, March 8, 1704; married, May 30, 1734, Lucy Metcalf, of Lebanon, Connecticut; lived in Stafford, Connecticut, 1737-39; in Mansfield, Connecticut, for seven years after Hampshire, where he died. They had eight children. 6. Phebe, April 10, 1707; married a Mr. Post, of Hebron, Connecticut. 7. Ebenezer, see forward. 8. Jabez, November 2, 1713, died unmarried, December 15, 1737. Thomas Baldwin was eighty years of age

y on a dual and become be made in conin a legal along only interest on the entire t are the time of the demont be 1713. When we are explicitly to April 197 are a Design parties, a second the instant has

the broad statement that he was unable to write his name; but a document conveying land to his son Thomas, in 1723, has a wellwritten signature attested to have been his probably made at a period of physical inability

to hold a pen.

. ail (Lay) Baldwin, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, April 20, 1710. He was brought up on his father's farm near Lebanon, and there appears to have been but one case of in-· f conveying and meeting company with several others at the house of William Wateris a fixed for control of the · mplaint against him was not on account of any disturbance or improper conduct; it was n Sunday evening, which was presented as mtrary to law. He became a leading man in Baldwin, and held many numerous places of trust and was entrusted by the town authorities to secure a grant of land twenty miles square of the colony (of Connecticut) purchase, with leave to buy the "native right to said lands." This was a speculative underto go into the town treasury. Captain Ebenezer Baldwin married, October 10, 1738, farming in Norwich, where their eight children were born as follows: 1. Rhoda, August 3. 1787 (2010) In J. Vetter 1. Contents and had no children. 2. Bethia, December 4, 1741 or January 4, 1742, 3. Bethia, March 20, 1743, died unmarried, September 5, 1830. 4. Ebenezer, July 3, 1745; Yale, 1763; clergyman, tutor at Yale, chaplain in the revolunecticut, where he died unmarried, October 1. Mercy Clapp and had four sons: Ebenezer, Oliver, David and Erastus, and three daughter smin R' sm Domille Season farmer, the land having been acquired by his hills as from the hallon. The beautiful revented his serving in the American revolution, but he was enrolled among the minuteo todo terror a tra- e tamor to 1751. 7. Mary, April 1, 1753; married Jabez Colton, of Long Meadow, Massachusetts, and

ington, and at Lebanon at Master Tisdale's school. He matriculated at Vale College in He was graduated at Yale, A.B., 1781; A.M., 1784. In 1782 he went to Albany as senior as tutor at Yale, 1783-86; taught in New Chauncy. In 1786 he was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession in New court of the United States, and continued an extensive practice in the state courts up to 1803, when he took his seat in the United serving up to 1806. The legislature of Connecticut in 1806 made him an associate judge by annual reappointment, which was at the

time the custom. He was made a member of the commission which located the Farmington canal, by the general assembly, and in 1822 was elected president of the board, resigning in 1830, after the canal was completed to Northampton. He was city councilman of New Haven, 1798-99; alderman, 1800-16, and 1820-25. In 1826 he was elected mayor of the city of New Haven, and at the expiration of his term of office he declined further public duties and continued in the practice of the law to within a short time of his death, which occurred at New Haven, Connecticut, May 26, 1851, in his ninetieth year.

Judge Simeon Baldwin was the last survivor of the class of 1781 of Yale College, which class included Chancellor Kent. Judge Baldwin published in 1788 "An Oration pronounced before the Citizens of New Haven, July 4, 1788; in commemoration of the Declaration of Independence and Establishment of the Constitution of the United States of America," to be found in the principal large libraries of the world. In 1848 he prepared an interesting account of the early life of his classmate, Chancellor Kent, which was published in Kent's "Memoirs," pp. 9 18

(1898).

He married (first), July 29, 1787, Rebecca, eldest daughter of Roger Sherman, the signer of the Declaration of Independence, and Rebecca (Prescott) Sherman; children, born in New Haven: 1. Rebecca, May 30, 1788, died unmarried in 1861. 2. Ebenezer, 1790, Yale, A.B., 1808, died unmarried in New Haven, Connecticut, January 26, 1837; was a lawyer in Albany, New York, master in chancery, surrogate, recorder and military aide to Governor Clinton, of New York, author of a History of Yale College. 3. Roger Sherman, see forward. 4. Simeon, 1794-1795. Rebecca (Sherman) Baldwin died in New Haven, Connecticut, September 4, 1795, in her thirtysecond year. Simeon Baldwin married (second), April 22, 1800, Elizabeth, next younger sister of his deceased wife and widow of Sturgis Burr, of New York City, and Fair-field. Connecticut, who died in 1796. Children, born in New Haven, Connecticut; 5. Simeon, 1801; was a shipping merchant in New York City; married, October 7, 1830, Ann Mehitable, daughter of Lockwood De Forest, and had two children: Henry and Simeon, born in 1832 and 1836, respectively. 6. Elizabeth, 1804-1822, unmarried. 7. Charles, 1805-07. 8. Martha, 1808-1809. 9. Charles, 1810. The mother of these children died in New Haven, July 16, 1850, aged eighty-five vears.

(V) Roger Sherman, son of Simeon and

Rebecca (Sherman) Baldwin, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, January 4, 1793. He was prepared for matriculation at Yale College in his native city and was graduated at Yale, A.B., 1811, with high honors, receiving his master's degree in course. He studied law in his father's law office in New Haven and at the celebrated law school at Litchfield, Connecticut, conducted by Judges Reeve and Gould.

He was admitted to the Connecticut bar in 1814, and his law practice in New Haven was brilliant and eminently successful. knowledge of the law was unusual in one so young, and his fame as a lawyer brought him a large clientage. In 1837 and 1838 he was a member of the Connecticut state senate. In 1839 he was associated with John Quincy Adams, ex-president of the United States, before the United States supreme court in the defence of the negroes rescued from the slaver "Amistad" by a United States vessel, after the slaves had overpowered the Spanish crew and were drifting on the high seas without a navigator. The claims of the government of Spain for a return of the property so rescued was contested by the United States government, and Mr. Baldwin conducted the case at the request of ex-President Adams. His skill in handling questions of international law won praise from the bench and bar, and called out special praise from the learned Chancellor Kent. He represented his district in the general assembly of Connecticut, 1840 and 1841; served as governor of Connecticut, 1844-45; was United States senator by appointment of the governor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator J. W. Huntington, November 1, 1847, and he was retained in the position by the joint legislature of Connecticut at its next annual convening to complete the unexpired term of Senator Huntington, ending March 4, 1851. The Republican party of Connecticut in 1860 elected him a presidential elector-at-large for the state, and when the electoral college convened in 1861, he cast the vote of the state for Abraham Lincoln for president and Henry Wilson for vice-president of the United States, the successful candidates. Governor Buckingham made him a delegate to the peace congress that convened at Philadelphia in 1861. He was ex-officio, a fellow of Yale College, 1844-45, and he received the honorary degree of LL.D., from Trinity College in 1844, and from Yale in 1845. He married, October, 1820, Emily, daughter of Enoch Perkins, of Hartford, Connecticut; children, born in New Haven, Connecticut: 1. Edward Law, A.B. Yale, 1842, LL.B. 1844, died July 5, 1848.

2. His list i Wooden 1823 marich, binnst 28, 1850, limited Addian Include in Josiah Dwight and Sarah (Williston) Whitney, who filled the chair of Sanscrit in Yale College from 1854 and was author of "Oriental and Linguistic Studies" and other learned works. They had six children. 3. Roger Sherman, 1826, Yale, A.B. 1847; A.M. INQUITED TO THE STATE OF THE ST the shirt and the the rietta Perkins, April 2, 1830; married, August 20, 1850. Dwight, son of Hon, Alfred The second secon 66, and judge of the supreme court of the commonwealth. They had eight children. 6. George William, 1832; Yale, A. B. 1853; lawyer; never married. 7. Emily Frances, 1834, died April 27, 1836. 8. Ebenezer Charles, 1837, died December, 1837. 9. Simeon Eben, see forward. Hon. Roger Sherman Baldwin died in New Haven, Connecticut, February 19, 1863, and his widow, Emily (Perkins) Baldwin, in 1874.

(VI) Simeon Eben Baldwin, son of Roger Sherman and Emily (Perkins) Baldwin, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, February 5.

1840.

Grammar School, New Haven, and was gradtrated at Yale, A.B., 1861; A. M., 1864, and after pursuing a course in law in the law schools of Yale and Harvard, he was admitted to the bar of Connecticut in 1864. He at once began the practice of law in New Haven, and was instructor in law at Yale University, 1869-72, and professor of constitutional law. of law governing mercantile transactions, corporate bodies and wills, and of private international law, accepting the chair in 1872 and holding it continuously to the present time. revise the general education laws of the state in 1872, the revised statutes of the state of Connecticut in 1873 and in 1874, and a memof taxation as existing in the state, in 1885 and 1887. As chairman of that commission he drew up the report outlining a more equitable system of taxation, which became operative through the passage of an act embodying the report of the committee, and which added largely to the revenues of the state. In 1893 he was elected an associate judge of the supreme court of errors of the state of Connecticut, and he was advanced to the position of chief justice of the court in 1907, the highest judicial position in the gift of the state.

before 1878 to introduce code pleadings in Connecticut, and the legislature appointed him a member of the commission that put the plan in shape for legislative action. His standing which he was a member, by electing him presiwas recognized by being made its president, membership and he was elected president of 1897; the New Haven Colony Historical Society, 1884-96; the American Historical Association, 1905; the Connecticut Society of nation by authorship as follows: "Baldwin's Connecticut Digest"; "Baldwin's Cases of Railroad Law" (1896); "Modern Political Institutions" (1898); "Two Centuries Growth of American Law" (1901), of which valued work he was co-author; "American Railroad Law" (1904); "American Judiciary," 1905. Judge Baldwin preserves in a remarkable de-

Governor Baldwin married, October 19, 1805, Susan, daughter of Edmund and Harriet (Mears) Winchester, of Boston; children, born in New Haven, Connecticut: 1, Florence, January 3, 1868, died September 16, 1872. 2, Roger Sherman, January 17, 1869, A.B. Yale, 1891, LL.B., 1893. 3, Helen Harriet, January 27, 1872, wife of Warren Randall Gilman, M.D., of Worcester, Massachusetts.

John Baldwin, immigrant an-BALDWIN cestor, was born in England, and came early to New Haven, Connecticut. He was among the first settlers of Milford, Connecticut, though not a "free planter." He joined the church March 19, 1648, and was buried at Milford, June 21, 1681. Among his descendants are many of the most prominent men of Connecticut. He married (first) Mary -----. (second) Mary Bruen, of Pequot, daughter of John Bruen, who came from Stapleton, Cheshire, England. She died September 2, 1670. Children of first wife: John, born 1640, baptized March 26, 1648; Josiah, 1642; Samuel, 1645; Nathaniel, mentioned below; Elizabeth, baptized July 19, 1649; Joseph, baptized November 9, 1651. Children of second wife: Mary, baptized September 17,

1654; Sarah, December 25, 1655; Abigail, November 15, 1658; Obadiah, October, 1660;

George, 1662; Hannah, November 20, 1663;

Richard, first week of June, 1665. (II) Nathaniel, son of John Baldwin, was baptized at Milford, March 22, 1648. He removed from Milford to Cohansee in 1702, but soon returned. He and his brother Obadiah were at one time appointed grave diggers for the town, and his brother Richard was sexton of the meeting house. In 1676 he drew a lot on the west side of the Milford run. He married Sarah Phippen, born in Boston, daughter of Benjamin and Wilmot Phippen, granddaughter of David Phippen. She joined the church at Milford, October, 1681, and he joined July 16, 1682. Children, born at Milford: Nathaniel, September 6, 1676; Benjamin, January 26, 1681; John, baptized November 5, 1682; Samuel, baptized November 29, 1685, died young; Joseph, baptized May 15, 1687: Samuel, born January 14, 1689, mentioned below; Elizabeth, baptized November

5. 1693, married Caleb Galpin. (III) Samuel, son of Nathaniel Baldwin, was born at Milford, January 14, 1689. He was one of the original members of the Society of Amity, November 2, 1742, and died there January 21, 1764, aged seventy-five years. His grave is at Woodbridge. His will is dated March 28, 1763. He bequeathed to his younger children. Jabez, Levi, Rebecca, Eli and Joseph, stating that he had already provided for the elder children, and neglecting to give their names. He married Rebecca Children: Anne, born November 29, 1736: Abigail, April 6, 1738: Matthew, mentioned below; Jabez; Levi; Rebecca; Joseph, baptized in Amity, January 8, 1744, died young; Anne, baptized June 23, 1745, died young; Eli, baptized February 14, 1747, died

young; Eli, baptized January 17, 1748; Israel, baptized January 4, 1750, died young; Joseph, baptized March 8, 1752.

(IV) Matthew, son of Samuel Baldwin, lived at Woodbridge, Milford and Middlebury. He was originally of Milford. In 1768 Samuel Sanford deeded to Matthew Baldwin, then of New Haven; in 1774 Matthew was of Milford, according to a deed to Joseph Smith, who deeded land to Matthew the following year, when Matthew was of New Haven. In June, 1766, deeds made by him state both places as his residence. He married, in Woodbridge, Abigail Thomas, daughter of a sea captain of New Haven; she died July 11, 1812, aged eighty years. Children: Abigail, born 1753; Anna, 1756; Amy, married -Humphrey; Sally, 1763; Patience; Matthew, June 15, 1767, mentioned below; Abel; Daughter, married Milo Lewis; Isaac, went to Pittsburg, it is said; Truman, October 22,

(V) Matthew (2), son of Matthew (1) Baldwin, was born at Woodbridge, June 15, 1767, died in 1817. He settled in Woodbridge, now Naugatuck. He married, June 3, 1789, Mary Newton, of Milford, born June 22, 1769, died March 14, 1857. David Lombard deeded to him a "one-bit purchase" (a town right in one of the divisions), the right of his father. His will was dated June 24, 1817, but much of his land had already been disposed by deed. Children, born at Woodbridge: Alanson, born 1790, farmer; Marshall, 1792, a farmer; Lockey, 1794, married Sheldon Wooster; a farmer; Harriet, 1796, married Silas Thomas, and resided in German, New York; Lucian, mentioned below; Emeline, 1803; married Beri Driver; Anna, 1805;

Miles, 1808, died 1810.

(VI) Lucian, son of Matthew Baldwin, was born February 6, 1800, at Woodbridge, Connecticut, now Naugatuck, died September 20, 1855. He was a farmer and school teacher, a prominent citizen and a man of exemplary character. In politics he was a Whig. He married (first), in 1824, Laura Johnson, who died soon afterward. He married (second), at Oxford, May 20, 1830, Aurelia Tolles, of Woodbridge, born August 12, 1803, died September 21, 1889, daughter of Daniel Tolles, a farmer of Bethany. Child of first wife: Laura J., married —— Brooks. Children of second wife: Mary T., born July 8, 1833, died January 1, 1837; Ellen A., December 5, 1834, died April 5, 1836; Milo L., March 12, 1836, died May 23, 1864; Henry Dwight, August 15, 1837, served in Twentieth Connecticut Regiment in civil war; was a stone mason by trade; died November 15, 1882; Herbert

Clark, a otherse had a shorted W mall, M. V. 23, 18-13. He served in Twentieth Connecticut Regiment in married William D. Gilbert, a carpenter of

1 1. 1/110

win, was born at Oxford, September 3, 1840, During his boyhood and youth he attended the farm. He was fifteen years old when his working out on farms in the vincinity. He enlisted November 7, 1861, in Company K, Gulf. He took part in the engagements at Georgia Landing, Irish Bend, Cane River, 1864 his regiment was transferred to Virginia, he was under Sheridan, taking part in the battles of Berryville, Winchester, Fisher Hill and Cedar Creek, where he was wounded. He was made corporal December 12, 1862, 1865, and breveted first lieutenant from March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious service at Port Hudson. He was mustered out April farming with much success since that time. of the Republic; of Seymour, and of the Grange, Patrons of Husbandry. He is a Re-He was assessor, member of the board of relief, justice of the peace, first selectman for many years, selectman from 1873 to 1800 inclusive, and chairman of the board during that time, with the exception of two years; member of the Connecticut general assembly in 1876-80-83-84-91-99-1901. He has been an active and useful citizen, faithful to every trust and efficient in the discharge of every

The married, December 25, 1806, Josephine Helen Jones, of Pompey, Onondaga county, New York, a native of Scott, Cortland county, ter of Van Rensselaer and Helen (Clute) county, her mother in Saratoga county, New York. Her father, who died in 1888, was a prosperous merchant and farmer, a Democrat

in politics, a Baptist in religion; children; Ehzabeth, Harriet, Mary, Josephine H., George and William Jones, besides two who died in infancy. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin; Edward Dwight, born June 11, 1868, died February 18, 1860; Lucian Earl, January 20, 1870; living at Middletown, Connecticut; married Sadie Tyler, of Rye, New York; children; Raymond Earl, Helen May, Mildred, died January 3, 1000, Arabel; Al-

rington, Connecticut; William A., January 21 1884, died July 7, 1885; Harold T., December

law in the office of Wooster, Wilhams & Gager, of Derby, Connecticut. He was ap-Ritta Gillette, born September 14, 1871, at College Point, daughter of George L. and

Rhoda (Terrill) Gillette. Children: Harriette Gillette, born March 25, 1898; Alfred Carleton, July 4, 1900; Ralph Vaughn, April 7, 1905; Herbert Edward, June 20, 1908.

THOMPSON the subject of this sketch was Anthony Thompson,

was Anthony Thompson, who came from England, and settled in New Haven in 1639. The same year he signed the constitution of the colony, and in 1644 he took the oath of allegiance. He is mentioned in the first and second divisions of land, also as having an estate worth one hundred and fifty pounds. He married twice; nothing is known of his first wife; his second was named Katherine. She survived him, and after his death married Nicholas Camp, of Milford, Connecticut. He died the latter part of March, 1648. In his will he mentions children of the first wife as follows (order of birth not known): John; Anthony; Bridget; children of second wife: Daughter; Daughter; Ebenezer.

(II) John Thompson, "the mariner," son of Anthony Thompson, was born about 1632, in England. He married Ellen Street, Children: John; Joseph, born April 8, 1664, mentioned below; Mary; Samuel; Sarah L. (III) Joseph, son of John Thompson, was

(111) Joseph, son of John Thompson, was born April 8, 1664, died December 14, 1711. He married Elizabeth Smith. Children: Anna; Joseph, mentioned below; Stephen; Jonathan; Ebenezer.

(IV) Ensign Joseph (2) Thompson, son of Joseph (1) Thompson, was born March 5, 1703, died July 5, 1745. He married Hannah Smith. Children: Mabel; Esther; Jeduthan,

mentioned below; Mary.

(V) Jeduthan, son of Joseph (2) Thompson, was a private in the revolution, in Bradley's Connecticut Matrosses, and was killed by the British in New Haven, where the Webster school now stands. He married Thankful Beardsley. Children: Thankful; Eunice; Hannah; Joseph, mentioned below.

(VI) Joseph (3), son of Jeduthan Thompson, died July 23, 1856. He married Mary Ann Sharp. Children: Fanny; Cynthia; Louisa: Jeduthan, mentioned below; Charles;

George; Lucinda; Joseph; Jane.

(VII) Jeduthan (2), son of Joseph (3) and Mary Ann (Sharp) Thompson, was born February 8, 1809. He married Amanda C. Hockin, who was born in New Haven, 1814, died Janúary 24, 1889, daughter of Elias and Clarinda Hockin. Children: Elias; Horace; Susie: Sherwood Stratton, mentioned below.

(VIII) Sherwood Stratton, son of Jeduthan (2) Thompson. was born in New Haven, November 14, 1844. He attended the Webster

school until the age of fifteen, when he was obliged to go to work. He entered the dry goods store of S. L. Smith, as a clerk, and slept on the counter nights. He remained with them about two years, when the civil war broke out, and in 1862 he enlisted, at the age of seventeen, in Company A, Twenty-seventh Connecticut Volunteers. During his service he was promoted to corporal. When his enlistment expired, at the end of nine months, he returned to New Haven and went into the baking business with S. S. Twitchell under the firm name of Twitchell & Thompson. After the death of Mr. Twitchell, in 1874, Mr. Thompson assumed entire control, and the name was changed to S. S. Thompson & Company, and became a wholesale business exclusively. In politics Mr. Thompson is a Republican. He has served as councilman for two years; alderman and acting mayor two years; park commissioner two years; member of the board of education one year; and police commissioner. He is a member of Admiral Foote Post, G. A. R.; The Army and Navy Club; New Haven Colony Historical Society; Union League; Young Men's Republican Club; Sons of the American Revolution; Waltonian Club; Chamber of Commerce, and Founders and Patriots' Association. He has been identified with Harmony Lodge, I. O. O. F., since January 2, 1867; Hiram Lodge, No. 1, A. F. and A. M., since November 22, 1866; Franklin Chapter, R. A. M., since November 7, 1871; Harmony Council, R. and S. M.; New Haven Commandery, Knights Templar, since December 15, 1871; the Mystic Shrine since December, 1899; and Israel Putnam Lodge, A. O. U. W., since March 8, 1888.

In religion he is an Episcopalian, and a ves-

tryman of Trinity Church.

He married (first) Mary J., daughter of Robert and Mary E. (Burwell) Blair. He married (second), December 24, 1878, Ellen Louise, born in Newtown, Connecticut, January 22, 1850, daughter of Captain Julius and Mary Elizabeth (Parsons) Sanford (see Sanford VII and Parsons II). Child of first wife: Nellie B., married Henry L. Pardee, of New Haven, May 4, 1889; children: Sherwood Wallace Pardee, born December 28, 1892; William H. Pardee, July 8, 1895. Child of second wife: Paul Sanford, born September 10, 1882, attended the public schools and the Webster school, and is now president and manager of the S. S. Thompson Company. Mr. Thompson attends Trinity Church. He is a director of the Business Men's Association and a member of the Chamber of Commerce; an honorary member of Company A,





Sherwood & Thompson



Elouse Thompson.





Paul Linfoul Thompson



Treatment and the treatment will be the member of Sono of the store of the Patron William J. and Anna E. (Johnson) Root.

The following appeared in the New Haven Line of April on Copy and to the rest of

"A Tallion"

at Bridgeport. Her voice had grown much stronger, sincer in the state. She made her debut in concert music in old Music Hall, April 8, 1869. She received most extravagant applause and merited it.

remarkable performances of the period, for her success was complete, and she was then only nineteen balee in 1872, in Boston, being a member of the

the same time the Torque or one

tings in 1000. He held the manors of Sandcouped close or, second and third quarterly per fesse indented azure and ermine. Crest: A falcon with wings endorsed preying on a partridge projer. Motto: Nec temere nec

was probably the son of Authory and Joan permits of the in the same also born 1035; Sarah, 1637; Mary, January 16, 1641; Samuel, April 30, 1643, mentioned be-

died there in 1901. He married there, April station to the state of the sta me and he to the transfer of the

Hannah (Bronson) Sanford, was born at Milford, March 12, 1680. He married Esther ford, March 12, 1080. He married Esther Baldwin, born 1683. They removed to Newtown, Connecticut, in 1711. Children, born at Newtown: Nathaniel, December 3, 1702; Samuel, April 1, 1704, mentioned below; Ebonorer, February 22, 1705; Esther, February 10, 1707; John, October 17, 1709; Daniel, November 1, 1711; Stephen and Moses, twins, Nativa Lieb Language, 18, 1871; Hanneb, Longuage 1713; Job, January 10, 1715; Hannah, January

(IV) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) Sanford, was born in Milford, April 1, 1704, died in Newtown, Connecticut, March 7, 1758. He married, June 16, 1730-31, Hannah Gillet. Children, born at Milford: Samuel, March 23, 1731-32; Thomas, March 3, 1732-33; Amos, October 18, 1733-34; Mary, 1735; James, 1736; Sarah, 1738; Hannah, 1740; Lois, 1750.

(V) Captain Samuel (4) Sanford, son of Samuel (3) and Hannah (Gillet) Sanford, was born March 23, 1731-32, died July 12,

settled in Newtown, Connecticut, and was a maker of spinning wheels, looms for spinning thread, weaving cloth and carpets, etc. His homestead was lately occupied by Frederick Sanford. He married (first) August 19, 1765, Abiah Dunning; (second) Charity (Foot) Bristol. Children of first wife, born at Newtown: Annette, March 12, 1767; Isaac, February 2, 1768; Josiah, September 6, 1769; Betsey, September 26, 1771; Sarah, July 28, 1773; Joel, March 23, 1775; Ruth, 1777; Ruth, December 1, 1779; Azubah, June 3, 1781; Artemisia, 1783; Abigail, 1785. Children of second wife: Abiah Ann, Febru-

ary 10, 1790; Josiah, June 9, 1793, mentioned below; Philo, July 11, 1796. (VI) Josiah, son of Samuel (4) Sanford, was born in Newtown, June 9, 1793. He succeeded his father in the cabinet-making business in 1830, and began the manufacture of broadcloth, cassimere and satinets with hand looms at Sandy Hook, in the town of Newtown. From 1830 to 1842 he carried on a large and profitable business and built a large part of the village. Besides his mill, he conducted a general store, owned large tracts of land and had an excellent farm. He was a capable and upright business man, of great force of character. He was one of the founders of the Newtown Academy. He taught his sons the value of industry, self-reliance and integrity and their careers gave evidence of an unusual early training. He died July 26, 1851. Children: Edwin; Julius, mentioned below; Henry: Frederick; Charlotte, married George B. Wheeler; Margaret, married Albert Northup; Josiah; Augusta.

(VII) Captain Julius Sanford, son of Josiah Sanford, was born at Newtown, August 27, 1819. He was educated in the public schools. He was fonder of machinery than his brothers, and early in life became familiar with his father's business. At the age of eighteen he began an apprenticeship to learn the trade of machinist in the shops of Warner & Isbell, at Naugatuck. After he served his time he returned to Sandy Hook and learned the hatters' trade under Moses Parsons. He worked for Mr. Parsons a number of years and married his daughter. He began manufacturing hats on his own account—nap, fur and silk hats then in fashion, but eventually made a specialty of wool felt for men's soft hats and enjoyed a large and flourishing

At the beginning of the civil war he helped raise a company and was elected captain. There was no braver nor more respected a captain in the Twenty-third Connecticut Regiment than Captain Sanford of Company C. He had a sword presented by many citizens of Newtown, Connecticut. This sword was seized when Captain Sanford was taken prisoner and held until June, 1910, when it was returned to his daughter, Mrs. Sherwood Stratton Thompson. Mrs. Thompson will present it to the Memorial Library of Newtown. While on guard duty at Brazier City, Louisiana, he and his command were taken prisoners, but not before they had destroyed the stores in their custody. He was confined in the military prison at Camp Ford near Tyler, Texas, and suffered the rigors and hardships of prison life, mitigated to some extent by the kindness of Masonic brethren and some of his fellow prisoners.

When he came home he became a charter member and first Master of Hiram Lodge of Free Masons, of Newtown. He took charge of a music store in New Haven after the war, but never recovered his health. He died November 1, 1879, of disease contracted in prison. He was a kindly and charitable man, intensely fond of his home and family, and beloved by all who knew him. He was a Republican in politics and an Episcopalian in religion.

He married Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Moses and Huldah (Adams) Parsons (see Parsons IV). Children: I. Ellen Louise, born January 22, 1850; married, December 24, 1878, Sherwood Stratton Thompson (see Thompson VIII). 2. Kate, died young. 3. Gertrude, born July 28, 1866; married, October 5, 1897, Clarence Buckmaster Bolmer, of Yonkers, New York; now of New Haven.

The State of the last

well as a farmer. He died after 1747. He 1713, in the South Field, and a house and thirty acres there February 20, 1720, of Capurchases of real estate and was evidently a man of substance. He married Anna—. Children, born at Emield: Philip, August 2, 1708: Nathaniel, March 11, 1709-10, menwithout issue; Thomas, November 20, 1718;

Parsons, was born at Enfield, March 11, 170010. He or his son of the same name was a
soldier in the French and Indian war in 1758
in Lieutenant David Parson's company, under
Major General Phinehas Lyman, Third Comthe Scantic river, February 26, 1728-29, and
thaniel Parsons appears to have been living
the cers, Connecticut, where his wife Mary
Iuly 31, 1780, in her eighty-second year:
they had a son Stephen, born February 20,
1730-31. Nathaniel, son of Philip, married

January 30 1727 36 Alice Calling

14. 1716, daughter of Rev. Nathaniel Collins, minister of the Enfield church, graduated at Alice Adams, who died February 19, 1755. daughter of Rev. William Adams, of Dedham, son of Rev. Nathaniel Collins, who was born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, March 7, 1042, died at Middletown, Connecticut, December 28, 1684; graduated at Harvard in 1660 and was ordained minister at Middletown, November 4, 1006; married, August 3, 1004, Mary, daughter of William Whiting. Deacon Ed-ward Collins, father of Rev. Nathaniel Collins, Sr., appeared in Cambridge as early as 1638 in low down in the sent contribution was admitted freeman, May 13, 1640; lived many years on Governor Cradock's plantation and finally purchased it: deputy to the general court many years; died in Charlestown, April 9, 1089, aged eighty-six. Alice Adams, the immigrant, of Braintree, Massaliam Adams, was the daughter of Maj

Children of Nathamel and Alice (Collins)
lived in Enfield; Asa, February 4, 1742; Edward, 1745, died in Springfield; Ebenezer, 1748; William, 1750, mentioned below; Shubael, 1752, died at Enfield; Alice.

(HII) William, son of Nathamel and Alice (Collins) Parsons, was born at Enfield, March 24, 1750, died at Windsor Point, May 20, 1819. He married, August 24, 1775, Abigail Wright, who died in January, 1837. Children, born at Windsor: Abigail, April 17, 1777; Roxanna, March 3, 1779; Rhoda, October 25, 1782; William, December 30, 1785; David, March 18, 1787; Phineas, July 24, 1780; Abigail, November 22, 1701; Moses, May 9, 1704, mentioned below; Laura, January 30, 1700.

(IV) Moses, son of William and Abigail (Wright) Parsons, was born at Windsor, May 9, 1794. He removed to Newtown, Connecticut. He married (second) Huldah Adams. Their daughter, Mary Elizabeth Parsons, married October 4, 1848, Captain Julius

Sanford (see Sanford VII)

John Duer, the first of the name DUER of whom there is a record, was a wealthy planter of Antigua. His wife was Frances, daughter of General Frederick Frye, of the British West India service. They had a son, William, mentioned below.

(II) Colonel William Duer, son of John Duer, was born in 1747, in Devon-hire, England. He was educated at Eton, and in 1762 went to India as an aide-de-camp to Lord Clive. He came to New York in 1768. Here he was colonel of the New York provincial congress, delegate to the continental congress in 1777, delegate to first constitutional convention of New York and assistant secretary of the treasury. He married Lady Catherine Alexander, daughter of the famon's William Alexander, daughter of Philip Livingston, the second Lord of Livingston Manor. William Alexander, Lord Sterling, was a major-general in the revolution and died in 1783. He was an only son of James Alexander, who established the family in America in 1716, and married a granddaughter of Johannes de Peyster. His

family was of ancient descent in Scotland, its lineage going back to King Robert II. The eldest son of Colonel William Duer was William Alexander, mentioned below.

(III) William Alexander, son of Colonel William Duer, was born in 1780, died in 1858. From 1829 to 1842 he was president of Columbia College. He had a son, William Den-

ning, mentioned below.

(IV) William Denning, son of William Alexander Duer, was born in December, 1812, in Albany, New York, or in Rhinebeck, New York, died in 1891. He married Caroline, daughter of James Gore King, who was the son of Rufus King, the statesman. The latter was born in Maine, and was the first United States senator elected from New York state (see King VI). Children: 1. Edward Alexander, born 1840; married Anna Vanderpool, daughter of John Van Buren Vanderpool, and granddaughter of President Martin Van Buren. 2. James Gore King, born in 1841; married, 1864, Elizabeth Wilson. daughter of Orlando Meads, of Albany; children: Caroline King; Eleanor Theodora, married Joseph Larocque Jr.; Alice. 3. Rufus King. 4. William Alexander, born 1848; married Ellen, daughter of William R. Travers, and granddaughter of Reverdy Johnson; child,

Katharine Alexander. 5. Denning, mentioned below. 6. Sarah Gracie. 7. Amy.

(V) Denning, son of William Denning Duer, was born September 15, 1850, in New Jersey. He was educated at private schools, at Sing Sing, New York, and at Churchill's Military School of Sing Sing, New York. While at this school he became the lieutenantcolonel of the school regiment. He then entered Columbia College, from which he graduated with the degree of A. B. in 1867. For a number of years after he was a stock broker in New York City. Subsequently, under President Arthur's administration, he became attached to the United States consul's office at Lisbon, where he remained for two years. In 1890 he returned to America, retired from active pursuits, and settled in New Haven, Connecticut. He is a member of the Quinnipiack Club of New Haven. He is also a member of Trinity Church, New Haven. He married, February 12, 1874, in New York City, Louise Suydam, daughter of Henry Lispenard. She was born August 17, 1853, on Long Island, and was later adopted by her uncle, Ferdinand Suydam. Child, Caroline Suydam, born August 16, 1876.

## (The King Line).

According to the latest researches in the family history, John King, of Weymouth, is the progenitor. (See genealogy of the King family of Scarborough, published in newspaper form and bound in book form in the New England Historic Genealogical Society, Bos-

(I) John King, immigrant, was born in England, and settled at Weymouth, Massachusetts, where he was called John, senior. He was master of a fishing vessel in 1640, and was before the general court in 1638. His home at Weymouth was near what is still called King's Cove. He was at Lynn for a time, and was a proprietor of the town of Weymouth. He deposed in 1657, in the Tidd case, that he was fifty-seven years old. His first wife died and he married Dorothy Hunt, widow of Enoch Hunt. Children: Mary, born June 15, 1639; Abigail, March 14, 1641; Thomas, mentioned below.

(II) Thomas, son of John King, was born at Weymouth in 1643 and died, according to his gravestone, at Dighton, November 30, 1713, aged seventy years. He was town clerk of Freetown in 1669. He married, in 1670, Mary Sprague, born April 5, 1652, daughter of William Sprague, of Hingham.

His son John is mentioned below.

(III) John (2), son of Thomas King, was born about 1675-80. He was living in Boston as early as 1699. He married (first) Elizabeth —, who died in Boston, November 20, 1715. He married (second) Mary, daughter of Benjamin Stowell (intention April 2, 1718). She died March 7, 1770. She joined the North Church, Boston, June 20, 1725, and seven days later her children, Mary, Sarah, William, were baptized, and later David and others. The births and baptisms of Mehitable and the second Richard are not recorded. Children, born in Boston, of first wife: 1. John, born January 2, 1705. August 31, 1709. 4. Richard, October 25, 1711, died young. 5. Lydia, January 19, 1713. Children of second wife, also born in Boston: 6. Richard, mentioned below. 7. Mary, June 8, 1719. 8. Mehitable, married John Kneeland. 9. Sarah, February 27, 1720. 10. William, baptized June 27, 1725. 11. David, baptized August 12, 1726. 12. Rebecca, baptized November 10, 1728. 13. Josiah, baptized April 4, 1731. 14. Martha, baptized Septem-

ber 2, 1733. 15. Katherine, May 23, 1736. (IV) Richard, son of John (2) King, was born in Boston in 1718. The following inscription is from a memorial recently erected

to him:

In memory of Richard King, born at Boston, Massachusetts, in 1718, died at Dunstan's Landing, Scarborough, 1775. Commissary of Subsistence and

graduate of Harvard University in 1777. Served as Major and Aide on the staff of General Glover in Rhode Island in 1778. Member of the Massachu Delegate from Massachusetts to Continental Con-gress 1784. Member of the Convention which framed the Constitution of the United States in trained the Constitution of the United States in 1787. Member of the convention of Massachusetts which ratified the Constitution of the United States, 1778. Senator of the United States from the state Inflexibly opposed to the extension of slavery in the Union. Orator, Statesman, Patriot.

Union, Orafor, Matesman, Patriot.
William King, born February, 1768. First Governor of Maine. Born at Scarborough, February, 1768. died at Bath, June 17, 1852. Buried in Maple Grove Cemetery, Bath. Member of the Maine Legis-

twenty-eight years trustee of Bowdoin College. His statue stands in the Capitol at Washington, representing the State of Maine. umbia College, 1704. Member of Congress from

Richard King lived in early youth with the Stonelle in Venton Algorithms the say appropriate carried to the second and the second and to we make a substitute or finne ton, it Wilder me Man, it is higher then a resident of Boston, he bought of William Cleaves, of Boston, land at Dunstan Landing, Scarborough, Maine, and soon after removed thither. He was selectman of Scarborough in 1757-58-59-60, and served on a committee to determine the line between the two parishes of the town. He held various other town offices and his name is often in from March, 1754, to March 19, 1764. The to have suffered from unpopularity on account of his political views. Even the son Rufus was hazed on account of suspected lovalty to King George, though later he was an ardent enough patriot. In 1777 there was a partial division of Richard's estate. He married, November 20, 1753. Sibylla Bragdon, at Scarborough. She died October 19, 1759. married (second) January 31, 1762, Mary, daughter of Samuel Black. He died March 2, 1775, aged fifty-seven years. Mary died May 28, 1816, aged seventy-nine. She was born at York, Maine, October 8, 1736. Chil-

dren or met wife or reading Martin at the mentioned below. 2. Mary, November 2, 1756. 3. Pauline, March 1, 1759. Children 1750. 3. Famine, March 1, 1759. Charlen of second wife: 4. Richard, December 22, 1762. 5. Sibylla, September 8, 1764, died September 12, 1770. 6. Dorcas, May 20, 1766. 7. William, February 9, 1768. 8. Betsey, January 7, 1770. 9. Cyrus, September 6,

tion of the United States. He lived at Newservice to his country. He ranks as a states-She was fourteen years younger than her and talents. Children: John Alsop, governor of New York in 1857; Charles, president of

was born in New York in 1791, died in 1853. He was educated in Europe. Between the years 1818 and 1824 he resided in Liverpool, England, and was engaged in the American trade. He returned to New York City to become a partner in the banking house of Prime, Ward & King. He was a member of congress in 1849, was president of the New York chamber of commerce, and was in his day one of the most prominent business men of the city. After the panic of 1837 in this country he went to London and by his influence and ability induced the Bank of England to advance to his firm five million dollars in gold, which was the basis of resumption of specie payments and sound finance in the United States. In politics he was a Federalist. He resided at Weehawken, New Jersey. He married, in 1813, Sarah Rogers, daughter of Archibald Gracie. Children: Caroline, married William Denning Duer (see Duer III); Edward, born 1833; graduate of Harvard and has been president of the Harvard Club of New York; a prominent banker and president of the New York stock exchange; president of the Union Trust Company; president of the St. Nicholas Society; member of the Century Association, Harvard and University clubs, director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and of the National Academy of Design; member and treasurer of the board of trustees of the New York Public Library, the Astor-Lenox-Tilden foundations and a governor of the New York Hospital; married (first) Isabella Ramsey Cochrane, niece of Dean Ramsey, of Edinburg; (second) Elizabeth Fisher, of Philadelphia.

RUSSELL grant ancestor, came from England to America in 1638. He married —— Davis and both died about 1670. He left one child, a son one year old at the time of his death. His wife had died just before. He directed in his will that his "son be devoted to God in the way of learning, being likely to prove a useful instrument in the good work of the ministry," and designated the person to be his guardian. He had a daughter Anna and others who died young.

(II) Rev. Noadiah Russell, son of William Russell, was born July 22, 1669, and graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1681. He was for a time a tutor at Harvard and was one of the ten founders of Yale College and one of the original trustees from 1701 to 1713, one of the framers of the famous "Saybrook Platform," and was pastor of the First Church in Middletown, Connecticut, for twenty-five years, until his death. It

was written of him: "he was accounted a man of weight and wisdom throughout the colony." Such was his faithfulness and ability that the church immediately after his death summoned his son William to succeed him as pastor. He married Mary, daughter of Hon. Giles Hamlin, who came from England, and was one of the first settlers and principal proprietors of Middletown. Of their children, five sons and four daughters, Rev. William is mentioned below.

(III) Rev. William (2) Russell, son of Rev. Noadiah Russell, was born in 1690, and graduated from Yale College in 1709. He was for some time a tutor at Yale and was trustee of the college from 1745 to 1761. He was offered the position of rector or president of Yale College, "and was the first of the alumni to receive that honor from his alma mater, but could not accept, because negotiations with the people of Middletown for the removal of their pastor were ineffectual." Until his death in 1761, for a period of fortysix years, he was pastor of the church at Middletown, to which he was called immediately after the death of his father and predecessor. The pastorates of father and son over the same church covered a continuous period of nearly three-quarters of a century, ending in 1761. Rev. William Russell married Mary, daughter of Rev. James Pierpont (Harvard, 1681), also one of the ten founders of Yale College and one of the original trustees of Yale from 1701 to 1714, and during thirty years, 1684-1714, pastor of the First Church of New Haven. Another daughter, Sarah Pierpont, married Rev. Jonathan Edwards (Yale 1720), the distinguished theologian and president of Princeton College and ancestor of three presidents of Yale (Timothy Dwight, president 1795-1817, Theodore D. Woolsey, 1846-1871, and Timothy Dwight, 1886-1800). The Pierponts are descended from Sir Hugh de Pierpont, of Picardy, France, A. D., 980, whose grandson, Sir Robert de Pierpont, went from France to England in the army of William the Conqueror and was ennobled for distinguished conduct at the battle of Hastings, 1066. Among the children of Rev. William Russell were: Rev. Noadiah, who was pastor of the same church for thirty-seven years; William; Samuel, mentioned below. They had four sons and five daughters.

(IV) Samuel, son of Rev. William (2) Russell, was born in Middletown, about 1725, and married Ruth Wetmore of that town. They had four sons and three daughters.

(V) John, son of Samuel Russell, was born August 19, 1765. died December 7, 1801. He married Abigail Warner, born December 4,

1730, ded Joh ir 1836 Children Samel ments neithful a Lucy Warner July

ward: Augustus.

All So despublics in the elesell, was born August 25, 1780. He founded the could be a self-Company, in Canton, China, in 1824, in part-John M. Forbes, William H. Low, John C. Green, A. A. Low, Joseph Coolidge, Edward King and others. He married (first) Octo-ture 18413 Mary 11100 (1971)

ant of Cotton, Increase and Samuel Mather, of Massachusetts. She was born December 29, 1796, died September 4, 1819. He marnol (second) October 26, 1825, Frances Ann O borne, born December 4, 1798, sister of Osborne, mentioned below; John Augustus, mentioned below. Child of second wife, Samuel Wardsworth, born August 25, 1837

Russell, was born July 5, 1816, at Middle-town. He married (first), May 16, 1843, Augusta Harriet Mather, born July 17, 1824. ond) March 22, 1846, Amelia Charlotte Mather, her sister, born April 17, 1822. Child of first wife: George Clarence, April 1, 1844. wife: Samuel, mentioned below; George Os-

Russell, was born at Middletown, August 24. Children: Frederick, born April 12, 1852; Augustus, February 12, 1853; Francis William, April 29, 1854; William W., July 27, 1860; Mary A., February 22, 1862; Cornelia

Augusta, June 9, 1866.

(VIII) Samuel (3), son of George Osborne Russell, was born in Middletown, September 8, 1847. He attended Russell's School, New Haven, and Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts. For two years he studied in the office of James Renwick, an architect, New York City. For the next twelve years he was vice-president of the Russell Manufacturing Company, and since 1882 when he retired from active business he has been a director of this corporation. He is also a director of the Bombay Tramway Company of India, vicepresident of the Middletown Savings Bank, trustee of the Connecticut Hospital for the Insane, the Connecticut Industrial School, the Russell Library of Middletown and St. Luke's Home. He is a member of the Union Club of New York, the Lenox Club of Lenox, Massachusetts, and the Carrituck Shooting Club of North Carolina. In religion he is an Episcopalian, in politics an Independent. He was mayor of the city in 1896-97. He married ruary 2, 1876, daughter of Henry G. Hub-

he was yet at the head of the great commercial

tone of the other country of

mark it as a stately old home in which its owner justly takes much pride. Mr. Russell

ough (Hubbard) Russell, was a descendant of George Hubbard, who was born in England in 1601 and settled in Hartford as early as 1639, one of the first who came by land located at Windsor, Hartford and Wethersfield. Mrs. Russell was a granddaughter of

Mr. Russell is descended through his

(IX) Thomas McDonough, son of Hon.

Samuel (3) Russell, was born at Middletown, Connecticut, April 11, 1874. He attended private schools and prepared for college at St. Mark's School, Southborough, Massachusetts. In 1893 he entered the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University and took a course in engineering and became a contracting en-

gineer.

He is consulting engineer of the Russell Manufacturing Company of Middletown and prominent among the younger business men of the city. He has been active in politics and prominent in public life. He represented the city in the general assembly in 1901, was an alderman of the city in 1902 and mayor in 1908-09. His father has also been mayor of the city. He was a member of the board of education from 1902 to 1910. politics he is a Republican. He enlisted in the Second Connecticut Regiment, Company H, of Middletown, in 1898, and became captain in 1902. He resigned his commission in 1908 and served as paymaster of the regiment in 1908-09. He was appointed major of the staff of the governor of Connecticut in 1909, and now holds that rank and dignity. He is a member of the Union League Club of New Haven; St. John's Lodge, No. 2, Free and Accepted Masons, of Middletown; Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Middletown; and the Knights Templar, of Middletown. He is a trustee of the Middletown Savings Bank, director of the Central National Bank of Middletown, and an active member of the fire department. He is a prominent member and vestryman of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church of Middletown. He resides in a charming and artistic residence that he built on High street, opposite his father's

He married, November I, 1899, Henrietta, born August 2, 1874, daughter of Jonathan Ingersoll, of New Haven. She is a member of the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Children, born at Middletown: Thomas McDonough Jr., February I, 1901; Margaret Hubbard, April 2, 1905.

William Russell, the first of the name of this branch of the family, was found in Stratford, Connecticut, about the middle of the eighteenth century. He married there, July 2, 1741, Bethia, daughter of Eliphalet Curtis. She died March, 1749, aged twenty-eight, and he married (second) Hannah, daughter of Zechariah Brinsmade, March, 1753. Children: Mary, born January 18, 1742-43; Hannah, April 9, 1744; Elizabeth, August 23, 1745; Eleazer, May 11, 1747; William, baptized No-

vember, 1753, mentioned below; Eliphalet,

baptized September, 1755.

(II) William (2), son of William (1) Russell, was born in Stratford, Connecticut, and baptized there November, 1753. He married, January 12, 1777, Jerusha. daughter of Pierson Hawley. He was a whaler by occupation and died in Stratford. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private in Captain Samuel Whiting's company (Second Stratford), Colonel Waterbury's regiment, in 1775. Children: Eliphalet, born November, 1777; Jerusha, February 27, 1779; William Samuel, June 17, 1781; Anson, January 19, 1783; Charles, January 12, 1785; Alden, October 26, 1786, mentioned below; Betsey, October 22, 1788; William, August 27, or November, 1791; Marcus,

August 5 or 20, 1793.

(III) Alden, son of William (2-) Russell, was born October 26, 1786, in Stratford, and died there. Like his father and grandfather, he was a whaler by occupation. He first went out with them and later ran a coasting vessel from Derby to Boston. He went to China and other foreign ports, first as mate and later as captain. He retired some time before his death and went to live on the old Russell homestead, which his grandfather had built. He was a public-spirited man and took an active part in town affairs. He was much interested in the public schools. In religion he was an Episcopalian. He married Sarah Andrews, who died in Stratford, Children: I. William B., born February 15, 1815, East Hampton, Connecticut; married Sarah Brown; three children, of whom one is living. 2. George W., June 16, 1817; married Margaret Bergen; four children lived to maturity. 3. Chester, November 20, 1820, mentioned below. 4. John, January 21, 1823; M.D.; married; two children; died in Texas. 5. Sarah Ann, June 6, 1825; married Herrick Sutton. 6. Charles Henry, October 23, 1827; major of a Maryland regiment in civil war; married; no children. 7. Joseph, February 16, 1831; married; three children; lived in Greensboro, Alabama. 8. Maria, April 12, 1833, died young. 9. Isaac, October 16, 1834; removed to California. 10. Julia, June 2, 1839, died at age of twenty-one.

(IV) Chester, son of Alden Russell, was born November 20, 1820, in Stratford, died April 19, 1891, in Bridgeport. He was educated in Stratford and received his early business training there. Later he went to Bridgeport and went into the grocery and bakery business, in partnership with Mr. Sutton. He remained in this business all his life and was very successful. Since his death his sons have conducted the business. He was a Re-

publican in politics but did not take office of was trustee of the First Methodist Church

and active in its interest.

He married, April 3, 1851, Ann Elizabeth, daughter of Alpheus Beers, born January 7, 1823. Cornwall, Connecticut. Children: 1. Franklin Augustus, born March 7, 1852; mar-Edith C., Franklin, Marguerite. 2. James Howard, born December 1, 1854; married Carrie Hitchins; no children. 3. William Comparison Combined as 1840) a in rried Emma Goodale; children; Harry M., trude, Chester. 4. Jane Elizabeth, unone year. 6. Nellie Frances, married Robert beth R. 7. Harriet May, unmarried,

BUSH from Orange and a member of the assembly, 1909, was born in Milford, Connec-

His father, Benjamin Platt Bush, was born at Milford, May 29, 1817, and received his education at the public schools of that town.

Deglish family, and was born in or near the n - 1 - 100 | 1 - 13, 1783 | 10 - 100 | to Milford, Connecticut, with Captain Adam Pond, brother of Governor Pond, and died in Milford, November 4, 1820, from injuries reor red on shipboard. He followed the sea

He married Sarah Platt, who was born children: William, born March 21, 1813, died at Milford in 1907; Sarah, born June 20, 1815, married Enoch Blackwell, late of San Franried Benjamin Douglass Wells, and died in

Charles K. Bush spent his boyhood in northern Ohio, whither his parents removed 1866 with his parents and has since resided there. He graduated from the Yale Law School in the class of 1870. He was admitted to the bar and began immediately to practice

Mr. Bush married, January 18, 1874, Maria Elizabeth Tikiob, born July, 1849, in St. Croix, Danish West Indies. They have six 1807, and is a civil engineer by profession; he has three children: William, Thomas Kim-

Platt, who was baptized September 8, 1003, at Bovington, England, and who emigrated to branch of the family. Joseph and Josiah re-mained in Milford. Mr. Bush is descended

(II) Josiah, son of Richard Platt, was baptized November 16, 1645; he was married to Sarah Canfield, December 2, 1669, and he was admitted to the church October 22,

(III) Joseph, son of Josiah Platt, was baptized January 15, 1693; was married to Mehitable Fenn, June 16, 1720.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Mehitable Platt, was born November 13, 1724, died August 30, 1806. Hannah, his wife, died

September 25, 1809, in Milford.

(V) Benjamin, son of Joseph (2) and Hannah Platt, died at Milford, April 25, 1808, aged fifty-three years. His daughter, Sarah, born March 11, 1786, was wife of William Bush as before stated, and died at Milford, March 2, 1848.

## (The Kimberly Line).

Mr. Bush's father, Benjamin Platt Bush, before mentioned, married Charlotte Ward Kimberly, October 14, 1844. She was born in West Haven, Connecticut, March, 1819. She was the daughter of Captain Francis and Ada (Ward) Kimberly. Children: Charles Kimberly, born May 17, 1846; Francis Platt, October 28, 1848; Catherine Fields, July 2, 1850, died in 1870; William Benjamin, De-

cember 10, 1854.

The Kimberly family of which Mr. Bush's mother was a member was also an ancient one in Connecticut. Thomas Kimberly, the founder of the family in this state, and probably the progenitor of most of the Kimberlys in this country, was born in England and settled in Dorchester, Massachusetts, in 1635, coming with his wife, Alice, from London. He removed to New Haven, Connecticut, in 1638, and was the second marshal of the colony of New Haven. About 1667 he removed to Stratford, Connecticut. One of his children, Eleazer, was the first male child born in New Haven. He was for many years secretary of state and died at Glastonbury in 1707.

Another son, Nathaniel, from whom Mr. Bush was directly descended, was born in New Haven about 1640 and died at West Haven in 1705. His son, Nathaniel, was born about 1670 and died in West Haven in 1720. His son, Nathaniel, was born in West Haven about 1700, died there in 1780. His son, Silas, was born in West Haven about 1740 and died in 1803. He had several children, among whom were Hon. Dennis Kimberly, who was one of the most eminent lawyers in Connecticut and one of its most prominent citizens, and Captain Francis Kimberly, who was the grandfather of the subject of this sketch.

ancestor, was born in Dorchester, England, about 1640. Other Searles or Searle pioneers came before he did, and many of the Searles families are descended from John Searles, of Springfield, Massachusetts, who was there as early as 1637, and from Philip Searl, of Roxbury, Massachusetts. The name is spelled in various ways in the early records, but the descendants of Robert Searls have kept the same spelling for generations. Robert Searls married, in 1660, Deborah —, and about the same time came to America and settled in Dorchester, Massachusetts. He was admitted an inhabitant there June 9, 1662. The town record says that he was "town clerk for many years." and doubtless the completeness of the records relating to the Searls family is because he was clerk for sixteen years. He died at Dorchester, February 7, 1717, and his wife died March 2, 1713-14. He signed the Dorchester petition to the King in 1664. In 1668 he owned twelve acres in the "Great Lots." Children: Nathaniel, born in Dorchester, June 9, 1662; Salter, June 26, 1664; Esbon (given Edna in some accounts), February 24, 1669, died young; Robert, mentioned below; Esbon, March 18, 1674; Deborah, April 4, 1677; Jabez, March 13, 1679.

Robert Searls, the immigrant

(II) Robert (2), son of Robert (1) Searls, was born in Dorchester, Massachusetts, July 2, 1671. He died in Dorchester of smallpox, being, the town records say, "the fourth person that had it in the town of Dorchester, though such numbers had it in Boston and surrounding towns, and hundreds died of it there." His wife died May 17, 1761, and both were buried in Dorchester, and their graves marked with headstones. He was married, December 4, 1695, by Reverend Mr. Danforth, to Rebecca Evans. Children: Salter, baptized December 6, 1696; Rebecca and Deborah, twins, February 15, 1700; Mary, December 21, 1701; Robert, mentioned below.

(III) Robert (3), son of Robert (2) Searls, was born in Dorchester, July 3, 1705. He was known generally as Robert Searls Jr. He married, January 6, 1731, in Dorchester, Sarah Maudsley, of an old Dorchester family. Children, born in Dorchester: Elizabeth, born December 17, 1732; Rebecca, May 26, 1734; Elijah, March 28, 1736; John, May 17, 1738;

Salter, mentioned below

(IV) Salter, son of Robert (3) Searls, was born in Dorchester, June 15, 1741. When a voung man, he removed to Brooklyn, the county seat of Windham county, Connecticut, and he died there, May 25, 1808. He served on the school committee and other offices. He

married Alica Cady, of Brooklyn, Connecticat Share and health of 1737 and
district 23 (8) and half half health
that Wedley and health of the
Brooklyn transfer and health
God; John; Richard; Bela, further mentioned
helow

It. Among their children were Henry, and I lwin Clark, mentioned below.

horn at Chaplin, Connecticut, in 1815-16 and died October 3, 1857. He was educated in the second of 
Edwin Clark Searls, was born in Pomfret. his life were spent there. The family then went to Brooklyn, where he lived until after the death of his father. Since 1858 his home Thompson. He attended private schools in Brooklyn and the Rawsonian Institute at Thompson. He entered Yale College in 1864 and was graduated with the degree of bachelor of arts in 1868. He began to study his profession in the law office of Gilbert W. Phil-Connecticut bar in 1870 at the August term and successful practice in Putnam. He stands high in his profession and takes rank among the foremost lawyers of the state. He has had for clients most of the large corporations of this section. He has been prominent in pubwas elected town clerk of Thompson in 1869, and since that time he has been a justice of elected to the general assembly from Thompson in 1871 and again in 1880, when he was one of the leading candidates for speaker of the house. He was elected Secretary of State he was chairman of the committee on new towns and probate districts in the legislature and when elected was the youngest member of the house. In 1880 he was chairman of the committee on appropriations and of the select committee on appropriations and of the select committee on constitutional amendments. In 1800 he was a delegate from Connecticut to the Republican National Convention at St. Louis. In 1903 he was appointed state's attorney for Windham county and has held that important office to the present time. In 1909 he was elected state senator from the twenty-eighth district and was chairman of the judiciary committee and the joint committee on rules. He is a member of the Connecticut State Bar Association and has been a member of the executive committee and of the committee on jurisprudence, of the former body, and a member of the local connecticut of the latter. For several years he was school visitor in the town of Thompson. He attends the Congregational church. He is in frequent demand as a public speaker.

He married, October 8, 1902, Sarah Alice Fell, born at Stoneham, January 2, 1862, daughter of Thomas Fell, a native of England, a prominent business man, formerly of Boston, later of Providence, Rhode Island.

The name of Kingsbury is ancient in England. Gilbert de Kingsbury was the incumbent of St. Peter's Church, Kingsbury, Warwickshire, about 1300. There were families of the name early in counties Northampton, Dorset, Herts, Suffolk, Middlesex, and Warwick. William de Kyngesbury appears on the roll of Caxton's Manor, in Little Cornard, Suffolk, as early as 1360, in the time of Henry IV, when he held Wattyscroft in the Manor of Little Cornard. In 1414 appears the name of John de Kingesbury, who was perhaps his son, or brother. They were undoubtedly the ancestors of the Suffolk family from which Henry Kingsbury, the American immigrant, was descended.

(1) John Kyngesbury lived in Great Cornard, county Suffolk, England, and his will was dated August 10, 1539. He directs that he shall be buried in the churchyard of St. Andrews of Cornard. He mentions his wife Elyn, several daughters, and two sons, John, the elder, and John, the younger, mentioned

<sup>(</sup>II) John (2) Kyngesbury, "the younger,"

lived in Edwardstone in 1578. He had two

sons, James, mentioned below, and Roger. (III) James Kingsbury lived in Boxford, and was a husbandman. His will was dated April 12, 1590, and proved June 8, 1590. His wife Agnes died in 1602. Children, baptismal dates given: 1. James, September 6, 1562; mentioned below. 2. Rachel, September 9, 1565. 3. Abraham, February 9, 1567. 4.

Henry, June 22, 1575.
(IV) James (2), son of James (1) Kingsbury, was baptized at Boxford, county Suffolk, September 6, 1562, and was buried there April 26, 1622. He married, October 22,. 1584, Anne Francis. Children: 1. James, of Carsey. 2. Henry, of Assington; came to New England in 1630. 3. John, baptized 1595; came to New England 1635 and settled in Dedham. 4. Elizabeth. 5. Sara, baptized 1597. 6. Joseph, came to New England and settled in Dedham in 1638. 7. Thomas, of Assington; mentioned below. 8. Alice.

(V) Thomas, son of James (2) Kingsbury, lived in Assington. According to Governor Winthrop's account, he agreed to come to New England, but never came. There is hardly a doubt, according to the family genealogy, that he was the father of Henry, men-

tioned below.

(VI) Henry Kingsbury, the immigrant ancestor, was at Ipswich, Massachusetts, as early as 1638, and a commoner in 1641. He subscribed to the Major Denison fund in 1648 and the same year sold his farm of thirty-two acres to Thomas Safford, and bought a house and land on High street, in Ipswich. On August 30, 1660, he and his wife Susan sold to Robert Lord their Ipswich property, and removed to Rowley. He served as fence viewer in Rowley in 1661-62-63. His farm was on the Merrimack river in that part of the town which was afterwards Bradford. According to a deposition made in 1669, his age was fiftyfour, making the date of his birth 1615. bought a house and land in Haverhill, March 31, 1648, and removed there, where he died October 1, 1687. His wife Susanna died in Haverhill, February 21, 1678-79. Children: 1. John. 2. Ephraim, killed by the Indians, May 2, 1676; he is believed to have been the first person in Haverhill slain in King Philip's war. 3. James. 4. Samuel, born 1649. 5. Thomas. 6. Joseph, mentioned below. 7. Susanna, married, January 29, 1661-62, Joseph Pike, who was killed by the Indians, September 4, 1694, in Amesbury, on the way to Haverhill.

(VII) Joseph, son of Henry Kingsbury, was born in 1657. He was made a freeman, October 11, 1682. He removed from Haverhill, Massachusetts, to Norwich, Connecticut, with his wife and sons Joseph and Nathaniel. He was chairman in the meeting at which the society was organized in 1716, and two years later he was chosen one of the first deacons. His descendants are numerous in Franklin (West Farms), formerly a part of Norwich. He married, April 2-5, 1679, Love Ayer, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Hutchins) Ayer, of Haverhill, who married, April, 1656. She was born April 15, 1663, and died April 2, 1735. He died April 9, 1741, aged eighty-five. Children: Joseph, born June 22, 1682, mentioned below; Nathaniel, August 23, 1684; Elizabeth, May 10, 1686, died May 24, 1706 (?); Mary, October 13-19, 1687; Elizabeth, October 16, 1693; Susannah, September

24, 1695.

(VIII) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Kingsbury, was born June 22, 1682, in Haverhill, Massachusetts. He married, February 5, 1705, Ruth Denison, daughter of John, son of John of Ipswich, born 1686-87. Chancellor Walworth calls her "that remarkable Ruth Denison who brought better blood into the family than the Kingsburys had before." They resided in Haverhill, Andover and Norwich. He died in Norwich, Connecticut, December 1, 1757, and she died May 6, 1779, aged ninety-three years. Children: Ephraim, born January 4, 1706-07, mentioned below; Han-nah, March 6, 1708; Love, February 23, 1710, at Norwich; Ruth, February 24, 1712, at Norwich; Joseph, February 27, 1714, at Norwich; Ebenezer, February 11, 1716, mentioned below; Eleazer, February 7, 1718; Eunice, 1720; Grace, October 14, 1722, died August 18, 1720; Daniel, December 14, 1724; Tabitha, October 7-17, 1726; Irene, March 13, 1729; Nathaniel, February 7, 1730.

(IX) Ephraim, son of Deacon Joseph (2)

Kingsbury, was born January 4, 1706-07. He married, July 3, 1728, Martha Smith. Children: Asa, born April 7, 1729; Absalom, February 13, 1730; Martha, August 16-18, 1733; Obadiah (Dr.), August 2, 1735; Irene, December 15, 1737; Ephraim, March 13, 1740, mentioned below; Tabitha, October 15-18, 1742; Anne (or Anna), November, 1746, died Sep-

Kingsbury, was born March 13, 1740, in Franklin, Connecticut. He married, April 13, 1758, Phebe French, of Franklin, who was born October 5, 1741, and they lived together for sixty-eight years, lacking a month. He was a soldier in the revolutionary war, being in Major Thomas Brown's regiment in the Lexington Alarm. He was an ensign with Generals Spencer and Wooster, 1776, in Con-





Addison Fingsburg

and the same of th New York De des Marce to, etc. and in mir and Alarch ay, else Chinese Av. and her April 14 co. The June 12 1960 C. Williams, Property of Party, Party, mantenant below a Ephradia, Toronto & Britis. 1911 liber - I Spinson LAI Bridge try. Connecticut. He married (first), Decemhe property Denison Alexand Manual Co. Connecticut, who died May 20, 1823. He marpad toward L. Commany L. 1824, Class Day cott, of Bolton, Connecticut, who died May dren, by first wife, born in Coventry: 1. Anna, born July 13, 1700; married, December 20, 1815. Daniel Smith, of Stafford, Connecticut. 2. Elisha, October 12, 1793; married, 1819, cut. 3. Amariah, March 10, 1796; married, March 10, 1810, Emily Buckland, of East Windsor, Connecticut. 4. Ephraim, July 20, con; -- med September 19, 7814, 5 -- --Figure 1 Language Company School Scho Man = 0, 1804 - dilu - 1 - cos /s ticking, September 25, 1805, died June 5, 1831, in Covrme - or of - to-or - Polling gare. Nelson, April 3, 1868; married, November 12, 1833, Nancy Thrall, of Vernon, Connecticut. 8. Phebe. June o, 1810; married, June 10, 1838, Ebenezer Peck, of Coventry. 9. by second wife; to. Harriet Newell, born May 21, 1825; married, February 4, 1863, Aaron Dart, of South Windsor, Connecticut. 11. January 3, 1854. Ann Jeannette Preston, of Vernon, Connecticut.

(XII) Alvin, son of Jabez and Freelove District the second of the second sec Connecticut, March 9, 1803, and died in Pro-Arm See Ser. In the series to ne time he was in the lumber business in the ity of New York, and for many years was engaged as a woolen manufacturer. He mared Emeline, daughter of Lieutenant Joseph Kingsbury; she was born at North Coventry, March 12, 1803, died in Coventry, October 7 1877. Children: 1. Martha Roxana; married her cousin, Charles A. Kingsbury, who was born in Chaplin, son of Ephraim Kingsbury. and Deacon Marcus Lillie. 4. Addison, - formaria a Analysi Indian are to Trees Amerables in 1837, illing August . 41

(XIII) Address so of Mrs of the

The machines which have been patented and manufactured by this company are considered to be far superior to others of their class, and in all the improvements which have been introduced the aim has been to simplify contion. In these particulars their success has

tion there is a monthly for the management and

nomical from every point of view. They cost the least possible amount of money that a machine with their earning capacity could be placed on the market for; they require comparatively less space than other machines doing same amount of work; and they are able to stand the greatest amount of wear and tear. By means of the improvements introduced by these machines, the daily output, which was creased from eighteen to twenty-five thousand in 1005, with the first machines still in excellent working order. The machines are ening order and are ready to begin operation as

dinary intelligence, thus dispensing with

They have been built with the utmost care for the safety of the operator, and the danger of accidents is practically eliminated. One of the specialties of the business is the furnishing of printed labels for their box customers. Mr. Kingsbury is treasurer and manager of the Kingsbury and Davis Machine Company, whose factory, which is located at Contocook, New Hampshire, produces the paper box ma-The machinery invented by Mr. Kingsbury for cutting the blanks for boxes is still in use, cutting blanks from strawboard in rolls at a speed of one hundred and twenty a minute. Since 1883 his son, Arthur Lillie, has been a partner, and when his son, Louis Addison, attained manhood he was also admitted to a partnership. More than two hundred and fifty hands are employed in the factories managed by Mr. Kingsbury, and the business is conducted under the corporate name of Kingsbury Box and Printing Company, of which Mr. Kingsbury is president, Arthur Lillie Kingsbury is treasurer, and Louis Addison Kingsbury is assistant treasurer. In political matters Mr. Kingsbury is a Republican. For many years he has been a deacon of the Congregational Church at South Coventry, and for more than thirty-five years has served as clerk of the church. His residence is in South Coventry. He has an extensive acquaintance and high standing in business circles, and his career has been one of superb success; it may well be cited as an excellent example of what may be achieved in business by energy, integrity, persistence and industry.

Mr. Kingsbury marrfed (first), October 26, 1858. Charlotte Elizabeth, born August 22, 1832, died December 30, 1879, daughter of Harry and Fannie Lillie. He married (second), October 27, 1881, Sarah Melissa, born May 28, 1843, died in South Coventry, April 29, 1900, daughter of Seymour and Mary (Reed) Scott. He married (third), in Bridgeport, Connecticut, January 24, 1901, Ida M. (Warner) Robertson, widow of George Robertson. Children of the first marriage, born in Coventry: Arthur Lillie, see forward; Lillie Gertrude, born June 8, 1865, died July 16, 1867; Louis Addison, see forward.

16, 1867; Louis Addison, see forward.

(XIV) Arthur Lillie, son of Addison and Charlotte Elizabeth (Lillie) Kingsbury, was born at South Coventry, January 2, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at a private school in Mystic, Connecticut. As mentioned above he is treasurer of the Kingsbury Box and Printing Company, and since 1882, has resided in Northampton. Massachusetts, where he has charge of the factory of the company located in that

town. He married, November 12, 1884, Alice Bingham, born in Hartford, Connecticut, January 2, 1858, daughter of Louis C. and Ellen M. (Davison) Palmer, and they have one son, Harold Palmer, born September 6, 1886, who is associated with his father in the management of the factory at Northampton. He married Elizabeth Miller, October 7, 1908.

(XIV) Louis Addison, son of Áddison and Charlotte Elizabeth (Lillie) Kingsbury, was born February 11, 1869. His education was similar to that of his brother, and he is the assistant treasurer of the Kingsbury Box and Printing Company, and manager of the plant at South Coventry. He married, September 9, 1892, Bessie Dell, born in South Coventry, October 12, 1866, daughter of William and Mary A. (Lucas) Bradbury. Children, born in South Coventry: Elizabeth, September 27,

1896; Eleanor, June 5, 1900.

(IX) Captain Ebenezer Kingsbury, son of Joseph (2) Kingsbury (VIII), was born February 11, 1716-17, at Haverhill; married, November 28, 1743, Priscilla Kingsbury, a cousin (and she is said to have read the Bible through before her marriage to see if it forbade the marriage of cousins). She was a daughter of his uncle Nathaniel. She died January 31, 1805, aged eighty-two. He died September 6, 1800, in the eighty-fourth year of his age, in Coventry. He was admitted to the church in Bolton, Connecticut, November 24, 1739. He was deacon of the church and a prominent citizen, representative in the general assembly, 1754-55-58-59-64-66-67-69-71, to 1780, inclusive; lieutenant of the trainband in the Fifth Regiment in 1753: captain in 1756; member of the committee of correspondence in 1774. The story is told that at a critical time of the revolution, he returned from a session of the general assembly one Saturday night and his daughter Priscilla molded bullets from the clock weights and his son Joseph baked biscuits on the Sabbath and when he returned Monday morning his saddle bags were balanced on the one side with food, on the other with the bullets, while sand took the place of the lead in the clock. Children: Ebenezer, born August 28, 1744; Mary, March 31, 1746; Ebenezer, January 27, 1749; Priscilla, December 26, 1751; Joseph, men-Martha Egerton, July 16. 1758; Ebenezer, August 30, 1762; Mary, November 26, 1764.

(X) Lieutenant Joseph Kingsbury, son of

(X) Lieutenant Joseph Kingsbury, son of Ebenezer Kingsbury, was born April 17, 1753, at Coventry; married (first), February 21, 1780, Lois Porter, born in Coventry, April 14, 1759, daughter of Jonathan and Lois (Richardson) Porter. He enlisted in Captain Talcott's company and was commissioned lieuterantic at the control of 
Daniel Perkins, born in Nor-PERKINS wich, Connecticut, 1776, died March 8, 1845, and was buried in the Elm Street cemetery. He married Isabella Maples. She died March 10, 1855, aged sixty-nine years, and was buried in the same

cemetery as her husband.

(II) Daniel Wolcott, son of Daniel Perkins, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, February 28, 1815, in a house on the road to New London, at East Great Plain, and died in Norwich, August 22, 1888. He was a builder and contractor in Norwich, and prior to the civil war he went to Brooklyn, New York, success. He returned to Norwich in 1865, in which year he retired from active pursuits. instrumental in having the eight-hour law passed, which was the first law of its kind teen years he served in the capacity of superintendent of the Sunday school of the First Baptist Church of Norwich, and for a number of years was chairman of the board of education of the West Chelsea school district of delphia, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Elizabeth Ann, born April 16, 1830, died November 20, 1839. 2. Theodore Mason, born August 9, 1840, in Brooklyn, New York, died September 23, 1865. 3. John Tyler, born December 5, 1841, see forward. 4. William Maples, born March 6, 1844; served in the United States navy during the civil war and so continued until the close of hostilities, when he returned to Norwich and has since been engaged in the building business; he married Lydia F. Harris, in Norwich, December 30, 1860; children:

i. William, deceased; ii. Ida, married Hannibal Hamlin Stanhope; iii. Fred, married Margaret Hefferman; iv. Theodore, died January 31, 1911; v. Arthur, deceased; vi. Ruth, deceased. 5. Henry Peale, twin of William Maples, died July 14, 1844. 6. Charles Wolcott, born November 23, 1846; served in the army during the civil war, and at the close of the same returned to Norwich and has since devoted his attention to the building business. He married (first), December 25, 1869, Hattie E. Clark, of Colchester, Connecticut; one child, Charles T.; married (second) Hattie Morrison, in Thompsonville, Connecticut, January 21, 1885; children: Elmer, Beatrice and Madeline. 7. Mary Francis, born September 6, 1848, died April 3, 1853. 8. Sarah Isabella, born August 13, 1851; married, November 6, 1869, George A. Robinson, of Leonard's Bridge, Connecticut; children: William; Clara; Mary, married Louis Wilson; Lena, married Fred Evarts; Lillian; Walter; Georgia. 9. Joseph Jabez, born August 13, 1853, died November 26, 1853, died October 5, 1800.

11. Hezekiah, see forward.

(III) John Tyler, son of Daniel Wolcott Perkins, was born in Brooklyn, New York, December 5, 1841, died suddenly at his home, 272 West Main street, Norwich, Connecticut, of heart disease. March 7, 1908. He was edu-States navy as landsman, and was promoted lowing two years he was in the East Gulf mustered out of the service, November 4, 1864. After the war he engaged in business with his father, who was a builder and con-T. Perkins & Company; his brothers were his partners. Mr. Perkins was not a carpenter, but was a good accountant and expert in makfications. He also had much knowledge of trusts that came to him. He was a shrewd, death and spent his declining years at his Norwich home. During his last years he was often employed to adjust fire losses for insurance companies. For many years he was

keenly interested in the work of the First Baptist Church, and he took a prominent part in raising the funds and building the new edifice on West Main street. His friends in the church say he was the best financier ever connected with the management of the society. He was a member of Sedgwick Post, No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic, and of Norwich 'Council, No. 12, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

A Norwich newspaper paid this tribute to his memory: "Mr. Perkins ranked as one of the successful business men of Norwich. In whatever he undertook, he was guided by correct principles and gave satisfaction, and his integrity was never doubted. He had a pleasing and gentlemanly personality and was ever an agreeable person to meet. He was a success in life and did all the good he could in a charitable way. In his home, among his kindred, in the church and this community, Mr. Perkins shed an influence for good and his advice was often sought and followed. The many people who knew Mr. Perkins feel that Norwich has suffered a distinct loss in his passing away."

Rev. William T. Thayer in the funeral address, said: "The community is better or worse for every citizen. Years of conscientious worthy living have given this life a rating to which no words of mine can add. Going in and out among you, like the thread in the loom, this life has spun from the shuttle of time into the fabric of your city's history. It is better for his having lived and to him this community owes a debt. A good citizen, a faithful friend, a devotee to the home, he has brought you lessons of integrity and honor. We gather here to-day in part payment of that debt. But it is not thereby paid in full. A nation's patriot and benefactor has fallen. He stepped into the ranks with other men and none was more loyal to the institu-tions of liberty and honor he fought to save. A lover of integrity, justice and peace has laid down his tools. Let us then not be idle, but quicken their use and hasten the completion of our community whose walls are integrity, whose halls are equality and whose assemblies are governed by justice and honor." He was buried in the Yantic cemetery.

He married, November 4, 1868, Nancy L., born September 9, 1845, in Norwich, Connecticut, daughter of Captain James Wyson and Elizabeth Ann (Cobanks) Baker. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. K. Ashley, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Norwich. Children: 1. John Hunt, born September 26, 1869, assistant treasurer of Dime Savings Bank of Norwich; married, February 14, 1893, Mabel, daughter of Charles P. Sturtevant, who was son of A. P. Sturtevant, who was a prominent citizen of Norwich and owner of the famous old Sturtevant House on Broadway, New York City, and of mills and other real estate in Norwich; children: i. Anna M., born July 20, 1897; ii. Marjorie S., died November 6, 1899, aged six years. 2. Mary Elizabeth, born May 14, 1872; married, August 29, 1900, Dr. John Aldrich, of Westerly, Rhode Island, son of James Aldrich. Captain Baker, father of Mrs. Perkins, was born in Salem, Connecticut, and was chief engineer of the Stonington Line of Steamboats plying between Stonington and New York; died June 30, 1877, at the old homestead in Norwich; his wife, Elizabeth Ann Baker, was born in New York, November 27, 1812, died

January 3, 1898.

Hezekiah, youngest son of Daniel Wolcott Perkins, was born in Norwich. Connecticut, December 23, 1857, died March 7, 1911, and was buried in Maplewood cemetery. He served in the capacity of accountant in the office of John A. Morgan & Son, of Norwich, for more than thirty years, a fact which attests to his faithfulness and ability. He served as a member of the Norwich city council, was chairman of the board of education of Norwich, West Chelsea district, for six years, and was the first secretary of the Cemetery Asso-He was a member of Somerset Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Franklin Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Franklin Council, Royal and Select Masters; and was chairman of the board of trustees of the First Baptist Church of Norwich for sixteen years. He married, October 18, 1881, in Norwich, Lena Gilbert, daughter of Gilbert L. Congdon, a resident of Norwich, formerly of Montville, Connecticut. Child, Maude Estelle, married, October 16, 1902, Louis Avery Wheeler, of Norwich.

(III) Jabez Perkins, son of PERKINS Sergeant Jacob Perkins (q.v.) was born in Ipswich, Massachusetts, May 15, 1677. He married (first), June 30, 1698, Hannah Lathrop, who died April 14, 1721. He married (second), December 17, 1722, Charity Leonard, of Middle-borough. He, with his brothers, Joseph and Matthew, removed from Ipswich to Norwich, in the part of the town afterwards named Lisbon. They bought about two thousand acres of land there in 1695. Joseph and Jabez Perkins were leading citizens in town and church affairs. Children by first wife, born in Norwich: Jabez, June 3, 1699; Hannah, 1701; Elizabeth, 1703; Mary; Jacob, May 22, 1709,

pantyge ! telms for the life that haps); Judith, 1714. Child by second wife:

Charity, December 6, 1724.

born in Norwich, May 22, 1709. He married, ton, Massachusetts. Children: Jacob and Jeton, Massachusetts, Chinter, Jacob and Amina (twins), born September 14, 1731; Timothy, June 30, 1733; Simeon, February 13, 1734; Mary, July 11, 1735, died young; Daniel, October 9, 1736; Abia, November 30, 1738; Luce, July 30, 1740, died July 13, 1756; Elkanah, June 14, 1742, died April 13, 1744; Zebulon, December 12, 1743; Jabez, July 28, 1745; Judith, April 14, 1747; Zephaniah, May 1, 1740; Hezekiah, January 15, 1751, mentioned below; Mary, August 23, 1753; Ebenezer, August 30, 1756.

(V) Hezekiah, son of Jacob (2) Perkins, was born in Lisbon, Connecticut, January 15, ter of Eleazer and Amie (Bowen) Fitch, of Windham, Connecticut. He passed his early the transfer of the transfer o pointed cashier of the Norwich Bank, which is chartered in 1796, and continued in that three until his death, when he was succeeded by his son, Francis Ashur. During his boyhood he resided in Liverpool and Norwich. He died in Norwich, September 11, 1822. Children: Francis Ashur, born August 12, 1784: Charlotte, November 16, 1786, died February 16, 1787; George Leonard, August 5, 1788, mentioned below; Charles, June 13, 1700, died August 5, 1700; Charlotte Whiting, January 5, 1707: Henry Fitch, July 14, 1700: Eliza Leonard, May 12, 1801, died May

10 1802 (VI) Colonel George Leonard Perkins, son of Hezekiah Perkins, was born in Norwich, August 5, 1788, died September 5, 1888, at Groton, Connecticut, aged one hundred years one month. He married Emily Lathrop, June 1, 1819, and she survived him (see Lathrop IX). He was known everywhere for more than forty years as the "venerable treasurer of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad Company,' and always lived at Norwich, where he was When he was twenty-two he was the right to began a named in and a cover in a sea voyage to Brazil for his health. He was so feeble when he started that his attendant had to carry him on board ship, but his voyage had such a good effect that he returned home in good health, and once said to a friend: "When I landed in New York I felt as if I could jump over any tree on the Battery, and I have give an imming ever since" He engaged in business in Norwich, as writer of newspaper advertisements, on March 9, 1809. war he again engaged in business. He was cian, and "not then, if the physician himself could relate anecdotes in every particular which happened almost a century before and was over one hundred he seemed but seventyfive, being tall and vigorous in appearance, with the faculties of perfect manhood. The anniversary of his one-hundredth birthday came on Sunday, and his name was mentioned in many sermons that day in the different churches. He entertained his friends on the next Monday, and remarked that he "had reached par." He died just one month after Groton, where he was spending his vacation with his family. Children: 1. Mary Lathrop, Perit, October 14, 1823, died 1840. 3. Thomas 4. Emily Newton, October 11, 1836.

(VII) Thomas Hezekiah, son of Colonel George Leonard Perkins, was born August 13, 1834, died May 20, 1880. He was an insurance broker in Norwich. He married married (second), September 23, 1872, Helen L'Hommidieu, daughter of Charles L. Reynolds, brother of Henry Lee Reynolds. She was born June 19, 1844. Children of second wife: Helen Lathrop, born April 4, 1874; Harold Reynolds, April 5, 1878; Marion Reynolds, December 8, 1880.

# (The Lathrop\* Line).

(VI) Samuel (2) Lathrop, son of Samuel (1) Lathrop (q.v.), was born in March, 1650, in New London, then Pequot, Connecticut. He married (first), November, 1675, Hannah Adgate, who died September 18, 1695. He married (second), December 30, 1697, Mary Edgerton, of Norwich. They removed to Norwich where his rank among the citizens is shown in the enrollment of 1730, when his name was next to the two Deacons Huntington, whose names followed the three ministers, Lord, Willes and Kirtland. He was a member of the first church of Norwich. He died December 9, 1732, and his wife died January 31, 1727-28. Children, born in Norwich, by first wife: Hannah, January 6, 1677; Elizabeth, November 1, 1679; Thomas, August 25, 1681, mentioned below; Margaret, October 1, 1683, died April 1, 1696; Samuel, January 6, 1685; Simon, May 3, 1689; Nathaniel, July

15, 1693.

(VII) Thomas, son of Samuel (2) Lathrop, was born August 25, 1681, in Norwich. He married, February 24, 1708-09, Lydia, daughter of Joshua and Mehetable (Smith) Abel, of Norwich. She died March 22, 1752. He was a prosperous man, as the inventory of his estate, four thousand four hundred and fifty-two pounds nine shillings ten pence, shows. His wife's inventory was five thousand eight hundred and fifty-two pounds six shillings ten pence. Letters of administration on his estate were taken out October 22, 1774, by his brother and Joseph Coit. Children, born in Norwich: Daniel, born May I, 1712; Lydia, April 10, 1718; Joshua, mentioned be-

(VIII) Joshua, son of Thomas Lathrop, was born in Norwich, May 8, 1723. He graduated at Yale College in 1743, and became prominent among business men in his town. He and his brother Daniel are spoken of in the sketch of Dr. Woodward as "successively the most celebrated druggists of their day in Connecticut. Importing medicines from Europe, they not only supplied a wide area of country about home, but also received orders from New York." He married, May 21, 1748, Hannah, daughter of David and Rachel

(Schellinx) Gardiner. David Gardiner's pa-- rents were John and Sarah (Coit) Gardiner; John Gardiner was son of David and Mary (Herningman) Gardiner; David was son of the pioneers of Gardiner's Island, Lion and Mary (Williamson) Gardiner. Hannah (Gardiner) Lathrop died July 24, 1750, and he married (second) November 5, 1761, Mercy, daughter of Rev. Nathaniel Eells, of Stonington. His will, dated May 29, 1795, mentions his wife, Mercy, his son Thomas, daughter Lydia Austin, friends and nieces Abigail Gardiner, Hannah Thomas, Mehetable Carew and Sally Eells. He died October 29, 1807, and his wife died July 7, 1833, aged ninetyone. In Mrs. Sigourney's "Past Meridan," this tribute is given: "Among childhood's unfading sketches of my native place is the figure of a beautiful old man of eighty-four, Dr. Joshua Lathrop, who, until the brief illness that preceded dissolution, took daily equestrian excursions, withheld only by very inclement weather. Methinks I clearly see him now; his small, well-knit, perfectly upright form, mounted on his noble, lustrous black horse, readily urged to an easy canter, his servant a little in the rear. I see the large, fair, white wig, with its depth of curls, the swarthy cocked hat, the rich buckles at knee and shoe, and the nicely plaited ruffles, over hand and bosom, that in those days designated the gentleman of the old school. Repeated rides in that varied and romantic region, were so full of suggestive thought to his religious mind, that he was led to construct a good little book, in dialogue form, on the works of nature and nature's God, entitled. 'The Father and the Son,' which we younglings received with great gratitude from its kind-hearted author. His quick, elastic step in walking, his agility in mounting his steed, as well as his calm and happy temperament, were remarkable, and a model for younger men." The "Norwich History" says of him: "He was the last in Norwich of the ancient race of gentlemen that wore a white wig. This, with the three-cor-nered hat, the glittering buckles at his knee and in his shoes, the spotless ruffles in his bosom, and the gold-headed cane, made him an object of admiring wonder to young eyes. The Panoplist has preserved a very pleasant memorial to him preached by his pastor, Rev. Dr. Strong. Children, born in Norwich: Thomas, born September 11, 1762, mentioned below; Lydia, October 10, 1764; Daniel, April 3, 1766. died June 29, 1766; Daniel, October 13, 1769; Joshua, probably died voung.

(IX) Thomas (2), son of Joshua Lathrop, was born in Norwich, September 11, 1762. He married, in Boston, October 9, 1783,

<sup>\*</sup> This family name variously appears as Lathrop and Lothrop.

Late, in the of Well and Collections. Holocoli se en en en el en dolo se 176s, grand'in the or he small to ma should be the go problem to the dre 25 mars 1 Denn M & Montes 11. gor, it with thought of the me column and Larie (Hunting tory 200) of Societies where them sayant and the always lived in Norwich, and was remembered long for his kind generosity. He was a type of the true old-time gentleman, well holding up his position in society. His will was dated July 16, 1810, and he died December .8, 1817, according to his headstone in the cometery. His wife lived almost fifty years longer than he did, and died January 28, 1862, in Norwich: 1. Joshua, July 25, 1787. 2. Jerusha, February 8, 1789. Children by sec-1792. 4. Mary, October 14, 1795. 5. Emily, July 30, 1708; married, June 1, 1810, George Leonard Perkins, of Norwich City (see Perkins VI). 6. William, June 1, 1801; married Levels (1) have the Serve her at 1828 7. Hannah Gardner, March 9, 1806; married, October 19, 1825, George Burbank Ripley, son of Dwight Ripley, of Norwich.

POTTER Shields, England, left a large the dean and chapter of Durham, after waiting the necessary time for the lost heir. About 1830 the American heirs claimed the estate, was apply Security, (0), 10 and in shields, county Durham, April 14, 1716. He bequeathed to his wife Anna and children, and the property is pretty fully set forth in the will be form to the second sec place. It is supposed that the two eldest sons, John and William Potter, entered into the posso sion of their share of the estate, while the voungest son Martin was killed or died at sea at the age of nineteen. The claim for the property was made by the heirs of William Potter, who emigrated to America in 1748 and married Abigail Durfey. Martin Potter married Ann Reid, who died at the age of eighty. Children, born and baptized at South Shields: John, mentioned below; William, born 1704. died young: William, born February, 1707, born July 4, 1710, died aged nineteen; George,

(II) John, son of Martin Potter, was born at South Shields, June 3, 1701, died in 1770. He married, December 10, 1723, Eleanor WilLinson, Children, all born in England: William, mentioned below: Sarah, October 31, 1727; John, February 20, 1732; Eleanor, June bella, December 9, 1742; Thomas, died in Philadelphia.

tober 12, 1773, at New London, Connecticut. He married, September 15, 1748, Abigail Durfee, who died in 1823, aged ninetythree. Children, born at New London: William, August 5, 1749; John, died 1832; Joshua, died 1837; Abigail, married James Miller: Thomas, mentioned below; Eleanor, married Thomas Rice; Sally, married William Wagnall: George, born October 14, 1762;

(IV) Thomas, son of William Potter, was born at New London, in 1758, died June 17, 1883. He married Lurena Fitch. Children, born at Noank, Connecticut: Thomas, Octoher 8, 1784, mentioned below; Hannah, September 6, 1786; Abby, November 27, 1788; Joseph, March 19, 1701; William, May 24, 1795; Sally, February 9, 1707; Henrietta, July 9, 1804; James, July 3, 1806. (V) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Pot-

(V) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Potter, was born at Noank, October 8, 1784, died December 27, 1875. He married, August 28, 1812, Prudence Latham, who died in 1866. Children, born at Noank: Mary Ann. May 15, 1814, married Rial Chaney; Emma Jane, December 24, 1816, married David Mexander Redfield: Thomas Carey, mentione! below; Julia Smith, married William Brown.

(VI) Thomas Carey, son of Thomas (2) Potter, was born at Noank. He married Phebe Ann, daughter of Colonel Henry and Ann (Babcock) Potter (see Potter VII). They had one son, Thomas Wells, mentioned below

(VII) Thomas Wells, son of Thomas Carey Potter, was born at New London. June 27, 1846, died March 20, 1808. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He engaged in the grocery business and for many years had a store on State street. New London. He was active and prominent in public affairs, and served as president of the board of education of New London. He was treasurer of the Huntington Street Baptist Church for many years and superintendent of the Sunday school. He was a member of Brainard Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and served as its treasurer. He married (first) October 22, 1868. Ellen Culver, of New London, born December 5, 1846, died

married (second) May 27, 1890, Nellie M. Smith, of New London, daughter of Ezra Chappell and Phoebe Ann (Coffin) Smith and granddaughter of Deacon Henry Smith, of New London. She is a direct descendant of Rev. Nehemiah Smith, one of the founders of Norwich, Connecticut. Deacon Henry Smith was a son of Major Simeon and Charlotte (Smith) Smith. Children of first wife: 1. Ellen Culver, born August 5, 1871, is a physician practicing in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; unmarried. 2. Mary Lamb, born November 18, 1873; married, December 25, 1902, Rev. Joseph A. Elder, pastor of the Huntington Street Baptist Church; children: Thomas Potter and Freeman Elder. 3. Thomas Wells, born September 3, 1875. 4. Susan Geer, born November 19, 1877. There were no children by the second marriage.

## (The Potter Line).

(I) Nathaniel Potter, immigrant ancestor, came from England and was admitted an inhabitant of the island of Aquidneck in 1638. He and twenty-eight others, April 30, 1639, signed the following agreement: "We, whose names are underwritten, do acknowledge ourselves the legal subjects of his Majesty King Charles, and in his name do hereby bind ourselves into a civil body politicke, unto his laws according to matters of justice." He married Dorothy ——, born in 1617, died February 19, 1696; she married (second) John Albro. Nathaniel Potter died as early as 1644. Children: Nathaniel, born 1637, died October 20, 1704; Ichabod, mentioned below.

(II) Ichabod, son of Nathaniel Potter, was born about 1640, died in 1676. He married Martha, daughter of Thomas and Martha Hazard. She married (second) Benjamin Mowry. He was interested in lands at Westerly and signed papers relating thereto March 22, 1661; was on a grand jury, October, 1671. His widow moved from Portsmouth to Kingstown. Children of Ichabod Potter: Thomas, mentioned below; John, born 1665; Robert, 1670; Ichabod, 1677; Susanna, 1679; Sarah,

1681.

(III) Thomas, son of Ichabod. Potter, was born at Portsmouth, Rhode Island, about 1663, died June 23, 1728, at South Kingston. He married (first) January 20, 1687, Susanna, daughter of John and Susan (Anthony) Tripp. He married (second) December 8, 1720, Lydia (Wilcox) Sherman, daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Cook) Wilcox. His will was dated in the codicil, June 4, 1727, and proved June 3, 1728. He bequeaths to his children in detail, mentioning by name four negro slaves, and apprentice and an Indian boy. Children, born at North Kingston: Susanna, June 28, 1688; Sarah, July 25, 1690; Ichabod, September 23, 1692; Thomas, mentioned below; John. October 2, 1697; Nathaniel, April 15, 1700; Captain Benjamin, January 19, 1703; Joseph, January 30, 1706;

Martha, August 16, 1708.
(IV) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Potter, was born at North Kingston, February 8, 1695-96, died January 8, 1773. He married (first), March 19, 1717, Mary, daughter of George Babcock, of Westerly; (second) Judith Rogers, born 1712, died 1805. Children of first wife, born at Westerly: Susanna, February 20, 1718; Thomas, September 14, 1720; Jonathan, 1723; Mary Elizabeth, January 29, 1727; George, mentioned below; Stephen. Child of second wife: Caleb, born at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, August 19, 1749.

(V) George, son of Thomas (2) Potter, was born at Westerly, January 3, 1731-32, died August 9, 1794. He married, September 18, 1754, Content, daughter of Rev. Joseph and Bethial Maxson. Children, born at Hopkinton: Mary, May 30, 1756; George, February 10, 1757; Joseph, mentioned below; Hannah, March 9, 1761; Susan, March 18, 1763; Content, May 25, 1765; Lydia, October 10, 1766; Colonel Nathan, May 31, 1769; Lucy, October 10, 1771; Elizabeth, Septem-

ber 19, 1775. (VI) Joseph, son of George Potter, was born at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, February 6, 1759, died December 14, 1822. He married, April 7, 1784, Phebe, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Wells. Children, the three youngest of whom were born at Potter Hill, Rhode Island: Thomas Wells, born January 26, 1785; Joseph, August 4, 1787; Colonel Henry, mentioned below; Robert T., July 31, 1794;

William, May 8, 1800.

(VII) Colonel Henry Potter, son of Joseph Potter, was born at Potter Hill, March 12, 1790, died November 22, 1864. He learned the art of making cotton and superintended the erection of a cotton mill during the war of 1812. He was active in military affairs and used part of the mill at one time for a drill shed. He was made adjutant of the Rhode Island regiment to which he belonged. He commanded a battalion which was in the service at the battle of Stonington and he was afterward commissioned lieutenant-colonel. In 1820 he removed to Waterford, Connecticut, where he resided most of his life. He died at Mystic, Connecticut, in 1864. He married, November 17, 1812, Ann, daughter of Hon. Daniel and Content (Potter) Babcock, a relative. She was born at Hopkinton, May 9,

iror. Children i Hum William H. aus. at Potres Hull, August 16, 1816, afterly Mine-28. 4887 man of Arabas is a bound Katalan a Disa Amaran Buga - Alia 31, 1863; married Thomas Carey Potter (see

Strong the military news -

treets which were built by the Romans in Figland. As early as 1300 the name of Alice In some a form or the formal Law.

horses on a shield divided by a bar. The crest

of a life and stores and an amount

- - atal - - be ju, 1501 and pos-Se tember 30, 1592. Children: Michael, died r ned below.

(II) Nicholas, son of Richard Street, left will which was proved May 3, 1610. He murried Mary ----, who was living in 1600 mentioned below. 2. Mary, baptized at Taunton, England, March 22, 1578, married, Janrun (5, 100% folioscalders & Deep lan too I at Taunton, March 28, 1503, of Stogumle and Bawdri, by gift of his father. 4. Jane. 

olas (1) Street, was of Bridgewater, Som-ersetshire, England. His will was dated No-He married (first) at Bridgewater, January bruary 22, 1603. He married (second) Mary ----, whose will was dated July 16, wife: Nicholas, baptized January 29, 1603, mentioned below. Children of second wife: 1607, buried November 3, 1616; John; Matthew; William; Francis; Mary, baptized June 10, 1614, buried May 8, 1615; Philip, baptized June 23, 1616, buried November 23,

(IV) Rev. Nicholas (3) Street, son of Nicholas (2) Street, was baptized at Bridgewater, England, January 20, 1603. His fa-ther died when Nicholas was thirteen years old, leaving his "antient estate of Rowberton neare Taunton, and also my Lease of Rowberton belonged to the Manor of Canon Street Priory of Taunton. He matriculated at Oxford, November 2, 1021, at the age of eighteen, and received his degree, February 21, 1624-25. The first record of him in New England is his ordination as assistant to Rev. church now stands. He married (first) widow of Governor Francis Newman, of New and died December 13, 1083. Children: Sam-

olas (3) Street, was born in 1035. He gradborn in Wallingford, June 16, 1075, married Deacon John Peck. 5, Nicholas, July 14, 1677, in Wallingford: married Jerusha Mor-gan. 6, Katherine, November 10, 1670, at

(VI) Lieutenant Samuel (2) Street, son date sime transfer on malin New Haven, July 27, 1667. He was made lieuten-14, 1690, Hannah Glover, born October 10,

Glover, of New Haven. He married (second) December 20, 1716, Mrs. Elizabeth (Brown) Todd, daughter of Eleazer and Sarah (Buckley) Brown, and widow of Michael Todd. She married (third) Captain John Merriman. Children: I. Eleanor, born December 3, 1691. 2. Nathaniel, January 19, 1693, married Mary Raymond. 3. Elnathan, September 2, 1695, mentioned below. 4. Mary, April 16, 1698, married John Hall. 5. Mehitable, February 18, 1699, married Abraham Bassett. 6. John, October 26, 1703, married Hannah Hall. 7. Samuel, May 10, 1706.

(VII) Captain Elnathan Street, son of Lieutenant Samuel (2) Street, was born September 2, 1695, died November 30, 1798. He married, February 6, 1722, Damaris, daughter of Dr. Benjamin and Elizabeth (Andrews) Hull, of Wallingford. She was born February 4, 1700, died May 22, 1787. They were married by Captain Yale. He was confirmed ensign of the train band of Wallingford by the assembly, May, 1740, and captain, 1745. Children: Benjamin, born May 18, 1723; Samuel, January 10, 1725, died January 15, 1725; Samuel, December 8, 1728; Nicholas, February 21, 1730, mentioned below; Captain Elnathan, Jr., February 20, 1732; Anna, February 16, 1736; Mary, June 28, 1738; Jesse, April 24, 1741.

(VIII) Rev. Nicholas (4) Street, son of Captain Elnathan Street, was born February 21, 1730. He graduated at Yale College in 1751. He was the second pastor of the Congregational church in East Haven, where he was ordained October 8, 1755. He continued in the ministry for fifty-one years until his death, which occurred on the anniversary of his ordination, October 8, 1806. He was held in high esteem in the community and elsewhere for his personal excellence. theology he was conservative and Calvinistic, and delighted in doctrinal preaching. He possessed, however, "the rare faculty of presenting abstruse subjects in a form of language interesting to his hearers," and those of his sermons which still exist are marked by practical earnestness as well as intellectual ability.

During the revolution he was in ardent sympathy with the American cause, and did much to encourage the spirit of patriotism. stone meeting house in which he preached is still standing, a conspicuous feature of East Haven village. The following item appeared in The Connecticut Journal and New Haven Post-Boy, published during the revolution: "New Haven, April 12, 1775. We are informed from the parish of East Haven, that last week, the women of that parish, in imitation of the generous and laudable example of the societies in the town of New Haven, presented the Rev. Mr. Street, of said parish, with upwards of one hundred and thirty run of well spun linen yarn, which was gratefully received by the family; and the generous guests, after some refreshment and taking a few dishes of coffee, agreeable to the plan of the Continental Congress, to which that society unanimously and fixedly adheres, dispersed with a cheerfulness that bespoke that they could be well pleased without a sip from that baneful and exotic herb, (tea) which ought not so much as once more be named among the friends of American liberty." He married (first) December 6, 1758, Desire, daughter of Moses and Desire (Hemenway) Thompson, of East Haven. She was born July 5, 1745, died January 27, 1765. She was one of his pupils when he taught school in East Haven, and was only thirteen when he married her. He married (second) April 24, 1766, Hannah, daughter of David Jr. and Hannah (Punderson) Austin. She was born August 21, 1741, died October 9, 1802, Children of first wife: Eunecia, born October 27, 1759; Desire, August 16, 1761; Lucinda, July 17, 1763. Children of second wife: Hannah, March 8, 1767; Moses Augustinus, January 26, 1769, died May 3, 1769; Moses Augustine, April 3, 1770; Nicholas, March 22, 1772; Elnathan, February 16, 1774, mentioned below; Justine Washington, November 4, 1777; Mary, October 6, 1782.

(IX) Elnathan (2), son of Rev. Nicholas (4) Street, was born February 16, 1774, died November 13, 1849. He lived in East Haven, and was a farmer by occupation. He was married by his father, November 2, 1802, to Clarissa Morris, daughter of Amos and Betsey (Woodward) Morris, and sister of Nicholas Street's wife. She was born July 6, 1783. Children: Jane Caroline, born October 7, 1803; Harriette Jennetts, July 8, 1807; Mary Antoinette, July 7, 1810; Lucie Morris, July 31, 1812; Nicholas, April 11, 1814; Benjamin, December 24, 1816; Augustus, May 30, 1819; Thaddeus, April 22, 1821, mentioned below; Cornelia Clarissa, November 30, 1823; Elna-

than Dwight, October 8, 1826.

(X) Thaddeus, son of Elnathan (2) Street, was born April 22, 1821, died January 16, 1882. He was a farmer by occupation, and lived in East Haven. He married, January 9, 1850, Elizabeth Amelia Hotchkiss, born October 26, 1826. Children: Samuel Hotchkiss, November 14, 1850; Frederick Burton, September 29, 1853, mentioned below; Clifford Herbert, February 1, 1861.

(XI) Frederick Burton, son of Thaddeus Street, was born in East Haven, Connecticut, September 18 1 He with the september 18 1 He with Mills of the september 18 1 He with the september 18

He is an active member of the Construction of the Sunday school since it is a member of the Ancient Order of United Worth and the Sunday school since it rried. September 20, 1882, Eveline Jane I are in the Sunday school since it is a sunday school since it is a sunday school since it is the sunday school school school sunday sunday school sunday school sunday school sunday sund

Dr. Daniel Albion Jones was born March 2, 1833, in Barkhamstead, Litchfield county, Connecticut, son of Orville and Rhoda (Woodruff) Jones, descendant of William Jones, a to New England in the same ship with the regexecuted with King Charles II. William Jones. we are told, sheltered the regicides in his house for a month. From Boston Jones came to No. 11 m. s. maplorate from 1902 to 1664 and re-elected annually until 1692; deputy governor 1602 to 1706. Nathaniel Jones. son of William Jones, was born in England, died in New Haven, August 21, 1691; married, October 7, 1684, ———. Theophilus Jones son of Nathaniel Jones, was born March 18. 1690; married, December 26, 1711, Hannah Jones, was born March 3, 1717; married, June 8, 1743, Sarah Merriam. Benjamin Jones, son of Nathaniel Jones, was born at Wallingford, February 5, 1757, married Esther Woodruff. Orville Jones, son of Benjamin Jones, married Rhoda Woodruff, mentioned above. Dr. Jones was also descended from William the Conqueror through the Plantagenets, twice in the Drake line and once in the Alsop line.

Dr. Jones was a dentist of high reputation and he had a large practice in Danielsonville. At the time of his death, in the prime of life, in 1864, his widow, who had studied dentistry under his instruction and also in the office of Dr. R. B. Curtis, of Winstel, and had assisted her husband in his work for some time, resolutely undertook to continue the business. She was the pioneer woman dentist of this country, the first to practice this profession alone. She practiced dentistry at Danielson until 1876 when she came to New Haven, where she continued to practice with great success. She is a member of the State Dental Society, and of Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Samuel Blakeslee, immigrant ancestor, came the first man for the f

Dr. Jones had a son, Daniel Albion Jones, who was three years old at the time of the father's death; graduated at the Yale Academic School in 1884; studied dentistry three years in his mother's office and graduated from the Harvard Dental School in 1889 and from the Yale Medical School in 1809; has practiced dentistry at New Haven since then; a member of the Free Masons, the Yale University Club; a musician of note; married Emma, daughter

of Joseph Blakeslee Beadle, of Montclair, New Tersey.

Frederick Pauly was born at Zer-PAULY nitz, Germany, August 22, 1840. He was educated in the public schools and resided in Berlin, Germany. where he died August 11, 1873. He married Helen Koepken, born at Templin, Germany, December 3, 1841. She married (second) William Riedel and had four children. Children of Frederick and Helen (Koepken) Pauly: Frederick and Rudolph, twins, Frederick died in infancy; Elizabeth; William F.;

Frank, see forward.

(II) Captain Frank Pauly, son of Frederick Pauly, was born in Berlin, Germany, May 26, 1872. He was educated in the common schools of his native land. He came to America in 1885, landing July 17. He found employment at his trade in the factory of Sargent & Company, New Haven, Connecticut. Since 1897 he has been a foreman in the electro-plating department of William Schollhorn & Company, New Haven. He is a skillful mechanic and highly esteemed both by his men and by the firm. He joined the New Haven City Guards, May 11, 1892. This famous military organization has been the favorite of German-American citizens since its organization, September 14, 1861, during the civil war, under Captain George A. Basserman, First Lieutenant Jacob P. Richards and Second Lieutenant William K. Schmidt. The company became officially Company B, Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guards, and helped to strengthen the state militia, which had been depleted by enlistments in the army. Captain Basserman became major of the regiment, September 22, 1863; lieutenantcolonel, 1866, and colonel, June 4, 1866. He was succeeded as captain by Lieutenant Richards. William K. Schmidt was commissioned captain, March 11, 1865; Carl G. Engel, April 4, 1866; Fred Bucholz, August 8, 1868. Captain Engel again became captain, February 27, 1871, and continued until July 15, 1878, when he was promoted to major; Captain Frank W. Tiesing served from July, 1878, to the time of his death, November 8, 1883; Captain William Kaehrle from November 30, 1883, until he resigned May 14, 1886. He was succeeded by Captain John Gutt. Captain Pauly advanced in rank from private to corporal, sergeant, second lieutenant, first lieutenant, and December 13, 1899, was elected captain and also commissioned same day. He has commanded the City Guards since that time. He is a member of Humboldt Lodge, Odd Fellows, of New Ha-

ven, and was secretary for a number of years and is past grand; member of the Encampment, No. 27, Odd Fellows, of New Haven; of the New England Order of Protection; of Connecticut Rock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, New Haven, in which he has held all the offices including that of worshipful master, elected in 1908 and re-elected in 1909. In politics he is a Democrat. He was elected member of the common council from the sixth ward in 1900-01. In religion he is a Lutheran. He resides at 165 Cedar Hill avenue, New Haven. He married, January 6, 1895, Elizabeth Mooney, born November 18, 1875, daughter of Lawrence P. Mooney, of New Haven. Children: Elizabeth, born July 25, 1896; Mary, January 6, 1899; Helen, November 26, 1901; Frank Jr., December 31, 1904; Margaret, February 17, 1907.

Jonathan Fairbanks, immi-FAIRBANK grant ancestor, was born in England, before the year 1600. He came to Boston with his family in 1633 and remained there about three years, after which he settled in Dedham, where he was one of the earliest pioneers. He was one of the signers of the famous Dedham covenant, when the town was established and named. The house which he built is still standing, and was occupied as early as March 23, 1636-37. He was admitted to the church, August 14, 1646. He was a town officer. He died December 5, 1668, and his wife, Grace, December 28, 1673. Children, born in England: John, died November 13, 1684; George, died January 10, 1682-83; Jonas, mentioned below; Jonathan, died January 28, 1711-12; Mary, born April 18, 1622; Susan, married, October 12, 1647, Ralph Day.

(II) Jonas, son of Jonathan Fairbanks, was born in England and came to Dedham with his parents. In 1657 he removed to Lancaster, and March 7, 1659, signed the covenant, and became "one of the fathers of the town." He was by occupation a farmer, and it is believed also a carpenter. In 1652 he was fined for wearing great boots before he was worth two hundred pounds, which was contrary to a regulation of the government of Massachusetts, ordered in 1651. He was killed with his son Joshua in a raid made by King Philip and his warriors upon the settlement, February 10, 1675-76. At this time from fifty to fifty-five persons were massacred and twenty or more carried into captivity. His son Jonathan and one of his children were also victims of the massacre of September 22, 1697. He married, May 28, 1658, Lydia, daughter of John Prescott, who came from Sowerly, parish

of Halines England Six via him v Weber to an Most for the Amplifer is 1944. After In death showers a like Parrow of West see and sind on the and function. Children: Marie, born June 20, 1659; Joshua, April 6, 1661, killed by the Indians, February ro 1078/70, Cr. . November 11, 1003 . Iran-28, 1668; Jabez, January 8, 1670, mentioned

(III) Captain Jabez Fairbanks, son of Jonas Fairbanks, was born in Lancaster, January 8, 1670, died there March 2, 1758. was a very efficient soldier and officer in the Indian wars, and was doubtless incited to and brother in 1676, and of his only surviving Limiter in 1007. During the field in the town in the latter year, he was the means of saving a garrison and perhaps many lives. The historian, Marvin, speaks of him in this connection, as follows: "First in the order of time of our military heroes, was Lieut, afterwards Capt. Jabez Fairbanks. He was a famous scouting officer, and traversed large sections of the country to the north, east and west, in search of prowling Indians. During the war of 1722, sometimes known as Dummer's war, because it was carried on under the direction colony, the services of Captain Jabez Fairbanks were sought by the latter to enlist men. He was offered the choice of the office of sergeant if he remained at home in Lancaster, or at Groton or at Turkey Hill. He chose the reported directly to the Governor during the war, and the published correspondence between them furnishes many interesting chapout to him, and upon this site the home of In 1711 21122 23 be was a representative into the general court. He married (first) Mary, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Houghton) Wilder, who died February 21, 1718, in her forty-third year. He married (second) Elizabeth Whitcomb, March 25, 1719. She died Joseph, 1603: Jabez: Elizabeth, married Deliverance Brown, December 24, 1718; Jonas;

(IV) Double Thomas Barbanks, son of Captain Jabez Fairbanks, was born in Lancaster, and baptized there in 1707. He died February 10, 1701, aged eighty-five years. His name appears on the muster roll, as sentinel, in Captain Josiah Willard's company in the Indian war, June 3 to November 10, 1725.

He was also a soldier in Captain Ephraim Wilder's company, Samuel Willard, colonel, tember 13, 1784. Children: Samuel, born April 8, 1730, killed at Lake George, Septemher 8, 1736; John. May 4, 1731; Jonathan, November 12, 1732; Thomas, August 29, 1736; Dorothy, October 17, 1738; Joseph, Oc-tober 27, 1741; Ephraim, July 26, 1742; Mary,

Oliver, mentioned below.

banks, was baptized September 22, 1751, in the Second Precinct, which was incorporated as Sterling, April 25, 1781. He died April company, Colonel Asa Whitcomb's regiment, from Lancaster to Cambridge; also as corthe alarm to Bennington, August 21, 1777. He married, March 3, 1772. Susanna, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth Gates, of Littleton, Massachusetts. Children: Oliver, bap-tized November 1, 1773. died January 28. 1781; Artemas (twin), died young; Jonathan, 1783; Oliver (twin), March 21, 1788; Susannah Gates (twin); Artemas, baptized September 4, 1791.

ver Fairbanks, was born in Lancaster, 1781. died in Sterling, July 12, 1850. He married (first) Catharine Phelps, April 9, 1801. She died June 9, 1811, aged thirty years. He mar-She died April 2, 1824, aged thirtyfour years. He married (third) Mrs. Pa-1858, aged seventy-six years. Children of first wife: Asenath, born October 23, 1802; Arad, February 11, 1805, died voung; Dolly, August 19, 1807; Arad, August 5, 1809; Ephraim, June 1, 1811, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Susan, May 30, 1814; Luke,

(VII) Ephraim Fairbank (as he spelled the name), son of Captain Paul Fairbanks, was horn June 1, 1811, died November 10, 1802. He married Susan Stearns, born October 12, 1812. They adopted a son, William Goodnow

Fairbank, mentioned below. They had no children of their own.

(VIII) William Goodnow Fairbank, adopted by Ephraim and Susan (Stearns) Fairbank, was born February 24, 1840, at Sterling, Massachusetts. He began his education in the district schools of his native town and adopted the profession of teaching. He graduated in the class of 1860 at the State Normal School at Bridgewater, Massachusetts. His first experience as a teacher after graduation was in the Farm School, Thompson Island, in Boston harbor. He then accepted a position as teacher in the Lyman School for Boys, a state institution at Westborough, Massachusetts. At the time he resigned, six years later, he was the principal of the eight schools maintained in the institution. He took charge of the Vermont State Reform School as superintendent, June 14, 1869, and filled the position with conspicuous ability and success for a period of seventeen years. He resigned in August, 1886, to become superintendent of the Connecticut Industrial School for Girls at Middletown, Connecticut, and since September 7, 1886, he has been active and efficient in the discharge of his duties in this institution, making a remarkable record of some forty-seven years of work in the industrial training and reformatory work, and superintendent of important institutions since June, 1869, interrupted only by a period of about two years, in 1865-66, when he was ill. His is doubtless the longest term of continuous active service in a position of this kind in this country. The Connecticut Industrial School is not a state institution, but it is one of the most important institutions for industrial training in the state, and his work there has been singularly fruitful and successful. Both at the Vermont and Connecticut institutions Mr. Fairbank has planned much of the new building during his administrations, being a practical draughtsman. He is a member of Winiski Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, at Waterbury, Vermont. He is a member of the Baptist church of Sterling, Massachusetts.

Mr. Fairbank married, December 2, 1862, Margaret Lefler, born at Hingham, Massachusetts, May 10, 1841, of German ancestry. He first met her at the Normal School at Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and she is now assistant superintendent and visiting agent of the Connecticut Industrial School, having charge of placing the girls from the institution in suitable homes. Both are heartily interested in the work to which they have together devoted so many years of faithful service, and both are fitted by nature and

training for the difficult duties of the work. She is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Their only child, William Ephraim Fairbank, born 1866, is now acting school visitor and general assistant in the Connecticut Industrial School; married Clara Belle Simons, of Erving, Massachusetts; children: Jessie M., born September 21, 1895; Dorothy M., January 27, 1898. Mr. and Mrs. William G. Fairbank adopted two children: Mary, a niece of Mr. Fairbank; she died in Vermont, April 11, 1880, at the age of twenty. Mabel. whom they took into their family in 1886; she is the wife of Charles Miller, a graduate of Wesleyan University of Middletown, Connecticut, became a teacher in the Providence high school, later vice-president of the Providence Normal School, now a teacher in the Morris high school of New York City.

The Twinings of Twining belonged to the race which was
English before William the
Conqueror arrived, and the home from which
they sprang is in the county of Gloucester.
Prior to the Saxon Invasion under Cuthwrin,
in 577, there is no mention of the name, the
origin of the patronymic originating at that

Twining Manor dates from the time of King Edward I., and from that day on we find the name spelled in some fourteen or fifteen different ways contained in the records, especially in Tewkesbury, Pershore and Evesham. Among the prominent members of the family was Richard, 1472, Monk of Tewkesbury Abbey, John, Lord Abbott of Wimcombe, 1474, Thomas, Monk of Tewkesbury, 1539. and from that day to the present a continuous line of leading and prominent ecclesiastics in the English church. In other branches of life, Daniel, 1777 to 1853, was rector of Stilton Hunts. His daughter, Elizabeth, 1805 to 1889, was a celebrated botanist and philanthropist. Frank Theed Twining, 1848 to 1883, was a famous physician. The family is also prominent in Wales and in Nova Scotia.

(I) William Twining, founder of the family in America, came over to this country before June 1, 1641, when his name, "Mr. William Twining, Sr.," is found in the court records of Plymouth Colony in a case of trespassing regarding certain lines. He was then a resident of Yarmouth, situated some thirty miles southeast of Plymouth, and incorporated as a town in 1639. His daughter Isabel was married there on the same date, and his first wife was then living. In 1643 he is included in the list of those able to bear arms at Yarmouth, and for the next two years the records



Militai bank



the five soldiers to be sent out against the Narragansetts. Soon after this he removed to Nauset, now Eastham, Barnstable county, Massachusetts. In this latter place he was he was granted two acres of meadow, "lying at head of Great Namshaket," In 1655 his name is included in the list of twenty-nine legal voters of freemen in the town. The same records show that several parcels of land were granted to him at Rock Harbor, Poche, and other localities on the cape. He appears to have resided in Poche, on the east

two and one-half acres, lying next the Cove." He died here, April 15, 1059. That he was a man of more than ordinary character is shown by the titles of Mister he fixed to his name in the early records, a distinction given to but few men, even though they were men of substance. In 1052 he married Anna D

may have been a sister to Deacon John Doane, 1500 to 1685, who came to Plymouth, 1621, and Eastham, 1645. The children, so far as is known, by his first wife, born in England:

married Francis Baker, and immigrated with her husband in the "Planter" in 1635. She had eight children. .2. William, referred to helow

(41) William 25 on at William 15 Twining, was born about 1625, probably in Enclosed and one therefore but a long when he came over with his father. He is first mentioned in the records when he married, at Eastham. In 1652 he was admitted and sworn, and from this above to the from occurs four times as one of the grand jury. As early as 1677 he was a deacon of the Eastham church. He is alluded to as Deacon Twining as late as 1681. He deeds land at Bound Brook in Yarmouth, in 1669, and two vears later sells Thomas Dagget one hundred acres at Mama Kasset. In 1650 the town of Eastham granted him three and one-half acres which had formerly belonged to Joshua Cooke. He also had lands at Billingate, and several other places in Barnstable county. The last occurrence of his name in Eastham records is in 1605, when he and his son William were numerated among the legal voters of the town. Previous to this date his religious views underwent a radical change, and he tear a restant of the second Friends. The circumstances of this change

are unknown, and the Monthly Meeting, with which he united, is not on record.

With the change of creed, however, came in the company of the family had remained intact, and this was the first division. Wilham Twining, Jr., located his name first appears in 1609 upon the Midwith that of his son Stephen, in a discussion against selling rum or strong drink to the Indians. In 1703 the records state a marriage was held at his house. He died November 4, 1703, and his will, after being lost sight of for one hundred and eighty years, was found in 1885 in the register's office in Philadelphia.

William Twining married Elizabeth, daughter of Stephen and Elizabeth (Ring) Deane, who died December 28, 1708. Children: 1. Elizabeth, died March 10, 1725; married John Rogers, of "Maytlower" descent; eight children. 2. Ann, died September 1, 1675; married Thomas Bills, and had two children. 3. Susanna, born January 25, 1654, died young. 4. William, referred to below. 5. Mehitable, supposed to have married Daniel Doane. 6. Joanna, born May 30, 1657, died June 4, 1723; married Thomas Bills, the widower of her sister Ann. 7. Stephen, born February 6, 1059, married Abigail Young.

(III) William (3), son of William (2) and Elizabeth (Deane) Twining, born January 25, 1654, died January 23, 1734. Very little is known about him. He seems to have remained behind when his father and one brother removed to Pennsylvania, and to have devoted the eighty years of his life to the tilling of his land, in which he was eminently successful. He was also a mechanic. His descendants, while not so numerous as those of his brother Stephen, are characterized as people of note and refinement and success in life. Many of them have filled the higher avenues of life. He married, March 21, 1680, Ruth, born 1668, died after 1735, daughter of John and Ruth (Snow) Cole, a "Mayflower" descendant through the line of prominent Cape Cod families. Children: 1. Elizabeth, born August 25, 1690, married Joseph Merriek Jr. 2. Thankful, January 11, 1607, died August 28, 1779; married, April, 1710, Jonathan Mayo; twelve children. 3. Ruth. Au-

Young, possibly also married (second) Drathaneal Snow Jr. 5. William, referred to below. 6. Barnabus, September 29, 1705, married Hannah Sweet. 7. Mercy, February 20, 1708, married David Higgins; six children.

(IV) William (4), son of William (3) and Ruth (Cole) Twining, born September 2, 1704, died November 17, 1769, becoming, according to tradition, a practitioner of law in Orleans. His will was made and probated the year of his death. He married Apphia Lewis, February 21, 1728, and she was living in 1776. Children: 1. Abigail, born December 28, 1730, died before 1769; married Joseph Rogers. One daughter. 2. Thomas, referred to below. 3. Ruth, December 30, 1736, died before 1769. 4. William, 1739 to 1759, gravestone at Orleans. 5. Elijah, November 4, 1742, died October 2, 1802; married Lois Rogers. Nine children. 6. Eleazer,

1744 to 1762, gravestone at Orleans.

(V) Thomas, son of William (4) and Apphia (Lewis) Twining, was born July 5, 1733, died April 23, 1816. That he was a man of more than ordinary prominence and ability is fully borne out by the Orleans church and town records. Fifty years of his life were spent in the dignified callings of farmer and carpenter. In 1758 he served as corporal in the French and Indian wars. In 1783 he sold his homestead, located just south of the present University Church, to Simeon Higgins, and with his brother Elijah removed to Tolland, called Granville, Massachusetts, before 1810, where they purchased an extensive tract of land upon which their remaining days were spent. In 1797 the Tolland Congregational Church was organized and Thomas Twining was chosen its first deacon. The house which he built is still standing in good condition, and shows that Deacon Twining was a good carpenter and selected the most durable materials out of his forests. As late as 1793 he sold his remaining salt water and meadow lands on Pleasant bay. The gravestones of himself and his brother Elijah are still standing in the Twining cemetery. He married (first) Alice Mayo, January 16, 1755, and (second) Anna, daughter of Isaac Cole, October 24, 1765, who was born December 3, 1740, died October 12, 1828. It is traditionally claimed that she was a Doane. Children, all by second wife: 1. Stephen, referred to below. 2. William, born December 14, 1769, died November 22, 1842; lived in his father's house at Tolland; married Rebecca Brown. Ten children. 3. Alice, February 6, 1772, died 1846; married James Graham. One child. 4. Apphia, 1774, died 1843; married Chauncey B. Fowler. Seven

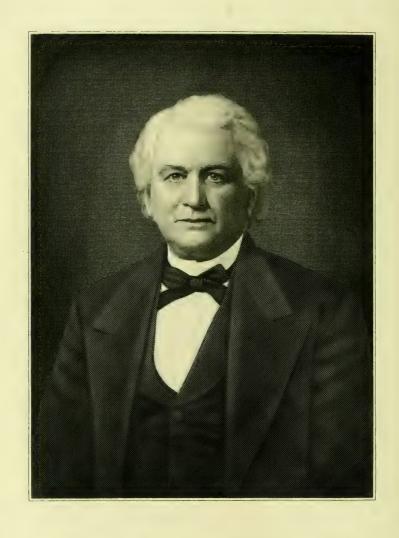
children. 5. Anna, 1777, died December 23, 1861; married Colonel Joseph Wolcott.

(VI) Stephen, son of Thomas and Anna (Cole) Twining, was born September 28, 1767, died December 18, 1832. He graduated from Yale University in 1795, and for many years was steward and acting treasurer of the College. His profession was that of a lawyer. From 1809 to 1832 he was a deacon of the First Church of Christ (Congregational) of New Haven. The following anecdote is related of him: "After Stephen, who was much more disposed to work with his head than with his hands, went to Yale College, the old man and his son William were ploughing with a yoke of oxen, one of which was rather inclined to reflection than action. The old man, quite out of patience, finally exclaimed, 'What can we do with that lazy off ox?" 'Send him to college,' was the prompt reply." His tombstone in the New Haven cemetery bears the inscription, "He feared God." His descendants, though not a numerous body, have excelled in the higher avocations and the leading professions.

October 2, 1800, Stephen Twining married Almira, daughter of Alexander and Margaret Catlin, who was born in Litchfield, Connecticut, August 24, 1777, died in New Haven, May 30, 1846. Children: 1. Alex-ander Catlin, referred to below. 2. William, born December 9, 1805, died June 5, 1844. Of him and his brother Alexander Catlin it is said, they were men of "strong and cul-tured minds and of perfectly balanced characters. They were always physically vigorous." William Twining married Margaret Eliza, daughter of Horace and Catharine (Thorn) Johnson. Eight children. 3. Mary Pierce, July 26, 1809, died March, 1879. "A woman of great energy, opportunity and executive ability, an active leader in New Haven charitable societies." 4. Helen Almira, April 4, 1812, married Seagrove W. Magill. One child. 5. Julia Webster, February 11, 1814, died July 8, 1893. 6. Ann Loring, November 19, 1816, died February 21, 1897; married James Hadley. She was the mother of Arthur Twining Hadley, president of Yale University. 7. Almira, died young. (VII) Alexander Catlin, son of Stephen

and Almira (Catlin) Twining, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, July 5, 1801, died November 22, 1884. He was a civil engineer and a classmate of President Woolsey and the Rev. Leonard Bacon, D.D., and an associate of Professors Silliman and Olmsted in scientific observation. Yale University conferred on him a degree of LL.D., and from 1856 to 1882 he was a deacon of the First





Hosarder C. Twining





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the 'Cosmic Theory in Meteors.' As a civil engineer he was engaged as chief or controlling engineer of every line running out of

through Vermont, on the Lake Shore, the Cleveland, Columbus, Pittsburgh, and various roads of Chicago, including the Rock Island and Old Milwaukee Line. As an inventor he pioneered to a successful result the industrial manufacture of artificial ice. For nine years be a successful result the industrial manufacture of artificial ice. For nine years be a successful result with the industrial manufacture of artificial ice. For nine years be a stronomy in Middlebury College, and while then residing in Vermont was active in the temperance reform, into which he entered with much energy, as chairman of the State

"In political matters he took deep interest as one of the promoters of the original movement which issued in the foundation of the Republican Party. He was one of the projectors of the famous 'Conn.' letter to President Buchanan. He was deeply interested in Constitutional questions, and reached the highest point in his lectures on the Constitution of the United States in Yale Law School.

"In questions of theology and philosophy vigor and subtle ingenuity. On his friends he was at home, and discussed them with bold the beauty of his face and head and striking and winning courtesy of his manner, the simplicity of his Christian character, made a lasting impression, while few that ever met him even casually have failed to notice that to him it was given to invite and receive the spiritual confidence of others and to give them solid and permanent assistance, and where there are few to attempt it, and still fewer to succeed."

March 2, 1820, Alexander Catlin Twining married Harriet Amelia Kinsley, of West Point, New York, who died in 1871 (see Kinsley VI). Children: 1. Kinsley, referred to below. 2. Harriet Ann, born December 27, 1833, died February 23, 1896. 3. Theodore Woolsey (twin). September 4, 1835, died August 14, 1864; graduate Vale, academic, see Month of the Woolsey (twin). September 4, 1835, Vale Medical School, 1804, served as surgeon in the United

1837, living unmar 1 ticut. 6. Mary A in New Haven, (

Catlin and Harriet Ai

Beta Kappa Society and graduated with high honors from Yale University in the class of 1853, and was prepared for the ministry at Yale Divinity School and Andover Theolog-

gational minister, and from 1850 to 1876 he was a clergyman of that denomination. For two years after this he traveled abroad, and on his return to this country, in 1878, he ame the literary editor of the New York Independent, which position he held until 1808, when he undertook the literary editorship of the Evangelist. Yale University gave him the degree of D.D., and Hamilton College that of L.H.D. He was a member of the Century Club of New York. He died in the fall of 160t. Dr. Twining was a man of remarkable gifts, both intellectual and spiritual, and the range of his learning was exceedingly wide. On all questions of an educational, philosophical, theological and sociological character he had positive convictions and well developed ideas for practical reform. He was a man who won and retained strong friendship among a wide circle of acquaint-ances, and his social gifts were proverbial. He possessed one trait to a very unusual degree—a spirit of helpfulness that counted not the cost to himself.

June 3, 1861, he married (first) Mary K. Plunkett, who died in 1864, without issue. August 25, 1870, he married (second) Mary Ellen, born at Clinton, New York, March 36, 1844, daughter of Amos Delos Gridley. Children: 1. Edith de Gueblry, born September 23, 1872; married, September 9, 1003, Vice-Chancellor Frederick William Stevens. 2. Alice Kinsley, born September 27, 1877, mar-Haven, Connecticut, son of Judge Watrous,

Haven, Connecticut, son of Judge Watrons al problem in

in Providence, Rhode Island, September 9, 1879, and is now living in Morristown, New

Jersey. He was prepared for college at Phillip's Academy, in Andover, Massachusetts, and entering Yale University, graduated therefrom in the class of 1901. He studied law in Cornell University Law School and the Yale University Law School, after which he entered the law office of Messrs. Lindabury, Depue & Faulks, in Newark, where he studied for eighteen months longer, and was admitted to the bar in November, 1905. Soon after this he formed a legal co-partnership, which continued for two and one-half years, and was succeeded by his present alliance as a member of the firm of Lindabury, Depue & Faulks. In politics Mr. Twining is a Republican. For some time he has been one of the aldermen of Morristown, and he is now serving his second term in that office. He is a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, the Wolf's Head and the Phi Delta Phi fraternity, the Morristown Field Club, the Yale Club, the Morristown Club, and the Morris County Golf Club. Mr. Twining is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Morristown.

## (The Kinsley Line).

(I) Stephen Kinsley, immigrant ancestor, settled first in Braintree in 1637. The records show that his descendants have spelled the name without a "G" wherever they have settled. John Kingsley, of Dorchester, is believed to be a brother. Stephen was a proprietor of the town of Braintree, and was admitted a freeman, May 13, 1640. He removed to Dorchester and bought half of the Hutchinson farm, February 23, 1656. He returned to Braintree and sold land in Milton, May 11, 1670. He was representative to the general court in 1650 and first ruling elder at Braintree in 1653, afterwards of Dorchester, and representative of Milton in 1666, where he died. His will was dated at Milton, May 27, 1673, proved July 3, 1673, in which he mentions his family. Children: I. Samuel. John. 3. Daughter, married Henry Crane.
 Daughter, married Anthony Golliver.
 5. Daughter, married Robert Mason. 6. Mary, born August 30, 1640, at Braintree.

(II) Samuel, son of Stephen Kinsley, was born probably in England, died before 1673, when his father's will was made. He probably lived at Milton. He married Hannah -Children: Samuel, born 1662, and two daugh-

(III) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) Kinsley, was born in 1662, at Dorchester. He married Mary Washburn, in 1694, daughter of John Washburn. They settled at South Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and bought the Jeduthun Robbins place, adjoining Thomas

Washburn's. His children, except Daniel, who is believed to belong here, are given by the Bridgewater history. See also Easton, Massachusetts, history. Children: Samuel, John, Nathan, Benjamin, Mary, Sarah, Benjamin, mentioned below; Bethia, Susanna, Daniel, born 1720-30. (IV) Benjamin, son of Samuel (2) Kins-

ley, was born March 16, 1701. He married Widow Perkins and had sons, Samuel, Ben-

jamin, Silas, mentioned below.

(V) Silas, son of Benjamin Kinsley, was born December 8, 1735, in Bridgewater or Easton, died May 15, 1775. He married Rebecca (Richardson) Packard, widow of Zebulon Packard. She died March 15, 1772. Children: I. Daniel (Captain), born December 23, 1758, married Polly Keith. 2. Azel, July 5, 1760, married Martha Howard. 3. Bethuel, June 2, 1762. 4. Adam, February 10, 1764, married — Leonard and went to Canton. 5. Silas, June 7, 1766, lived at Canton. 6. Zebina, mentioned below. 7. Rodolphus, June 5, 1770, married Salome Cary. 8. Benjamin,

March 5, 1772.
(VI) Zebina, son of Silas Kinsley, was born at Bridgewater, Massachusetts, August 3, 1768, died September 3, 1804. He removed to West Point, New York. After his removal there he married Anne, born September 5, 1777, died in 1848-49, daughter of James Duncan, of West Point. The large estate inherited by her from her parents adjoined the United States reservation, and a few years ago it was purchased by the government and added to the United States reservation. That portion of the Silas Kinsley family that lived on this estate were interred in the West Point cemetery. Children: I. Elizabeth (Eliza) Cornelia, born April 10, 1797. 2. Harriet Amelia, September 11, 1798, at West Point, married Alexander Catlin Twining (see Twining VII). 3. Maria, April 17, 1800. 4. Zebina James Duncan, February 17, 1802, graduated from the Military Academy; married Eliza Van Schonaren. 5. Sally Ann, December 30, 1803.

(III) Ephraim Nichols, son NICHOLS of Isaac Nichols (q. v.), was born December 15, 1657. He married, October 17, 1682, Esther, widow of Ebenezer Hawley, previously widow of William Ward. He settled in Fairfield, and was the ancestor of the Fairfield Nichols family, He died in 1692, and his widow married Eliphalet Hill, of Fairfield, about 1693. After his death she married a Mr. Lord, so that she had five husbands. Children: Ignatius, born December 17, 1683, mentioned below; Deborali, lanuar 1, pest little i e orie popesto

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(VI) Hezekiah, son of Ephraim (2) Nichols, was born at Stratford, January 5, 1744. He married Mary Kippen and settled in Danbury. In 1790 the census shows he had three males over sixteen, two under that

age and three females in his family.

(VII) Samuel, son of Hezekiah Nichols, was born in Danbury, died at Fairfield, Connecticut. He was town clerk of Fairfield twenty-two consecutive years, and for a long time deacon of the Congregational church. He married Wilsana Wheeler. Children: Jane, John, Julia, Abbie, Henry, Annie, John,

mentioned below.

(VIII) John, son of Samuel Nichols, was born at Fairfield, 1830, died there September 6, 1901. He had a common school education, and followed farming all his active life. He was a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church. He was gifted musically and was organist and member of the choir for many years. He also sang in New York City at St. Francis Xavier's Church. He married the following the followin

(1) Direk Benson, immigrant ancestor, ame originally from Groningen, and lived for a time in Amsterdam, where he married Catherine Berek, 1648 (spelled Berex, by Pearson), daughter of Samson and Tryntie (Van Rechteren) Berek. He came to America about 1648, located first in Albany, New York, and where he purchased, August 2, 1648, half a lot situated on the northeast side of Fort Amsterdam, on Manhattan Island, from Henseldam, on Manhattan Island, from

ry Egbertson. His wife was born in 1625, died April 14, 1693, widow of Harmen Tomes Hun, her second husband, whom she married on or about May 26, 1661. Direk Benson died in Albany, or Beverwyck, as it was then called, January 6, 1659. Riker says that he died February 12, 1659. Harmen Tomes Hun, whom his wife married (second), made a joint will with her on their marriage, providing for the children of her late husband. Children: Direk, born November 9, 1649; Samson, July 4, 1652; Johannes, February 8, 1655, mentioned below: Cateryna, February 12, 1657; Maria, July 15, 1659.

what is now Harlem, New York. He married Lyshet, daughter of Teuwes (Matthew) Abrahamse and Helena Van Deusen, February 2, Abraham Van Deusen, who came from New Amsterdam to Beverwyck at an early date. Children: Samson, born October 15, 1681; Helena, October 8, 1682; Dirck, February 28, 1686; Catlyna, August 24, 1688; Rachel, Aumentioned below; Catrina, August 27, 1095; Maritje, April 26, 1009; Johannes (John Jr.),

(III) Matthew, son of Captain John Benson, was born January 5, 1603, died in New York City. He married (first) Elizabeth, daughter of Arnt Bussing, in 1716. He married (second) Hannah (Edsall) De Groot, daughter of John Edsall, and widow of Gerrit De Groot, December 9, 1727. Children: Gerrit: Benjamin, born February 13, 1732, mentioned below: Samuel, married Ann Steele in 1759: Charity, married William Sloe

(IV) Benjamin, son of Matthew Benson, was born February 13, 1732, died August 5, 1770. He was a captain in the French and Indian war. He had the famous Crown Point Patent, and resided at Claverack, New York. He was a cooper by trade. He married, in 1756, Catherine Dirinda, born April 18, 1728, died February 5, 1803. Children: Isama, born February 10, 1757; Catherine, April 3, 1750; Charity, September 14, 1701; Matthew, April 27, 1704; Hendrick, September 3, 1700; Benjamin, October 3, 1768; Mary, July 31, 1773; William, October 3, 1776; Abraham,

was born at Haverstraw-on-the-Hudson, New York, January 31, 1780, died March 6, 1849, at Fairfield, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and in New York City, whither his mother and the family moved when he was young. They resided on Canal street, then a residential section.

He began early in life to follow the sea and in the course of time became a master mariner. He was captain of his first ship in 1812, and continued in command of various vessels to the end of his long and interesting life. He was prominent in the coasting trade. He commanded one of the first steamboats plying between New York and Albany, Commodore Vanderbilt, who owned some of the vessels that Captain Benson commanded, gave him a handsome cane in recognition of his faithfulness. Later he ran a steamboat from New York to Bridgeport. He opened a tavern in Fairfield, and in addition to this served as postmaster for a time, under President Jackson, the postoffice being in the hotel. He served in the war of 1812, and the resolutions relating to this war were drawn up in his hotel, which is still standing in a good state of preservation and occupied by Mrs. Nichols; this house, formerly owned by General Abel, was one of the best known from New York to Boston. In this house all the meetings of the section pertaining to the war were held, and Mrs. Nichols, daughter of Abraham Benson, has a number of these documents. In this house was burned the first coal used in the town, and the old fireplace with its swinging crane is still to be seen, together with many other rare and interesting things. Abraham Benson married (first) Esther, daughter of Lieutenant Jarvis; she only lived a short time. He married (second) Gussie Burr, the adopted daughter of General Abel Burr; she bore him eight children. He married (third), June 3, 1831, Finette Edwards, born January 25, 1804, at New Milford. One child, Finette Edwards, born December 26, 1836, married John Nichols (see Nichols VIII).

The founder of the New Eng-HADLEY land branch of the Hadley family was George Hadley, who came from England to Ipswich, Massachusetts, before 1639. Like the majority of the Puritan settlers of New England, he had too little love for the country from which he had been driven by persecution, and was too busy with the difficult task of making a home in a new land to leave any record of his English home. There is no doubt he possessed all the moral worth and all the devotion to religious convictions which marked the Puritan character. His descendants may well be proud of the fact that their ancestor was one of the founders of New England, a title which Judge Samuel P. Hadley most appreciatively says is to his mind "more honorable than any a Stuart or any other king could bestow."

It may be well to call attention here to another branch of the Hadley family which has no connection on this side of the Atlantic with the New England Hadleys. The Quaker Hadleys of Indiana and North Carolina are descended from Simon Hadley, who came to America in 1712 from Kings county, Ireland, where his English ancestors had settled. The two branches doubtless came from common stock in England, as is indicated by the repeated use of certain names which seem to be a family inheritance. Possibly in the near future some member of the family may be able to trace the family pedigree back, as some believe it can be traced, to John Hadley, who was lord mayor of London in the

5. Joseph. 6. Mary Page. (II) Samuel, son of George Hadley, was born about 1655, at Ipswich or Rowley. Married Jane Martin (North?), daughter of George Martin. He took the oath of allegiance in December, 1677; was a member of the train band in 1680. He was living as late as 1727. He was a weaver by trade, and resided in the west parish of Salisbury or Amesbury, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Esther, married, January 6, 1701-02, Richard Goodwin. 2. Samuel, married, January 20, 1704, Dorothy Colby. 3. Hannah (published June 24, 1707), married Ephraim Pemberton, of Haverhill, Massachusetts. 4. John, married, November 8, 1707, Hannah Lawe; he settled in Gloucester, Massachusetts. 5. Son. 6. Susanna, married, September 18, 1714, Thomas Potter, of Ipswich, Massachusetts. 7. George, born August 25, 1686, mentioned below. 8. Elizabeth, born October 10, 1688. 9. Sarah, born October 10, 1691; married, December 15, 1720, Thomas Wells. 10. Martha, born February 24, 1695; married, Decemer 21, 1714. Samuel Whiting. 11. Joseph, born December 26, 1700; married, July 12, 1721, Hannah Flanders. 12. Benjamin, born February 24, 17 at mercoid Vinne AVec 30-

William 177.
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born April 24, 1700, mentioned below. 3, 177.
7. John, born April 28, 1717. 8, Sarah, born 1722.
10. Rhoda, born April 1, 1724. 11, Joshua, born April 12, 1727.

ley, born April 24, 1700, was drowned in Island Pond, Hampstead, New Hampshire, in 1740. He married, January 4, 1733, Elizatoler 6, 1733, 2, Hampsh, born December 21, 1734, 3, Joshua, born November 1, 1736; married Mary Chase, November 5, 1761, 4, Plummer, born 1738; married Mehitable——; died September 12, 1814, 5, George, born August 8, 1740, died November 3, 1820, Captain George Hadley was born after his father's death at his grandfather's in Haverhill, Massachusetts, where his mother resided after her husband's mulmely death

Gorge (3) Hadley, was born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, August 8, 1740. He settled at Weare, New Ham shire, about 1771, having lived in Hampstead and Goffstown, New Hampshire, before coming to Weare. He served as a soldier in the French and Indian war and in the revolution. He was a prominent citizen, held all the important town offices one day, his hired man driving the oxen. All at once he lay down in the furrow, groaning with pain. The hired man offered to help him, but was told to take the cattle to the barn. Captain Hadley had found a pot of gold hidden there by some one, and did not want the hired man to see it. He soon paid for his farm and ever after was well off. He married (first) Lydia Wells; (second) George and Lydia (Wells) Hadley: 1. Enoch, born August 13, 1764, at Hampstead. 2, Betse in the contract of the cont town: married Jacob Tewksbury. 3. Sarah, born September 24, 1708, at Goffstown; married Ralph Blaisdell. 4. Philip, born August 6, 1770, at Goffstown. 5. Jesse, born August 18, 1772, at Weare. 6, George, born

September 20, 1776, at Weare, 7, Hannah, born June 6, 1785; married David Hadley, 8, Wells, born August 4, 1783, 9, James, born July 5, 1785, mentioned below, 10, Amos, born December 21, 1788, Child of Captain George and Mehitable (Hadley) (Toy) Hadden

(VI) Dr. James, son of Captain George (4) Hadley, was born at Weare, New Hampshire, July 5, 1785, died in 1869. He was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1869. He was professor of chemistry in the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Fairfield, New York, 1813-30; and at Buffalo Medical College, 1840-69. He married Marta Hamilton, September 4, 1812. Children: 1, George, 2, Ann. died September 13, 1873, 3, Mary, 4, James, born March 30, 1821, mentioned below, 5, Hamilton, 6, Henry Hamilton, born July 19, 1826, 7, John.

returned to Yale College as assistant pro-fessor of Greek language and literature, relectured in the law department of Yale College, and in 1870-71 delivered a course of National Academy of Science and of the American Philosophical Association, and and two posthumous works, "Twelve LecD. Whitney (1873). Dr. James Hadley married, August 13, 1851, Anne Loring Twining. He died in New Haven, Connecticut, November 14, 1872, after an illness of one month.

ber 14, 1872, after an illness of one month.

(VIII) Arthur Twining, son of Dr. James
(2) and Anne Loring (Twining) Hadley, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, April 23, 1856. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, and was graduated from Yale College in 1876, at the age of twenty, with the highest honors, as valedictorian of his class, and taking the Woolsey and Bristed scholarships, one of the Winthrop prizes given to "students most thoroughly acquainted with Greek and Latin poets," the Clark prize for the solution of astronomical problems, and one of the Townsend prizes for English composition. studied history and political science at Yale College, 1876-77, and then went abroad and spent two years in study of the same subjects in the University of Berlin, under Wagner, Treitschke and Gneist, also taking up history. On his return home he was made a tutor in Yale College, remaining in that capacity until 1883, teaching various branches, but German principally. For three years following he was university lecturer on railroad administration. In 1886 he was elected to the professorship of political science and was dean of the graduate department, which he held until May 25, 1899, when he was elected to the presidency of Yale University, to succeed Dr. Timothy Dwight, resigned. He entered upon his new duties on commencement day, 1899, the thirteenth president, the first layman and also the youngest man chosen for the position. In 1885 Governor Harrison appointed him commissioner of labor statistics in Connecticut, a position which he held for two years. In 1887-89 he was associate editor of the New York Railroad Gazette, having in charge the foreign railway department. He was president of the American Economic Association, 1899-1900, and is a member of the International Institute of Statistics, and of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. He received the degree of A.M. from Yale in 1887, and has also the honorary degree of LL.D. from Harvard, Columbia, Johns Hopkins, California and other universities, and the degree of Ph.D. from Berlin. His published writings are: "Railroad Transportation; Its History and Its Laws" (1885); "Reports on the Labor Question" (1885); "Report on the System of Weekly Payments" (1886): "Economics: An Account of the Relations between Private Property and Public Welfare" (1896), which is in use as a text book in various colleges; "The Education of

the American Citizen" (1901); "Freedom and Responsibility" (1903); "Baccalaureate Addresses" (1907); "Standards of Public Morality" (1907). He was associated with Colonel H. G. Prout in the editorship of the Railroad Gazette from 1887 to 1889. He has contributed to various magazines, one of the most notable articles from his pen being in Harper's Magazine, in April, 1894, in appreciation of the value of Yale Democracy, and advocating the importance of a high standard of scholarship, rigid adherence to it, and the utility of athletics as a factor in university life. He contributed articles on transportation to Lalor's "Cyclopedia of Political Science"; also articles on railroads to the ninth edition of the "Encyclopedia Brittanica," and in 1899 accepted the editorship of the supplement to that work.

Dr. Hadley married, June 30, 1891, Helen Harrison Morris, a Vassar graduate, daughter of Governor Luzon B. Morris. Children: Morris, born 1894; Hamilton, 1896; Laura, 1800.

John (2) Leverty, son of LEVERTY John (1) Leverty, was born in Donegal, in the north of Ireland. He was a carpenter and builder of prominence in Bridgeport, Connecticut, whither he came when a young man. He invested largely in real estate in that city and built and owned many houses. He died at Bridgeport. He married Ellen Roe, who was born in West Mead, Ireland. Children of John and Ellen Leverty: Michael; Mary Aun, twin of Michael, married Patrick Devett, of Bridgeport; James, mentioned below; Alexander, born 1841, mentioned below; Ellen C., married William Delaney; Edward; John; Sarah.

(III) James, son of John (2) Leverty, was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1839. He was educated there in the public schools. He learned the trade of harnessmaker and after following his trade a short time embarked in the retail grocery business with a store on Main street, Bridgeport, and this was his business until he retired on account of ill health a few years ago, and is now living quietly at his home, No. 62 James street, Bridgeport. He has the respect and confidence of all who know him. Upright and enterprising in business, he fairly won the success that came to him as a builder. Temperate in all things, earnest and conservative, he has given to his children a worthy example of an honorable life, and the best possible education. He is a faithful member of the Catholic church. In politics he is a Democrat. He is core, it let it it he is it he is it is a full time of Kill time of the let it it is discovered by the let it it is discovered by the let it is discovered by the let it is discovered by the let is discovered by the

John Augustine, James P. and Vincent D. are engaged in the drug business for themselves, having three drug stores in Bridgeport.

Philip Dennehy, father of Mrs. James Leverty, was born in county Kerry, Ireland, where he died in 1853. Immediately after his death his widow came to America with seven children. Mr. Dennehy was a successful man in his line of business, according to the standards of his day, and was possessed of some means. The children were brought up in this country and well educated. Philip Dennehy married Ann McMann, a native of the city of Dublin, Ireland. She died in New York City.

(III) Alexander, son of John (2) Leverty. was born at Bridgeport, October 5, 1841, died there June 21, 1908. He attended the public schools of his native town, and learned the trade of mason. When a young man he started in business on his own account as a contractor and was in time among the largest in this line of business in the city. He built many of the residences erected in his day and was particularly active in building homes to sell to people in Bridgeport. He owned much real estate and left when he died more than a thousand building lots. He was a prominent Free Mason. He was one of the founders of the Seaside Club, in the rooms of which a large oil painting of Mr. Leverty has been placed. He was a Democrat in politics. For some years he was a trustee on the library 1805, at New York City (by Rev. Chauncey, rector of the St. James Protestant Episcopal Church), Leonora Hannah O'Connor, born January 19, 1842, at Orillia, Ontario, Canada, daughter of John O'Connor, born in Killarney, county Kerry, Ireland, died in 1874 at Orillia, Ontario, married Sarah Deacon lane is an Rolliete and bent.

England, died in 1852; children: Catherine; Leonora II., mentioned above; Sarah, married John Fowling. Mr. O'Connor graduated from Trinity College, Dublin, a civil engineer by profession. He settled late in life at Ordlia, Ontario, and spent his last years there. land. Children of Edward II.

and Leonora Hannah Leverty: 1. Dr. ander S., born January 21, 1866, graduate of the Medical School in 1868, now practicing in New York City. 2. Robert Gordon, born in Bridgeport, 1873, died May 27, 1910; he was a graduate of the public schools of his native city and studied medicine at the New York University, of which institution he was a graduate; shortly after his practice began he was appointed a city physician and served with fidelity; he was kind and considerate, and it was characteristic of him that he gave to the poor whom he attended as much as to his private patients. He married Eleanor Pearson; children: Alexander Pearson and William Gordon Leverty. Among the ancestors of Eleanor (Pearson) Leverty was one of the ten men who founded Vale College and who served as its first president.

Lieutenant William Clark, imCLARK migrant ancestor, was born in
England. He came to this country in 1630 in the ship "Mary and John," and
settled at Dorchester, Massachusetts. He
lived there until 1650, when he was invited by
Rev. Eleazer Mather, of Northampton, son of
Rev. Richard Mather, of Dorchester, to locate in that town. He moved thither in 1650,
his wife riding on horseback with a child in a
pannier on each side and a third in her lap,
while he walked. Henry Woodward and
Henry Curtis accompanied them. Clark was
allotted land at Northampton, June 1, 1650, a
home lot of twelve acres on what is now Elm
street, on Mill river, including the Judge
Dewey or President Seelye place. This lot
has remained in the possession of his deseendants to the present time. He built a log
house which stood until burned by a fire set
by his negro slave. The frame house he then
built lasted until 1826, and in after years
was known as the Ellin Clark house. He
was an active and prominent citizen, selectman for twenty years after 1660 and deputy
to the general court for thirteen years after
1665. He was one of the famous "seven pillast" of the church at Northampton. He was
made a lieutenant of the military company in

1661 and served in King Philip's war. He was commissioner to end small causes, and associate justice of Hampshire county for many years. He had also been selectman of the town of Dorchester in 1646-47. He died July 10, 1600, aged eighty-one years. His will was dated July 10, proved September 30, 1690, bequeathing to children: John, Samuel, William, Rebecca and Sarah and to daughters of son Nathaniel, deceased. He married (first) Sarah ———, who died September 6, 1675; (second) November 15, 1676. Sarah Cooper, widow of Thomas Cooper, of Springfield. She died May 8, 1688. Children, all by first wife: Sarah, born June 21, 1635, died young; Jonathan, October I, 1639; Nathaniel, January 27, 1641; Experience, March 30, 1643; Increase, March 1, 1646, died aged sixteen; Rebecca, 1648; John, mentioned below; Samuel, baptized October 23, 1653; William, born July 3, 1656; Sarah, born March, 1659.

(II) Deacon John Clark, son of Lieutenant William Clark, was born at Dorchester, Massachusetts, 1651, died at Northampton, September 3, or November, 1704. He was admitted a freeman in 1684. He was elected deacon of the Northampton church in 1691; was sergeant of the military company; deputy to the general court fourteen sessions after 1699. "He died of fatigue and a cold taken in a violent snow storm on returning from Boston in 1704" at Windsor, Connecticut. He married (first), July 12, 1677, Rebecca Cooper, of Springfield, daughter of Thomas Cooper. She died in 1678, and he married (second), March 20, 1679, Mary, thirteenth child of Elder John Strong. Elder Strong was born in England, came to Dorchester in the "Mary and John," with William Clark and the other original settlers of Dorchester, in 1629-30; was admitted freeman, March 9, 1636-37; removed to Taunton and was constable there in 1638 and juror in 1640; removed to Windsor, Connecticut, and thence about 1659 to Northampton, where he was ruling elder of the church; died April 14, 1699; married Abigail, daughter of Thomas Ford, of Windsor; progenitor of a very numerous and distinguished family. Child of Deacon John and Rebecca Clark: Sarah, born April 20, 1678. Children of John and Mary (Strong) Clark: John, born October 28, 1680; Nathaniel, May 13, 1682; Ebenezer, October 18, 1683, mentioned below; Increase, April 8, 1685; Mary, October 27, 1686; Rebecca, November 22, 1687: Experience, October 30, 1689; Abigail, March, 1692; Noah, March 28, 1694; Thankful, February 13, 1696, died young; Josiah, June 11, 1697.

(III) Lieutenant Ebenezer Clark, son of

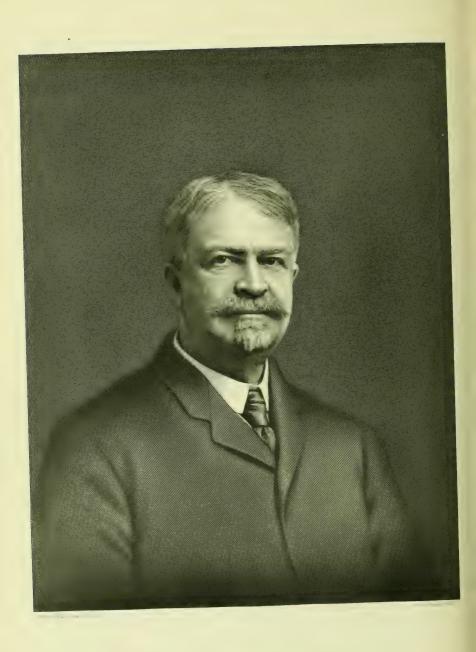
Deacon John Clark, was born at Northampton, October 18, 1683. He had the second house built by Lieutenant William Clark in 1659. He was lieutenant of the Northampton company and prominent in town affairs. He was selectman in 1731. He lived to be nearly a hundred years old. He married, in 1712, Abigail, daughter of Joseph Parsons and granddaughter of Joseph Parsons, of Springfield and Northampton. They had eight children. Their sons: 1. Ebenezer, born 1714, married, 1740, Jerusha Russell, of Sunderland; lived at Northampton. 2. Ezra, mentioned below. 3. William, lived on Elm street, Northampton, farmer and drover; died December 29, 1807. 4. Elihu, the youngest, had the homestead.

(IV) Ezra, son of Lieutenant Ebenezer Clark, was born in Northampton in 1716. His house was near the toll gate on Bridge street, In 1742 Benjamin Alvord conveyed to him a house and land near this bridge. He was a member of the committee of safety and a selectman in 1776. He had five sons and five daughters. His seventh child, Jonas, born 1751, had the homestead. He was in the revolution on the alarm of August, 1777. Ezra Clark had a grant of land in 1743 on Plain (Bridge) street, seventeen acres and a half. He was delegate from Northampton to the congress at Stockbridge, September 22, 1774: member of the committee of inspection in 1774-75; member of the committee to select a minister and later on the ordination committee in 1778, when Rev. Solomon Williams was installed.

(V) Jonas Clark, son of Ezra Clark, was born in Northampton, in 1751. He was a soldier in the revolution and was in battle of Bunker Hill.

(VI) Ezra (2), son of Jonas Clark, was born in Northampton, Massachusetts. He succeeded Dr. George Holmas Hall, a physician in regular standing, in the sale of drugs and medicines at Brattleborough, Vermont, in 1809. The inhabitants of that town had previously bought their medicine direct from their doctor, and thus the druggist came to bear the title of "doctor," whether he wished it or not. He lived for about eleven years in Brattleborough and was the only druggist in the town. About 1820 he moved with his family to Hartford, Connecticut, and was succeeded by N. B. Williston, formerly a clerk in his store, in partnership with E. Hunt. The new firm bought the stock and fixtures, but not the building, which Mr. Clark owned for twenty years after he left the town. Mr. Clark embarked in the iron and steel business in Hartford and was a partner in the firm of





Chal Stopkins Clark

David Watter in & C. Spanie, W. L. L. Spanie, W. L. Spanie, C. Spa

H., Spencer Morton, Ezra Jr., Laura (Mrs. E. W. Coleman), Harriet, Abbe, Martha,

Mary, Ellen (Mrs. C. A. Taft).

(2) Clark, was born September 12, 1813, in Bratile 2 and 19 ford with his parents when he was six years old. He was educated in the public schools and when he came of age was admitted to parties in he had been suffered with the great majority of merchants and manufacturers, but he came back to Hartford and paid every debt in full. He was for many years a powerful and commanding figure in business in Hartford. He was a director of the Exchange Bank and president of the National Screw Company of Hartford, which under his management was highly successful. The business was consolidated afterward with the American Screw Company of Providence, Rhode Island.

From youth he was keenly interested in politics and became a prominent and distinguished figure in public life in the city and state. He was a member of the common council and of the board of aldermen, and for a time was judge of the city court. He was chairman of the North district school committee; city and town auditor; president of the Spring Grove Cemetery Association and the board of water commissioners. He represented the Hartford congressional district at Washington in the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth congresses. He took special satisfaction in the work of the water board, on which he served many years. While he was president of the board the greater part of the original system of water works of the city was constructed, including the reservoirs. He also laid out Reservoir Park connecting the various reservoirs of the city water supply by a picturesque driveway through the woods. The large Tumbledown Brook Reservoir was planned and built under his supervision. He was president of the Young Men's Institute of Hartford.

He merce I. 1992 (Whiting) daughter of Daniel P. and Mary (Whiting) Hopkins, of Hartford. Her mother was descended from Nathaniel Whiting, her father from John Hopkins. His wife died May 28, 1866. Children: 1. Frances, born 1843, married Albert L. Butler. 2. Charles Hopkins, mentioned below. 3. Howard Morton, born

United States Bank of Hartford.

cyttic state - - o o tree 1, 1848. He received his early education in graduated in 1871. A few weeks after comnewspaper ever since. In 1887 he was admitted to the firm of Hawley, Goodrich & it has grown in circulation. Its plant has

Mr. Clark is also a director of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, and the Collins Company. He is treasurer of the Wadsworth Atheneum, the Hartford Public Library and the Trustees of the Good Will Club, and trustee of the Watkinson Library of Reference. He is a member of the Skull and Bones Society of Yale College, the Centre of the Graduates Club of New Haven, the Country Club at Farmington, and the Hart.

ford Club of Hartford. In 1901 he was Hartford's delegate to the Connecticut constitutional convention, and in 1905 was with the famous party in charge of Secretary Taft in the expedition to the Philippines. He is a member of the South Congregational Church.

He married (first) in December, 1873, Ellen, born November 6, 1850, daughter of Elisha K. and Matilda (Colt) Root. Her father was president of the Colt Fire Arms Company after the death of Colonel Samuel Colt. She died February 28, 1895. He married (second) in November, 1899, Matilda C. Root, sister of his first wife. Dr. Edward K. Root is a brother of Mrs. Clark. Children of first wife: 1. Horace Bushnell, born June 22, 1875, graduate of Yale College in 1898; assistant city editor of the Courant; president of the Hartford board of fire commissioners. 2. Mary Hopkins, born May 13, 1878, married Henry K. W. Welch. Mr. Clark resides at 160 Garden street, Hartford.

CUNNINGHAM first of the family to

come to this country, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1786, of an ancient and honorable family, and died in 1834 at Albia, near Troy, New York. He came to America when he had reached his majority in 1811 and followed his trade of a stone mason in the city of Albany, New York, becoming one of the most enterprising and successful masons and builders in the capital. He was the contractor for the foundation of the old state capitol. He married, July 23, 1815, in Troy, New York, Matilda Orr, born in Belfast, Ireland, 1797, of Scotch ancestry, died in Troy, New York, in 1849. Children: 1. Elizabeth, born 1825, died 1861; married William Lincoln; child, Frances, married William Defrest. 2. Andrew, born 1827. married Phoebe Pierson; children: John, Matilda, William and Andrew. 3. William Orr, mentioned below. John Cunningham and Matilda, his wife, are interred in the Lincoln lot, Oakwood cemetery, Troy, New. York. On their tombstone is inscribed: "They serve the dead the best who do as they desire.

(II) William Orr, son of John Cunningham, was born in Carmine street, New York City, March 4, 1829, died at his residence, No. 28 First street, Troy, New York, March 2, 1870, interred in the Cunningham lot, Oakwood cemetery, Troy, New York. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, New York. He entered the employ of his uncles, William and David Orr, in their paper business, at Albia, New York, and on becoming of age was made a partner in "Orr's & Company," in their new mill at the State Dam, above Troy. This mill was then the largest paper mill in the country, supplying the New York Tribune and New York Evening Post. He was a man of sterling character, combined with great energy and business acumen. He was a director in several banks and industrial enterprises. He was a communicant and vestryman of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, and was president of the Young Men's Association. In politics he was a Republican.

He married, June 25, 1857, Jane Chester, born at Waterford, New York, February 9, 1835, daughter of John and Caroline (Chester) Knickerbacker. Her mother was from Hartford, Connecticut, and educated at Miss Pierce's School, Litchfield, Connecticut. Her father was a descendant of one of the old Dutch families having their original grant at Schaghticoke, New York. Children: Seymour, mentioned below; Stuart, born 1870,

died in infancy.

(III) Seymour, son of William Orr Cunningham, was born in Troy, New York, September 13, 1863. He attended the Troy Academy. Later he entered the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and graduated with the degree of civil engineer in 1884. He became interested in the oil business in Pennsylvania and Ohio. In 1887 the old home at Troy, New York, was sold and he brought his mother to Washington, D. C., and built a residence at No. 1719 K street, where he still maintains his winter residence. His Litchfield home, "Forked Chimney," was built in 1893, on South street, near the site of the old Parmelee house. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is an Episcopalian. He married, June 6, 1892, Stephanie Whitney, of Oakland, California, born October 22, 1869, daughter of Hon. George E. Whitney, lawyer and state senator of California, and Mary (Van Swaringen) Whitney, of Louisville, Kentucky. Mrs. Cunningham was named Stephanie in honor of her uncle, Justice Stephen J. Field, of the United States supreme court. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham: Cecil, born March 8, 1893; Macklin, February 21, 1894; Jane Chester, February 27, 1896; Pamela, May 5, 1906. The three oldest were born in Washington, D. C., the youngest in Litchfield, Connecticut.

Henry Lewis, the immigrant ancestor, settled in Chester county, Pennsylvania, and married there, March 12, 1670, Margaret Philpin (alias Prouthern). Children: Henry, mentioned below; Sarah, born July 2, 1673, died 1674;

Samuel, October to ough Theological Information

ary 14, 1677 (II. Henr): (23, sun of Henry 11) I god, was lean in Chater, terr physical Decole-26, 1071. He is cross a thretholous copped to the system has been specified. Children: Isaac, born May 5, 1694; Mary, April 5, 1696; John west and below smill, Developing 1608; Margaret, November 17, 1700; Mary,

(III) John, son of Henry (2) Lewis, was born May 23, 1697. He settled at Haverford, Pennsylvania. He was a mason. He married, r. 1725, Katherme Roberts, from Co. 88 1702, the other of Abel and Mark Robert Children, born at Haverford: Abel, October 12, 1726; Mary, January 1, 1728; Samuel, mentioned below; Rachel, February 19, 1734; John, July 21, 1737; Evan, June 13, 1740;

Elizabeth, September 9, 1743.

in Haverford in 1730-32. He settled in Radnor, county Chester, Pennsylvania. He married, February 7, 1759, Catherine Richards, daughter of Samuel of Tredyffrn, Pennsylvania. Children: Samuel, mentioned below: Henry, La de Isano, I bu, Lyn Secretar 9, 1772, died September 24, 1851; Catherine; Mary; Elizabeth; Beulah.

was born in county Chester. He lived at

(VI) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) Lewis, was born in 1813 at Waynesburg. Pennsylvania, and was a large and successful manufacturer of pig iron. He died at Allentown, Pennsylvania, in 1903. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph Balliott, of Whitehall, Pennsylvania.

(VII) John S. Lewis, son of Samuel (3) Lewis, was born at Philadelphia, August 2, 1839. He attended the public schools of Allentown, Pennsylvania, and when a young man entered the employ of his father, who owned in n works at Allentown, and learned thoroughly the business of smelting and manufacturing pig iron. His father owned this hosiness from 1846 to 1878 and was one of the best known and most successful of the early captains of industry. He had five iron furnaces and extensive iron mines. Mr. Lewis in the course of time became superintendent of the iron works and a number on a time until he retired in 1890 from active business. Since his retirement, Mr. Lewis has made his home in Thompson, Connecticut, where he owns a beautiful country estate. He is a Republican in politics. He married, November

20, 18 is Mari Anni Joseph 20 in in in daughter of Rev. Allenson Rosin, of South-boro, Connecticut. She had one brother and two sisters. Her father was a well-known Congregational minister at Southboro and West Samens Areas 0 1

143/38 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 as a medical practitioner in New bravely in defence of the rights of the Union

erty in Stratford, and was the first of his name in that town. He married, in Strat-Mary, November, 1674, in Wallingford; James, 1679, see forward; Edmund, 1679, in Stratford: Joseph, 1683: Hannah, 1685: Mary, about 1688: Martha, 1691: Benjamin,

died July 2, 1756, daughter of James Judson. Children: John, see forward: Mary, born May 18, 1706; James, October 12, 1708; David, June 5, 1711; Abigail, November 9,

1712; Ephraim, about 1718.

(III) John, son of James and Hannah born September 19, 1728; Nathaniel Sherman. June 3, 1730: Amy, August 19, 1732: Sarah, January 2, 1734:35: John, October 25, 1737, died January 14, 1738: John, January 19, 1738-39, died January, 1744-45: Judson, March, 1743: John, November 5, 1747: Stephen, see forward.

(IV) Stephen, son of John and Sarah (Sherman) Lewis, was born in August, 1749. He married, September 12, 1768, Jerusha. born in 1752, died in 1838, daughter of and Stephen Curtis (twins); Charv, born March 22, 1769; Caty. June 22, 1771; Anne, August 15, 1773, died young; Betty, July 15,

1782, died young.

(V) Abraham Curtis, son of Stephen and Jerusha (Curtis) Lewis, died in 1845. He married (first) January, 1799, Elizabeth Beers; (second) November 17, 1805, Juliana, born in 1775, died in 1848, daughter of Stiles Judson. Children by first marriage: Caty, born April, 1800; Charles, November, 1801; Charles Beers, September, 1804. Children by second marriage: Sidney Judson, see forward; Stephen, September 17, 1809; Catharine, September 1, 1811; Juliana, April 12, 1813; Angelina, July 17, 1815; George, December 10, 1816; Helen Naomi, March 10, 1819; Jane, May 27, 1823; Rebecca, June 17, 1825; Edwin, December 10, 1827; Edward, December 10, 1828.

(VI) Sidney Judson, son of Abraham Curtis and Juliana (Judson) Lewis, was born June 4, 1807. He married, January 10, 1826, Sarah Johnson Peck, born November 11, 1809. Children, born at Stratford: George Mills, born April 2, 1827, married, December 25, 1850, Mary B. Pickett; Mary Elizabeth, December 3, 1828; Augusta Ann, May 26, 1830, married, October 17, 1850, Henry B. Taylor; Charles Beers, February 10, 1832, married Fanny M. Bowers, of Middletown; Sydney Ellsworth, October 1, 1833, married, October, 1857, Anna Matilda Jacobs; Stephen Duane, May 16, 1835; Phebe Rebecca, May 3, 1837, married Cyrus Clark; Bennett Sperry, see forward; Stephen Curtis, December 28, 1842

forward; Stephen Curtis, December 28, 1843. (VII) Dr. Bennett Sperry Lewis, son of Sidney Judson and Sarah Johnson (Peck) Lewis, was born at Stratford, September 5, 1840. He attended the public schools of his native town until he was eight years of age, when his parents removed to Bridgeport, and he became a pupil of the public schools of that town. He enlisted in the Union army, April, 1861, for a service of three months, re-enlisted September 5, of the same year, and served until the close of the war. At first he was mustered into Company H, First Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, from which he was transferred to Company I, Sixth Regiment, with the rank of sergeant; was advanced to the rank of second lieutenant of Company E, then first lieutenant, and finally appointed captain of Company B, of the same regiment, May 25, 1864. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run and was in many skirmishes around Washington during his three months' service. Later he was an active participant in a number of the most important engagements of the war, and distinguished himself by his personal bravery and the influence which his gallant conduct had upon his men. At the close of the war he took up the study of medicine at Harvard College from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1874. He established himself in the practice of his profession in New Haven, Connecticut, his home being at No. 79 Howard avenue, and now has a large and lucrative practice, having thoroughly earned the confidence and esteem of his fellow citizens, both in his private and his professional life. He is a member of Admiral Fort Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of New Haven. He married, July 20 1881, Virginia Graves, born in New Haven Connecticut, May, 1858. They have no children

John Graves, grandfather of Mrs. Lewis was of Hebron, Connecticut, and had three sons: John Samuel, see forward, Thomas and Dennison, once mayor of Vineland, New Jersey. John Samuel, son of John Graves married Polly Merwin, and had children: I. John, who resides in New York City, married Carrie --- ; children: William Frederick and Ethel Hilda. 2. Adele, married Captain John S. Seibold, of the United States army who was graduated from Phillips-Exeter Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, and from Yale College, and is now retired; children Julia and Dr. John. 3. Elizabeth, married Stephen Miller Van Wyck, deceased, and had no children. 4. William, of East Orange New Jersey, married Desire Masson. 5. Wil-helmina, married Cyrenias C. Fitzgerald, now deceased, who lived in Nicaraugua; children: Minola and Harold Graves. The first wife of Mr. Fitzgerald was a daughter of the president of the Republic of Nicaraugua. 6. Florence, married Alfred Ritter, of New Haven. 7. Carlton, married Maude Moore, of Worcester, Massachusetts, and is now living in Virginia; child, Charles Lewis. 8. Virginia, wife of Dr. Bennett S. Lewis.

Edmund Chamberlain,
CHAMBERLAIN immigrant ancestor,
was one of the original
settlers of Woburn, Massachusetts. He mar

settlers of Woburn, Massachusetts. He married, January 4, 1647, at Roxbury, Mary Turner. She died December 7, 1669, in Roxbury, and he married (second) Widow Hannah Burdett, at Malden, June 22, 1670. Children of first wife: Mary, baptized April 16, 1648; Sarah, December 18, 1649, died March II, 1652: Edmund, May 30, 1656, died in Indian campaign of 1675; Jacob, October 15, 1658. Children of second wife: Susanna, June, 1671, died 1672: Ebenezer, 1672, died 1672; Susanna, married John Tuckerman, of Boston; Edmund, mentioned below.

Either this Edmund or his father was chosen deacon of the church in Woodstock in 1725, and was still living in 1761. He was married, January 5, 1734, by Rev. Amos Throop, at W. Cember 27, 1783. Children: William, baptized November 17, 1734; Abiel, born 1737, mentioned below; William, baptize | March 22, 1741; Edmund, baptized March 20, 1743, probably served in the revolution.

(IV) Abiel, son of Edmund (3) Chamberlain, was born in 1737, died January 12, 1820. He served in the revolution, 1776, in Captain Jonathan Morris' company, Eleventh Regiment, from Woodstock, Connecticut. Hemarried, about 1700, Grace Ainsworth, of West Woodstock. She died January 10, 1788. Children, born hetween 1765 and 1788; Syl-via, born 1764, died March 10, 1822, unmarried; Abiel, born 1774, mentioned below; Zervath, married Abiel Allard, ren vool to Saratoga; Eunice (twin), horn 1777, married a Mr. Walker; Olive (twin), died March 7, 1868, unmarried; Polly, married a Mr. Warner; Betsy, married a Mr. Foster; Huldah, married a Mr. Foster; Huldah, married a Mr. Wathers; Joanna, married a Mr. Coombs; Nathan Ainsworth, married Polly Goodell about 1820, served in war of 1812; William, married Betsy Tucker about 1819; Reusselaer, baptized March 30, 1788.

(V) Abiel (2), son of Abiel (1) Chamberlain, was born in 1774, died September 23, 1846. He married Salome, daughter of Abel Child, September 3, 1803. She was the fifth in descent from Benjamin Child, the original settler of Roybury, Massachusetts, in 1630, 1850. Children: Rensselaer, born November ber 11, 1806, died September 7, 1841; Eme-Child. January 6, 1811, mentioned below; Children: Myron Newton, born

mentioned below: James Henry Percival, Ju

Child Chamberlain, was born August 19 1849, in New Haven, Connecticut, died Jun Haven high school. He then took a with Professor Louis Ball at his art

School of Yale University, but did not 100 Instead, in 1868, he went into the furniture

the latter alone. In 1872 George R. Juni berlain was admitted to partnership, the firm

& Son, and the business moved to 234 State street. Here they occupied the entire building, afterwards the third floor of the 1 Mountal-Courier building and later as building in the rear of the Courier building In 1876 James H. P. Chumberlain, a brother of George R. Chamberlain, became a partner, and the name was again changed to A. C. Chamberlain & Sons. In 1883 the firm moved to its present location on Orange street, into a building which was erected especially for its use. In 1886 William M. Parsons, the present treasurer, became a partner, and in 1897 under the name of The Chamberlain.

The Chamberlain Company. The officers are

and treasurer; Robert R. Chamberlain, secre-

tary.

Mr. Chamberlain was a member of Hiram Lodge, No. 1, Free and Accepted Masons, the oldest lodge in the state. He was a deacon of the Plymouth Congregational Church, and a member of the Congregational Club of New Haven. He married, June 11, 1874, M. Anna, born November 7, 1849, daughter of Lewis and Anna Parsons. She is the sixth in descent from Cornet Joseph Parsons, original settler in Springfield, 1636. Children: Elizabeth Mary, born April 24, 1877, married, in 1908, Charles H. Porter; Robert Rensselaer, November 15, 1881, married, in 1902, ——; children: John R., born 1903; Mary, 1905.

PATTERSON James Patterson, immigrant ancestor, was a soldier in the Scotch army of

Charles, defeated at the battle of Worcester by Cromwell, and was one of the prisoners of war transported to New England to be sold as slaves or servants for a term of years. He sailed from London in the ship "John and Sarah," about November 11, 1651, and arrived at Charlestown, Massachusetts, before May, 1652. In 1658 he received a grant of land in the town of Billerica and between that date and 1685 he received sixteen other grants. In 1661 his name appears on the town records in a vote of the proprietors. He was admitted a freeman, April 18, 1690. During King Philip's war his house was garrisoned by himself, John Baldwin, Edward and Thomas Farmer, Henry and John Jefts and two soldiers. For services in this war his son James was rewarded by a grant of land in Narragansett No. 6, now Templeton, Massachusetts. The father was also in the Expedition to Canada in 1690, and his son James, by virtue of the father's service, was a proprietor of Sudbury, Canada, granted in 1741, in Maine, comprising the present towns of Jay and Canton. James Patterson died May 14, 1701, aged about sixty-eight years. His will was proved in 1701. His widow Rebecca was administratrix of his estate. Among the debts mentioned is one to Sister Kebee, of Charlestown, and to Peter Proctor, of Chelmsford. He married, March 29, 1662, Rebecca, daughter of Andrew and Jane Stevenson, of Cambridge. Children: Mary, born in Billerica, June 22, 1666; James, December 28, 1668; Andrew, mentioned below; John, February 8, 1675; Joseph, November 1, 1677; Rebecca, May 18, 1680; James, February 13, 1683; Jonathan, November 31, 1685.

(II) Andrew, son of James Patterson, was born at Billerica, February 4, 1672, and settled in the adjacent town of Charlestown, Massachusetts. He married, in 1697, Elizabeth Kibbee, of Charlestown, baptized August 14, 1681, daughter of James Kibbee by his second wife Sarah, daughter of Andrew Stevenson, of Cambridge, and widow of John Lowden; she married James Kibbee, October 23, 1679. She was probably the Elizabeth Patterson who purchased Thomas Hodgman's homestead in Reading, September 8, 1725. Andrew Patterson was a mariner and was lost at sea, March, 1707, leaving one child (posthumous), James, who is further mentioned below.

(III) James (2), son of Andrew Patterson, was born in Charlestown, October 5, 1707. The date of August 13, 1707, is doubtless reckoned from the age given at death, without allowing for the change in calendar in 1752. He resided in Sudbury; married there October 14, 1730, Lydia, daughter of Jonathan and Abigail (Reed) Fiske, of Lexington, Massachusetts, and of Sudbury. James Patterson removed to Princeton, and Petersham, Worcester county, and died at Princeton, May 4, 1766. His widow died September, 1776, aged sixty-six years. Children: 1. Jonathan, born November 30, 1735; sergeant in Captain Samuel Howe's company from Marlborough sent to the relief of Fort William Henry in 1757; also in Captain Samuel Dakin's company in the Canadian Expedition of 1758 and was killed by Indians at Lake George, July 20, 1758. 2. David, mentioned below. 3. Andrew, April 14, 1742; married Elizabeth Bond and lived in Sudbury.

(IV) David, son of James (2) Patterson, was born at Sudbury, May 17, 1739. He lived in his native town, a blacksmith by trade. He removed to the adjoining town of Framingham and with his wife signed the covenant of the church, November 16, 1759. They moved to Boylston, Worcester county, in 1783, but returned to Framingham in 1799 and died there November 28, 1809, aged seventy years. His widow died May, 1829 (born July 23, 1740). (An interesting account of his wife's family (Clark) may be found in Maine Hist. Coll. vol. 1, 203, 1207, 214, and the histories of Framingham). He married Beulah Clark. Children: David, born August 7, 1760; Lydia, December 8, 1761; Molly, September 30, 1763; Jonathan, mentioned below; James, September 3, 1767; Isaac, March 9, 1769; Nancy, February 18, 1771; Enoch, September 30, 1772, proprietor of the Patterson House, Boston, alderman, removed from Boston to Dedham; Artemas, March 30, 1774; Sally, April 12, 1775; Sally, July 31, 1776; Beulah, June 20, 1779; Catharine, February





. ALLETTER ! II

7, 1781; William, April 19, 1782; Finis, Sep-

born in Framingham, September 3, 1705. He removed to comment of the in 1797 - Carroll, as in in some one one of four hundred acres. He built a frame and lived there until the second war with me the allowers to be set to Northborough, Worcester county, Massachu-He married, March 11, 1792. Sarah, daughter of Deacon Seth Rice, and a cousin of Governor Rice of Massachusetts. She died

phia, married Edward Proctor, of Northbor-

 $= -10 \quad -10 \quad = -1 \quad = -10 \quad$ province of Quebec, Canada, but his early life was spent largely in Northborough, Massachusetts, where he attended school and time of his marriage, but soon removed to 1883. He was a Democrat in politics in later years, and he and his wife Maria were devout members of the Congregational church. Durhowever. He was kindly, charitable and ex-ceedingly hospitable. His house was always full of guests. He married (first), September 26, 1833. Maria, born at Whalen, New York, 1812, died at Huntington, Connecticut, daughter of Captain Samuel Garlick, who came from Stratford, Connecticut, born 1764. died at Rose, New York, 1843. Her mother, ton, died at Galen, New York, 1878, at the remarkable age of ninety years. Dr. Samuel was born at Stratford, died at Galen at the site of the present village of Galen. Anson

1000 q = 00 40 = Me-0, 0=00 = 1 of second wife: John (

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stead in Northborough, Massachusetts, and

man the man have a common to the common to t

sides at Torrington, Connecticut; iv. Elizabeth, married Samuel A. Patterson, mentioned above; v. Julia, born February 1, 1846, married George Graham, and resides at Newtown; vi. Louise, born August 27, 1848, married Charles Carey, of Stratford, and had two children. Joshua Gray, father of George Gray, was a farmer living at Weston; children: Daniel, Millie, Andrew, Eliza, Laura, George and Phoebe.

The only child of Samuel Anson and Elizabeth (Gray) Patterson was Ella Maria, born May 12, 1858, and married, September 26, 1883, Charles F. Axtell, a lawyer of Morristown, New Jersey, where they reside; children: i. Roland P., born January 6, 1885; telephone operator, residing at Stratford, married, November 6, 1909, Adeline Hubbell Hopson; ii. Kenneth E., born in 1889, died February 8, 1892; iii. Rachael E., born

August 9, 1893; iv. Merritt F., born August

16, 1897.

Thomas Selden, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and was one of the original settlers of Hartford, Connecticut. He died there in 1655. His home lot was near the present junction of Washington and Lafayette streets. He was admitted a freeman in April, 1640; was town constable in 1650. His will was made August 14, 1655. He married Hester Wakeman, sister of John Wakeman. Thomas Selden was cousin or uncle of Thomas Hosmer. His widow married (second) Andrew Warner, who went from Hartford to Hadley where she died in 1693. Children: 1. Thomas, baptized August 30, 1645, married Felix, daughter of Captain William Lewis, of Farmington; removed to Hadley and died there November 24, 1734. 2. Mary, baptized March 26, 1648-49. 3. John, baptized March 3, 1649-50, died in May, 1651. 4. Esther, baptized March 3, 1649-50, died in May, 1651. 5. Joseph, mentioned below.

(II) Joseph, son of Thomas Selden, was baptized November 2, 1651, at Hartford, died at Lyme, Connecticut, July 14, 1724. He settled in 1678 in Hadley; removed in 1684 to Deerfield, Massachusetts; before 1689 to Hadley and before 1700 to Lyme, Connecticut. He married, February 11, 1677, Rebecca, daughter of Edward Church. She died June 9, 1726, aged sixty-five years. Children: I. Rebecca, born February 12 or March 5, 1678, married James Wells. 2. Hester, April 11, 1680, died July 21, 1681. 3. Joseph, May 10, 1682. 4. Thomas, 1684, mentioned below. 5. Mary, March 5, 1689. 6. Esther, May 2, 1691, married Jabez Chapman. 7. Samuel, May 17, 1695, lived at Lyme. 8. Sarah, July

(III) Thomas (2), son of Joseph Selden, was born in 1684 at Hadley or Deerfield, Massachusetts. He settled at Haddam, where he died September 12, 1754. He left two sons: Thomas, Joseph, mentioned below.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Thomas (2) Selden, was born in Haddam 1710-20. He married Ann Arnold, daughter of Nathan Lewis. Children, born at Haddam: 1. Joseph, mentioned below. 2. Edward, was living at Haddam when the census was taken in 1790, later of Windsor, Connecticut; he married, January, 1784, Sibbell May, daughter of the minister. 3. Cephas, born February, 1757, married, December, 1778, Martha Brainerd; living at Haddam in 1790 and had five females in his family; later of West Hartford and Hartland, Connecticut. The father Joseph, according to the census of 1700, was living in Haddam with one female in his family. Elias Selden was living in Haddam and another Joseph at East Haddam in 1790.

(V) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) Selden, was born about 1745 in Haddam. He married Susan Smith. Children: Joseph, John, Calvin, Samuel, David, Hezekiah, Fannie and

(VI) Hezekiah, son of Joseph (3) Selden, was born in West Hartford, 1783, died there in 1866 at the advanced age of eighty-three years. He was a farmer, and in early life active in the state militia. He married (first) Eunice Stanley, who died in 1826, aged fortyeight. He married (second) Fannie Woodruff. Children of first wife: Julia, Edward,

Henry, Joseph, mentioned below. Child of second wife: Newton, died young.

(VII) Joseph (4), son of Hezekiah Selden, was born in West Hartford, October 17, 1823. He attended the public schools of his native town and the West Hartford Acad-emy. He also attended the academy at Westfield, Massachusetts. He worked on his father's farm until he came of age, then went to Vernon and Rockville, where he learned the trade of dyer in the mills. He engaged in business as a merchant and manufacturer of cotton and woolen goods, and for thirty years was one of the leading and most substantial business men of the community. He came to Norfolk in 1875 as agent of the Hartford Axle Company. In 1878 he organized the Aetna Silk Company of which he has been president and treasurer to the present time. The capital of the company at first was \$10,-000. Its first officers were Robbins Battell, president; Joseph B. Eldredge, treasurer; Joseph Selden, agent. In 1879 the company He married (first) in 1845, Lavinia Fuller, born at Vernon, New York, daughter of Erastus Fuller. He married (second) in 1858, Emma Fuller, sister of his first wife. He had one child, Julia, by his second wife, born March 8, 1866, died June 1, 1805; married John D. Bassett; children, born in Norfolk, Connecticut: Joseph, November 27, 1888; Mary, December 15, 1889; Emma, September 9, 1802. All the children educated at Whitman College, Walla Walla, Washing-

tom.

(IV) Joseph (2) Perkins, son
v.), was born in Norwich,
Connecticut, October 25, 1704. He married
(first) 1728. Lydia Pierce, who died January 7, 1730. He married (second), July 23,
1730. Mary, daughter of Dr. Caleb Bushnell,
of Norwich. He died July 7, 1794. He graduated from Yale College in 1727 and was the
first of thirty-six of the name who took degrees at that college between 1727 and 1858.
He studied medicine and practiced in Norwich, and "became very eminent, both in
medicine and surgery, performing all the capital operations in that part of the colony. He

for scientific pursuits and undissembled piety, patriotism and benevolence." He was a deacon for many years. Child, by first wife: wife: Joseph, born August 10, 1733; Mary, July 11, 1735; Simon, October 25, 1737;

September 6, 1709; Andrew, mentioned below; Solomon, June 10, 1745; Caleb, January 25, 1710.

(V) Captain Andrew Perkins, son of Joseph (2) Perkins, was born in Notwich, July

1706, Anne Turner. She was born 1747, and died June 12, 1785. He married (second)

Robert and Abigail Niles, born 1704, and died February 24, 1787. He married

uary 6, 1789, Elizabeth, daughter of Eldad Taylor Esq., of Westfield, Massachusetts, born

ping merchant in Norwich, and was kn Captain Andrew, or later as Andrew Perkins Esq. Children by first wire: Anne, born February 1, 1768; Mary Bishop, August 1, 1770, died January 8, 1780; Andrew, born June 22, 1775, died in Hispaniola, April 27, 1796; Betsey, born November 13, 1776; Mary B., June

born November 26, 1782, died January 2, 1783; Charles, born December 17, 1783, died January 16, 1784. Children by third wife: Francis, born October 13, 1790, died June 4, 1802; Charles, mentioned below: Harriet, born November 9, 1794, died March 19, 1821; Abigail, born May 3, 1795; Edward, May 27, 1796, died November 22, 1812; Francis, born July 16, 1804, died October 5, 1804.

(VI) Charles, son of Captain Andrew Perkins, was born in Norwich, June 21, 1792, and died in London, England, November 8, 1856. He attended the public schools of his native town and was graduated from Yale College. He studied law and practiced in Norwich, Connecticut, Burlington, Vermont and Rochester, New York. He died suddenly while on a trip abroad. He married Clarissa Deming, born at Litchfield, December 21, 1795, daughter of Julius and Dorothy (Champion), Deming, (see Deming V).

(VII) Julius Deming, son of Charles Perkins, was born at Litchfield, March 16, 1830, and educated there in the public schools, and at Russell's Collegiate Institute, in New Haven. He went to New York City in 1847 to work in a large wholesale house and continued there until after the civil war. Since the war he has made his home in Litchfield. He was one of the prime movers in the organization of the Shepaug Valley Railroad built in 1700-01, raising a quarter of a million dollars for the purpose in one year. He was a member of the state board of agriculture

and was at the head of the agricultural fair association of the town for two years. He was instrumental in procuring the water works installed in the town in 1891. He is a trustee of the Norwich Hospital. In politics he is a Republican. He was state senator in 1893. He married, January 16, 1868, Margaretta Warner Dotterer, of Redding, Connecticut, daughter of Darius H. Dotterer. Children: I. Edith Howell, born July 20, 1870; married William Woodrich Rockhill, minister to China, now ambassador of the United States to Russia, residing at St. Petersburg. 2. Julius Deming, June 4, 1880, died February 5, 1909; graduate of Yale College, class of 1903, graduate of the law school of the University of Denver, 1907; practiced law at Denver until the time of his death. Julius Deming Perkins, died at Litchfield,

Aaron Thomas, son of Seth Thomas (q. v.), was born in Thomaston, March 13, 1830, and educated there in the public schools. He engaged in the manufacture of clocks and in teaming until January, 1859, when he was elected president of the Seth Thomas Clock Company. In October, 1865, a new clock company was organized, under the name of Seth Thomas' Sons & Company, and Aaron Thomas became president. This concern was also very successful, and he continued at the head of it until it was consolidated with the older company, January 21, 1879. Mr. Thomas was keenly interested in public affairs, and represented Thomaston in the general assembly in 1881. He was a Republican. He was a member of the Congregational church of Thomaston. He was characterized by indefatigable energy and devotion to business, an indomitable will and great perseverance. His ideals were high and he was kindly and generous in his impulses. He favored progress and public improvements and was a citizen of unusual public spirit. He married, October 4, 1848, Phebe A. Hine. Chil-Edson, mentioned below; Minnie, Aaron Jr., Edward.

(IV) Edson, son of Aaron Thomas, was born in Thomaston, 1850, died 1892. He was educated in the public schools, and learned the business of clock making in his youth. He was for many years superintendent of one of the factories of the Seth Thomas Clock Company. In his later years he had an insurance agency in Thomaston. He was a member of the Congregational church. In politics he was a Republican. He married, December 27, 1871, Cora McKee, of Terryville, born

January 3, 1852, daughter of Charles Augustus and Mary (Wood) McKee. Children: Edna, born April 29, 1872; Jessie, November 9, 1873; Seth, December 12, 1875, mentioned below; Edson Arthur, November 25, 1877; he graduated from Torrington high school, and has been connected with the Clock Company since his graduation. He is a Republican; a member of Congregational church and of Franklin Lodge, Odd Fellows.

(V) Seth (2), son of Edson Thomas, was born in Thomaston, December 12, 1875. He was educated in the public schools of Thomaston and Waterbury. He is a stockholder in the Seth Thomas Clock Company, founded by his great-grandfather, and has been actively connected with the company most of his life. He is a member of Franklin Lodge, Odd Fellows, of Thomaston. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Congregational church. He married, May 14, 1902, Jennie Morrell, of Westerly, Rhode Island, born October 22, 1874, daughter of Albert H. and Helen Adelaide (Torrey) Spicer. Children: Seth Richard, born January 6, 1903; Morton Spicer, June 4, 1906; Laura Andrews, October 28, 1909.

(III) Onesimus Gould, son of GOULD Lieutenant-Governor Nathan Gould (q. v.), was born about 1700, in Fairfield. He settled in Greenfield. He married Eunice — . Children, born at Fairfield: Rebecca, baptized October 4, 1724; Nathan, September 17, 1726, mentioned below; David, October 22, 1728; Luther, October 10, 1731; Eunice, August, 1733; Stephen, May, 1736; Sarah, August 27, 1737; Aaron, January 25, 1740.

(IV) Nathan, son of Onesimus Gould, was born September 17, 1726. He was a soldier from Fairfield in the revolution, in Captain Jonathan Dimon's company, and his son Nathan Jr. was of the same company. In 1790, according to the first federal census, he had in his family five males over sixteen and one female. Other heads of this family at that time were Jesse, Luther, Samuel, Stephen, Talcott, Ichabod, Aaron and Dimon, several of whom also fought in the war. Among his children was Nathan, mentioned below.

(V) Nathan (2), son of Nathan (1) Gould, was born about 1755, and served, as stated above, in the revolution. He married Abigail Burr. Among their children was Medad, mentioned below.

(VI) Medad, son of Nathan (2) Gould, was born about 1780, in Fairfield, died there April 16, 1843. He married Elizabeth Jackson, who died July 29, 1852, at Fairfield.

FULL Many at My 1 at 10 at I making allow We have me Supervisor is that the second of the make seem in the transit man examplester of the thought the real Hamilton in the late of the late d they be stop to the me to a solut or turnity nto year. The re to the train of the only as his health permitted. He was an earnest and faithful church member and for some time deacon of the Congregational church and superintendent of the Sunday school. In politics he was a Republican and a usestable. He married Fannie Beach Wilson, born at Easton, Connecticut, in 1811, died at and wife are buried in the Mountain Grove cemetery, Bridgeport, Children: 1. Eliza I rancis, married Marcus Burr, a Congrega-George A., deceased, married Viola J. Smith. 3. William Jackson, deceased, married Abbie Jane Sturges; had four children. 4. Sarah Elizabeth, married David Sturges. 5. Charles

Guld, was born November 29, 1846, at schools of his native city. He learned the trade of ship joiner with John Wyman, of a builder and contractor in Bridgeport in William J., under the firm name of Gould Wothers. The firm has had some of the larget and most difficult contracts to execute in t is vicinity. The brothers built the Bridgeand one comment and the mill ing mills, Bullard's Machine and Tool Company's plant, and repair shops of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, at New Haven. Many other factories and buildings too numerous to mention were built by this enterprising firm. The partnership continued until Mr. Gould's two ness and entered the roofing business with his son-a business which they are now carrying on extensively. Mr. Gould is prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of Corinthian Lodge, No. 104. Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has passed all the chairs, as well as in Jerusalem Chapter, No. 13. Royal Arch Masons; Jerusalem Council, No. 16. Royal Select Masters: Hamilton Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar; and all the Scottish Rite bodies, as follows: De

Witt Clinton Lodge of Perfection; Washington Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Pequomock Chapter, Rose Croix; Lafayette Consistory, Supreme Princes Royal Secret, and Pyramid Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, including the thirty-second degree. He is also a prominent Odd Fellow, having held all the offices of Areanum Lodge; also a member of the Stratfield Encampment, in which he has held all the offices. He is a member of the Congregational church, and in politics a Republican.

Mr. Gould married, September 23, 1872, at Bridgeport, Henrietta, daughter of Burr Curtis, of that city. Children: 1. Harry C., born August, 1875, at Bridgeport, in partnership with his father: married Mand, daughter of John Beach, of Monroe, Connecticut. 2.

Anna, at home

PLATT early found in many countries, the word meaning an open, level

the word meaning an open, level piece of land. In Norman French the name was spelled Pradt, then Pratt; in German, Platz. Coats-of-arms were granted to half a dozen different branches of the family in England as early as the reign of Elizabeth, and some as early as 1326. Senator Orville Hitchcock Platt was descended, through both father and mother, from long lines of New England farmers, who for many generations had held prominent stations in the communities in which they lived. They held offices in church and town affairs, were landowners, deacons, tithingmen, and captains of militia. One ancestor was imprisoned by Governor Andros in 1681, for daring to attend a meeting of delegates "to devise means to obtain a redress of grievances under his arbitrary rule." Another was among those who marched to Fishkill in the Burgoyne campaign of October, 1777, to reinforce General Putnam. It was a sturdy, loyal, patriotic, efficient New England stock.

(1) Deacon Richard Platt, inmigrant ancestor, is believed to be the Richard who was baptized September 28, 1603, son of Joseph, in the parish of Bovington, Hertfordshire, England. He settled as early as 1638 at New Haven, Connecticut, and was one of a party of sixty-one who formed a church settlement at Milford, in the same colony, being the first settlers in that place. November 20, 1630, and at the time having four in his family. He was the manifest of the same colony, he was placed in the same grandsons. His will is dated January 24, 1683-84. In August, 1880, a memorial stone, suitably inscribed, was placed in the new bridge over

the Mapawaug. Children: I. Mary, married (first), May I, 1651, Luke Atkinson; (second) January 3, 1667, Thomas Wetherell. 2. John, settled in Norwalk; married Hannah Clark. 3. Isaac, see forward. 4. Sarah. 5. Epenetus, baptized July 12, 1640; was an associate of his brother Isaac in his varied experiences. 6. Hannah, born October 1, 1643. 7. Josiah, 1645. 8. Joseph, 1649; married,

1680, Mary Kellogg.

(II) Isaac, second son and third child of Deacon Richard Platt, was, with his brother Epenetus, enrolled among the fifty-seven landowners of Huntington, Long Island, in 1666. They were doubtless residents there for some years earlier. Both were admitted freemen, May 12, 1664, by the general assembly of Connecticut, then having jurisdiction over Long Island, under the old charter, and their names appear among the proprietors in the patent of 1666, and again in the patent of 1668. Both were imprisoned in New York by Governor Andros in 1681 for attending a meeting of delegates of the several towns to obtain "a redress of grievances under his arbitrary rule." After their release, at a town meeting, a vote was passed to pay their expenses. He and his brother were among the sterling patriots of the time, fully recognizing and claiming their civil and religious rights. He bought land at Huntington in 1679 of John Greene, and of Jonathan Hammet, May 15, 1683. He was recorder of Huntington in 1687, was captain of militia, and it is said of him that "he held every office of consequence in the gift of his townsmen." His death occurred at Huntington, July 31, 1691. He married (first) at Milford. Connecticut, March 12, 1640, Phebe Smith; (second) at Huntington, about twenty years later, Elizabeth, daughter of Jonas Wood. Children, all by the second marriage: Elizabeth, born September 15, 1665; Jonas, see forward; John, born June 29, 1669; Mary, October 26, 1674; Joseph, Sep-

tember 8, 1677; Jacob, September 29, 1682.
(III) Jonas, eldest son and second child of Isaac and Elizabeth (Wood) Platt, was born at Huntington, Long Island, August 16, 1667. He married there Sarah Scudder. Children: Obadiah, see forward; Timothy, settled at Fairfield. Connecticut; Jesse, was the father of three children; Isaac, remained in Hunt-

ington.

(IV) Obadiah, eldest child of Jonas and Sarah (Scudder) Platt, was born in Huntington. With his brother Timothy he settled at Fairfield, Connecticut, across Long Island Sound, where he purchased lands in 1724. He married, August 10, 1722, Mary Smith, who died at Ridgefield, November 16, 1771. Chil-

dren: Abel, born August 2, 1723; Sarah, June 25, 1725; Jonas, see forward; Obadiah, August 8, 1729, was the ancestor of Professor Johnson T. Platt; Ann, November 5, 1731; David, September 15, 1734; Mary, January 7,

1736; Elizabeth, May 10, 1737.

(W) Jonas (2), second son and third child of Obadiah and Mary (Smith) Platt, was born at Fairfield, Connecticut, October 9, 1727. He settled at Redding, Connecticut, where he married, October 17, 1747, Elizabeth, daughter of Ephraim Sanford. He and his wife were admitted to the Redding church, July 5, 1749. Children, born at Redding: John, see forward; Daniel, baptized August 11, 1754; Eunice, baptized May 30, 1756. Children, born at Ridgefield: Obadiah, May 17, 1758; Isaac, April 13, 1760; Samuel; Jonas: William; Jehu; Huldah,

(VI) John, eldest child of Jonas (2) and Elizabeth (Sanford) Platt, was born at Redding in 1752, where he was baptized February 5, of the same year. He was a soldier in the revolution, was taken a prisoner at Fort Lee, November 16, 1776, and was one of the band of "Prison Ship Martyrs." At the close of the revolution he settled at Washington, Connecticut. He married, July 7, 1775, Elizabeth Parmle (Parmalee). Children: John, born February 21, 1777; David, August 31, 1778; Ruth Ann, March 31, 1782; Betsey, May 8, 1790; Daniel Gould, see forward.

(VII) Daniel Gould, youngest child of John and Elizabeth (Parmalee) Platt, was born at Washington, Connecticut, July 25, 1707, died October 26, 1871. He was a farmer at Washington, and in addition to this occupation served as deputy sheriff and a judge of probate, and at times taught school. He married (first) January 3, 1817, Almyra Hitchcock; (second) September 26, 1871, Harriet Davis, of Cold Spring, New York, who died December 18, 1885. Children, all by first marriage: Orville, born March 11, 1822, died in 1826; Orville Hitchcock, see forward; Simeon D., February 12, 1832.

(VIII) Hon. Orville Hitchcock, second son and child of Daniel Gould and Almyra (Hitchcock) Platt, was born in Washington, Connecticut, July 19, 1827. He attended the public schools of his native town and the academy known in later years as "The Gunnery," from the principal, Frederick W. Gunn, under whom Mr. Platt received instruction in his youth in higher mathematics, rhetoric and the classics. No more tender tribute to a friend was ever penned than the sketch which Senator Platt contributed to a memorial of Mr. Gunn printed in 1887. It reveals much of the inner life of both men and is significant of the



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influences that went to shape the character and career of the younger. "He was more to no them a winer my are dor fire out the is one of the sentences of this tribute. Freddren, all of whom became identified with the cause of anti-slavery. He was of the class of 1837 of Yale College, and among his class-mates were: Chief-justice M. R. Waite, William M. Evarts, Edwards Pierrepont and Benjamin Silliman. In 1839 he opened his school commenced in the Old Red Schoolhouse on ence. Mr. Platt was thirteen years of age when he entered the school of Mr. Gunn, and ring eight years he enjoyed the closest rers the number of scholars was reduced to : c, all the children of Abolitionists, and Mr. nn was obliged to remove his school to the on which "The Gunnery" now stands. For two winters Mr. Platt lived with Mr. . olhouse on Christian street. Later Mr. on became principal of a large school in I wanda and persuaded young Platt to ac-. mpany him in the capacity of assistant. Mr. I" tt worked with his father during his youth enable farm when not employed with his school duries, and at the age of twenty years comrenced the study of law in the office of Hon. writes, in part: "His scholarship was good but not conspicuous. He was not a book-worm; not a plodder. The time and energy which, perhaps, otherwise applied, might have was and a local control of the conin the study of literature and poetry. \* \* \* Transferred to the city he lost none of his we for country surroundings. He excelled the study of botany. He loved the freei of the open fields-the solitude of the w shore. In those days, as all through his Mir years, he was fond of hunting and fishing. He enjoyed such pastimes with the relish of the true hunter and angler, whose real pleasure is found, not in killing game and catching fish, but in the exhilaration which fields. \* \* \* His ideal was manliness. His development of that ideal was along the line of physical, intellectual and sentimental growth. He cultivated muscle, health, imagination, taste, intellect! \* \* \* His idea of education, acted upon in his own college experience as well as when he came to be a teacher, was the perfecting of a noble manhood—the creating of a noble life." The words written by Mr. Platt might well have been written of himself.

Mr. Platt was admitted to the bar of Litchford county, Pennsylvania, where he spent six months in the town of Towanda, in the law office of Hon. Ulysses Mercur, who was legal residence was at Meriden. Soon after for some three years, and in newspaper work edge of men and affairs. In the meantime ting a start in his profession. In 1853 he and served three years. In 1855-56 he was clerk of the state senate of Connecticut. was one of the original members of the Rehis death was a stout supporter of the poliefficient and indefatigable political leader in one of the most trying times of the government in the midst of the civil war. One notable contest over the adoption of the constifor voting to the soldiers in the field was won after a memorable struggle. The speaker deship were required, and Mr. Platt appealed sembly and was chosen speaker of the house. retired from the speaker's chair at the close of the term, he was known and respected

ablest officials, one whose qualifications for legislative work were of an exceptionally high order, and whose brilliant abilities, energy and influence it was eminently desirable to retain in the public service. Notwithstanding this, however, and in the face of a strong party sentiment to keep him in public office, Mr. Platt retired for a time from politics in order to give his attention more fully to his law practice, which had grown to very extensive proportions and demanded his close personal supervision. During the civil war he gave to the government his earnest and loyal support, and to the full extent of his powers gave his aid to the Union cause. In 1877 he was appointed state's attorney in New Haven county. In 1870 he was elected United States senator to succeed W. H. Barnum, Democrat, who had been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Orris S. Ferry, Republican. On the thirty-eighth ballot in the Republican caucus Mr. Platt received seventy-six votes, General Joseph H. Hawley received seventytwo, and Marshall Field received one, and his election followed as a matter of course. a reception given in his honor, and attended by men of all parties, he made a characteristic speech in which he said: "That which is right is priceless to me; and in all campaigns and achievements of the Republican party in which I have participated I have never steered a middle course, but have done what I thought right." A friend said of him at that time: "Senator Platt carries to the senate independence of judgment, intimate acquaintance with political history and a thorough mastery of the fundamental principles of a Republican form of government. We greatly mistake if the senator does not prove to be one of the ablest and most serviceable members Connecticut has ever sent to the honorable body to which he is accredited." His election was due in large part to the work of Senator H. Wales Lines, of Meriden, one who knew him well and appreciated fully his sterling qualities. At the expiration of his term of office he was re-elected, and by successive re-elections he was continued in his high office as long as he lived.

The last session of the fifty-eighth congress had in it enough of interest to make any session memorable, brief as it was. It marked the end, not only of the congress, but also of the first administration of President Roosevelt, and for some reason the radicals in all parties seemed to expect that the administration would be marked by revolutionary demonstrations. The elder statesmen in the senate were filled with apprehension, and Mr. Platt returned to Washington weighed down with a

sense of foreboding. He wrote: "The great victory of November started up every fool crank in the United States and we are going to have lots of trouble." The senate might be swept from its moorings by the spirit of the hour, and up to the day of final adjournment the Connecticut senator kept looking for the first sign of weakening in the legislative foundation. As chairman of the judiciary committee and as a member of the committe on finance, Mr. Platt was in the way to impress his conservatism on his associates and on the administration, and his position was strengthened by the support he gave to the president and Secretary Hay in matters of international concern in which they were deeply interested. As if the senate did not have business enough to attend to in ordinary course, the house of representatives invited further congestion by impeaching Charles Swayne, judge of the district court of the United States for the northern district of Florida, of high crimes and misdemeanors in office. The charges against Swavne were petty and there was some irritation in the senate that the scant time at its disposal should be invaded for their consideration. Yet, proceedings having been instituted, they must be treated as solemnly as if the charges were momentous and the culprit the chief justice of the United States. It had been many years since the senate had sat as a high court of impeachment, the last occasion having been in the trial of Secretary Belknap in a former generation, so that the duties which fell upon the chairman of the judiciary committee found him handicapped by lack of experience. Not only did Mr. Platt have to handle the preliminaries of the trial, but when the time for it came, Mr. Frye, the president pro tempore, begged on account of illness to be excused from the confining task of presiding over the court, and Mr. Platt was named in his stead. The Connecticut senator might well have pleaded age and feebleness also, but with characteristic fidelity he bent his back to the burden. For over a month, in addition to all his other duties, he was obliged to preside over the wearisome deliberations of the court, listen to the interminable testimony and the arguments of counsel, and to pass upon questions of procedure. No one who witnessed the senate in session during that period is likely to forget it soon. The presiding officer invested the proceedings with simple dignity, and at their conclusion an impressive picture remained in the records of the senate. Yet all this time he was struggling with an insidious disease. Early in the trial he had been seized with an attack of grippe from which he never fully recovered.

the state of the state of details words in Wahilo. HILD TO BE HEAVEN A STREET OF THE fort to go to the Capitol in a closed carriage, and every evening he returned to his rooms to complete the day in bed. All through it, too, he attended to the multifarious business the case for years, the peculiar local business which otherwise would have fallen upon his dying colleague. The wonder is that he should did, but he carried his work right through to grinding avalanche of legislation" incident to the closing weeks of a congress and witnessed the ceremonies inducting President Roosevelt who came to the inauguration, remonstrated with him for overtaxing his slender physical resources during the trial, and he admitted that perhaps he ought to have remained in his room, but he said earnestly: "It was just as on hand when he is going to be hanged." In recognition of the completion by Mr. Platt of twenty-six years of service in the senate, Charles Henry Butler, reporter of the supreme court, had arranged to give him a dinner on eve of the dinner word was received that General Hawley was dving. He was no longer a member of the senate, his term of service havand close friend for a quarter of a century, were recalled. The sequel was as remarkable a tribute as the dinner would have been. Letof the intended guests, among them being the following from President Roosevelt: "My dear Mr. Butler: May I, through you, extend my heartiest greetings to the guest of the evening, Senator O. H. Platt. It is difficult to say what I really think of Senator Platt without seeming to use extravagant expression. I do not know a man in public life who more substantial and disinterested service to as an American, to have such a man occupying such a place in the councils of the nation. As with him intimately during four sessions of Congress, and I cannot overstate my obligations to him, not only for what he has done by speech and vote, but because it gives me

leart and strength to see and consult with so fearless, high-minded, practicable, and fars-sq.lited a public servant. Wishing you a most pleasant evening, believe me, Sincerely yours, Theodore Rooseveit," General Hawley died on the day set for the dinner; the burial was at Hartford, and Senator Platt went north on the funeral train. It was a raw and blustering day in Hartford, and he became chilled as he waited for a long time, with bared head, at the railway station. He returned to see the President and to wind up some departmental affairs, and after two or three days went to his home at Kirby Corner, Washington, Connecticut, and tried to get up sufficient energy to take his first outing, which had been set for the last day of March. Instead there came a chill followed by fever, and this was the beginning of the serious illness which followed and ended in his death on Good Friday, April

name, the Platt Amendment, the value of which was so soon demonstrated after Cuba became an independent republic and was again threatened with civil war such as has sapped the vitality and disgraced the citizenship of Latin-America so often.

The personal attachments of Senator Platt were deep and tender. He was not demonstrative, and his native diffidence restrained him from showing his inmost feelings, but there was a gentle insistence in his manner which was more eloquent than mere words, when in the company of those he liked, and to a very few he opened his heart. At times he was subject to fits of depression, when he felt like going back to the simple life of his early days, but these were fleeting phases which made their appearance when he was overburdened with work. His view of his political aspirations is shown in his own words, as follows: "I have no ambition. If the people of Connecticut want to send some one to the Senate in my place I shall not whimper or even care. I only want to go on while I have strength, doing what there is for me to do as well as I can, and whether it is here or elsewhere-in the Senate or in some quiet cabin by the way-makes no difference. I have no high notions about myself, ask for nothing, want nothing, am content. I think I have that much philosphy." He was unaffectedly religious; generous in charitable undertakings, and philanthropical as far as his time and opportunity would permit. He was fond of old-fashioned things; read old books and studied old customs, especially those relating to the early history of New England, and found relaxation in writing about the early history of Connecticut. Archæology was also a favorite study. Among some of the interesting papers he prepared, are: "The Extinction of the Meeting House," "The British Invasion of New Haven in 1779," and "Encounter Between Roger Griswold and Matthew Lyon in 1798." In 1899 he was made a regent of the Smithsonian Institution, and always took the deepest interest in its affairs, one of his last acts being to help secure a four million dollar appropriation for the National Museum in 1904. Throughout his life he fashioned his conduct after the manner of one who believes profoundly in the never ending influence of every spoken word and every unspoken thought. To Senator Hoar he once said: "I am one of those who believe that no thought conceived by the brain, no word spoken by the lips, no act performed by the will, has ever been lost or ceases to exert its influence upon mankind. The world is to-day what these thoughts, words,

and deeds of all who have gone before us have made it." During the last years of his life Senator Platt had a summer home at Washington, Connecticut, and from that home his funeral was held.

He married (first) May 15, 1850, Annie, only daughter of James Perry and Ann (Wallis) Bull. of Towanda, Pennsylvania; she died in November, 1893. She was a prominent member of the First Congregational Church of Meriden, Connecticut, and greatly interested in the good work of that society. Senator Platt married (second) April 29, 1897, Jeannie Penniman, widow of George A. Hoyt, of Stamford, Connecticut, and daughter of Hon. Truman Smith, United States senator from Connecticut (see Smith). Children of first wife: James Perry, see forward; Daniel Gould, born at Meriden, February 7, 1858,

died in January, 1864.

(IX) Hon. James Perry, eldest and only surviving son of Hon. Orville Hitchcock and Annie (Bull) Platt, was born at Towanda, Pennsylvania, March 31, 1851. He attended the Gunnery School at Washington, Connecticut, where his father had been a pupil in his youth, and he completed his preparation for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. He entered Yale College, and was graduated in the class of 1873 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Following the example of his father, and in accordance with his own inclinations, he studied law and was graduated from the Yale Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. He was admitted to partnership in his father's law business, under the firm name of O. H. & J. P. Platt, and continued to practice until appointed to the bench. In 1878-79 he represented the town of Meriden in the general assembly, and was then appointed city attorney of Meriden and continued in this office until 1893, when he was chosen by the general assembly as judge of the city and police court of Meriden. He served until 1902, when he was appointed justice of the United States district court. He has commanded the fullest confidence of bench and bar from the very beginning of his judicial career. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church. He is a member of Meriden Lodge, No. 77, Free and Accepted Masons, being at one time master of the lodge; and of St. Elmo Commandery, Knights Templar, of Meriden. He is also a member of the Home Club of Meriden, the Yale Club of New York, and is a trustee of the Meriden Savings Bank. His home is at No. 130 Lincoln street, Meriden. Mr. Platt married, December 2, 1885, Harriet White



James & Plat



Ives, born in Meriden, September 14, 1861. Children: Margaret, born December 30, 1886; James Perry Jr., Jedanary 20, 1886, ded July 24, 1886.

the South Lines.

(I) John Smith, immigrant ancestor, settled at Lancaster, and left a will dated April 12, 1665, proved September 27, 1669, bequeathing to sons, John and Richard, and daughters. Ann Moore and Alice (Alles) Smith. We know that Ann (Smith) Moore, his daughter, married, November 16, 1654, John Moore, son of John Moore, the immigrant. John Moore, Jr., became a proprietor of Lancaster, March 11, 1653-54. The Moore genealogy in the "New England Register" calls her daughter of John and Sarah Smith, appears that there must be two named John Smith. A John Smith, of Sudbury, married there, October 13, 1647, Sarah Hunt, and had John, born February 7, 1648, and Robert, May 11, 1654. Another John Smith with a wife, Sarah, died at Charlestown, Massachusetts, March 26, 1673, called "Sr." and by will dated March 8, proved June 17, 1673, bethe Indians: to sons John, James and Josiah, daughters Elizabeth, Sarah and Mary, property at Charlestown, etc.; his widow Sarah died November 12, 1687. She could not have been Sarah Hunt, however, unless he had two wives named Sarah, for John and Sarah had a son Benoni, born at Charlestown, June 15. 1646. before the date of the marriage of Sarah Hunt to John Smith, of Sudbury. Now in 1640 Jeremiah Norcross, of Water-

Now in 1640 Jeremiah Norcross, of Watertown, had an account before the general court, December 1, 1640, and in Norcross' will presented at court, October 6, 1657, bequeaths to "Mary, wife of my wife's son John Smith." His wife was widow Adrean Smith. His son Nathaniel, by the way, graduate of a university, was minister at Lancaster, in 1643.

This will connects John Smith, of Lancaster, with Richard Smith, mentioned below. Richard Smith, of Sudbury, married, October 6, 1647. Mary Kerley; their child Hannah was born September 21, 1651, and his wife and infant died May 27, 1654; he removed to Lancaster and married (second) in Boston, Widow Joanna Quarles and had John, born February 20, 1656, and Francis, August 26, 1657. He may have had other children, but his will, dated June 14, 1680, mentions none and leaves all his property to Thomas Read Sr., a cousin, of Sudbury, with whom he spent his last years; the will states his age as about

fifty-five, making his birth year 1625 (in England) and states that his father was Antony Smith, of Berkshire, England; he says he lived fourteen years at Watertown and served Jeremiah Norcross (doubtless his step-father). It seems to be proved, therefore, that John and Richard were sons of Adrean Smith, widow of Antony Smith, and wife of Jeremiah Norcross; removed to Sudbury and lived with cousin, Thomas Read Sr. (cousin used to mean nephew, usually); will refers to marriage and death of wife and child in Boston and residence at various places at the East (this usually meant Maine); returned to Sudbury and was cared for by Read, to whom he bequeathed all his estate.

Richard Smith was with John at Lancaster and signed the town orders in 1653.

The only dates from which we can fix the age of John Smith who died at Lancaster in 1665 are the suit in 1640, probably about the time he came of age, and the date of marriage of Ann, his daughter, to John Moore in 1654. Both John and Richard appear to have been born in England, John as early as 1618, Richard in 1625. John subscribed to the town orders of Lancaster, March 15, 1653-54; his wife Mary died at Lancaster, December 27, 1650.

(II) Richard Smith, mentioned in the will as son of John Smith, of Lancaster, settled in Lyme, Connecticut. John Smith, probably the brother of Richard, but notwithstanding the will of Richard, possibly son of Richard and Joanna (Quarles) Smith, mentioned above, settled also in Lyme and had a son named Quarles. No other person of the name is found at this time in Massachusetts than the widow mentioned. (See Deed June 27, 1722, vol. 2, p. 120, Lyme).

Though Richard, mentioned above, died at Sudbury, there is proof that he owned land at Lyme and may have lived there. With the consent and approbation of his wife Joanna he deeded land to Peter Pratt at Lyme, November 23, 1674. Richard Smith bought land of John Holmstead, of Norwich, in 1667, and received a deed March 30, 1673-74. Even earlier, March 13, 1669, he owned land at Lyme and deeded it to Walsbon Brockway. He had a grant of land at Lyme, July 10,

1674. Land was granted to Richard Smith Sr., and Richard Smith Jr., in 1678 and in 1680 land of Richard, Sr., is mentioned in connection with fencing.

sue, we must conclude that he was not the son of John, but of Antony. Richard Smith, Jr., was his nephew. Richard, Jr., was born about 1750; he married (first). November 17, 1677,

connection with tencing.

As Richard Sr. died apparently without is-

Elizabeth ——, who died April 3, 1690. He married (second) Elizabeth Harris, a widow. In his will dated 1701 he bequeaths to wife Elizabeth. He died March 8, 1701-02. He had a son Daniel, mentioned below.

(III) Daniel, son of Richard Smith, was born at Lyme, Connecticut, April 15, 1692, died at Lyme, March 22, 1729-30. He married Elizabeth ——, December 7, 1726. They had a son Richard, mentioned below.

(IV) Richard (2), son of Daniel Smith, was born at Lyme, December 28, 1728, and (V) Phineas, son of Richard Smith, married Deborah Ann Judson. They had a son

Truman, mentioned below.

(VI) Truman, son of Phineas Smith, was born in Woodbury, Connecticut, November 27, 1791, died in Stamford, Connecticut, May 3, 1884. He was graduated at Yale in 1815, and was admitted to the bar in 1818. He was a representative in the state legislature during the years 1831-32-34; a Whig representative from Connecticut 1839-43, and 1845-49; a presidential elector in 1844; and United States senator 1849-54, resigning April 11, 1854, his term of office being completed by Francis Gillett. He was appointed by President Lincoln, judge of the slave trade court in New York under the treaty of 1862 with Great Britain, and he served from 1862 to 1870, the system being abolished by the treaty of 1870. He was the author of "Examination of the Question of Anæsthesia' (1859) reprinted as "An Inquiry into the Origin of Anæsthesia" (1867). He was the father of Jeannie Penniman, wife of Hon. Orville Hitchcock Platt (see Platt VIII).

(VIII) Simeon D. Platt, son of PLATT Daniel Gould Platt (q.v.), was born at Washington, February 12, 1832. He attended the Gunnery School in Washington and worked on his father's farm in boyhood. He continued on the homestead until he was twenty-four years old. From 1860 to 1864 he was a stationary engineer. Subsequently he bought the old cotton mill property below the railroad station and operated a grist mill there until the coming of the railroad in 1871, when he was appointed station agent, the first at Washington depot on the new road. Besides his duties for the railroad he carried on a lumber and coal business and he was also postmaster of Washington Depot for many years. In 1886 he came to Torrington and during the next ten years had a drug store in that town. For five years he was in the boot and shoe business. Since 1901 he has been retired from business, making his home at Torrington. In politics he is a Republican. He voted first for General John C. Fremont and he has voted for every Republican candidate for president since then. He was at one time treasurer of the town of Washington. He is a member of Rising Sun Lodge, No. 27, Free and Accepted Masons, of Washington, and was its secretary for many years. He is a member of the Congregational church. He married, in 1855, Mary Helen, born at Richland, Kalamazoo county, Michigan, May 30, 1836, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Mitchell) Logan. They have one son, Dr. William Logan, mentioned below.

son, Dr. William Logan, mentioned below.
(IX) Dr. William Logan Platt, son of Simeon D. Platt, was born at Washington, April 20, 1859. He attended the Gunnery School in Washington and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City, graduating in 1881. He practiced with Dr. Orlando Brown, of Washington, for two years, and in 1883 located in Torrington, where he has since been in general practice. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He is a member of Seneca Lodge, No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, of Torrington; Cyrus Chapter, No. 45, Royal Arch Masons, of Torrington; Royal Arcanum; Torrington Business Men's Association and of the Torrington Hospital Association. He married, in January, 1882, Rose Cook, of Washington, Connecticut, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Parsons) Cook. Children: Dr. Daniel Philip. mentioned below; Mildred H., born August 2, 1890, married, May 4, 1909, James M. Dayton, who is with the Excelsior Needle Company of Torrington.

(X) Dr. Daniel Philip Platt, son of Dr. William Logan Platt, was born at Torrington, March 29, 1886. He attended the public schools of his native town and Betts Academy of Stamford, Connecticut. He received his medical education at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York, graduating with the degree of M.D. in May, 1907. Since then he has been associated in practice with his father at Torrington. He married, October 16, 1909, Edna Chedsey, of Yonkers, New

York.

PLATT of the oldest Connecticut families in the male line, lived at Easton, Connecticut. He died on a sea voyage taken for his health at thirty years of age. He married — Lyon. She married (second) Bethel Todd. William Platt had two children, Ebenezer Lyon, mentioned below, and Elizabeth.



Truman Fruth



(II) Ebenezer Lyon, son of William Platt, was born in 1782, at Easton, Connecticut, died September 19, 1858, at Redding, Connecticut. He h, d a college education and taught school in Easton and Redding. He was also a farmer and owned a farm at Easton. He married, at Easton, Anne Edwards, who died March 2, 1855, aged sixty years, daughter of Isaac Edwards, born April 7, 1762. This family lived at Brookfield, Connecticut, at the time of the revolution. He then removed to Monroe, Connecticut, and died at the home of his son, Benjamin Edwards, Laceyville, New York, January 4, 1843, aged eighty years. Children of Isaac Edwards: Zalmon, died at Easton; Benjamin, died at Laceyville, New York; Polly married a Mr. Lamphiere; Jerusha, married Andrew Wakelee; Maria, married Bradley Wakeman; Anne, married Ebenezer L. Platt. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Platt, born at Easton: I. Mary, born May I, 1814; married Stephen Nichols, Bridgeport, 2. William, April 18, 1817, died at Bridgeport, Connecticut; father of five children: Harriet L., Elizabeth A., Emma, Josephine, William, last three deceased. 3. Edwards, born December 30, 1821; married ---; children: Hanford, Georgianna, Eugene, all deceased. 4. Wakeman Bradley. 5. Marietta, November 6, 1827; married Edson Crobin: two electrons: May Emma, Howard, deceased. 6. Charles, March 28. 1829, died February 19, 1861, unmarried. 7. Granville, April 22, 1834, died January 25, 1902, aged sixty-seven; left one daughter, Anna, married a Mr. Barnes. He enlisted in sixth regiment in civil war and served during the war and in the commissary department at Richmond, Virginia, after the war for some three years.

(III) Wakeman Bradley, son of Ebenezer Lvon Platt, was born at Easton, June 3, 1825, died August 7, 1891, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. He was educated mainly by his father, at home and in the public schools in which his father was a teacher. He worked in the lumber business in Bridgeport (his home), and Stamford, until he retired from business. He was well known and highly respected in the community of Bridgeport. He applied for enlistment in the local artillery company of Bridgeport at the time of the civil war but was rejected by the examining surgeons. He moved to Bridgeport. Connecticut, in 1858, and lived there until his death, owning real estate. He was interested in the welfare of the city of Bridgeport and contributed substantially by his life work to make the city larger and better. He belonged to no church, but gave generously in charity. In politics he was a Republican. He married, January 16,

1853, at Redding, Antoinette Wilson, born in Redding, March 5, 1831, daughter of Charles and Sarah Ann (Jenkins) Wilson, grandand served all through the war. She rememmoved first to Richfield, then to Redding, and died there. They had eight children: Eunice, William, Nathan, Elizabeth, Calvin, Harry, ceased. Her father, Charles Wilson, born January 28, 1803, was a farmer, a man of high standing and exemplary character. She Lord and had four children, and Sarah Wilson, married Noah Sherwood and had two children. John Wilson, father of Charles Wilson, was born at Wilton, Connecticut; he was a master mariner, sailing from Norwalk, Connecticut, and was lost at sea, August 20, 1769. Married Patty Elizabeth Shute, of Weston; 20, 1795, died in South Norwalk. 2. William, March 10, 1797, died in Norwalk, 1900; he had three sons: i. William, born in Norwalk; ii. Charles, in Norwalk; he had a son Frederick, who is engaged in the jewelry business in Danbury, Connecticut: iii. Albert, born in Norwalk, deceased. 3. Polly, April 25, 1800, died in Ridgefield, in 1840; married Wesley Hawkins. 4. Charles, father of Mrs. Platt, died at Redding. 5. Samuel, went west when a young man. Mr. and Mrs. Platt had one child: Antoinette Amie, married William E. Wills bern at Calling. Wills, born at Colburn, Canada; a traveling salesman; son of Henry Wills, who came from England to Canada when a young man, then removed to Connecticut, and settled at Long Hill, a farmer until his death in 1909. Children: i. Howard Wakeman Wills, born August 29, 1890, student at Yale; ii. Robert Henry Wills, November 19, 1893; iii. Frank Wilson Wills, born 1896, died aged eighteen

(VI) Josiah Platt, nephew of PLATT Josiah Platt (V), and grandson of Josiah (IV), as mentioned in his will in 1758, was born before that date. He was a farmer in West Haven and deacon of the church there, aiding largely in its support. He and his wife are buried at West Haven. Children: Nathan, mentioned below; John, married Eunice ——, and both are buried at West Haven; Mary, died young (gravestone at West Haven); Mary, married Jonathan Alling, of New Haven, and David R. Alling, a coal dealer of New Haven is a

grandson; Amy, died unmarried; Ann, died unmarried. Josiah Platt had many descendants through his son Nathan, of whom Miss Sarah A. Platt of West Haven, who is compiling the records of his descendants, is one.

(VII) Nathan, son of Josiah Platt, was born about 1780, and was a soldier in the war of 1812. His house was raided by the British soldiers during the attack on New Haven. He was a man of great moral and religious worth. His name is enrolled on the records of the First Congregational Church at West Haven, Connecticut. He was one of the deacons and was a large contributor to the support of the church. He married Cata Merrick, who was born in 1776 and died in 1859, daughter of Barnabas Merrick, born 1728, at Harwich, Massachusetts, married December 7, 1755, Ellis (Alice) Bangs, granddaughter of Joshua Merrick, great-granddaughter of William Merrick, the son of the immigrant, William Merrick (p. 28 "Merrick Genealogy"; see also "Platt Lineage," and pp. 640 and 1364, Beer's "History of New Haven County, Conn."). Children: Amy; Nathan, born at Orange, in 1800, and lived at West Haven, died in 1877, married Mary, daughter of John and Esther (Umberfield) Meloy, granddaughter of Edward Meloy; Catherine; Pauline; Sarah Ann; Mary; John; Newton; Louisa; Zenas Merrick, mentioned below; Charles.

(VIII) Zenas Merrick Platt, son of Nathan Platt, was born in West Haven, Connecticut, November 18, 1818, and died in Derby, Connecticut, August 18, 1884. His early education was received in the common schools. After traveling in the western states for a time, he became a clerk in the store of Roswell Humiston, and a few years later he purchased the business of his employer, and continued it with abundant success as long as he lived. In politics he was a Democrat, taking an active part in public affairs and possessing great influence. He married, November 5, 1845, Ann Maria Hummiston, of New Haven, born June 12, 1822, died February 22, 1907, daughter of Roswell and Lovisa (Moorehouse) Hummiston, and granddaughter of David Hummiston, born April 18, 1764, and Susannah (Warner) Hummiston, born April 2, 1769. Children: I. Edward Merrick, mentioned below. 2. Dwight Walter, born December 6, 1848, lives in Winsted, Connecticut. 3. Frederick Augustus, June 6, 1850, died August 16, 1851. 4. Frank Pierce, November 13, 1852, died November 15, 1904; married Flora ----, and had two children:

Vida and Alice B.

(IX) Edward Merrick, son of Zenas Merrick Platt, was born in Derby, November 6,

1846. He was educated there in the public schools, and at the Eastman Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York. His business career began in the office of the Gravel Roofing Company in New Haven, where he was bookkeeper for a time. From that concern he went into the employ of the Naugatuck Railroad Company as receiving clerk at the Bridgeport office, and in 1869 was appointed station agent at Derby, a position he filled with ability during the following eight years. In 1877 he was appointed station agent at Winsted on the same railroad and continued there for a period of ten years. He has been in the grain and feed business in Winsted since 1886. For twenty years the business was conducted under the firm name of Balch & Platt, and since 1906 he has been in partnership with Wilbur F. Coe and the firm name has been Platt & Coe. In politics he is a Democrat. He was deputy sheriff of the county while living at Derby and grand juror, and he has been town clerk and town treasurer of Winsted. He is a prominent Free Mason, treasurer of St. Andrew's Lodge of Winsted; secretary of Meridian Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; treasurer of Tyrian Council, Royal and Select Masters; member of Magnolian Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star. He is clerk and vestryman of the Clifton Club, director of the Business Men's Association. He married, October 16, 1872, Ella Whipple, of Derby, Connecticut, daughter of Henry and Roxanna (Terry) Whipple. Children: I. Henry Edward, born February 4, 1874, at Derby, died May 4, 1879. 2. Annie Olive, born at Winsted, December 24, 1879; married, October 27, 1909, Ernest Newell Mackey, contractor and builder of Glastonbury, Connecticut.

(II) Josiah, son of Richard PLATT Platt (q.v.), was born in Milford, in 1645. He married, at Milford. December 2, 1669, Sarah Camfield, and both were admitted to the church October 22, 1672. Children, born at Milford: Josiah, born June 29, 1671, died young; Sarah, born September 17, 1673; Mary, November 13, 1675; John, September 5, 1677; Josiah, mentioned below; Richard, August 9, 1682; Hannah, baptized November 29, 1685; Abigail, baptized March 4, 1688; Joseph, born January 15, 1693.

(III) Josiah (2), son of Josiah (1) Platt, was born in Milford, January 12, 1679. He married Sarah Burwell, January 8, 1707, children: Abigail, Josiah, Nathan, Isaac, Sarah, Francis. In 1766 his age was stated as ninety-one, evidently a few years too great.

He is called of New Haven, October 18, 1758, when he deeded land to his son Josiah on Gelding Hill, Newtown, and to his grandson, Josiah Platt (3) land in Newtown. He died

after his son Josiah.

(IV) Josiah (3), son of Josiah (2) Platt, was born October 13, 1707. His will, dated October 26, 1758, at New Haven, bequeaths to wife Sarah, sons Josiah Nathan, Isaac, Jonas, daughter Frances Peck, grand-daughters Sarah, Abigail and Mary. He gave land in Newtown to sons Josiah and Jonas, and to grandson Josiah; land in Waterbury to sons Nathan and Isaac.

(V) Josiah (4), son of Josiah (3) Platt, was born 1730-35. He married Sarah Sanford, November 13, 1758; (second) Lydia——, who conveyed her dower interests in his estate to the children February 10, 1804. Children, born at Newtown: Hannah, October 3, 1759; Nathan, mentioned below; Isaac, December 24, 1762; Lois, May 28, 1765; Amos, January 12, 1768; Jonas, January 11, 1770.

(VI) Nathan, son of Josiah (4) Platt, was born at Newtown, March 3, 1761. Woodmont, the house built in 1700 by Josiah (2) is still standing, a fine specimen of the early colonial architecture. He married Ruby Smith, who died February 12, 1829, aged sixty-six, and lived for many years at Waterbury. He was a soldier in the revolution. He married (second) Charlotte Dickerman. He died at Wallingford in 1845 and was buried in Waterbury. Children of first wife: I. Levi Smith, born January, 1787, died March 26, 1845. 2. Alfred, mentioned below. 3. Anner, born July, 1791, died March 19, 1870; unmarried. 4. Ely, born July, 1793, died February 13, 1865, ancestor of the Norwich family. 5. Almon, born January 22, 1796, died December, 1882; married Alvina Allen, 6, Martha, born June 12, 1798; married Asahel Judd. 7. Sally, born September 9, 1800, died at Kenosha, Wisconsin; married Daniel Tuttle. 8. Leonard, March, 1804, died July 11, 1858.

(VII) Alfred, son of Nathan Platt, was born in Newtown, April 2, 1780. When ten years of age he came to Waterbury with his father and settled at a point on the river about three miles below the center, afterwards known as Platt's Mills, or Plattsville. He studied at the school in Litchfield, quite famous in its day, of which James Morris was the master, for whom the town of Morris was afterwards named. At the age of nineteen he embarked in business for himself. He operated a saw mill, which he had built near his father's flour mill, and afterward was a travelling salesman for the celebrated Waterbury wooden clocks. He was one of the earlier

est members of the firm known as A. Benedict, afterward the Benedict & Burnham Manufacturing Company, and he was the first to manufacture brass and copper wire in Waterbury. For several years he made all the wire used by the Scovill and the Benedict & Burnham Manufacturing Companies in making button eyes. After a time he sold out his interests in the firm of Benedict & Burnham, and bought of his father and Gideon Platt the mill and water power at Platts Mill. After running the old mill several years he built a new one in its place near the old site, and continued actively in business to the end of his life. In building his mill he devised an improved method of making buckwheat flour, built special machinery, and patented both process and machines. He was the first to produce buckwheat flour white in color and free from grit. His business developed into the present concern known as the Platt Brothers & Company. He was a prominent member and for many years deacon of the Baptist church, and was one of three men who gave obligations to the full amount of their property as security for the debt incurred in building the first Baptist meeting house at the center of the town. He died December 29, 1872. He married, June 8, 1814, Irene, daughter of Nirom Blackman, of Brookfield, Connecticut. Children, born at Waterbury: 1. Nirom Blackman, born September 1, 1818; a merchant of Waterbury; died October 14, 1863; married, September 17, 1840, Eliza Kirtland, daughter of Wheeler, of Woodbury; children: i. Frances Eugenia, born March 28, 1842, married Charles H. Russell; ii. Margaret Phoebe, born September 5, 1843, married Wilson N. Osborn, of Brunswick, New York; iii. Charles Kirtland, born October 1, 1846; iv-v., died voung; vi. Ida Kirtland, married Lewis Elmer Perkins, of Naugatuck; vii. William Wheeler, of California. 2. Charles Sanford, born July 30, 1820, removed to western Massachusetts; died in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, February 5, 1896; married Mary M. Tobey. September 4, 1861; children: Mary. Charles, Frederick Charles, Jeannette. 3. William Smith, mentioned below. 4. Clark Murray, mentioned below. 5. Alfred Legrand, mentioned below. 6. Seabury Blackman, born October 5, 1828; entered Yale, class of 1852, but on account of ill health left in his junior year; studied law in the office of J. W. Webster and was admitted to the bar May 18, 1864; began practice at Birmingham, where he was appointed judge of the borough court; died at Derby, August 12, 1805.

(VIII) William Smith Platt, son of Alfred Platt, was born at Waterbury, January 27,

1822. He received his education in the common schools, at the Waterbury Academy, and at a high-grade private school at New Haven, conducted by Amos Smith. He made a specialty of physics and chemistry, and finally devoted himself exclusively to mechanical en-gineering. Before he was of age he acquired the art of rolling sheet zinc, and was the first to produce it successfully in Waterbury. Afterward he also invented and built machines for the manufacture of buttons of zinc and seamless zinc tubing. In 1874 he entered into partnership with his father Alfred Platt, and brother, Clark Murray Platt, to manufacture metallic buttons, and in 1876 the Patent Button Company was formed to make buttons that could be attached to clothing without the use of needle and thread. Mr. Platt was remarkable for his strength of character, his absolute independence and self-reliance, his powers of abstraction and great pertinacity. He was an earnest investigator of problems in physical science, psychology and theology. He used his wealth wisely and gave generously in charity, living modestly. He was deacon of the Baptist church, and for many years had been its largest benefactor.

He married, October I, 1844. Caroline, daughter of William and Alma (Porter) Orton. After the death of her parents she lived until her marriage in the family of Deacon Timothy Porter, her mother's brother; she died May, 1901. Children, born at Waterbury: I. Orton William, died young. 2. Helen I. W., mentioned below. 3. Caroline Amelia, born September 12, 1853; attended the Waterbury public schools, and studied art in New Haven; has traveled extensively in this country and abroad. 4. William Hubert, born October 7, 1856, died aged six years. 5. Irving Gibbs, born June 18, 1860; educated in public schools of Waterbury and the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York, then was associated in business with his father and until his death was director of Platt Brothers & Company; he died December 6,

1896.

(IX) Helen I. W. Platt, daughter of William Smith Platt, was born in Waterbury, March 4, 1849. She attended the district and private schools and graduated from St. Marguerite School in 1870. She married, October 17, 1878, Wallace Henry Camp, born February 20, 1850, son of Jabez McAll and Mary (Heaton) Camp, of Harwinton, Connecticut. His grandfather, Rev. Joseph E. Camp, was the first pastor of the Congregational church in Northfield, and served in that office from 1794 to 1837. From 1865 to 1870 Wallace Camp lived at Wolcottville, and then came to

Waterbury to work for the Scovill Manufacturing Company, and since then has been looking after real estate interests. He is a member of the Second Congregational Church, and in January, 1880, was elected superintendent of the Sunday school, an office he filled with ability until 1892. Since June, 1894, he has been deacon of this church. He has been active in various charitable organizations. Children: I. Roland Heaton, born November II, 1879; educated in public schools of Waterbury, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, Yale College, class of 1904, and Harvard Law School, class of 1909. 2. Edith Caroline Camp, born March 26, 1881; educated in Waterbury schools and Smith College, class of 1904. 3. Hilda Mary Camp, born April 24, 1888; attended Kent Place School at Summit, New Jersey; graduate of Smith College, class of 1910. 4. Orton Platt Camp, born May 6, 1890; graduate of Taft School at Watertown, now a student at Yale College, class of 1912.

(VIII) Clark Murray Platt, son of Alfred Platt, was born at Waterbury, January 1, 1824, he died December 20, 1900. In his boyhood he attended the public schools, but when he was very young began to work in his father's shop at button making. He spent a year at the Connecticut Literary Institute at Suffield, Connecticut. All his active years of business life he devoted to the manufacture of buttons, etc., in the firm of Platt Brothers & Company. He invented many useful and valuable devices and machines used in the manufacture of buttons. He married, May 20, 1849, Amelia Maria Lewis, daughter of Selden Lewis, of Naugatuck (see Lewis). Children, born at Waterbury: 1. Bertha Louise, mentioned below. 2. Lewis Alfred, born May 31, 1854; graduated at Yale College, 1879; married, June 20, 1882, Ellen Brainard; he was secretary and is now president of Platt Brothers & Company; member of board of agents of the Bronson library; holds other offices in corporations; has patented useful inventions. 3. Edward LeGrand, born April 19, 1857, died December 20, 1862.

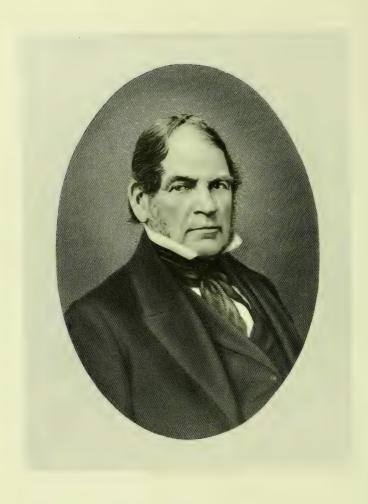
(IX) Bertha Louise Platt, daughter of Clark Murray Platt, was born in Waterbury and was educated there in the public schools and at the Emma Willard School, Troy, New York, graduating in the class of 1870. She married, May 20, 1873, Jay Hiscox Hart, born in Berkshire county, Massachusetts, December 11, 1847, and educated at the South Berkshire Institute. He has lived and engaged in business in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, and New Haven, Bridgeport and Waterbury, Connecticut. He is secretary of the Patent But-



Call Platt







Alfred Platt

ton Company and treasurer of Platt Brothers & Company. He has been tax collector of the city of Waterbury, member of the board of fire commissioners and of the common council. Children: I. Amy Louise Hart, born October 4, 1874; married Elbert Norton. 2. Bertha Murray Hart, October 10, 1876. 3. Lewis Jay Hart, August 21, 1878; married, September, 1905. Mary Steele; children: Lewis Steele Hart, born July 6, 1907; Thomas Steele Hart, February 14, 1909. 4. Alfred Lucius Hart, born December 10, 1880. 5. Ruth Spencer Hart, born September 22, 1882; married Joel Ives Butler, August, 1907; child: James Hart, born September, 1909. 6. Dorothy Hart, born February 27, 1889. 7. Howard Platt Hart, born August 10, 1891. (VIII) Alfred Legrand Platt, son of Al-

fred Platt, was born June 1, 1825. He was educated in Waterbury and New Haven, and was a miller and manufacturer. He worked at button making for a number of years at Leominster, Massachusetts, but from 1861 until his death, August 11, 1896, resided at Platts Mill. He and his son and Oliver G. Camp constituted the Platt Mills Company of which he was president and manager. They leased the flour mill, which they sold to Platt Brothers & Company in 1892, and conducted a flour and feed business at Platts Mill and a nour and feed business at Platts Mill and in the city of Waterbury. The mill was burned February 6, 1895. He married July 28, 1847. Sarah Ann Sherman, daughter of Ornan Sherman. Children: 1. Sarah Jane, born January 8, 1849, died November 21, 1994; married Jared P. King, May 10, 1870; died July 24, 1994; children: Liting died July 24, 1994; children: Liting died died July 24, 1904; children: Lilian, died young; Rupert Vivian. 2. Alfred Sherman, born November 12, 1854; married Eugenie A. Nettleton, December 18, 1876; child, Alice

(VII) Almon Platt, son of Nathan Platt, was born in Newtown. He married, March 5, 1817, Alvira R. Alling, who died March 12, 1837. He was a miller in Waterbury, Hamden, Milford, and at Platts Mill. Waterbury. During his last years he was an invalid and lived with his daughter. He was a prominent member and deacon of the Baptist church, a man of kindly disposition and sterling character. Children, born at Waterbury: Albert, December 24, 1819; Martha S., March 6, 1822: Mary J., born June 25, 1824, married Junius Brown; Sarah Elizabeth, born August 24, 1827, married, January 12, 1852, Lewis John Atwood (see Atwood): Ely, born March

4, 1830.

(The Lewis Line).

The surname Lewis is one of the most ancient in England and Wales. Most of the

American families appear by tradition and otherwise, to be of Welsh descent. The immigrants of this name to New England before 1650 were numerous, and their descendants have formed one of the largest and most prominent families from colonial days to the present.

(I) John Lewis, immigrant ancestor, was born in England or Wales, and came from Sandwich, England, with wife Sarah in the ship "Hercules," in 1635, and died December 8, 1676, at New London, Connecticut, where he was an early settler. He was called Senior in the records as early as 1648. He was admitted a freeman in 1669. He had sons John and Joseph.

(II) Joseph, son of John Lewis, was doubtless born in England. He died in Simsbury, Connecticut, in 1680. He was in Windsor in 1675. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Case, in 1674. She married (second), 1684, John Tuller. Children: Elizabeth, born March 20, 1675; Joseph, mentioned be-

low; John, January 8, 1680.

(III) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Lewis, was born at Simsbury, March 15, 1676. He died at Waterbury, November 29, 1749. He married, at Waterbury, April 7, 1703, Sarah Andrus (or Andrews), daughter of Abraham Sr. She married (second) in 1750, Isaac Bronson, who died the following year, and she died March 6, 1773. Children: daughter, born August 12, died September 7, 1704; Joseph, born July 12, 1705; Sarah, April 29, 1708; John, mentioned below; Mary, June 10, 1714; Rev. Thomas, August 6, 1716, died in Mendham, New Jersey, 1777; Samuel, born July 6, 1718; Abram, February 1, 1720.

(IV) John (2), son of Joseph (2) Lewis, was born at Waterbury, April 14, 1711; died February 24, 1799. He married (first) at Waterbury, December 4, 1734, Mary, daughter of Samuel Munn, of Woodbury, Connecticut; (second) May 29, 1750, Ame Smith, daughter of Captain Samuel, of New Haven. She died September 26, 1796, aged seventysix years. Children of first wife, born at Waterbury: David, born April 4, 1736; John, mentioned below; Sarah, April 9, 1743. Children of second wife: Ame, May 24, 1751; Samuel Smith, September 7, 1753; David, April 11, 1756.

(V) John (3), son of John (2) Lewis, was born in Waterbury, December 10, 1740, and died there March 5, 1812. He married there. November 17, 1763, Sarah Gorden, daughter of James. He was a magistrate and a prominent citizen of Waterbury. Children, born at Waterbury: Anna, January 5, 1765; Ezra, May 28, 1768, mentioned below; Leava

(Relief or Leafy), July 25, 1770; John, July 16, 1772; Sarah, August 18, 1775; Chauncey, January 16, 1779; Alanson, December 8, 1788.

(VI) Ezra, son of John (3) Lewis, was born in Waterbury, May 28, 1768. He married, November 11, 1790, Anna Hine, born November 20, 1769, daughter of Hezekiah. He was a well-to-do farmer of Naugatuck, Connecticut. Children: Selden, mentioned below; Eunice H., born January 18, 1796,

married William Mitchell.

(VII) Captain Selden Lewis, son of Ezra Lewis, was born at Waterbury, August 15, 1791; married (first) November 23, 1814, Amelia Horton, who died February 23, 1824; (second) March 13, 1825, Lockey, daughter of Dacon Calvin Spencer. Children of first wife: Albert, Burritt. Children of second wife: Amelia M., born January 3, 1826, married, May 20, 1849, Clark M. Platt (see Platt); James, June 6, 1827; John Edward, December 19, 1834.

Francis French, immigrant an-FRENCH cestor, was born in England about 1635-40, died February 14, 1699. He was one of the first settlers of Derby, Connecticut, a town set off from Milford. He came in the ship "Defiance," according to some accounts, with his Uncle William, who settled at Cambridge, Massachusetts, and was then ten years of age. He was a selectman of Derby in 1666. He married Lydia ——. Children: Lydia, born August 21, 1662, died September 7, 1664; Elizabeth, June 20, 1664; Anna, August 10, 1666; Mary, September 4, 1668; Dora, September 20, 1670; Samuel, January 6, 1672; Susanna, June 6, 1675; Francis, February 11, 1677, mentioned below; —, November,

(II) Francis (2), son of Francis (1) French, was born at Derby, February 11, 1677. He had a son Israel, mentioned below.

(III) Israel, son of Francis (2) French, was born about 1700. He was one of the first settlers in the north part of Derby, now the town of Seymour, Connecticut. He built a house where William Gaylord lately lived in 1740. He was surveyor of highways in 1764. He married, September 11, 1739, Sarah Loveland. Children: David, born 1741, died August 4, 1821, called "King David"; Israel; Enoch, mentioned below; Bowers; Charles, December 19, 1765, town clerk.

(IV) Enoch, son of Israel French, was born about 1755. With Israel French Jr. and Charles French, his brothers, he was a soldier in Captain Daniel Holbrook's company, Colonel Edward Russell's regiment at New Haven and Fairfield in July, 1779, in the revolution. He married Comfort ——, who died September 27, 1852. Children, born at Seymour: 1. William, born September 29, 1783, died October 16, 1823. 2. Nancy, December 22, 1785, married, January 29, 1811, William Bassett. 3. Bird, October 1, 1797, lived at Salisbury; married Eliza Thorp, August 2, 1822. 4. Pamelia, September 16, 1799, married, September 8, 1822. Isaac Bassett. 5. Enoch, January 8, 1803, died May 12, 1824. 6. Israel, mentioned below.

(V) Israel (2), son of Enoch French, was born at Seymour, January 29, 1805, died May 4, 1872. He married, February 8, 1829, Caroline Tolles, born January 17, 1805, at Seymour, died there August 28, 1888. He was educated in the public school of his native town, learned the trade of tool maker, followed his trade, and was a builder and contractor at Seymour. He served as justice of the peace for years. Children, born at Seymour: Wales, 1831; Mary, 1833, died young; Daniel, 1834; Mary, 1835; Edwin; Ellen, twin of Edwin, 1837; Charles, 1840; Hobart, men

tioned below.

(VI) Hobart, son of Israel (2) French, was born at Seymour, Connecticut, January 30, 1844, and attended the public schools of his native town. When he was about nineteen years old, he left home and went to Chicago, Illinois, where he worked for about four years. He returned to Connecticut and found employment in the Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine shops at Bridgeport, Connecticut, and afterward became bookkeeper in the office of the Armstrong Manufacturing Company of Bridgeport. He was for many years private secretary for Mr. Armstrong, a position of great responsibility. For twelve years afterward he was secretary and treasurer of the Acme Shear Company. In 1907 he resigned in order to devote his attention to various offices of trust and responsibility and to his private affairs. He was a soldier in the civil war, enlisting at the age of sixteen without the knowledge of his parents, September 21, 1861, in Company A, Tenth Regiment Infantry Volunteers, and was discharged December 21, 1861. He is a member of Elias Howe Post, Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Metabetchonan Canada Fish and Game Club, and is fond of fishing and hunting. He is a prominent Free Mason, a member of Pequonnock Lodge; of Royal Arch Masons; of Royal and Select Masters; of Knights Templar, and has taken the thirty-second degree of Scottish Rite Masonry. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the







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Sorden Lowis



Seaside, Algonquin and Country clubs. He married, March 14, 1878, at Bridgeport, Alice Estelle Bradley, born October 1, 1855, at New Haven, daughter of Andrew Jackson and Susan Margaret (Green) Bradley, of Bridgeport (see Bradley VII). Children: Mabel Louise, born July 23, 1879, lives at home; Earl Towles, born May 31, 1881.

## (The Bradley Line)

The name of Bradley is of Anglo-Saxon origin, compounded of brad (broad) and lea (a field or meadow), and this was easily and quickly converted to its present form. The earliest mention of the name in England as far as known is in the year 1183 when the Lord High Bishop of Durham mentions an estate in Wollsingham which contained three hundred acres and Roger de Bradley, who held forty acres at Bradley. There are numerous townships bearing the name located respectively in Cheshire, Lincolnshire, Derbyshire, Southhampton and Staffordshire, the dred and seventy-six acres. In 1437 there is mention of the Bradleys of Bradley. Again mention of the Bradieys of Bradiey. Again in 1475 the will of Sir John Pilkington, Knight of Yorkshire, bequeathed to his brother, Charles, a place named Bradley. There are great and small Bradley parishes in Suffolk and Lower and Upper Bradley in Kildwick, Yorkshire. John Bradley was bishop of Shaftsbury in 1539. In 1578 Alexander Bradley resided in the see of Durham, and about the same time Cuthbertus Bradley was curate of Barnarde castle. Thomas Bradley was Doctor of Divinity and chaplain to King Charles I., and afterward prebend in the Cathedral Church of York and rector of Ackworth. His son, Savile, was fellow of Magdalen College, Oxford, and another son, Thomas, a merchant in Virginia. About this time the persecutions in England led many to emigrate to America, and this movement so increased that a tax was levied on all who left the country. This led many to slip away by stealth, and so left no record of their departure. Among the original lists of emigrants, religious exiles, etc., a number of Bradleys were mentioned as having embarked for America. There are several distinct branches of the family in the United States, the founder of which came from England. Peter Bradley, a mariner, lived at New London, in 1654. Francis Bradley was founder of the Fairfield branch. The Haverhill branch was founded by Daniel Bradley. who was born in 1615 in England, and came to this country in the ship "Elizabeth" from London, in 1635. About the beginning of the

seventeenth century William Bradley was born in the market town of Bingley, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, England. His mother died at or soon after his birth, and by a second marriage of his father (whose name does not appear) there were born a brother sent for them and their mother (whose name was not preserved) after the death of the father, and they came and lived were able to care for themselves. Daniel was drowned in December, 1658. No record of Joshua is found after 1665, when he had a son born. In 1658, when Nathan was twenty years old and Stephen sixteen, they were residents of Guilford, Connecticut, where they passed their lives and were prominent citiin Guilford, January, 1683.

(1) William Bradley came from England in 1643-44 and settled in the New Haven colony. He married, February 18, 1645, Alice Prichard, probably a daughter of Roger Prichard, who was early in the New Haven and Connecticut colonies. Four sons and four daughters were born to William Bradley and wife, among these was probably Isaac.

(II) Isaac Bradley appears at Branford, Connecticut, in 1667; is first on Branford records in 1674, at which time he is noticed as a "sojourner at New Haven," and the town granted him a home lot of two acres at Canoe brook. He removed to East Haven in 1683. He appears to have been interested in the settlement at East Haven before he located there, as he subscribed one pound toward building a house for the minister about 1681. He was a carpenter by occupation, and bought a lot next to the river, north of John Potter, in East Haven. He died at East Haven, January 12, 1713. His wife, Elizabeth, died nine days previous. Children: Isaac, William, Samuel, Daniel, Sarah, married George Pardee, in 1703, and Elizabeth, married John Auger, in 1710.

(III) Daniel, fourth son of Isaac and Elizabeth Bradley, was born December 20, 1696, in East Haven, and died there December 13, 1780, only seven days short of eighty-four years old. In a list of freemen of East Haven made in 1754 his name appears. He married, about 1719, Mehitable Hemingway, born May 30, 1702, died June 30, 1773, in East Haven, daughter of John and Mary (Morris) Hemingway, of that town. Children: Mary, born April 2, 1720, married Benjamin Pardee; Stephen, November 13, 1723;

Abigail, June 26, 1725; Daniel, March 6, 1728; Timothy, May 6, 1731; Jacob, men-

tioned below.

(IV) Jacob, youngest child of Daniel and Mehitable (Hemingway) Bradley, was born July 7, 1734, in East Haven, where he died October 14, 1795. He married, about 1754-55, Elizabeth Goodsell, born July 11, 1739, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Todd) Goodsell, who survived her husband, dying August 5, 1802. Children: Daniel, born January 16, 1756; Sibyl, May 3, 1758; Lydia, October 12, 1760, married Levi Parker; Joseph, May 16, 1763; Mary, November 24, 1765; Amma (Ammi), November 21, 1769; Lovisa, March 28, 1772, married Joel Bradley. 1794; Hezekiah, July 21, 1774; Asahel, mentioned below.

(V) Asahel, youngest child of Jacob and Elizabeth (Goodsell) Bradley, was born June 5, 1778, in East Haven, and resided in that town. He married, about 1800, Asenath Grannis, born about 1778, daughter of David and Mary (Shepard) Grannis. Children: Betsey, Asenath, born 1803. Ebenezer, Joseph, Mary, Jared, died young, Jared, Asahel and

Lydia.

(VI) Joseph, second son of Asahel and Asenath (Grannis) Bradley, was born in 1806 in East Hayen, and resided in New Haven, where he died in 1835. No record of his wife appears, but the family record states that he had sons, Andrew Jackson and Jo-

seph.

(VII) Andrew Jackson, son of Joseph Bradley, was born July 26, 1832, in New Haven, died in 1898 at Bridgeport, and was buried in Milford, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools at New Haven. where he spent his boyhood, and for many years lived at Milford, afterward at Bridgeport, and retired from active life about three years before his death. He was a man of broad general information, with a special interest in the study of medicine, and a lifelong student. He was a member of the Milford Congregational Church, and affiliated with the Masonic fraternity. He married, February 27, 1854, at Port Chester, New York, Susan Margaret Green, born April 10, 1836, in Milford, daughter of Samuel and Susan (Stowe) Green, the last mentioned being a daughter of Isaac Stowe, a soldier of the revolution. Susan (Green) Bradley died November 18, 1909. Children: 1. Frank W., born November 24, 1854, died at the age of one year. 2. Alice Estelle, born October 1. 1855, at New Haven, married Hobart French, of Bridgeport (see French VI). 3. Louise Hobart, April 23, 1859. 4. Harold Stowe.

December 1, 1875, at Bridgeport, died December 15, 1881, at Milford.

The emigrant ancestor of the Sperry family of Connecticut was a native of England, and is of record in West Haven as early as January 4, 1643. He presumably came as agent for the Earl of Warwick. He was the last friend and benefactor of the regicides, Goffe and Whalley, who for a time made their refuge in what became known as "The Judges' Cave," and which adjoined Richard Sperry's home tract. The latter, known from early days as "the Sperry Farms," has remained in the family for more than a quarter of a century.

(II) Nathaniel, son of Richard Sperry, was born August 13, 1656. He married, October 2, 1683, Sarah, born July 25, 1663, daughter of Abraham and Mary (Cooker) Dickerman, and granddaughter of Thomas Dickerman, of

Dorchester, Massachusetts, 1636.

(III) Nathaniel (2), son of Nathaniel (1) Sperry, was born March 8, 1695, died September 8, 1751. He married, on Christmas Day, 1719. Sarah, born February 26, 1695-96,

daughter of John Wilmot.

(IV) Simeon, son of Nathaniel (2) Sperry, was born March 16, 1738-39, in Woodbridge (then New Haven), where he passed his life and died. He was a farmer and small manufacturer, and held various town offices. He was a man of quiet disposition, and was highly respected for his integrity and strong character. He married Patience Smith.

(V) Enoch, son of Simeon Sperry, was born in 1787, in Woodbridge. He was a farmer and small manufacturer, and lived on the mill site at the upper end of "the Sperry Farms," where stood his grist mill and carding machine. He held several town offices. He was a man of unusual ability, particularly in mathematics, and able to solve most difficult problems without the use of ordinary arithmetical methods. He was a member of the Congregational church, often served as moderator, was frequently called upon to settle disputes, and his decisions were never questioned. He discussed both religious and political questions with freedom and intelligence. He was a most considerate neighbor, and ever pleased to assist the needy and distressed. His home life was beautiful. He married Mary Atlanta, daughter of Asa and Eunice (Johnson) Sperry. Children: 1. Lucien Wells, see forward. 2. Stiles Denison, born October 15, 1822, was a prominent merchant in New Haven, and later treasurer of the State Savings Bank, Hartford, holding that position at the time of his death. He

served two terms in the legislature. He was a prominent Mason, and held high rank in the order. 3. Nehemiah Day, see forward. 4. Joseph Hart, killed in 1846, by fall from horse. 5. Laura Ann, born October 20, 1835, died January 25, 1879. In early life she was a school teacher. She married Andrew J. Ramsdell, and lived in New Haven. 6. Enoch Knight, born in Woodbridge, was for a number of years accountant and bookkeeper of the City Bank of New Haven, and has been engaged in mercantile pursuits in that city. Under appointment by President Lincoln he served efficiently for some years as United States consul to the Barbadoes. Later in life he had charge of the Treat estates. He married, November 10, 1863, Sarah Amanda, born July 29, 1844, died April 8, 1877, daughter Treat. An only daughter, Edith Amanda,

was born January 8, 1873. (VI) Lucien Wells, eldest son of Enoch and Mary Atlanta (Sperry) Sperry, born March 8, 1820, died in 1890. He began life as a carpenter, but a self-acquired liberal education enabled him to become a school teacher. Sperry, and for twenty years they carried on a mercantile business in Westville, Woodbridge, New Haven and Hartford. In 1885 Lucien W. Sperry bought land on Mill river, and with Chauncey Sperry, son of the late Enos Sperry, was engaged in a wood and coal business until 1863. In later years he was a director in various local banks and railroad companies. He was a Democrat in politics. He was selectman from 1864 to 1868, when he declined renomination. In 1866 he was elected mayor of New Haven, and was re-elected the two years following, receiving the largest majority ever given a candidate for the office up to that time. He was a state senator from the fourth district in 1869-70. From early youth he was active in militia. At the age of twenty he was elected captain of a company in his native town, the next year was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the Second Regiment, and later became colonel. He was captain and later major of the Second Company, Governor's Horse Guards. He married Harriet A., daughter of Enos Sperry, of Westville; she died in 1888. They left a

daughter, Mrs. Eugene S. Miller.

(VI) Hon. Nehemiah Day Sperry, third son of Enoch and Mary Atlanta (Sperry) Sperry, was born in Woodbridge, Connecticut, July 10, 1827. From the common school of his native town he went to Professor Amos Smith's private school in New Haven. Before attaining his majority he was a school

teacher in various places, receiving the largest salary paid a country teacher in the state up to that time. With his savings, in 1848, he became junior member of Smith & Sperry. one of the most successful building and conness men of the city. He yet maintains his interest in the firm. Mr. Sperry early began his activities in the lines of public improve-Fair Haven and Westville, and as president managed its affairs with energy and discre-tion for ten years. For some years he was a director in several corporations, among them the New Haven & Derby railroad and Company. In early life he was a Whig, and Philadelphia when it incorporated in its platform a pro-slavery plank. His determined stand for principle gave him great popularity, he was named for secretary of state, was elected, and then re-elected. He attended the national convention of the American party in 1856, vigorously opposed the resolutions on slavery, and refused to support the nominees of the party. That year he attended the first period.

In 1861 Mr. Sperry was made postmaster at New Haven by President Lincoln. This position he occupied until 1889, when he was removed by President Cleveland, as a consequence of "pernicious political activity." He was reappointed by President Harrison—one of his early official acts. Postmaster-General Wanamaker mentioned the New Haven office, under Mr. Sperry's administration, as one of four in the country which led all others in general merit, and the attorney-general stated that its business management was "Washington Monument high." In 1895 Mr. Sperry resigned the office, and his fellow citizens, regardless of party, gave him a complimentary banquet at the Hyperion Theatre in New Haven, which was the largest ever given in the state.

In 1864 he was a member of the Republican national convention which renominated President Lincoln, was chosen secretary of the national committee, and also one of a committee of seven charged with the conduct of the campaign. In 1866 he was the nominee for congress from the New Haven district, but for private reasons was constrained to decline. In 1868 he presided over the state convention which nominated the electors who voted for General Grant. In 1888 he was a delegate to the Republican national convention which nominated Benjamin Harrison for the presidency, and was a member of the platform committee.

In 1894 Mr. Sperry was elected a representative in congress, the first Republican from the second Connecticut congressional district in twenty-five years, and he was reelected for seven consecutive terms. His term of service, sixteen years in all, was the longest of any man who ever represented this district, and when he voluntarily retired, March 4, 1911, a Democrat succeeded him. During his service in congress Mr. Sperry was a was while he was a member of the post office and post roads, where his knowledge of postal affairs and his experience as postmaster of New Haven for nearly thirty years made him a valued adviser on all matters that came before the committee. He has often been called the father of rural free delivery, and it was while he was a member of the post office committee that the service was inaugurated. Some of the first rural delivery routes established in the entire country were started in his district, and are still in existence. When he retired from congress the committee of which he was a member presented him with a testimonial of the friendship and respect the members felt for him. During his term in congress he was able to secure for New Haven and surrounding towns many river and harbor improvements. Appropriations for the New Haven breakwater, one of the most important works along the New England coast, were authorized to finish the entire work. The New Haven harbor itself was permanently improved by widening and deepening the channels and at the docks. The Connecticut river was also placed on a permanent basis, and the harbor of refuge at Duck Island was ordered finished. Smaller harbors, like Branford, Milford and others were taken care of. When Mr. Sperry first went to congress there were but two government buildings in his district, New Haven and Middletown, both old and out of date. When Mr. Sperry retired, buildings in the following cities and towns in his district were either completed or authorized: Waterbury, Mcriden, Ansonia, Naugatuck, Wallingford, Seymour, as well as new buildings for New Haven and Middletown. The New Haven building is looked upon as a monument to Mr. Sperry's congressional career and will be the finest government building in Connecticut when completed. Mr. Sperry took an active part in the Dingley tariff law and in the Payne tariff law. Always a strong Protectionist, Mr. Sperry spoke and worked for the protection of American labor and American manufacturers, but at the same time he is a strong believer in reciprocity, and one of his last public acts was to vote for the reciprocity treaty with Canada. At the time Mr. Sperry retired he was the oldest man in congress, and his colleagues looked up to him as the nestor of the house and a connecting link between the Republicanism of Lincoln and the present day.

As an orator and convincing speaker, Mr. Sperry possesses exceptional powers. A strong supporter of the public school system, in 1878 he vigorously denounced the action of the board of education of New Haven in discontinuing the reading of the Bible in the schools, arousing such a public sentiment that his protest was carried in every ward in the city, compelling revocation of the order of discontinuance. An earnest Protectionist, in 1888 he was one of the two speakers selected by the National Protection League to speak in the great debate before the State Grange. The free trade advocates had selected Daniel A. Wells, Professor Sumner and J. B. Sargent, but only the last name appeared. Mr. Sperry also stood alone, his colleague (Professor Danslow, of New York) being absent, and the result was a pronounced victory for him. Later, before the general assembly, Mr. Sperry's speech on protection was pronounced the most masterly ever heard upon that subject. In 1888 he debated the Mills tariff bill before a large assembly, against one of the ablest free-trade advocates in the state. Growing out of this, his article on "The Advantages of Protection," which appeared in The Christian Secretary, of Hartford, that more than four hundred thousand copies were circulated, and it was subsequently further circulated in pamphlet form. At the National Postal Convention held at Alexandria Bay, Thousand Islands, Mr. Sperry was the principal orator, and his address was heard with delight and admiration.

Mr. Sperry attained the thirty-third degree in Masonry, and has been a member of the order for upwards of half a century. He is also an Odd Fellow, and has been president of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Ouinnipiack Club.

He married (first) in 1847, Eliza H., daughter of Willis and Catherine Sperry, of Woodbridge. She died in 1873. He married

(second) in 1875, Minnie B., daughter of Erastus and Caroline Newton, of Lockport, New York. His only drughter is Caesara A., widow of Ephraim I. Frothingham, and who is mother of one child, Newton Sperry Frothingham.

Robert Marcy was a resident of MARCY Kentucky. His ancestry was French. The original name was Massey, which he changed later to Marcy. He was a manufacturer of firearms. He married (second) Margaret Harris. He had three children, one of whom was John Harris, mentioned below.

(II) John Harris, son of Robert Marcy, was born in McCracken county, Kentucky, near Cairo, October 25, 1837. His father died when he was a young bey and he came north and was brought up in Waterbury, Connecticut, where he was educated in the public schools. He learned the trade of carpenter and engaged in business as a master builder and contractor in Waterbury. He removed to Morris, Connecticut, where he continued in business as a builder and contractor for twenty-five years. He retired from active business in 1908 and since then has made his home in Litchfield.

He married, October 28, 1860, Clara Todd, born in Washington, February 26, 1840, daughter of Marvin L, and Fannie (Patterson) Todd (see Todd IX). They had one son, Robert Adrian, mentioned below.

(III) Dr. Robert Adrian Marcy, son of John Harris Marcy, was born October 6, 1861, in Morris, Connecticut. He attended the public schools and was graduated from the Waterbury high school. He received his medical education in the New York University, graduating with the degree of M.D. in 1882. He located in New Preston, in the town of Washington, Connecticut, and engaged in the practice of his profession from 1882 to 1908. Since 1908 he has practiced at Litchfield Connecticut. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut Medical Society and the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Democrat. He represented the town of Washington in the general assembly of the state, 1900-01. He is a member of Rising Sun Lodge, Free Masons, of Washington. He married, April 12, 1908. Martha Morgan, of Danbury, Connecticut, born in Danbury, March 18, 1880, daughter of Alfred Morris and Laura (Wildman) Morgan, granddaughter of George and Ann (Morris) Morgan and great granddaughter of Peter and Clarissa (Taylor) Morgan. Mrs. Marcy is a member of the local chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. They have no children.

## (The Todd Line).

Todd is an ancient and honored Scotch surname. With a single exception, the Todds seem to have come to Yorkshire, England, from the highlands of Scotland. One John Todd was High Sheriff of Yorkshire in 1390. A Sir William Todd was sheriff in 1477 and Lord Mayor of York in 1487. Rev. Robert Todd, a noted dissenting preacher of Leeds, was a Yorkshire man. The Todds in America are in three branches: Those of Virginia and Kentucky, into which family President Lincoln married, and the descendants of a pioneer at Rowley, Massachusetts, and of Christopher Todd, mentioned below.

(1) William Todd, the English progenitor of this family, was born at Pontefruct, West Riding, of Yorkshire, England. He married there, September 24, 1592. Isabel Rogerson. Children: William, mentioned below: John, born at Pontefruct, October 18,

(II) William (2), son of William (1) Todd, was born at Pontefruct, June 29, 1593, and was killed in a duel at York in 1617 and buried at Pontefruct, May 8, 1617. He was a farmer, miller and baker. He married, May 22, 1614, Katherine Brewster March, baptized November 29, 1596, daughter of John and Isabel (Brewster) March, who were married July 22, 1593. Children: Mary, born at Pontefruct, October 14, 1614; Christopher, mentioned below.

(III) Christopher, son of William (2) Todd, was the immigrant, born at Pontefruct, January 12, 1617, and died at New Haven, Connecticut, April 23, 1686. He was one of the fifty Puritan settlers who came to Massachusetts with Davenport and Eaton, and he was one of the eighteen signers of the original compact, a shrewd, capable man, acquiring much property and standing well in the colony. He settled in New Haven, on what is now known as the Lieutenant Thomas Church place, and the farm remained in his family for a hundred years. His will was made March 28, 1686. He married Grace Middlebrook, of Hold Mills, West Riding, of Yorkshire, England. Children: John, baptized December, 1642: Samuel, mentioned below; Mary, September 19, 1647; Grace, baptized December 15, 1650; Michael, baptized June 18, 1653; Mercy, baptized February 18, 1656.

(IV) Samuel, son of Christopher Todd, was born at New Haven and baptized April 29, 1645. He was propounded for freeman

in 1670 and was a proprietor of the town of New Haven as early as 1683. He was a New Haven as early as 1083. He was a miller, baker and planter. He married, November 26, 1668, Mary, daughter of William and Alice (Prichard) Bradley. Children, born at New Haven: Samuel, July 1, 1672; Joseph, February 4, 1674; Mary, February 12, 1675; Sarah, February 3, 1677; Joseph, January 29, 1679; Hannah, February 7, 1680; Larch Experience (1680; Larch Experience). Jonah, February 16, 1687; Daniel, mentioned below; Abigail; Mercy; James.

(V) Daniel, son of Samuel Todd, was born at New Haven, March 14, 1686, and died there, July 29, 1724. He married, April 20, 1721, Desire, daughter of John and Mercy Tuttle. Children, born at New Haven: Mary, 1722; Katherine, 1723; Daniel, mentioned below.

(VI) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Todd, was born at New Haven, March 5, 1724. He was admitted a freeman, September 16, 1777. He removed from New Haven to Derby, Connecticut, where he was killed by a fall from a building. He married, October 3, 1743, Sybil Carrington. Children: Mary, baptized June 12, 1757, by Rev. Daniel Humphreys, of the Congregational church, at Derby; Daniel, baptized with Mary, mentioned below; Sybil, baptized July 29, 1759; Katherine, baptized June 12, 1761; Joseph, baptized March 24,

(VII) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) Todd, was born in Derby, in 1751. He was admitted a freeman September 16, 1777. He married, March 27, 1775, Eunice Hitchcock. Children, born at Derby: Joseph, January 4, 1776; Daniel, December 24, 1777; Samuel, 1782; Sybil; Jonathan, mentioned below; Millicent; Marvin; Eunice; Edward; Edward; child, died in infancy; Carrington; Edward.

(VIII) Jonathan, son of Daniel (3) Todd, was born at Derby. He settled in Warren, Connecticut. He married (first) Rhoda Ward, of Cornwall, Connecticut; (second) Ann Batterson. He had four children by first wife: James; Rhoda; Harriet; Amelia; children by second wife: Marvin L., mentioned below; Emeline; Cyrus; Sylvanus.

(IX) Marvin L., son of Jonathan Todd, was born at Warren, December 25, 1816, and died November, 1899. He married Fannie Patterson, born at New Milford, Connecticut, May 4, 1813, died in 1900. Children: Clara, born February 26, 1840, married, October 25, 1860, John H. Marcy, born October 25, 1837 (see Marcy II); Mary, born June 6, 1842; Dwight, born January 11, 1844, died July, 1898; Marvin, born September 23, 184—; Caroline, September 25, 1849, died April 25, 1876.

The Honorable George Leavens LILLEY Lilley was born August 3, 1859, in Oxford, Massachusetts. He was the sixty-third governor of Connecticut and the first to die in office since the adoption of the present constitution, in 1818, and was the descendant of a line of Massachusetts farmers whose sturdy virtues he perpetuated while adding to the name the lustre of noble service to the state to which he had long since given his allegiance. He passed his boyhood on his father's farm, occasionally visiting his maternal grandparents in Woodstock, Connecticut. He was brought up not in poverty, but in a family where meagerness of resource called for such help as each member was fitted to give. His early education was obtained in the common schools and a teacher still living tells of permitting the curly head to rest on folded arms while the boy who had to be up before daybreak made up some of the sleep he should have had. He afterward attended Worcester Polytechnic Institute, where he diligently applied himself to his studies, but at the end of a year, by reason of his father's rapidly failing health, was compelled to leave and devote himself to the management of the farm and the superintendence of the retail meat business which his father had conducted in conjunction with his agricultural labors. Soon his father died and the entire care of the family devolved upon this youth who amid his arduous labors and many cares never abandoned his purpose of acquiring an education. Already he was learning to turn to account his experience of active life, learning from men as well as from books. Of his studies, history was his especial delight, a preference readily understood when we reflect upon the inspiration which this boy, struggling against fearful odds but animated by a noble purpose, must have found in the record of the heroes of the past. His record shows how he emulated them. While still a youth he began to display the taste for adventure which caused him to take so kindly to the vicissitudes of politics. He tried some daring business experiments; perhaps the most striking was the chartering of a schooner and a voyage to Nova Scotia which resulted in bringing into Boston a cargo of potatoes at a time when these vegetables were very cheap in the maritime provinces but very dear in the capital of the commonwealth. It took the boy's last dollar to charter the vessel, which, being an ancient hulk of doubtful seaworthiness, nearly took him and all her crew to the bottom; but he stood by the ship and brought his potatoes into Boston, and it is on record that the beardless youth, standing on

the wharf, received from the Boston commission men a good price for his trophies. It was while working for a wholesale meat firm in Worcester that young Lilley, whose fidelity to the interests of his employers was so marked as to cause business rivals to try to get him away after simply observing his methods, came into contact with the Swifts, the Chicago meat packers, who were then coming to the front. In his association with them he manifested the same daring spirit which had animated him in his Nova Scotia enterprise. The boyish-looking meat salesman wanted the management of a branch house of the Swift concern and persevered until he had surmounted numerous obstacles and received the consent of his employers to open in Waterbury, Connecticut, the branch house of Lilley, Swift & Company. He devoted his whole self to the business, which became one of the largest in the country. Later Mr. Lillev interested himself in real estate, and at his death possessed large holdings in Torrington, Winsted and Waterbury, but his business was always his chief thought. Social life claimed more or less of his attention and he became a member of clubs and various social and fraternal organizations in his home city, of which he became a resident in 1881, and elsewhere

Until 1890 Mr. Lilley's only part in politics had been that of a voter and leading citizen of Waterbury. He sprang suddenly into prominence through criticism of the (then) town government's administration of town moneys. His appearance in the arena marked a new era in the politics of Connecticut. The state election was at hand. The Republicans wanted a strong candidate for representative in the assembly. The Lilley fighting blood was up; he accepted the nomination and was triumphantly elected, serving in the session of 1901, in which he succeeded in securing the enactment of a law consolidating the town and city of Waterbury, attracting the notice of the entire state by his independence and straightforwardness as a member of the joint committee on railroads. The 1900 census had shown Connecticut to have a population large enough to entitle the state to a fifth member of congress and the legislature of 1901 undertook the task of re-districting the state with this in view. The bill to accomplish this was introduced by Representative Lilley, but failed of passage and in its stead was created the office of representative in congress at large. Mr. Lilley was urged to stand for the nomination and somewhat against his will consented, being elected after a most stirring campaign. The friendships of the session of 1901 were

the basis of his nomination for this office and he was elected by a large margin of votes. In 1904 and 1906 he was renominated by acclamation, in 1906 being chosen temporary and permanent chairman of the Republican state convention at New Haven. In 1904 President Roosevelt carried Connecticut by very large figures and Congressman Lilley was far ahead of the rest of the state ticket and well up toward the Roosevelt vote. At the May state convention of 1904 Mr. Lilley was elected a member of the Republican state central committee, representing the fifteenth senatorial district, a part of his home city, While in congress he for two terms represented Connecticut on the national Republiber of its executive committee. He served on national affairs in the fifty-ninth and sixtieth, also serving for two sessions on the committee on expenditures in the post office department. He served on and headed important subcommittees from time to time and was for a time a member of the board of visitors to ruary, 1908, he became conspicuous by bringing charges of gross corruption in the procuring of contracts by the Electric Boat Company for submarine boats for the navy. In November, 1908, he was elected governor of Connecticut.

The public life of Governor Lillev was not a long one, but like all his previous life was filled with the activities which spring from earnestness of purpose and loyalty to principle and to friends. He was faithful to the trust of those who elected him; he would not see them imposed upon or their money wasted. him through the habits of years. He knew they made for success in private life and he believed that they did the same in public Wastefulness and extravagance, grafting and inefficiency in the public service he could not tolerate. Such a man could not fail to leave a marked impress upon his time. He had been governor of the state but two months and a half when stricken with his fatal illness, but there had been ample time for his administration to attain to that distinction which his friends were sure would characterize it and he was certain to stand out as one of Connecticut's best governors. Questions of grave moment were before the legislature which came in with the beginning of his term. On these Governor Lilley resomade it clear that no effort should be wanting on his part to secure beneficial legislation in

the interests of the people.

Governor Lilley married, June, 1884, Anna E. H. Steele, of Waterbury, Connecticut, and they became the parents of three sons: John Leavens, a graduate of Yale; Frederick Pliny, a graduate of the United States Naval Academy, and Theodore, also a graduate of Yale. Mrs. Lilley was a daughter of Norman Steele, a well-known citizen of Waterbury. The domestic life of Governor and Mrs. Lilley was one of mutual devotion and happiness. During the strenuous tours of the last campaign Mrs. Lilley was her husband's constant companion and during his illness her care was unfailing.

Governor Lilley died April 21, 1909, at the executive mansion in Hartford, Connecticut, after a month's illness. That his death was hastened by his strenuous life of disinterested effort can hardly be doubted when the record of his labors is recalled. In the face of bitter opposition and enmity he had set the example of a man who met the incidents of his day understandingly, who kept the faith and loved honesty and plain dealing. He had made a place for himself in the hearts ·of those about him which will endure. His personality was striking; genial, agreeable, always approachable, at his death thousands of the people of Connecticut felt that they had lost a dear friend and that the state had been bereaved of one of its most loyal governors. He had not yet completed his fiftieth year when his earthly life closed, but in that time had lived more than many a man who reached an advanced age. His industry was untiring; for the drone he had no use. Of all the portraits of himself perhaps his favorite was an enlargement from an old tin-type which showed him a sturdy youngster in homespun and woolen tippet with a milk can in either hand. A verse which was a favorite with him throws much light upon his character when taken in conjunction with his well-known love of history and his independent spirit:

> "But we shall never write our name On the rimortal serill of fame Through anything that they have done."

Governor Lilley is said to have had a premonition of early death, due to the fact that since 1636 no male member of the Lilley family had lived beyond the age of fifty-six. Of this the governor often spoke and when he went to the legislature in 1901 he told a personal friend that he believed he had only about ten years to live and that he felt it incumbent upon him to accomplish a great

deal in that time. The years allotted to him were even fewer than he had supposed, but into them he crowded labors which would fill a much longer period, and the fruits of those labors will cause his name to be inscribed with honor in the annals of Connecticut.

William Story, immigrant ancestor of the Ipswich family, was born in England in 1614, of an ancient English family. He was a carpenter by trade and when he passed the examination to go to New England, April 8, 1637, was in the employ of Samuel Dix, a carpenter and joiner, coming from Norwich, England. Story settled at Ipswich of which he was a proprietor as early as 1642. Andrew Story, father or brother, was a proprietor in Ipswich in 1636, served in the Pequot war and had a grant of land from the town in 1639.

William Story was a commoner, subscribed to the Major Denison fund in 1648; had a share and a half in Plum Island in 1664; was a voter in Ipswich in 1679, when he was called "senior." He sold land in Ipswich February 12, 1643, and bought land, January 1, 1655, of William Symonds and John West, land adjoining a tract he had previously bought of Robert Kinsman, seven acres of which were originally granted to John Wedgewood. Story was surveyor of highways in 1662. He owned land in the Chebacco district November 10, 1652. He was given permission to set up a mill on the Chebacco river in 1671. He signed the Loyalist petition in 1668 and also the Proctor petition. His wife Sarah deposed in 1668 that she was forty years old, fixing her birth year, therefore, as 1628. Children: 1. William, married, October 25, 1671, Susannah Fuller. 2. Mary. 3. Samuel, mentioned below. 4. Hannah, born August 19, 1662. 5. Seth, born 1664, soldier in King Philip's war. Perhaps others.

(II) Samuel, son of William Story, was born at Ipswich about 1660. He married Elizabeth ——. He removed to Norwich, Connecticut, about 1722 and his inventory, dated 1726, includes a wood lot in Ipswich. He left five sons living. His son Ephraim was deceased. Children, born at Ipswich: I. Ann, March 31, 1691, married —— Proctor. 2. Ephraim, October 22, 1692. 3. John, mentioned below. 4. Solomon, March 13, 1696. 5. Stephen, October 7, 1697. 6. Elizabeth Nidden. 7. Mary Andrews. 8. Dorothy Day. 9. Hannah Knowlton. 10. Margaret Choate. 11. Samuel.

(III) John, son of Samuel Story, was born at Ipswich, June 19, 1694. In 1737 he and

his brother Samuel were among the largest

taxpayers of Norwich.

Preston and vicinity. Jonathan Story was among the Separatists in Long Society in 1752. Ezekiel sold a house for a parsonage in 1773. Solomon Story married, July 30, 1752, at Preston, Dorcas Brown; Amos Story married September 17, 1755, Hannah Reynolds; Solomon Story married, July 29, 1773, Dorothy Rude. The census of 1790 does not give the families by towns, but in New London county, mostly in Preston, there were the following heads of families: Ephraim (2), Henry (2), James, William, Solomon, Me-

hitable, Jonathan and Ebenezer.

(VI) James Story, grandson of one of those mentioned in the foregoing paragraph, lived at Fort Point, Norwich, where he built the old Story House. He was a farmer and shipwright. He had a brother Samuel, also a shipwright of Norwich. He married Elizabeth Webb, niece of Sarah Huntington, daughter of Samuel Huntington. Children: 1. Ebenezer, who lived at Fort Point, Connecticut, and married Mary Marshall, of Penob-scot, Maine; he was a farmer and fisherman; their only child, Mary Ann, married Isaac Williams and had five children: Isaac, unmarried, died in California; Ann Mary, married William Bushnell and had Lena Bushnell, who married Frederick Mason; Abbie, married Rensford Harvey and had two children born in Providence; Antoinette, married Edward Dean and had a daughter Grace; Phebe, married and had one son, Tyler Howard, who resides in Hartford, Connecticut. 2. Sarah Ann, married Solomon Benham, who was lost at sea; children: Rebecca, James and Austin Benham. 3. Caroline, married James Miner, of Groton, Connecticut; children: James Prentice, Charles and Hiram. James Miner married (second) Sarah Welch. 4. Ebenezer, mentioned below. 5. William, married (first) Hannah Elizabeth Stanton, daughter of Lodowick Stanton, and had two children; married (second) Phebe Gay; children: Florence, who married Judge Meech, of Chicago; Lizzie; Arthur, of Norwich. 6. Clarissa, married Dennison Cook and had one child, Dennison. 7. Hannah, married Hermon Wright and had one child, Fannie. 8. Abbie, married Ephraim Lewis and had one child, Abbie, who died unmarried. 9. Rebecca, died aged eighteen. 10. Fannie, married Eben Crocker; children: John and James Crocker. 11. James, married Emma Palmer; children: James, Albert, who died young, and Nellie.

(VII) Ebenezer, son of James Story, was born at Norwich. He married (first) Nancy Church; (second) Mary Avery. Mary was the daughter of James and Hannah (Pride) Avery. Hannah Pride was a daughter of Captain Pride, a master mariner, lost at sea and believed to have been the victim of pirates. Children of James and Hannah (Pride) Avery: Frank Avery; Huldah Avery; Martha Avery, who died young; Jerusha Avery, who married Theophilus Yale Winship, a well-known farmer of East Great Plain, Norwich; Mary Avery, who married Ebenezer Story, mentioned above. Children of Ebenezer Story by first wife: Ebenezer; Charles; Nancy. By second marriage: Carrie; Thomas Winship, mentioned below; Belle; Jane; Hannah; Lucv.

(VIII) Thomas Winship Story, son of Ebenezer Story, was born February 3, 1860, at Fort Point, or Brewster's Neck, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools. For many years he has been engaged in the fish and oyster business, but at present is engaged only in the oyster business. In politics

he is Republican.

George Pardee, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England, in 1619, according to some accounts. The name appears to be of French origin, however, and the tradition in the family supports the theory that the family came New Haven, Connecticut, and in 1644 was apprenticed to learn the tailor's trade of Franeducated in the land of his birth, for in 1662, when he became the school teacher of New Haven, he could have had little opportunity for fitting himself in New Haven in the primitive schools of the early colonial days. In Atwater's "History of New Haven Colony" (p. 289) we read: "The colony school being discontinued, November 5, 1662, the town of New Haven negotiated with George Pardee. one of their own people, to teach the children English and to carry them on in Latin so far as he could. The business was debated and some expressed themselves to this purpose, that it was scarce known in any place to have a free school for teaching English and writing, but yet showed themselves willing to have by the parents and masters of such that went to school and in the issue of twenty pounds was propounded and put to vote and they concluded to allow George Pardee for this year out of the town treasury, the remainder to be paid by those that sent scholars to the school as he and they could agree. This George Pardee agreed to make a trial of for one year.

He was also advised to be careful to instruct the youth in point of manners, there being a great fault in that respect, as some expressed." At the end of the year for which he was engaged the colony was absorbed by Connecticut and the school discontinued. Two years later the Hopkins grammar school, which is still flourishing, was established. In 1655-56 Pardee was assigned the fourth seat on the aisle in the meeting house in the formal designation of seats. He married (first) October 20, 1650, Martha, daughter of Richard Miles; (second) December 29, 1662, Rebecca Lane. Children of first wife: John, born August 20, 1651; John, December 2, 1653; George, mentioned below; Mary, February 18, 1658, married Joshua Hotchkiss; Elizabeth, June 10, 1660, married -Olmstead. Children of second wife: Joseph, born April 27, 1664; Rebecca, April 11, 1666, married in 1699, Samuel Alling; Sarah, February 2, 1667; Hannah, July 7, 1672, married Edward Vickers.

(II) George (2), son of George (1) Pardee, was born at New Haven, January 15, 1655, and died November 22, 1723. He-married (first) February 10, 1675, Mercy Ball, who died August 13, 1684; (second) February 11, 1685, Mary Denison. Children of first wife, born at New Haven: Mercy, January 16, 1676; Eliphalet, December 26, 1678; Martha, March 18, 1680; John, November 4, 1683. Children of second wife: Stephen, 1686; Ebenezer; George, mentioned below; Samuel; Sarah, married John Thompson; Mary, mar

ried Isaac Chedsey; Elizabeth.

(III) George (3), son of George (2) Pardee, was born at New Haven, January 16, 1690; married Sarah Bradley. He settled in East Haven. Children, born at East Haven: Isaac, mentioned below; Lydia, January 10, 1725; Jacob, 1727; Mercy, 1730.
(IV) Isaac, son of George (3) Pardee, was

born at East Haven, November 3, 1722. He married Sarah Leavitt. Children, born at East Haven; Leavitt; Isaac; Joseph, mentioned be-

low; Anna; Jemima.

(V) Joseph, son of Isaac Pardee, was born at East Haven, and married there in 1783, Sarah Fields. He was living in East Haven in 1790, according to the first federal census. He was a soldier in the revolution, a private in Captain Bradley's company of matrosses (artillery) during Tryon's invasion, February 5, 1779, to February 4, 1780; also in Captain Phineas Bradley's company of New Haven and vicinity, in Captain Eliphalet Lockwood's coast guard in 1779; also in Captain William Van Deusen's company of coast guards at New Haven, February 20 to August 1, 1781.

Children: Joseph; Isaac; Laban, mentioned below; Betsey; Hezekiah; Almira.

(VI) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Pardee, was born at what is now Orange, Connecticut, about 1785. He married Sarah Hine, of Orange or Woodbridge, Connecticut. Children, born at Orange: Edwin, lived and died at Bethany, Connecticut, married Caroline Prince; Joseph Harvey, married (first) Elvira Stone, (second) Fanny Clark (third)

----; Sidney, mentioned below.

(VII) Sidney, son of Joseph (2) Pardee, was born at Orange, Connecticut, in 1810, died in 1891. He married Eliza Lucretia Downs, born at Milford, Connecticut, in 1812, descendant of Governor Andrew, of Connecticut. Children, born at Orange: Frank Woodruff, October 18, 1835, mentioned below; Justine S., married Sandford B. Cocks, of Cornwall, New York; Emma W., married W. H. Rounseville, of St. Peter, Minnesota.

(VIII) Frank Woodruff, son of Sidney Pardee, was born in Orange, Connecticut, October 18, 1835. He attended the public schools of his native town and the well-known Amos Smith School of New Haven. He went to work first in the New Haven clock shop under Chauncey Jerome, and worked alongside John Woodruff, who was afterward a congressman from Connecticut. Then he entered the employ of T. Benedict & Son as clerk in the coal business. Subsequently he formed a partnership with H. H. Benedict, son of the senior partner of the firm, and continued the coal business under the firm name of Benedict, Pardee & Company from 1870 to 1894, when the business was incorporated as the Benedict & Pardee Company, of which Mr. Pardee is vice-president. The concern transacts a wholesale business in coal, having offices at 98 Meadow street, New Haven, and in New York. Mr. Pardee is also a director of the Waterbury Gaslight Company of Waterbury, Connecticut. He is a member of the Center Congregational Church of New Haven. In politics he is a Republican.

He married (first) October 13, 1857, Orilla Heminway, born January 28, 1837, died January 3, 1888, daughter of Captain John Heminway, of East Haven. He married (second) Mary Elizabeth Mason, born December 12, 1852, oldest daughter of Joseph Mason, Esq. Children by first wife: 1. Jennie Eliza, born September 6, 1858, died in 1862. 2. Nettie Heminway, March 2, 1860, died in 1861. 3. Annie Justine, February 14, 1864; married John Glover Smith (deceased) and has one son, Arthur Woodruff Smith, born May 27, 1892. 4. Frank Wyckoff, January 18, 1877; married, October 28, 1903, Ethel Knapp, of



Franku Pardee



Greenwich, Connecticut, born September 17, 1881; they have a daughter, Janet Elizabeth, born September 10, 1906. The family home is in New Haven, Connecticut.

(VI) Laban, son of Joseph PARDEE Pardee (q. v.), was born in New Haven, in 1790. He married Loie Bradley, daughter of Samuel and Sarah Bradley. Among their children was

William Bradley, mentioned below.

(VII) William Bradley, son of Laban Pardee, was born in New Haven, in 1821 and died there September 29, 1893. He had a common school education in his native city. For many years he was engaged in carriage making and repairing. Afterward he became connected with a silk manufactory at New Haven and conducted it successfully to the time of his death. In politics he was a Democrat; in religion, an Episcopalian. He married, August 1, 1859, Nancy Maria English, born February 14, 1823, daughter of James English and sister of Governor James E. English (see English V). Among their children was William Scranton, mentioned below.

(VIII) William Scranton, son of William Bradley Pardee, was born at New Haven, September 16, 1860. He received his preparatory education in the Hopkins grammar school, of New Haven and graduated from Yale College with the degree of bachelor of arts in the class of 1882. Choosing law as his profession he entered the Yale Law School from which he received the degree of LL. B. cum laude in 1884. In the same year he was admitted to the bar and entered upon the practice of his profession at New Haven. He achieved a position of prominence in his profession, in which he continued until 1909. Since then he has devoted his time to the silk business established by his father, now conducted by the firm of Marvin & Pardee, of which he is a partner. Mr. Pardee has evinced a keen interest in public affairs and much public spirit. He drafted the first "Corrupt Practice Act," which became a law, and also the "Fourteen-Town Act." In politics he is a Democrat. He is a life member of the New Haven Colony Historical Society. In religion he is an Episcopalian and he has been vestryman of the Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church of New Haven. He is president of the National Order of Sign Removers, a society for the preservation of the scenery of the country from the assaults of the bill-board advertisers and similar nuisances, and he is an active member of the Connecticut Civil Service Reform Association, the influence of which has been potent in abolishing the spoils

system in the administration of state and national government. In social life he is prominent, being a member of the Quinnipiack Club, of which he is president; of the New Haven Yacht Club, of which he is commodore; of the New Haven Chamber of Commerce; and of the New Haven Country Club. His home is at 581 George street. He is unmarried.

William M. Keating was born KEATING at Borris, county Carlow, Ireland, and came when a young man to this country. He was a gifted musician and a trained and skillful pianist and organist. He taught music at Windsor Locks and New Britain, Connecticut. He was also a bookkeeper for the Russell and Irwin Company, New Britain, Connecticut. He was organist for many years at St. James' Catholic Church, South Manchester, and at St. Bridget's, North Manchester, a position he was filling at the time of his death. He married, rin 1873, Mary Jane Stuart, born in White Plains, New York, in 1851, daughter of Arthur Edward Stuart, of New Britain. Children: I. Dr. William P. S., mentioned below. 2. Johanna Elizabeth, born at South Manchester, March 1, 1876, unmarried, resides at South Manchester. 3. Arthur Edward, born at South Manchester, June 7, 1878; married Ida Anderson; he is one of the superintendents in the silk mill of Cheney Brothers, 4. Emma Julia, born at South Manchester, July 24, 1880, twin of Elizabeth; a music teacher; married to John F. Doyle. 5. Elizabeth, twin, July 24, 1880. 6. Rev. Paul Francis, men-tioned below. 7. Mary Jane, mentioned be-

(II) Dr. William Patrick S. Keating, son of William M. Keating, was born in 1874. He attended the grammar and high schools of South Manchester, Connecticut. He then entered Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1895, and was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1899. He was then for six months an interne at St. Mary's Hospital at Philadelphia. In 1899-1900 he assisted a physician in general practice at Willimantic, Connecticut, his employer being partly disabled by ill health, Dr. Keating went from Willimantic to his native town. South Manchester, Connecticut, where he practiced until 1904. In that year he located at Willimantic and has remained there since, having won a large practice and a prominent place in his profession. He was appointed health officer of the city of Willimantic by the mayor in 1905, and reappointed from time to time to the present. Dr. Keating was elected

to the town and city school committee of Willimantic in 1908 for three years. During the past two years he has been secretary of the Willimantic City Medical Society. He is a member, secretary and treasurer of Wind-ham County Medical Society, member of Connecticut State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Knights of Columbus, the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Foresters of America, the Modern Woodmen, the Knights of Maccabees, the American Benefit Society, the New England Alumni Association of Jefferson Medical College. Dr. Keating is medical examiner for the second district, Boston post office department, and for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and New York Equitable Life Assurance Company. Dr. Keating inherits from his father a love for music and skill, and is an organist of ability. He is unmarried. He is a practical Roman Catholic, and a communicant of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.
(II) Rev. Paul Francis Keating, son of

(II) Rev. Paul Francis Keating, son of William M. Keating, was born at South Manchester, July 9, 1882. He attended the public schools of South Manchester and the St. Thomas Seminary at Hartford, Connecticut, and St. John's Seminary at Brighton, Massachusetts. He was ordained a priest of the Roman Catholic church at Hartford, May 30,

1010.

(II) Mary Jane Keating, daughter of William M. Keating, was born October 30, 1888. She is a graduate of Mount St. Joseph's Seminary, Hartford. She married Henry Mathieu, shoe dealer in Willimantic, Connecticut; child, Mary Elizabeth Mathieu, born July 3, 1910.

The surnames Kelsey and Kelso KELSEY are identical, though Kelso is the common Scotch spelling, Kelsey the English. Other spellings such as Calsey, Kelse, Kelsea, Kelsy are also found. There is a parish of North and South Kelsey in Lincolnshire, England. A Kelsey family has its seat in Chelmsford and Thorp, county Essex, early, and had a coat-of-arms.

(I) William Kelsey, immigrant, was doubtless born in England. The family generally spells the name Kelsey, but in the early records Kelso was common also. He came to Cambridge, Massachusetts, as early as 1632, and was a proprietor in 1633. He was admitted a freeman, March 4, 1634-35, and sold a meadow at Cambridge, April 19, 1636. He removed to Hartford, Connecticut, where he lived until 1663, and then settled in the adjacent town of Killingworth, Connecticut. He was deputy to the general court in 1671, Children: Abigail, born April 1, 1645; Stephen,

November 7, 1647; Daniel, 1650; Mark, married (first) March 8, 1658-59. Rebecca Hoskins; (second) Abigail Atwood; John, mentioned below.

(II) Lieutenant John Kelsey, son of William Kelsey, was born in Hartford and removed to Killingworth, becoming one of the principal men of the town. He was admitted a freeman in 1658. He married Phebe, daughter of Nicholas Disbrow. Children, born between May 11, 1670, and March 17, 1682: William, John, Hannah, Joseph, Esther, Phebe, Lydia, Stephen, mentioned below, and Josiah born January 26, 1688.

(III) Stephen, son of Lieutenant John Kelsey, was born at Killingworth, March 17, 1682. He married, June 1, 1704, Concurrence, daughter of Nathaniel Haytor. Children, born at Killingworth: Stephen, Obadiah, Joseph, Benjamin, Hiel, Ebenezer, Concurrence Nathaniel, mentioned below.

currence, Nathaniel, mentioned below. (IV) Nathaniel, son of Stephen Kelsey, was born at Killingworth in 1722-23. He married there, June 19, 1746, Martha, daughter of Benjamin and Martha (Chapman) Turner, granddaughter of Captain Samuel Chapman, of Saybrook, who was grandson of Robert Chapman, the pioneer at Saybrook. Nathaniel Kelsey and his ancestors were all farmers.

(V) Stephen (2), son of Nathaniel Kelsey, was born in Killingworth in 1757. He married, March 27, 1783, Lois Griffing, of Killingworth. They had a son Stephen, mentioned below.

(VI) Stephen (3), son of Stephen (2) Kelsey, was born in 1789. He married Melinda, daughter of Lemuel and Jemima (Kelsey) Davis. They had a son Alvah, mentioned below.

(VII) Alvah, son of Stephen (3) Kelsey, was born in 1809 in Killingworth or Haddam, Connecticut, died at Guilford in that state. He settled in Guilford. He married. September 15, 1833, Mary Almira Higgins, of the noted Higgins family of Connecticut, living at Haddam. Children: Hobart, Richard T., Watson, Egbert, Mary, Addie, Cynthia and Nettie.

(VIII) Richard T., son of Alvah Kelsey, was born at Guilford in 1841. He had a common school education. Like his paternal ancestors he has followed farming all his active life. In religion he is a Baptist. He married Antoinette Baldwin, born in New York state, daughter of Arvah and Harriet (Carpenter) Baldwin. Arvah Baldwin was born in 1800, son of Henry and Mary (Lounsbury) Baldwin, of North Salem and Carmeltown, New York; he died in 1825, aged seventy-two years.

James Baldwin, father of Henry, was born in 1773, married Hannah, daughter of Ephriam and Katharine (Flewellen) Golden, of Hempstead, Long Island; they lived at North Castle, Westchester county, New York. James was son of Thomas and Elizabeth Baldwin, grandson of George and Mary (Ellison) Baldwin, and great-grandson of George, the immigrant, and Mary (Dennison) Baldwin, pioneers in Connecticut. Harriet (Carpenter) Baldwin was daughter of Walter Carpenter, a farmer near Peekskill, New York, and Mary (Regua) Carpenter, a descendant of Gabriel Requa, who was born at Rochelle, France, in 1678, and came with his parents at the time of the Huguenot settlement in New Rochelle, Westchester county, New York, both parents dving on the vovage. Mary Requa was a daughter of Sergeant Daniel Requa, born 1735, died 1801, of distinguished revolutionary record, and his wife Maretie (Mary) (Martling) Requa, of Phillipse Manor, New York, both of whom are buried at the Crane Burying Ground near Lake Mahopac, Putnam county, New York. Arvah Baldwin and wife removed early in life from New York state to a large farm near the line between Branford and Guilford, Connecticut, and north of both towns, about five miles, where Richard T. Kelsey now resides and where his children were born. Children of Richard T. Kelsey: 1. Gustave, carpenter at Wallingford: married Lina Wightman and had George and Erna. 2. Ernest Russell, mentioned below. 3. Agnes Favette, married Dr. H. W. Murrless, of Guilford. 4. Richard Percy, a farmer at Branford; married Marion Murphy.

(IX) Dr. Ernest Russell Kelsey, son of Richard T. Kelsey, was born at Guilford, August 17, 1873. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Maryland Medical College of Baltimore, Maryland, receiving his degree of M. D. in 1901, and since then has been practicing his profession at Winsted, Connecticut. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Connecticut Medical Society and the Litchfield County Medical Society. He is visiting physician of the Litchfield County Hospital. He is a member of the Fraternity Benefit League; of St. Andrews Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a United States pension examiner. He married, in 1901, Elizabeth Philips. They

have no children.

NICHOLS

Sergeant Francis Nichols, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and was among the first settlers of Stratford, Connecticut, where he was living as early as 1630. He had a

military training and belonged to the Horse Guards of London, it is believed. He was closely related to Colonel Richard Nicholls, the first English governor of New York. He owned land in Southhold, Long Island. His estate was distributed among his children before his death. He married (second) Anne, daughter of Barnabas Wines, of Southold. She married (second) John Etton, of Southold. His children, born in England, were: Isaac, mentioned below; Caleb; John; daughter, married Richard Mills; Anne, mentioned in the will of her Grandfather Wines in 1675,

married Christopher Goings, Ir.

(II) Isaac, son of Francis Nichols, was born in England, died in 1695 at Stratford, Connecticut. He was a deputy to the general assembly several terms. His will was dated September 28, 1694, proved November 6, 1695. He bequeathed his homestead and lands to Benjamin, after the death of his wife, and stated that he had given as he was able to his other children. Children, born at Stratford: Mary, born February 2, 1648, married Israel Chauncey; Sarah, November 1, 1649, married Stephen Burritt; Josiah, January 29, 1652-53, married Margaret Nichols; Isaac, March 12, 1654, mentioned below; Jonathan, December 10, 1655, married Hannah Hawkins; Ephraim, December 15, 1657, married Esther Hawley, widow of Ebenezer; Patience, February 2, 1660; Temperance, May 17, 1662; Margery, November 30, 1663; Benjamin, February 2, 1666, removed to Derby; Elizabeth, April 2, 1668, married, July 9, 1691, Rev. Joseph Webb.

(III) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) Nichols, was born March 12, 1654. He owned a house and land at Stratford in 1686. He married Mary —, who died at Stratford in 1690. He died in 1680. Children: Francis, born June 3, 1676: Richard, November 26, 1678, mentioned below; Joseph, November 1, 1680.

June 3, 1676; Richard, November 26, 1678, mentioned below; Joseph, November 1, 1680. (IV) Richard, son of Isaac (2) Nichols, was born in Stratford, November 26, 1678, died there September 20, 1756. He married, June 3, 1702, Comfort Sherman, died February 11, 1726-27, daughter of Theophilus Sherman, of Wethersfield. His will was dated September 25, 1755, and proved October-9, 1755. He left a widow Elizabeth, his second wife. Children, born at Stratford: Theophilus, March 31, 1704; Elijah, September 3, 1706; Nathaniel, April 8, 1708, mentioned below: Joseph; William: Jerusha, March 27, 1717, married James Walker; Temperance, married Joseph Thompson; Comfort, married Daniel Burritt.

(V) Nathaniel, son of Richard Nichols, was born in Stratford, April 8, 1708, died in 1780.

He settled in Newtown, Connecticut, and married Ann Booth, born 1710, daughter of Jonathan and Hester (Galpin) Booth.

(VI) Theophilus, son of Nathaniel Nichols, was born in Newtown in 1748. He settled in Newtown and married, in 1771, Sarah Meeker, born 1753, died in 1852, daughter of David and Hannah (Hill) Meeker. Hannah

Hill was born in 1729.

(VII) Captain James Nichols, son of Theophilus Nichols, was born September 9, 1775. He was one of the most prominent farmers of his day in Newtown, a man of substance and influence. He was also a successful dealer in cattle. In politics he was a Whig, and was selectman of the town. He was called to many positions of trust and settled many estates. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. He married Lucy, born February 22, 1780, daughter of John Beach. He was familiarly known as "Captain Jim."

(VIII) Isaac (3), son of Captain James Nichols, was born April 19, 1802, in Newtown, died there September 7, 1853. He was brought up on the old homestead in his native town, just south of the Beers Sherman place. In his early life for a number of years he was associated in business in Bridgeport with Gideon Thompson, but when still a young man returned to the homestead and followed farming there the remainder of his life. He was a thrifty farmer and useful citizen. In politics he was a Whig, but he never sought or desired public office. In religion he was an Episcopalian. He married (first) in 1827, Betsey Platt, born 1798, died October 6, 1835, daughter of Moses and Ann (Judson) Platt. He married (second) March 20, 1838, Louisa, born April 4, 1812, died October 21, 1894, daughter of John and Sarah (Bennett) Bartlett. Children: Henry, born May 8, 1829; James, December 25, 1830, mentioned below; William, February 11, 1833; Mary B., October 3, 1835; Augusta, February 22, 1839; Sarah, May 29, 1840; Margaret, March 20, 1842; Beach, February 8, 1844; Louisa B., September 7, 1845; William, August 18, 1847; Arthur, April 2, 1849; Grace, November 26,

(IX) James (2), son of Isaac (3) Nichols, was born at Newtown, December 25, 1830. He attended the district school, worked on his father's farm in his boyhood, and later taught school for a time in the vicinity. He was ambitious and determined to follow the profession of law. He studied at every opportunity as he worked and taught school, and when he came of age entered the office of Amos S. Treat, as a student. In the spring of 1854 he was admitted to the bar at Danbury, Con-

necticut, and immediately began to practice at Thompsonville, Connecticut. A few months later he was appointed assistant clerk of the superior court of Hartford county. In 1857 he was appointed judge of probate for the Hartford district, and filled this office with conspicuous ability. In 1867 he was appointed special agent and adjuster of the Merchants' Insurance Company of Hartford and demonstrated unusual fitness for the difficult and responsible duties of his office. From the outset he manifested special aptitude for the insurance business and took high rank in insurance affairs. At the time of the great fire in Chicago in 1871 Judge Nichols was secretary of the Merchants' Insurance Company, This disaster wrecked the company as well as many others and the charter was surrendered. He became secretary of the National Fire Insurance Company, organized in Hartford in December, 1871, and on the death of Mark Howard, president, in 1887, he succeeded him and has made a brilliant record at the head of this corporation. The National Fire Insurance Company is reckoned among the soundest and best-managed corporations in the country. Under his management its assets have increased from \$1,969,907, in 1887, to more than \$10,500,000 in 1911, with a surplus of about \$3,000,000. The home office on Pearl street, Hartford, is one of the hand. somest structures in New England.

Judge Nichols became widely known throughout the country in the famous Bennett Brothers case, as chairman of the committee in charge of adjusting the loss. Brothers of Syracuse carried amounting to \$120,000 in twenty-three companies and a loss of \$350,000 was claimed. The policies were assigned to the creditors of the firm, among whom were sixty-three of the leading mercantile firms of New York City. The creditors fought the case bitterly, signing a memorial to the companies interested, urging them to settle the claim regardless of the committee, and threatening to withdraw their business and trying to influence others to boycott the companies. The companies stood by the committee and the case was tried in the courts, resulting in the exposure of fraud, the punishment of the criminals and saving of a large sum of money. The National Company survived the shock of the San Francisco disaster in 1906 with flying colors. Its present capital is one million dollars. Judge Nichols is also president of the Mechanics' & Traders' Fire Insurance Company of New Orleans; vice-president of the Charter Oak National Bank and of the Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Wheeling, West Virginia; a trustee



James hehols



in the Society for Savings; a director of the Pheenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, and of the Pratt & Cady Company. He is a Republican in politics and has been a member of the common council of Hartford. He is a member of the Asylum Avenue Congregational Church. He belongs to St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Hartford, the Hartford Golf Club, the Country Club, the Connecticut Congregational Club and the Hartford Club. His home is at 630

Prospect avenue, Hartford.

He married, July 9, 1861, Isabella M., born August 5, 1842, died October 9, 1895, daughter of Nathan and Cynthia (Loomis) Stark-weather, of Hartford, Children: I. James L., born February 20, 1863, died June 29, 1871.
2. Helen C., born December 24, 1870; married, December 24, 1890, Harry A. Smith, vice-president of the National Fire Insurance Company; children: i. James Nichols Smith, born October 2, 1891, at Rochester, New York; ii. Harriet Helen Smith, born January 6, 1806, at Rochester; iii. Malcolm Keith Smith, born February 18, 1901, at Hartford. 3, Isabella, born October 23, 1874, died June 28, 1875.

John Richards, immigrant ancestor, was of Eele river, Plymouth colony, as early as July 12, 1637, when the general court placed him under bonds and probably indentured him for one year for some slight breach of the peace; and he "acknowledged himself indebted to the king" with Thomas Little as his surety to appear before the next general court and especially to keep the peace toward Mark Mendall. At the next session of the court he seems to have given satisfaction and was made rectus in curia and November 5, 1638, he received from the court twenty-five acres at Mannamet Pond due to him by indenture. He is supposed to have married late in life Lydia Beman. In 1644 he was a merchant and was dignified by the title of Mr., which was reserved for those of noble birth or special education. In 1652 he was perhaps absent as "Mrs." Richards, as the records call her, a prefix very rare at that time, and indicating the highest social standing, if not quality of birth, is reported in Plymouth as claiming a "stray steere." John Richards was doubtless the brother of William and nephew of Thomas Richards, Sr. His cousins became the wives of Thomas Hinckley, afterwards governor, and of William Bradford, son of the governor, and himself afterward deputy governor. About 1658 he removed to New London with Thomas Crocker and

Thomas Leonard and he died there in 1687. In 1660 he purchased two house lots on what is now State street and built his house at the corner of Huntington street, which, according to Miss Caulkins in her history of New London, remained the seat of the family for more than a century. In 1671 he was probably received into the church at New London and had seven children baptized. The order of birth of his children is not known. Children: John, baptized March 26, 1671; Israel; Mary, born 1660; Penelope, baptized with John and Israel; Lydia, baptized with the others; Elizabeth; Hannah, baptized with Elizabeth and the others; David, born 1673.

(II) Israel, son of John Richards, was born probably at Plymouth. He was baptized when nearly, if not quite, an adult, March 26, 1671, at New London. He early enjoyed the benefits of the blue laws, for in September, 1693, he was sentenced to pay a fine of ten shilling and stand in the stocks for two hours for night walking on Sabbath evening. He inherited from his father a farm near Mill Pond, two miles north of the town plot; and deeded land to his son Jeremiah in 1726. Children: Israel, lived in New London; Jere-

miah, mentioned below.

(III) Jeremiah, son of Israel Richards, was born in New London. He married Mary—. Children: Daniel, mentioned below; Anna, married Joshua Strickland, and lived at Meredith, New York; Nehemiah, married Love Richards and lived at Montville, Connecticut; Jeremiah, married Eunice Wheeler; Christian, married James Harding and lived at Exeter, New York; Lydia, married Asa Stanton and lived at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania; Silas, married Mary Rogers and lived

at Westford, Massachusetts.

(IV) Daniel, son of Jeremiah Richards, was born at New London about 1775. He married Jemima Harding. He settled in the north part of New London, now Waterford. Children: Mary, died unmarried; Daniel H., married Mary Strickland and lived at Waterford; Charles, mentioned below; Abby, married (first) —— More. (second) Joshua Richards, a relative; Giles, died unmarried; Eliza, born May 15, 1813, married David S. Keeney and lived at Waterford; child, Fanny, January 1, 1838, who married, September 5, 1858, George G. Fitch.

(V) Charles, son of Daniel Richards, was born about 1708. He married, February 3, 1830. Emily J., born September 28, 1805, daughter of Jesse Jerome, of New London. Children, born at New London: I. Sarah A., married Henry Butts: children: Clara, Charles R., Matilda A. H., Adelaide, Frederick and

George Butts. 2. Charles Lewis, mentioned below. 3. Adelaide L., born December 11, 1832: married (first). December 4, 1854. Franklin B. Harris, who died without issue August 17, 1855; lived at New London; married (second) Thompson Harrington, of Lyons, New York 4. William H. 5. Emma Jerome, married Augustus M. Leach, of Lyons, New York.

(VI) Charles Lewis, son of Charles Richards, was born August 26, 1831, died October 21, 1883. He was educated in the public schools. For a number of years he was engaged in the ship chandlery business in the Sandwich Islands. In 1849, when gold was discovered in California, he went thither with Captain James Smith, of New London, and remained for some years. He became interested in a line of packet boats plying between San Francisco and Honolulu. He was a member of the firm of Wilcox & Company and later of C. L. Richards & Company. He lived for eighteen years in Honolulu and in 1867 returned to Norwich, where he bought the place now owned by Charles D. White on Washington street. He was a director of the First National Bank of Norwich. He had large investments in Norwich real estate, and was interested in the growth and welfare of the city. He married, August 22, 1868, Ada Louise, daughter of Uriah Avery Pollard, of New York City, an importer of art goods, also in business in New Orleans. Asa Pollard, her great-grandfather's brother, was a son of Amos Pollard, who fought in the battle of Bunker Hill and whose name is inscribed on the monument. Children: I. Charles Chapman, born August 2, 1869; engaged in business in Chicago; married Rosalie Decatur, daughter of Admiral Laman; he Decatur, datignter of Admiral Lainan; children: Charles Lewis, Joseph Laman, Blanche and Rosalie Decatur. 2. Mary Elizabeth. born June 1, 1872. 3. Louis Jerome, January 15, 1874; sanitary engineer in Elizabeth. New Jersey. 4. Ada Louise, June 29, 1877. 5. Frank Pollard, January 2, 1879; an accountant. 6. Haleay Sontember 2, 18874. accountant. 6. Halsey, September 3, 1883; an architect in New York.

RICHARDS Roderick Richards was a cabinet-maker by trade and lived and died at Portland-

ville, Otsego county, New York.

(II) Harvey, son of Roderick Richards, was born at Silver Lake, Pennsylvania, in 1822, died April 2, 1902, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. He opened a shop in that city situated at 126 George street, and conducted a large business as a pattern maker. He was well known and highly esteemed in the com-

munity. He married Caroline Eckert, born in 1823, in Pennsylvania, died February 25, 1895, in Bridgeport. Children: Charles Roderick, mentioned below; Alice, married

Wells, of Bridgeport.

(III) Charles Roderick, son of Harvey Richards, was born in Binghamton, New York, November 17, 1847, died at Bridgeport, November 18, 1902. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and learned the trade of pattern maker in his father's shop. He worked for a time in Brooklyn and then came to Bridgeport where he entered the service of the Howe Manufacturing Company and later, after they retired from business, went to the Union Metallic Cartridge Company. with whom he studied draughting, becoming an expert, and remaining with this concern as a mechanical engineer for thirty-five years. He belonged to no fraternal orders. He was a worthy and useful citizen and much beloved, especially by his family and those who knew him best. He married (first) Lillian Peck, who died June 6, 1890. He married (second), April 6, 1893, at Bridgeport. Carrie Ellen, daughter of William Warren Stiles (see Stiles X). They have no children.

## The Stiles Line).

(II) John (2) Stiles, son of John (1) Stiles, was born in England about 1633. He settled at Windsor, Connecticut, and seems to have been a citizen of good character and repute among his townsmen. He married Dorcas, daughter of Henry Burt, of Springfield, Massachusetts, October 28, 1658. She was born in 1638. President Stiles relates a "tradition in the family, that the mother of Dorcas Burt, before she came over, was laid out for dead in England, put into the coffin, but at her funeral signs of life appeared, and she recovered, came to New England, settled at Springfield, and here in America had nineteen children (ten of whom, at least, lived to have families) one of which was this Dorcas." John Stiles died at Windsor, December 8, 1683. His widow probably married again, as a "Darkis" Stiles married John Shethar, at Killingworth, Connecticut, January 7, 1712-13. Children: Sarah, born at Springfield, September 12, 1661; Hannah, at Windsor, March 23, 1664-65; John, December 10, 1665; Ephraim, mentioned below; Thomas, died about 1740 or 1745.

(III) Ephraim, son of John (2) Stiles, married, August 2, 1694, Abigail Neal, of Westfield, Massachusetts, where he settled, and afterwards removed to Springfield, Massachusetts. He died about 1755. Children: Rachel, born at Westfield, May 21, 1695;

Isaac, at Westfield, October 6, 1696, mentioned below; Ephraim, at Westfield, December 5, 1699; Abigail, at Springfield, March 15, 1701; Hannah, at Springfield, July 31, 1708.

1704; Hannah, at Springfield, July 31, 1708.
(IV) Isaac, son of Ephraim Stiles, was born at Westfield, October 6, 1696. He married (first) Mary Brooks, his cousin, December 22, 1720, who died October 21, 1734. He married (second) Deborah Hermon, of Suffield, Connecticut, May, 1757. He lived at Westfield, and died October 4 (or 9), 1790. Children, by first wife, all born at Westfield: Abigail, March 26, 1724; Isaac, June 23, 1726; Martin, July 17, 1728, mentioned below; Daniel, October 17, 1729, died young; Israel, May 27, 1731; Daniel, January 20, 1732-33; Mary, September 6, 1734.

(V) Lieutenant Martin Stiles, son of Isaac Stiles, was born at Westfield, July 17, 1728. He married Dorcas Adams, of Suffield, Connecticut, December 4, 1751. He was engaged in the French and Indian wars; he also served as lieutenant, commission bearing date 1776, in the revolutionary war; he was at Fort Edward. Ticonderoga, White Plains and New London. The summer previous to his death, when eighty years old, he raised five acres of Indian corn by his own labor. He died December 9, 1808, and his wife died September 13, 1813. Children: Martin, born May 5, 1753, mentioned below; Dorcas, born at Westfield.

(VI) Martin (2), son of Lieutenant Martin (1) Stiles, was born at Westfield, May 5, 1753. He married, August, 1771, Tirzah Loomis, of Southwick, Massachusetts, born February 20, 1752. He died June 11, 1811, and his wife died July 17, 1828. Children, all born in Westfield: Elijah, January 9, 1773; Warham, December 28, 1774, mentioned below; Ezra, February 12, 1777; Japhet, March 12, 1779; Salmon, July 6, 1781; Edward, September 27, 1783; Isaac, March 3, 1786; Tirzah, March 15, 1788; Henry, April 1, 1790; Charles, April 1, 1792; Mary, April 21, 1794.

(VII) Warham, son of Martin (2) Stiles, was born at Westfield, December 28, 1774. He married Sarah Nelson, of Westfield, February 20, 1800. He removed to West Hawley, Massachusetts, in September, 1802, and built a log cabin in West Hill, on the farm now occupied by his youngest son, Rowland Stiles. He and his wife both died there in 1863. Children: Rowland, born at Westfield, July 18, 1801; Warren, Westfield, May 19, 1802; Gardiner, Hawley, May 13, 1804; Alvah Hawley, July 25, 1806; Sarah, Hawley, March 12, 1810; Martin, Hawley May 19, 1812, men-

tioned below; Roxanna, Hawley, March 23, 1814; Aaron Nelson, Hawley, March 26, 1816; Horace, Hawley, February 10, 1819; Tirzah, Hawley, April 27, 1821; Mary, Hawley, February 23, 1823; Lucy, Hawley, February 28, 1827; Rowland, Hawley, April 15, 1831.

(VIII) Martin 3, 1800 of Warham Stiles, was born at Hawley, May 19, 1812. He margind Hawley in Martin 19, 1812.

was born at Hawley, May 19, 1812. He married Harmenia Baker Lemoin, of Hawley. He moved to North Adams, Massachusetts, where he died January 23, 1882. He was a clerk, next a general merchant, and afterwards a building mover. His wife was born in West Hawley and died in North Adams in 1886. Children: Augustus Henry, born July 28, 1837; Clarissa L., March 20, 1839; Orville Martin, January 8, 1841; George Emerson, December 23, 1841; Orville Martin, May 12, 1844; Charles Edgar, June 27, 1846; William Warren, June 21, 1849, mentioned below; Charles Frederick, November 25 or 27, 1853.

(IN) William Warren, son of Maran (3) Stiles, was born June 21, 1849, was killed at Troy, New York. He married, in 1869, Lucy Hawley. He was a railroad man and started early in this work. He was a conductor, and was one of the first to take a train through Hoosac Tunnel. He was greatly esteemed by railroad men, and a good career was cut off by his early death from an accident while at his post. Children: Carrie Ellen, married Charles Roderick Richards (see Richards III); Charles, died in infancy; Frank, died appel twenty.

John Parrott, or Parruck, the ancestor of the family under consideration, was born about

1675. He came from England and settled at Stratford, Connecticut. He married Hannah, daughter of Thomas Beardsley, and he and his wife owned the covenant in the Stratfield Church, December 8, 1706, and had their son baptized at the same time. Hannah was brought up by her uncle, Captain John Beardsley, who resided at Pequonnock, now Bridgeport. Children of John and Hannah Parrott: John, baptized December 8, 1706; Sarah, baptized June 19, 1709; Hannah, baptized December 17, 1710; Abigail, baptized November 2, 1712; John, mentioned below; Abiah; Elnathan, born February 18, 1724.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) Parrott, or Parruck, was baptized at Stratford, August 26, 1716. He married Sarah Hubbell. Children, born at Stratford: Abraham, mentioned below; Sarah, born May 1, 1754; John, May 30, 1756; David, August 30, 1758; Eunice, February 6, 1763; Ebenezer, July 20, 1765; Mary, November 20, 1767; William,

January 26, 1770; James, July 17, 1774; Han-

nah, February 2, 1778.
(III) Abraham son of John (2) Parrott, was born at Stratford, May 15, 1762. The name of his wife is unknown. Children: William, Abraham, mentioned below, Richard and

(IV) Abraham (2), son of Abraham (1) Parrott, married three times, but the names of none of the wives are known. Children: Squire; Samuel; Abraham, mentioned below; Isaac, born March 10, 1791; Eliza, married David Wheeler; Sally, married Isaac Blake. Children by third wife: LeGrand and Adoni-

(V) Abraham (3), son of Abraham (2) Parrott, married Lucy, daughter of Jedediah F. Wells, March 5, 1803 (see Wells VI). He died March 16, 1825. Children, born at Stratford: Frederick Wells, mentioned below; Bryant Banks, born January 5, 1809, married, October 10, 1842, Sarah Jennings; Mary Emeline, born October 25, 1810; Henry Odell,

born July 24, 1812. (VI) Frederick Wells, son of Abraham (3) Parrott, was born at Stratford, July 25, 1805, died April 11, 1891. As a young man he learned the trade of cabinet maker, beginning at sixteen years and apprenticed to remain until twenty-one. In 1827 he commenced the business of manufacturing furniture and being a fine workman he built the first mahogany furniture seen in this section, included in which was a fine sofa. While engaged in the furniture business he became interested in the making of varnish, of which he was a large consumer, and in 1846 he began to manufacture varnish, thus laying the foundation for one of the important industries of the city. His business was incorporated as the Parrott Varnish Company in 1869, and he remained at the head of the company until his death. For many years he was the oldest man in active business in the city. He was for a number of years a director in the Connecticut National Bank. He always felt a keen interest in public affairs and served the city as member of the common council, as alderman and as one of the road and bridge commissioners. His best service to the town, however, was as first selectman, an office he filled with great fidelity and ability during the civil war. His unbounded confidence in the justice of the cause and in the ultimate triumph of the federal army helped materially to fill the quota of troops from Bridgeport. He was active and influential in raising funds after the war for the soldiers' monument and was the grand marshal at the parade and exercises at the laying of the corner-stone, his son, Henry R.

Parrott, being his chief-of-staff. He was a fine performer on the drum and was for a number of years a drum-major and adjutant. In politics he was a Republican. His wife was a member of the North Congregational Church.

He married, May 17, 1827, Lucelia Ann Remer, born at Derby, Connecticut. Their golden wedding was celebrated May 17, 1877, when Mrs. Parrott was presented a silver vase by the Ladjes' Charitable Society, of which she had been a member forty-nine years, and continued a member until her death, sixty years in all. She was an active worker among the women of Bridgeport during the war, preparing medical and hospital supplies, and was one of the organizers of the Soldiers' Aid Society. She lived to the great age of ninety years, retaining all her faculties. Children, born in Bridgeport: Henry R., mentioned below; Rebecca, died aged eleven years; Mary Frances, married John D. Whitney, of Derby, Connecticut, formerly of New York; he is now deceased.

(VII) Henry R., son of Frederick Wells Parrott, was born at Bridgeport, January 4, 1829. Through his mother he was a descendant of Captain Joseph Riggs Sr., an uncle of General David Humphreys, aide-de-camp and private secretary of Washington, minister to Spain and Portugal after the revolution; he is also a direct descendant of Governor Wells. His boyhood was spent in Bridgeport where he attended the private schools of Ebenezer French and Warren W. Selleck. He afterward attended the Danbury Institute, of which Rev. John W. Irving was then the principal. At the age of eighteen he entered the employ of Oviatt & Orcutt, as clerk in their dry goods store, and continued until the firm was dissolved and the business closed out, a period of eight years. For a few years after that he was clerk in the store of James W. Beach and for eight years in the store of E. Birdsey & Company. In 1854 he became the local agent in Bridgeport of the Adams Express Company, at the time of its organization. During the confusion of business due to the civil war he was sent to Washington, D. C., to reorganize and take charge of the business of the company at that important point. When his father's business was incorporated in 1869 as the Parrott Varnish Company, he resigned his position with the Adams Express Company to become general manager of the company and was also secretary and treasurer until 1891, when he succeeded his father as president. He has continued to the present time at the head of the company. At the same time that he entered the company, his



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brother-ir-law. John D. Whitney, now deceased, also became a director of the corporation. The concern has grown steadily and
the excellent quality of the varnish, the energy
and enterprise of the management and the
business ability of the president have given
to the Parrott varnishes an international reputation and developed the industry into one of
the large concerns of the great manufacturing
center in which it is located. Mr. Parrott was
formerly vice-president of the People's Steam-

boat Company of Bridgeport.

In politics he has taken an active and important part. He cast his first vote for president for General Winfield Scott in 1856, voted for John S. Fremont four years later, and for every Republican candidate for president since then. He took a prominent part in organizing and maintaining the "Wide-awake Movement" during the presidential campaign of 1860. His activity aroused the feelings of southern sympathizers to such an extent that they complained to his employers and he was censured by the superintendent of the Adams Express Company, which at that time had developed into a corporation of vast wealth and power, but when, after the battle of Bull Run, the government exercised its power to compel the company to place loyal and competent men in charge, Mr. Parrott was called to Washington to take charge and the company found his lovalty and unionism of great service in the crisis. In 1860 he was elected chairman of the Republican town committee and he continued in this important position during the war. He is still a member of this committee, probably the oldest one living. During the state campaign in 1860 Mr. Parrott went to New Haven to induce Cassius M. Clay to speak at a political rally at Bridgeport, and while there he went with other members of the Republican state committee to meet at the train President Lincoln, who was coming to New Haven. Mr. Parrott took advantage of the opportunity to urge Lincoln to speak at Bridgeport. His time was so fully occupied, however, that the best Mr. Lincoln would do at the time was to promise to come as soon as he could. A few days later Mr. Parrott received a telegram announcing that Lincoln would come, and in accordance with his promise he did come and made one of his characteristic campaign speeches at Bridgeport. Mr. Parrott was candidate for state senator during the Blaine-Cleveland campaign. In 1887 he organized the Bridgeport Republican Club and was elected its president; in 1888 he was elected a delegate to the Republican national convention at Chicago, and was secretary of the state delegation that nominated Harrison. In 1889 he was elected to the Republican state central committee of Connecticut. He served two terms in the common council of Bridgeport and for several years was in the board of aldermen. He was one of the first police commissioners of the city and held that office six years. He was one of the first commissioners appointed under the new charter and therefore organized the present police force. For many years he was a director of the Bridgeport board of trade.

After he had retired from public service of all kinds he was often urged to return. In 1910 he wrote the following characteristic let-

ter to the Bridgeport Standard:

"I received this moreous, all piping from a Bridgeport point which states that I would like to lose the mount tion for S. and from the I wonte or of district, which Mr. Arnold so ably represented at

the last session.

"Having voted for Fremont and for every Republican president nominated or elected to date, and during the Lincoln campaign and continuously thereafter given many years of very active service to the Republican party and its development, I firmly believe now that the true interest of our city, state and nation are best subserved by its continuance in power, and while I retired from active service some five years ago. I still feel a deep interest in its success, especially in the coming election.

"Being one of the few old Republican 'war horses' still living, I will give all possible aid for its success, but would not for a moment consider accept-

ing a nomination to any office.

During the civil war Mr. Parrott was a member of the Bridgeport Battery, a local organization of volunteers, who in addition to other duties assisted greatly in forwarding supplies to the troops in the field. The battery had six cannon and were drilled as a home guard. He is a faithful and prominent member of the First Congregational Society of Bridgeport and has been a member of the society committee for forty-one years (in 1911), and its chairman for fifteen years. He is a member of the Connecticut Historical Society, the Calumet Club, the Sea Side Club, of which he was one of the founders and board of governors, the Home Market Club of Boston and the Associated Charities.

No man now living in the city of Bridgeport has taken a more active part in all its affairs, social, political and business. For nearly sixty years he has stood among the foremost citizens at all times and under all sorts of conditions, always doing his utmost for the welfare and advancement of his native place. Not only as a public servant himself has he served the city and given his time and ability to the public good, but he has been active in influencing the selection of proper men and in securing some of the very best men for city officers. His advice and counsel in business and public affairs have been freely sought and generously given all through his long and ex-

tremely useful life.

He married (first), October 17, 1854, Annie Jane Garland, of Boston, daughter of Daniel and Mary Garland. She died March 26, 1895. He married (second) February 18, 1903, Helen Reinders, born in New York City, daughter of Charles Reinders. The grandmother of Mrs. Helen Parrott, as a young lady, was one of the ladies in waiting to Queen Wilhelmina. Mrs. Parrott is also the great-granddaughter of Stephen Von Renes, of Holland. Children of first wife: I. Frederick Wells, born July 17, 1855, the present secretary and treasurer of the Parrott Varnish Company; married, 1888, Bessie Belya. 2. Colonel Frank Spooner, born December 11, 1860; entered Yale College but left before completing the course on account of ill health; died January 30, 1889, while a member of Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley's staff. 3. Hattie Garland, born March 16, 1862, died June 4, 1893.

(III) Deacon Samuel Wells, or Welles, son of John Wells (q.v.), was born about 1656. He settled at Pequonnock, now Bridgeport. He was sergeant of the militia company. He married (first) Abigail -; married (second) ——; married (third), October 25, 1711, Abigail ——. Children, born at Bridgeport: Samuel, mentioned below; Ann, married John Hubbell; Abigail, married Thomas Turney, of Fairfield; Elizabeth, born

January 31, 1693-94.
(IV) Samuel (2), son of Deacon Samuel (1) Wells, was born October 15, 1686, died in April, 1751, in Stratfield, now the southern part of Bridgeport. He married (first) Mary, daughter of Samuel Beardsley. He married (second) Mary, daughter of Jeremiah Judson, Jr. According to the Stratfield church records, he and his wife renewed covenant, December 21, 1712. Children: Sarah, born December, 1712; Abigail, married Samuel Prince; Mary, baptized April 25, 1714; Prudence, born July, 1716; Esther; David, baptized July 20, 1718; Samuel; Jedediah F., mentioned below.

(V) Jedediah, son of Samuel (2) Wells, married, November 29, 1750, Lucy French. Child, Jedediah French, mentioned below. (VI) Captain Jedediah French, son of Jede-

rliah Wells, was born October 29, 1751, died in 1827. He and his son Jedediah were residents of Bridgeport, the former being the original owner of the entire lower portion of the city (including Seaside Park), and the latter a soldier of the war of 1812. The former

also planted the celebrated elm still standing near the present residence of Dr. I. De Ver Warner, on Park place, Bridgeport. He mar-Warner, on Fark place, Bridgeport. He married Hannah Odell, of Fairfield, born 1755, died June 5, 1838. Children: Lucy, born 1777, died young; Charity; Frederick; Ellen, married Henry Manning; Lucy, married Abraham Parrott (see Parrott V); Jedediah.

Judah Lewis was born at Goshen, LEWIS Connecticut, 1784, died in the west in 1850. He was a woolen manufacturer in his younger days and built a woolen mill at Goshen and another at Winsted. Connecticut. He settled later in life some twenty miles beyond Detroit, Michigan, cleared a farm, built a log house and lived the life of a pioneer farmer. In religion he was a Methodist and an exhorter of the denomination. He married Anna Boardman, born May 4, 1785, died in Winsted in 1863. Children: Julia, born 1808; Daniel B.; Philo, 1812;

Henry, 1814; Jane, 1816; Homer, 1824.
(II) Daniel B., son of Judah Lewis, was born in Goshen, March 5, 1810, died in Canton, Connecticut, March 23, 1884. He re-ceived a common school education, supple-mented by much study and reading in later years. He became associated with his father in woolen manufacture and for a time was in charge of a mill at New Hartford, also conducted a mill at Sharon, Connecticut, and for a number of years was superintendent of a felt mill at Waterbury, Connecticut. In later years he also retired to a farm at Canton, Connecticut, and lived there the remainder of his life. In politics he was a Whig, later a Democrat. He married, October 23, 1835, Adeline M. Lawrence, of Canaan, Connecticut, born October 30, 1810, died August 21, 1885, daughter of Putnam and Ruth Lawrence. Their only child was George Francis, mentioned below.

(III) Dr. George Francis Lewis, son of Daniel B. Lewis, was born at New Hartford, May 20, 1840. He attended the public schools of Sharon, West Hartford, Canaan, Connecticut, and the Clavarack Institute, New York. He began to teach school when he was sixteen years old. When he was twenty he took up the study of medicine under Doctors William W. and J. H. Welch, of Norfolk, Connecticut. He also studied pharmacy. He attended Yale Medical School and was graduated in the class of 1865 with the degree of M. D. During his first course at Yale he was medical cadet at the Knight United States Army Hospital at New Haven. He began to practice at Collinsville, Connecticut, soon afterward and has continued there since. He is a member of

the County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He has been medical examiner for the towns of Canton and Burlington since 1883. In politics he is independent. He has been selectman of the town of Canton. He is a member of the Yale Alumni Association; of Village Lodge, No. 29, Free and Accepted Masons of Collinsville; of Columbus Chapter, No. 31, Royal Arch Masons; of Lee Council, Royal and Select Masters; of Washington Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, of Hartford. He was one of the five founders of the Protestant Episcopal church at Collinsville in 1880 and has been a vestryman ever since. He married, November 27, 1867, Mary Adaline Pratt, of East Haddam, Connecticut, daughter of Richard and Eliza Ann (Smith) Pratt (see Pratt IX). Children: Mary Pratt, born May 17, 1874, assistant principal of the Collinsville high school; Edwin Pratt, August, 1876, died March 17, 1900.

## (The Pratt Line).

The surname Pratt occurs among the earliest English family records before the year 1200, and indicates that the family came with the Normans to England. John Pratt or de Pratellis or de Pratis, as then generally spelled, held the Manor of Patrickborne (Merton Bridge and Pelham Hundred) in 1200. Four brothers, John, William, Engebraw and Peter de Pratellis, figured prominently in the reign of Richard I. and John, all living in 1201. John was a favorite minister. In 1191 William and Peter both made a gallant record in the Crusade. John Pratt was in parliament from Beverly in 1298 and 1305. Before the year 1300 the family was well known and widely scattered through England, and the shortened form of the name, Prat, was the common spelling. The other forms, Pratte, Pradt, Praed. Prete, Prate, Praer, Prayers, are also found. The surname means meadow, and was a place name before it was a surname.

(I) Thomas Pratt, of Baldock, in Hertfordshire, died in February, 1539. He married Joan —. Children: Thomas, James, Andrew, mentioned below, Agnes.

(II) Andrew, son of Thomas Pratt, was

 Mary; Elizabeth, baptized April 2, 1613; Richard, baptized February 16, 1618; John, baptized November 9, 1620; William, mentioned below.

Lieutenant William (2) Pratt. son of Rev. William (1) Pratt, and the immigrant ancestor, came from the parish of Stevenage, in Hertfordshire, England, and is supposed to have settled first in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1633. He came in the company of the Rev. Thomas Hooker, and with him was his brother John, to whom was assigned a lot in the first division of Cambridge lands. Both William and John went with Hooker to Hartford, in 1636, and appear at the latter place among the original proprietors. Both drew their home lots in the first division of land, in February, 1639. William was one of the band who went from Hartford in the expedition against the Pequots, in 1637, and received, in recognition of his service, by order of the general court, a grant of a hundred acres of land. In 1645 he sold his land in Hartford and removed to Saybrook, Connecticut, where he settled at what is now the borough of Essex. October 3, 1661, he was made lieutenant of the train-band; from 1666 to 1670, inclusive, commissioner for the town; and represented the town of Saybrook in the general assembly from 1666 to 1678, inclusive. He was a man of considerable note in the colony and was a large landholder in Saybrook. He also owned a large tract of land in the township of Hebron, which he probably received as one of the legatees of the Indian Uncas and his sons. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Clark, first of Saybrook, and afterward of Milford. The exact date of his death is not known, but as he attended the general court as a deputy, May 8, 1678, and as he is spoken of as deceased the following February, the year of his death is fixed at 1679. Children, the first born at Hartford, the others at Savbrook: Elizabeth, February I, 1641; John, February 20, 1644; Joseph, August I, 1648; Sara, April I, 1651; William, May 14, 1653; Samuel, Oc-tober 6, 1655; Lydia, January 1, 1659; Nathaniel.

(V) Captain William (3) Pratt, son of Lieutenant William (2) Pratt, was born May 14, 1653, in Saybrook. He was a man of note in the civil, military and religious affairs of the town. He was often appointed selectman, surveyor, captain of the militia, committee of the church. He was also a large landholder in Saybrook and Hebron, much of which he inherited from his father. According to his gravestone, he died March 4, 1718. His widow was appointed administratrix of his es-

tate. June 9, 1719. The inventory amounted to five hundred and ten pounds six pence. He married Hannah Kirkland, supposed to be the sister of the first John Kirkland, who settled at Savbrook, February 20, 1678. Children, born at Saybrook: Benjamin, June 14, 1681, mentioned below; Hannah, July 21, 1682; Prudence, March 11, 1685; Ebenezer, August 17, 1688; Jabez, May 19, 1691. (VI) Benjamin, son of Captain William

(3) Pratt, was born June 14, 1681, date of his death unknown. He married Anna, daughter of Samuel Bates, November 12, 1702. Children: Benjamin, born 1709; Jared, 1711; Zephaniah, 1712.

(VII) Jared, son of Benjamin Pratt, was born about 1711, died in 1764, and his estate was distributed to his widow and children, November 6th of that year. He married Abigail, daughter of John and Sarah Clark, November 4, 1740. Children: Abigail, September 11, 1741; Prudence, August 27, 1743; Jared, August 9, 1748, died on board a prison ship; Gideon, March 24, 1750; John Clark, October 14, 1753; Zerviah, September 20, 1755; Ezra, December 5, 1757; Zephaniah, mentioned below.

(VIII) Zephaniah, son of Jared Pratt, was born March 14, 1760. He was for many years town clerk of Saybrook. He married, January 8, 1791, Rachel, daughter of Abraham Pratt; she died May 7, 1839. Children: Rachel, born April 15, 1792; Nancy, August 10, 1794; Wealthy, November 18, 1797; Richard, June 15, 1800, mentioned below; son, died young.

(IX) Richard, son of Zephaniah Pratt, was born June 15, 1800. He was a farmer in East Haddam. He married (first) November 24, 1828, Abigail S. Post, of Essex, Connecticut. She died February 27, 1834. He married (second) May 5, 1835, Eliza Ann Smith, of East Haddam. Children of first wife: George Lawrence, born January 7, 1830, East Haddam; Richard William, January 31, 1832; Henry Sisson, February 14, 1834, died August 19, 1851. Children of second wife: Edwin Clarke, December 25, 1840, East Haddam; Mary Adaline, July 21, 1844, married Dr. George Francis Lewis (see Lewis III).

Hugh Duffy was born, lived and died in Ireland. He came of an ancient Irish family and married Bridget Carr, also a native of Ireland. Among their children were Mrs. Shields, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. McKiernan, John, Frank Gray, mentioned below.

(II) Frank Grav, son of Hugh Duffy, was born August 15, 1848, in county Monaghan, Ireland, died May 21, 1906, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. He received his schooling in his native parish, and about 1865 came to this country. He was first at Belleville, New Jersey, where some of his relatives had located. Then he came to Bridgeport and worked for a time in Jacob Keifer's furniture factory. After a short time he invested his savings in a grocery business. The venture was successful and he soon moved to larger quarters on Broad street. He built a business building on the corner lot and continued in business there several years, becoming interested in various other kinds of business and being especially successful in real estate investments in the city. He was shrewd, careful and thrifty and acquired a handsome competence. During the twenty-five years in which he was in the grocery business he became one of the most substantial and best known merchants of the city; of strict integrity and believing in square dealing with all men, he commanded the esteem of the community. He was a man of much force of character and naturally of wide influence in public affairs, though he never wanted or accepted office for himself. In politics he was a Democrat; in religion a Roman Catholic. He was a liberal supporter of the church.

He married, January 13, 1890, at St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, in Bridgeport, Mary, daughter of Michael and Margaret (Kerns) Logan. The former was born in Ireland, in 1843, and came to America when a young man. He was a skillful farmer and worked on farms in the vicinity of Bridgeport. While still a young man he was appointed superintendent of the poor farm in Bridgeport, and he had charge of that institution and ably managed it for a period of thirty-nine years. He is now superintendent of the magazine park of the Metallic Cartridge Company of this city. Mr. Logan married Margaret Kerns, born in Kings county, Ireland, and the following are their children, all of whom were born in Bridgeport: Mary, married Frank Gray Duffy, as mentioned above: Thomas, caretaker at St. Michael's cemetery, in Bridgeport; William; Michael, deceased; Margaret; Michael, also deceased; Ellen, married Thomas Weller, of Bridgeport; Michael, died aged two years; James, with the Connecticut Railway & Lighting Company; Joseph, died in 1908, previously associated with William in the grocery business in Bridgeport. Following are the children of Frank Grav and Mary (Logan) Duffy, all born in Bridgeport: Mary, born December 31, 1891; Eleanor, July 3, 1893; Francis, October 12, 1894, died Februarv 17, 1805; Frank, June 3, 1806; Margaret, April 15, 1902.

Peter Devitt was a school
DEVITT teacher and farmer in Ireland.
He owned some land and was
for his day and generation a well-to-do man.

(II) James, son of Peter Devitt, was born in Ireland in 1789, died at Bridgeport, Connecticut, in December, 1868. He was a steward in his native land, and after coming to this country worked at gardening in Bridgeport and other places. He was a Roman Catholic in religion and a Democrat in politics. He married Mary Lacey, who was born and died in Ireland. Children: 1, Thomas, born at Naar, Ireland. 2. James, born in Ireland; his children live in Bridgeport. 3. Patrick Joseph, mentioned below. 4. Mary Ann, died June 19, 1867; married Christopher Riley. 5. Hannah, died March 3, 1888; married John Doyle.

(III) Patrick Joseph, son of James Devitt, was born in 1826, in county Kildare, Ireland. He attended a school in his native town, and learned the trade of shoemaker. He came to America with his father in 1850, landing in New York, but went immediately to Bridgeport. Here he opened a shoe shop and began business on his own account on Water street. Afterward he removed to Main street and made shoes to order, having also a retail store of ready-made boots and shoes. His business grew to large proportions and he amassed a snug fortune. He was in active business for fifty years, up to 1808. He was a feithful member of St. James' Roman Catholic Church, contributing liberally according to his means and giving generously to various charities, He is, perhaps, one of the best known of the older citizens of the town and is highly respected by all who know him. His kindly disposition and good nature have always made friends for him. He has never been active in politics, though always attentive to the duties of citizenship. He married, July 28, 1860, in Bridgeport, Mary Ann, eldest daughter of John and Ellen (Rowe) Leverty, whose children were: Michael, born August 15, 1837, died October 2, 1874; Mary Ann (twin to Michael), married Patrick Joseph Devitt, as mentioned above; James H., deceased, was in grocery business in Bridgeport; Alexander; John H., born May, 1847, died August 23, 1873, married and had one child Ellen; Ellen; Edward, born February, 1854, was mason and builder in Bridgeport, in association with his brother Alexander until the latter's death; Sarah Jane. All these children, with the exception of the twins, Michael and Mary Ann, who were born in New York City, were born in Bridgeport. Children of Patrick Joseph and Mary Ann (Leverty) Devitt: Mary, died young; William, died at the age of twenty

months; Ellen, married John J. Egan, conductor on the New York & New Haven railroad, two children, Marie an! Louise: Frederick, died in infancy; Nora, teacher in Bridgeport public schools.

(VI) Alpheus Moore, son of MOORE Apollos Moore (q. v.), was born at Barkhamsted, January 11, 1703, and died in August. 1874. He married Nancy Handy, born at Robertsville. Colebrook, died August 8, 1865. Children: 1. Nelson A., mentioned below. 2. Almira, May 5, 1827; resides with Mrs. O. D. Sykes, at Winsted; married De Witt Freeman, October 21, 1846; children: Lemon C. and Henrietta Freeman. 3. George. 4. Harry. 5. Adelbert. 6. Nellie. 7. William. 8. Leo. (VII) Nelson A., son of Alpheus Moore,

was born at Riverton, Barkhamsted, October 23. 1823. He was educated in Riverton and Winsted schools. He has always followed farming for an occupation. He removed to Southington, Connecticut, in 1878 and resided there until 1903, when he came to Winsted, where he now resides with Mrs. Sykes. He married (first), June 21, 1847, Elizabeth M. Chadwick, born in England, May 15, 1824, died in August, 1865, daughter of Jonathan and Ann (Heep) Chadwick. He married (second), in 1871, Emily Abbie Sanford, a widow, who died in 1902. Children of first wife: I. Ellen Elizabeth, mentioned below. 2. Henry, born January 27, 1852; lives in Boston, Massachusetts; a traveling salesman; married Hattie Smith; son, Harold. 3. Agnes, born September 7, 1856; married Frank E. and Grace Penny, who died in childhood. 4. Kate, born August 1, 1858; married Wallace A. Warner, of Seymour, Connecticut, merchant; children: Helen, Howard, Lillis, Raymond Warner. Child of second wife: 5. Lena, died aged four years.
(VIII) Ellen Elizabeth, daughter of Nelson

(VIII) Ellen Elizabeth, daughter of Nelson A. Moore, was born in Riverton. She married in 1867, Owen Dale Sykes, born in Woodstock Valley, Connecticut, August 8, 1846, son of Joseph Sykes, a native of England, born 1827, died 1901, and Phillis (Knight) Sykes, also a native of England. Owen Dale Sykes was educated in the public schools of Torrington, and learned the trade of plumber. He embarked in business as a master plumber in 1882, in Seymour, Connecticut. In 1902 he removed to Winsted, where he established a plumbing business and opened a hardware store. He also deals in stoves, ranges and heaters. He is one of the substantial merchants of the town. He joined the Masonic

order in Seymour, but is now a member of St. Andrew's Lodge of Free Masons of Winsted. He is also a member of Clifton Lodge, No. 30, of Odd Fellows of Winsted. He is an active member and steward of the Winsted Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. and Mrs. Sykes have no children.

WORKMAN James Workman, of an old WORKMAN English family, was born in England, and died April 28,

1865, at Torrington, Connecticut, aged seventy-eight years. He was employed in a woolen mill. He came to this country in 1848, and worked for a time at his trade in Torrington, where he was employed in the woolen mills of the Union Manufacturing Company. He lived there until he died. His wife died in England. His sons were Sam-

uel, mentioned below, and John.

(II) Samuel, son of James Workman, was born in Stroud, England, in 1809, died at Torrington, Connecticut, February 15, 1879. He received a common school education in his native country, and worked in the woolen mill as a grader of wool. He came to this country in 1836, the first of the family to make his home in America, and located at Torrington. He was employed at his trade by the Wolcottville Manufacturing Company, which in 1844 was reorganized under the name of the Union Manufacturing Company. In 1859 he became one of the owners and a director in the company, and continued active in the management of the concern during the remainder of his life. In politics he was a Republican. He was a vestryman of the Episcopal church of Torrington and instrumental in raising funds and building the church. He married, in England, Caroline Franklin, born in England in 1816, died in Torrington in 1890. Children: 1. Anna F., born in England, lives in Torrington; is unmarried. 2. George D., born in England, died in Torrington, in June, 1909; was president of the Warrenton Woolen Company, formerly the Union Manufacturing Gompany. 3. John, mentioned below. 4. James S., born in Torrington, died in 1892; was secretary of the Warrenton Woolen Company; married Maria Clark; children: Mabel Hyde, married Herman S. Lovejoy, superintendent of schools of Branford, Connecticut, and had one son, Paul Workman Lovejoy; Samuel Clark, manager and treasurer of the Warrenton Woolen Company, married Mary E. Williams. 5. Caroline, living at Torrington, married Nelson Coe (deceased); children: Frank E. Coe, secretary of the Warrenton Woolen Company, and Grace Coe Pulver, M.D., widow of Dr. Pulver.

(III) John, son of Samuel Workman, was born at Torrington, January 10, 1838. He attended the public schools there and the Claverack Institute, New York. He began his life work in the mills of the Union Manufacturing Company when a young man, and has continued with this concern in various positions to the present time. He was treasurer of the company for seventeen years, and after the death of his brother, George D. Workman, was elected president, a position he still holds. The corporation name was changed in 1805 to the present name, Warrenton Woolen Company. In 1909 the present extensive new mills were completed at the upper end of Main street, Torrington. The concern employs about one hundred and twenty hands. Mr. Workman is also president of the Torrington Electric Light Company, and president of the Workman-Rawlinson Company, furniture dealers. He is independent in politics and has been town clerk of Torrington. He is a communicant of the Episcopal church and has been vestryman, junior and senior warden of the church. He married, October 23, 1861, Sylvia E., born in Copake, New York, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Grant) Ham. Children, born at Torrington: Josephine, born March 7, 1865, died March 9, 1907; Jennie, September 14, 1866, died May 30, 1888.

Nathaniel Logan was born in LOGAN county Derry, province of Ulster, north of Ireland. The Logan family is of ancient Scotch stock. As early as 1200 the family was seated in Wigtonshire, Ayrshire, Lanarkshire and Edingburgshire. The family in Ireland came from Scotland and is numerous at the present time in Antrim and adjacent counties. Nathaniel Logan came to this country about 1850 and died at Poughkeepsie, New York, in 1866, aged eighty years. He was a drover in the old country, but was not in active life after he came to America. He married Nancy ———, who was born in Ireland and died in 1869 at Poughkeepsie, aged eighty years. Children: Jennie, Margaret, James, Ellen; all of whom were born in Ireland and came to this country.

(II) James, son of Nathaniel Logan, was born near Belfast, county Derry, Ireland, about 1830, died at Poughkeepsie in 1900. He received his schooling in Ireland and learned the trade of weaving. He located in Pleasant Valley, New York, where he owned land and followed farming. He married Angelina Halsted, of Akron, New York, born 1830, died 1896, daughter of Edwin and Melissa (Mapes) Halsted. Children: I. John Henry, mentioned below. 2. Thomas. 3. Ida, lives in Stepney,

Connecticut; married (first) William Bristol and had a daughter Grace; (second) Arthur Gilbert. 4. James, died in childhood. 5. Nathaniel, lives in Poughkeepsie, New York; had a son Anthony. 6. Homer, farmer in Stepney, Connecticut. 7. Edwin, blacksmith in Torrington, Connecticut. 8. Mary, died in childhood. 9. Grace, lives in Canada, has a

son Henry.

(III) John Henry, son of James Logan, was born at Salisbury, Connecticut, June 27, 1852. He attended the public schools in Connecticut and New York state. He learned the trade of carriage maker at Pleasant Valley, New York. He engaged in business on his own account in Overlook, New York, from 1876 to 1900, when he came to Winsted, Connecticut, where he has a carriage repair shop. He has been a successful business man. In politics he is a Republican. He has been tax collector and overseer of the poor in Overlook, New York. He married (first), in 1875, Arabella Peters, of Pleasant Valley, daughter of Smith and Maria Peters. His wife died at Overlook. He married (second) in 1889, Anna Case, of Winsted. She died in 1901. He married (third) Mary Roger, of Canaan, Connecticut, daughter of John and Hannah Roger. Children of first wife: 1. Maud, born 1877, married John Olson, a farmer at La Grange, New York. 2. William, born 1879, overseer in the silk mill at Winsted: married Ella Hobson. 3. James, born 1882, farmer in La Grange, New York. Children of third wife: 4. Roger, born 1908. 5. John Henry, Torn May. 1040.

The Corbins were originally French or Norman, and the name in France is now spelled Corbin, as in America, though in England it is spelled generally Corbyn. It is thought that the name is derived from the Latin, Corvus, meaning raven or crow, as the motto on the Corbin coat-of-arms is: "Deus pascit corvos." "God feeds the ravens," and the name closely resembles corvus, French, corbeau. In Arthur's "Dictionary of Surnames" it says: "Corbin, local; the name of a place in Glencreon, Scotland, signifying a steep hill, from the Gaelic Cor-beann or Corbein. tory of the Corbins goes back to the time of the Norman conquest, 1066, when so many Norman families came over to England. "The Battle Abbey Roll," published in London in 1889, gives a list of those who were with William the Conqueror and mentions the name four times. They were undertenants until about the year 1154-56, when they gained possession of large estates through marriage and

had at least three coats-of-arms. They were of Normandy before the eleventh century, and there are many in France to-day. There is a theory that some of the American Corbins

were of Huguenot origin.

(I) Clement Corbin, immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1626. His exact connection with the Corbins in England is not from the west of England and was called a "Welchman." His parents are not definitely known, though very likely they were John and French Huguenot origin, as many fled on acto have come to America in 1637, when he Clement Corbin bought forty-two acres of land at Muddy River in Boston, now Brookline. It joined Roxbury, where Clement and his family lived. They belonged to the old tle to the Indians," was the pastor. He gave ten pounds towards the building of the meeting house in Roxbury. In 1663 he bought more land at Muddy River. His name appears on the tax lists at Muddy River as late as December 31, 1691, although he may have people of Roxbury started a settlement of "New Roxbury," now Woodstock, where he came in 1687, and was given a grant of land on the northwest side of the highway to Muddy Brook. He died here August 1, 1696, and his wife died January 21, 1722, town records, or January 22, 1721, tombstone, aged ninety-two. They are both buried in the old cemetery at Woodstock Hill, near the southwest corner, and their son, Lieutenant Jabez will, February 6, 1695-96, and it was proved at Boston, September 7, 1696.

He married Dorcas Buckminster, or Buckmaster, March 7, 1655, daughter of Thomas and Joanna Buckmaster. She was born in 1620. Her father was born in Wales, as well as his wife, and he was here in 1640; he was made a freeman, May 6, 1646, and died at Muddy River, September 30, 1656. Their children were all born at Muddy River; the first three were baptized at the First Church, Boston, April 6, 1662, and the last four are recorded in the church records of Roxbury by Rev. John Eliot. Children: Thomas, born probably about 1656; Mary, doubtless about 1658; John, doubtless about 1660; James, March 21, 1665; mentioned below: 1640, p. 1642, here.

tized February 23, 1667-68; Dorcas, baptized November 13, 1670; Joanna, also called Hannah, baptized February 9, 1672-73, died 1686; Margaret, baptized March 21, 1675-76.

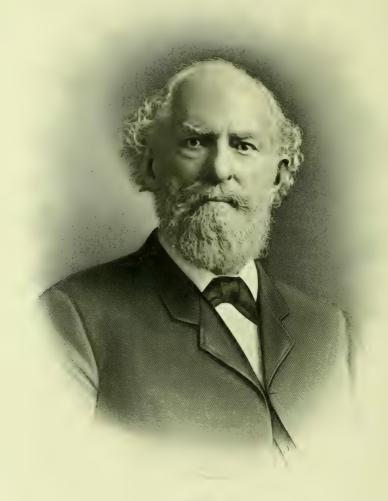
(II) James, son of Clement Corbin, was born March 31, 1665, at Muddy River. He was one of the first settlers of "New Roxbury," now Woodstock, and was one of the thirty proprietors in the division of land, April 6, 1686. His grant was home lot No. 2, and consisted of twenty acres on the west side of "Plaine Hill," now Woodstock Hill. In 1690 he received lot No. 32, when his father and brother Jabez also received lots. He is called a "brick layer" in records. He and his brother Tabez were the first traders in the colony, and their shop on "Plaine Hill" soon had much trade, dealing largely in furs, turpentine from the forests near by, and produce from the planters. They took their supplies to Boston, where they exchanged them for "liquor, ammunition and other necessaries. James Corbin's "cart" from Boston was al-ways eagerly looked for, and when in 1700 Indian troubles arose in Woodstock when he was on his way home, there was much fear that he would be captured by the enemy. When the town people heard on the following Sunday of his safe approach, there was much rejoicing. In 1700 he was requested not to sell any ammunition to any Indian without the advice of Captain Sabin or Rev. Mr. Dwight. About 1705 he purchased a large part of the township of Ashford, and supplied the new settlers with supplies, and collected large quantities of furs. In 1694 four or five acres in front of his place were chosen for a training place and burial ground. About 1724 he moved to Dudley, Massachusetts, about seven miles from Woodstock, a town which was incorporated January 1, 1732, and he was one of the first selectmen of that year. He was moderator of the town meeting from 1732 to 1736. In 1732 he and his son Clement were appointed to lay out highways, and in 1733 to determine the boundaries of the town. In 1732 he was on a committee to arrange for the first pastor of Dudley, and in 1734 to procure a minister, and to buy land for a meeting house and parsonage from the Indians. He died in Dudley, August 11, 1736, and was buried in the old cemetery there. where his gravestone still stands. From the age given on the stone, he was born in 1662 instead of 1665. He married Hannah Eastman, April 7 (or 27), 1697, at Woodstock. She was daughter of Philip and Mary (Barnard-Morse) Eastman, and was born November 5, 1679, in Haverhill, Massachusetts, died July 15, 1752, at the house of her son, Samuel, who was appointed administrator of her estate, August 14, 1752. Children, all born in Woodstock: Clement, February 17, 1698; Mary, February 5, 1700; James, February 24, 1702; Dorcas, March 3, 1704; Hannah, March 24, 1706, died young; Philip, January 5, 1708, mentioned below; Stephen, August 5, 1710, town records, or November 19, 1710, family records; Elisha, June 30, 1713; Samuel, July 10, 1715; Hannah, September 6, 1717, died December 15, 1718; Hannah or Joanna, August 1878.

gust 26, 1721.

(III) Philip, son of James Corbin, was born January 5, 1708, at Woodstock. He bought land, February 13, 1730, at "Keekamoochaug," of William Dudley. On March 31, 1776, Joseph Peffer ceded to Clement, James and Philip Corbin one acre of ground for a burying ground. He held many public offices. He was fence viewer, tythingman. highway surveyor, and on the committee on schools several years. He was constable, east side, in 1745, and on the committee to seat the meeting house and to repair it. He made his will in 1774, and the same year deeded to his son Jedediah a part of his home farm. He married Dorothy Barstow, of Thompson, January 13, 1731. Her name is variously spelled Barto, Bestaw and Baister. Children: Elizabeth, born January 8, 1732; Philip, February 4, 1734-35; Dorothy, April 12, 1738; Lemuel, February 19, 1739-40, mentioned below; John, September 17, 1741; Lois, March 20, 1744; William, March 28, 1746; Jedediah, September 13, 1751; Abel, August 18, 1755.

(IV) Major Lemuel Corbin, son of Philip Corbin, was born February 19, 1740. He served actively in the revolution. He was in the Lexington Alarm for ten days, was sergeant in Captain Nathaniel Healy's company, Colonel Holman's regiment, in an alarm to Rhode Island, December, 1776, for twenty-one days, was commissioned lieutenant of Captain Elias Pratt's company, Colonel Holman's regiment, (fifth Worcester), September 25, 1778, and he served several other times also. He became major of the militia after the revolution, and was captain of the company which marched from Dudley to help suppress Shay's Rebellion. He held many public offices also. He was hogreeve in 1766. east end constable in 1768, warden, 1770 and 1781, highway surveyor for several years, tythingman in 1772, collector, 1775; was on the revolutionary committee of correspondence, 1775-78-79-83-85, school committee for three different years, and was selectman in 1787. He was appointed a guardian under the state of the Nipmug Indians. He died May 7, 1825. He married Rebecca Davis, of





& Rosbin

Oxford, December 8, 1763, at Dudley. She was daughter of Samuel and Mary Davis, and was born at Oxford, January 10, 1730, died at Dudley. April 3, 1820. Children: Philip, born September 13, 1764, mentioned below; Dolly, February 3, 1767; Lenuuel Jr., November 8, 1769; Rebecca, January 24, 1772; Josiah, April 29, 1776, died young; Josiah, September 24, 1778; Sylvia, January 31, 1781, or 1782.

bin, was born September 13, 1764, at Dudley, died May 2, 1845. He moved to Union in 1793, settled in the southern part of the town. and built his home in 1797. He was a farmer and owned much land. He manufactured potash in large quantities, which he sold in Norwich. He was a man of great influence both in public offices and in the church. He was selectman several years, and represented the town in the legislature in 1814-15. He was one of the building committee of the present meeting house of Union. He married Rhoby Healy, of Dudley, November 26. 1789; she died June 15, 1840. Children: Samuel, born at Dudley, February 11, 1792; Polly, at Union, May 28, 1795; Philip, April 4, 1797. mentioned below; Healy, June 8, 1799; Augustus, September 18, 1801; Hermon, May 20, 1806.

(VI) Philip (3), son of Philip (2) Corbin, was born at Union, Connecticut, April 4, 1797, died July 24, 1881. He moved from Union to Willington, and later, in 1833, to West Hartford. He was a thrifty and successful farmer. He was a captain of the militia. He married, November 29, 1820, Lois Chaffee, of Ashford; she died September 9, 1872. Children: Hezekiah H., born at Union, November 29, 1821; Waldo, in Union, January 26, 1823; Philip, in Willington, October 26, 1824, mentioned below; Lois, in Willington, October 5, 1826; Frank, in Willington, January 26, 1828; Angerona or Ann, in Willington, January 26, 1828; Angerona or Ann, in Willington, September 29, 1831; Andrew, in West Hartford, June 10, 1833; George S., in West Hartford, October 17, 1843.

(VII) Hon. Philip (4) Corbin, son of Philip (3) Corbin, was born at Willington, October 26, 1824. He went with his father to West Hartford, where he settled on a farm. The training of the farm developed in Philip and his brothers wonderful physical strength, as well as good habits. He attended the district schools, and had a term and a half at the West Hartford Academy, and took up farm work at the age of fifteen. After helping his father in the support of the family until nineteen years old, he left farm work, and turned

to mechanical work. In March, 1844, he went to New Britain, Connecticut, and began work with Matteson, Russell & Company. Later he worked in the lock shop of North & Stanley. He had not been employed in this business a year before he felt able to bid for a contract on his own account. As this turned out satisnership, and took another contract. In 1849, P. & F. Corbin, in partnership with Edward began by making articles in competition with European firms, such as ox-balls, for tipping horns of cattle, window-springs, lamp-hooks, etc. The success of this enterprise came so turn share in the management. In 1853 the firm was reorganized as a joint stock company, the name "P. & F. Corbin" being kept. They began to manufacture certain kinds of bolts, hinges, locks, latches and general buildmade. They were the first company to use the bronzing process patented by Hiram Tucker, ware for the state, war and navy buildings at Washington, D. C., the post office and sub-treasury at Boston, and many other public buildings, as well as a great many office and business structures, including large banks and insurance buildings, and the fine state capitol at Hartford. When they began they had one workman in their employ, and now for many five hundred, including a large corps of inventors, artists, designers and pattern-makers. The main offices are at New Britain. Many large buildings make up the works, and they cover several acres. There are also stores with the firm's products at New York City, Chicago and Philadelphia, and their catalogue pages. In 1882 the Corbin Cabinet Lock Company was organized for the manufacture of cabinet locks, cabinet and miscellaneous and treasurer of this business. He had been the prime factor from the beginning of the with keen foresight, vigor and wisdom. He was a man of rugged health and quick mental faculties, in spite of his years. He was president of the New Britain Machine Company, in addition to his many other duties.

The Corbin Screw Corporation is another offspring of the great Corbin enterprises, and was formed by a union of the Russell & Erwin Company and the P. & F. Corbin Company. He had held public offices also. He served as warden of the borough before its incorporation, and as a member of the com-mon council later. He was water commissioner of the city for many years, and he supervised much of the addition of the city water works. His knowledge and skill in mechanical matters were of great service to him in public life. In 1888 he was elected state senator, and he proved himself one of the most conscientious and industrious members of the legislature. He was a man of remarkable sincerity, simplicity and frankness, with a natural ability which impresses the observer at once. His simplicity of life and speech, his sincere cordiality and democratic style did not fail to attract to him those who met him. He died November 3,

Mr. Corbin married Francina T. Whiting, of New Britain, June 21, 1848. She was born September 3, 1827, daughter of Henry W. Whiting. Children: 1. Charles Frank, born September 26, 1855, married Lillian Ursula Blakeslee, October 18, 1882; she was born April 7, 1864; children: Minnie, born September 25, 1883; Philip, November 24, 1884. 2. Nellie Louise, adopted, born July 8, 1867, married William Beers, of New Britain, October 26, 1892; child, Francina Corbin Beers,

born March 12, 1897.

George Bader was born in Ger-BADER many, in 1786, died there in 1859. He was a farmer, raising grapes

for wine, also a dealer in wine.

(II) Gregory, son of George Bader, was born in Bartonheim, Germany, 1811, died there 1863. He was also a farmer and wine dealer. He married Ursula Schwab, born at Neuweg, Germany, 1818, died in Germany, 1871. Chil-

dren: Ursula, Gregory, and Carl.
(III) Carl, son of Gregory Bader, was born in Bartonheim, Alsace-Lorraine, formerly in Germany, now belonging to France, October 29, 1853. He was educated in the schools of his native place, and worked on his father's farm until he was sixteen years old, when he left home to learn the trade of butcher. He worked in various places in Germany, Switzerland and France. In 1881 he came to this country, landing at New York, and locating, a few days later, at Washington, Connecticut, where he has since lived. After a year in the employ of Baker & Brinsmade, in Washington, he worked for Mr. Watts for ten years. He then engaged in the refrigerating business as junior partner in the firm of Bradley & Bader. The firm was dissolved after five years, and since 1897 Mr. Bader has conducted the business under his own name. He has one of the largest and best refrigerating plants in the state and one of the best markets for his product. He also owns and manages the hotel at Washington. He owns the business block in which his place of business is located, and several tenement houses. He conducts a garage for automobiles, an ice business, and owns farms and timber lands in this section. In religion he is a Roman Catholic, in politics a Republican. He married, in Germany, August, 1878, Mary, born July 20, Germany, daughter of Matthias and Julianna Pefferle. Children: Carl Leopold, born in Switzerland, December 11, 1881; William James, Washington, February 15, 1883; Joseph G., November 1, 1885; George B., July 13, 1895; Goodrich V., March 13, 1900.

Francis Baker, known as Francis BAKER Baker of Boston, was born in England, in 1611; and was reported as a tailor at St. Albans, Hertfordshire. He came from that place to America on the ship "Planter," arriving at Boston, where he settled in 1635. Nothing definite is known of records that he was thought to be a brother of Nicholas and Nathaniel Baker. It is possible that he was a son of John and Margery Madestard Baker, of Hertfordshire, England, who had several children, among whom were: Nicholas, died November 14, 1632, married Mary Hodgetts; John; William; and four daughters. Francis Baker was married in 1641 to Isabelle, daughter of William Twining, and removed to Yarmouth, Barnstable county, Massachusetts, where he was reported as a "cooper" in that year. He died at Yarmouth in 1696, and his wife died May 16, 1706. Francis Baker had six sons and two daughters. In his will of March 4, 1693, he mentions all of his children except Samuel, leaving it to be supposed that they were (except Samuel) all alive at that date. Children: Nathaniel; John; Samuel; Daniel; William; Thomas, mentioned below: Elizabeth: Hannah.

(II) Thomas, son of Francis Baker, married Bathsheba ----. Children: Mary,

Thomas, mentioned below.
(III) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Baker, was born March 4, 1703. He married Abigail ——. Children: Samuel; Abigail; Elijah; Mary; Thomas; Simeon; Anthony, mentioned below.

(IV) Anthony, son of Thomas (2) Baker, was born in 1730. The first record of him was at about the time of the revolution, when he came from Cape Cod, Massachusetts, to Bridgeport, Connecticut, where his son Scott was born. With him was his brother Simeon, who was a royalist. The brothers so much resembled each other that Scott was often taken for Simeon, and on account of the danger to his life Anthony and his family, with the exception of Scott, removed to what is now the province of New Brunswick, where he was granted lands at Kingston, Northampton parish, and Prince William, on the St. Johns river. He removed to the city of St. John in 1804, where he died probably about 1817. Anthony Baker had three wives, the name of the first being unknown. She was the mother of Jesse, born 1753. The second wife was Mary Kelly, an Irish Quaker from Ireland and mother of: Hannah; Scott, mentioned below; Anthony; Simeon; and George. She died at Northampton parish in 1792. The third wife was Abigail - and was the mother of his other eight children: Jonathan; Benjamin; Parker; Samuel; Amy; Abigail; Lizzie; and Sarah.

(V) Scott, son of Anthony Baker, was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1772. He learned the tanner's trade, and later became a Methodist minister. In 1810 he removed to Litchfield county, where he took up land near what is now the village of Bakersville, named after him. Here he was reported as a tanner and shoemaker. He died September 19, 1852. He married (first) in 1790, Sarah Loveland, daughter of Asa Loveland, of Glastonbury, Connecticut, a soldier in the revolutionary war, died while in service, at Roxbury, Massachusetts, October 24, 1775. She died at Bridgeport in 1795. She was the mother of his sons: Asa, mentioned below; and Jesse. His second wife was Mary Beach; children: Beach; Levi; Anthony; Hannah; Sarah; F.

Garretson; Mary.

(VI) Asa, son of Scott Baker, was born at Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1791. At the age of eighteen he removed with his father to Litchfield county, where he became a farmer. He married at South Salem, New York, October 14, 1813, Deborah Keeler, who was born there in December, 1789, and who died at New Hartford, Connecticut, December 24, 1871, at the age of eighty-two. In 1817 Asa Baker was living in New Hartford, but previous to March, 1819, he moved to Granville, Massachusetts, where his last three children were born, and where he died September 30, 1833. Children: William S.; Sarah; John, mentioned below; Scott; Charles; Emily.

(VII) John Fletcher, son of Asa Baker, was born at New Hartford, Connecticut, October, 1817. At an early age he removed to Winsted, Connecticut, where he was a shoemakes and carpenter. On April 18, 1847, he married, at Salisbury, Connecticut, Clarissa Benjamin, daughter of Orange Benjamin (see Benjamin VIII), of Sheffield, Massachusetts, where she was born July 29, 1824. She died at New Haven, Connecticut, October 16, 1890. He died at Bristol, Connecticut, March 11, 1895. Children: Emerson; Emma: Ellis Benjamin, mentioned below.

(VIII) Ellis Benjamin, son of John Fletcher Baker, was born at Winsted, Litchfield county, Connecticut, September 24, 1854. His first employment was in the office of the *Winsted Herald*, where he acquired a knowledge of the printer's trade. For three years he was employed in the general store of Beardsley & Alvord, at West Winsted. In 1872 he removed to Meriden, Connecticut, where he was connected with the Edward Miller Company as paymaster and telegraph operator on the

firm's New York office wire.

Early in 1878 he introduced the first telephone into Meriden and on January 31 of that year he built the Meriden telephone exchange. which is said to have been the second commercial exchange in the world. In 1881, upon the consolidation of the Bell and Western Union interests, he was made general superintendent of The Connecticut Telephone Company, which afterwards became The Southern New England Telephone Company, with headquarters at New Haven, which position he held for over twenty years, all of their exchanges and his supervision during that time. He was also superintendent of The Connecticut Telegraph Company, and for a number of years the superintendent of Fire Alarm Telegraph at Meriden. In 1906 he again entered the telephone field, since which time he has been the general manager of the Minnesota Central Telephone Company, having exchanges and toll lines in twenty-three counties in that state. He now resides at Minneapolis. Mr. Baker is a thirty-second degree Mason, a Knight Templar and a Shriner. He is also an Odd Fellow and an Elk, and a member of the Connecticut Society sons of the American Revolution, and of the Second Company, Governor's Foot Guard of Connecticut, being now on the retired staff with rank of captain.

On September 21, 1876, he married, at Meriden, Connecticut, Mary Gorham, daughter of Daniel C. Frost of that place. She was born at Bristol, Connecticut, November 11, 1856. Children: Ellis Benjamin Jr., mentioned be-

low; and Carroll Frost, who died at Las Vegas, New Mexico, September 19, 1905.

(IX) Ellis Benjamin Jr., son of Ellis Benjamin Baker, was born at Meriden, Connecticut, July 24, 1877. He removed to New Haven with his father in 1882. Since graduating from the New Haven High School he has been connected with The Southern New England Telephone Company, and is now a special agent with headquarters at New Haven. He is a member of Trumbull Lodge, No. 22, Free and Accepted Masons, and is an Independent in politics. He has been a member of New Haven's famous "New Haven Grays," Company F, Second Infantry, Connecticut National Guard, for ten years and is one of its non-commissioned officers, a sergeant. married, on November 28, 1900, Ruth Young, daughter of Rev. Isaac C. Meserve, D.D., for twenty years pastor of the Davenport Congregational Church of New Haven. She was born February 13, 1878. Her mother's name before marriage was Annie Brigham. Children: Albert Storrs, born November 6, 1902; Carol Louise, born August 16, 1904; Marshall Ellis, born September 1, 1906; and Ellis Benjamin third, born October 25, 1908.

## (The Benjamin Line).

(I) John Benjamin, the first of that name in America, was born in 1598, and came from England to Boston in the ship "Lion," Captain Mason, September 16, 1632, with his wife, Abigail Eddy, two children and brother Richard. Richard Benjamin removed to Southold, Long Island, in 1663, with his wife Ann and daughter Ann, who was born September 1, 1643. In 1664 he was made a Connecticut freeman, and his descendants at the present time are influential in politics in Queen's county, New York. John and Abigail Benjamin and their children, John and Abigail, soon moved to Cambridge, where they owned considerable real estate. He was made a freeman November 6, 1632, and was appointed constable by the general court on May 20, 1633. In 1636 he removed to Watertown, where he died June 14, 1645, it is supposed at an advanced age, as he was excused from military duty eleven years before. His will is abstracted in the general register (vol. III, p. 177). Abigail, his wife, died May 20, 1687, at the age of eighty-seven. The history of Stratford, Connecticut, says of him: "John Benjamin, Esquire, Gentleman, was the first of that name who came to this country. His ancestors were Welsh, and were among the first of the landed gentry of England. He came in company with Governor Winthrop to the Massachusetts colony, and settled in Watertown,

adjoining the present Cambridge, where he died in 1645. His house, accidentally destroyed by fire, was unsurpassed in elegance and comfort by any in the vicinity. It was a mansion of intelligence, refinement, religion and hospitality, visited by the clergy of all denominations from far and near.

Children: John, born about 1620, died December 22, 1706; Abigail, born about 1624; Samuel, born about 1628, died 1669; Mary, died April 10, 1646; Joseph, born September 16, 1633, mentioned below; Joshua, born about 1642, died 1684; Caleb, died 1684; Abel.

(II) Joseph, son of John Benjamin, was born at Cambridge, September 16, 1633, and married (first), June 10, 1661; at Barnstable, Jemima, daughter of Thomas Lambert. She died there and he removed to Yarmouth, where he married (second), previous to December 7, 1668, Sarah Clark. He removed to New London, Connecticut, where he died in 1704. Children: Abigail; Hannah, born February, 1668-69; Mary, April, 1670; Joseph, 1673, mentioned below; Mercy, March 12, 1674-75; Elizabeth, January 14, 1680-81; John, 1682, died August 2, 1716; Jémima; Sarah; Kesia.

(III) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Benjamin, was born at Yarmouth, Massachusetts, or New London, Connecticut, about 1673, and married, August 25, 1698, Elizabeth Cook. Children: Obed, born August 15, 1701; Elizabeth, November, 1703; Joseph, 1705, mentioned below; Sarah, January 17, 1707; Grace, January 10, 1709-10; Jedediah, July 15, 1711; Daniel, September 7, 1714; John; Abiel, born

December 17, 1716.

(IV) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) Benjamin, was born at Preston, Connecticut, 1705, and married, at Preston, April 3, 1722, Deborah Clark. She died at Mount Washington or Egremont, Massachusetts, at the home of her son Nathan. He died about 1803. Children: Joseph, born December 17, 1723, mentioned below; Elizabeth, June 8, 1725; James, April 3, 1727; Barzillai, March 28, 1730-31; Deborah, March 28, 1732-33; Josiah, born March 13, 1734-35; Nathan, April 19, 1737; Mary, June 22, 1739; Isaac, April 15, 1742.

(V) Joseph (4), son of Joseph (3) Benjamin, was born at Preston, December 17, 1723, and married, at Preston, Abigail Dibble. He settled at Hampton, Connecticut. Some of his children removed to Mount Washington, Massachusetts. Children, the last four baptized at Hampton, September 3, 1758: William, born June 18, 1748; Samuel, December, 1749; Peleg, March 5, 1752; Judah, July 8, 1755, mentioned below; Mary, about 1757.

(VI) Judah, son of Joseph (4) Benjamin, was born at Hampton, July 8, 1755, and re-

moved to Mount Washington, Massachusetts, about 1700, with his brothers William, Samuel and Peleg, and his sister Mary. He served as a private in the Connecticut militia in the revolution from July 10, 1778, to July 14, 1779. From "Connecticut Men in the Revolution" the following record of his service is obtained: "Judah Benjamin, a private, enlisted July 10, 1778, term of service one year; from town of Milford; occupation, shoemaker; stature, 5 feet 7 in.; complexion, dark; eyes, grey; hair, dark; discharged in 5th Troop, Col. Elisha Sheldon's Light Dragoons, 1777-Its field of service during war was generally the east side of the Hudson, along the Westchester front. Occasionally its companies served at different points. In the spring of 1777 Major Tallmadge joined Washington in New Jersey with two troops and fought at Germantown, October 4th. At the same time, Captain Seymour with his troops was serving under Gates against Burgoyne. The other troops were under Putnam's command at Peekskill. In the spring of 1778 the regiment was on the Hudson, and in the fall formed part of Gen. Charles Scott's Light Corps, on the lines in Winchester. Also: "Judah Benjamin; a private in Captain Caleb Mix's company. Arrived in camp July 17, 1778, in Colonel Moseley's regiment." His name appears in the same book as a Connecticut pensioner, Act of 1818, and as residing in New York. In 1819 he lived in Hamilton, Madison county, New York. He married about 1732 and had at least two children. He died August 16, 1834, at Pike township, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, leaving a widow Sarah, who may have been his second wife. Children: Orange, mentioned below; Lavinia,

(VII) Orange, son of Judah Benjamin, was born at Mount Washington, January 26, 1784, and married at Sheffield, Massachusetts, March 10, 1811, Clarissa Thorp. She died at Brooklyn, New York, August 1, 1852. He died at Dover, New York, October 5, 1846. Children: Joseph Seymouth, born December 3, 1811, died June 20, 1870; Hiram, born July 26, 1813, died November 11, 1859; Mary, born July 15, 1815; Laura, born June 4, 1817, died June 20, 1859; Harriet Whipple, born July 8, 1819; died July 20, 1834; Jane, born July 20, 1822; Clarissa, mentioned below; Orange, born March 8, 1828, died November 3, 1900; John Peck, born October 10, 1830, died November 4, 1905; Richard Graham, born December 14,

(VIII) Clarissa, daughter of Orange Benjamin, was born July 29, 1824; died at New Haven, October 16, 1890; married, in Salisbury, Connecticut, April 18, 1847, John F. Baker (see Baker VII).

(III) John Judson, son of Lieutenant Joseph Judson (q. v.), was born December 10, 1647. died January 12, 1709. He was one of the original signers of the "Fundamental Articles" for the settlement of Woodbury, in 1672, and went there in the first company. He married (first) Elizabeth Chapman, of Stamford, March 12, 1673-74. He married (second) Hannah —, who died July 23, 1698. He married (third), July 5, 1699, Mrs. Mary Orton, of Farmington. He died January 12, 1709-10. Children: John, born March 12, 1675; Joshua, July 23, 1677; Joseph, October 24, 1679; Chapman, baptized December, 1681, died May 8, 1700; Jonathan, baptized December, 1682; Jonathan, baptized December, 1684; Martha, baptized December, 1686; Eliphalet, baptized February, 1688-89; Ephraim, baptized September, 1694; children of third wife: Isaac, June 3, 1700, mentioned below; Daniel, February 6, 1701-02; Mary, April 11, 1703-04.

(IV) Isaac, son of John Judson, was born June 3, 1700, died May 14, 1789. He married (first), November 29, 1727. Elizabeth Hawley, who died July 12, 1731, aged twenty-five. He married (second), November 22, 1731, Widow Rebecca Hollister. Children: James, baptized October 20, 1728; Hannah, February 24, 1730; Isaac, July 5, 1731, mentioned below; Elizabeth, September 13, 1732; Benjamin, February 17, 1735; Timothy, April 22, 1737; Rebecca, married Hezekiah Thompson, October 1, 1761; Olive, September 2, 1745.

(V) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) Judson, was born July 5, 1731, died December 7, 1787. at Woodbury. He married Mary, daughter of Elisha Stoddard. Children, born at Woodbury: Solomon, removed to Greenville, New York: Eunice, baptized October 6, 1754; Elizabeth, baptized September 12, 1756, married Ira Smith: Mehitable, baptized January 21, 1759; Mary, baptized November 9, 1760, married Noah Bassett; Abner, baptized April 14, 1765, lived at Greenville: Rebecca, baptized December 13, 1767; Agur, mentioned below: Matthew, baptized May 10, 1772; Josiah.

(VI) Agur, son of Isaac (2) Judson, was born at Woodbury and baptized there January 3, 1770. He married — Long, a very bright and interesting woman. He and his brother Matthew inherited a farm in the north part of Woodbury, now Bethlehem, Connecticut. Among his children was William, mentioned below.

(VII) William, son of Agur Judson, was

born in Woodbury in 1804. He was a farmer and shoemaker in Bethlehem. He married Emeline Eliza Crane. Children, born at Bethlehem: William Le Grande, mentioned below; Evelina, married Philo Isbell, of Woodbury and moved to Placerville, county seat of El Dorado county, California, where she is now living, he died there in 1909; Esther; Francis E., resides at 2489 West Fifteenth street, Los

Angeles, California; Henry P.; Grace.
(VIII) William Le Grande, son of William Judson, was born in Bethlehem, Connecticut, about 1825, died in Central America in 1865. He received a common school education, supplemented by much private study. He taught school for a time and was an expert and noted mathematician. He made a special study of astronomy and gave lectures on that subject. He removed to Elvaston, Hancock county, Illinois, where he followed farming for a time. He went to California with the gold-seekers in 1849. He lived for some years at Bridgeport, Connecticut, where he was a bookkeeper. He became captain of one of Commodore Vanderbilt's vessels engaged in the coast trade and died on one of his voyages to Central America. He married Ruth Morris, of Stratford, Connecticut, born about 1823, died in 1907, daughter of Judson and Jerusha (Hotchkiss) Morris. His widow married (second) Lemuel B. Sherman. Children of William L. Judson: Emma, William Le Grande, mentioned below.

(IX) William Le Grande (2), son of William LeGrande (1) Judson, was born at Elvaston, Hancock county, Illinois, May 24, 1858. He attended the public schools of Marshall, Michigan. When he was eighteen years old he entered the employ of Crane & Hurd, owners of a flour mill at Marshall, but after two years with that firm located in Monroe, Connecticut, where he followed farming for three years. He then was employed for a year by the firm of Smith & Egge in the manufacture of locks at Bridgeport, and for another year by the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company of Bridgeport. Returning to Bethlehem, he entered partnership with his uncle, Francis E. Judson, under the firm name of Judson, Dodge & Company, general merchants, and the firm continued for eight years. He then engaged in the hardware business at Torrington, Connecticut, under the firm name of Judson & Company. At the end of two years and a half he sold this business and became a bookkeeper and salesman for a hardware concern at Southbridge, Massachusetts. In 1893 he came to Woodbury and since then has been manager of the Woodbury Drug Company. He is a director of the Woodbury

Savings Bank and of the Woodbury Electric Light and Power Company. In politics he is a Republican. He was town clerk of Bethlehem for two years, postmaster there in 1883, and in 1897 was appointed postmaster of Woodbury and has held that office since. Since he has had charge of the Woodbury office it has been raised by an increase of business from fourth to third class. He is a member of King Solomon Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Woodbury.

He married, September 15, 1880, Edith F. Purdy, of Brooklyn, New York, daughter of Abraham and Emeline (Pinckney) Purdy. Children: 1. Grace E., born January 19, 1882; married Dr. Howard S. Allen, M.D., of Woodbury. 2. Robert O., born November 14, 1884; associated with his father in the Woodbury Drug Company; member of King Solomon Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he has been secretary; of Newton Chapter, No. 1, Royal Arch Masons. He is a graduate of the public schools and of the New York College of Pharmacy; married, May 7, 1908, Julia B. Cameron, of Norwalk, daughter of Ariel and ——— (Wiswall) Cameron; child, Myra Elizabeth, born July 2, 1909.

This family is of English origin, and for a long period the prin-LOOMIS cipal home of the family has been in the vicinity of Derbyshire. more than a century the name has been spelled Lomas in England, but earlier Lum-

mas, Lommas or Lomes were used. Other variations are Lomys, Lomis, Lomas, while the American spelling is generally Loomis. The Lomas coat-of-arms is: Argent between two palets, gules three fleurs de lis in pale sable a chief azure. Crest: On a chapean a

pelican vulning herself proper.

 $\sqrt{(1)}$  Joseph Loomis, immigrant ancestor, was probably born about 1590. He was a woolen draper in Braintree, county Essex, England, and sailed from London, April 11, 1638, in the ship "Susan and Ellen," arriving at Boston, July 17, 1638. He settled at Windsor, Connecticut, and February 2, 1640, was granted twenty-one acres of land adjoining the Farmington river, on the west side of the Connecticut, by purchase and grant. He is supposed to have come to Windsor in company with Rev. Ephraim Huet, who arrived there August 17, 1639. Joseph Loomis brought with him five sons and three daughters. His house was near the mouth of Farmington river, on what was known as the island, because at every freshet it became temporarily one. His wife died August 23, 1652, and he died November 25, 1653. Children: 1. Joseph, born in Eng-





and the state of the

land about 1010; married (first) Sarah Hill; (second) Mary Chauncey; died June 28, 1687. 2. Daughter, married, 1641, Captain Nicholas Olmstead. 3. Elizabeth, married, May 20, 1641, Josiah Hull. 4. Deacon John, born 1622 in England, mentioned below. 5. Thomas, born in England; married (first), November 1, 1663, Hannah Fox; (second) Mary Judd. 6. Nathaniel. 7. Mary, married John Skinner and Owen Tudor. 8. Samuel, mar-

ried Elizabeth Judd.

(II) John, son of Joseph Loomis, was born in England in 1622, died September 1, 1688, and is buried at Windsor, Connecticut. He was in Windsor before 1640, and was admitted to the church there October 11, 1640. He married, February 3, 1648, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Scott, of Hartford. He had a grant of forty acres at the plantation in Windsor, May 3, 1642. From 1652 to 1660 he lived at Farmington and then returned to Windser. He was deacon of the Windsor church, and deputy from Windsor to the general court, 1666-67-75-87. His will is signed John Loomys, dated August 27, 1688. He owned land on both sides of the river. Children: Deacon John, born November 9, 1649; Deacon Joseph, November 7, 1651; Thomas, December 3, 1653, mentioned below; Samuel, June 29, 1655; Sergeant Daniel, June 16, 1657; James, September 19, 1659; Mr. Timothy, July 27, 1661; Ensign Nathaniel, July 8, 1663; David, August 12, 1666; Isaac, August 31, 1668; Elizabeth, May 8, 1671; Mary, August 7, 1672. (III) Thomas, son of John Loomis, was

born December 3, 1653, died 1688. He was a farmer at Hatfield. He married Sarah, sis-ter of Captain David White. Children, born at Hatfield: Ensign John, mentioned below;

Thomas, born April 20, 1684.

(IV) Ensign John, son of Thomas Loomis, was born at Hatfield, January 1, 1681, died in 1755. He lived at Windsor and Lebanon, Connecticut. He married (first) October 30, 1706, Martha Osborn, born April 10, 1687. He married (second) September 30, 1725, Ann Lyman. Children: John, born September 24, 1709; Martha, October 4, 1712; Israel, mentioned below; Timothy, August 24, 1718; Jonathan, August 13, 1722; Sarah, June 14, 1726; Ann, June 12, 1727. (V) Israel, son of Ensign John Loomis,

was born September 29, 1715. He lived at Lebanon and Coventry, Connecticut. He married (first) December 15, 1737. Esther Hunt, who died February 16, 1743. He married (second), in September, 1743, Mary Holbrook, widow, who died April, 1745. He married (third), April 8, 1747, Mary Marsh, who died

October 18, 1795. He died October 2, 1801. Children of first wife: John, born September 3, 1738: Daniel, mentioned below; Israel, January 22, 1742. Child of second wife: Esther, January 2, 1745. Children of third wife: Mary, August 19, 1749; John, August 19, 1749; Rhoda, June 14, 1753; Jacob, January 14, 1755; Isaiah, August 3, 1758; Simon, Au-

gust 24, 1760. (VI) Daniel, son of Israel Loomis, was born December 31, 1739, died December 13, 1807. He lived at Lebanon and Coventry. Several of the name from this county appear that he was in the service. He married, June 19, 1762, Mary Sprague, who died April 2, 1806. Children, born at Coventry (from town Narch 9, 1765; Zenas, June 15, 1767; Mary, September 22, 1769; Gamaliel, November 20, 1771; Dr. Silas, December 19, 1773, settled at Otisville, New York; Faith, February 23, 1776; Pamela, March 12, 1778; Walter, mentional below Lettle, October 19, 1873, 2818. tioned below: Lydia, October 4, 1782; Selah,

April 23, 1785.

(VII) Walter, son of Daniel Loomis, was born at Coventry, May 6, 1780, died January 6, 1841. His fine tenor voice was famed far and wide. He was educated in the district school and had a large farm and brick kiln at North Coventry. He was a builder and contractor and built many bridges in his day. He built several large bridges for the government in the Cumberland Valley near Washington. He married, March 5, 1806, Diantha Babcock. Children, born at North Coventry: 1. Caroline, born October 16, 1808; married, January 11, 1832, Reuben A. Chapman. 2. Sophronia, September 10, 1810; married, September 16, 1832, Andrew T. Gilmor, of Fayetteville, New York. 3. Marivia, September 18, 1812; married, January 25, 1838, Eleazer H. Hunt, of North Coventry. 4. Lydia, December 1, 1814. died unmarried. 5. Walter, August 11, 1817; married, May 3, 1859, Mary A. Harris; lived at Makanda, Illinois. 6. Oliver Porter, January 20, 1820; married, December 27, 1842, Amelia Long, of Colebrook River, Connecticut. 7. Milo, mentioned below. 8. Catherine, October 13, 1826; married, April 2, 1858, Levi Moody, of East Hartford, Connecticut. (VIII) Milo, son of Walter Loomis, was born at North Coventry, March 8, 1823, died

May 31, 1892, in Bridgeport, buried at Hartford. He obtained his early education in the public schools of his native town. He learned the trade of mason under the instruction of his father. His father died when he was eighteen years of age, and for a time he worked with his brother Walter in the west at the

trade of mason. Afterward he entered the railway mail service, serving as a clerk in this department twenty years, although this term was broken by reason of a change in the administration, during which he engaged in the express business with headquarters at Waterbury, Connecticut. He resigned in 1883, after which he lived the life of a retired gentleman. He was of exceptional ability, and apart from his regular vocation engaged in various trading enterprises, in which he was very successful. He was of studious disposition and of genial and cheery manners. Though he had many friends and enjoyed the society of his fellowmen, he was a member of no fraternal orders. He was a Republican in politics, and at one time served as burgess of the town of West Stratford. Mr. Loomis married, April 16, 1849, Emeline F. Brown, born in 1823 at Coventry, died in Bridgeport, September 11, 1896, and is buried at Hartford, Connecticut. She was a daughter of Zolva and Mary and Mary (Kingsbury) Brown. Children of Zolva and Mary (White) Brown: George Oliver; Walter Clark; Mary Kingsbury, mar-ried Joseph Barrows; Emeline Frances; Cath-erine Porter, married Nathaniel French; and Emeline F., wife of Milo Loomis. The only child of Milo and Emeline F. (Brown) Loomis was Mary Diantha; she is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

(III) Timothy Loomis, son of LOOMIS Deacon John Loomis (q. v.), was born in Windsor, July 27, 1661, died May 19, 1710. He married, March 20, 1689-90, Rebecca, born March 8, 1666-67, died April 21, 1750, daughter of John and Mary (Stanley) Porter. Children, born in Windsor: Timothy, February 22, 1691-92; Ichabod, January 25, 1692-93; Lois, August 15, 1695; Ann, June 15, 1698; Rebecca, May 24, 1700; Uriah, May 8, 1703; Odiah, mentioned below.

(IV) Odiah, son of Timothy Loomis, was born in Windsor, August 4, 1705, died February 15, 1794, in Windsor. He married, November 1, 1739, Jane Allyn, who died June 23, 1805, aged eighty-nine. Children: Abigail, born October 20, 1740; Odiah, February 8, 1742; Ozias, October 25, 1743, died December 17, 1744; Ozias, January 13, 1745-46, mentioned below: Rebecca, October 25, 1750; Jane,

August 31, 1755.

(V) Özias, son of Odiah Loomis, was born in Windsor, January 13, 1745-46, died February 11, 1796, at Windsor. He was a farmer, a Whig in politics and a Congregationalist in religion. He married, October 14, 1771, Sarah, born in Windsor, October 18, 1747, died August 10, 1820, daughter of John and Mary (Allyn) Roberts. Children, born in Windsor: Sarah, March 5, 1773, died same day: Sarah, December 20, 1775, died May 10, 1790; James, October 24, 1779; Odiah, September 28, 1783, mentioned below; Ozias, October 11, 1788,

died September 10, 1793.

(VI) Odiah (2), son of Ozias Loomis, was born in Windsor, September 28, 1783, died October 31, 1831, at Windsor. He was a member of state legislature in 1818; a farmer, a Democrat in politics, and in religion a Congregationalist. He married Harriet, born November 9, 1786, died April 13, 1859, daughter of Samuel and Jerusha (Bissell) Allyn. Children, born in Windsor: Dr. William Ozias, July 22, 1808; Eli Odiah, December 14, 1809; Edgar, February 14, 1812; Sarah Jerusha, March 12, 1814; Harriet Emily, June 14, 1818; Charles Henry, January 17, 1820; Thomas Warham, mentioned below.

(VII) Hon. Thomas Warham, son of Odiah (2) Loomis, was born in Windsor, March I, 1827, died August 3, 1895, in Littleton, New Hampshire, while there on business. Practically his entire life was spent in Windsor, where all his children were born. He was a member of the state legislature in 1857 and 1862. He was state senator in 1874, and was a judge of probate; he was a farmer by occupation, in politics a Democrat, and an Episcopalian in religion. He married, November 17, 1858, Mary Jane, born November 11, 1831, daughter of Allen and Mary (Griswold) Cooke (see Cooke VI). Children: I. Allyn Cooke, born November 21, 1860, died June 20, 1884. 2. Jennie, born June 21, 1871, secretary of the Loomis Family Association of America, and resides with her mother in the homestead on "The Island," is a graduate of Wellesley College, B. S., and an Episcopa-

(The Cooke Line).

(I) Walter Cooke or Cook, immigrant ancestor, was born in England. He settled in Weymouth, Massachusetts, as early as 1643. He was admitted a freeman in 1657. In 1662 he and others of Weymouth and Braintree were accepted to allotments of land at Mendon, where they agreed to settle before October, 1663. He went thither in 1663-64. In 1660 he was on a town committee of Mendon to see to the building of the minister's house. He was selectman in 1671. Gregory and Stephen Cooke, who also went to Mendon, and Walter shared in the division of lands there June 16, 1671. Mendon was deserted during King Philip's war, but Cooke was one of the pioneers who returned afterward, and

in 1681 he was appointed on the committee to finish the minister's house. His will was dated January 18, 1694-95 and proved January 6, 1697-98. His tax was abated on account of illness in 1695. He married Katharine——. Children: John; Hannah; Samuel; Ebenezer, born May 30, 1656, died young; Walter, September 10, 1657, died young; Nicholas, mentioned below; Experience.

(II) Nicholas, son of Walter Cooke, was born at Weymouth, February 9, 1659-60, died December 7, 1730. His farm was partly in Mendon, partly in Bellingham. He married (first), November 4, 1684. Joanna, born August 1, 1664, daughter of John and Joanna (Ford) Rockwood. He married (second), December 18, 1712, Mehitable (Hayward) Staples, widow of Abraham Staples, daughter of Samuel and Mehitable (Thompson) Hayward. Children of first wife: Josiah, born August 9, 1685; Mehitable, June 10, 1687; Joanna, February 13, 1688; Mary, October 9, 1690; Ann, September 29, 1695; Seth, April 2, 1699; Daniel, mentioned below; David, November 15, 1705; Abigail, October 4, 1707; Noah, at Mendon in 1710.

(III) Daniel, son of Nicholas Cooke, was born August 18, 1703, at Mendon. He married Susanna ———. Children, born at Mendon: Thameson, June 17, 1725. Born at Wrentham, which was afterward in part Cumberland, Rhode Island: Priscilla, October 27, 1727: Ezekiel, March 5, 1730; Daniel, mentioned below; John, April 12, 1738; Susanna, March 3, 1742-43; Aaron, December 3, 1746. (IV) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Cooke,

was born at Wrentham, June 7, 1732. He served in the revolution from Bellingham, formerly Wrentham, in Captain Daniels' company, Colonel Ephraim Wheelock's regiment in 1776; also in Captain Jesse Holbrook's company, Colonel Wheelock's regiment in 1776 at Warwick, Rhode Island; also in Captain regiment in 1777; corporal in Captain Ebenezer Battle's company, Colonel Jonathan Titcomb's regiment in 1777; also in Captain Amos Ellis' company, Colonel Benjamin Haw's regiment in 1777; corporal in Captain Jacob Hawkin's company, Colonel John Jacob's regiment in 1778-79. He married Abigail - and lived at Wrentham. Children, born at Wrentham (town records): Olive, March 4, 1756; Abigail, March 7, 1759: Thaddeus, June 15, 1762; Levice, October 20, 1765; Joanna. July 27, 1770; Zimri, mentioned below; Daniel, August 4, 1775; Ezekiel, August 26, 1777.

(V) Zimri, son of Daniel (2) Cooke, was born at Wrentham, Massachusetts, part of

which is now Cumberland, Rhode Island, June 3, 1772. He lived in Bellingham and Mendon, Massachusetts. Some of the family spell the name Cooke. He married, November 7, 1793, Joanna Ballou, who was born in Cumberland, Rhode Island, February 25, 1775. Ballou's "Gencalogy" says of her: "She was gifted in a worthy man of the middle class veomanry. She was a good regulator and steadied his paper account at the time of his death calls him an "honest, square-dealing man and good citizen." He died at Mendon, April 10, 1812, aged thirty-nine years, ten months and seven place, November 1, 1843. She died May, 1851, aged eighty-two years, two months and some days (see Ballou V). Children (first don): I. Sukey (or Susan), born November 15, 1794, married, December 1, 1831, William Lindley. 2. Celissa, born September 16, 1796, married Captain Sumner Ballou. 3. Milla, she became the second wife of Paul Aldrich, a Quaker. 4. Zimri, June 5, 1800, married Olive Allen, lived in Woonsocket, Rhode Island, in a village called The Hamlet; chilchanged his name to Henry Allen, and was a Baptist preacher, was at one time at the Seamen's Bethel in Boston; Ichabod; Louisa;

(VI) Allen, son of Zimri Cooke, was born at Mendon, July 12, 1805, died in 1835 or 1836 in Virginia. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and when a young man came to Windsor, Connecticut. He married, in 1830, Mary Griswold at Windsor. Children: I. Mary Jane, born November 11, 1831, married, November 17, 1858, Thomas Warham Loomis (see Loomis VII). 2. Charles. 3. Julia Griswold, died in Woonsocket and was buried there in the Cooke family burying ground, but about 1850 the bodies in that cemetery were all removed to Mendon, Massachusetts, hers among the others

(VI) Barton, son of Zimri Cooke and brother of Allen Cooke, was born in Mendon,

July 9, 1810, died at Ashland, Massachusetts, May 1, 1877. He lived in Milford and was a general merchant and dealer in West India goods. He married, April 23; 1832, Lovina Hayward, born in Upton, November 10, 1813, daughter of Daniel and Anne (Hayward) Fisher. Children: 1. Joanna Ballou, born February 9, 1833, died September 5, 1881, married Francis N. Wood. 2. James Owen, born September, 1835, married, June, 1856, Harriet F. Aldrich and had five children. 3. Amasa Fisher, born April 15, 1838, died young. 4. Brenton Barton, born February 11, 1841, a gunner on the United States steamship "Cumberland," when she was sunk by the iron-clad "Merrimac." Helen Mar, born May I, 1843, died 1843. 6. Elbertine, born December 16, 1844, died 1845. 7. Christopher Potter, born November 9, 1846, died unmarried July 3, 1883. 8. Eldorado, born March 4, 1849, died 1849. The two youngest were born in Milford, the others in Woonsocket, Rhode Island.

The American families of Ballou are of Norman French descent. Their earliest ancestor, Quinebond Balou, was, it is supposed, a marshal in the army of William the Conqueror and fought in the battle of Hastings in A. D., 1066. His descendants lived in county Sussex, England, until late in the fourteenth century and had extensive tracts of land and important government offices both in the church and civil lists. Many of them settled from time to time in other counties in England and Ireland and held large baronial estates. Some of the branches have preserved an unbroken descent and titles for at least six hundred years, and especially in Devonshire the family has been distinguished. The name is variously spelled Bolou, Ballowe, Bellous, Bellews, Bellow, Ballou.

(I) Maturin Ballou, immigrant ancestor, was born in Devonshire, England, between 1610 and 1620, and came to America before 1645. He is mentioned first in the public records as a proprietor of the plantation of Providence in the colony of Rhode Island, January 10, 1646-47, and was admitted a freeman there May 18, 1658, together with Robert Pike, whose daughter he married. Their home lots were adjacent in the north part of Providence. He had various grants of land and was evidently a quiet farmer not inclined to public service. He died after February 24, 1661, when he had a grant of land, and before January 31, 1663. His wife was Hannah, daughter of Robert and Catherine Pike. She died at the age of eighty-eight years. Children, born

in Providence: John, 1650; James, 1652, mentioned below; Peter, 1654; Hannah, 1656; Nathaniel, died in early manhood; Samuel, 1660.

drowned June 10, 1669.
(II) James, son of Maturin Ballou, was born in Providence in 1653. He married there, July 23, 1683, Susanna, daughter of Valentine and Mary Wightman or Whitman. She was born February 28, 1659, in Providence, died probably in 1725. Soon after their marriage he settled in Loquasquissuck, originally part of Providence, now Lincoln, Rhode Island. It is supposed that he began preparations to settle before marriage and it is known that his first log house was erected there before 1685. His second house, a frame structure, stood near the same site and the well still remains to mark the location. His mother and sister Hannah deeded to him, October 22, 1707, all the property that came to them from his father, and this estate, combined with his own inheritance, made him the owner of several hundred acres besides his homestead. To this he added by purchase until he had about a thousand acres. His most important acquisitions were in what was then Dedham and Wrentham, Massachusetts, in the section that afterward was Cumberland, Rhode Island. He bought land there as early as 1690 from William Avery, of Dedham, and in 1706 he bought more land. This property he afterward divided into three farms and gave them to his sons, James, Nathaniel and Obadiah, April 11, 1713. In July, 1726, he deeded land in Gloucester, Rhode Island, to his youngest son, and at the same time gave his homestead to his son Samuel. His will was dated April 20, 1734, but in 1741 he settled his own estate and distributed his property among his children. The exact date of death is not known, but it was soon afterward. He was a man of superior ability, enterprise and judgment. Children: James, born November 1, 1684; Nathaniel, April 9, 1687; Obadiah, mentioned below: Samuel, January 23, 1692-93; Susanna, January 3, 1693-94; Bathsheba, February 15, 1696; Nehemiah, January 20, 1702.

(III) Obadiah, son of James Ballou, was born September 6, 1689, in Providence. He received, in July, 1726, from his father a gift deed of land in Gloucester and afterward a supplementary deed of ten acres that included the famous Iron Rock Hill. He married (first) Damaris, daughter of John and Sarah (Aldrich) Bartlett. He married (second) December 26, 1740, Sarah (Whipple) Salisbury, widow of Jonathan Salisbury, and daughter of Israel Whipple, son of David Whipple, son of Captain John Whipple, of Cumberland. She was born December 26, 1701, in Cumberland.

Children, recorded at Wrentham: Ezekiel, born January 5, 1718-19, mentioned below; Susanna, December 7, 1720; Daniel, December 27, 1722; Abner, October 28, 1725; Anna, December 20, 1727; Obadiah Jr., September 29, 1730; Esther, August 24, 1733; Aaron, March 2, 1738. Children of second wife: Zerviah, January 4, 1742; Joseph, May 5, 1743; Ben-jamin, born at Cumberland, July 11, 1747.

(IV) Ezekiel, son of Obadiah Ballou, was born in Wrentham, Massachusetts, in the part now Cumberland, Rhode Island, January 5, 1718-19, died there June 5, 1799. He married, July 3, 1740, Joanna, eldest daughter of Jo-siah Cooke, son of Nicholas Cooke (see Cooke II). She died January 16, 1797. Children, born at Wrentham: Jesse, March 30, 1741; Levi, mentioned below; Amy, November 24, 1745; Reuben, November 26, 1747; Asa, March 2, 1750; Mary, August 12, 1752; Anna, March 1, 1756; Joanna, September 27,

(V) Levi, son of Ezekiel Ballou, was born in Wrentham, now Cumberland, September 23, 1744, died July 13, 1805. He was a soldier in the revolution, a justice of the peace, representative to the Rhode Island general assembly, an industrious and upright citizen. He married, March 21, 1764, Comfort Thompson, born July 13, 1746, died October 28, 1826, Children, born at Cumberland: Rachel, September 11, 1765; Philena, October 6, 1766; Rhoda, December 15, 1768; Vienna, January 2, 1771; Welcome, March 1, 1773; Joanna, February 25, 1775, married Zimri Cooke (see Cooke V); Flavius J., October 13, 1776; Rachel and Emily, twins, May 8, 1780; Levi, August 29, 1782; Olney, September 28, 1784; Barton, July 19, 1791.

William Burritt, the immi-BURRITT grant ancestor, was born in England and was, with his wife Elizabeth, among the first settlers of Stratford, Connecticut. He died early in the year 1651. The inventory of his estate is dated May 28, 1651, and amounted to 140 pounds. She lived until 1681 and bequeathed to her three children in her will. Children, born at Stratford: Stephen, who is further mentioned below; John; Mary, married

(II) Stephen, son of William Burritt, was born about 1650, died in 1697-98. He was lieutenant in the Stratford company. He married, January 28, 1673-74, Sarah Nichols, daughter of Isaac. Children, born at Stratford: Elizabeth, July 7, 1675; William, March 24, 1677; Peleg, October 5, 1679; Josiah, 1681; Sarah, married Edmund Lewis; Israel,

or Isaac; Charles, 1690; Ephraim, mentioned

(III) Ephraim, son of Stephen Burritt, was born in Stratford, 1693. He married (first) Fairchild, February 14, 1721-22. She died January 15, 1728, Sarah Lewis. Children. born at Stratford: 1. Eunice, October 27. 1722. 2. Martha, June 22, 1724. Children of second wife: 3. Mary, May 16, 1729, died young. 4. Ephraim, mentioned below. 5. Sarah, February 2, 1732. 6. Edmund, October 20, 1733. 7. Martha, September 20, 1734. 8. Stephen, February 14, 1737. 9. William, April 12, 1739. 10. Abel, November 3, 1742. 11.

Lewis, June 20, 1745. (IV) Ephraim (2), son of Ephraim (1) Burritt, was born at Stratford, September 24, 1730, married Phebe Ufford, daughter of October, 1754; Charity, February, 1756; Thomas, mentioned below; Stephen, Decem-

1764; James, July, 1774; Lewis. (V) Thomas, son of Ephraim (2) Burritt, was born at Stratford in January, 1758; married, December 13, 1794, Abigail Curtiss. Children, born at Stratford: Curtiss, Charles,

(VI) Charles, son of Thomas Burritt, was

born at Stratford.

(VII) Philip, son of Charles Burritt, was born at Stratford about 1810-15; married Alice Coe. He was a farmer all his life. In politics he was in later years a Republican; in religion an Episcopalian. Children: Ann Satterly, died young; Charles Philip, men-

tioned below.

(VIII) Charles Philip, son of Philip Burritt, was born at Stratford, August 27, 1836, died there in 1886. He attended the public schools of his native town and Stratford Academy, and worked with his father all his early life on the homestead and succeeded to the farm. He was a progressive and prosperous farmer and took an active part in town affairs, being for some years town treasurer. In politics he was a Republican; he was an attendant of the Congregational church; he was a kindly, generous and charitable man, well beloved and highly esteemed in the community. He married, June 5, 1861, Mary Elizabeth Burton, born March 9, 1829, at Stratford, daughter of Albert Burton (see Charles, mentioned below.

(IX) Edward Charles, son of Charles Philip Burritt, was born June 15, 1862. He was educated in the Stratford schools, followed farming with his father till the latter's death, and then for a time alone; then took a position in a store in Stratford, which he still holds. He makes his home with his mother. In politics he is a Republican; in religion, an Eniscopalian.

(The Burton Line)

(I) Solomon Burton settled at Stratford, and married there Mercy Judson, daughter of Jeremiah, August 1, 1687. She was born in 1665. He purchased his first land of Barnabas Beers on the east side of Clapboard Hill, where he built a tanyard. Children, born at Stratford: Joseph, married November 30, 1720. Anna Uffoot; Benjamin, August 3, 1692; Judson, who is further mentioned below; Ruth; Sarah, married Nathaniel

Beach, Jr.

(II) Judson, son of Solomon Burton, was born at Stratford about 1695, and died in 1774. In his will dated June 24, 1771, and proved March 8, 1774, he bequeathed to wife Eunice; sons, John, Judson and Silas; and daughters, Sarah Judson, Eunice Hepburn, Mercy Burritt and Ruth Hawley. He lived in Stratford and married there, January 9, 1721, Eunice Lewis. Children, born in Stratford: Sarah, January 11, 1722; Susan, February 11, 1723; John, May 2, 1725; Ephraim, mentioned below; Judson, September 14, 1730; Eunice, July, 1732; Hannah, May, 1734; Nathaniel, August, 1735; Silas; Mercy, married — Burritt; Ruth, married — Hawley.

(III) Ephraim, son of Judson Burton, was born at Stratford, November 30, 1727; married, February 2, 1748, Betty Wells. Children, born at Stratford: Mary, baptized September, 1749; Samuel, mentioned below; Ann,

baptized February, 1756.

(IV) Samuel, son of Ephraim Burton, was born December 12, 1750, at Stratford. He married Martha Clarke, born July 28, 1754. Children, born at Stratford: Polly, August 8, 1773; Silas, mentioned below; Sarah, December 8, 1776; David Clarke, October 18, 1778; Esther, December 7, 1780; Mercy, July 1, 1787; Benjamin Clarke, February 1, 1787;

Abigail, October 8, 1789.

(V) Silas, son of Samuel Burton, was born July 30. 1775. He married Mary Patterson, born August 8, 1773. died March 20, 1866, at the age of ninety-two years six months. He died April 21, 1827. Children, born at Stratford: 1. Rodney, born September 15, 1797, died June, 1875, in New Haven, leaving eight children; he was a tailor by trade. 2. Albert, mentioned below. 3. Hamilton, May 17, 1810; a weaver, employed in Stratford most of his life: married (first) Catherine Lewis; (second) Phebe, daughter of Judson Peck, July

6, 1837; children: Silas, Franklin and Evert Talbot. He died April 20, 1883.

(VI) Albert, son of Silas Burton, was born July 15, 1804. He was educated in the public schools and followed the trade of a hatter in Stratford; in later life he removed to California. He was a quiet, industrious man, of a kindly and generous disposition, and an attendant of the Congregational church. He died in Sacramento, California, December 31, 1875. He married: Maria Delia Booth, born September 27, 1804, died June 15, 1885, aged eighty years. Children: I. Mary Elizabeth, born March 9, 1829; married, 1861, Charles Philip Burritt (see Burritt VIII). 2. Edward Augustus, born May 24, 1831, died August 26, 1833. 3. Edward, born October 5, 1834; married Louise Humiston, now deceased; died February 12, 1897, at sixty-three years of age; had one child, Adella, who died. He was a carpenter by trade. 4. Amelia Curtis, born August II, 1836, died March 24, 1873, unmarried.

Henry Bull, governor of Rhode BULL Island in 1685 and again in 1690, and the ancestor of Cornelius Wade Bull, was born in 1609, in England or South Wales. Previous to July 17, 1636, he entered his name on a volume in manuscript at the augmentation office (so called) in London, where Rev. Joseph Hunter, one of the record commissioners, presided in Rolls Court, Westminster Hall, as a passenger to New England in the "James," John May, master, and embarked at the port of London after Christmas, 1634, with forty-three other passengers by permission. On May 17, 1637, there was a summons of the court of Boston to Henry Bull and others to appear. He was one of the company who went to Rhode Island in 1637, and was one of the signers of the contract for a "Body Politic," as also for the purchase of Aquidinick Island from the Indians. In 1680 Henry Bull was a deputy to the general assembly, Newport, and again in 1681. He died at Newport, 1693, aged eighty-four years. He married (first) Elizabeth ----, who died in 1665. He married (second) Anne (Clayton), widow of Governor Easton; she died in 1707. Children: Jireh, see forward; Henry; Hester, died 1676;

(II) Jireh, son of Henry Bull, was born at Portsmouth, 1638. He married and had sons: Jireh, see forward; Henry: Ephraim; Ezekiel. (III) Jireh (2), son of Jireh (1) Bull, mar-

ried, and had children: Jireh (3); Benjamin; Benedict, see forward.

(IV) Benedict, son of Jireh (2) Bull, mar-

ried, December 11, 1716, Sybella, daughter of Alexander Bryan, Jr., of Milford. Children: Sybella, born February 14, 1720; Jireh and Benjamin, twins, October 10, 1721; Gods-

gift, February 24, 1724; Content.

(V) Jireh (3), son of Benedict Bull, married Sybella, daughter of Jerc Peck. Children: Jabez Benedict, see forward; Sybil, born January 7, 1750, married Daniel Buckingham; Jireh: Jeremiah; Abigail; Jerusha; Content.

(VI) Deacon Jabez Benedict, son of Jireh (3) and Sybella (Peck) Bull, was born Janu-

ary 5, 1748.

Jabez married, December 6, 1770, at Milford, Connecticut, Mara Naomi Bristol, Children, born at Milford, Connecticut: I. Benedict, born, July 10, 1771, died September 23, 1852. 2. James, see forward. 3. Mara, born October 7, 1774, died July 4, 1853; married a Mr. Scribner. 4, Jireh, born April 7, 1776, died December 31, 1823. 5. Richard Bryan, born March 21, 1778, died in New York, May 14, 1804, after being absent from home four years and five months; unmarried. 6. Lucy, born July 21, 1780. Deacon Jabez Benedict Bull died in 1815, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, and his widow died in December, 1842, at the residence of her son, Benedict, in Plymouth, Connecticut, in her eighty-seventh year.

(VII) James, son of Deacon Jabez Benedict and Mary Naconi (Bristel Bull, was born at Milford, Connecticut, October 19, 1772; died March 18, 1831. He married, March 5, 1795, at Milford, Connecticut, Margaret Pond. Children: James, born June 12, 1796; Jabez Benedict, see forward; Mary N., born June 22, 1801, died aged eleven years; Richard Bryan, born February 24, 1804 Lucy, August 13, 1807; Jerusha, March 4, 1810;

Mara Naomi, April 21, 1813.

(VIII) Jabez Benedict, son of James and Margaret (Pond) Bull, was born March 19, 1799, died June 5, 1857. He married, August 13, 1826, in New Haven, Connecticut, Mary (Polly) Ford; she died August 25, 1857. Children: James Henry, born at Pendleton, South Carolina, July 2, 1827; Harriet Ford, at Pendleton, April 13, 1829; Marcus, at Tallahassee, Florida, March 23, 1831; Laura Ford, October 14, 1834; Cornelius Wade, see forward; William Augustus, born April 20, 1841; Laura Louisa, August 1, 1845; Richard Bryan, January 28, 1848.

(IX) Cornelius Wade, son of Jabez Bene-

dict and Mary (Polly) (Ford) Bull, was born in Tallahassee, Florida, April 8, 1839; died May 19, 1876, in Hartford, Connecticut. He was prepared for college by Stiles French, in New Haven, entered Yale, and graduated with

the class of 1863. After graduation he commenced the study of medicine at Yale Medical College, but in the following spring gave up his studies and joined the United States navy as acting assistant paymaster, being assigned to the Mississippi squadron. He continued in this service until August, 1865, when he returned to New Haven and completed his medical course, graduating in 1867. He then became resident physician at the State Hospital in New Haven, continuing for one year, lege he had become a thorough botanist. Early in his professional career he applied himself assiduously to the study of Bright's Disease of the kidneys, acquiring such skill in sought by other physicians in his vicinity. Too strict application to his professional duties south to his old home, hoping to regain his health. He experienced a temporary relief, ing fact that he was himself a victim of the Connecticut, in the spring of 1873, and there resided until his death. He married, August 16, 1869, S. Alice, daughter of Porter San-

(X) Cornelius Sanford, only child of Cornelius Wade and S. Alice (Sanford) Bull, was born June 27, 1871. He graduated from Yale, 1803, and married, October 24, 1906, Helen I. Smith, daughter of J. Richard Smith, of

Waterbury

(II) John (a) son of Joh

(11) John (2), son of John (1) Steele (q.v.), was born about 1625, in England, and died in Farmington, Connecticut, in 1653-54. He married, about 1645, Mercy, daughter of Andrew Warriner, one of the Cambridge settlers who founded Hartford. After Mr. Steele's death his widow married Thomas Hill. Children, born in Farmington: Benoni; Henry, died young; Daniel, born April 29, 1645; Mary, November 20, 1646; Lieutenant John, November 5, 1647; Samuel, March 15, 1652, mentioned below.

(III) Samuel, son of John (2) Steele, was born in Farmington, March 15, 1652, and died

in 1710.

He married, on September 16, 1680. Mercy Bradford, who died in 1720, daughter of Major William Bradford, son of Governor William Bradford; born in England; died at

Plymouth, February 29, 1704. He was deputy to the general court in 1657; assistant in 1658; was a soldier in King Philip's war, and was wounded in the Swamp fight, December 19, 1675, and carried to the day of his death the musket ball he received in that battle. He was deputy governor of the colony in 1682, and until the new charter came, 88. He married (first) Alice Richards, who died December 12, 1670, daughter of Thomas Richards, of Weymouth. He married (second) Widow Wiswall, and (third) Mary, widow of Rev. John Holmes, of Duxbury, daughter of John Wood (or Atwood), of Plymouth. Children of first wife: John Bradford, born February 20, 1653; William Bradford, March 11, 1655; Thomas, of Nor-wich. Connecticut; Alice, married Rev. William Adams; Hannah, married Joshua Ripley; Mercy, baptized September 2, 1660, at Boston, married, September 16, 1680, Samuel Steele (mentioned above); Meletiah; Samuel, 1668; Mary, married William Hunt; Sarah, married Kenelm Baker. Child of second wife: Joseph, January 17, 1647, at New London. Children of third wife: Israel, married Sarah Bartlett; Ephraim, married Elizabeth Bartlett; David, married Elizabeth Finney; Hezekiah, married Mary Chandler.

Governor William Bradford, son of William Bradford, was born in March, 1590, in Austerfield, Yorkshire, England; went to Holland with Puritans about 1608, and came to America in the "Mayflower," in 1620. With the exception of five years, he was governor of Plymouth colony, 1621-57, the year of his death. He was most efficient in directing and sustaining the new settlement, and a writer of the times has said of him: "He was the very prop and glory of Plymouth Colony, during the whole series of changes that passed over it." He died May 19, 1657, and was lamented by all the New England colonies as a common father. His history of the Plymouth plantation is preserved in the original. and has been published recently by the commonwealth. His is the only grave of a "Mayflower" passenger whose location is now

He married (first) at Amsterdam, December 10, 1613, Dorothy May, who was accidentally drowned from the "Mayflower" in Cape Cod Harbor, December 7, 1620, during the absence of the governor on an exploring party. He married (second), August 24, 1623, Alice C. Southworth, a widow, who came in the ship "Ann." She died March 26. 1670, at the age of eighty years. Child of the first wife: John, born in Holland, died in

Norwich, Connecticut, without issue, in 1678: children of second wife: William, mentioned above; Mercy, Joseph.

William Bradford, father of Governor William Bradford, married June 21, 1584, Alice Hanson, daughter of John and Margaret (Gresham) Hanson; was buried at Austerfield, Yorkshire, England, July 15, 1591. His father, William Bradford, was also buried

there, January 10, 1595-96.

Children of Samuel and Mercy (Bradford) Steele, born at Hartford: Thomas, mentioned below; Samuel, born February 15, 1684-85; Jerusha, February 15, 1684-85; William, February 20, 1687; Abiel, October 8, 1693; Dan-

iel, April 3, 1697; Eliphalet, June 23, 1700. (IV) Thomas, son of Samuel Steele, was born at Hartford, September 9, 1681, died 1757. He married Susanna Webster, who died November 27, 1757. She was of the same family as Governor Webster, of Connecticut. They lived at West Hartford. Children, born at Hartford: Jerusha, July 1, 1710; Samuel, March 11, 1712; William, December 10, 1713; Susanna, December 15, 1715; Thomas, baptized October 11, 1717; James, December 22, 1719; Nathaniel, November 3, 1721, mentioned below; Dr. John,

baptized November 17, 1723. (V) Nathaniel, son of Thomas Steele, was born in Hartford, November 3, 1721; died October 15, 1789. He married October 16, 1746, Susanna Olmsted. Children, born at West Hartford: Nathaniel, baptized August 23, 1747; Susanna, August 23, 1747; Moses, baptized October 14, 1750; Susanna, March 4, 1753; Anna, March 4, 1753, mentioned below; Abigail, baptized March 9, 1755; Sarah, born April 9, 1758; Hezekiah, baptized August 10, 1760; Frederick, born June 16, 1762; child,

born and died July 11, 1764. (VI) Anna, daughter of Nathaniel Steele, was born in West Hartford, March 4, 1753; married October 20, 1774, Samuel Sedgwick,

born 1754, died 1828.
(VII) Sally, only child of Samuel and Anna (Steele) Sedgwick, was born March 2, 1788, died January 10, 1839; married Ephraim Sanford, born January 2, 1785, died April 1, 1845.

(VIII) Porter Sanford, son of Ephraim Sanford, was born September 7, 1810, died November 27, 1891; married, September 1, 1835, Sarah Ann Allen, born March 9, 1815, died March 10, 1881.

(IX) S. Alice Sanford, daughter of Porter Sanford, was born April 9, 1849. She married, August 16, 1869, Cornelius Wade Bull (see Bull), born April 8, 1839, died May 19, 1876.

Thomas Woodruff, of the WOODRUFF town of Fordwich, Eng-land, is the first of the

name to appear on the records of the town, in the year 1508, as "the trusted envoy of the A wood-reeve, as the name was spelt in those times, represented the lord of a district, and within his district levied his lord's dues. It is doubtless in some such capacity that Thomas Woodruff is first brought to notice. In 1530 he again appears as a jurat. who with his brother magistrates at Fordwich, sat at court to arrange for the division of the possession of the despoiled monastery of Canterbury. He died in 1552, leaving a son, William, mentioned below.

(II) William, son of Thomas Woodruff, is recorded as a jurat of Fordwich in 1579. From his generally signing the minutes of the borough court, in the absence of the mayor. it would seem that he was the senior jurat. He was also a "Key Keeper of the Town Chest; a very honorable office conferred upon the two best men of the Liberty" (borough). He died in 1587. Children: Robert, mentioned below; William.

(III) Robert, son of William Woodruff, married, in 1573, Alice Russell, at St. Mary, Northgate. Both he and his brother William appear as freemen in the town books of Fordwich, in 1580. Williams family became extinct at Fordwich in 1673. Robert is on record as a jurat, and a churchwarden in 1584. He died in 1611. He had children, among them an eldest son, John, mentioned below.

(IV) John, son of Robert Woodruff, was born in 1574, in Fordwich. On coming of age he removed to Northgate, where his uncle, William Russell, was church warden. In 1601 he married Elizabeth Cartwright. He is described as a "Husbandman" and died at the age of thirty-nine. His will was dated September, 1611, and proved in October of the same year. In it he left minor legacies to his only son, John, and the remainder of his "goods and Chattills" to his wife. She mar-

ried John Gosmer,

(V) John (2), son of John (1) Woodruff, was baptized at St. Mary, Northgate, in 1001, He married Anne -, and is on record in 1636, as a church warden at Fordwich. He came with his mother and step-father, John Gosmer, to Southampton, Long Island, in 1639 or 1640, and became the immigrant ancestor of the New Jersey Woodruffs. With him came no doubt his wife Anne and an infant son, John. He does not appear on the town records until April 30, 1657, when he was fifty-three years of age, and is then named as among the men able to bear arms. A reason for his non-appearance on the records may death of the latter, was not regarded one of the heads of families. September 17, 1649, Mr. Gosmer turned over to his step-son a hundred pound lot with house, fences and all its accommodations. The same year, John Woodruff became the successor of Mr. Gosmer in the whaling squadron. In that year, also, he is on the list of the representatives of the town houses, while Mr. Gosmer's name is omitted. In 1650 he is recorded as having succeeded the latter in the Gosmer household, and in the same year he is for the first time mentioned as exchanging land. On February 20, 1660-61, the gift of house and land above mentioned was registered by Mr. Gosmer. After that the name of Gosmer disappeared from the records, and it is supposed that he died in the year 1661, and that John Woodruff became the head of his house. In 1661 and 1662 the latter is recorded as a successful plaintiff, as being on an important jury, as giving in his "ear-mark" and as dealing in land. In 1663 he was elected and "sworne impounder." Except in connection with land matters, he does not appear on the records again until February 22, 1669, when he joined with others in signing a petition to Governor Lovelace that the town might retain those political privileges which they were in danger of being deprived of. May 4, 1670, he made his will, which was proved June 1, 1670. He died, therefore, between those dates, in the sixty-sixth year of his age. He gave his eldest son, John Woodruff, of Elizabeth Town. "one-half crowne piece of money in full of all portions and Patrimony whatsoever, to be expected from mee, or out of any part of my estate," and to his daughters Anna and Elizabeth, each twenty pounds. He made his wife and youngest son, John, joint executors, and left to them all the remainder of his estate. The inventory shows that for his times he was a man of wealth and refinement. The little that is known of his character indicates that he was upright, possessed of tact and sound judgment, and generally of a character and standing that commanded the confidence and respect of the community in which he lived. Children: John, baptized 1637, in the parish of Sturry, Kent, England; Anne, married Robert Woolley; Elizabeth, married - Dayton; John, mentioned below

(VI) John (3), youngest son of John (2) Woodruff, was born about 1650, in Southampton. On July 29, 1659, by an entry in the town records, he was formally adopted by his step-grandfather, John Gosmer, and had be-

queathed to him all the latter's goods, houses and lands. He first appears by his own act in the records in June, 1666, when given as his earmark "a half penny under the left ear." About 1670 he married Hannah Newton. In 1675 he joined in the town agreement to set apart a house and land for the use of the ministry. On October 26, 1683, he again recorded his earmark when giving in one for his son, John Woodruff Jr., which had been made over to the latter by his Grandmother Woodruff. In the same year he was included for purposes of taxation in the "Estimate of the Town of Southampton for the year 1683. In 1604 he was a subscriber for two of the schoolmaster's pupils. In 1696 he was among the inhabitants of the town assessed for a contribution for the defense of the frontier. Until the year 1698 there are numerous items concerning him, in regard to the division, transfer and management of lands. At the time of his death his lands were many and scattered. On January 14, 1701, he made his will, and April 1, 1703, it was proved. In it he bequeathed his possessions to his wife Hannah, his sons Samuel, Joseph, Benjamin, Nathaniel, Isaac and Jonathan; daughters, Sarah, Hannah, Abigail and Elizabeth. Of these, when the will was drawn in 1701, all from Nathaniel down were under twenty-one years old. His eldest son John had died before the will was made, some time before January 8, 1603-04.

The elder brother John, mentioned above. as being baptized in 1637, in Sturry, county Kent, England, was doubtless brought to Southampton by his parents in 1639, and is first mentioned on the records in 1657, April 30, when he was included in a list of armsbearing men. He is first mentioned as a landowner, February 20, 1659-60, and about the same time married Sarah, daughter of John Ogden, of Southampton. On January 4, 1660-61, his daughter Sarah was born, and his name appears in various minor transactions of the town up to 1664, when he immigrated with his father-in-law to New Jersey. He settled in Elizabeth Town, where he became a leading citizen, and served as ensign, high sheriff and magistrate. His will was made April 27, 1601, and proved May 25 of the same year. The fact that there were two brothers of the same name in one family was not uncommon

in those days.

(VII) Benjamin, son of John (3) Woodruff, was born doubtless in Southampton, Long Island, died in 1750. He married, September 12, 1704. Margaret Davis, of Easthampton. They lived in Bridgehampton. Children, born at Bridgehampton of South-

hampton: Daniel, John David, Timothy, mentioned below.

(VIII) Timothy, son Benjamin Woodruff, was born about 1705 in Southampton. Children: Silas, Lemuel, Daniel, mentioned below.

(IX) Daniel, son of Timothy Woodruff, was born at Southampton about 1725. According to the census of 1790 he had two males over sixteen, four under that age and four females in his family. Children: Daniel and Abigail.

(X) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Woodruff, was born at Southampton. He had sons Hermon, Samuel, Daniel, mentioned below.

(XI) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) Woodruff, was born about 1775 in Southampton, Long Island, and removed from Sag Harbor in that town to Sharon, Connecticut. He married, at Sharon, April 6, 1796, Sally Youngs. He had a son John, mentioned below.

(XII) John (4), son of Daniel (3) Woodruff, was born at Sharon, Connecticut, in December, 1800, died there June, 1871. He was a shoemaker by trade. He married Caroline Keeler, born November 11, 1810, at Kent, died in 1893 at Sharon, Connecticut. He lived all his life in Sharon, except for five years in the west while his eyesight was troubling him. He was prominent in public affairs and at one time member of the general assembly of the state. Children, born at Sharon: 1. Mary, died in 1880, unmarried. 2. George, married Lizzie De Voe, had three children. 3. Sarah, married Dr. Jehiel Warner, Clifton, Illinois. 4. Clarinda, married, at Sharon, John Bent Finch, a direct descendant on his mother's side of Governor Bradford. Both died in East Bridgeport, he in 1895 and she in 1910. He was a soldier in the rebellion. 5. Cornelia, died young. 6. Charles, died aged ten months. 7. William J., mentioned below. 8. Ralph, died aged eighteen months.

(XIII) William John, son of John (4) Woodruff, was born at Sharon, May 29, 1845, died April I, 1883, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. He was reared on a farm in Sharon until he was twelve years old, and attended the public schools there. He then went to Illinois with his parents, attended the high school, and spent five years on a farm. He then returned to Sharon, later to Unionville, Connecticut. In 1875 he came to Bridgeport and engaged in the retail shoe business, which he continued with much success as long as he lived. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church at Bridgeport. He was a quiet man of domestic tastes, earnest and upright in business, and a useful citizen. In

politics he was a Democrat.

He married, September 19, 1878, at New Fairfield, Connecticut, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Medad Rogers Kellogg (see Kellogg IX). Children of William J. and Mary E. (Kellogg) Woodruff: I. John Kellogg, born September 1, 1879, at Bridgeport; he was educated in the public schools and at the New Haven Art School, also in the Art School in New York. He graduated from the Teachers' College of Columbia University, New York While studying he taught drawing in the Bridgeport public schools six years, and was also two years in the Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn, New York, as head of the Art department, and is now a teacher of art in the Jersey City high school. He married Bessie Helena Hadley. 2. Mabel Emily, born November 1, 1880, at Bridgeport, unmarried, lives with her mother.

## (Th. Kellogg Line)

(III) Daniel Kellogg, son of Martin Kellogg (q.v.), was baptized in Great Leighs, England, February 6, 1630, died in 1688. He probably came to this country with his brother Joseph and he was one of the early settlers of Norwalk, Connecticut, incorporated September 11, 1651. He is said to have been the largest man among the pioneers, being more than seven feet tall and "of proportionate dimensions otherwise." He was selectman in 1670; member of the general assembly, 1670-72-74-75-77-79-80-83. He was on the committee to build the meeting house, April 23, 1673. He married Bridget, daughter of John and Alice Bouton. His wife died in 1689. Children: Sarah, born February, 1659; Mary, February, 1661; Rachel, February, 1663; Elizabeth, August, 1666; Daniel, May 7, 1671; Samuel, February 19, 1673, mentioned below; Lydia, April, 1676; Benjamin, March, 1678; Joseph (twin), March, 1678.

(IV) Samuel, son of Daniel Kellogg, was born at Norwalk, Connecticut, February 19, 1673. He owned considerable land in what is now New Canaan, Connecticut, and many descendants have lived there. He deeded to his children tracts of land on Marvin Ridge and Clapboard Hill. He was collector of Norwalk in 1703, selectman in 1705 and 1714, member of the Connecticut general assembly and served on the committee to seat the meeting house, June 3, 1723. He married (first) September 6, 1704, Sarah, born May 21, 1678, died November 10, 1750, daughter of Deacon John and Hannah (Clark) Platt. He married (second) March 9, 1755, Mrs. Sarah (Lockwood) Hickok, born 1678, widow of Benjamin Hickok and daughter of Jonathan Lockwood, born September 10, 1634, and Mary

(Ferris) Lockwood, of Greenwich, Connecticut. She married (first) January 25, 1700, Nathaniel Selleck, who died August 14, 1712; married (second) Benjamin Hickok. She was seventy-seven when she married Samuel Kellogg and he was eighty-two and the wedding was a notable event. He died October 13, 1757; she in 1765. Children by first wife, all born at Norwalk: Sarah, September 26, 1705; Samuel, December 23, 1706; Mary, January 29, 1708; Martin, March 23, 1711, mentioned below; Abigail, October 30, 1715; Gideon, December 5, 1717; Epenctus, June 26, 1710.

(V) Martin (2), son of Samuel Kellogg, was born at Norwalk, March 23, 1711, died July 7, 1756. He and his wife joined the church at New Canaan, February 2, 1743. His will was dated July 3, 1756, proved July 30, following. He married Mary, daughter of Deacon Eliphalet Lockwood, born February 27, 1675-76, and Mary (Gold) Lockwood, born 1674. His widow married (second), March 22, 1757, Captain Samuel Hanford, of Canaan, and died December, 1783, aged sixtysix years. Children, born at Norwalk: Eliphalet, born before 1740; Martin, October 10, 1740, mentioned below; Samuel, baptized October 16, 1743; Mercy, baptized September 1, 1745; Samuel, baptized June 29, 1749; Nathan, baptized April 26, 1752.

(VI) Martin (3), son Martin (2) Kellogg, was born October 10, 1740, died September 1,

He removed from Norwalk to that part of Fairfield called the Apple Trees where he bought a farm, March 13, 1762. He is on record also as buying a negro girl Phillis aged two years and a half. He married, May, 1762, Mercy Benedict, born April 13, 1742, daughter of James and Mercy (Kemp) Benedict, of Danbury, Connecticut. She died July, 1829, aged eighty-three years. Children, born at New Fairfield: Martin, September 3, 1763, mentioned below; Mercy, March 12, 1767; Zadock, November 25, 1768; Zadock, September 5, 1770; Mary, November 3, 1772.

(VII) Martin (4), son of Martin (3) Kellogg, was born at New Fairfield, September 3, 1763, died there May 3, 1813. He was a farmer at New Fairfield. His will was dated April 4, 1812. He married, September, 1785, Rachel Stevens, of Danbury, born 1766, daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Gregory) Stevens, granddaughter of Ephraim Gregory. His wife died at New Fairfield, April 29, 1831. Children, born at New Fairfield: Ira, born September 12, 1786, mentioned below; Hanford Martin, October 2, 1788; Mary, April 25, 1792; Rachel, November, 1796, married

Ezra Osborne; Abigail, August 6, 1800;

Mercy Maria, June 25, 1806.

(VIII) Ira, son of Martin (4) Kellogg, was born at New Fairfield, September 12, 1786, died August 5, 1845. He always lived on the farm his father purchased at the Apple Trees where his son, Seelye Barnum Kellogg, now lives. He married, January 29, 1812, Flora Rogers, born July 25, 1790, daughter of Rev. Medad Rogers, born August 17, 1750, and Rachel (Baldwin) Rogers, born September 29, 1755, daughter of Gamaliel Baldwin. His wife died September 10, 1857. Children, born at New Fairfield: Edwin Martin, July 4, 1813; Medad Rogers, March 15, 1815, mentioned below; Carlos Baldwin, May 8, 1825, died January 1, 1905, married Lucy Ann Wanzer, of Sherman, Connecticut; Seelye Barnum, August 26, 1832, married Elizabeth Hatha-

(IX) Medad Rogers, son of Deacon Ira Kellogg, was born at New Fairfield, March 15, 1815, died there October 13, 1873. He was a farmer in his native town. In politics he was a Republican. He was elected to the general assembly of Connecticut of 1852 and

1853.

He married, November 7, 1836, Amarylis Evaline Peck, born at Brookfield, Connecticut, October 21, 1815, daughter of John A. Peck, born December 9, 1785, and Huldah (Keeler) Peck, born January 30, 1789. His wife died at Bridgeport, August 8, 1887. Children, born at New Fairfield: 1. Lucy Ann, born April 23, 1840, married Williard Hull 2. Flora Jane, February 25, 1842; married, November 6, 1867, Alfred Baker, born at Paterson, New York, April 25, 1832, son of Morris Baker, born June 4, 1804, and Alatia (Gay) Baker, born October 28, 1807, died February 29, 1892. 3. Mary Elizabeth, August 6, 1847; married William J. Woodruff (see Woodruff XIII). 4. Emily Peck, March 27, 1849.

The origin of the name Treat is not known, but it is probably a place name, and in its present form dates back as early as 1572. The family is numerous in county Somerset, England, and was found also in other parts of England. The spelling has varied, some of its forms being: Trat, Trate, Tret, Treet, Treete, Trot, Troot, Treat and others. The name is rare in England to-day, however.

(I) John Treat or Trott was of Staplegrove, near Taunton, county Somerset, England. His name occurs often in the Taunton

Manor Rolls.

(II) William Trott was probably son of

John Treat or Trott, and his name is found in the calendars as of the same parish and hundred of Staplegrove. The following are supposed to be his children: William; Richard, mentioned below; Joanna, of Staplegrove, in 1542; Lucy; Alice; John, probably died 1584 in Bishop's Compton.

(III) Richard Trott, son of William Trott. died about 1571. He married Joanna —, who was probably buried at Otterford, August 14, 1577. He lived at Staplegrove, Poundisford and Otterford. Children: John, buried October 16, 1544, in Pitminster: John, died about 1595: Robert, mentioned below; William, buried March 19, 1596; Tamsen.

(IV) Robert Trott, son of Richard Trott, was baptized probably in the hamlet of Trendle, now Trull, parish of Pitminster, England. and was buried in Pitminster, February 16, 1500. He married Honora or Honour who was buried September 17, 1627, in Pitminster. His will was dated in 1598-99 and was proved in Taunton. Children: Alice, baptized February 1, 1564; John. baptized September 10. 1570, buried May 7, 1633; Mary, baptized February 6, 1575; Agnes, baptized February 18, 1577; Tamsen, baptized May 26, 1581; Richard, mentioned below.

(V) Richard (2 ) Treat, son of Robert Trott, was baptized August 28, 1584, in Pitminster, in the hamlet of Trendle, county Somerset, England. He was the immigrant ancestor, and spelled his name in several ways, Trott, Trett, Treat, etc. He settled at Wethersfield, Connecticut, and was one of the four pioneers that were honored with the titles of Mr. He was a deputy to the general court in 1644, perhaps earlier, and held that office until 1657-58. He was a juror in 1643; was assistant or magistrate eight times, from March 11, 1657-58 to 1665; in 1660 a townsman; member of Governor Winthrop's council in 1663-64, and served on many important committees of the town and church. He owned much land and other real estate in Wethersfield. His will is dated February 13, 1668, and the inventory was dated March 3, 1669-70, soon after his death. Children, born and baptized in Pitminster, England: Honor, born 1616; Joanna, baptized May 24, 1618, died 1694; Sarah, baptized December 3, 1620; Richard, baptized January 9, 1622-23; Robert, mentioned below; Elizabeth, baptized October 8, 1629, died 1706; Alice, baptized February 16, 1631-32, buried August 2, 1633; James, baptized July 20, 1634, died February 12, 1709: Katherine, bantized June 29, 1637.

(VI) Governor Robert (2) Treat, son of Richard (2) Treat, was born in Pitminster, England, about 1624, baptized February 25, 1624-25, died July 12, 1710 (gravestone at Milford, Connecticut.

Governor Treat was among the early settlers of Milford, Connecticut, coming from Wethersfield, and at the first meeting of the planters, November 20, 1639, was one of nine appointed to survey and lay out lands. He subsequently returned to Wethersfield and was elected rate-maker there in 1647. Returning soon afterward to Milford he joined the church there with his wife April 19, 1649. In 1653 he was chosen deputy to the general court and the following year was elected lieutenant of the Milford militia company. He became a large landholder and a strong and influential factor in the development of the colony. He was often chosen to purchase and divide public lands. He was early a prominent member of the church and in 1660 was one of the lavmen chosen to perform the ceremony of laying on of hands at the installation of Rev. Roger Newton. He held the post of deputy until 1659 with the exception of one year and then being elected magistrate he served for five years on the governor's council, and was re-elected but declined further service. In 1663 he was again chosen magistrate for Milford and he was also captain of the military forces. In May, 1664, he and William Jones were appointed to meet a committee from Massachusetts to consider various matters of common interest. He was again elected magistrate but declined. He was active in the consummation of the union of the New Haven and Connecticut colonies under one government. In 1665 he was a deputy to the general court and the following year was nominated for the office of assistant and defeated. He was a delegate to go to New Jersey in the interests of those dissatisfied with conditions in Connecticut and desiring to settle there. The movement resulted in the establishment of the town of Newark and Treat and ten others were appointed to have charge of the government and he was the foremost citizen. From 1667 to 1672 he was deputy to the New Jersey general assembly. In 1672 he returned to his old home in Connecticut, though a son and daughter remained. Upon his return he was placed second in command of the forces in preparation to fight the Dutch in New York and at the next election was chosen assistant and continued for three years. serving also on the committee of safety, which acted when the general court was not in session. He had many important public duties on committees of the general court and held many private trusts. When King Philip's war broke out he was commissioned major in command of the Connecticut quota. He saved

Springfield from destruction and took active part in the campaign in western Massachusetts and the Connecticut valley. He defeated the Indians at Hadley in October. He took a leading part in the famous Swamp Fight when the Narragansetts were defeated. Four of his five captains were slain but he escaped with a bullet hole in his hat. After the death of King Philip, Major Treat returned home and was elected deputy governor, continuing in fairs, now at the request of Northampton to mediate with the Indians for the return of captives and a treaty of peace, now on the committee of safety and twice as commissioner for the United Colonies and twice also 1683 he was elected governor to succeed Governor Leete, who died in April. He had to deal with many exceedingly trying problems of state in his administration. There was friction with other colonies and encroachments on all sides. Then came the crushing blow inflicted by King James in revoking the colonial charter and the assumption of power by the infamous Andros. When James fell and Anthe custom of the times he served as deputy governor after he was governor and he was six to eighty-six, then declined and retired. "Few men," says Trumbull, "have sustained a fairer character, or rendered the public more important services. He was an excellent military officer; a man of singular courage and resolution, tempered with caution and prudence. His administration of government was with wisdom, firmness and integrity. He was in general."

He married (first) Jane Tapp, who died the last of October, 1703, aged seventy-five, daughter of Edmund Tapp. He married (second) October 24, 1705, Mrs. Elizabeth (Hollingsworth) Bryan, born June 16, 1641, died January 10, 1706, aged sixty-eight, a daughter of Elder Michael and Abigail Powell, of Boston, and had married (first) August 23, 1659, Richard Hollingsworth and (second) Richard Bryan. Children: Samuel, baptized September 3, 1648; John, baptized October 20, 1650; Mary, born May 1, 1652; Robert, born August 14, 1654, mentioned below; Sarah, October 9, 1656; Abigail, died December 25, 1727; Hannah, born January 1, 1660-61; Joseph, September 17, 1662.

(VII) Robert (3), son of Governor Robert

(2) Treat, was born August 14, 1654, in Milford, died March 20, 1720. He married (first) about 1678, Elizabeth ——; (second) about 1687, Abigail K. Camp, born March 28, 1667, died March 20, 1742, daughter of Nicholas Camp. He was appointed captain August 7, 1673, admitted freeman October 9, 1684. He was a farmer. Children: born at Milford, by first wife: Elizabeth, baptized September 14, 1679; Jane, baptized January 30, 1681. Children of second wife: Robert, mentioned below; Samuel, baptized November 28, 1697; Jonathan, born March 17, 1701; Abigail, baptized June 11, 1704.

(VIII) Robert (4), son of Captain Robert (3) Treat, was born about 1695, baptized January 6, 1695, died September 16, 1770. He married Jane Langstaff, baptized February 2, 1699, died November 12, 1793, daughter of Bethuel and Hannah Langstaff. He graduated at Vale in 1718; was appointed tutor there April 7, 1724, and resigned September, 1725, to follow farming at Milford. He published almanacs in 1723-25-27 at New London, Connecticut. He was deputy to the general assembly from May, 1736, to May, 1767, with the exception of a few years; was auditor of colony accounts 1736 to 1744; justice of the peace and of the quorum for New Haven county from 1742 to 1770; was one of the committee of war in 1744 and 1757; was one of the committee to settle Rev. Mr. Whittlesey, December, 1737. Children, born at Milford: Philosebius, baptized April 23, 1727; Robert, baptized October 11, 1730, mentioned below; Elijah, baptized October 28, 1733; Isaac, baptized February 16, 1734-35; Jane, baptized October 10, 1736; Bethuel, baptized

November 5, 1738.

(IX) Robert (5), son of Robert (4) Treat, was born in October, 1730, baptized October 11, 1730, in Milford, Connecticut, died August 10, 1807, and was buried at Milford. He was a farmer. He married (first) Mary Clark, born in December, 1733, died August 29, 1709, of fever. Her gravestone is in Milford. She was a daughter of Thomas and Susanna (Woodruff) Clark. Robert Treat's will mentions children Robert, Jonathan, David, Mary Bryan, Jane Tomlinson with her three daughters, Maria, Jennette and Martha. Children, born in Milford: Robert, May 25, 1758: Jonathan, August 12, 1763; Jane, baptized May 17, 1767: Mary, baptized May 14, 1771: Martha, born February 7, 1772; David, mentioned be-

low.

(X) David, son of Robert (5) Treat, was born at Milford, July 22, 1776, died April 10, 1859, in Middlebury, Connecticut. He was a farmer. The family removed from North

Milford, now Orange, Connecticut, about 1818. He married, November 23, 1800, Lydia Pardee, of Woodbridge, born January 1, 1778, died March 10, 1838, in Middlebury. Children, of whom the first nine were born in North Milford, the tenth in Middlebury: I. Samuel Willis, born October 6, 1801, died March 10, 1883; married, December 5, 1822, Betsey Tuttle. 2. Mary, November 2, 1803, died December 22, 1863; married Harry Johnson. 3. Esther, July 29, 1806, died May 25, 1881; married Nathan Newton. 4. Charles, October 18, 1807, died March 14, 1879; married Henrietta Mallery. 5. Martha, May 30, 1800, died February 16, 1801; married (first) April 16, 1830, John Bradley; (second) February 19, 1836, Thomas Solley. 6. David Allen, April 22, 1812, lived at Millington, Connecticut. 7. Merritt, mentioned below. 8. Robert Marcus, October 19, 1815; married, November 28, 1837, Hannah Maria Whittlesey. 9. Lydia Ann, March 27, 1817, died January 14, 1883; married John Benham. 10. John Gunn, October 3, 1818; married, May

23, 1843, Lucy H. Tarr.
(XI) Merritt, son of David Treat, was born at North Milford, September 7, 1813, died May 29, 1871, in Wolcottville, town of Torrington, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools in Middlebury and learned the trade of tailor. He came to Torrington about 1846 and for many years conducted a grocery store and followed his trade as tailor there, continuing in business to the time of his death. He built the house in which he lived for many years. Shortly before her death, his widow built the beautiful house on the adjoining lot, where her daughter now lives. Mr. Treat also built the business block in which his store was located in Torrington. He was a charter member of Ridgley Lodge of Odd Fellows of Torrington. He was a useful citizen and a highly capable and successful business man, who commanded the respect and confidence of the entire community.

He married, April 19, 1849, Henrietta Maria, born June 1, 1822, died in 1903, daughter of Abiel and Eunice (Eno) Tavlor, granddaughter of Joseph and Ann (Wilson) Taylor. Children, born in the village of Wolcottville, Torrington: I. Alice Eunice, April 20, 1850; married, May 22, 1871, William C. Hilliard, son of William Hilliard, of Texas; William C. Hilliard is a druggist of Wolcottville and Bristol, Connecticut; children: i. Caroline Elizabeth Hilliard, born September 2, 1872; ii. daughter, born April 2, 1876, died April 4, 1876; iii. Molly C. Hilliard, born February 7, 1880, married William H. Crowell, of New Britain, Connecticut; iv. William Chester Hilliand, connecticut; iv. William Chester Hilliand.



Morean Enj-



liard, born February 7, 1883. 2, Edward Taylor, April 10, 1860, died August 5, 1007. Henrictta Maud, born May 14, 1862; resides in the home built by her mother in Torrington.

(VII) Captain Joseph Treat, son TREAT of Governor Robert Treat (q.v.), was born September 17, 1662, in Milford, Connecticut, died August 9, 1721. He married (first) Frances Bryan, born February 13, 1668, died September 21, 1703. daughter of Richard and Mary (Pantry) Bryan, of Grassy Hill, Milford, who came from England with his father, Alexander Bryan, He married (second), the ceremony being performed by his father, November 8, 1705, Mrs. Elizabeth Merwin, who died January 10, 1715-16. The headstone to her grave is illegible, but the letters E. T. on the footstone are plain. In October, 1698, he was promoted from a sergeant to be ensign of the first train band in Milford; in 1704 was lieutenant and in 1708 was captain. He was a man of bravery and rendered good service in the Indian troubles. From 1707 to 1708 he served as deputy for Milford, and was justice of the peace for New Haven county from 1702 to 1719. He was one of the original proprietors of Wiantanuck, afterwards called New Milford, and in 1703 was appointed by the general court one of the commissioners to regulate this township which had just been in-corporated. He and his wife Frances were admitted to full communion, March 31, 1700. Administration on his estate was granted September 26, 1721, to his sons, Joseph and John. He was a farmer. His children, born in Milford by his first wife. Frances, December 16, 1690: Joseph, March 21, 1693; Ann, January 30, 1696; John, December 24, 1697; Sarah, June 6, 1600; Jane, September 11, 1702; James, September, 1703. Children by second marriage: Richard, September 28, 1708; Edmund, mentioned below; Elizabeth, December 12, 1712; Samuel, August 13, 1714; Stephen, October 10, 1715.

(VIII) Edmund, son of Captain Joseph Treat, was born November 20, 1710, in Milford, Connecticut, died September 22, 1801, in Milford, He married (first) Alice Buckingham, born November 20, 1715, died June I, 1785, daughter of Gideon and Sarah (Hunt) Buckingham; he married (second) May 8, 1786, Elizabeth Oviatt. In the copy of the church records her name is incorrectly spelled Uvit, and she is there stated to be twenty-one and he seventy-five. For her second husband she married, May 31, 1804, Elias Smith, of New Milford. He was among those who in 1742 qualified in order to form the

Second Society. He was a farmer. As domestic animals were allowed to feed at large and in common by the early settlers, every owner was obliged to distinguish his creatures from his neighbors' by private marks, which were registered in the town records, thus: "Edmund Treat marks his creatures with a tennent on the left ear and a cross of ye top of right ear. Entered April 4th, 1732. "Edmund Treat marks his Geese by cutting a slit down ve right foot between ve outside claw 1743-44." A committee appointed to settle Edmund Treat's charges for caring for a cow found in a suffering condition awarded him will was dated January 15, 1790. The inventory in lands and household goods amounted to one thousand and thirty-one pounds seventeen shillings, nine pence. He mentions his wife Elizabeth and four children. Children by his first marriage: 1. Donald, died March 24, 1803. 2. Ann, born about 1735. 3. Sarah, born'about 1744. By his second marriage: 4. Isaac, mentioned below.

(IX) Isaac, son of Edmund Treat, was born February 22, 1788, in Milford, Connecticut, died September 23, 1858, in Oxford, town record), 1810, Eleanor E. Stiles, of Ox-4, 1854. Soon after the death of his father, he went to live with a great-uncle, Jonah Treat, who was appointed his guardian when about sixteen years old, and resided in Orange, an adjoining town, since his mother had married again. His father had intended that he should be educated in Yale College, but cir-cumstances prevented. Children, born in Oxford: Harriet E., February 10, 1811; George N., November 20, 1812; Cynthia M., Decem-21, 1814; William Edmund, mentioned below; Robert Smith, May 14, 1819; Betsey A., September 3, 1821; Sarah Lucinda, June 29, 1824; Eunice E., September 23, 1827; Burritt I.,

September 17, 1830.

Eleanor E. (Stiles) Treat, of Oxford was daughter of Nathan and Betsey (Wagner) Stiles. He was a soldier in the revolution in the company of Captain Heicock, Thirteenth Militia Regiment of Connecticut, in 1776. Nathan was son of Isaac Stiles, born April 17, 1728, at Stratford, Connecticut. Isaac was son of Isaac Stiles, born April 5, 1690; married (first) Abigail Adams, born September 25, 1696; married (second) Sarah

Isaac was son of Isaac Stiles, born 1663, married Hannah, daughter of Robert Rose. Isaac Stiles was son of Isaac Stiles, born at Windsor, Connecticut, the first male child born in

that colony. John Stiles, father of Isaac Stiles, was baptized at St. Michael's Church, Milbroke, Bedfordshire, England, December 25, 1595; early settler at Windsor, Connecticut; married Rachel -; had lot adjoining that of Francis Stiles, his brother, another im-

(X) William Edmund, son of Isaac Treat, was born January 18, 1817, in Oxford, Connecticut, died July 14, 1887, in Seymour, Connecticut. He resided in Oxford, that part afterwards called Seymour, on Great Hill, in the west part of the town. He was a farmer. He married, January 2, 1842, Augusta N. Nettleton, of Oxford. Children, born in Oxford. ford: George M., mentioned below; Ella Au-

gusta, born July 18, 1849.

(XI) George Merritt, son of William Edmund Treat, was born February 24, 1844, in Oxford, Connecticut. He married, June 18, 1871, Ellen, daughter of Lyman Lewis Loomer, born in Derby, Connecticut. mother was Lucy (Sperry) Loomer, of Woodbridge, Connecticut, daughter of Joshua and Mary Hitchcock Sperry, born in 1817, died August 30, 1890. Her father, Lyman Lewis Loomer, was the son of Orthni and Triphosa (Preston) Loomer, came from South Hadley, Massachusetts, and was married about 1812. Children: Harry, died at the age of five; Grace Ellen, born June 25, 1875, unmarried; William Howard, mentioned below.

(XII) Dr. William Howard, son of George Merritt Treat, was born July 18, 1880, in Derby, Connecticut. He attended the public schools of Derby and graduated from its high school in 1900. He entered the Yale Medical School in 1902, and graduated with the degree of M.D. in 1906. He then took a course in the Lying-In Hospital in New York City, and spent a year in the Elizabeth General Hospital in Elizabeth, New Jersey. He then became ship surgeon on the Quebec Steamship Company's Line and served for a time in that capacity. For one year he was associated with Dr. John Cook, of Bayonne, New Jersey, and then returned to Derby and began general practice, which he has continued successfully. He is a member of the Connecticut Medical Society, and has been appointed attending physician in the new Griffin Hospital of Derby. He is a member of the Second Congregational Church of Derby. He is also a member of King Hiram Lodge, No. 12, Free and Accepted Masons, of Derby. His office is at No. 166 Minerva street, Derby. He is unmarried.

(The Loomer Line).

The Loomer family settled before the revolution in New London county, Connecticut,

and at Partridgefield, now Peru, Massachusetts. Charles, Frederick and Joseph Loomer, of Peru, were soldiers in the revolution in Berkshire county regiments. In 1790 these three were living at Peru. Charles had two sons under sixteen and four females in his family; Joseph had one son under sixteen and four females; Frederick had no children and his family consisted of himself and wife. The only other family of the name in Massachusetts was that of Lucy Loomer, a widow of Peru, who had a daughter living with her, and she was probably mother of Charles, Frederick and Joseph. Charles and Lucy Loomer had at Partridgefield, according to the town records: Horace, born July 11, 1795, and Hiram, May 20, 1799. Darius Loomer also appears in Peru, and was doubtless another son of Lucy. The records show that he married (intentions dated February 3, 1792) Polly Stevens, of Peru, and they had: Loring, born August 10, 1793, at Barrington (Rhode Island, Barrington is given on the Peru records); George, born June 30, 1794, in Cooperstown, New York; William, born at Peru, July 16, 1799. These daughters of Lucy married at Peru: Lucinda Loomer married (intention October 31, 1791) Daniel Morse; Lucy Loomer married, November 12, 1786, Peter Stanton; and another Lucy Loomer married (intention August 1, 1798) Oliver

The first federal census of 1790 shows that Arnold Loomer had two females in his family; Ebenezer Loomer had one son under sixteen and three females; Lovisa, a widow, doubtless mother of Arnold and Ebenezer, had in her family one son under sixteen and two females. All were of New London county.

Arthur Loomer, of the Peru family, grandson of the first settler, married and lived, according to the family, at South Hadley, Massachusetts. He married Triphosa Preston.

Lyman Lewis Loomer, son of Arthur Loomer, settled at Woodbridge, Connecticut, and married Lucy Sperry. Their daughter Ellen married, June 18, 1871, George Merritt Treat (see Treat XI).

Thomas Chaffe, the immi-CHAFFEE grant ancestor, came to New England, where he owned land in 1635 and was living in Hingham, Massachusetts. The first mention of him in the records is found in the town clerk's office in Hingham, 1635, when the town of Hingham gave to John Tucker land adjoining his land. Although his name was not in the list of property owners in 1635, this record proves that he was a property owner, but the entry of

it was not given until 1037. Under the same date there is another entry showing that the town gave him about two acres of salt marsh, and July 17, 1637, two acres of land on Batchellor street (now Main street) for a house. This small amount proves that he was unmarried at the time, as the amount of land for a house was given with regard to the size of the family. In October, 1637, he was given a lot of ten acres abutting on Thomas Turner's land on the north and Ralph Smith's land on the south. The next record of him is April 9, 1642, in Nantasket, later called Hull, where he was admitted with several others as a planter and given two acres of land somewhere between the two hills next Pedock's Island. There were to be at least thirty-two lots, and the planters were to take them in order; they were to have four acres of planting land and two acres of meadow land also. On May 29, 1644, the name was changed to Hull, and in July a church was formed there. In both Hingham and Hull, Thomas Chaffe was a fisherman and a farm-The name of his wife is not known. He probably married in Hull, as no mention of him or his family is made in the notes of Rev. Peter Hobart in Hingham. The town records of Hull before 1657 have been lost. It is probable that his wife's name was Dorothy, as her sons both had daughters named Dorothy, and it was the custom to name children for their grandparents. The next mention of him in the records is a deed, February 4, 1650, in which he gives land over to Thomas Gill, of Hingham. This deed was not signed until 1670, in Hingham, and he and his son Joseph must have made a trip from Swansea, where they were living, in order to sign it. The last mention of him was in 1657, when a list of his lands is given. Between 1657 and May 30, 1660, he had moved from Hull and settled in Rehoboth, then in Plymouth colony. A deed has been found dated May 30, 1660, in which he sells to Thomas Loring, Sr., of Hull, his house, orchard and two home lots containing four acres; a lot of meadow by "Streights River"; two lots at Sagamore Hill and two at Strawberry Hill; and also all his rights and privileges in all the islands except Pedock's Island. In this deed he calls himself "some time of Hull in the county of Suffolke," but does not say where he was living However, in the Proprietor's Records of Rehoboth, he was one of the proprietors at least as early as December 25, 1660, and the records also contain a description of the boundaries of land belonging to him. A few months after the sale of his property in Hull he made his first recorded purchase of land in

Rehoboth, of Stephen Paine, Sr., February o. 1660. On April 11, 1664, he then of Wannawas the first mayor of New York City.' When his home in Wannanoisett became a part of the new town. He very likely owned land in Rehoboth, as in a deed in 1675 he calls himself of Rehoboth. In 1669 he sold to Joseph Carpenter property on New Meadow Neck, During King Philip's war he and his family, as well as near neighbors, doubtless lived in "Chaffe's Garrison," a stone building near his house, and during that time he bought more land of Francis Stevens of Rehoboth. On December 28, 1676, there is a record of an agreement in regard to "lands purchased of Asamequin and Wamsitto his sonne." The last mention of him in his life is March 16, 1679-80, in an agreement concerning the Paine lots and also "pasturing neck." He made his will July 25, 1680, proved March 6. 1683, in which he mentions his two sons, Nathaniel and Joseph. The inventory of his estate was taken May 15, 1683. Children: Nathaniel Chaffee, probably born between 1638 and 1642; Joseph, mentioned below

(II) Joseph Chaffe, son of Thomas Chaffe, was probably born between 1639 and 1646, in Nantasket, and died in Swansea, October 28, 1694. He married there, December 8, 1670, Annis, daughter of Richard Martin, of Rehoboth, and she died in Barrington, Massachusetts, formerly Swansea, probably early in March, 1729-30. He probably moved with his parents to Rehoboth between 1657 and 1660. In 1667 that part of Rehoboth where they lived, called Wannanoisett, was made a separate town, Swansea, where the first mention of him is found, when his earmark is given about 1670. On May 12, 1673, he was chosen highway surveyor. About 1675-76 he contributed to the fund for carrying on King Philip's war. On May 24. 1681, he was again chosen a highway survevor. March 6, 1683, he was made the executor of his father's will and brought the will for probate. He and his brother Nathaniel inherited all the property. He drew land April 9, 1685, in the division of land of Rehoboth. At a town meeting, May 24, 1687, he was made a constable. On September 12, 1688, he sold an acre of salt meadow to Thomas Barnes. On May 28, 1689, he was chosen a viewer of fences, and he was recorded as a proprietor this year. He made his will September 22, 1694, five weeks before his death, and it was filed with his inventory

November 13, 1694. His widow drew land twice after his death. She made her will April 25, 1721, and it was proved March 17, 1729-30, very likely soon after her death. Children, born in Swansea: Mary, born February 21, 1671-72, died May 7, 1674; John, mentioned below; Mary, October 23, 1675; Joseph, February 6, 1677; Annis (Ann), married October 15, 1743. Daniel Allen; Dorothy, September 4, 1682; Elizabeth, March 18, 1685; Sarah, March 18, 1687; Abigail, probably married at Providence, Rhode Island,

April 28, 1737, Thomas Field. (III) John Chaffe, son of Joseph Chaffe, was born in Swansea, December 16, 1673, and died at Woodstock, Connecticut, December 2. 1757. He married (first) in Swansea, July 17, 1700, Sarah, daughter of Gershom and Elizabeth (Chadwick) Hills, of Malden, Massachusetts, sister of his brother Joseph's wife. She died probably in Woodstock, April 7, 1735. He married (second) in Ashford, Connecticut, November 4, 1735, Elizabeth Hayward, who died in Woodstock, February 5, 1760, aged eighty-seven. On October 28, 1694, just before he was of age, his father died, and his mother, his brother and he were the executors. He and his mother drew lot No. 120 in the division of land in Rehoboth, June 16, 1697. On March 25, 1701, he was chosen a constable, and March 29, 1703, he and his mother drew another lot of land, and March 30, 1703, he was chosen a tithingman. On June 30, 1704, he was chosen to "serve on the petty jury at ye Court of Quarter Sessions to be holden at Bristol for ye County of Bristol on y 2 Tuesday of July next ensuing. He was a proprietor of Swansea. He signed a petition to change a part of Swansea to a new town, but it was refused on account of the vigorous opposition. On March 27, 1716, he was made a fence viewer. Another petition was sent which resulted in changing part of Swansea to the town of Barrington. In 1725, with two others, he was surveyor of highways, and in 1728 was grand juror and fence viewer. These are the last entries of him in Barrington records. He removed to Woodstock, and March 13, 1728-29, he bought land of Ebenezer Morris, and two weeks later sold thirty acres of upland, meadow and salt marsh. On May 9, 1729, he sold land to his brother Joseph, and on May 17, 1729, he sold some more salt marsh. Late in February or early in March, 1729-30, his mother died, and he was obliged to return to Barrington, where her will was proved. For fifteen years there is no record of him, but he lost his first wife and married again in that time, and February

o. 1744-45, he bought fifty acres of land of his

son Joel. He made his will August 29, 1754. Children, by first wife, born in Swansea: Joseph, January 17, 1701; Joel, mentioned below; Ebenezer, September 22, 1704; Hezekiah, April 19, 1706; John Jr., February 10,

706-07.

(IV) Joel Chaffe, son of John Chaffe, was born probably in Swansea, in 1702, and died in Woodstock, June 20, 1745. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Bicknell, of Middleboro, and she died before February 2, 1757, when her estate was divided. He was a "cordwainer" or shoemaker of Barrington. He bought and sold much land. On May 26, 1742, he signed a petition to have Woodstock made a separate town with religious privileges. Children, the first two of whom were born at Rehoboth, the others at Woodstock: Elizabeth, January 2, 1729-30; Joshua, mentioned below; Joel, about 1732, soldier in the revolution; Abigail, January 16, 1734-35; Abigail, January 16, 1734-35; Abigail, July 2, 1737; Daniel, August 4, 1739; Lucy, May 8, 1742; Ruth, March 20, 1743-44. (V) Joshua Chaffee, son of Joel Chaffe, was born in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, May

26, 1731, and died in Ellsworth, Connecticut, October 9, 1789. He married in Sharon, Connecticut, July 2, 1755, Mary, daughter of Matthew St. John of Sharon (Wilton). She was born in Wilton, September 25, 1739, and died August 28, 1829. He was a farmer. Shortly after marriage he moved to Sharon from Mansfield, and April 20, 1757, Matthew St. John, of Sharon, deeded to his daughter Mary and son-in-law Joshua Chaffee, for love, good will and affection, twelve acres in Sharon, and in the year following he sold Joshua thirteen acres more. He bought and sold real estate from time to time in Sharon. His name appears in the roll of the company of minutemen of East Haddam among other Sharon men in May, 1776. He was made a freeman of Sharon, October 16, 1777. His will is dated February 14, 1787. He and his wife are buried in Ellsworth, where their gravestones bear this inscription: "For me to live is Christ and to die is gain." Children, born at Sharon: Elizabeth, May 11, 1757; Joel Israel, July 2, 1759; Mary, June 10, 1762; Lucy, February 12, 1765; Mathew, December 12, 1767; Lovina, December 26, 1770; Olive, October 17, 1774; Lettice, September 3, 1777; Joshua Bignall, mentioned below; Julia, March 10, 1786.

(VI) Joshua Bignall Chaffee, son of Joshua Chaffee, was born in Sharon, Connecticut, March 8, 1781, and died in Ellsworth, Connecticut, March 11, 1832. He married (first) June 4, 1809, Anna, daughter of Deacon Amos and Sarah (Cook) Seymour, of Ellsworth.

She died there June 4, 1810, aged thirty-one. and he married (second). December 25, 1820. Hannah, daughter of Ebenezer and Sarah (Bell) Birdsey, of Stratford, Connecticut, She was born at Cornwall, Connecticut, Sep-tember 29, 1791, and died August 28, 1886. She married (second) March 23, 1840, Major Samuel E. Everitt. At the time of her death she was living at Ellsworth. Joshua Bignall Chaffee was a farmer of Ellsworth. He is described as of dark complexion, black eves and five feet, eight inches in height. He was for several years selectman of Sharon, and at the time of his death was a justice of the peace. He and both wives are buried in Ellsworth. Children of first wife, born at Ellsworth: Elmore, April 26, 1810, died at Poughkeepsie, New York, married, February 20, 1834, Esther Dunbar; Jerome Seymour, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Mary, March 18, 1822, died at Ellsworth, April 9, 1828; Eben Whitney, January 19. 1824, married Amanda Fuller.

(VII) Jerome Seymour Chaffee, son of Joshua Bignall Chaffee, was born at Ellsworth, Connecticut, December 14, 1814, and died in March, 1905, at the great age of ninety-one years. He removed to Amenia, New York, about 1833, and was assessor, commissioner of highways, and held other offices of trust and honor there. He removed to Leedsville, New York, after 1876, and was a prosperous farmer and grain dealer in that

town.

He married (first) in Kent, Connecticut, October 24, 1839, Arrita L. Stuart, born in Kent, December 15, 1812, died in Amenia, November 26, 1872, daughter of James and Melinda (Berry) Stuart. He married (second) in Sharon, June 8, 1876, Adelia Emma Fuller, born March 13, 1841, daughter of Cyrus Hackett and Harriet (Skiff) Fuller, of Sharon. Mr. Chaffee is described as of dark complexion, black eyes, and five feet five inches in height. He joined the Ellsworth Congregational Church at the age of twenty.

(VIII) James Stuart Chaffee, only child of Jerome Seymour Chaffee by his first wife, was born at Sharon, Connecticut, October 3, 1846, and removed to Amenia with his parents, and is still living there. He was educated in the public schools and at a private school at Wilbraham, Massachusetts. He went west for a time and was employed in the development of the lands in the Red River Valley, North Dakota. He was afterward a member of the firm of Tanner & Chaffee, dealers in flour, grain, feed and plaster, at Wassaic, New York. Most of his life has been spent in Amenia. His farm there is

known as "Rillside," and is located in the village of Amenia Union. He has been a wholesale dealer in grain for many years. In politics he is a Republican, and has been justice of the peace, commissioner of highways and supervisor of the town of Amenia, Dutchess county, New York. He married, September 17, 1872, Lydia Judd, born at Kent, December 16, 1850, daughter of Edward Mathew and Laura (Cartwright) Judd. She was a member of the Congregational Church. Her mother was a descendant of Nicholas Cartwright. Children: 1. Jerome Stuart, mentioned below. 2. Edward Judd, born August 6, 1875; a farmer; married (first) Celia Cline; (second) Annette Titus, who shad James Stuart (2d). 3. Aritta, August 22, 1877; married Guernsey Cline; children: Stuart, Florence, Guernsey Cline. 4. Everitte Providence, Rhode Island, graduate of Yale College and Harvard Law School. 5. Rollo Nichols, February 28, 1882; married Millie

(IX) Dr. Jerome Stuart Chaffee, son of James Stuart Chaffee, was born November 11, 1873, at Amenia Union, New York, He was educated in the public schools and at cation at the University of Pennsylvania. where he received the degree of M.D. in 1897. in 1901. In 1898 he was in the navy and served in the war under Admiral Dewey at Manilla with the rank of assistant surgeon. From May, 1898, to November, 1899; was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant of the Medical Department of the army in 1900, and held this position until 1903, when he rehe came to Sharon and began to practice serve Corps in 1906. He is a member of the necticut State Medical Society, the American Wars, the University Club of Litchfield Club, and various college fraternities. He is treasurer and attending surgeon of the Sharon Hospital; surgeon for the New York Central railroad, and medical examiner of this attends the Episcopal church.

He married, November 7, 1900, Grace D. Ketcham, of Dover Plains, New York, daughter of Richard Platt Ketcham, bank cashier of that place, and Mary (Dutcher) Ketcham, descendant of one of the oldest and most promise.

nent families of that section. They have no

The Snowman family settled SNOWMAN in Maine before the revolu-

tion. John Snowman was a soldier in the revolution in Captain Thomas Hodsdon's company, Colonel Thomas Poor's recipient from July 2007. regiment, from May 27, 1778, to February 12, 1779, nine months and two days. The roll of the company from which this record was taken was dated at Berwick, Maine, then in Massachusetts. According to the first federal census, John and William Snowman, of York county, Maine, were the only heads of family of this name; John had in his family two sons under sixteen and three females; William had only a wife, and was probably an elder son of John.

(II) William, son of John Snowman, was born as early as 1765. He settled at Penob-

scot, Maine.

(III) Charles, son of William Snowman, was born about 1795-1800 at Penobscot, Maine, and settled there. He married Mary, daughter of William Hutchings, who was a soldier in the revolution and lived to the remarkable age of one hundred and one years and seven months. When William Hutchings was a hundred years old, he went to Bangor on a revenue cutter and made a speech there. Children of Charles Snowman: William, Erastus, Joseph, Leander A., mentioned

below, Lobrina, Judith, Angelina.

(IV) Leander A., son of Charles Snowman, was born in Penobscot, October, 1832, and is now living in his native place. He was educated in the public schools, and has always followed farming and ship-caulking, as did his father before him. In politics he is a Republican and has represented his district in the state legislature and upon the board of selectmen. He married Phebe Ann Bridges, born in Penobscot, in 1836, daughter of Ira Bridges. Children: Luella, born June 30, 1856, resides with parents; Edward A., June 21, 1857, a stock broker at Springfield, Massachusetts; Ernest A., January 6, 1863, lives in Boston and is in business in Faneuil Hall market; child, died in infancy; child, died in infancy; Elmer C., mentioned below; Benjamin W., traveling salesman, living at Southington, Connecticut; Una, married M. B. Bridges.

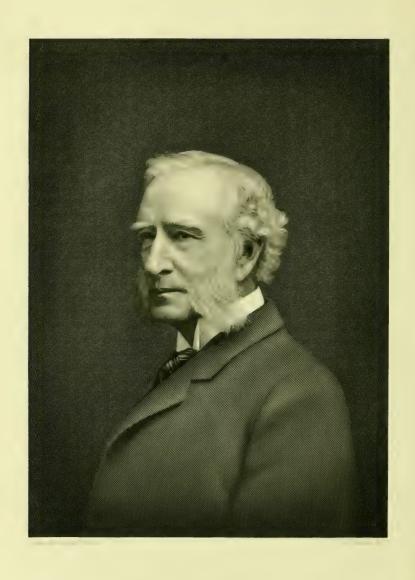
(V) Elmer C., son of Leander A. Snowman, was born in Penobscot, Maine, December 13, 1868, and was educated in the public schools of his native town. From 1885 to 1892, a period of seven years, he was employed as clerk in a grocery store in Spring-

field, and then for five years was in partnership with his brother in the cracker and bread business, with a bakery at Greenfield, Massachusetts. In 1897 he made his home in Springfield and was employed by the National Biscuit Company as a traveling salesman, and later was with a Hartford tea and coffee house. He continued on the road until 1906, when in July of that year he bought a grain and feed business in Litchfield, Connecticut, and embarked in business under the name of the Litchfield Grain Company, a corporation of which he is secretary and treasurer and of which his brother, E. A. Snowman, is president. He is a member of St. Paul Lodge, No. 11, Free and Accepted Masons, of Litchfield, and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of Greenfield. He married, November 28, 1888, Lillian Vivian, of Cheshire, Connecticut, daughter of George and Mary Jane Vivian, of Redneth, England. Mr. and Mrs. Snowman have no children.

Samuel Taylor, the immigrant TAYLOR ancestor, was born in England in 1777 and when about six-

teen years of age came with his brother Joseph to join their uncle, Benjamin Taylor, who was a merchant in New York. Some inducement brought him to that part of the town of Chatham, Connecticut, which is now known as Portland. Here he married, April 11, 1798, Sarah Pemberton, born August 21, 1780, at Preston, Connecticut, daughter of Patrick Grant and Mary (Johnson) Pemberton, of Preston and Chatham, Connecticut, and a lineal descendant of Rev. Ebenezer Pemberton, an early pastor of the Old South Church of Boston, Massachusetts. Soon after he settled in South Glastonbury as a contracting sail-maker. He took an active interest in church matters, and read the services for many years at St. Luke's Episcopal Church, South Glastonbury, during the intervals when they had no rector. The following is taken from Dr. Gurdon Wadsworth Russell's "History of Christ Church, Hartford": "I remember Mr. Taylor as he appeared in the latter days of his life. He was most venerable and benevolent and as good a specimen of an old fashioned Connecticut churchman as is often to be found, and perhaps more often to be found in our country parishes than in those of our cities. His devotion had its outcome in attending to his duties and obligations in public religious worship and in striving to live in peace and charity with all men." He died at the residence of his son, Edwin Taylor, in Hartford, Connecticut, on December 28, 1858. Mrs. Sarah (Pemberton) Taylor, his wife,





Muul Daylor

died at Glastonbury, Connecticut, on September 26, 1843. Children of Samuel and Sarah (Pemberton) Taylor: 1. Benjamin, born January 18, 1799; died April 29, 1890, and was buried at South Glastonbury. He married (first), November 3, 1824, Mary Ann Hale, and (second), November 25, 1862, Mary Tinker Clark. 2. Sophia, born March 7, 1801; died November 14, 1861, unmarried. 3. George, born April 26, 1803; died December 13, 1848; married Eunice Harris. 4. Eliza, born August 6, 1805; died September 21, 1839, unmarried. 5. Edwin, born October 6, 1807; married Nancy Jane Kinne; see forward. 6. Hannah, born February 14, 1810; died April 7, 1841; married Edwin Miller. 7. Sally Ann, born May 15, 1812; died October 13, 1891; married Gideon Kinne. 8. Francis, born November 2, 1814; married Lucretia Miner. 9. Joseph, born January 11, 1818; died November 12, 1910; married (first) Miss Dashiell; (second) Mary Metz. 10. Mary, born August 20, 1820; died October 14, 1894, unmarried. 11. Martha, born July 20, 1823; died November 16, 1871; married Henry S. Parsons.

(II) Edwin, son of Samuel and Sarah (Pemberton) Taylor, was born in Chatham (now Portland), Connecticut, October 6, 1807. He spent his youth in Glastonbury, and about 1830 went to Hartford and engaged in business as a merchant with his brother Benjamin. They opened a store at the foot of State street, in a building erected by Mr. Taylor in 1833, which was afterwards used as a station by the Valley Railroad Company. At that time the merchandise was brought to Hartford by water, the steamboats stopping at the foot of State street. In 1835 he went into the lumber and planing business, acquiring an interest in the business founded by Noah Wheaton, later known under the firm name of Bristol and Wheaton, located at Dutch Point. The new firm was known as Preston and Taylor, the members being Esek J. and Zephaniah Preston and Edwin Taylor. Later the Prestons retired from the firm, and Benjamin Taylor became a partner, the firm name becoming B. and E. Taylor. On April 16, 1849, a fire destroyed the mill and a part of the stock on hand. Immediately a new mill was built, and Edwin Taylor started in business again in company with Edwin Spencer, the cashier of the Connecticut River Bank. Spencer died in the fall of that year, and his interests were bought by James Bartholomew, the firm name being E. Taylor & Company. In 1854 Samuel Taylor bought the Bartholomew interest, and the firm name became E. Taylor & Son until 1862, when John S. Robinson entered the firm. After Mr. Robinson's Edwin P. Taylor succeeded to his father's interests in May, 1888. Mr. Taylor was in business for fifty-eight years, fifty-two of which were spent in the lumber trade. He was a Republican in politics and a member of the Hartford city council for one term. He was a communicant in Christ Church, Hartford, and one of the founders of the St. John's Church, of which he was a warden for many years. In stature he was a man of medium His character made him highly esteemed by all who knew him.

Edwin Taylor married, January 17, 1832, Nancy Jane Kinne, of Glastonbury, born March 5, 1810; died in Hartford on October 21, 1887, daughter of Aaron and Amelia (Hale) Kinne. Her father was a graduate of Yale College and a teacher. Edwin Taylor died at Hartford, May 11, 1888. Children of Edwin and Nancy Jane (Kinne) Taylor: 1. Samuel, born April 26, 1833; died August 23, 1908; married (first) Laura Louise Lester; (second) Mary Amelia Curtin; see forward. 2. Esther Jane, born September 24, 1834: died September 25, 1835. 3. Infant son, born and died March, 1836. 4. Amelia, born December 9, 1837; died September 19, 1838. 5. Brainard, born March 19, 1839; died December 8, 1839. 6. Sarah Kinne, born September 10, 1841; died October 23, 1861. 7. Julia, born November 29, 1844; married (first) John Stone Robinson; (second) Roland G. Curtin; see forward. 8. Edwin Pemberton, born August 20, 1849; married Caroline Lincoln; see forward. 9. Ada Louise, born August I, 1851; died September 23, 1852.

(III) Samuel, son of Edwin and Nancy Jane (Kinne) Taylor, was born in Hartford, April 26, 1833, and died at Hatchetts Point. South Lyme, Connecticut, in August 23, 1908. He was educated at the Hopkins Grammar School of Hartford, and began his business life as a clerk for Watkinson and Bartholomew. Later he held a similar position with Collins Brothers, wholesale drygoods merchants. In 1854 he was admitted to partnership with his father in the lumber business, and was the executive head of the firm for more than twenty-five years. He was not new to the business at that time, as he had previously assisted his father. From that time until 1862 the firm was E. Taylor & Son, and when John S. Robinson entered it the name when Mr. Robinson died, it again was made E. Taylor & Co., and then in 1876, when Mr. Robinson died, it again was made E. Taylor & Son. Edwin Taylor died in 1888 and Samuel Taylor and his brother, Edwin P. Tavlor, were afterwards in business together, and Mr. Taylor conducted it alone for a time. In 1861 the mill was moved to Colt's dyke, the change from the original location being made on account of the freshets.

Mr. Taylor was a member of the city council in 1856 and was its youngest member, being only twenty-three years old. He was the fourth councilman from the fourth ward, the city then having six wards. The council then met in the old city hall, on the site of the present police station. After his year as a councilman, Mr. Taylor held no other political office whatever, but he was a Republican from the foundation of the party in 1856 and voted for every Republican nominee for the presidency from Lincoln to Roosevelt. He had known many men prominent in the affairs of the state and his recollections of the civil war period and the years after were most interesting. He was known and regarded as one of the most careful and painstaking financiers of Hartford. He was president of the State Savings Bank and after 1875 a director in the American National Bank. He was a vestryman in the Church of the Good Shepherd (Episcopal) and acted as trustee of the Church Scholarship Society and Fisher Memorial Fund; he was a member of the Church Club, Hartford Club, The Hartford Republican Club, the Connecticut Historical Society, and the Hartford Chapter of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Samuel Taylor married (first), November 27, 1856, Laura Louise Lester, born in East Hartford on April 3, 1830; died at Hartford, June 12, 1870; daughter of Chauncey and Abby (Wood) Lester, of East Hartford. He married (second), June 5, 1873, Mary Amelia Curtin, born January 5, 1836, at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, died October 11, 1887, at Hartford, Connecticut. She was daughter of Dr. Constans and Mary Ann (Kinne) Curtin, of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania. Child of Samuel and Laura (Lester) Taylor: 1. Ada Louise, born August 10, 1863, at Hartford, where she resides. Child of Samuel and Mary Amelia (Curtin) Taylor: 2. Mary Curtin, born September 19, 1874, at Hartford,

where she resides.

(III) Julia, daughter of Edwin and Nancy Jane (Kinne) Taylor, was born at Hartford, November 29, 1844, and died at Philadelphia, March 18, 1904. She married (first), November 27, 1867, John Stone Robinson, born May 29, 1837; died at Hartford, January 21, 1876; son of George and Harriet Robinson. She married (second), March 22, 1882, Roland Gideon Curtin, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, born at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1839; son of Dr. Constans and Mary

Anne (Kinne) Curtin, of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania. Children of John S. and Julia (Taylor) Robinson: 1. Sarah, born September 13, 1868; died July 23, 1872. 2. Julia Louise, born February 10, 1870, married Dr. Samuel D. Risley. 3. Edwin Taylor, born February 18, 1872, married Florence Evey. 4. John Trumbull, born June 11, 1874. 5. George, born December 28, 1875; died May 10, 1877. Children of Roland Gideon and Julia (Taylor) Curtin: 6. Roland Kinne, born August 6, 1883; died July 29, 1884. 7. Mary

Kinne, born May 15, 1885.

(III) Edwin Pemberton, son of Edwin and Nancy Jane (Kinne) Taylor, was born at Hartford, Connecticut, August 20, 1849. He resides at Hartford, and is the head of the Edwin Taylor Lumber Co. He married, November 12, 1874, at Hartford, Caroline Lincoln, born August 15, 1849, at Hartford, daughter of Charles T. and Maria (Brewster) Lincoln. Children of Edwin Pemberton and Caroline (Lincoln) Taylor: 1. Charles Lincoln, born September 10, 1875; married Bertha H. Smith. 2. Edwin Pemberton, born February 22, 1879. 3. Caroline Brewster, born July 23, 1883. 4. Roland Kinne, born July 18, 1887; died July 25, 1888. 5. Morgan Welles, born May 14, 1895.

The origin of the surname PLUMB Plumb (Plume, Plumbe and its other variations) is unknown, but it was in use in England among the earliest family names. The American family of Plumb is descended from the English family of county Essex. There are numerous coatsof-arms of this family, but that to which the Essex branch has claim is described: Ermine a bend vaire or and gules cottised vert. Crest: Out of a ducal coronet or a plume of strict feathers argent. The name of Robertus Plumme appears in the Great Roll of Normandy, in A. D. 1180; also Robert Plome. John Plume was in Hertfordshire in 1240, and in 1274 the surname is found in Somersetshire, Cambridge and Norfolk. One branch of the Connecticut Plumbs traces its ancestry direct to John Plumb, or Plumbe, of Toppesfield, county Essex, England, born about 1505; of this line, John Plumb, of Wethersfield, was the immigrant and progenitor of a widely dispersed line.

(I) John Plumb, of Terling, county Essex, was born about 1510, and was doubtless closely related to the other John. He married Johana — , and he was buried January 25, 1548-49. Children: Elizabeth: Jane, baptized February 23, 1538-39; Margaret, baptized May 18, 1540; Philip, May 4, 1542; Johana, May 22, 1543; Thomasin, April 4, 1545;

George, mentioned below.

(11) George, son of John Plumb, was baptized at Terling, April 23, 1547; was buried there October 11, 1586, aged thirty-nine years five months eighteen days. The names of his children are not known, but there is good reason to believe that he and his sons lived at Inworth, the register of which is lost.

(IV) George Plumb, or Plume, grandson, it appears to be proved, of George Plumb, was born about 1607. His will, dated July 25, 1667, bequeathing to wife Grace and sons John and Timothy, was proved July 18, 1670, and shows that he was father of Timothy of Hartford and Wethersfield, and of John, mentioned below. He had a second wife Sarah, who proved the will. George was buried in June, 1670, at Inworth, Essex, England,

where he lived.

(V) John, son of George Plumb, was born in Essex, England, in 1634, and died about 1696. He deposed at Hartford, Connecticut, July 11, 1666, that he was about thirty-two years old. He lived many years at Hartford, but moved to New London, Connecticut; was constable there in 1680 and inn-holder there. His wife joined the church in 1691. He was a shipowner and master and owned the ketch "Hartford." His wife was fined for selling liquor to the Indians. He was a bearer of dispatches from New London to the governor at Hartford in January, 1675-76, in King Philip's war, and was afterward granted land for service in this war. He was given a power of attorney, when he was of Hartford, to collect debts at Charlestown, Massachusetts, for creditors in England, and was named a son of George Plumb, of Inworth, Essex. He married Elizabeth Green. Children: John, born about 1666; Samuel, mentioned below; Joseph, about 1671; Green, al et 1673; Mercy. 1977; George, 1670; Sarah, 1682.

(VI) Samuel, son of John Plumb, was born in 1670, probably at Hartford. He settled in Milford, Connecticut. His will, dated May 22, 1728, mentions land at New London, and was proved June 12, 1728. He died May 29, 1728, though his tombstone gives the date May 19. He married Mehitable Hinde. Children, born at Milford: Joseph, February 17, 1694-95; Mehitable, October 12, 1696; Elizabeth, February 18, 1699-1700; Samuel, February 8, 1701-02; Ebenezer, March 25, 1705; Ezra, mentioned below; Jonathan, September 10, 1710; Samuel, 1711; Hannah, April 6, 1712.

(VII) Ezra, son of Samuel Plumb, was born at Milford, February 27, 1708-09; died July 1, 1787; married, March 9, 1739, Elizabeth Buel, born April 27, 1720. He settled in Litchfield, Connecticut, in 1733, with his brother Joseph. Children, born at Litchfield: Elizabeth, May 9, 1742; Ebenezer, January 27, 1746-47; Hannah, November 24, 1749; Ezra, mentioned below.

(VIII) Ezra (2), son of Ezra (1) Plumb, was born at Litchfield, May 10, 1755, and died there October 17, 1787. He married, June 8, 1775, Sarah Woodruff, born July 13, 1751, died February 8, 1781, daughter of Nathaniel Jr. He married (second) December 4, 1783, Sarah Griswold, Children: 1. John, mentioned below. 2. David, born March 4, 1778. 3. Elizabeth, November 17, 1779; married Silas White. 4. Sarah, October 19, 1784; married Aaron Spencer and Noah Beach. 5. Ezra, December 25, 1786; died December 22, 1850; married, January 20, 1811, Hannah Lemley; grandparents of Hon. C. C. Jadwin, member of congress, who prepared much of the genealogy of this family.

(1X) John, son of Ezra (2) Phun', was born at Litchfield, July 6, 1776; married, June, 1798, Deborah Plumb, who died November 26, 1828, aged fifty-six years, daughter of Ebenezer Plumb, John died August 15, 1813. Children, born at Litchfield: I. Charlotte, April 20, 1760; married, August 1, 1815. Asa Slade. 2, Frederick W., mentioned below.

born October 28, 1801; married, December 8, 1828, Huldah Seymour Landon. He died September 26, 1877, aged seventy-five years ten months twenty-eight days; she died July 19, 1854. Children, born at Litchfield: I. John L., mentioned below. 2. Seth F., August 27, 1836; killed at Chapin's Farm, Virginia, September 29, 1864, in battle in the civil war. 3. Lennia Elmira, born June 28, 1838. 4. William H., September 17, 1840; married (first) Emma T. Buell; (second) March 18, 1885. Ellen Peck. 5. Charles E., March 17, 1845; married Emma Camp.

(XI) John L. Plumb, son of Frederick W. Plumb, was born at Litchfield, December 14. 1831; died in November, 1907. He married, April 21, 1856, Lucy Fields, who is now fiving at Litchfield. Children, born at Litchfield: I. at Litchiedd. Children, born at Litchiedd: I. Frederick L., July 11, 1858; in insurance business, New York City. 2. Anna Gertrude, February 27, 1861; lives at Litchfield. 3. Edward L., August 22, 1862; married, December 30, 1890, Jennie Kilbourne; he is a florist at Litchfield. 4. William S., February 11, 1865; mail clerk, Litchfield. 5. John Fields, westigned below.

mentioned below.

(XII) Rev. John Fields Plumb, son of John L. Plumb, was born at Litchfield, Connecticut, March 20, 1867. He attended the public schools of his native town and Trinity College, where he was graduated with the degree of A.B. in 1891. He studied for the ministry in Berkeley Divinity School, and was graduated in 1894. He was ordained a deacon the same year, and took orders as priest in 1895. From June, 1894, to April, 1895, he was assistant at St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, of Stamford, Connecticut. He was appointed rector of St. John's Church of New Milford, Connecticut, in 1895, and has had charge of that parish to the present time. He has built a parish house, and effected various other improvements in the church property. He is archdeacon and assistant secretary of the diocese. He is probation officer. He is a member of St. Peter's Lodge, No. 21, Free Masons, New Milford.

He married, June 12, 1895, Annie Goodman, daughter of A. C. Goodman and Annie (Johnston) Goodman, of Hartford (see Goodman). Children: Lucy G.; Edward L.;

Robert J.; Annie Alden; John L.

It is believed that the BURROUGHS Connecticut family of Burroughs is descended from the distinguished family of the same name which from an early period was seated near Barnstable in the county of Devon, England. A noted representative of that ancient house was Captain Stephen Burroughs, the navigator, who in 1553 commanded one of the vessels in the expedition sent from England by the Muscovy Company to attempt the passage to China by the Nova Zembla route. All the ships except that of Burroughs were lost on the coast of Lapland, but he arrived safely in the White Sea, and from this event dates the beginning of commercial relations with Russia. In 1556 he discovered the straits Oveparatiaq Nova Zembla from the then supposed continent. Another member of the Devonshire family, William Burroughs, Esq., "clerk and comptroller of the queen's navy, received in 1586 a grant of a coat-of-arms, described as azure, a bend wavy argent between two fleurs-de-lis ermine-a blazonry of much beauty.

For the early records of the Burroughs family in Connecticut we are indebted to Orcutt, the historian of Bridgeport and Stratford. (See also the paper by Mr. Orcutt, "Captain Stephen Burroughs and His Times," in the Annual Reports of the Fairfield County Historical Society for 1887.)

(I) Robert Burroughs, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, married Mary, widow of Samuel Ireland, and removed to New London, Connecticut; had (with perhaps other children) a son, see forward.

(II) John, son of Robert Burroughs, was born in New London, Connecticut. He married there Mary, daughter of John Culver. Children: John, see forward; Mary, born December 14, 1672; Hannah, October 9, 1674; Margaret, October 5, 1677; Samuel, October 5, 1679; Robert, September 9, 1681; Abi-

gail, August 10, 1682.

(III) John (2), eldest child of John (1) Burroughs, was born in New London, Connecticut, September 2, 1671. Removing in early manhood to Stratford, Fairfield county. Connecticut, he became a prominent citizen of that community and one of its most enterprising men. In 1707 he purchased a half proprietorship in a grist mill, with a dwelling and several acres of land from John Seeley, who had built the mill-the first on the Pequonnock river—in 1697; and in 1710 he bought Seeley's remaining interest. Throughout the remainder of his life he was a prosperous farmer and miller. He married Patience, daughter of Edward Hinman, of Stratford. Children: Stephen, see forward; Edward, born March 14, 1696; Hannah, November 23, 1697, married Eliphalet Curtis; Eunice, September, 1699, married Joseph Curtis; Joseph, November 23, 1701; Bathsheba, September 26, 1703, married a Mr. Lewis; John, August 31, 1705; Eden, July 10, 1707; Ephraim, 1708; Patience, January 2, 1710, married (first) John Hubbell, (second) Benjamin Beach.

(IV) Stephen, eldest child of John (2) Burroughs, was born in Stratford, February 25, 1695. He inherited the paternal homestead, and also received a "double portion" of the estate. Subsequently, by purchase from his sisters, he became the sole owner of the mill property. In addition to his possessions in Stratford he had lands "in Rocky Hill, in the mountains of Cornwall, and on the plains of Wallingford." He married, March 3, 1720, Ruth, daughter of Abraham Nichols, a leading citizen and member of a wealthy family of Stratford. Children: Patience, born January, 1721; Eunice, July 4, 1723; Edward, 1727, died November 29, 1733; Stephen, see forward; Ruth, born April, 1731; Edward, April, 1735; Eden, January, 1738; Ephraim, April, 1740; John, July 1, 1745.

April, 1740: John, July I, 1745.

(V) Stephen (2), known as Captain Stephen Burroughs and also as Stephen Burroughs the astronomer, fourth child of Stephen (1) Burroughs, was born in Rocky Hill, now North Bridgeport, October 4, 1729. He was a man of extraordinary mathematical attainments, which, apparently, were acquired

without the advantage of any formal educational training. Among his literary reviews, possessed by his descendants, in his "Navigation Book," bearing date 1749 (when he was only twenty), which contains intricate trigonometrical problems, worked out by logarithms, for use in trigonometry. He continned his astronomical studies with great zest to the end of his life, made numerous calculations for almanacs, and was engaged in the compilation of an extended work on astronomy, which he was obliged to suspend by the loss of his evesight when about seventy years old. To him has been attributed the invention of the decimal monetary system of the United States. According to Isaac Sherman, direction and submitted it to Hon. William Samuel Johnson, "who after understanding its simplicity and great convenience, caused it to be brought before congress in 1784, when he was a member of that body." He possessed an unusually large and varied library for those times, a portion of which is now preserved in the Burroughs Public Library of suits of Stephen Burroughs were, however, only incidental to a life of great activity and success in practical affairs. He was the principal merchant of the locality, and his establishment at the Burroughs Landing at Rocky Hill was the center of the shipping business of the Pequonnock river. The manuscript records of his transactions, kept with scrupulous care, are of great historical value for the information which they afford about the circumstances and usages of life and society in Connecticut during the latter half of the eighteenth century. In the revolution he was an earnest patriot and raised a military company, known as the Householders, of which he was captain. He was twice a representative in the general assembly, and for many years was justice of the peace. He died August 2, 1817, in his eighty-eighth year.

He married (first) May 22, 1760, Elizabeth Browne, who died December 4, 1764, of a "very excellent family" of Stratford, daughter of Joseph Browne and sister of Anne Browne, who married Wolcott Chauncey and was the mother of the famous Commodore Isaac Chauncey of the United States navy. Captain Stephen Burroughs married (second) December 11, 1765, Huldah, daughter of Peter Pixlee and widow of Jeremiah Judson. Children by first marriage: 1. Eunice, born April 30, 1761, married William Pendleton and had three daughters, one of whom, Abigail Pendleton, married Captain Loudy Lafield, of Maryland. 2. Stephen, see forward.

3. David, born October 28, 1764, died March 25, 1765. Children by second marriage: 4. Elizabeth, born September 4, 1767, married Sterling Edwards. 5. Huldah, born March 26, 1769, married Joseph Backus, of Bridgeport, grandson of Rev. Timothy Edwards, of East Windsor, and had several children. 6. Abijah, born January 17, 1771, merchant captain, sailing to the East Indies, lost at sea, September 24, 1795. 7. David, born October 31, 1773, lost at sea, September 25, 1795. 8. Isaac, born October 15, 1775, sea captain and successful merchant, married Rebecca, daughter of Andrew Hurd, and had several children, one of whom, Catherine A. Burroughs, married Allison A. Pettingill, the editor then of the Bridgeport Standard, and she gave the building for the Public Library (known as the Burroughs Library) to the city of Bridgeport, and also donated thirty thousand dollars to St. John's Church of Bridgeport, Burroughs Home for unmarried women at Black Rock.

(2) Burroughs (by his first marriage), was born March 5, 1763. He was a merchant in also made several voyages in the trade with China. He married (first) March, 1792, Mary, daughter of Levi Jennings, of Boston; (second) November, 1812, Pamelia Turney, of Trumbull, Connecticut, widow of Dr. Higby. Children of Stephen Burroughs by first marriage: I. Maria, born June, 1792, married Isaac Sherman, Esq., of Bridgeport: of their children were Mary Sherman, died unmarried, Eliza Sherman, and Jane E. Sherman, married Rowland R. Lacey (see Hunter and Lacey families). 2. Stephen, born August 27, 1793, died unmarried. 3, Henry, born April 30, 1795, died 1797. 4, Lucretia, born November 19, 1796, married (first) Ransom C. Canfield, (second) Deacon William De Forest; had by her first husband: Maria Canfield, married Benjamin C. De Forest; Philo Canfield, of Wisconsin; Rev. Charles Canfield, of New England: and Elvira Canfield, married George Peabody. 5. Eliza, born April 23, 1798, married David M. Birch. 6. Henry C., see forward. 7. Charles, born July 31, 1802, died 1816. 8. Fanny, born April 7, 1804, married Joseph Woollev, of Pawtucket, Rhode Island. 9. Jennette, born October 24, 1805, married Charles L. Nichols and had Charles E., George W., Mary, Edward L., Henry C., Sarah J., Elizabeth, Walter, Francis. 10. David, born May 6, 1809, married Elizabeth Griffin, of Greenfield Hill. Children by second marriage: 11. George Burroughs, born July 15, 1813, died 1872, thirtyfive years cashier of the Bridgeport Bank, and a citizen highly esteemed; married Catherine S., daughter of Legrand Bancroft, of Newtown, granddaughter of H. Oliver Bancroft, of Newtown, and great-granddaughter of Ephraim Bancroft, of East Windsor; children: Harriet Louise, married Joseph Torrey, of New Jersey: Mary Katherine, dead, married Nedick Perrin Perry; George Legrand, dead; James Richard, of Bridgeport. 12. Cornelia, born August 13, 1817. married Frederick S. Kirtland. 13. Harriet, born February 20, 1819, died unmarried, 1836. 14. Susan, born June 22, 1821, died 1825. 15. Charles, born June 15, 1825, married Amanda Wheelock, of California.

(VII) Henry Canner, sixth child of Stephen (3) Burroughs (by his first marriage), was born in Bridgeport, October 20, 1800. died October, 1876. He was engaged in the real estate business in Bridgeport. He married Ophelia Hurd, of Newtown, Connecticut, Children: I. Charles Delancey, resides in Chicago, where he is a broker: is a veteran, having served in the civil war. 2. Henry Canner, residing in Bridgeport. 3. William Palmer, see forward. 4. Stephen, deceased; married Caroline Clinton Sterling; one child, Cornelius, now residing in Newark Valley, New

York.

(VIII) William Palmer, son of Henry Canner Burroughs, was born in Bridgeport, November 3, 1836. He was educated in his native city, where he has always resided. For many years he was engaged in the dry goods business under the firm style of William P. Burroughs & Company. During the civil war Mr. Burroughs enlisted in the Second Connecticut Light Battery, and he was for three years in the army, participating in the battle of Gettysburg and various other engagements. He is the father of the following children: I. Frederick Charles, resides in New Haven, where he is cashier of the National Tradesmen's Bank. Married Josephine Hugo, of Bridgeport. 2. Alvah Stephen, resides in Bridgeport, engaged in the brokerage business. 3. Harriet O., unmarried, resides at home. 4. Henry Clarence, born December 1, 1874, graduated from the Bridgeport high school and Yale University. He was admitted to the bar in December, 1895, and has since been practicing his profession in Bridgeport. He is a member of the Seaside Club of Bridgeport and a member and ex-secretary of the General Silliman branch of the Sons of the American Revolution. Married, October 10, 1907. Caroline H., daughter of Lewis Burr and Susan (Sterling) Silliman, of Bridgeport (see Silliman hereinafter); one

child, Susan Sterling Eurroughs, born December 2, 1008.

## (The Silliman Line).

Lewis Burr Silliman, who has always been identified with every movement for the betterment of Bridgeport, a public-spirited citizen, and a liberal contributor to all charitable and religious objects, is a grandson, on the maternal side, of James Penfield, born 1758, died 1840, of Fairfield, Connecticut, who was a member of the company of Captain Bartram in the regiment commanded by Colonel Samuel Whiting, detached to join Silliman's brigade, and served in October, 1777, in a short campaign at Ridgefield and Horse Neck. He received a pension for his services from the

government.

Lewis B. Silliman was born in Durham, Greene county, New York, June 9, 1832. He obtained a practical education in the schools of his native town, and when twelve years old accompanied his parents to Bridgeport, Connecticut, where he continued his studies in a select school. In 1855 Mr. Silliman located at Titusville, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1887, having been engaged in the banking business, and was also a producer of crude petroleum. In the latter named year he returned to Bridgeport, where he engaged in his present business, wholesale dealer in and producer of crude petroleum, being one of the leading representatives of that line. He still retains his interest in the oil regions of Pennsylvania, disposing of his product to the Standard Oil Company. At his place of business, No. 368 Water street, he conducts an extensive trade in oils, petroleum products, belt dressing, lubricating grease, etc. He is also the owner of the schooner "M. O. Wells," which plies weekly between New York and Bridgeport, and thus is in a splendid position to supply the trade of New England at the lowest market rates. He is a man of honor and integrity, straightforward in all his business transactions, and has won and retains the confidence and esteem of his business associates and his patrons. He is an adherent of the principles and policies of the Republican party, and while a resident of Titusville, Pennsylvania, served for eight years as a member of the city council, and six years thereof acted as president of the board, performing his duties in an efficient and satisfactory manner. He was also president of the Library Association of that city. He holds membership in the South Congregational Church, State Sunday School Association, Sons of the Revolution, and Seaside Club. Mr. Silliman married, May 15, 1862, Susan Hawley, eldest daughter of the Hon. Sherwood Sterling. Their daughter, Caroline H., married Henry Clarence Burroughs (see Burroughs VIII).

The first of this name in Eng-WARREN land was William de Warrenne, a nobleman, who rendered distinguished services in the conquest of England by William the Conqueror and was created Earl of Surrey. An ancient genealogy of the family traces the lineage of this William de Warrenne back to the year 900 A. D., the year in which his Scandinavian forbears are said to have settled in Normandy. The Warrens of America have won distinction both as civilians and soldiers. Their record in the struggle for national independence is an exceedingly honorable one, and the valiant services of General Joseph Warren, who fell at Bunker Hill, are too well known to need further comment.

(I) The family of Warren is traced to a Norman baron of Danish extraction, who had son Herfastus, whose daughter married Wal-

ter de St. Martin.

(II) Their son, William de Warrenne, Earl of Warren in Normandy, married daughter of Ralph de Tosta. Also had daughter, Gundred, who married Richard, Duke of Nor-

(III) Their son, Richard, Duke of Normandy, was father of William the Conqueror, King of England, who married Maud, daughter of Baldwin, Earl of Flanders. They had daughter, Gundred, who married William de Warren, the first Earl of Warren and Surrey. He accompanied William the Conqueror, and was a powerful auxiliary in the battle of Hastings, 1066. William de Warren received the title of earl before coming to England. He is mentioned in Domesday Book as possessing land in almost every county in England, comprising one hundred and thirty-nine lordships. Earl William Warren selected his residence in the village of Lewes, county of Surrey. He erected there his beautiful castle, of which the ruins are still to be seen on an eminence surrounding the town. Although the principal parts are demolished, its gates are still standing, showing its massive construction. He and his wife Gundred erected the priory in the town of Lewes, and he continued his benefaction to it during his life. He died 1088, and his countess died 1085. They were first buried in the convent of Lewes built by Henry VIII. In 1775 their remains were removed to the old church at Southover to a little chapel at the end of the church. The traveler of the present, selecting one of the

lanes running to the southward of Lewes. soon comes to the pleasant suburb of Southnize the remains of the priory built by William de Warren and Gundred.

From this point, Colonel Tracy B. Warren, mentioned below, traces his ancestry in a direct line for seventeen generations to Richwhom he is descended in the ninth generation,

itor, born in England, came to New Eng-Massachusetts, in 1620, and was one of the him the honorable prefix of Mr. He was mentioned by a contemporary as "grave Richard Warren, a man of integrity, justice and upalso "as a useful instrument during the short ficulties and troubles of the plantation." He ciates and one of these grants was at Warren's Cove. He was one of the influential members of the company and as such was selected with nine others to cruise along the coast from Cape Cod Harbor, in a shallop, for the purpose of deciding on a place of settlement. His death occurred at Plymouth in His wife Elizabeth, whom he married in England, followed him to America in the "Ann" in 1623, bringing with her their five daughters. She occupied an important social position in the colony; is usually mentioned in the records as Mistress Elizabeth Warren, a designation by no means common, and is one of the rare instances in an early colony of continued widowhood. Upon the marriage of her daughters she conveyed to their respective husbands certain lands, variously located at Eel River and Wellingsly. She died at Plymouth, October 2, 1673, aged about ninety vears. The children of Richard and Elizabeth Warren were: 1. Mary, married Robert Bartlett. 2. Ann, married Thomas Little. 3. Sarah, married John Cooke, Jr. 4. Elizabeth, married Richard Church and was the mother of the famous Benjamin Church, the conqueror of King Philip. 5. Abigail, married Anthony Snow. 6. Nathaniel, who is again mentioned. 7. Joseph. The two sons were (II) Nathaniel, son of Richard and Elizabeth (Jonatt) Warren, was born in Plymouth in 1624, died in 1667. As he was among the first children born in the colony he received a special grant of land. He became a large real estate owner and was a man of prominence, serving as selectman, highway surveyor, representative to the general court and also in the local militia. He married Sarah Walker, in November, 1645, and she died in 1700. Their children were: Richard, Jabez, Sarah, Hope, Jane, Elizabeth, Alice, Mercy, Mary, Nathaniel, John James.

Barnstable, Massachusetts

(IV) John, fifth child of Richard (2) and Sarah Warren, was born in Middleboro in 1690, died in that town in 1768. He was residing at Scituate in 1711, and returned to Middleboro about 1737. He married (first) Naomi Bates, of Scituate, in 1713; married (second) in 1737, Anne, daughter of James Reed, of Middleboro. Children: James, born 1714; Hope, 1716; John, 1719; Nathaniel, 1721; Nehemiah, 1730-31; Naomi, married Jeremiah Tinkham; Ann, married Joseph Dickinson.

(VI) Edward, seventh child of James and Abigail (Thomas) Warren, was born in Woodbridge, September 18, 1761. He went from Woodbridge to Watertown, Litchfield county, Connecticut, and resided there the re-

mainder of his life. He was accidentally drowned in the Naugatuck river, December 10, 1814. At the age of eighteen years he entered the continental army for service in the revolutionary war, and was almost immediately called into action, accompanying General Anthony Wayne on the silent march through the mountain passes to Stony Point, New York, and participating in the capture of the fortress on the morning of July 16, 1779. According to his own account of this daring enterprise his company was the first to reach the works in the gallant charge of the American forces, which proved a complete surprise to the British, and he was the third man to enter the fort. After his death his widow received a pension from the federal government. Edward Warren owned and occupied a farm located about three and one-half miles from Watertown Centre, and long known as the Warren place. The residence was built in the most substantial manner and is still in a good state of preservation. Edward Warren married Mary Steele, born in 1764, died February 24, 1849. Her parents were Captain Bradford and Mary (Perkins) Steele, and she was a descendant in the sixth generation of George Steele (1) through James (2), John (3), Ebenezer (4) and Captain Bradford (5). Of this union there were seven children: I. Isaac. 2. Mary, died March 20, 1863, aged seventy-eight years; married Parmelee Richards, who died December 6, 1860, aged eighty. 3. Lyman, died March 4, 1860, aged seventy; married Abigail J. Allen, who died September 17, 1885. 4. Lewis, married Susan Judd. 5. Sheldon, died November 21, 1825, aged thirty-two; married (first) Clarinda Welton, who died October 17, 1821, aged twenty-four; married (second) Ann Mead, who died November 13, 1883, aged eighty-eight. 6. Alanson, born May 16, 1796. 7. Truman, died unmarried, January 10, 1822, aged twenty-two years; buried at Darien, Georgia.

(VII) Alanson, sixth child of Edward and Mary (Steele) Warren, was born in Watertown, May 16, 1796. When sixteen years old he began to serve an apprenticeship at the hatter's trade with Joel P. Richards in Watertown, and upon attaining his majority he became sole proprietor of the establishment, inaugurating his business career with a capital of six hundred dollars and employing from ten to twenty journeymen and apprentices. This enterprise he carried on for a number of years in connection with farming, but he was eventually obliged to place his agricultural interests in the hands of his sons, in order to devote his entire time and energies

to his business affairs. In 1838 Mr. Warren entered into partnership with William H. Merriman and the latter's son, C. H. Merriman, merchants, and the two concerns became united under the firm name of Merriman & Warren, but three years later Mr. Warren found it advisable to withdraw, and he resumed business alone. About this time he engaged in the manufacture of cloth and fur goods in connection with his hat business, and these productions sold readily to country merchants in Connecticut, Massachusetts and New York, to whom they were transported in a large two-horse wagon especially constructed for this purpose. In 1843 he admitted to partnership his son, Truman A., and R. S. Beers, thus organizing the firm of Warren & Beers, and having placed the business upon a firm foundation he withdrew in 1847 for the purpose of giving more attention to another business enterprise, in which he had embarked. In 1843 he became associated with his son-inlaw, George P. Woodruff, in the production of buckles, buttons, slides and metal trimmings for hats and caps, and in 1848 they consolidated with Nathaniel Wheeler, who had been their competitor in the same line of goods, and the firm became Warren, Wheeler & Woodruff. Suspender buckles were added to their list of products and their business developed so rapidly that in 1849 it was found necessary to improve their facilities for production. They accordingly purchased the water power site formerly owned by the Leverett, Condee satinet factory in Watertown, and were thus enabled to expand their business into much larger proportions. At this period the idea of applying machinery to the domestic art of sewing was agitating the minds and stimulating the energies of mechanical experts, and among the inventors who succeeded in producing a practical machine for this purpose was Allen Benjamin Wilson, then a cabinetmaker of Pittsburg, Massachusetts. In 1850 the Warren Company entered into a contract to construct some two thousand of the Wilson first patent shuttle machines, and these were followed in 1852 by an improvement based upon an entirely different principle, known as the rotary hook machine. Steps were immediately taken for placing the new machine upon the market, and a company was formed consisting of Alanson Warren, Nathaniel Wheeler, George P. Woodruff and A. B. Wilson, and known as Wheeler, Wilson & Company. From this parent organization was subsequently developed the famous Wheeler and Wilson Manufacturing Company, with Alanson Warren as president, George P. Woodruff, secretary and treasurer, and Nathaniel Wheeler as general manager. The capital of this concern, which consisted mainly of real estate, machinery and patents, valued at about sixty thousand dollars, was afterward increased to one hundred and sixty thousand by the sale of stock, and it ultimately reached one million dollars. Mr. Warren having resigned the presidency in 1855, he was succeeded by Mr. Wheeler, and in the following year the factory was removed to Bridgeport. It is, at the present day, both interesting and surprising to observe how utterly unable were the promoters of the Wheeler and Wilson Company to properly estimate its future magnitude. Mr. Warren once stated that he expected to witness the production of twenty-five machines per day. He never even dreamed that the daily capacity would reach six hundred, which was actually the case.

Mr. Warren's business career was an exceedingly busy one, and embraced many different enterprises. He was president of the Warren and Newton Manufacturing Company, a concern established in 1846 for the production of suspenders and afterward absorbed by the American Suspender Company of Waterbury; was also president of the Phœnix Company, another industrial company, and was connected with the American Knife Company. Plymouth, the Waterbury Brass Company, Oakville Pin Company, Union Leather Company, the Beers and Woodruff Company, manufacturers of shirts and linen goods, and was one of the incorporators of Evergreen Cemetery, Watertown. In politics he was a Whig and in 1841 he served in the general assembly. For many years he was senior warden of Christ Church (Episcopal), and contributed liberally to the fund raised for the erection of the new church edifice completed in 1855. His death occurred in Watertown, October 20, 1858.

Mr. Warren married, December 25, 1818. Sarah M., daughter of Caleb and Ruth Hickox, of Watertown. She died April 20, 1866. Their children were: Belinda M., Truman A., David Hard, Sarah, Charles A., Henry,

(VIII) David Hard, third child of Alanson and Sarah M. (Hickox) Warren, was born in Watertown, September 3, 1825, died in 1858.

He was reared upon the homestead farm, acquired the advantages of a good practical education, and turning his attention to agriculture when a young man he became a very successful farmer. He married, in 1846, Louisa Bronson, a descendant of John Bronson, who came to Hartford with the Rev. Thomas Hooker, in 1638. She survived him many years and was the mother of three chilTracy Bronson, Sarah Cornelia, died

(IX) Colonel Tracy Bronson Warren, eldest child of David Hard and Louisa (Bronson) Warren, was born in Watertown, Litchfield county, Connecticut, December 20, 1847. In addition to possessing a goodly share of the many sterling qualities for which his paternal ancestors were noted, he inherited from his mother numerous strongly defined characteristics promoting spiritual growth, intellectual development and the lofty principles of morality and integrity, which have on all occasions preeminently asserted themselves as the chief governing influences in his successful career. Reared upon a farm he derived from the invigorating atmosphere and healthgiving activities of his rural environment a robust constitution, which has successfully withstood the wear and tear of an unusually busy life and enabled him to accomplish many strenuous undertakings. Having pursued his elementary studies in private schools he was graduated from the Collegiate and Commercial Institute, New Haven, in 1865, and for a number of years following that event was engaged in the manufacture of carriage hardware. From 1876 to 1881 he was engaged in the dry goods business, and was officially connected with the Bridgeport National Bank from 1882 to 1887. In 1890 he became proprietor of the Atlantic Hotel, Bridgeport, and continued to carry on that well-known hostelry with pronounced success until 1902, since which time he has been engaged in the fire insurance business in that city. He was formerly an active participant in local public affairs, having served as a member of the board of aldermen for the years 1883-84, and as city treasurer in 1885, and his efficient public services proved of inestimable value to the municipality. In politics he is a Republican. At an early age he developed the same capacity for the military service which had distinguished his ancestors, and he fostered it with enthusiasm, attaining honor and distinction in the service of the state. For several years subsequent to 1871 he was prominently identified with the Connecticut National Guard, serving as adjutant of the Fourth Regiment several years, and also as aide-de-camp on Governor Harrison's staff with the rank of colonel. Colonel Warren, in 1911, was named a member of the executive committee of the Governor's Staff Association of Connecticut at the fourth biennial meeting in Hartford. From 1871 to 1874 he served as lieutenant of the New Haven Grays, is a member of the Veteran Association of that command, and is a member of the Old Guard of New York,

having served as commissary of that organiza-

Socially, as well as otherwise, Colonel Warren has attained widespread popularity. His earnest solicitude for the general welfare of his fellowmen is in a great measure responsible for this popularity, yet a considerable portion of it can be traced directly to his personal magnetism, which unquestionably enhances his capacity for leadership. In Masonry he has attained the thirty-second degree, being a member of Corinthian (Blue) Lodge, No. 104, and Hamilton Commandery, Knights Templar. He also belongs to the Bridgeport Scientific Society, the Army and Navy Club of New York, the Algonquin Club, Brooklawn Country Club, Bridgeport Yacht Club and Seaside Club of Bridgeport, and the Hoboken Turtle Club. In his religious belief he is an Episcopalian and for twenty-five years has been a vestryman of St. John's Church. All of these organizations have on various occasions profited by his ability and sound judgment, and as a consequence he has attained a far-reaching influence with his fellow members.

Colonel Warren married, October 28, 1874, Clara A. Mills, of Boston, daughter of John F. Mills, formerly proprietor of the Parker House, that city. Mrs. Warren has long been engaged in charitable and philanthropic work, and for many years has been state vice-regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Colonel and Mrs. Warren have had seven children, four of whom are now living: John M., Yale Scientific School, 1896; Louise B., Bryn Mawr, 1898; Bronson M., Yale, 1904; Harvey T., Yale, 1910.

(V) Peter Lanman, son of LANMAN Peter (q.v.), and Abigail (Trumbull) Lanman, grand-son of Peter and Sarah S. (Coit) Lanman, great-grandson of James and Joanna (Boylston) Lanman, and great-great-grandson of Thomas and Lucy (Elton) Lanman, was born in 1807 in the old Lanman house, nearly adjoining what is now the Dime Savings Bank of Norwich. His father was a prosperous West India merchant of Norwich, and his mother was a daughter of Jonathan Trumbull, Sr., the last colonial and first federal governor of Connecticut, a man by whose family, in three successive generations, this office was

By the embargo of 1812 his father's business was ruined, and Peter and his brothers were early brought face to face with stern necessity. In 1821 Peter Lanman went to Jewett City to learn the business of woolen manufacturing in the mills of his uncle, Jonathan Trumbull,



J. & Warren



and he followed that line of business, often under great disadvantages, but with untiring energy and industry, until the civil war. He was the pioneer in New London county in the use of a power loom. By his own honorable exertions and moral attributes, he carved out for himself friends, affluence and position, and by the strength and force of his own character, he overcame obstacles which to others less hopeful and less courageous would seem unsurmountable. Scrupulously honorable in all his dealings with mankind, he bore a reputation for public and private integrity, and being sociable and genial, he made friends and retained their friendship throughout his lifetime. He was quick, prompt and decisive in his actions, was remarkable for the charity of his judgment of others, and this quality manifested itself in what he did not do, no less than what he did. To those in need he was generous of aid and unsparing of time and resources, while bravely struggling with adversity himself. He died April 6, 1886, at his old home, opposite the common, in Norwich.

Mr. Lanman married (first) Catherine Cook. Children: 1. David Trumbull, a resident of Hartford, Connecticut; married Elizabeth Knapp, of Newburyport, Massachusetts. 2. Peter, unmarried. 3. William Camp, married Gertrude Haile. 4. Joseph, married Clara Williston, of Easthampton, Massachusetts. 5. John, married Charlotte Stillwell. 6. Henry, married Minnie Kelsey, of Columbus, Ohio. 7. Catherine Cook, married Charles A. Burnham (see Burnham VIII). 8. Charles Rockwell, married Mary Hinckley, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. 9. Edward Boylston, married Georgianna Burnham, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, sister of Charles A. Burnham. Mr. Lanman married (second) Lydia Bishop; no children. He married (third) Mary E., daughter of Edmund Golding; had one child: 10. Mary Golding, now deceased; married Herbert S. Underwood, editor of the Boston

Edmund Golding, father of Mary E. (Golding) Lanman, was born in Manchester, England, and in young manhood came to the United States, about 1829 or 1830, and settled in Mansfield, Connecticut. He was the first to introduce the manufacture of silk in this country, having learned the trade in his native town, and was the proprietor of the first mill and the first machinery for that purpose. The mill in which he began work and the mill he subsequently built are still standing in Mansfield, Connecticut. He died in the prime of life, at the early age of forty-five years. As a citizen he was universally esteemed, always sustaining the character of a true man.

His business transactions were conducted on principles of strict integrity, and he fulfilled to the letter every trust committed to him.

Samuel (2) Moyle, son of Sam-MOYLE uel eta Moyle, was bern in Pen-zance, Cornwall, England, April 2, 1847. He came to this country when six years of age, his parents locating in Bridgeport, Connecticut. In March, 1865, he enlisted in the United States navy as third assistant acting engineer, and received his honorable discharge at the close of the civil war. He learned the trade of toolmaker, and then became a stationary engineer, being employed in this capacity at Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machine Factory at the time of his death, which occurred at Bridgeport, Connecticut, January 17, 1881, as the result of injuries received while endeavoring to save another's life. He was greatly interested in church work, being a local preacher in the Methodist Episcopal church, and he was one of the founders of the Point Union Mission of Bridgeport, Connecticut. He married Mary Elizabeth Murphy, born February 21, 1846, daughter of Dr. Francis and Elizabeth Ann (Babcock) Murphy, of Westerly, Rhode Island, May 22, 1868 (see Bliss and Babcock). All of their children died in infancy except Sam-

uel Alfred, mentioned below. (III) Samuel Alfred, son of Samuel (2) Moyle, was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, August 7, 1876. He attended the public schools there until twelve years of age, when his mother, having married again, moved to Derby, Connecticut. He was graduated from the Derby high school in 1894, and then entered Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut. At college he sang with the Glee Club, and was a member of the Psi Upsilon fraternity. He was graduated with the degree of A. B. in the class of 1898. During the following year he taught school at Chambersburg. Pennsylvania. He then engaged in the insurance business at Paterson, New Jersey, and at Trenton, New Jersey, Cincinnati, Ohio, and New York City, and in 1908 came to New Haven, Connecticut, where he has since been in business at 902 Chapel street, as district manager of the United States Health & Accident Insurance Company. He is a member of Hiram Lodge, No. 1, Free and Accepted Masons, of New Haven, being made a Mason, however, in Trenton Lodge, No. 5, of Trenton, New Jersey. He has taken the Scottish Rite degrees to and including the thirty-second, and is a member of Syrian Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Cincinnati, Ohio. He is enlisted

in the Connecticut National Guard, being a member of "The New Haven Grays," Company F, Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guard. In politics he is a Republican. He married, October 25, 1900, Elizabeth Emma Dufford, born at Paterson, New Jersey, March 28, 1875, daughter of William M and Emma (Nichols) Dufford. Her father was born September 26, 1851, in Schooley Mountain, near Hackettstown, New Jersey; her mother in Paterson in 1848 Mrs. Moyle was graduated from Wesleyan University with the degree of B. S. in the class of 1897. Mr. and Mrs. Moyle have two children: William Dufford, born January 21, 1902, and Elizabeth Emma, born October 1, 1910.

## (The Bliss Line).

The Bliss family is believed to be the same as the Blois family of Normandy, gradually modified to Bloys, Blyss, Blysse, Blisse and in America Bliss. The family has been in England since the Norman conquest, but it is not common. The coat-of-arms borne by the Bliss and Bloys families is the same: Sable a bend vaire between two fleurs-de-lis or. Crest: a hand holding a bundle of arrows. Motto: Semper Surum. The ancient tradition of the Bliss family represents them as living in the south of England and belonging to the yeomanry, though at various times some of them

were knighted.

(I) Thomas Bliss, the progenitor, lived in Belstone Parish, Devonshire, England. Little is known of him, except that he was a wealthy landowner and was a Puritan, persecuted on account of his faith by both civil and religious authorities under the direction of the infamous Archbishop Laud, that he was maltreated, impoverished and imprisoned. He was reduced to poverty and his health ruined by the persecution of the Church of England. He is supposed to have been born about 1550 or 1560. He died about 1636. When the parliament of 1628 assembled, Puritans or Roundheads, as they were called by the Cavaliers, accompanied the members to London. Two of the sons of Thomas Bliss, Jonathan and Thomas, rode from Devonshire on iron-grey horses and remained for some time-long enough anyhow for the king's officer and spies to mark them; and from that time forth they with others who had gone on the same errand to the capital were marked for destruction. The Bliss brothers were fined a thousand pounds for their non-conformity and thrown into prison, where they lay for weeks. Even their venerable father was dragged through the streets with the greatest indignities. On another occasion the officers of the high commission seized all their horse and sheep, except one poor ewe that in its fright ran into the house and took refuge under a bed. At another time the three sons of Thomas Bliss, with a dozen other Puritans, were led through the market place in Okehampton with ropes around their necks and fined heavily, and again Thomas was thrown into prison with his son Jonathan who eventually died from the hardships and abuse of the churchmen. At another time the king's officers seized the cattle of the family and most of their household goods, some of the articles being highly valued for their age and beauty, having been in the family for centuries. In fact, the family was so reduced in circumstances that being unable to pay the fines and secure the release of both father and son from prison, the young man had to remain in prison and at Exeter he suffered thirty-five lashes with a threecorded whip, which tore his back in a cruel manner. Before Jonathan was released the entire estate had to be sacrified. The father and mother went to live with their daughter whose husband belonged to the Established Church, Sir John Calcliffe The remnant of the estate was divided among the three sons who were advised to go to America to escape further persecution. Thomas and George feared to wait for Jonathan, who was ill, and they left England in the fall of 1635 with their families. Thomas, son of Jonathan, and grandson of Thomas (1), remained with his father, who finally died. Then the son came to America also and settled near his Uncle Thomas (2). At various times their sister sent from England boxes of clothing, shoes and articles that could not be procured in the colonies and it is through her letters, long preserved in the original, but now lost, that knowledge of the family was handed down from generation to generation Children of Thomas: Jonathan, died in England, 1635-36; Thomas, born in England; Elizabeth, married Sir John Calcliffe of Belstone; George, born

1591, mentioned below; Mary or Polly.
(II) George, son of Thomas Bliss, was born in Belstone, England, in 1591, and settled in Lynn and Sandwich, Massachusetts, and Newport, Rhode Island. He came to New England with his brother in 1635. He had a grant of land for a home lot at Sandwich, April 16, 1640, and was appointed to make and mend arms at Newport in 1649. He was one of the original proprietors of Quononicut and was admitted a freeman before 1655-56. He died August 31, 1667. He had a son

John, mentioned below.

(III) Major John, son of George Bliss, was born in 1645. He settled in Newport,

Rhode Island, and became an active and influential citizen. His name appears often in the public records. He was on a committee, March 28, 1667, to go from house to house and list the firearms, ammunition, etc., and report on its condition for service, to report to the governor. He was admitted a freeman. October 28, 1668, and was deputy to the general court in 1679-83. He was a member of the town council in 1689-90. In 1693 Captain Bliss was appointed to view the ammunition. He was elected to the general assembly, January 1, 1695, and was appointed major of the troops of the island. He married, January 24, 1666, Damaris, daughter of Governor Benedict Arnold, of Rhode Island. Children: son, born September 29, 1668; Damaris, May 25, 1670: Freelove, November 16, 1672; John, October 22, 1674; Henry; Jo-

(IV) Josiah, son of Major John Bliss, was born at Middletown, Rhode Island, in 1685-86. He was admitted a freeman, January 28, 1707. He was a town officer. He was a member of the Seventh Day Baptist church, baptized October 29, 1712, died 1747-48. He married Widow Belcher. Children: Elizabeth, married, in 1739, Christopher Clark; Henry, died May 10, 1805; Sarah, married Henry Lyon; William, mentioned below; Martha, born 1730, married John Vars.

(V) Rev. William Bliss, son of Josiah Bliss, was born February 5, 1728, died May 8, 1804. He was a captain in the French and Indian war in 1763 and was on the point of marching to Canada when the treaty of peace ended the war. He was licensed to preach in the Sabbatarian church of Newport, ordained December 7, 1779. as pastor, and continued until his death. He married (first) in 1749, Barbara Philips. born in 1727, died October 29. 1775. He married (second), January 9, 1780, Elizabeth Ward, born June 6, 1735, died February 18, 1815, daughter of Governor Richard Ward. Children: Elizabeth, born June 25, 1750; Barbara, October 20, 1751; Ann, January 16, 1753, died August 21, 1769; Arnold, July 16, 1754; Mary, January 15, 1757: William, July 15, 1758: John, January 7, 1760; Thomas Ward, June 2, 1762; George, October 19, 1763; Sarah, October 15, 1765; Josiah, December 30, 1767; Jeremiah, March 4, 1777. (VI) Captain Thomas Ward Bliss, son of

(VI) Captain Thomas Ward Bliss, son of Rev. William Bliss, was born June 2, 1762, died September 5, 1798. He lived at Newport, Rhode Island. He was a mariner. He married, November 13, 1783, Sarah Casey Thurston, who died May 26, 1822, aged sixty-

seven. Children: 1. Elizabeth Eyers, born at Newport, October 2, 1784; married, October 4, 1809, Elnathan Wells, born at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, December 13, 1789; she died at Sangerfield, Rhode Island, March, 1873. 2. Barbara Philips, born at Newport, March 14, 1786, mentioned below. 3. Benjamin Thurston, March 20, 1788. 4. Sarah, September 11, 1789; married, November 19, 1807, Paul Spelman, a goldsmith of Westerly, Rhode Island. 5. James (twin), September 8, 1791. 6. Amy (twin). 7. Thomas Ward, November 13, 1792, died at Westerly, September 15, 1818. 8. Ebenezer David, December

29, 1796. (VII) Barbara Philips, daughter of Captain Thomas Ward Bliss, was born at Newport, March 14, 1786. She married, November 19, 1807, Edward Murphy, cutler, born at Newport, where he lived and died, November 19, 1817. She died at Caton, New York, Children, born at Newport: I. Dr. Francis, October 3, 1808, mentioned below. 2. Juliana, born June 19, 1810; married, October 30, 1834, Christopher D. Lewis, born at North Stonington, Connecticut, June 30, 1804, farmer at Caton, New York; children: i. Julius M. Lewis, August 30, 1835, married, March 17, 1858, Mary Cooper; ii. Christopher E. Lewis, February 28, 1838, married, January I, 1862, Jane O. Thurber; was a farmer at Caton; iii. Julia E. Lewis, July 2, 1839, married, April 17, 1862. Maynard W. Wol-cott, of Caton; iv. Harriet L. Lewis, born at Caton, September 10, 1844, married, January 5, 1875, George Chumard. 3. Julius Murphy, September 23, 1814, resided at Westerly, died at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, November 12, 1829. 4. Dr. Frederick, June 8, 1818; married Elizabeth Stevens; resided at Newport; died in California, October 26, 1849; children: Walter Storrs, Nathan Low, Susan Murphy, married William Wescott.

(VIII) Dr. Francis Murphy, son of Edward and Barbara P. (Bliss) Murphy, was born October 3, 1808. He married, February 27, 1831, Elizabeth Ann Babcock, born at Chester, Connecticut, October 31, 1811 (see Babcock VIII). Children, I. Anna Maria Murphy, born October 2, 1835; married, September 26, 1851, Courtland West, of Bridgeport, died at Bridgeport, Connecticut. 2. Julia A. Murphy, born May 18, 1837; married, January 17, 1858, Benjamin F. Burdick, sea captain, of Westerly, died at New York City, January 12, 1901. 3. Harriet P. Murphy, born at Westerly, March 19, 1839; married, December 31, 1856, Thomas I. Noyes, a sea captain, of Jersey City, New Jersey, died at Westerly, Rhode Island, January 17, 1902. 4. Wil-

liam F. Murphy, born November 27, 1840, died January 2, 1843. 5. William Price Murphy, born at Westerly, March 27, 1844; married, September 20, 1870, Sophia Savage, died at Westerly, Rhode Island. 6. Mary E. Murphy, born February 21, 1846; married (first) May 22, 1868, Samuel Moyle (see Moyle); married (second) March 12, 1889, Robert S. Peterson. 7. Peleg B. Murphy, born January 16, 1849; married, December 29, 1868, Minnie B. Grant; machinist; died at Bridgeport, December 12, 1872. 8. Oscar F. Murphy, June 21, 1851; married, February 20, 1873, Elizabeth A. Chapman, died at Westerly, Rhode

(The Babcock Line).

(V) James Babcock, son of James Babcock (q.v.), was born May 29, 1708, in Stonington, Connecticut. He married there, May 7, 1730, Phebe Swan. May 13, 1733, he joined the North Stonington church at Milltown. By the will of his grandfather, Captain James Babcock, of Westerly, he received two tracts of land in Westerly, each containing one hundred acres. He sold this land October 15, 1741, to Stephen Babcock, of Westerly. In the deed he is mentioned as residing in Stonington. It is supposed that he lived on what is now known as the Daniel Brown farm on the Stonington road, midway between Westerly and Stonington. Children: Phebe, born May 2, 1731; Sarah, February 12, 1733; James, February 22, 1735; Elias, December 16, 1736; Abel, April 28, 1739, mentioned below; Martha, February 22, 1741.

(VI) Abel, son of James Babcock, was born April 28, 1739, in Stonington. He married (first) Hannah Lewis; (second) Elizabeth Williams, of Stonington. Children of first wife, born in Stonington: Hannah, 1763; Lucy, 1765; Peleg, mentioned below.

(VII) Peleg, son of Abel Babcock, was born March 15, 1767, in Stonington, died September 28, 1858, in Ashaway, Rhode Island. He married (first) June 18, 1789, in Hopkinton, Rhode Island, Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan and Amey Wells, born February 11, 1769, died in Chester, Connecticut, November 8, 1817. He married (second) March 22, 1818, Anna, daughter of Samuel, Jr., and Mary (Smith) Babcock, born November 20. 1776, in Westerly, died there, August 29, 1858. He was a farmer in Stonington and Chester and afterwards owned and occupied a farm on the Pawcatuck river, near Avondale, Rhode Island. He was captain of the Hopkinton militia in 1800-08. Children of first wife: Elnathan Wells, born September 30, 1790: Hannah W., May 30, 1792: Mary, January 9, 1794; Fannie, November 5, 1796;

Lucy, March 11, 1799; Peleg, April 7, 1801; Abel, December 5, 1807; Elizabeth Ann, mentioned below.

(VIII) Elizabeth Ann, daughter of Peleg Babcock, was born October 31, 1811, in Chester, died July 4, 1883, in Pawcatuck. She married, February 27, 1831, in Westerly, Dr. Francis Murphy. He was born October 3, 1808, died November 9, 1880, in Pawcatuck. Children: Anna Maria, born October 2, 1835, Newport, Rhode Island; Julia Ann, May 18, 1837, Newport; Harriet P., March 19, 1839, in Westerly; William F., November 27, 1849, Westerly; William Price Murphy, March 27, 1844; Mary Elizabeth, February 21, 1846, Westerly, married Samuel Moyle (see Moyle); Peleg B., January 16, 1849, Westerly; Oscar F., June 21, 1851.

Anthony Perry, progenitor of PERRY this family, was one of the early settlers of Rehoboth, Massachu-

setts. He was deputy to the general court in 1674. He was buried March 18, 1723. He married Elizabeth ----- Children, born at Rehoboth: Samuel, December 10, 1648, men-Jahziel, October 18, 1652; Mary, December 9, 1654; Mehitable, September 23, 1657; Nathaniel, October 8, 1660.

(II) Samuel, son of Anthony Perry, was born at Rehoboth, December 10, 1648, died there April 13, 1706. He married, December 12, 1676, Mary (or Mercy) Miller, who was buried at Rehoboth, January 21, 1605. Children, born at Rehoboth: Mehitable, April 30, 1680; Jaziell, mentioned below; Mary, August 17, 1684; Elizabeth, January 7, 1686; Samuel, February 14, 1688-89; Rebecca, Jan-

uary 4, 1691; Sarah, July 30, 1693.
(III) Jaziell or Josiall (many other variations of spelling), son of Samuel Perry, was born at Rehoboth, May 6, 1682. He married there, January 3, 1706-07, Rebecca Willmarth, Children, born at Rehoboth: Mary, April 19, 1708; Daniel, May 9, 1710, mentioned below; Mehitable, April 25, 1713; Josiall or Jaziell, August 15, 1715; Rebecca, May 17, 1717; David, August 16, 1719; Ichabod, April 3,

1722; Keziah, August 7, 1724. (IV) Daniel, son of Jaziell or Josiall Perry, was born at Rehoboth, May 9, 1710. He married there, March 9, 1737-38. Mary Walker (by Rev. John Greenwood). Children, born at Rehoboth: Daniel, born January 15, 1738-39: Ezra, May 22, 1741; Noah, October 3, 1743; Mary, August 5, 1745; Daniel, April 3, 1748, mentioned below; Lidia, April 30, 1750; Elijah, November 19, 1752; Sam-

uel, September 18, 1756.

(V) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Perry, was born at Rehoboth, April 3, 1748. He was a soldier in the revolution from Rehoboth, a sergeant in Captain James Keith's company, Colonel Paul Dudley Sargent's regiment in 1775 and was "engaged" July 8, 1775. He removed to Woodstock, Connecticut, about 1776. He married, April 18, 1771, Judith Hunt, born July 18, 1753, in Rehoboth, daughter of John and Rachel (Carpenter) Hunt; John Hunt was born February 20, 1719-20, was a clothier and also owned a grist mill. He was son of John Hunt. John Hunt Sr., a lieutenant, was born March 9, 1688, son of Ephraim and Rebecca Hunt. Ephraim Hunt was son of Peter Hunt and probably grandson of Enoch Hunt, the immigrant, who located at Weymouth. Peter Hunt settled in Rehoboth; he married, December 10, 1645, Elizabeth Smith. Children of Daniel and Judith Perry, born at Rehoboth: Rachel, January 17, 1772; Daniel, March 1, 1774, died November 2, 1783; Sarah Hunt, October 9, 1776, died October, 1858. Born at Woodstock: John, October 5, 1778, died October 28, 1872; Huldah, September 6, 1780, died April 15, 1850; Otis, December 29, 1782, died May 22, 1863; Judith, December 18, 1784, died December 8, 1879; Daniel, November 19, 1788; Matilda, July 29, 1792, died October 9, 1831; Nancy, August 4, 1794.

(VI) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) Perry, was born at Woodstock, Connecticut, November 19, 1788, died August 19, 1863, at Bridgeport. He followed general farming all his active life. He married Sophia Child, born January 16, 1797, at Woodstock, Connecticut, died January 17, 1879, at Bridgeport, where she is buried in the Mountain Grove cemetery. Children: William Hunt; Peter Lockwood, mentioned below: Myron.

(VII) Peter Lockwood, son of Daniel (3) Perry, was born March 9, 1823, at West Woodstock, Connecticut, died at Bridgeport, August 16, 1903. He attended the public schools of his native town. At the age of fifteen he came to Manchester, Connecticut, and worked several years on a farm. He learned the trade of machinist, serving an apprenticeship of two years in a shop at South Coventry, Connecticut. He then entered the employ of the Samuel Colt Manufacturing Company of Hartford, manufacturers of firearms, and after a time became a contractor under the old system in this and other industries employing machinists, remaining altogether for about eight years. When gold was discovered in California he went with others from this section and though he was successful in his prospecting, his health failed

and returning to Connecticut he was made assistant superintendent in the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company's factory at Bridgeport, holding this position until he retired in 1880. He was an earnest Republican and took a keen interest in public affairs. He and his family were active members of the Congregational church of Bridgeport. He married Jerusha Sheldon, born 1827, daughter of Joseph and Jerusha (Pease) Sheldon (see Sheldon VI). Children: 1. Grace L., died at three years of age. 2. Alice Caroline, married May 18. 1881, at Bridgeport, Henry Setzer; their only child was Perry Setzer, born July 5, 1882, at Bridgeport, died January 31, 1862.

(The Sheldon Line)

(I) Isaac Sheldon, English progenitor of the American family, had sons: John, born 1630, died 1708, settled in Providence, and Isaac, mentioned below.

(II) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) Sheldon, was born in England in 1627, died at Windsor, Connecticut, July 27, 1708. He settled at Windsor and Northampton. He married (first) Mary, daughter of Thomas Woodford. She died April 17, 1684, and he married (second) Mehitable (Ensign) Gunn, daughter of David Ensign. Children: Mary, born 1654; Isaac, September 4, 1656; John, December 5, 1658, mentioned below: Thomas, August 8, 1661; Ruth (twin), August 27, 1663; Mindwell, February 24, 1666; Joseph, February 1, 1668, died in Boston: Hannah, June 29, 1670; Eleazer, 1672, died young; Samuel, November 9, 1675; Ebenezer, March 1, 1677; Mercy, born and died February 24, 1681; Jonathan, May 29, 1687.

(III) John, son of Isaac (2) Sheldon, was born December 5, 1658. He settled in Northampton, Massachusetts, where he remained until 1684, when he removed to Deerfield and conducted a public house. He was one of the first board of selectmen; ensign of the first military company and captain in 1707; deacon of the church. He built the old Hoyt house, the door of which, cut by tomahawks and bullets, is preserved in Memorial Hall, Deerfield. In the winter of 1705 he was sent by Governor Dudley on a difficult and dangerous mission to Canada to redeem the captives and he returned the following spring with five, two of whom were Hannah, wife of his son, and Esther Williams, daughter of the Deerfield minister. The next winter he was sent again and returned with forty-four redeemed captives of the French and Indians, sailing for home May 30, 1706, on the brigantine "Hope," taking with him fifty-seven of

the captives he had brought from Canada. Mr. Williams said of him: "He was a good man and a true servant of the church in Deerfield, who has twice taken this tedious journev in the winter from New England to Canada on these occasions"; after his return from Europe he made a third trip in 1707-08 and returned with seven captives, making a total of one hundred and thirteen that he brought back to their old homes, after the horrors and hardships of captivity. He removed from Deerfield to Hartford, Connecticut, where he died in 1734.

He married (first) November 5, 1679, Hannah Stebbins, when she was less than fifteen years old, daughter of John Stebbins. She was killed by the Indians. He married (second) in 1708, Elizabeth Pratt, widow. Children, born at Northampton and Deerfield: John, September 19, 1681; Hannah, August 9, 1683; Mary, July 24, 1687, married Samuel Clapp; Abigail, November 21, 1689, died young; Ebenezer, lieutenant, November 15, 1691; Remembrance, February 21, 1693; Mercy, August 25, 1701, killed by Indians; Abigail, September 10, 1710; John, mentioned

(IV) John (2), son of John (1) Sheldon, was named for his oldest brother, who died leaving no issue. He was born March 8, 1718, died in 1796. He married Mary Graham, who died in 1803. They settled in Hartford, Connecticut. Children: John, born 1747, mentioned below; James, 1749; Joseph, captain, 1751, died 1783; Abigail, 1753, died 1781; Samuel, 1757; Mary, 1765, married

Jonathan Avery, of Hartford.

(V) John (3), son of John (2) Sheldon, was born in Hartford, in 1747. He was a soldier in the revolution in Arnold's expedition against Quebec, and the records show that he lost his gun in that ill-starred adventure. He married Sabra Marsh or March, who died in 1818. Children, born at Hartford. Samuel, 1776; Elizabeth, 1778; William, 1780; John, 1782, settled at Preble or Homer, New York; Nancy, 1786, of Suffield; Richard, 1788, of New Hartford; Joseph, further mentioned below; Henry, 1790, of Hartford.

(VI) Joseph, son of John (3) Sheldon, was born at Hartford, in 1789. He was a manufacturer of rope. He belonged to the North Congregational Church. He married Jerusha Pease (see Pease VI). Children: Caroline, born 1814; infant, born and died 1815; Joseph, 1816; Henry, 1818, died 1839, in New York; Robert, 1820; Rodney, 1824; Jerusha, 1827, married Peter Lockwood Perry (see Perry VII).

(The Pease Line).

The surname Pease has been common in England for many years. A John Pease, LL. D., is mentioned in a work published in England in 1472. The English family is said to be German origin, and their emigration is placed at a much later date than that of the Saxon conquest. The name is found in Germany still, spelled Pies or Pees. The ancient coat-of-arms borne by a German family, granted under the reign of Otho II., Emperor of Germany, is: Per fesse argent and gules, an eagle displayed counterchanged. Crest: An eagle's head erased, the beak holding a

stalk of Pea-halum, all proper.

(I) Robert Pease, immigrant ancestor, came to New England in the ship "Francis," sailing from Ipswich, England, the last of April, 1634, and landing in Boston, Massachusetts. He was accompanied by his brother John and his eldest son Robert. His wife Marie and other children probably came on a later ship. He settled in Salem, where in January, 1637, both he and his brother John had grants of land. Margaret Pease, widow, who died in Salem, and whose will, dated September 1, 1642, was proved January 1, 1645, was the mother of Robert and John. In her will she mentions a grandchild John, and son, Robert Pease. Robert Pease was admitted to the Salem church, October 1, 1643, and two weeks later three of his children were baptized. The inventory of his estate was filed August 27, 1644. He married Marie — . Children: Robert, born about 1629; John, mentioned below; Nathaniel; Sarah, married, October 22, 1667, John Sampson, of Beverly; Mary, probably married Hugh Pasco. Perhaps another child, Isaac.

(II) John, son of Robert Pease, was born in England about 1630, and came to this country when a boy. He settled in that part of Salem called Northfields, where he had a farm. He was admitted a freeman, April 29, 1668, and joined the first church of Salem, July 4, 1667. On October 6, 1681, he and his wife were dismissed to the church at Springfield, and soon afterward he removed with his family to that part of Springfield which was afterward set off as Enfield, Connecticut. In 1682 he returned to Salem to sell his property there. He was an active church worker. He died suddenly, July 8, 1689. He received by will from his grandmother, Margaret Pease, the most of her property and she placed him in the care of Thomas Watson, of Salem, to "dispose of him as his own child."

He married (first) Mary Goodell, who died January 5, 1669, daughter of Robert and Catharine Goodell. He married (second) December 8, 1669, Ann Cummings, who died at Enfield, June 29, 1689, daughter of Isaac Cummings. Children of first wife: John, born May 30, 1654; Robert, May 14, 1656; Mary, October 8, 1658; Abraham, June 5, 1662; Jonathan, January 2, 1669. Children of second wife: James, December 23, 1670; Isaac, July 15, 1672; Abigail. December 15, 1675.

ond whe: Janles, December 15, 1676; Maac, July 15, 1672; Abigail, December 15, 1675.

(III) Robert (2), son of John Pease, was born May 14, 1656, at Salem. He first settled at Salem in the Northfields. He shared with his elder brother in the enterprise of leaving the sea-coast to seek out and make new homes for himself, his relatives and neighbors in the Connecticut Valley. It is said that he was one of the first constables chosen by vote of the town of Enfield. He died at Enfield, 1744, aged eighty-two years. He married, December 16, 1678, Abigail Randall. Children, the first born at Salem, the others at Enfield: William. September 26, 1679; Mary, March 11, 1681; Abigail, 1682; Robert, February 2, 1684; Samuel, December 30, 1686, mentioned below; Ephraim, April 9, 1689; Daniel, May 23, 1692; Hannah, June, 1694; Margaret, December, 1695; Ebenezer, 1699.

(IV) Samuel, son of Robert (2) Pease, was born December 30, 1686, at Enfield. He settled in Enfield, where he died, 1770. He married Elizabeth Warner. Children, born at Enfield: Mehitabel, 1712; Samuel, 1715, died in infancy; Elizabeth, 1716; Samuel, 1718; Ephraim, 1719; Joannah, 1722; Mary, 1723; Aaron, mentioned below; Nathaniel,

September 29, 1728.

(V) Aaron, son of Samuel Pease, was born April I or May 4, 1726, died in Enfield. He lived in Enfield, and was by occupation a blacksmith. He married (first) Ann Geerm, 1751. He married (second) Mary Terry, September 6, 1764. Children of first wife, born in Enfield: Aaron, June 3, 1752; Levi, June 22, 1754; Sarah, December 2, 1756; Stone, January II, 1759; Ann, November 6, 1761; Ephraim, 1763. Children of second wife: Elam, June 5, 1765, died young; Ann, September 27, 1767; Elam, August 26, 1770; Martha, May 6, 1775.

ford, Connecticut (see Sheldon VI); Aaron, born September 9, 1777; Agift, September, 1779; Levi; Spencer; Randolph, 1788.

HOWE and the founder of the English family of this name came into England with William the Conqueror. The name was originally De la Howe, literally meaning "from the hills." The family is prominent in England and wherever the mem-

bers have dispersed.

(I) John Howe, ancestor of the American branch of the Howe family, was a son of John Howe, of Warwickshire, England, and presumably a descendant of Charles. Earl of Lancaster, who flourished in the time of King Charles I. It is not definitely known when John Howe came or where he first settled, but it is known that he was in Sudbury, Massachuetts, as early as 1638-39, and that he was one of the forty-seven who shared in the division of the Sudbury lands at that time. He was admitted freeman May 13, 1640, and was selectman in 1642. He was the first white settler of Marlborough, Massachusetts, probably about 1657-58, and during his life bore a prominent part in all town affairs. He married Mary ——, by whom he had seven children, five sons being named in his will: Samuel, Isaac, Jonah, Thomas and Eleazer. Two probably died young. He died May 28, 1680 or 1689, and his wife died in 1699.

(II) Samuel, son of John Howe, was born in Sudbury, October 20, 1642, and died there April 13, 1713. His father gave him one hundred and thirty acres of land in Sudbury, where he built the "Red Horse Tavern" made famous by Longfellow's poem, "The Wayside Inn." He married (first) Martha Bent, of Sudbury, by whom he had thirteen children; married (second), September 18, 1685, Mrs.

Sarah (Leavitt) Clapp.

(III) Moses, son of Samuel Howe, was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, and died February 16, 1749. He married (first) Eunice; (second) Hannah Heald, of Concord. He was father of ten children, his son Elijah being the first child born in Rutland, Massachusetts.

(IV) Elijah, eldest son of Moses Howe, was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, April 10, 1741. He removed to Spencer, Massachusetts, in June, 1759, where he died. He married, June 24, 1759, Deborah Smith, of Leicester, Massachusetts, and had nine children.

(V) Elijah (2), son of Elijah (1) Howe, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, and died in Spencer, Massachusetts, January 19, 1816. He married Fanny Bemis, who died November 19, 1816.

ber 25, 1852, aged eighty-one years. Children: Elijah; Elias, see forward; Liberty; Tyler, see forward; Alphonso; William, see forward; Hiram; Elbridge; Sarah. The Bemis family of which Fanny (Bemis) Howe was a member were evidently a resourceful and ingenious family, and these traits seem to have descended to a number of the members of the Howe family. Captain Edmund Bemis commanded a Massachusetts company at the siege of Louisburg in 1745. After the French had surrendered it was found that they had spiked their guns. Up to that time it had been considered impossible to drill out a spiked cannon and render it fit for further service, but the commander of the American forces had particular need of those captured guns and he offered a prize to any one who would find a way to restore them to usefulness. Captain Bemis suggested that if he were allowed plenty of wood he thought he could do the Having received permission to go ahead, he built a roaring bonfire around and upon one of the guns. The heat expanded the metal so that it was a very simple matter, with a hammer and punch, to drive the spike through into the barrel whence it could be easily extracted. Another Bemis invented a machine for cutting shoe pegs. Still others originated less important devices for various purposes. All this tends to show that the inventive habit was hereditary in the family from which the three famous Howes were

(VI) Elias, second son of Elijah (2) Howe. was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, Later he removed to Spencer and subsequently to Cambridge, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1867, aged about eighty, and his remains were interred in a cemetery there. He followed the occupations of miller and farmer and served for a time in the civil war. He married Polly Bemis. Children: Amasa; Elias, see forward; Mary; Horace; Eliza; Juliette; Corinth; Fannie, married John Berri, during the latter years of his life resided in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

(VI) Tyler, fourth son of Elijah (2) Howe, was born in Spencer, Massachusetts. At fifty years of age he joined in the first "gold rush" to California but failing to find the fortune he had expected he turned his face homeward in disappointment. The cheapest way back to the East being by sea, he took ship at San Francisco. As the weather was rough he was obliged to keep to his bunk and this was so hard and uncomfortable that he sought to beguile the terrors of seasickness by devising a less back-breaking form of support. The solution was the first crude model of the

modern spring bed. It was an arrangement of slats mounted on springs, for at the first attempt the inventor did not dare to depart too far from the old cord beds to which people were accustomed. But it was a vast improvement on anything that had been within the reach of anyone but the rich, and Mr. Howe opened a factory in Cambridge, where he carried on a lucrative business.

(VI) William, sixth son of Elijah (2) Howe, was born in Spencer, Massachusetts, May 12, 1803. He was the first member of the family to get a start on the high road to fortune. He invented a light, cheap and substantial type of bridge, which had not yet been evolved, although it was sorely needed by the pioneer railway engineers of the day, and his invention came at the psychological moment to allow the development of the railroad to proceed without delay. Being always on the lookout for ideas, he was examining the structure of an old church in the town of Brookfield when his attention was attracted to the truss supporting the roof. After some hard thinking about that truss he set out for Warren, Massachusetts, where the Boston & Albany Railroad was confronted with the problem of crossing a good-sized stream. Mr. Howe told Captain W. H. Swift of the United States Engineer Corps, who was acting as chief engineer for the railroad company, that he had a new idea in bridges. On being shown the plans Captain Swift was so much impressed that he gave him the job of building the bridge. It was accomplished to the entire satisfaction of Captain Swift and the railroad company. Two years later Mr. Howe secured a patent for the famous truss that bears his name and about the same time secured a second and more important contract for a bridge across the Connecticut river. For want of an office, of a drawing table and of paper, the inventor drew the plans for this bridge, the largest constructed in the United States up to that time, on the plaster walls of the Spencer tavern, where they remained until the inn was torn down many years ago. The completion of this triumph of engineering skill in 1842 established the fame of William Howe. He was besieged with offers of profitable contracts. His fame spread as far as Russia and in 1845 he was induced to enter into an agreement to go there as superintendent of structural work on the railroad between St. Petersburg and Moscow. However, when the time came for him to go he was so busy with important work nearer home that he arranged to send a substitute to Russia. His invention brought him a large fortune though he did not live long to enjoy it, as he died in

Springfield, Massachusetts, September 19.

1852.

(VII) Elias (2), son of Elias (1) Howe, was born in Spencer, Massachusetts, July 9, 1819, died in Brooklyn, New York, October 3, 1867. He lived in his native town until 1835, when he went to Lowell to learn a trade in a cotton mill, remaining there until 1837, when the financial troubles were at their height. Having lost his work at Lowell, he went to Cambridge, where he found employment on the new hemp carding machine invented by Professor Treadwell. His cousin Nathaniel P. Banks, afterward speaker of the house of representatives and major-general, was employed at the same place. From there he went to Boston to the shop of Ari Davis, where he first heard mention of a sewing machine as a mechanical possibility. He continued as a journeyman machinist after his marriage, and about 1843 began to investigate the proposition of making a sewing machine, hoping to secure a better fortune than he would be able to realize with the wages of a journeyman. His work as a machinist was greatly hampered at the outset by a congenital lameness but his indomitable energy overcame all obstacles. He had need of a fortune, for he had a wife and three children to support and even when he could secure work that was within his physical powers he could not earn more than one dollar and fifty cents per day. In 1843 he began to devote all his spare time to the project of inventing a sewing machine. His first ideas were based upon a study of his wife's hand while she was sewing. For a year he went without sufficient sleep in order to have more time for his experiments. The first model, completed in October, 1844, although crude in the extreme would sew. It was fitted with a curved needle moving backward and forward on the arc of a circle, with the fabric to be sewn held vertically and carried along by the points on the side of a disc which revolved slowly toward the needle. Its capacity was three hundred stitches a minute as compared with the capacity of an expert seamstress, thirty-five stitches per minute. In the town museum of Spencer a piece of cloth is to be seen on which was sewn one of the first seams made by this historic machine. In July, 1845, Mr. Howe sewed on his machine all the seams in two suits of woolen clothes, one for himself and one for a friend, George Fisher. This machine is now in the home of his daughter, Mrs. Caldwell, of New York City. He then worked another year to make a model to deposit in the patent office; this was accomplished and his patent issued September 10, 1846.

Mr. Howe soon learned that to invent a sewing machine and to get people to sew on it were two vastly different things. He was very poor and greatly in need of money to complete his invention and introduce it. George Fisher agreed to furnish five hundred ily while the first machine was being constructed in return for a half interest in the him but no money to invest in the invention. At last he went to England but was equally unsuccessful in his efforts in that country. He finally sold a machine and pawned his American patent, all for the sum of fifty pounds, and worked his passage home on an emigrant steamer. The tide of fortune, however, turned at last. During his absence from this country imitations of his machine had appeared and his invention was beginning to be recognized for what it was worth. Financial assistance came to him and after many legal and royalties began to flow in, reaching as high a figure as four thousand dollars a day. During the civil war Mr. Howe had the satisfaction of knowing that his invention did much to help the government in keeping a million men in the field. Without the sewing ma-chine it would have been impossible to provide an adequate supply of uniforms, tents, haversacks, cartridge boxes, shoes, blankets, family in all parts of the world contributed building of a monument in memory of William Howe, who invented the truss bridge; and his brother, Tyler Howe, who invented the spring bed; and their nephew, Elias (2) Howe, who invented the sewing machine. This monument, which stands in the town of Spencer, Massachusetts, was unveiled and dedicated with appropriate ceremonies May

Elias Howe enlisted, August 14, 1862, in the Seventeenth Connecticut Regiment, commanded by General William H. Noble, and was mustered out July 19, 1865. Upon his return from the war he purchased of P. T. Barnum a large tract of land at Bridgeport, Connecticut, called the Burroughs property and on it erected the Howe Sewing Machine Factory, and later bought additional land on which he erected the large shop now used as a plush factory. Howe street in East Bridgeport is named in his honor, and Jane street for his daughter Mrs. Caldwell. With Nathaniel Wheeler, Mr. Noble and several others, Mr. Howe was instrumental in promoting

the growth and development of the city of Bridgeport. After his enlistment as a private he obtained the permission of the secretary of war to advance the money, fourteen thousand dollars, necessary for the pay due the regiment on their march to Fredericksburg. It is small wonder that when a Grand Army post was to be organized in that section it was named Elias Howe Post, No. 3, in honor of this noble man. During his term of service as a private in the army Mr. Howe was at home on a furlough, and while attending a reception with his family in the Citizen building they were fairly overwhelmed with the attentions of the enthusiastic assemblage. A statue was erected in his honor in Seaside Park. Bridgeport, April 25, 1867. Mr. Howe's name has become a household word in this country. He was decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French government and received several medals for his inventions, including the gold medal of the Paris exposition of 1867. In the selection of names for the Hall of Fame for renowned Americans in New York University, made by the board of electors in October, 1900, that of Elias Howe Jr., stood fourth in Class D, Inventors, receiving forty-seven votes; Whitney receiving sixty-seven; Morse eighty;

Fulton eighty-five.

Mr. Howe married (first) Elizabeth Ames; (second) Rose Halliday. Children, by first marriage: I. Jane R., married (first) L. S. Stockwell, born in Indiana, employed in the United States navy during the war, and later treasurer of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, which position he held until his death at the age of forty-two; children: i. Eliza-beth, married Eustis L. Hopkins, of New York City, but is now residing in Larchmont, New York; he was formerly engaged in the wholesale dry goods business with Jay Langdon; ii. Lillian, graduate of City Hospital as nurse; at time of Spanish-American war she and her two brothers who were in the navy enlisted, she as a nurse at Montauk Point, Long Island, where she saw much active service: since her return she has made her home with her mother; she is a very bright young woman, a member of the Spanish-American War Nurses; iii. Elias Howe, served ten years in the naval militia and received the gold medal; engaged in real estate business in New York City; resided at home; iv. Levy, engaged in marine insurance business; married Emma Neidlinger. Mrs. Stockwell married (second) Albert S. Caldwell, who was a member of the New York Stock Exchange as a broker up to the time of his death at age of fifty. 2. Simon Ames, see forward. 3. Julia

E., married A. B. Stockwell, of New York, who was at one time a broker and later president of Maine Steamship Company. She died at twenty-three years of age, leaving a daughter Julia, who married Wilbur F. Smith, of

Painesville, Ohio.

(VIII) Simon Ames, son of Elias Jr. and Elizabeth (Ames) Howe, was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died at the age of thirty-nine years. His early education was acquired in his native city, and at the age of eighteen years he traveled to Switzerland, spending a considerable length of time in study abroad. Later he took charge of his father's interests in Europe. He married Eleanor Peck, of Bridgeport, born February 19, 1847, died in 1903, who bore him a daughter, Mrs. D. C. Carson. She was born in Bridgeport, July 30, 1868, and at a very early age was taken to Europe, visiting the most important cities, and acquiring her education chiefly in France and Germany. She remained abroad until 1886, then returned to her native country. She married, January 22, 1902, Duncan C. Carson, born in New London, Connecticut, educated in Pennsylvania, and for many years traveled abroad. She is a highly cultured linguist and conversationalist. He is now engaged in the automobile business in New Haven, Connecticut, in association with Henry Grant Thompson, which business has now been in existence for a number of years. Mrs. Carson is a member of the Women's Auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic, and among the family heirlooms and valuable possessions are many interesting souvenirs of her famous grandfather, Elias Howe Jr. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Carson: Eleanor Howe Campbell, born May 7, 1903; Ellwood Duncan Howe, born December 22, 1904.

Edward Stock, immigrant an-STOCK cestor of this family, was born in England and settled in or near Easton, Massachusetts, before the Revolution.

(II) John, son of Edward Stock, was born in 1746. He was a soldier in the revolution from Easton. He was mustered between March 5 and 22, 1777, by James Hatch, muster master for Plymouth county, in Colonel Bailey's regiment, enlisting for three years and giving his age as thirty years. He served in Colonel John Bailey's regiment from January 1, 1777, to December 31, 1779, according to the pay rolls, in Captain Ephraim Burr's Fourth Company, and was at Valley Forge, 1777-78. He was in Captain Abner Havward's company from January 1, 1780, to December 31, 1780, still in Colonel Bailey's regi-





The Chadwick Stock.

ment. In a list dated at Hutts, West Point, January 25, 1781, of Captain Hayward's company, his rank is stated as private, age thirty-five years, complexion dark, hair dark, residence, Easton. In 1787 he was pensioned for disability. In 1790 he was living at Bridgewater, Massachusetts, according to the first federal census, and had in his family one sou under sixteen and four females. He married, February 24, 1785, at Bridgewater, Phebe, daughter of Daniel and Hannah Cothrell. His son John is mentioned below. He had three

daughters or more.

(III) John (2), son of John (1) Stock, was born in Bridgewater, June 23, 1787, and settled on State street, Springfield, Massachusetts. He married, in Bridgewater, July 3, 1809, Martha (called Patty), daughter of Joseph Whiting, of East Bridgewater (see Whiting V). John Stock died August 21, 1863, according to the Stock family Bible. Children: I. Martha. 2. Luther, born January 14, 1811, died January 27, 1842. 3. Lavinia, January 10, 1813. 4. Joseph Whiting. January 30, 1815. 5. Isaac Chadwick, men-tioned below. 6. Anjanette, April 19, 1818, died young. 7. John Jr., May 15, 1820. 8. Hosea Thomas, September 27, 1821. 9. Eliza Jane, January 12, 1823. 10. Mary Caroline, February II, 1825. II. Lucius, December 6, 1827. 12. Edward Doddington, June 19, 1830. 13. Anjanette, January 3, 1835, living in New Haven.

(IV) Isaac Chadwick, son of John (2) Stock, was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, September 6, 1816. He married, in Springfield, Sarah S., daughter of Rev. John M. Hunt (see Hunt VII). He removed from Springfield to New Haven, Connecticut, about 1850. He built and occupied a house on Wooster street, between Hamilton and Franklin streets. He died in New Haven in 1879, and is buried in Evergreen cemetery.

(V) John Hunt, son of Isaac Chadwick Stock, was born in Springfield, November 21, 1838, died at East Haven, Connecticut, May 20, 1903, and is buried in Evergreen cemetery. He married, in New Haven, January 18, 1861, Eveline Rebecca, daughter of George W. and Rebecca (Hitchcock) Wilmot, of Bethany, Connecticut (see Wilmot VI).

(VI) George Chadwick, son of John Hunt Stock, was born in Westfield, Massachusetts, April 25, 1863. In 1869 his family moved to New Haven, where he attended the public schools until 1875. In that year he entered the Joseph Giles Preparatory School, from which he was graduated in 1878. He began to study music soon after he came to New Haven, taking lessons in singing as well as on

the piano and violin, and was soprano soloist in the first boys' choir organized in that city. His love of music was inherited, for his father played the organ well, and both parents had good voices. Moreover, he was given every possible opportunity to hear good music, whether vocal or instrumental, though, from the first, he preferred singing. In 1879 he entered the employ of the Candee Rubber Company, a large manufacturing concern, but continued to devote himself to the study of vocal music in the evenings. The company offered him in 1882 the position of western salesman with headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio, and following the advice of friends rather than his own inclination he accepted the position. His business necessitated travel throughout the west and south during six months of each year, and the remaining six months were devoted to the study of singing and development of his voice. He was a member of various concert companies, going as far west as Colorado, through the southern states to Tampa, Florida, and returning by way of the coast to Washington, D. C. His travels brought him into contact with many noted singers, from whom he gained much valuable information. During the period of ten years of absence from New Haven, he studied with many well-known masters of singing, among whom were Davies, Gallassi,

In 1893 Mr. Stock opened a studio in New Haven in the Cutler Building, continuing for York and the study of the theory of music at Yale College. He moved in 1902 into the Young Men's Christian Association Building, where he is at present located. He has composed many songs and contributed many articles on the voice to various musical magazines, which are highly valued by students. He has achieved distinction in his profession, taking high rank among the better-known American masters of the voice. A series of articles entitled "Tone Talks" appeared in the New Haven Courier and attracted much attention. They display the good common sense that has characterized Mr. Stock as a teacher and evince the depth of thought and explain in a measure his success as a teacher.

Mr. Stock is contributing editor of *The Etude*, which is the oldest musical journal in the United States and has the largest circulation of any musical periodical in the world. Among the songs he has published are: "My Faith Looks up to Thee": "Easter Dawn"; "My Jesus. as Thou Wilt": "The Dream Boat": and he composed the music for James Whitcomb Riley's poem, "A Life Lesson."

His many songs for children have attained widespread popularity. He is a member of the New Haven Colony Historical Society, the Sons of the American Revolution, the New Haven Chamber of Commerce, the Knights of Pythias, Royal Arcanum, the Clef Club of New York City, and for several years he was vice-president of the Connecticut Music Teachers' Association. He sang for many years in various choirs in New Haven and New York. He is a member of the First Baptist Church.

He married, in March, 1891, Alice Burnham Riley, of New Haven, born July 8, 1864, daughter of Dr. Edward H. Riley, of Berlin, Connecticut, and Harriet (Temple) Riley, of Northampton, Massachusetts. Her father is descended from the Riley family, of Berlin, dating back to colonial days. The Riley homestead there is one of the old landmarks. Her mother was a daughter of Abraham Temple, of Marlborough, Massachusetts, and his wife, a daughter of Aaron Clapp, of Easthampton, Massachusetts. Children of George C. and Alice B. (Riley) Stock: I. Marion Wilmot, born September 17, 1882. 2. Dorothy Temple, March 13, 1897. 3. Florence Louise, August 21, 1903.

# (The Whiting Line).

(I) James Whiting, also spelled Whiton, immigrant ancestor, appeared in Hingham, Massachusetts, in 1647. He married, December 30, 1647, Mary, daughter of John and Margaret (Hubbard) Beals. He owned lands in Hingham, Scituate, Abington and Hanover, Massachusetts. In April, 1676, his house was burned by the Indians. His wife died February 12, 1696-97; he died in Hanover, April 26, 1710.

(II) James (2), son of James (1) Whiting, resided in Hanover. He married Abigail — Children, born at Hanover: Hannah, James, John, Samuel, Joseph, Judith, Rebecca, Benjamin, Solomon, mentioned be-

low.

(III) Solomon, son of James Whiting, was born at Hanover, June 10, 1695. He married, October 19, 1721, Jael, daughter of Joseph Dunbar, of Hingham. He died December 18, 1745. Children: Jael, Solomon, mentioned below, Ruth, Deborah, Mercy, Thankful, Silence, Comfort, Melea and Rebecca.

(IV) Solomon (2), son of Solomon (1) Whiting, was born in Hanover, December 5, 1724, died in Hingham, October 15, 1813. He lived in Hingham and was a blacksmith by trade. His shop stood on the present site of the house of Charles Cushing, on Great Plain.

He married, August 12, 1746, Mary Campbell. Children: Asa, Solomon, Joseph, mentioned below, Peleg, Jael, Ruth, Mary and

Betsey.

(V) Joseph, son of Solomon (2) Whiting, was born at Hingham, April 19, 1754. He was a soldier in the revolution, in Captain Robert Orr's company of minute men, Colonel John Bailey's regiment, on the Lexington alarm; also in Captain James Allen's company, Colonel Bailey's regiment, later in 1775; also in 1776 and 1780. He resided in East Bridgewater. He married, in Bridgewater, September 17, 1778, Abigail (called Nabby), daughter of Isaac Alden (see Alden V). Their daughter Martha, born March 5, 1791, married, in Bridgewater, July 3, 1809, John Stock Jr. (see Stock III).

# (The Alden Line).

(III) Isaac Alden, son of Joseph Alden (q. v.), was born at Bridgewater about 1659. He married Mehitable, daughter of Samuel Allen, of Bridgewater (see Tracy I). Children: Mehitable, Mary, Isaac, Ebenezer, Marcy, John, mentioned below, and Abigail.

(IV) John, son of Isaac Alden, was born in Bridgewater, in 1695, died in 1762. He married (first) Hannah, daughter of Henry and Bethia Kingman. Children: John, James. Isaac, mentioned below, Jonathan, Hannah, Adam, Abigail and Keziah. His wife died in 1744 and he married (second) Rebecca Nightingale and had several more children.

(V) Isaac (2), son of John Alden, was born in Bridgewater, in 1731, died in 1759. He married, in 1755, Martha, daughter of Zaccheus Packard (see Packard II). In 1760 Martha, widow of Isaac Alden, married Israel Bailey and had other children. Children of Isaac and Martha (Packard) Alden: 1. Abigail, born 1757, married, September 17, 1778, Joseph Whiting (see Whiting V); she is buried in Holbrook, Massachusetts. 2. Isaac, born 1758.

### (The Packard Line).

(I) Samuel Packard, immigrant, with wife Elizabeth and one child came from Windham, near Hingham, England, in the ship "Diligence." John Marten, master, settler first in Hingham, Massachusetts, in 1638, and thence moved to West Bridgewater: was a tavern keeper and town constable. Children: Elizabeth, Samuel, Zaccheus, mentioned below, Thomas, John, Nathaniel, Mary, Hannah, Israel, Jael, Deborah and Deliverance.

(II) Zaccheus, son of Samuel Packard, was born in Bridgewater, March 20, 1689. He married (first) November 16, 1715, Sarah Lathrop: (second) about 1718, Susama, daughter of Samuel Kingman (see Mitchell II), Children of second wife: Sarah; Jacob; Nathan, died young; Susama; Joanna; Martha, married Isaac Alden (see Alden V); Solomon; Nathan; Benjamin; Zebulon and Micah.

(The Mitchell Line).

(I) Experience Mitchell, immigrant, came to New England in the ship "Ann," in 1623. He married Jane Cook, who came over in the same vessel, daughter of Francis Cook, of the "Mayflower," seventeenth signer of the Mayflower Compact, born 1577, fled to Holland and was in Rev. Mr. Robinson's family at Leyden; married at Walloon, Hester ——, about 1610; had one of the twenty-one houses in the "large garden." Cook died in 1663, aged eighty-six years. Children: John, who was the only child with him in the "Mayflower," Jacob. Jane, Esther and Mary, who came with their mother in the "Ann."

(II) Jacob, son of Experience Mitchell, was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts. He married Susanna, daughter of Thomas Pope; he and wife both killed by the Indians in 1675, in King Philip's war. Their daughter, Mary Mitchell, married, in 1696, Samuel Kingman, born 1670, died 1742; their daughter, Susanna Kingman, born 1697, married, about 1718, Zaccheus Packard: their daughter, Martha Packard, married Isaac Alden (see Packard).

ard and Alden).

### (The Fracy Line)

(I) Stephen Tracy, immigrant, came to Plymouth in the ship "Ann" in 1623, with his wife Tryphosa, whom he married at Leyden in 1621. Their daughter, Sarah, married, November, 1638, George Partridge, of Duxbury: their daughter, Sarah Partridge, born 1639, married Deacon Samuel Allen, of Bridgewater: their daughter, Mehitable Allen, born 1665, married Isaac Alden (see Alden III).

(The Wilmot Line).

(V) Walter Wilmot, son of Valentine Wilmot (q. v.), was born in Bethany, Connecticut, about 1755, died in 1824. He was a soldier in the revolution. He married, in 1779, Hannah, daughter of Daniel Johnson, of Southington. She survived him.

(VI) George Washington, son of Walter Wilmot, was born June 2, 1797, in Bethany, Connecticut, died January 9, 1863, at Enfeld, New York. He married, October 5, 1819, Rebecca, daughter of Chauncey and Sarah (Bristol) Hitchcock, and granddaughter of Augustus Bristol, of Cheshire, a sol-

dier of the revolution (see Miles-Hitchcock VII). Rebecca Hitchcock was born in Cheshire, August 6, 1802, died October 7, 1864, in Ithaca, New York. Their daughter, Eveline Rebecca Wilmot, born October 5, 1840, at Three-Mile Bay, New York, married John Hunt Stock (see Stock V).

### (The Miles and Hitchcock Lines).

(I) Deacon Richard Miles, one of the founders of Milford, Connecticut, and an influential man in colonial New Haven, died in 1663. He married Katharine—, born about 1593, died January 27, 1688, in Wallingford.

(II) Captain John Miles, son of Deacon Richard Miles, was baptized in October, 1644, died November 7, 1704; lived at New Haven; married, April 11, 1665, Elizabeth, born April 6, 1644, daughter of John Harriman, the inn

keeper.

(III) Captain John (2) Miles, son of Captain John (1) Miles, was born January 9, 1668, died February 10, 1710. His brother, Lieutenant Richard Miles, of New Haven, was prominent in military affairs; also his son, Major Thomas Miles. He lived at Wallingford.

(IV) John (3), son of Captain John (2) Miles, died November 16, 1760. He married, August 2, 1710, Sarah Ball, born September 26, 1687, died November 25, 1760, daughter of John and Sarah (Glover) Ball, of New Haven, granddaughter of Captain Alling

Ball

(V) Esther, daughter of John (3) Miles, was born August 28, 1726. She married, August 17, 1743, Dan Hitchcock, of Cheshire, born March 14, 1724, died November 17, 1797, great-grandson of Matthias Hitchcock, of New Haven, grandson of John Hitchcock, of Wallingford, by his wife Abigail, daughter of Captain Nathaniel Merriman; and son of John Hitchcock by his first wife, Marlow (Munson) Hitchcock daughter of Samuel Munson, of Wallingford, granddaughter of Ensign Samuel Munson and great-granddaughter of Captain Thomas Munson, of New Haven.

(VI) Dan Hitchcock, son of Dan and Esther (Miles) Hitchcock, was born October 19, 1752, died in 1817. He married, August 4, 1774, Anna Perkins, of Bethany, born February 28, 1754, daughter of Azariah and Anna (Johnson) Perkins, granddaughter of John and Elizabeth (Hayward) Perkins, great-granddaughter of John Perkins, and great-great-granddaughter of Edward and Elizabeth (Butcher) Perkins. Edward Perkins was an early settler in New Haven, a

half-brother of Rev. William Perkins, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and son of William Perkins, of Thaxstead, county Essex, England, by his second wife, Mary (Purchas) Perkins, whose brother, Samuel Purchas, was the wellknown author of "Purchas His Pilgrimes," a

unique work.

(VII) Chauncey Hitchcock, son of Dan Hitchcock, was born July 17, 1781, at Cheshire, died in 1852. He married, in January, 1802, Sarah Bristol, born in 1786, died April, 1868, whose father, Augustus Bristol, of Cheshire, was a revolutionary soldier and whose mother, Sarah (Preston) Bristol, was daughter of Sergeant Jehiel Preston by his wife. Thankful (Sedgwick) Preston, who descended from Major General Robert Sedgwick, military commander of the New England forces. Their daughter Rebecca married George W. Wilmot (see Wilmot VI).

# (The Browne-Bristol Line).

(I) Francis Browne, born in 1610, died in 1668, was one of the seven or eight men who passed the winter of 1637-38 on the corner of what are now College and George streets in New Haven, Connecticut, prior to the general settlement of the town in the following spring. He married Mary Edwards, who married (second) William Payne and died in

(II) Lydia, daughter of Francis Browne, was born about 1637, died in 1719. She married, January 29, 1656, Henry Bristol, Sr.,

as his second wife.

(III) Henry Bristol Jr., son of Henry and Lydia (Browne) Bristol, born June 20, 1683, died in 1750; settled in Cheshire, Connecticut. He married (first) January 23, 1707, Desire Smith, who died April 14, 1740, daughter of John and Grace (Winston) Smith. Henry Bristol Jr. married (second) June 9, 1742, Damaris Atwater, born May 21, 1700, died in 1771. She married (second) December 26, 1751, Eliphalet Parker.

(IV) Amos, son of Henry Bristol Ir., was born in Cheshire, February 22, 1713. He married, June 1, 1740, Joanna, born July 3, 1723, daughter of Sergeant Eliphalet and Hannah (Beach) Parker.

(V) Augustus, son of Amos Bristol, was born July 19, 1743, died May 12, 1839. He lived at Cheshire and was a soldier in the revolution. He married, January 17, 1765, Sarah, born August 23, 1742, died March 11, 1817, daughter of Sergeant Jehiel and Thankful (Sedgwick) Preston. Their daughter, Sarah Bristol, born August 27, 1786, died 1868; married, January, 1802, Chauncey Hitchcock (see Hitchcock VII).

(The Temple Line).

(I) Abraham Temple, immigrant ancestor, came to Salem in 1636, and died probably

soon after 1639.

(II) Richard, son of Abraham Temple, was born in England in 1623, died March 15, 1689. He married Joanna —, who died February 24, 1688; lived at Charlestown and Concord, Massachusetts.

(III) Abraham (2), son of Richard Temple, was born June 4, 1652. He lived at Concord; was a soldier in King Philip's war. He married, December 4, 1673, Deborah, daugh-

ter of John Hadlock.

(IV) Isaac, son of Abraham (2) Temple, was born November 25, 1678. He lived at Marlborough, Massachusetts. He married, March 1, 1609, Martha, daughter of Nathaniel Joslyn and granddaughter of Thomas Joslyn, who with his family came to America on the ship "Increase" in 1635.

(V) Jonas, son of Isaac Temple, was born February 8, 1716, died March 6, 1803. He was town treasurer of Marlborough, 1772-74, and one of the committee of correspondence in 1779. He married (probably) Sarah Woods, born February 10, 1748, died March

24, 1831.

(VI) Moses, son of Jonas Temple, was born November 11, 1772. He lived at Southborough, Massachusetts. He married, July 14, 1793, Elizabeth Stratton, said to be onequarter Indian, born July 6, 1774, died April

5. 1854. (VII) Abram, son of Moses Temple, was born March 14, 1802, died August 5, 1861. He lived at Northampton, Massachusetts, and Hartford and New Haven, Connecticut. He married Rebecca Clapp, of Easthampton, Massachusetts; their daughter. Harriet Temple, married Dr. Edward Riley; their daughter, Alice Burnham Riley, married George Chadwick Stock (see Stock VI).

The name is from the Saxon word "hunti," a wolf. This word, used in connection with the wolf, came to mean the pursuit of all game. The family probably took the name on account of prowess in the hunting field. Other forms of the name are Hundt, Huntus, Hontus, Hunding, Hundings, Hunte, Hunter, etc. An Adam le Hunt lived in Nottingham, England, as early as 1295.

(I) Enoch Hunt, immigrant ancestor, was from Titendon, in the parish of Lee, two miles from Wendover, Buckshire, England. He was an early settler in Rhode Island and was admitted a freeman in Newport in 1638. He was a blacksmith by trade. He removed

to Weymouth, Massachusetts, where he was living in 1640. He was a town officer in 1641, and had a case in court in 1641. He died before 1647, when his wife's lands are mentioned in deeds of abutting tracts. Administration was granted to his son Ephraim, November 18, 1652. The homestead consisted of twenty-two acres on the Plain at Wevmouth, bounded by lands of Richard Sylvester, John Upham, Mr. Gouer, and west and north by the highway and the sea. He married (first) in England, name of wife unknown. He married (second) Dorothy Barker, widow, who survived him and married (third) John King, of Weymouth, in 1652. Her will dated June 14, 1652, was proved October 21, 1652. Children: Ephraim. mentioned below: Peter, born in England, settled at Rehoboth, Massachusetts; Sarah, born at Weymouth, July 4, 1640.

(II) Ephraim, son of Enoch Hunt, was born in England, about 1610, and came to Rhode Island and later to Wevmouth with

He was a blacksmith by trade. He gave a letter of attorney, December 5, 1646, for the collection of property in Beaconsfield. Buckshire, England, formerly of John Hunt. of Winchmore Hill, in Agmondsham parfather. Ephraim settled at Weymouth, and married Anna, daughter of Thomas and Welthea Richards, of Ehhett Brinsmead, England. She was a sister of William Richards, of Weymouth. Her will dated April 23, 1708, proved September 9, 1712, mentions her son William, of Martha's Vineyard; son Joseph, with whom she lived for many years, and others. She died September 9, 1711. Edmund Soper Hunt, in his "Reminiscences", says that Ephraim Hunt was a knighted cavalier of Prince Rupert's troops and that his real name was Colonel Sir William Hunt. He was a refugee from the disastrous field of Marston Moor, and changed his name to avoid detection. He received his knighthood after the siege of York, in which he distinguished himself. He died February 22, 1686-87, and is buried near the Soldier's monument in Weymouth, on Burying Hill. Children: John, born 1646: Thomas, 1648: Ephraim, 1650; William, 1655; Enoch, 1658; Joseph, mentioned below.

(III) Joseph, son of Ephraim Hunt, was born in 1670, died January 18, 1717-18. He married Margaret ----. She died July 4, 1750. Children: Margaret, born April 29, 1694; Joseph, mentioned below: Alexander, January 15, 1698; Martha, February 2, 1700; Jane, July 29, 1704; Brinsmead, October 7, 1708; Mary, August 12, 1712. They lived in

Milton, Massachusetts.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Hunt, was born in 1696, in Milton. He married (first) Tabitha Crane, July 26, 1718. He married (second) Esther Searl, February 9, 1726. She died March 15, 1767. Children: Esther, born April 22, 1727; Elizabeth, May 15, 1728; Oliver, April 15, 1730; Abner, mentioned below; Abigail, May 2, 1734; Joab, October 16, 1735; Susanna, June 2, 1737; Miriam and Rebecca, May 28, 1742; Joseph,

(V) Abner, son of Joseph (2) Hunt, was born July 28, 1731, in Milton. He was on the army roll at the age of forty-eight, in 1780. He or another Abner served at Castle Island, 1782. He married Abigail Miller, January 14, 1751. Children: Richard; Oliver, born January 18, 1755; Rachel, April 24, 1757; William, June 18, 1759; Susanna, September 16, 1761; John, mentioned

below; Abigail, May 19, 1767. (VI) John, son of Abner Hunt, was born May 26, 1764, in Milton. He married Sarah Smith, December 29, 1786. Children: John uel, April 2, 1795; Nancy, June 13, 1798;

Mary, September 5, 1800.

(VII) Rev. John Miller Hunt, son of John Hunt, was born May 13, 1788. He lived in Holland, Massachusetts. He was settled pasow, Massachusetts, April 1, 1835; remained five or six years here and in adjoining towns. He died September 12, 1854. He married (first) Abby N. — He married (second) Maria — June, 1837. The first wife died aged forty-nine, February 24, 1836. The second wife died September 19, 1854. Children: Sarah S., married Isaac Chadwick

BEACH John Beach (q. v., p. 432), was born at Stratford in March, 1662, died there in 1747. He married, in 1686, Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel Porter. She died in 1734. Children, born at Stratford: Ephraim, May 25, 1687; Elizabeth, November 11, 1689; David, May 15, 1692, mentioned below; Josiah, August 18, 1694; Nathaniel, December 29, 1696; Sarah, November 12, 1697; Daniel, January 15, 1701-02: Anna, March 10, 1704; Israel, May 3,

(III) David, son of Nathaniel Beach, was born at Stratford, May 15, 1692. He married there, January 24, 1717, Hannah, daughter of Matthew Sherman. Children, born at Stratford: Andrew; Ephraim, born 1721; Eunice, 1723; Jabez, 1725; David, 1727; Elnathan, 1729; Elijah, February 27, 1731; Edmund, September 4, 1733; Kate, 1735.

(IV) Ephraim, son of David Beach, was born at Stratford in 1721. He married Comfort ——. Children, born at Stratford: Hannah, September 30, 1742; Abel, September 29, 1743; Ephraim, 1746, mentioned below; Comfort, married Daniel Beach; Stiles.

August 12, 1751.

(V) Ephraim (2), son of Ephraim (1) Beach, was born in Stratford in 1746, died aged eighty years. He was a farmer, tanner and currier. He was a soldier in the revolution. He married in Stratford, January 28, 1771, Mary Edwards, of North Stratford. Children, born at Stratford: Elijah, baptized March 16, 1775; Rice Edwards, March 1780, mentioned below; Anne, February, 1782; Ephraim Wells, April 15, 1787; Abiah; Sherman; Francis.

(VI) Rice Edwards, son of Ephraim (2) Beach, was born in March, 1780, at Stratford, now Trumbull, Connecticut. He was educated in the common schools, and followed farming for an occupation. In politics he was a Democrat; was for many years selectman of the town of Trumbull and at one time represented the town in the general assembly. In religion he was a Congregationalist. He married Betsey, daughter of Philo Booth. Children: Charles, born January 7, 1805, married, Oetober 21, 1829, Elizabeth E. Beardsley and they lived to celebrate their golden wedding; he died in February, 1892, she in December, 1893; Johanna; Starr, mentioned below; Delia; Miles; Edward.

(VII) Starr, son of Rice Edwards Beach, was born at Trumbull, Connecticut. Later was a wholesale grocer in Bridgeport, and prominent in all affairs of the city. He was a member and warden of the St. John Protestant Episcopal Church of Bridgeport. He married Katherine Ann Booth, born at Stratford, Connecticut, died at Bridgeport. Children: Caroline Augusta, Sarah, John M., Julia, Mary Ella, and Edward Starr, residing in New York, the only one of these children

now living.

(VIII) John Miles, son of Starr Beach, was born at East Bridgeport, September 15, 1840, died at Bridgeport, July 8, 1899. He was educated in the public schools and at Yates Academy. He then became bookkeeper for his father and was associated in business with his father until the latter died, and with his brother-in-law, George Burritt, continued

it afterward. Later the business was conducted under the firm name of Hall Company and later continued as Beach, Dudley & Company, this up to the time of his death. Mr. Beach was a Democrat up to a short time before his death, then a Republican in politics, but declined to accept public office. He was a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Trinity Church. He married, December 17, 1863, at Bridgeport, Jennie Charlotte Higgins, born opposite where she now lives, daughter of Amos and Susan Caroline (Beardsley) Higgins, granddaughter of Abijah and Cyrena (Nichols) Beardsley (see Nichols VII). Children: I. Frederick F., born November 4, 1864, married Minnia Rebecca Northrop; child, Dorothy Marie, born April 11, 1892. 2. Susan Edith, born July 8, 1878, married Harry Glover Tousey, of the Tousey Men's Underwear Manufacturing Company of Long Hill; child, John Beach Tousey (see Tousey VIII). 3. Natalie Elizabeth, born 1886, died 1888.

### (The Nichols Line).

(I) Sergeant Francis Nicholl or Nichols was born in England and settled at Stratford, Connecticut, in 1639, among the first settlers. He was one of the original proprietors of the He was closely related to Colonel Richard Nicholls, the first English governor of New York province. He distributed his lands among his children before he died. He was sergeant in the local militia company. He is believed to have been a member of the Horse Guards of London before he came to to this country. He married (second) Anne, daughter of Barnabas Wines, of Southold, Long Island. She married (second) John Elton, of Southold. The surname is spelled variously in the early records. Children of first wife: Isaac, mentioned below: John; daughter, married Richard Mills. Child of second wife: Anne.

(II) Isaac, son of Francis Nichols, was born probably in England. He came to Stratford and died there in 1695. He bequeathed his lands to his son Benjamin, having given their shares to his other children. His will was dated September 28, 1694, proved November 6, 1695. Children, born at Stratford: Mary, February 2, 1648; Sarah, November 1, 1649; Josiah, January 29, 1652-53: Isaac, March 12, 1654; Jonathan, December 10, 1655; Ephraim, December 15, 1657; Patience, February 2, 1660; Temperance, May 15, 1662; Mary, November 30, 1663; Benjamin, February 2, 1666; Elizabeth, April 2, 1668

(III) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) Nichols, was born at Stratford, March 12, 1654, died

there in 1000. He owned a house at Stratford. He married Mary ——. Children, born at Stratford: Francis, June 3, 1676; Richard, November 26, 1678, mentioned be-

low; Joseph, November 1, 1680. (IV) Richard, son of Isaac (2) Nichols, was born at Stratford, November 26, 1678, died there September 20, 1756. He was a farmer at Stratford. He married (first) June 3, 1702. Comfort, daughter of Theophilus Sherman. She died February 11, 1726-27. He married (second) Elizabeth ————. His will was dated September 25, 1755, proved October 9, 1755. Children, born at Stratford: Theophilus, March 31, 1703, mentioned below: Elijah, September 3, 1706: Nathaniel, April 8, 1708: Joseph; William: Jerusha, March 27, 1717; Temperance, married Joseph Thompson; Comfort, married Daniel Burritt.

(V) Theophilus, son of Richard Nichols, was born at Stratford, March 31, 1703, died was born at Statistic, Match 31, 1/03, fled in 1774. His will was dated January 13, 1773, and proved May 9, 1774. He married (first) Sarah, daughter of Lieutenant Ebenezer Curtis, January 2, 1723-24. She died September 26, 1769, aged sixty-two years. He married (second) Mehitable, daughter of William Paet and she died September 20. William Peet, and she died September 20, 1771. Children of first wife, born at Stratford: William, November 10, 1724; Philip, January 5, 1726-27, mentioned below; Lucy, December 30, 1728; Betty, November 10, 1730: Charity. November 2, 1732; Lavinia, June 7, 1734; Sarissa, September 30, 1736; Anne, May 19, 1738; Sarah, June, 1745.

(VI) Philip, son of Theophilus Nichols, was born at Stratford, January 5, 1726-27, died May 13, 1807. He lived at Stratford. His will was dated December 13, 1805, proved June 9, 1807. He left an estate of over twentyfive thousand pounds. He married (first) October 9, 1753. Mehitable Peat; (second) September 9, 1757, Mary Prince, who died May 13, 1811, aged seventy-seven years. Children of first wife, born at Stratford: William, March 10, 1755, mentioned below; Philip, September 11, 1756. Children of second wife: Mercy, January 23, 1759; Lucy, April 6, 1761; Hannah, December 29, 1762; Mary, May 9, 1765; Richard, August 5, 1767; Sarah, August 19, 1769; Charles Theophilus, July 21, 1771; George Kneeland, December 15, 1773; George Kneeland, December 26,

(VII) William, son of Philip Nichols, was born at Stratford, March 10, 1755. He married (first) - Edwards; (second) Huldah Davis, of Redding, Connecticut. Children of first wife, born at Stratford: Sarah,

married Isaac Seeley; Philip, was accidentally killed; Mehitable, married Asa Beardsley; Prudence, married Captain William Goodsell; Hannah, died October 7, 1855, aged sixty-seven; Anna, married Levi Lyon; Serena or Cyrena, married Abijah Beardsley, their daughter Susan Caroline married Amos Higgins, whose daughter, Jennie Charlotte Higgins, married John Miles Beach (see Beach VIII); Betsey, married twice. Children of second wife: David, 1707; William Han-ford, died January 26, 1838; Wakeman, born 1801; Elam, 1802; Stephen, 1804; infant, died young; Philip Edwards, died September 26, 1855.

(VIII) Stephen, son of William Nichols, was born in 1804 at Stratford. He married Emeline, daughter of Aaron Beardsley, March 4, 1829. Children, born at Stratford: Jane Elizabeth, July 1, 1830, died April 10, 1832; Stephen Marcus, July 1, 1838, mar-

ried Julia G. Hall.

# (The Tousey Line).

(I) Richard Toucey, or Tousey, immigrant ancestor, settled in Wethersfield, Connecticut. He came from an English town called Towsland. Towsley, or Towsey, these varied methods of spelling appearing in different records. He had a son, Thomas, from whom the Fairfield county branch of the family is de-

(II) Thomas, son of Richard Tousey, died at Wethersfield in 1712, leaving at least two children: Thomas Jr.; Elizabeth, who mar-

(III) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Tousey, was born at Wethersfield, in 1688, graduated from Yale College in 1707, and in 1709 joined the little company of settlers at Newtown. His name appears among the residents of the town in 1712, and he seems to have been active and influential in local politics and in religious matters. According to town records, the organization of a church was first formally attempted at a meeting of the proprietors held on September 24, 1711, and as their offer to Phineas Fisk to preach for them was declined, a call was extended on or about May 21, 1713, to "Reverend Thomas Tousey of Wethersfield," to preach for one year at a salary of thirty pounds, and the proceeds of some land which the society agreed to break up, sow and harvest. Mr. Tousey began his ministry soon afterward, and in October, 1715, when the church was formally organized, he was ordained as pastor. At that time there were thirty families included in the membership, and, although for a while harmony seemed to prevail, some

signs of dissatisfaction became apparent about 1723, certain members declaring, as stated in the town records, that they could not "sit easy" under his preaching, while others averred that they "were of a different persuasion," meaning, doubtless, that they inclined to the Church of England. Naturally, Mr. Tousey was disturbed by this unfortunate state of affairs, and the result was that he resigned his pastorate and went to England, where he received a commission as captain from the British government. After his return to Newtown he began the practice of medicine and throughout his life he continued to take a leading part in the affairs of that locality. In 1743 he was appointed to oppose the formation of a new ecclesiastical society in Newbury (now Brookfield) and he was selected to fix the boundaries between New Milford and Newtown. He died March 14, 1761, and among the heirlooms treasured by his descendants is an account book, items in which, dating back as far as 1715, throw much light on the early history of Newtown. Rev. Thomas Tousey married, November 12, 1717, Hannah Clark, of Milford, by whom he had the following children: Hannah (Mrs. Josiah Hooker, of Norwalk), born September 25, 1718; Arminal (Mrs. Donald Grant), April 14, 1720; Elizabeth November 27, 1723; Oliver, mentioned below; Mehitable, March 17, 1727, became the second wife of Agur Judson, of Huntington; Ann, 1728, married, May 2, 1752, Daniel Baldwin; John, mentioned below; Thomas, settled in Woodbury, Connecticut; Zalmon.

Preston Perry, of Kent. 5. Hannah, April 19, 1775, married Zachariah Clarke, father of Philo Clarke.

(IV) John, son of Thomas (2) Tousey, was born in 1730, died July 7, 1776. He settled in Huntington. He married Rebecca Booth, who died September 19, 1803. Children: I. John, born 1751. 2. Abel, born 1756, mentioned below. 3. Ann, born 1761, died in infancy. 4. David, born 1764, died May 5, 1841. 5. Donald, born 1766, died May 20, 1829: their grandson, John M. Tousey, was superintendent of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, and Sinclair Tousey, another grandson, was a member of the firm of St. John & Tousey, merchant tailors, Broadway & Wall street, New York. 6. Ann, born 1768. 7. Hannah, born 1770. 8. Rebecca, born 1771.

(V) Abel, son of John Tousey, was born at Newtown, March 4, 1756, died June 7, 1825. He married (first) Esther Glover, March 2, 1780. She died August 9, 1804. He married (second) Amaryllis Hubbell. Children: John Glover; Grandison Curtis, born June 29, 1786; Marcia, October 4, 1789; Zerah, June 29, 1791; Philo, March 17, 1793; Minerva, January 10, 1800; Esther Ann, December 10, 1802. Children of second wife:

David; Wheeler Peck; Delia.

(VI) Wheeler Peck, son of Abel Tousey, was born March 7, 1817, died April 21, 1889. His early years were spent at Newtown, where he attended the district schools. He learned the trade of carriage making in the Daniels Farm district near Trumbull and later established a factory of his own in Long Hill. He worked for a short time in Bridgeport and passed some months in the south. During the civil war he followed farming in Tompkins county, New York. He was the first man to operate a sewing machine at Long Hill. The present factory of R. Charles Tousey, which was erected for the manufacture of carriages, was bought by W. P. Tousey about 1866, and three years later he began the manufacture of shirts and drawers. He was a successful manufacturer, a kind and considerate employer and made many friends. He married, October 10, 1842, Mary Ann Turney, born June 25, 1821, daughter of Elijah and Eunice (Thorp) Turney, both natives of Fairfield, Connecticut. Children: R. Charles, mentioned below; Lamora, born January 24, 1850, married Joseph Hawley.

(VII) R. Charles, son of Wheeler Peck Tousey, was born in the Long Hill district, Trumbull, and died at Long Hill, 1906. He was educated there in the public schools and at a private school in Monroe. When quite

young he entered his father's factory and learned the business of carriage making. He became a partner of his father in the manufacture of shirts and drawers and after his father died continued the business, increasing his plant. He has been active also in public affairs. He was deputy sheriff under Sheriff Charles Crosby and constable and selectman of the town. He is a prominent Free Mason, member of the Lodge, Chapter and Commandery, and has taken the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry. He also cient Order of United Workmen. He was agent for the State Humane Society. He married, November 28, 1866, in Virgil, Cortland county, New York, Ellen E., daughter of Richard and Caroline (Gager) Francis. She was a member of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church at Long Hill. Children: 1. Rena Caroline, born October 5, 1869, married, November 12, 1889, Harry A. House, of Bridgeport, later of East Cowes, Isle of Wight, England. 2. Lora Alice, June 5, 1871, married, November 23, 1892, Dr. D. C. DeWolfe, of Bridgeport; children: Sinclair Tousey, born March 25, 1894, and Frederick I., July 27, 1897, died March 10, 1898. 3. Frederick Wheeler, born May 4, 1872, married Violet Beach and lived at East Cowes, Isle of Wight; returned to Bridgeport where he and his wife died; child, Harold Francis. 4. Anna May, born February 11, 1876, died August 6, 1876. 5. Harry Glover, mentioned

(VIII) Harry Glover, son of R. Charles Tousey, was born at Long Hill, Trumbull, Connecticut, May 16, 1877. He was educated in Bridgeport public school. He engaged in the men's furnishing goods business with his mother at Long Hill, this formerly was carried on by father and Glover Tousey. He married Susan Edith, daughter of John M. Beach, of Bridgeport, June 22, 1808 (see Beach VIII). She has one child: John Beach, born August 23, 1903. Mr. Tousey is a member of Corinthian Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Hamilton Commandery, Pyramid Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

(III) Nathaniel (2) Beach, son BEACH of Nathaniel (1) Beach (q. v.), was born December 29, 1696. He married, November 3, 1720, Sarah, daughter of Solomon Burton. He died in 1734, and his widow married (second) William Odell. Children: Elizabeth, born March 10, 1721-22; Charity, baptized March, 1724;

Thomas, mentioned below, baptized February, 1733; Nathan, perhaps; Joseph, perhaps. (IV) Thomas, son of Nathaniel (2) Beach,

(1V) Thomas, son of Nathaniel (2) Beach, was baptized February, 1733. He married——. Children: Nathaniel, born 1756; Abel, 1758; Anna, 1760; Charity, 1762; Mabel, 1764; Rebecca, 1766; Betty, 1768; Thomas, mentioned below.

(V) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Beach, was born in 1770. He married Child: John Burton, mentioned be-

(VI) John Burton, son of Thomas (2) Beach, married Emmaline Hawley. He was a Methodist minister, and in politics a Republican. Children: John Wesley, mentioned

below: Samuel Ferguson.

(VII) John Wesley, son of John Burton Beach, was born December 24, 1825, in Trumbull, Connecticut. He was a Methodist minister, presiding elder, principal of Amenia Seminary, and president of Wesleyan University. In politics he was a Republican. He married, March 22, 1855, Eliza Merritt Vail, of Pleasant Valley, New York. She was of French descent. Children: Burton Thompson, born December 26, 1855: Elizabeth Vail, December 29, 1857; Francis A., August 21, 1866, mentioned below: Mary Romer, October 15, 1868; Emmaline, 1871; George Services.

ney, January 29, 1873. (VIII) Francis Asbury, son of John Wesley Beach, was born Augut 21, 1866, in Kingston, Ulster county, New York. He attended the high school at Middletown, Connecticut, and Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Massachusetts. March 15, 1886, he entered Middletown National Bank, Middletown, Connecticut, as a clerk. He was afterward teller and assistant cashier. September 1, 1907, he became treasurer of the Bristol Trust Company, Bristol, Connecticut. He was elected cashier of Middletown National Bank, 1910. In politics he is a Republican. He belongs to St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Central Lodge, Odd Fellows. He is also a member of the Bristol Club. In religion he is a Methodist. He married, April 9, 1891, Emma Sophia, born May 21, 1866, in Philadelphia Odderstand May 21, 1866, in Philadelphia Sophia, born May 21, 1866, in Philadelphia Sophia, breakfur of May 21, 1866, in Philadelphia delphia, daughter of James and Sophia (Smith) Conn. Her father was a merchant in Philadelphia. They have no children.

BEACH Isaac Beach (q. v.), was born October 6, 1700. He was highly educated, and was the first rector of the Episcopal church in Newtown. and continued his ministerial duties for many years, dying March 12, 1782, at the advanced age of eight

ty-two years. He married (first) Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel Beach, who was his first cousin. She died August 1, 1756, and he married (second) Abigail, widow of John Holbrook, and daughter of Sergeant Abel and Agnes (Hawkins) Gunn; she survived her second husband one year. Children of Rev. John Beach, all by first marriage, and all born in Newtown: Joseph, born September 26, 1727; Phebe, September 30, 1729; John, January 19, 1731, died December 31, 1733; John, September 5, 1734, of whom further; Lazarus, September 20, 1736; Sarah, January 24, 1738; Hannah, January 24, 1741, died January 7, 1759: Lucy, born 1743, married Rev. Epenetus Townsend. In Trinity Episcopal church, Newtown, Fairfield county, are four tablets, said to be the richest in the country, more elaborate in design and detail than any others in the United States, commemorative of the services of some of the earlier pastors of the parish. The following inscription, in curious Colonial letters, is engraved on the tablet to the memory of Rev. John Beach:

"To the blessed memory of Rev. John Beach, A. M., Founder of this Parish. Born at Stratford, Conn., A. D. MDCC. Graduated at Yale College, MDCCXX. At great sacrifice, upon thorough investigation and deep conviction, conforming to the Church of England, he was admitted to Holy Orders in England, A. D. MDCCXXXII, and appointed Missionary at Newtown and Reading, of the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. He was a scholar thorough, a reasoner cogent, a controversalist able, a preacher persuasive, a pastor untiring, a Christian hero undaunted. He was of all most effective in laying deep and broad the foundation of the Church in the Colony of Connecticut. From the beginning of his ministry, assailed by bitter intolerance and pursued by malicious plottings, he patiently indured. In the added perils of a cruel war, remaining with the flock, he continued his ministrations at the constant risk of threatened violence and death. Full of years and labors, he entered into rest March XIX, A. D. MDCCLXXXII".

(IV) John (2), son of Rev. John (1) Beach, was born September 5, 1734, died May 15, 1791. He married, August 3, 1756, Phebe Curtis, born February 20, 1737, died December 4, 1815, having survived her husband. Children: John, of whom further: Phebe, born January 29, 1760, died November 16, 1835, married Zalmon Glover; Matthew, February 22, 1763, died September 10, 1766; Hannah, May 22, 1765, died May 11, 1816, married John Curtis: Lucy, July 17, 1766, died February 5, 1779; Sarah, February 5, 1774, died July 9, 1859, married (first) Joel Booth, (second) Zalmon Peck; Mary, August 4, 1778, died October 19, 1846, married Abel Bleers.

(V) John (3), eldest child of John (2)

Beach, was born December 9, 1757, died June 10, 1830, at Sheldon, Vermont. He married, June 13, 1778, Mabel, born December 12, 1756, died January 5, 1844, daughter of Daniel and Mabel (Booth) Beers. Children: Lucy, born February 22, 1780, died March 31, 1856, married Captain James Nichols; Ann, November 22, 1781, died June 9, 1783; Mathew, November 5, 1782; Ann, December 25, 1783, died January 21, 1844, married Dr. Elisha Sheldon; Boyle, March 12, 1786, died December 8, 1861; Phebe, February 6, 1788, died December 25, 1880, married Barent Houghtaling; John, August 28, 1789, of whom further; Charlotte, November 9, 1790, died April 1, 1874, married Epenetus Holmes Weed; David, December 13, 1793, died 1860; Mabel, July 22, 1795, died December 13, 1796.

(VI) Judge John (4) Beach, son of John (3) Beach, was born August 28, 1789, died April 12, 1869. In his youth his parents removed from Newtown, and he remained there in the home of his uncle and aunt, Daniel and Naomi (Glover) Beers. They were childless, and adopting him, they provided liberally for his education, which he finished in New Haven, where he also studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1814, at the age of twenty-five years. He was made city attorney in 1821, and occupied the position until 1824, when he became clerk of the superior court, and served as such with conspicuous ability and fidelity for the long period of twenty years. This service was followed by a place on the city court bench, but he soon after retired from active professional life. He was a man of strong character and unflinching integrity, and during his fifty years' residence in New Haven he was held in the highest esteem for both his professional ability and his splendid personal character. He married, May 10, 1818, Marcia, born July 18, 1796, died August 6, 1861, daughter of Abijah Birdsey and Ann (Glover) Curtis. Children: John S., born July 28, 1819, of whom further; Daniel Beers, November 14, 1823; Ann Eliza, June 30, 1829, died March 18, 1862.

(VII) John Sheldon, son of Judge John (4) Beach, was born July 28, 1819. died September 12, 1887. He graduated from Yale College in 1839, was admitted to the bar, and at once entered upon practice. He soon took up patent law, with offices in New Haven, and was recognized as one of the most capable practitioners in the country in his specialty, and which he continued successfully until his death. He married, September 15, 1847, Rebecca Gibbons, of Wilmington, Delaware,





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daughter of Dr. William and Rebecca (Donaldson) Gibbons. Children: 1. John Hamilton, born July 5. 1848, died April 14, 1849. 2. Rebecca Donaldson, born August 9, 1850, resides in New Haven. She has devoted much time and intelligent labor to historical and genealogical subjects, and is author of a work entitled "Rev. John Beach and his Descendants," published in 1896. 3. John Kimberly, born October 18, 1855, now practicing law in New Haven, and is professor of mercantile law and admiralty jurisprudence, Yale University; married Mary Roland Sanford. of New York City. 4. Donaldson, born April 6, 1858, died December 15, 1864. 5. Francis Gibbons, born February 28, 1864, died December 30, 1902; graduate of Yale University, 1883; was postmaster at New Haven during President Cleveland's second administration; married Elizabeth Charnley Wells, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; left a son, John Francis Beach, 6, Rodmond Vernon, born May 18, 1865, graduate Yale University, 1887; enlisted in Spanish-American war, and died from disease contracted in service, September 28, 1898, at Ponce Puerto Rico; was adjutant of First Regiment, United States Volunteer Engineers.

BEACH David (1) (q, v.) and Hannah (Sherman) Beach, was born in

1727, and resided in North Stratford. He married, November 30, 1748, Ruth Hawley, haptized in Iune, 1726, daughter of John and Sarah (Walker) Hawley. Children: Eunice, Ruth, David, John, Sarah, Robert, Hannah and Ann (twins), and Abigail. Two of the sons, David and Robert, settled at Hinesburg, Vermont, about 1787. The elder is said to have been a soldier of the revolution, first as a recruiting sergeant, and later as lieutenant. The revolutionary rolls of Connecticut give various periods of service by David Beach, but do not state where he lived.

(V) Robert, third son of David (2) and Ruth (Hawley) Beach, was born in October, 1760, and resided in New Milford. Connecticut, until after the revolution, when he removed to Hinesburg, Vermont. His wife bore the baptismal name of Sarah, and they had children: Timothy, Allen and Esther, in New Milford. They had a son baptized, September 13, 1787, in New Milford, but his name is not given. The removal to Hinesburg must have been made immediately after this date. Their son, Allen Beach, is mentioned in the records of Hinesburg, as are also several others bearing the name, including Albert. Some of these may have been children

of David Beach. Inasmuch as the latter disappeared from the records of Hinesburg in 1794, it is presumable that most of these were children of Robert.

(VI) Albert, son of Robert and Sarah Beach, was born June 1, 1786, undoubtedly in New Milford, although his birth is not there recorded, died at Lincoln, Vermont, August 20, 1874, aged eighty-eight years two months and nineteen days. His second wife, Sally, born about 1805, survived him, and died in Lincoln, July 3, 1875, aged seventy years. In early life Albert Beach engaged in trade with Canada, and subsequently owned a farm in Bristol, Vermont, whence he removed to Lincoln. For some years after locating in Lincoln he worked land on shares, and purchased a tract of land, September 8, 1851. On this place he lived until his death, after which it descended to his daughter, Lucia A. Beach. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, and participated in the battle of Plattsburg. The name of his first wife was Minerva Comstock, and they were the parents of Charles, Henry Warren, George, Sanford A., Lucia A. and Emily.

(VII) Henry Warren, eldest child of Albert and Minerva (Comstock) Beach, was born March 5, 1828. in Lincoln, Vermont, and resided there until about eighteen years old, upon a farm. When about twenty years old upon a farm. When about twenty years old he entered the service of the Troy & Boston railroad, and continued forty-two years in its employ. He was several years a foreman in construction of the Hoosick tunnel. In religion he was a Presbyterian, and he became a voter not long before the organization of the Republican party of which he was an earnest supporter thereafter. He married, December 2, 1854, at Schaghticoke, New York, Emily Minerva Andrew, born February 11 1835, in Johnsonville, New York, daughter of Philip and Maria Andrew, the latter being a daughter of John and Maria Becker, undoubtedly of Dutch ancestry. Children: Charles Andrew, mentioned below; Philip Andrew, born May 23, 1869, who resides in Johnsonville, New York, where he is a rail-

veni<sup>1</sup> er 22, 18-7.

(VIII) Charles Andrew, elder son of Henry Warren and Emily Minerva (Andrew) Beach, was born November 15, 1859, in Schaghticoke. He received his education in the Troy high school and Troy Business College. In 1875 he entered the service of the Troy & Boston railroad, as water boy on a gravel train, and since that time he has been continuously in railroad service. He subsequently became a brakeman on the same road

road man. Henry Warren Beach died No-

and was later a conductor on the Delaware & Hudson and New York Central railroads. By his fidelity and capacity he gained the attention of his superiors, and was promoted to train master on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad at Utica, New York, subsequently occupying the same position at Syracuse, New York, where he was promoted to assistant superintendent. From February, 1895, to April, 1896, he was superintendent of the Lehigh Valley railroad at Buffalo, and for one year thereafter was general superintendent of the South Jersey railroad, later succeeding to the position of general manager of the same railroad, which he filled from April, 1897, to December, 1898, at which time he became superintendent of terminals of the Central railroad of New Jersey at Jersey City, and so continued until August, 1900. For a short time thereafter he was superintendent of the Atlantic City railroad, a branch of the Reading system at Camden, New Jersey, and from October, 1900, to March, 1902, he was superintendent of the Philadelphia division of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company at Philadelphia. Since March, 1902, he has been superintendent of the New York division of that railroad with headquarters at Philadelphia. Mr. Beach is affiliated with the Masonic Order, being a member of Apollo Lodge, Apollo Chapter and Apollo Commandery, of Troy, New York, and through the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite he has obtained the thirty-second degree at Philadelphia, and is a member of Oriental Shrine of Troy. He is a steadfast Republican in political principle, and with his family is connected with Bethany Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia. He is a trustee of the First Penny Savings Bank of that city and is a member of the Union League and Huntington Valley Country clubs of the same city.

He married, in Troy, New York, October 30, 1878, Anna Elizabeth VanKuren, born September 21, 1860, in Troy, daughter of Edward and Jane VanKuren, of that city, her father having been for many years connected with the National Express Company there. Their children are: Benjamin, Anna E., above mentioned. Children of Charles A. Beach and wife: I. Edward Warren, born December 3, 1879, attended the public schools of Troy and Buffalo, New York, and the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated in medicine, and is now engaged in the practice of his profession at Philadelphia. He married Gertrude Mason and has a son, Ransford Clark Beach. 2. Ransford Mix, born May 11, 1883, attended the public schools of Troy and Buffalo, New York, graduating

from the college and law department of the University of Pennsylvania, and is now in practice in Philadelphia. 3. Charles Andrew, December 3, 1887, attended the Cheltenham high school at Philadelphia. 4. Dorothy, December 21, 1894, attended the public schools of Philadelphia, and is now a student at Marshall Seminary, Oaklane, Philadelphia.

There were three immigrants of BEACH the name of Beach under Colony Records of 1639 among the settlers of the New Haven colony-Richard, John and Thomas-and the evidence that they were brothers appears conclusive. Richard Beach came from London in 1635 in the ship "Elizabeth and Ann," Captain Robert Cooper, and settled as early as 1639 in New Haven; he owned a house and lot there, February 7, 1643, and in 1645 married the widow of Andrew Hull. John Beach was in New Haven in 1647, and was in that year concerned with Richard in the settlement of the estate of William Iles, "cousin of said Richard"; John settled in Stamford before 1660, and lived there the remainder of his life; he was surety on a bond of Richard and witness on a deed, and there are other records showing probable relationship. Both John and Richard bought

lands in Wallingford.

(I) Thomas Beach, the third brother, and the immigrant ancestor of the Hartford family, is known to be a brother of the Richard Beach mentioned above (New Haven County Records, November 2, 1652). He was in New Haven before March 7, 1647, when he took the oath of fidelity. Thomas Beach removed from New Haven to Milford. He is said to have been for a time in Wallingford, but returned to Milford before his death in 1662. He married, March 1, 1654, Sarah, who died in 1608, daughter of Richard and Mary Platt; she married (second) Miles Merwin, the administrator of the estate of Thomas Beach; they had four daughters who, with the Beach children, shared equally in the estate of Miles Merwin, upon his death in 1695. Children: 1. Sarah, born in 1654. 2. John, see forward. 3. Mary, born December 27, 1657, married, in New Jersey, Samuel Lion. 4. Samuel, born June 5, 1660, married Abigail ——, died September, 1728, left no children. 5. Zophar,

September, 1726, left no children. 5. Zophar, born May 27, 1662, settled in Newark, and is the ancestor of the New Jersey branch.

(II) John, son of Thomas and Sarah (Platt) Beach, was born in Milford, October 19, 1655, died in 1709. He went to Wallingford in 1673-74 with the children of John Beach, of Stratford. He was known as John Beach, Jr., to distinguish him from his cousin

in Winchester, Connecticut.

(III) John (2), son of John (1) and Mary Beach, was born in Wallingford, October 15, 1690, died May 9, 1775. He is buried in Goshen, beside his second wife. He left Wallingford in 1728-20 and became one of the founders of the town of Goshen, Connecticut, where in 1739 he built one of the largest houses in the town and in one of the most popular sections, now East Goshen. His house was chosen for the ordination of Rev. Mr. Heaton, first minister of Goshen, November, 1740, the meeting house being unsuitable in winter weather. He married (first) August 18, 1715, Sarah Tyler, who died in 1716. Child: Barnabas, born July 1, 1716, married Sarah Thompson, died in the state of New York about 1800. Children: Zerah, Sarah, married Elisha Blin; Silas, married Betsey Vaill; Hannah; William; Allen; Eliza and Catherine; his children removed from Goshen to New York state. John Beach married (second) at Wallingford, February 22, 1717, Mary, born in 1695, died October 27, 1767, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Baldwin) Royce. Children: I. Adnah, see forward. 2. Edmund, born February 18, 1720. 3. Linus, December 5, 1721. 4. Amos, January 28, 1724. 5. Mary, April 28, 1726, died in infancy. 6. Jacob, December 5, 1728. 7. Samuel, December 22, 1729. 8. John, April 21, 1731. 9. Royce, October 19, 1733. 10. Baldwin, July 26, 1736, died in 1776, unmarried. 11. Mary, October 27, 1739, died in 1785, unmarried.

(IV) Adnah, eldest child of John (2) and Mary (Royce) Beach, was born January 11, 1718, died March 10, 1783, and is buried at Goshen. His gravestone, and that of his wife, are standing at East Goshen. He had a house on East street, near that of his father, in Goshen, was a tanner by trade, and represented his town in the general assembly. The Sabbath day or noonhouse, the third from meeting house on the north side, was owned by Adnah Beach and Nehemiah Lewis. He married (recorded at Wallingford), June 9, 1741, Hannah Miles, who died December 6,

1775, at the age of fifty-five years. She was the daughter of John and Sarah (Ball) Miles. granddaughter of John and Elizabeth (Harriman) Miles, and of John Harriman, of New Haven, and great-granddaughter of Richard Miles, of New Haven, who took the oath of Indelity in 1657. Children, born in Goshen: I. Fisk, May 15, 1742. 2. Miles, November 14, 1743. 3. Hannah, February 28, 1745, married (first) October 28, 1764, Uri I ill; (second) November 13, 1769. Ephraim Starr; she died February 26, 1826. 4. Mabel, April 22, 1748, married, August 26, 1766, John Carrington. 5. Adnah, August 4, 1750. 6. Eben-ezer, twin of Adnah, died young. 7. Anne, October 2, 1752, died voung. 8. Adnah, June 16, 1754, died young. 9. Anne, November 18, 1755, married Gideon Hurlburt. 10. Adnah, November 10, 1757. 11. Susanna, October 31, 1760, married John Reed, of Canaan. 12. Salome, June 14, 1763, married Job Marsh, of New Hartford. 13. Ebenezer, see forward. (V) Ebenezer, youngest child of Adnah

and Hannah (Miles) Beach, was born May 30, 1766, died May 3, 1793, and was buried at Sheffield, Massachusetts. He appears to have been in Hartford in business with his brother, Miles, as a goldsmith and clock maker at the time of his marriage, and later set up for himself in the same line of business in Litchfield, Connecticut. The house in which he lived in Litchfield, and in which his children were born, was later destroyed by fire. After the death of her husband, the Widow Lucy returned to her father's home in Cooper's Lane, now Lafayette street, Hartford. For a time she left her three children in the care of her mother and sister and taught school in New Haven. In 1800 she married Dr. William Whitman, and died the following year, after the birth of a second son: William E. Ebenezer Beach married, at Hartford, Lucy, who died April 7, 1801, daughter of Timothy and Sarah (Seymour) Steele, granddaughter of Daniel and Mary (Hopkins) Steele, the latter born January 30, 1705, greatgranddaughter of Samuel and Mary (Bradford) Steele, great-great-granddaughter of John and Mercy (Warner) Steele, and greatgreat-great-granddaughter of John Steele, the immigrant. Mrs. Beach was also great-granddaughter of Ebenezer and Mary (Butler) Hopkins, great-great-granddaughter of Stephen and Dorcas (Bronson) Hopkins, and great-great-granddaughter of John and Jane Hopkins, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. Mrs. Beach was also great-great-granddaughter of Major William and Alice (Richards) Bradford, and great-great-great-granddaughter of Governor William and Alice Bradford,

who came to Plymouth in the "Mayflower." Children of Ebenezer and Lucy (Steele) Beach: 1. George, see forward. 2. Lucy, born September 21, 1790, died in Canaan, married Charles Burrall. 3. Julia, born August 6, 1793, died October 17, 1877, at Hoosick, New York; married Walter Phelps, of Hartford.

(VI) George, eldest child of Ebenezer and Lucy (Steele) Beach, was born in Litchfield, November 29, 1788, died at his house on Farmington avenue, Hartford, May 3, 1860. Upon the death of his mother he probably returned to live with his Grandfather Steele until 1806; his sister, Lucy, was taken by his father's sister Susannah, wife of John Reed, of Canaan, Connecticut; his sister Julia being taken by his mother's sister Mittie (Mehitable), wife of George Benton, Front street, Hartford. He began his business life as a clerk for John Pierce, a West India merchant, State street, Hartford, and lived for a time with the family of his employer. A few years later Mr. Beach became junior partner, the firm name becoming Pierce & Beach. The trade of the firm was ruined by the war of 1812, and Mr. Pierce withdrew and left the city. George Beach, Jr., used to tell a story of one of his father's merchant vessels which had been given up as lost or captured by the British. But early one Sunday morning, before daylight, he was awakened by a knock at the front door, opened his window, and found a messenger from New London who announced the safe arrival of the ship, which had sailed under the French flag by a roundabout way to escape the British. In 1814 Mr. Beach closed up the West India business and, upon the organization of the Phoenix Bank of Hartford, was elected its cashier, an office he filled until September 6, 1837, when he was elected president, and continued at the head of this institution until his last illness, resigning April 5, 1860. At the outset the disturbance of the currency of the country caused by the war with England, led the bank to issue a quantity of bills for fractional parts of a dollar, which the vice-president and directors of the bank were authorized to sign. With the exception of these hills, Mr. Beach signed all the notes and bills issued by the bank, and its circulation sometimes rose above a million dollars. At the time of his death he had undoubtedly signed more bills than any other man in this section. In 1836 Mr. Beach became a partner in the firm of Phelps, Beach & Company, formerly Hungerford, Phelps & Beach, George Beach Jr., being a partner of the original firm and continuing with his father and Mr. Phelps.

When Mr. Phelps retired in 1839, the firm became Beach & Company, and George Beach became its head. For a number of years he lived in the house which is still standing, but somewhat altered in appearance, on the north side of Church street, and there most of his children were born. Later he removed to the house on Farmington avenue, and his son George lived in the next house to the west. Both houses were built by Cyprian Nichols, his father-in-law. Upon the visit to this country of General Lafayette, about 1825, it was the duty of Mr. Beach, as captain of the Governor's Foot Guard, to meet the general and with his company escort him to a raised platform in front of the Phoenix National Bank, where the state reception was held. He was generous with his wealth and always favored the young men just starting in business. He favored the small loans which are usually so hard to negotiate. He contributed largely to charity, but preferred to give anonymously. He donated the land for St. Paul's Church. The Widows' Home, which he built and maintained, was a most sensible and worthy benevolence, consisting of a number of small apartments let gratuitously to deserving widows who had no home. From early life he was an active member of Christ Church and a faithful churchman.

Mr. Beach married (first) in Christ Church, Hartford, April 15, 1808. Harriet, born June 27, 1792, died July 16, 1826, daughter of Aaron Bradley (see Bradley VII). He married (second), 1827, Maria, born May 10, 1799, died November 15, 1845, daughter of Cyprian Nichols. He married (third) Sophia (Buckland) Bull, widow of E. W. Bull, who survived him many years. Children of first wife, born at Hartford: I. John, June in Willoughby, Ohio. 2. Sarah, June 29, 1866, in Willoughby, Ohio. 2. Sarah, June 29, 1810, died unmarried, June 27, 1836. 3. George, see forward. 4. Henry. December 17, 1813. died March 11, 1815. 5. Julia, July 30, 1815, died unmarried in Hartford, January 4, 1878. 1878. 6. Henry Bruce, November 3, 1817, died in 1907. 7. William, July 3, 1820, died unmarried in 1888. 8. Walter Phelps, see forward. 9. Joseph Watson, December 28, 1823, see forward. 10. Charles Mason, see forward. Children of second wife: 11. Cyprian Nichols, September 9, 1828, died in London, England, February 9, 1887; married (first) Helen Tyler, of Hartford; (second) Hettie Hart Jarvis. 12. Isaac Toucey, April 2, 1830, died August 27, 1830. 13. Emily Nichols, May 16, 1831, married, June 15, 1854. Alexander Hamilton Polk, of Louisiana, died in Baltimore. 14. Isaac Toucey, Novem-



Ew. Beach



ber 2, 1832. 15. Mary, December 23, 1833, died March 21, 1907, marrie l. July 20, 1802, John Gardner White, of Boston. 16. Francis, see forward. 17. Clement, May 8, 1838,

died September 9, 1838.

(VII) George (2), son of George (1) and Harriet (Bradley) Beach, was born at Hart-ford, January 26, 1812, died there July 16, 1899. He was educated in the public schools, and commenced his business career by becoming junior partner of the house of Hungerford, Phelps & Beach, which was organized in 1833, importers of dyes, Hartford. Upon the retirement of the older partner the firm name became Phelps, Beach & Company, and finally in 1839, Beach & Company. In 1849 the members of the firm were: George Beach, Ir., J. Watson Beach and Charles M. Beach. After the death of J. Watson Beach in 1887 the business was continued by the surviving brothers. He was connected with the house for a period altogether of sixty-six years, and was for two generations or more a prominent figure in the business circles of Hartford.

He was one of the organizers, and first president, elected August 14, 1857, of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank, of Hartford, now the First National. The original directors were: George Beach, Jr., Ebenezer Flower, James M. Bunce, Austin Dunham, Samuel Austin, Lawson C. Ives, Henry Kellogg, Lucius F. Robinson and George Kellogg, James S. Tryon was cashier. When reorganized as a national bank, its capital was five hundred thousand dollars, and was one of the directors of the Broad Brook Company at the time of his death, and had been active in the concern for many years. This company manufactures woolens. He was a prominent figure in public life also. He was state senator from Hartford in 1866-67, and in 1880 was the Democratic candidate for congress from his district, but the Democratic party was in a minority and he was defeated. For many years he was of great influence in his party and in the public affairs of the city and state. He was a prominent member of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, and one of its most generous sup-porters. For many years, 1826-45, he was warden, and exhibited a keen interest in all its work and anniversaries through a long period. In later years he was a vestryman. He was interested in the park system of Hartford, and in its early days was chairman of the board of trustees that laid out Bushnell Park, and he took an active oversight and direction in the planting of rare trees and shrubs in the parks. His own grounds

showed his love of landscape, and his appreciation of the beauties of shrubs and trees.

board of trustees of Trinity College, and much interested in its affairs. To Mr. Beach more than to any other one man Hartford is indebted for its strikingly beautiful Cedar Hill Cemetery. He is credited with originating the idea of transforming the commanding height, with its great scenic beauties, into a burial ground that invites the admiration of every visitor and is known throughout the country. He was actively interested in the securing of Upjohn's fine designs for the state judgment was made only after careful thought and reflection. He studied public questions, and regarded statesmanship as one of the highest attainments. The Churchman said of him at the time of his death: "Mr. Beach was a communicant of Christ Church, where he was always to be found in his place in the church unless out of town or hindered by sickness, and it was a stimulating sight to see him-tall, gray and old-yet remarkably erect and active for his years, walking down the nave to take his seat. For many years he has served Christ Church as either warden or vestryman, remaining on the vestry up to the time of his death. Hartford has lost an honorable and respected citizen; the diocese has lost a layman of distinction and character; and Christ Church has lost a communicant whose life, example and support it will be hard to duplicate." The Courant of July 18, 1899, said: "His loss will be widely deplored in this city, where the and in the commercial prosperity of which he had taken an honored part." Mr. Beach married (first) Sarah, daughter of Cyprian Nichols, of Hartford; (second) Emily Wood,

(VII) Walter Phelps, son of George and Harriet (Bradley) Beach, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, January 21, 1822. He was captain of Company F, Tenth Michigan Infantry. He married (first) August 31, 1845, at Providence, Rhode Island, Martha Ann Stacy, who died at Ypsilanti, Michigan, December 27, 1874. He married (second) at Hartford, Connecticut, April 19, 1876, Maria Catherine Skinner, who died at Ypsilanti, Michigan, February 16, 1899. Children by first wife: 1. Harriet Bradley, born at Almont, Michigan, October 10, 1848, is now living at Centralia, Illinois. She married at Ypsilanti, Michigan, September 3, 1868, Franticolaries.

cis Augustus Oberst, and has had children: i. Harry Beach, born at Ypsilanti, April 10, 1870. ii. Kathreen Augusta, born at Detroit, Michigan, May 15, 1873, is now living at Clovis, California: married at Ann Arbor, Michigan, December 25, 1899, Arthur S. Woodard. 2. Sarah Kate, born at Almont, Michigan, April 15, 1850, now lives at Ypsilanti. She married in that town, June 14, 1871, Frank Joslyn. Children: i. Walter Beach, born at Ypsilanti, March 30, 1875, married there, January 7, 1903, Mary Gertrude Lang, and is now living at Lovelocks, Nevada. ii. Katie Beach, born at Ypsilanti, April 10, 1881, is now living at Detroit, Michigan. She married at Ypsilanti, September 25, 1907, Morgan Roy Kavanagh. iii. Fannie Reach, Norgan Roy Ravanagh. In: Jamie Lander, twin of Katie Beach, is now living at Elmira, New York. She married at Ypsilanti, December 25, 1905, Carl Max Bange, and has children: Katherine Joslyn, born at Ypsilanti, March 31, 1907; Elizabeth Joslyn, born at Elmira, July 27, 1909. 3. Walter Augustus, born at Almont, Michigan, July 15, 1852. 4. William Whitman, born at Almont, February 28, 1856, is now living at San Pedro, California. He married at Marquette, Michigan, November 10, 1876, Christena Marie Skog. 5. Helen Tyler, born at Almont, April 2, 1860, is now living at Ypsilanti. She married there, March 16, 1880, William A. Burt. Children: i. Edward Lindon, born at Ypsilanti, December 26, 1880, died July 26, 1881. ii. Ormand Walter, born at Ypsilanti, November 16, 1881, is now living in Cleveland, Ohio. He married at Wheeling, West Virginia, September 1, 1905, Freda B. Miller, iii. Lindon Beach, born at Ypsilanti, May 1, 1886, now lives at Los Vegas, New Mexico. He married there, September 27, 1909, Margaret Silva. iv. Edith Cordelia, born at Ypsilanti, August 17, 1888. 6. Nicholas, born at Almont, January 16, 1864, died September 17, 1864. 7. Martha Ann, born at Almont, December 1, 1865, died February 28, 1866. 8. Elizabeth Gay, born at Ypsilanti, September 3, 1867, now lives in Detroit, Michigan. She married at Ypsilanti, October 5, 1892, Daniel Peyton Sullivan. Children: i. Frances Coles, born at Ypsilanti, December 19, 1894. ii. Walter Peyton, born at Ypsilanti, October 26, 1896. iii. Philip Beach, born at Ypsilanti, September 3, 1808. 9. George Skinner, born at Ypsilanti, December 28, 1870.
(VII) Joseph Watson, ninth child of

(VII) Joseph Watson, ninth child of George and Harriet (Bradley) Beach, was born December 28, 1823, at Hartford, Connecticut, in the old house now standing in the rear of the Young Women's Christian Association, on Church street. He attended,

as a child, Miss Canfield's private school in Hartford, later going to Dr. Epaphroditus Hudson's school at Torringford and finished his education at Dr. Stephen Reed's school at Richmond, Massachusetts. Upon leaving school he began mercantile life in the office of the Hartford Carpet Company in Thompsonville, where he remained until 1849, when with his two brothers, George and Charles Mason, he became a member of the firm of Beach & Company, continuing in this firm until his death. He was recognized as one of Hartford's ablest business men. His practical knowledge of the details of the business of his firm made him a valuable partner, his business sagacity was recognized in all directions, and he was asked to fill various positions of responsibility in the business world. He was president of the Weed Sewing Machine Company, president of the Mercantile Bank, vice-president of the Western Automatic Screw Company, besides being a director in various other manufacturing and mercantile companies. His imposing presence, genial disposition, generous hospitality, lindness to etempere and enthusiasm for all kindness to strangers and enthusiasm for all that was of benefit to Hartford and its institutions made him one of Hartford's bestknown citizens and one beloved by all who knew him. He died at his home in Hartford, after three days' illness of pneumonia, March 16, 1887.

He married, October 13, 1852, Josephine Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Fitch Coffing, of Salisbury, Connecticut, and his wife, Catharine Frances (Eldredge) Coffing, of Westfield, Massachusetts, by whom he had five children: I. Katharine, born August 2, 1853, married George Herbert Day (see Day VII), October 13, 1877. and whose children are: i. Josephine Beach, born May 4, 1880, married Martin Toscan Bennett, of Hartford, November 15, 1900; their children are: Martin Toscan, born September 5, 1901; Katharine Beach, born December 16, 1902; Frances Woodruff, born July 24, 1905. ii. Watson Beach, born September 15, 1882, married Lillian Willis Underhill, June 29, 1907; their son, George Herbert, born May 12, 1909. iii. Infant son, born and died September 15, 1882. iv. Frank Putnam, born August 15, 1883, married Margery Elinor Munsell, June 2, 1906. v. Roberta Gray, born November 15, 1885, died February 10, 1886. vi. Regi-nald Willard, born June 17, 1888, died Febru-ary 24, 1889. vii. George Herbert, born September 22, 1891. viii. Godfrey Malbone, born December 4, 1897. 2. Dr. Charles Coffing Beach, born May 19, 1856, married Mary Elizabeth Batterson, June 17, 1884; children:

i. Goodwin Batterson, born October 2, 1885, married, September 8, 1908, Ethel Gertrude Curry, of Boston, Massachusetts. ii. Joseph Watson, born March 26, 1888. iii. Charles Bradford, born November 1, 1894. iv. Elizabeth Goodwin, born November 1, 1894. 3. George Watson, born February 1, 1858, married Elizabeth Colt Jarvis, October 3, 1883; children: i. Hart Jarvis, born March 22, 1891. ii. George, born August 5, 1892. iii. John Samuel Jarvis, born October 7, 1899. 4. Mary Helen, born July 12, 1861, married, May 13, 1885, Dr. Phineas Henry Ingalls, of Portland, Maine, and later of Hartford. 5. Richard Jarvis, born October 9, 1870.

(VII) Charles Mason, son of George and Harriet (Bradley) Beach, was born in the old house on Church street, at the rear of the Young Women's Christian Association building, Hartford, February 18, 1826, died June 17. 1910. When three years of age he attended the private school of Miss Canfield, on Church street, an institution which would now be classed as a kindergarten. He was afterward a member of the private school of Miss Emmons, on Pratt street, and was a student in the Hartford grammar school, when it was in Linden place, and Mr. Wright was its principal. In 1836 he entered the school of Dr. Epaphroditus Hudson, at Torringford, and when he was twelve years old he went to Dr. Stephen Reed's boarding school at Richmond. He began his business career at the age of fourteen as clerk in the office of Howe. Mather & Company, afterward Mather, Morgan & Company, Asylum street, Hartford. Eight years later he left that office in order to enter into partnership with his elder brothers, George and J. Watson Beach, in the firm of Beach & Company, dry salters and commission merchants, now importers and dealers in aniline dyes and other chemicals, No. 200 State street, Hartford. In this business he enjoyed a long, useful and prosperous career, and continued active in it until a short time prior to his death. The business was established in 1832, and takes rank among the oldest and most prosperous houses in the city

Early in his business life Mr. Beach became identified as founder, director or officer, with many of Hartford's leading business institutions. He was director in the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company for over fifty years, and was for many years a director of the Phoenix National Bank, Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford Carpet Company, Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company, of which he was one of the founders, Holvoke Power Company.

Hartford Machine Screw Company, Illinois Central Railroad; a trustee of the Hartford Retreat for the Insane, the Watkinson Farm School, the St. Margaret's Diocesan School for Girls, the Society of Donations and Bequests, and he was the first treasurer for the Society for the Increase of the Ministry. Mr. Beach is best known, perhaps, for the state. He was one of the foremost woolen and worsted manufacturers, and until 1910 treasurer of the Broad Brook Company, the large woolen corporation. For many years he directed his attention to his stock farm at West Hartford, and he was well known as a successful breeder of registered stock his dairy equipped with the most modern dekeeping the milk pure. He was a member of ers of the American Jersey Cattle Club, a member of the Guernsev Cattle Club, the He voted for many years on the Democratic side, but was always independent in politics. He took a keen interest in the public welfare, and contributed to the daily newspapers articles on the tariff and other manufacturing problems, as well as articles on dairying and kindred agricultural topics. He was a comber of Christ Church, St. John's Church and the Church of the Good Shepherd, of Hartford: since 1870, however, he belonged to St.

Mr. Beach married, in Christ Church, Hartford, October 8, 1849. Frances Lyman Belknap (see Belknap VII). Of their seven children, six are now living in West Hartford, the other died young. Children: I. Harriet Bradley, born September 20, 1850, married William Whetten Huntington, of West Hartford. 2. Frances Antoinette, April II, 1852. 3. Thomas Belknap, October 15, 1853, married Mary, daughter of Nathaniel Brookhouse Mansfield; children: Charles Mansfield, born July 2, 1890, died September 3, 1890; infant son, born and died March 25, 1893. 4. Edith, March 22, 1856. 5. Emily, twin of Edith, died in infancy. 6. Mary Elizabeth, July 25, 1858. 7. Charles Edward, September 2, 1862, married, October 8, 1895, Catherine Harriet, daughter of Charles Frederick and Julia (Hall) Coffing, and a descendant of Tristram Coffin, of Nantucket; children: Charles Frederick, born October 11, 1896; Thomas Coffing, October 16, 1899.

(VII) Francis, son of George and Maria

(Nichols) Beach, was born at Hartford, May 2, 1835, died in New York City, February 5, 1873. He attended the public schools, and was graduated with honors from the Military Academy at West Point in 1857. He served in the civil war and was commissioned cap-tain in the Fourth Artillery, United States Army, and was colonel of the Sixteenth Connecticut Regiment of Volunteers. At the battle of Antietam he received a wound which ultimately caused his death, after years of poor health. He was captured and confined in Libby Prison, Richmond, and at Andersonville. He married, January 7, 1862, Julia De Kay, daughter of James Morgan, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, Children: I. James Morgan, died young. 2. Katherine Toucey, born February 19, 1864, married, December, 1890, William George Thomson, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 3. Agnes Morgan, born August 23, 1869, married, April 25, 1889, William, son of John W. Ferdon, of Pier-mont-on-Hudson, New York; residence, Dayton, Wyoming.

The connection of the Connecticut Bradleys with their English home has not been absolutely proved, yet there seem many proofs in favor of this conclusion. In William Camden's "Visitation of County Warwick," 1619, published in 1877, we find the pedigree herewith given, and in the edition of 1878 the arms are added "Confirmed by the Deputies of Camden, Clarence ux to Francis Bradley of Coventry, grandson of William Bradley, Co. York Her. Visitation, Gules a chevron argent between three boars' heads couped or." These are the same as the arms on the silver tankard owned by the granddaughter of the first William Bradley, of New Haven, and still in existence. Another proof is the similar Christian names in use by the families of the two places. Another is that William and Francis Bradley, of New Haven, were followers and adherents of Governor Theophilus Eaton and of Rev. John Davenport, who were both born and brought up in Coventry, and were about the ages of the fathers of the Bradley immigrants (cousins), both of whom were young men when they came to New Haven, and it is not unlikely that they should have been placed by their parents under the charge of their former townsman, the wealthy London merchant, Theophilus Eaton, to follow his fortunes across the seas, and to form a part of his large New Haven household, where thirty or more adherents often sat down to table. In the New Haven Records of 1650, Francis

Bradley is called "Governor Eaton's man." He removed to Branford, and in 1660 to Fairfield, and died in 1689, leaving a wife, three daughters and four sons, who are the ancestors of the Fairfield branch of the family.

(I) William Bradley, of Sheriff Hutton, York county, England, is, in all probability,

the direct ancestor of this branch.

(II) William (2), son of William (1)
Bradley, was of Coventry, county Warwick, England, and married Agnes Margate. Children: 1. Francis, married Francisca Wat-kins; children: Francis, born 1595; Anne Maria. 2. Thomas, married Maria Cotes. 3.

William, see forward.

(III) William (3), son of William (2) and Agnes (Margate) Bradley, married (first) Johanna Waddington, and had children: 1. Magdalen. 2. Elizabeth. 3. Letticia. 4. William, born (probably) 1619, died in 1691, and left a will in which all of his children are mentioned; he came to America some time before his stepmother and her children; he married, 1645, Alice Pritchard, and had children: Joseph, baptized January, 1646, had a son, Samuel, born January 3, 1681; Martha, October, 1648; Abraham, October 24, 1650, among whose descendants are in successive generations, Daniel, Moses, Stephen (senator from Vermont) and William C. Bradley, of Brattleboro, Vermont; Mary, September 30, 1653; Benjamin, April, 1657: Esther, September 29, 1659: Nathaniel, February 26, 1661; and Sarah, January 21, 1665. William Bradley married (second) Elizabeth -----, and had children: 5. Daniel, born, probably, in 1634, drowned in December, 1653, while attempting to cross the river; he left no children, and the court divided his property between his brothers and sister, giving William a half-share, because he was only a half-brother. 6. Joshua, born in 1636. 7. Ellen, married John Alling. 8. Nathan, born in 1638. 9. Stephen, see forward. These children were probably all born in England, as there is no record of the father in this country. After the death of her husband she brought her younger children with her to America, the elder having earlier joined their half-brother here. Later she removed to Guilford with Nathan and Stephen, and married (second) John Parmlee, of that town, who died November 8, 1659; she married (third) May 27, 1663, John Evarts, of Guilford, who died May 10, 1669, and she died January, 1683.

(IV) Captain Stephen Bradley, son of William (3) and Elizabeth Bradley, was born in 1642, died June 20, 1702. He lived at New Haven and Guilford, and was a representative in the general assembly of the state from 1692 until his death. He married (first) November 9, 1663, Hannah, daughter of George and Sarah Smith; (second) Mary (Fenn) Leete, daughter of Benjamin Fenn, of Milford, and widow of William Leete, Jr. Children by first wife: I. Hannah, born September I, 1664. 2. Sarah, February 14, 1666, died in 1667. 3. Stephen, see forward. 4. Daniel, October 21, 1670. 5. Elizabeth, December 31, 1671. 6. Abraham, May 13, 1674, married Jane Leaming, mentioned hereinafter. 7. Sarah, October 17, 1676.

inafter. 7. Sarah, October 17, 1676.

(V) Stephen (2), son of Captain Stephen (1) and Hannah (Smith) Bradley, was born at Guilford, October 1, 1668, died there in 1701. He married. November 15, 1693, Sarah, daughter of Andrew and Tryal (Meigs) Ward, of Killingworth, Connecticut, granddaughter of John Meigs, of Guilford, and also granddaughter of Andrew Ward, one of the first commissioners to govern the Connecticut colony (1636), and a settler of Wethersfield and Stamford, Connecticut, who died at Fairfield, 1659. Children, born at Guilford: 1. Joseph, August 4, 1694, died April 3, 1712. 2. Stephen, August 5, 1695. 3. Daniel, December 22, 1698, died

young. 4. John, see forward.

(VI) John, son of Stephen (2) and Sarah (Ward) Bradley, was born at Guilford, November 7, 1700, and lived there until late in life, when he removed to Hartford. He married, August 16, 1726, Mercy French, who died in 1777 at the age of seventy-six years, and was buried in the Centre Burying Ground, Hartford, May 2, 1777; he died the following year and was buried at her side. January 21, 1778. Mercy (French) Bradley was the daughter of Ebenezer French, of Guilford, who was born April 3, 1658, died May 3, 1736; married, October 8, 1684, Susannah, who died January 19, 1728, daughter of Aaron Blatchley. Ebenezer was the son of Thomas French, who came from England in 1638, lived at Charlestown, Massachusetts, until 1648, then removed to Guilford; he married Mary Buttons and had ten children. Children of John and Mercy (French) Bradley: I. Sarah, born December 5, 1727. 2. John. November 16, 1732, removed to Winchester and Sunderland, Vermont. 3. Lucy. July 23, 1734. 4. Aaron.

(VII) Aaron, youngest child of John and Mercy (French) Bradley, was born at Guilford, November 7, 1741, died at Hartford, September 15, 1802, and is buried in the Centre Burial Ground. He removed from Guilford to Hartford about 1772, and was prominent in town affairs and church matters. He

was one of eight men who organized the parish of Christ Church (Protestant Episcopal) of Hartford, and erected the first building at the northwest corner of Main and Church streets. He was honored for his ability and usually attractive in manner and appearance, having a great fund of humor and wit. His wife was a woman of energy, noble and dignified in appearance. Those who recall their veneration. Aaron Bradley was about to remarried at Guilford, August 19, 1767, Sarah Chittenden, born May 12, 1750. Children of Aaron and Sarah (Chittenden) Bradley: 1. Sarah, born December 18, 1768, married, June 12, 1785. James Knox. 2. Joseph, born in 1770, died at Hartford, March 18, 1844, married Relief Crosby. 3. Mary, born in 1773, died July 6, 1845, married, October 3, 1773, Thomas Lloyd. 4. Elizabeth, April 18, 1776, died September 29, 1776. 5. William Henry, August 28, 1777, died at Philadelphia. October 16, 1858, married Lydia Chapman. 6. Eliza, December 10, 1779, died December 24, 1865, married (first) Captain Joseph Watson, who died in 1803, (second) Dr. Joshua Frost. 7. John, June 7. 1783, died at sea. September 8, 1802. 8. Richard, October 11, 1787, killed by burglars, November 28, 1867. 9. Infant, died February 22, 1791. 10. Harriet, married George Beach (see Beach VI).

### (The Chittenden Line)

(I) Robert Chittenden was of Marden, near Cransbrook, county Kent, England.

(II) William, son of Robert Chittenden, has his baptism recorded at Marden in 1504. He was the immigrant ancestor of the family and sailed in William Leste's Guilford Company from East Guilford, county Sussex, adjoining Rye, on the British Channel near county Kent, to New Haven, Connecticut, with wife Joan, daughter of Dr. Jacob Sheafe, of Cransbrook, Kent, and sister of the Rev. Henry Whitfield, first minister of Guilford, Connecticut, the founders of the church, June 1, 1639. He had been at one time a soldier in the Netherlands and had reached the rank of major; he was made lieutenant of the force of the New Haven colony and was magistrate; representative at twenty-seven sessions of the general assembly, 1641-61; died February 1, 1661.

(III) John, son of William and Joan Chittenden, died in April, 1716; he married Han-

nah Fletcher.

(IV) Joseph, son of John and Hannah

(Fletcher) Chittenden, was born March 26, 1672, died September 11, 1727; he married

Mary Kimberly.

(V) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Mary (Kimberly) Chittenden, was born Jan-land. (II) William, son of the Rev. Samuel Stone, was the immigrant ancestor. He and his brother John were members of the first Guilford Company in 1639, and together with William Chittenden, Thomas Norton and others, signed on shipboard the Plantation Covenant, June 1, 1639. (III) Benajah, son of William Stone, was born in 1649, and married Hester, daughter of John Kirby. (IV) Benajah (2), son of Benajah (1) and Hester (Kirby) Stone, was born in 1678 and married Hannah de Wolfe. (V) Patience, daughter of Benajah (2) and Hannah (de Wolfe) Stone, married Joseph Chittenden

Sr., as mentioned above.

(V1) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) and Patience (Stone) Chittenden, was born November 4, 1727, died January 8, 1793; he married (first), 1749, Sarah Norton, born in 1731, died February 18, 1761, descended as follows: (I) Thomas Norton, the immigrant ancestor, died in May, 1648. He is said to be a son of William and Dennisse (Cholmondly) Norton, of London, England; grandson of Richard and Margery (Wingate) Norton, of Sharpenhow, in Bedfordshire; great-grandson of John and Jane (Cowper) Norton, of Sharpenhow; great-great-grandson of John Norton; and great-great-grandson of Sir John Norton, alias Norville, who married the daughter of Lord Grey de Ruthyn, and was tenth in descent from the Seigneur de Norville who came into England with William the Conqueror. (II) John, son of Thomas Norton. was born about 1628, and died March 5, 1704; he married Hannah, daughter of William and Hannah Stone. (III) Thomas, son of John and Hannah (Stone) Norton, was born in March, 1676, died September 21, 1740; he married Rachel Starr. (IV) Daniel, son of Thomas and Rachel (Starr) Norton, was Inomas and Rachel (Starr) Norton, was born January 17, 1707, died December 4, 1780; he married Sarah, daughter of Abraham and Jane (Leaming) Bradley (see Bradley IV). (V) Sarah, daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Bradley) Norton, married Joseph Chittenden, Jr., as mentioned above.

(VII) Sarah, daughter of Joseph (3) and Sarah (Norton) Chittenden married Assen

Sarah (Norton) Chittenden, married Aaron

Bradley (see Bradley VII).

(The Belknap Line).

(I) Abraham Belknap, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, and settled as early as 1635 or 1637 in Lynn, Massachusetts. He died in September, 1643, and the inventory of his estate was presented by his widow Mary, 16 12mo. 1643, and is on file in Essex county probate court, Salem. Children: Abraham; Jeremy; Samuel, born 1627-28, said to have been alive in 1705; Joseph, see forward;

John; Hannah and Mary.

(II) Joseph, son of Abraham and Mary Belknap, was born in England in 1630, died in Boston. Massachusetts, November 14, 1712. He married three times, his third wife being Hannah, born May 13, 1647, died December 26, 1688, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Meakins. Children by third marriage: Thomas, see forward; John, born in 1672; Hannah, 1673; Ruth, 1676-77; Abigail, 1678-79; Abraham, 1681-82; Samuel (executor of his will);

Joseph: Jeremy, 1687. (III) Thomas, son of Joseph and Hannah (Meakins) Belknap, was born at Boston, July 29, 1670, died at Woburn, Massachu-setts, March 15, 1755. He married, March Jane (Atkinson) Cheney. Children: 1, Joseph, born in 1696, died in 1783, married, April 9, 1734, Margaret Russell. 2. Thomas, sec forward. 3. Jane, born in 1699, married, February 18, 1729, Timothy Winn. 4. Benjamin, 1702, married, May 19, 1726, Hannah Richardson. 5. Hannah, 1704, married, about 1730, Daniel Paine. 6. Samuel, 1707, died in 1771. 7. Daughter, 1709, died in 1712. 8.

(ÎV) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) and Jane (Cheney) Belknap, was born in 1698; died August 9, 1777; will proved May 8, 1778. He removed to Windham county, Connecticut, before 1739, and was administrator of the estate of Dr. Isaac Hill, of Pomfret, Connecticut. After his marriage he removed to Newburg, New York. He married, at Woburn, Sarah, born May 7, 1696, died in 1704, daughter of Deacon Joseph Wright, and widow of Dr. Isaac Hill. Children:

Thomas, born April 18, 1729; Sarah, June 25, 1730; Joseph, see forward; John; Jonathan.
(V) Joseph (2), son of Thomas (2) and Sarah (Wright) (Hill) Belknap, was born November 20, 1732, died at New Windsor, New York, August 14, 1813. He married Phehe ——, born in 1731, died at New Windsor, February 20, 1824. Children: Thomas, died in 1813, unmarried; Joseph, see forward; Phebe, married, 1782, Svins Whany; Daniel, December 20, 1765; Lydia;

(VI) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) and Phebe Belknap, was born at New Windsor, New York, November 20, 1761, died at Newburg, New York, March 3, 1807. He married Sarah, born May 14, 1772, died March 24, 1839, daughter of Daniel and Hannah (Thorne) Clements, of Flushing, Long Island. Children: 1. James, born March 24, 1793, died January 5, 1870. 2. A daughter, born October 12, died October 14, 1794. 3. Har-October 12, died October 14, 1794. 3. Harriet, born November 26, 1795, died September 30, 1839, married Eli Hasbrouck. 4. Ann Eliza, born August 26, 1797, married Charles Humphrey. 5. Sarah, born April 2, 1799, died December 25, 1883, married Oliver Dudley Cooke. 6. Thomas, born December 10, 1800, died December 16, 1802. 7. Elsie, born December 31, 1802, died July 14, 1843, married Thomas McKisseck. 8. Thomas, see forward of Mary Amanda born Sentember. forward. 9. Mary Amanda, born September 28, 1806, married Charles or Lewis Dupois

(VII) Thomas (3), son of Joseph (3) and Sarah (Clements) Belknap, was born at New Windsor, New York, February 4, 1805, and died at Hartford, Connecticut. January 21,

180,0.

He married, at Hartford, January 14, 1828, Frances Lyman, born at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, May 31, 1808, died December 20, 1893, daughter of Captain James and Maria (Goodwin) Waterhouse. The Goodwin line of descent is as follows: (I) Christopher, the immigrant ancestor. (II) John, son of Christopher Goodwin, was born in 1647, marial of the Maragart Lathage. ried, 1669, Margaret Lothrop. (III) Na-Goodwin, married, 1672-73, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Emmes, of Boston. (IV) Thomas, son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Emmes) Goodwin, born in 1705, married Abigail Gale, born in 1711. (V) Jacob. son of Thomas and Abigail (Gale) Goodwin, married Sarah Starr, and lived in Middletown, Connecticut. (VI) Maria, daughter of Jacob and Sarah (Starr) Goodwin, married Captain James Waterhouse and became the mother of Frances Lyman (Waterhouse) Belknap. Children of Thomas and Frances Lyman (Waterhouse) Belknap: 1. Frances Lyman, born March 21, 1830, died December 20, 1902, married Charles Mason Beach (see Beach VII). 2. Thomas, see forward. 3. Elizabeth Carrington, born January 17, 1835, in Hartford, died in the same city, November 28, 1896, unmarried. 4. Sarah Maria, born June 27, 1837, in Hartford, married, October 11, 1860, Rev. Edmund Rowland, of Springfield, Massachusetts. 5. Elsie, born in Hartford, November 4, 1843, died in the same

city, September 23, 1907, married, December 3, 1868, Robert E. K. Whiting.

(VIII) Thomas (4), son of Thomas (3) and Frances Lyman (Waterhouse) Belknap, was born at Hartford, July 9, 1833, died at Farmington, October 28, 1883. He married, in New York City, October 7, 1858, Catherine Heyer, born October 1, 1838, daughter of Henry Suydam and Elizabeth Brinckerhoff (Suydam) Wyckoff, of New York City. Children: Henry Wyckoff, born in New York City, May 18, 1860; Francis Wyckoff, see forward.

(IX) Francis Wyckoff, son of Thomas (4) and Catherine Heyer (Wyckoff) Belknap, was born in New York City, December 20, 1876, and resides in Freeport, Long Island. He married, April 17, 1900, Flor-Island. The matried, April 17, 1900, Fabruary of Prisciples of Dr. Cyrus A. and Mary Emma (Ward) Alden, of New York City. Children, born in New York City: Priscilla Alden, born November 8, 1903; Elizabeth Wyckoff, June 21, 1905.

(III) Thomas Beach, son of BEACH John Beach (q. v.), was born at Milford, February 14, 1686, died He married, in 1711, Hannah Atin 1743. water. Children, born at Milford: Damaris, 1714; Amzi, 1716; Abigail, 1718; Eleanor, 1721; Landa, 1727, mentioned below; Sam-

uel, 1729; Asa, 1732; Hannah, 1739. (IV) Landa (or Landrey), son of Thomas Beach, was born at Milford, March 5, 1727. He is said to have served a short time in the revolution. He married, in 1749, Abigail, daughter of Lieutenant Nathan and Elizabeth (Rogers) Baldwin. They lived together nearly seventy-four years. He died February 25, 1824, aged ninety-seven, and she on December 24, 1823, aged ninety-six. They left seven children, seventy-two grandchildren, one hundred and two great-grandchildren and seven great-great-grandchildren at the time of their death. Children: Thomas. of Burlington, Connecticut; David, of Plymouth, Connecticut; Thaddeus, mentioned below; Abigail Ann, married - Merwin; Samuel; Hannah; Sarah.
(V) Thaddeus, son of Landa (or Land-

rey) Beach, settled in Plymouth, Connecticut. He was a soldier in the revolution in 1781 in a Milford company, Captain Nathaniel Edwards, General David Waterbury. He appears to have been a pensioner in 1818 for service on the frigate "Alliance." He had twelve children, among whom were David, James, William, Landa, Thaddeus, Samuel,

born in Plymouth in 1795, died in 1863. He married, September 19, 1816, Sylvia Smith, born June 28, 1796, died December 13, 1874. daughter of Gideon Lewis and Lois (Barnes) Smith. Children: Charles E., born November 2, 1818, mentioned below; Edward, 1820, died in old age; Nelson, July 20, 1824, died September 9, 1849; Henry, February 24,

1832, died November 3, 1846.

(VII) Charles E., son of David Beach, was born November 2, 1818. He married (first) November 27, 1844, Martha Emeline Lewis, born December 22, 1822, died September 5, 1852, daughter of Timothy and Phila (Tisdale) Lewis, of Southington, Connecticut. He married (second) March 30, 1853, Abigail Pratt, born February 20, 1825, daughter of Eli and Abigail (Hitchcock) Pratt. He died October 24, 1872. Children of first wife: Henry Lewis, born at Southington, May 27, 1846, died January 6, 1848; Charles Lewis, February 13, 1848, mentioned below: Sarah Nelson, August 24, 1849, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Son, born July 28, 1854, died September 19, 1854; Julia Emeline, March 23, 1856, died October 23, 1856; Sylvia Idella, July 19, 1858, mentioned below; Mary Abbie, December 11, 1862, died September 8, 1863; Harriet Estella, September 11, 1866.

(VIII) Dr. Charles Lewis Beach, son of Charles E. Beach, was born at Southington, Connecticut, February 13, 1848. He attended the public schools of his native town and studied medicine in the Homeopathic College, New York City, graduating with the degree of M.D. in the class of 1872. He began to practice at Unionville, Connecticut, and after a time removed to Rockville, where he remained a year. Since 1882 he has been in general practice in Hartford, Connecticut, in partnership since 1899 with his son, Dr. Carroll Beach. He is a member of the Connecticut Homeopathic Society. In politics he is a Republican. He belongs to the South Congregational Church. He married, May 14, 1873, at Southington, Annie E. Lamson, born at Mount Washington, Massachusetts, May 11, 1850, daughter of Horace W. and Esther (Dibell) Lamson. Children: I. Carroll Charles, M.D., born at Unionville, December 12, 1874, married, April 23, 1903, Mary Bishop, born August 16, 1874, at Guilford, Connecticut, daughter of Niles G. and Minnie Bishop White, of West Hartford; children: Ruth, born at Hartford, January 14, 1904, and Marion born at Hartford Scattering and Marion born at Hartford Scattering. and Marion, born at Hartford, September 11, 1908. 2. Martha Esther, born at Unionville, June 7, 1878, died October 24, 1879. 3. Orin Lamson, born August 7, 1886, at Hartford.

(VIII) Sarah Nelson, daughter of Charles E. Beach, was born at Southington, August 24, 1849, married, December 22, 1869, Orin Nathaniel Lamson, son of Horace W. and Esther (Dibell) Lamson. He was born at Mount Washington, Massachusetts, November 27, 1846. They have no children.

(VIII) Sylvia Idella, daughter of Charles E. Beach, was born in Southington, July 19, 1858, married, September 3, 1884, Wyllys A. Hedges, born July 3, 1857, son of Cornelius and Layette (Smith) Hedges, of Helena, Montana. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Hedges, all of whom died in in-

fancy or early age.

(IV) Samuel Beach, son of BEACH Thomas Beach (q. v.), was born August 10, 1729. He served in the French war. He married Mabel, daugh-ter of Silvanus and Mary (Whitmore) Nettleton, and granddaughter of Samuel Nettleton. She was born October 5, 1732, died 1789, in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Children: Benajah, born March 24, 1752, mentioned below; Mary, October 18, 1754; Susannah, June 12, 1756; Elizabeth, August 23, 1758; Amy Whitmore, March 30, 1761; Sarah, November 19, 1765; Naomi, January 15,

1769; Hannah, July 27, 1771. (V) Benajah, son of Samuel Beach, was born March 24, 1752, died July 31, 1816. He served in the revolution in Colonel Webb's regiment. He married Annar Linus (sometimes written Lines); she was born 1753, in Litchfield, Connecticut, died January 26, 1834, in Woodbridge, Connecticut. Children: I. Annar, born January 14, 1779; Isaac, February 21, 1780, mentioned below; Mary, April 20, 1781; Samuel, November 19, 1782; Benajah, October 25, 1784; Oliver (twin), June 26, 1786; Olive (twin), June 26, 1786; Anson, July 14, 1789; Betsey, March 6, 1791; Mabel, August 3, 1792; Calvin, November 18, 1794; Harriet, October 24, 1797; Robert Keeland, May 16, 1800.

(VI) Isaac, son of Benajah Beach, was born February 21, 1780, died May 5, 1846, in Derby, Connecticut. He married, October 12, 1804, Lucretia, daughter of Theophilus and Mary (Meeker) Miles, granddaughter of Jonathan and Zerviah (Wooster) Miles. She was born July 27, 1784, died July 21, 1845, at Derby. Children: Maria, born December 16, 1805; Nelson, October 12, 1807, died in infancy: Nelson Miles, April 12, 1809, mentioned in the next paragraph; Clark, July 24, 1812; Lucretia, October, 1817; Josiah, Sep-

tember 19, 1819.

(VII) Nelson Miles, son of Isaac Beach,

was born April 12, 1809, died December 23, 1901. He married, November 4, 1837, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of David and Maria (Leavenworth) Durand, granddaughter of Noah and Abigail (Tomlinson) Durand, great-granddaughter of Joseph and Ann (Tomlinson) Durand, great-great-granddaughter of Dr. John and Elizabeth (Bryan) Durand. On the maternal side granddaughter of Edmund and Mary (Judson) Leavenworth, great-granddaughter of Edmund and Abigail (Beardsley) Leavenworth, great-great-granddaughter of Dr. Thomas and Mary (Jenkins) Leavenworth. Nelson Miles Beach spent his early life in Derby, where he was a carpenter. Later he lived in West Haven, and then returned to Derby. He died there at the age of ninety-three. His wife died at the age of eighty-three years. Children: Edmund L., born October 14, 1840, lives in Washington, D. C.; Joseph W., February 2, 1842; Henry C., March 4, 1844; Frederick D., August 16, 1846, lives in Los Angeles, California; Charles W., November 18, 1849; Herman, July 2, 1852; Nelson M., mentioned below.

(VIII) Nelson Miles (2), son of Nelson Miles (1) Beach, was born in Bridgeport, June 26, 1854, died in that city, March 19, 1902. He was reared in West Haven and Derby, Connecticut, and attended the public schools there. He came to Bridgeport at the age of sixteen and was employed by a coal dealer for a year. He then entered the Bridgeport Brass Company and from time to time won promotion to positions of larger responsibility until he became treasurer of the corporation, one of the foremost in this line, having a capitalization of one million dollars. His skill, energy and good judgment aided materially in the growth and success of the business, and at the time of his death was one of the oldest officers of the corporation. He was a prominent Free Mason, a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 3, of Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Jerusalem Council, Royal and Select Masters; of Hamilton Commandery, Knights Templar; of Pyramid Temple, Mystic Shrine, up to and including the thirty-second degree, Scottish Rite Masonry. He was also a member of Odd Fellows and held various offices. In religion he was a Congregationalist. In politics a Republican. He married (first) Jennie. daughter of George and Jane Fairchild. Her brother, David F. Fairchild, of Oxford, Connecticut, is the only survivor of eight children. Mr. Beach married (second) Louisa Jarvis, born at Weston, Connecticut. Children of first wife: Herman K., mentioned

below; Nelson Miles, born December 31. 1885, educated in the public schools and Bridgeport high school, now a broker in Bridgeport, member of the Congregational

church and Brooklawn Club.

(IX) Herman K., son of Nelson Miles (2) Beach, was born at Bridgeport, September 21, 1882. He was educated in the public schools of that city, and after completing his education worked for two years under the direction of his father for the Bridgeport Brass Company. He assisted in organizing the Bridgeport Metal Goods Manufacturing Company, of which he became secretary and treasurer. This concern makes metal specialties in large variety. At the end of the first year this company had met with such success that they were employing a hundred hands and are doing a flourishing business. He is a member of the St. John's Lodge, No. 3. Free and Accepted Masons; Jerusalem Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Jerusalem Council, Royal and Select Masters; Hamilton Commandery, Pyramid Temple, and has taken the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry. He also belongs to the Seaside Club. the Brooklawn Club, the Congregational church. In politics he is a Republican.

Benajah Beach, the revolution-BEACH ary ancestor of this family, descendant of an old and distinguished Connecticut family, was born in 1752 in Woodbridge, Connecticut, died in 1816. He was a weaver by trade. He served in the revolution for seven years. He married Annas ———, June 25, 1777. In 1790 Bena-jah Beach was living in Woodbridge, according to the first federal census, and had in his family five sons under sixteen and three females. Children, born at Woodbridge: Annas, January 14. 1779; Isaac, February 21, 1780; Mary, April 20, 1781; Samuel, November 19, 1782; Benajah, October 25, 1784, mentioned below; Oliver (twin), June 26, 1786; Olive (twin); Calvin, October 24, 1787; Anson, July 14, 1789; Betsey, March 6, 1791; Mabel, August 3, 1792; Robbard Nelson, May 16, 1800.

(II) Benajah (2), son of Benajah (1) Beach, was born October 25, 1784, at Woodbridge, died in 1867. He was a shoemaker by trade, but in later life followed farming. He was an industrious and worthy citizen and highly esteemed in the community. He married (first) in 1800, Clarissa, born in 1782. died in 1857, daughter of Benjamin Osborne. of New Haven county. He married (second) in 1857, Nancy Tucker. Children of first wife: 1. Eliza, married John Lyon, and had Mary Jane, William, Sarah and Emily. 2. Cornelia, married Rozwell Russell and had Stephen, married Delia Allen and Louise Edwards; Eleazar B., married Maria Allen; William, married Martha Main; Lewis, married Fanny Lyon. 3. Merritt, mentioned below. 4. Benajah P., born November 27, 1820, settled in Washington, Connecticut, and followed the trade of carpenter until 1890; represented the town in the general assembly in 1867, a Democrat; married, in 1848. Huldah A., daughter of Stiles Titus, and had Ella A., married Henry T. Hine, and Edna C., married William A. Watt.

(III) Merritt, son of Benajah (2) Beach, was born in Woodbridge, July 27, 1817, died March 26, 1896, in New Milford, Connecticut. He received very little schooling and in his youth learned the trade of carpenter. He lived in Roxbury and Washington, Connecticut, and in those towns was in business as a carpenter and builder, and when but twentyone years old, in fact, was a master builder. About 1859 he engaged in the lumber business in New Milford, in partnership with Alanson W. Canfield, who is living in New Milford at the age of one hundred and two years (1910). Mr. Beach went to New Milford in 1861 and resided there the remainder of his life. The firm was dissolved in 1868, and from that time to 1885 Mr. Beach was alone in business as a lumber dealer. In 1876 he erected a large brick building by the railroad and went into the hardware business in connection with the lumber business. He dealt in all kinds of hardware, farming implements, etc. He had also large real estate interests. In politics he was a Republican, in religion a Congregationalist. At one time he was captain of the state militia at Washington, Connecticut. He married (first) November 6, 1844, Mary Esther, born 1817, in Washington, Connecticut, died in 1850, daughter of Preston Hollister. He married (second) Rebecca S. Canfield, died January, 1909. No children. Children by first marriage: 1. Mary Agnes, died 1910; married J. Butler Merwin, of New Milford; children: Grace H., Florence S., Marcus G. and Merritt B. (twins).

2. Charles Merritt, mentioned below. (IV) Charles Merritt, son of Merritt Beach, was born April 14, 1853, in Washington, Connecticut. He was educated in the schools of New Milford and at Fort Edward Institute, New York. He first went to work for his father, in 1885 was taken into the firm as partner, and from that time until the death of the latter the business was carried on under the firm name of M. Beach & Son. After the death of the father, the son succeeded to

the business and from that time to the present has carried it on under the name of C. M. Beach. After the younger Mr. Beach was taken into the firm, they sold plumbers' supplies and stoves in addition to lumber and hardware. Mr. Beach is also interested in real estate. He is a director in the New Milford Savings Bank, and also in the New Milford Water Company, and New England Lime Company. He is chairman of the board of directors of the New Milford Fire Association, and president of the Commercial Club of New Milford. In politics he is a Republican. He was a representative to the legislature in 1901, delegate to constitutional convention in 1902, alternate to national convention in 1904. He is a member of St. Peter's Lodge No. 21, Free and Accepted Masons, of New Milford, and is now worshipful master of that lodge; also a member of Ousatonic Chapter, No. 33, Royal Arch Masons, and Pyramid Shrine, New Milford; of Hamilton Commandery, Knights Templar, of Bridgeport, and also occupies the position of district deputy grand master of the Grand Masonic Lodge of Connecticut. He is a member of the First Congregational Church, clerk of the First Ecclesiastical Society, and secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school. He married, October 2, 1890, Ina J., daughter of Ralph and Alvira (Wheaton) Bucking-ham, of New Milford. Children: Juliette B., born August 18, 1893; Marion, June 5, 1896.

Robert Day, immigrant ancestor, DAY came from England in 1635, in the ship "Hopewell," Captain Burdick, master, sailing from London. He was thirty years old at the time, and was admitted a freeman, June 2, 1641. He settled in Ipswich, Massachusetts. He died September 4, 1683, aged seventy-eight. He married Hannah ——. Children: John, married, April 20, 1664, Sarah, daughter of Aaron Priegry; Thomas, born 1643; married, October 20, 1672, Anne Woodward; Hannah, married Robert Lord; Sarah, married, June 17, 1675, David Fiske; James, mentioned below.

(II) James, son of Robert Day, was born in 1652, and was admitted a freeman in 1673. He was executor of his father's will, September 25, 1683. He died March 2, 1690. He married Susan Ayres, and had an only son,

Robert, mentioned below.

(III) Robert (2), son of James Day, was born January 17, 1684, in Ipswich, and was the ancestor of the Killingly, Connecticut, branch of the family. He married, in Rowley, April 4, 1706, Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant John and Martha (Thorley)



Chat m Beach



Dresser. On May 21, 1706, he then being in Rowley, he deeded his home lot in Joswich to Nathaniel Caldwell, and speaks of his father, James Day, thus establishing the relationship. (See records in probate office, Salem.) On January 11, 1716, he was living in New Roxbury (now Woodstock, Connecticut), and joined with others in disposing of land at Brookfield. On January 25, 1722, Robert Day, of Killingly, deeded land in Ipswich "in right of my grandfather Robert Day deceased." (Probate records Essex county, vol. 53, p. 31.) On January 20, 1720, Thomas Day, of Ipswich, and Elizabeth, his wife, quit claim land in Ipswich in the old common right derived from Robert Day family of Ipswich. deceased, now in possession of John and Nathaniel Day, "which I purchased of Robert Day of Killingly," Connecticut (probate records, Essex county, vol. 56). His estate was settled November 12, 1754. He joined the Killingly Hill Church (Putnam Heights), June 1, 1725. He was constable, elected at the first town meeting of Killingly, November 25, 1728. He married (first) in Rowley, April 4, 1706, Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant John and Martha (Thorley) Dresser; married (second) Susan McKee. Children: Mary, married Captain Eleazar Warren and died July 8, 1744; Sarah, baptized September 23, 1722; David; James, mentioned below: Elizabeth, baptized September, 1717; married - Whitmore; Patience, born September, 1717; married John, son of Andrew Philip; Jonathan, born 1719, died July 6, 1745: Robert, born September 23, 1722; Susannah; Thomas, born February 19, 1727.

(IV) James (2), son of Robert (2) Day, was born about 1717, died in Killingly, Connecticut, December 25, 1782. His tombstone

has this inscription:

"I sought the Lord in early youth Nor did I seek in va.ii. He led me in the path of truth And great has been my gain."

He was a blacksmith by trade. He married, in 1740, Mary Parkhurst, of Plainfield, Connecticut, born about 1721, died in Killingly, July 28, 1818, aged ninety-seven years, and is buried in Dayville, Four Corners. Children: I. Nathan. baptized July 28, 1744, in the Putnam Heights church; was a corporal in Captain Joseph Cody's company, the Third, Eleventh Regiment; moved to Granville, New York; married in Brooklyn, Connecticut, September 20, 1770, Hannah Hewitt. 2. Jonathan, baptized March 12, 1745; was corporal in the revolution; married Tamar May. 3. Elias, born September 25, 1746, baptized November 8 following; was corporal in Captain

Bushy's company in the revolution; removed to Woodstock, Connecticut; married Mercy Blanchard, of North Killingly. 4. Mary, born March 21, 1753, baptized May 20 following; married Nathaniel Maine, and with one son, Asa Day Maine, removed to Brookfield, Madison county, New York. 5. Thomas, born June 9, 1755, baptized January 15 following: resided at Thompson, Connecticut; was private in Captain Crosby's fifth company; died July 15, 1830; married, April 13. 1783, Susannah, daughter of Samuel Jr. and Martha (Bloss) Buck, of Killingly, and had eight children. 6. John, mentioned below. 7. James, born August 23, 1758; died unmarried May 29, 1808. 8. Asa, born July 23, 1760; soldier in the revolution. 9. David, born July 20, 1762, died April 27, 1831; resided at Dayville, Connecticut; married (first) 1788, Lurana, who died November 27, 1793. daughter of Eleazer and Ternale (Russell) Warren; (second) October 2, 1798, Sarah,

ton) Sharpe.
(V) John, son of James (2) Day, was born March 12, 1757 (?). He was a soldier in the revolution, in the Fifth Company, Eleventh Regiment, under Captain Ephraim Warren. He married, January 25, 1781, Annie Bowman. He had a son John, men-

tioned below.

(VI) Captain John (2), son of John (1) Day, was born in Killingly, February 16, 1792, died January 28, 1864. He married, March 17, 1814, Sarah Ann, born October 18, 1793, died March 14, 1848, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Allen) Dexter, of Elmville, Connecticut. Children: Willard, born September 29, 1816, mentioned below; Albert, December 16, 1817; Eliza, January 29, 1818, died May 27, 1880, married, March 12, 1834, Will H. Putnam, born February 2, 1812, died July 17, 1889, son of Will and Mary (Spaulding) Putnam; Herbert, June 12, 1823; Anne, September 9, 1825, married Benjamin Spaulding; Sarah, December 8, 1831, died voung.

(VII) Willard, son of Captain John (2) Day, was born September 29, 1816, died October 25, 1886, buried in Brooklyn, Connecticut. He married, September 20, 1841, Catherine, born January 11, 1823, died July 5, 1895, daughter of James and Emily (Putnam) Brown. Her mother was daughter of Colonel Daniel Putnam, and granddaughter of General Israel Putnam (see Putnam V). Children: 1. Emily Putnam, born September 23, 1844; married, June 3, 1868. Luther Spalding, born September 24, 1840, son of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Putnam) Spald-

ing; resides in River Falls, Wisconsin; children: i. Frank Bela Spalding, born January 21, 1870, married, June 3, 1896, Ethel Frances Gould, born May 12, 1873; ii. Catherine Day Spalding, born January 27, 1872; iii. Elizabeth Putnam Spalding, born August 24, 1873; iv. Benjamin Bacon Spalding, born August 14, 1875; v. Annie Louise Spalding, born August 31, 1881; vi. Willard Day Spalding, born November 18, 1883. 2. Frank, born July 28, 1846, died May 11, 1902; married, April 30, 1873, Annie Elizabeth Rickard, born February 7, 1853; children: i. Emily Putnam, born March 12, 1874, married, in Danielson, Connecticut, July 3, 1905, Willis I. Twitchell, principal of the West Middle School in Hartford, and had Willis I. Twitchell Jr., born November 17, 1907; ii. Helen Ludentia, born October 28, 1875, married, September 25, 1901, Fraget Bradford Elloworth, born April 1901, Ernest Bradford Ellsworth, born April 27, 1870, son of Dr. Pinckney W. Ellsworth, and had Frank Day Ellsworth, born December 5, 1902, died February 20, 1908; Eleanor Webster Ellsworth, born February 13, 1904; Ernest Bradford Ellsworth Jr., born September 15, 1909. 3. Sarah, born November 10, 1848, died March 11, 1875; married, October 17, 1871, Rev. Herbert Clarkson Miller, born June 2, 1846; children: i. Hugh Ingalls Miller, born June 18, 1873; ii. Guy Partridge Miller, born February 11, 1875, married, October 27, 1895, Hattie Colt, born April 16, 1874, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Goodwin) Colt, and had Mary Colt Miller, born November 6, 1899; Catherine Day Miller, born February 25, 1902; and Richard Putnam Miller, born April 26, 1904. 4. George Herbert, born April 3, 1851, mentioned below. 5. Katherine Brinley, born March 28, 1853, married, January 6, 1880, Eugene B. Young, born October 26, 1851. 6. Annie Elizabeth, born October 21, 1860; resides in Danielson, Connecticut.

(VIII) George Herbert Day, son of Willard Day, was born in Brooklyn, Connecticut, April 3, 1851, died November 21, 1907. He received his education in the public schools of his native town, and entered Hobart College at Geneva, New York, in 1869, but left toward the end of the first year on account of trouble with his eyes. In October, 1870, he removed to Hartford and was engaged as clerk with the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, remaining in that position seven years. He resigned to enter the employ of the Weed Sewing Machine Company, October 1, 1877. At one time this business had been very prosperous, but was then affected by bad business conditions. About this time, in the spring of 1878, Colonel Albert A. Pope

came to Hartford to place an order for a small lot of bicycles, with a view to their future manufacture in Hartford. Colonel Pope was introducing a machine that met with little confidence and even ridicule, but he had great faith in his project. Mr. Day earnestly favored taking up the bicycle, and his faith in the machine was not misplaced. He was an early promoter of riding the wheel in this city, and one of the founders of the Connecticut Bicycle Club, the first wheel club in the city, the "ordinary" or high wheel being then the only bicycle manufactured. The company met with immediate prosperity and success, and laid the foundation of a great industry. Mr. Day was rapidly promoted. He became secretary of the company March 17, 1879; secretary and assistant treasurer, February 1, 1883; secretary and treasurer, April 17, 1884; treasurer and general manager, February 5, 1885, and president and treasurer, March 25, 1887. In 1890 the Pope Manufacturing Company purchased the Weed stock, and became sole manager of the concern. In the reorganization Mr. Day remained in charge of the manufacturing department in Hartford, as vice-president and general manager. The growth of the company was phenomenal. Including the rubber works, the number of employees increased from 283 in 1888 to 1,022 in 1893, a gain of 261 per cent. in five years. During the same time the square feet of floor surface increased from 108,342 to 338,654, a gain of 212 per cent. At the close of the year 1893 it had under roof seven and three-fourths acres of flooring. Within that time it absorbed the Hartford Rubber Works, multiplying the productive capacity of the works by six. It also built an elegant factory of three stories, the main structure 50 by 266 feet, aside from boiler house and other accessories for steel tube drawing. The company was always careful of the comfort, health and education of its employees. In the winter of 1887-88, it opened a large reading room for use at noon. Soup, coffee, and other light refreshments were served at cost. Each man was provided with a separate locker for clothing. In 1889 Mr. Day persuaded the directors of the Weed Company to adopt a scheme of his for supplying in the vicinity of the works high-grade tenements at moderate rentals. Columbia street was opened on vacant property of the company, and twenty-four houses were built at a cost of about \$70,000. Each tenement contained nine rooms, well arranged and ventilated, for the use of a single family. When the Weed Company sold their stock to Colonel Pope, this interest was kept apart and



GEONDAY



separately incorporated. The investment proved to be valuable. The Harthead Contract, in its editorial columns in May, 1894, said:

"The attele elsewhere on the time of the offices of the Pope Manufacturing Company from Boston to this city, deserves careful reading. It conveys good news, mighty good news, too, for Hartford. Already Colonel Pope and Mr. Day have done a great deal for this city. This new move identifies the great interests Colonel Pope controls still closer with Hartford, and gives promise of benefit alike to city and factory. And the suggestions of how the whole city can be improved and of what more public spirit can do for the community may reasonably be hoped to lead to further progress. Whatever Colonel Pope and Mr. Day have touched here they have made better. Their factories are models, and the various improvements that they have undertaken have had a public as well as a private value. The presence of such men is worth a great deal to the city, and we congratulate all Hartford on the added prosperity and the further awakening of public spirit of which this new and important step gives promise."

The Pope Manufacturing Company afterward became a part of the consolidation

known as the Bicycle Trust.

Mr. Day early became interested in the automobile and made trips to Europe in 1897, 1898 and 1899 to study the French vehicles propelled by electricity. As a result of his investigations he became convinced that the automobile, or motor carriage, driven by electricity, was the coming vehicle for city travel and for country roads where they were of the better make. He had the same faith in the automobile that he had originally held for the bicycle, and for two or three years past had devoted a great deal of time to its development. The motor carriage department of the Pope Manufacturing Company was twice enlarged under his management. towards the combination of electric automobile interests, and Mr. Day was busy for some months interesting capitalists in the new combine. Largely as a result of his efforts, several large concerns were united, the Pope Company's motor plant being purchased, together with the large plant of the New Haven Carriage Company, representing Connecticut concerns. The Electric Storage Battery Company of Philadelphia was an important factor in the new combine, and when the Columbia and Electric Vehicle Company was organized Mr. Day was made its president and general manager. He was also chosen president of the Electric Storage Battery Company and was elected to the directorate of the New York Electric Vehicle and Transportation Company. He formally severed his relations with the Pope Manufacturing Company August 1, and as a testimonial of the esteem in which he was held by the employees and his associates he received from them a beautiful silver loving cup engraved with the autographs of over 250 of them, many of them having been connected with the factory since his first entering its employ. In 1900 Mr. Day left the Pope Manufacturing Company, the successor of the Columbia and Electric Vehicle Company, and became president of the Electric Vehicle Company, and after three years' service in this capacity he resigned and organized the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers, which included all manufacturers licensed under the Selden patent. He became its general manager, and resigned last November, and was then elected a member of its executive committee, representing the Electric Vehicle Company.

As must be seen by the mere recounting of the enterprises with which Mr. Day had been successfully connected, he was gifted with keen perceptions, had a knowledge of the best business methods, adapting them to carrying on business enterprises far beyond the ordinary. He was a man who was relied on to carry the heavy end of large affairs with which he was connected, and won the utmost confidence of those who were interested with him, or who were in the employ of the corporations he represented. Socially he was affable, dignified, democratic, and had an intuitive knowledge of the art of meeting and handling men. He was ever thoughtful and considerate of others and won the highest esteem of the community in which he made his home, and for which, through his busi-

ness insight, he had done so much.

In 1888 Mr. Day took a leading part in the he was a director from the start. In 1800 a company with a capital of \$100,000 was formed by this association for the erection of an industrial building. A massive, elegant, well-lighted factory of four floors, 360 feet long, was built, and Mr. Day was director and vice-president of the company. As the building neared completion it was decided to sell the property if possible, and Mr. Dav was requested to find a purchaser, and in a remarkably short time the stockholders received back their money with interest. Owing to a deadlock in the state legislature, no appropriation was made to afford Connecticut a proper representation at the Columbian Exposition in 1893. To meet the exigency \$50,000 was raised by subscription. Governor Bulkeley appointed Mr. Day a member of the board of managers for the state, and he was treasurer of the fund and of the added appropriation

afterwards made by the legislature. Mr. Day visited Chicago many times in connection with the work of the board. Mr. Day was a trustee in the Society for Savings and the Dime Savings Bank; a director of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, the American National Bank, Aetna Insurance Company, in many manufacturing companies, and in educational and charitable institutions. He was always ready to contribute of his time and money to promote the public welfare. He had sound judgment and was far sighted in business, commanding the confidence, esteem and affection of the people. He was deeply interested in the welfare of the Church of the Good Shepherd and had been a vestryman for many years. He was a prominent member of the Engineers' Club of New York.

George Herbert Day married, October 15, 1877, Katharine Beach, born in Hartford, August 2, 1853, daughter of Joseph Watson and Josephine Elizabeth (Coffing) Beach, of Great Barrington, Massachusetts (see Beach VII). Children: 1. Josephine Beach, born May 4, 1880; married, November 15, 1900, Martin Toscan Bennett, of Hartford; children: i. Martin Toscan Bennett, Jr., born September 5, 1901; ii. Katharine Beach Bennett, born December 16, 1902; iii. Frances Woodruff Bennett, born July 24, 1905. 2. Watson Beach, born September 15, 1882; married, June 29, 1907, Lillian Willis Underhill, born May 5, 1880; child, George Herbert, born May 12, 1909. 3. Infant son, born and died September 15, 1882. 4. Frank Putnam, born August 15, 1883; married, June 2, 1906, Margery E. Munsell. 5. Roberta Gray, born November 15, 1885; died in Hartford, February 10, 1886. 6. Reginald Willard, born June 17, 1888; died in Hartford, February 24, 1889. 7. George Herbert, born September 22, 1891. 8. Godfrey Malbone, born December 4, 1897.

### (The Putman Line).

Putnam is an ancient English surname, taken from the place name, Puttenham. This town is mentioned in the Domesday Book (1056). It was a part of the great fief known as the Honor of Leicester. The parish of Puttenham is in Hertfordshire, near Bedfordshire and Buckinghamshire. The coat-of-arms to which all the American descendants of this line are entitled is: Sable, between eight crosses crosslet fitchee, argent a stork of the last, beaked and legged gules. Crest: A wolf's head gules.

(I) Simon de Puttenham is the first of the name of whom there is definite record in England, and was probably the lineal descendant of Roger, who held the manor of Puttenham under the Bishop of Baieux. He lived in 1199.

(II) Ralph de Puttenham is supposed to have been son of Simon, and lived in 1217, and held a knight's fee in Puttenham.

(III) Richard de Puttenham lived in 1273,

believed to be son of Ralph.

(IV) John de Puttenham lived in 1291 in

the manor of Puttenham.

(V) Thomas Puttenham lived in the time of Richard I. He is said to have married Helen, daughter of John Spigornell. He had sons Roger and Henry.

(VI) Roger Puttenham was of age before 1315, and was high sheriff of Hertfordshire

in 1322. He married Alina.

(VII) Henry Puttenham lived from about

1300 to 1350.

(VIII) Sir Roger Puttenham, believed to be son of Henry, was born about 1320 and died about 1380.

(IX) William Puttenham, believed to be son of Sir Roger, was of Puttenham Fenn, Sherfield, Warbleton. He married Margaret Warbleton, daughter of John. Children:

Henry, Robert, William.

(X) Henry Puttenham was over sixty years old in 1468 and died in 1473. He inherited the estate of his father. He married Elizabeth, widow of Geoffrey Goodluck. Her will was dated December 25, 1485, and she "desires to be buried in the chapel of St. Mary the Virgin, in All Saints of Isleworth."

(XI) William Puttenham was born about 1430 and died in 1492. He married Anne, daughter of John Hampden, of Hampden, county Bucks. In his will he directs that he shall be buried before the image of the blessed Virgin Mary, in the chapel within the church of the Hospital of the Blessed Mary, called the Elsingspytell, in London.

(XII) Nicholas Puttenham lived at Putnam Place in Fenne. This estate probably came into the family in 1315 in the time of Roger Puttenham. Putnam Place is now a farmhouse, and a railway station perpetuates the name. Nicholas was born about 1460 and

his will was made in 1526.

(XIII) Henry Putnam was living in 1526,

probably in Eddlesborough.

(XIV) Richard Putnam was probably the eldest son, and lived at Eddlesborough and Woughton. His will is dated December 12, 1556, and proved February 26, 1556-57. He directs that his body be buried at Woughton. Children: John, mentioned below; Harry, of Woughton.

(XV) John Putnam was of Bowsham, in Wingrave, and was buried there October 2,





Fract Dutnam

1573. His wife was probably Margaret,

buried January 27, 1568.

(XVI) Xicholas Pumam was born about 1549. He lived at Wingrave until about 1585, when he removed to Stewkeley. He inherited property from his father and both his brothers. His will is dated January 1, 1597, and proved September 27, 1598. He married, at Wingrave, January 30, 1577, Margaret, daughter of John and Elizabeth Goodspeed.

(XVII) John Putnam, son of Nicholas Putnam, was baptized at Wingrave, county Bucks, England, January 17, 1579. He was the immigrant ancestor. He inherited the estate at Aston Abbotts. He probably lived in Stewkeley with his parents until his father's death, when he took possession of the estates of Aston Abbotts, where he lived until he went to New England. He was called husbandman in 1614. He is supposed to have married Priscilla Deacon. He was an early settler at Salem, Massachusetts, and according to family tradition came there in 1634. The first record of him is March 21, 1640-41, when his wife was admitted to the church, and in the same year he received a grant of land. He was a farmer. His handwriting indicates a good education. He was wealthy compared to his neighbors. Before his death he gave farms to his sons John, Nathaniel and probably to the others also. He died in Salem Village, now Danvers, December 30, 1662. Children: I. Elizabeth, baptized in England, December 20, 1612. 2. Thomas, baptized March 7. 1614-15. mentioned below.
3. John, baptized July 24, 1617, died young.
4. Nathaniel, baptized October 11, 1619. 5. Sarah, baptized March 7, 1622-23. 6. Phebe, baptized July 28, 1624. 7. John, baptized May 27, 1027

(XVIII) Lieutenant Thomas Putnam, son of John Putnam, was baptized in England, March 7, 1614-15, and came to New England with his parents. He was an inhabitant of Lynn in 1640 and admitted a freeman in 1642. He was selectman in 1643 in Lvnn, and was admitted to the Salem church April 3, 1643, and also received a grant of land there. He was appointed commissioner to end small causes in Lynn in 1645 and until 1648. He served on the grand jury and was constable. He was the first parish clerk in Salem Village. He was also on many important committees and was one of the most prominent men in town. He was lieutenant of the troop of horse, and his name headed the tax list. His homestead, now known as the General Israel Putnam house, is still standing, a little east of Hathorne's Hill in the northern part of Danvers, not far from

the asylum, and was occupied by his widow in 1692. Here also his son Joseph, mentioned below, lived during his opposition to the witchcraft proceedings. Lieutenant Thomas Putnam died at Salem village, May 5, 1686. He married (first) at Lynn, October 17, 1643, Ann Holyoke, who died September 1, 1665, daughter of Edward and Prudence (Stockton) Holyoke. He married (second) at Salem, November 14, 1666, Mary Veren, who died March 16 or 17, 1694-95, widow of Nathaniel Veren. Children of first wife: 1. Ann, born August 25, 1645. 2. Sarah, baptized July 23, 1648. 3, Mary, born October 17, 1649. 4. Thomas, March 12, 1652. 5, Edward, July 4, 1654. 6. Deliverance, September 5, 1656. 7. Elizabeth, August 30, 1659. 8. Prudence, February 28, 1661-62. Child of second wife; 9. Joseph, mentioned below.

(XIX) Joseph Putnam, son of Lieutenant September 14, 1669, died there in 1724-25. He will always be remembered for his opposition to Mr. Parris and the witchcraft trials. This was a source of peril to him, and for kept saddled, ready at a moment's notice. should an attempt be made to seize his person. He married, April 21, 1690, Elizabeth Porter, born October 7, 1673, died 1746. daughter of Israel and Elizabeth (Hathorne) Porter. She married (second) May 15, 1727, Captain Thomas Perley, of Boxford. Children: 1. Mary, born February 2, 1690-91. 2. Elizabeth, April 12, 1695. 3. Sarah, September 26, 1697. 4. William, February 8, 1700. 5. Rachel, August 7, 1702. 6. Anne, April 26, 1705. 7. David, October 25, 1707. 8. Eunice, April 13, 1710. 9. Son (twin), born and died April 4, 1713. 10. Daughter (twin), born and died April 4, 1713. 11, Huldah, November 29, 1717. 12. Israel, January 7, 1718, mentioned below. 13. Mehitable, March 12,

(XX) General Israel Putnam, son of Joseph Putnam, was born January 7, 1718, died in Brooklyn, Connecticut, May 29, 1790, after an illness of two days. The house in which he was born was built by Thomas Putnam and is still standing. He had a rather meagre education in the common schools. When he came of age a portion of his father's farm at Danvers was set off to him and he built upon it a small house, the cellar of which remains to mark the site. But soon afterward he removed to Pomfret, Connecticut, where, with his brother-in-law, John Pope, he bought of Governor Jonathan Belcher a tract of five hundred acres. of which in 1741 he

became the sole owner. It was in the district known as Mortlake Manor and in 1786 was incorporated as the town of Brooklyn. His first house there long ago disappeared, but the larger frame house that he built later is still standing and one of the points of interest to all tourists and patriotic Americans. He cleared his farm and planted fine orchards. The great shade trees of Brooklyn were planted largely through his initiative and influence. He was not only a thrifty and prosperous farmer, but from first to last an earnest and helpful friend of the town and colony in which he lived. The cave into which he crawled on his hands and knees to shoot a wolf that had annoyed the neighborhood is sought by many visitors. The story is familiar to every school child since the revolution. His military career began in the French and Indian war. He was commissioned captain in Colonel Lyman's regiment, General William Johnson's command, and fought first at Fort Edward and Lake George in 1755. He served again with distinction in the campaign of 1756 in the same regiment. In 1757 he was commissioned major and was at Fort Edward. In 1758 he and Major Rogers, the famous ranger, were taken prisoners and he was tied to a tree and a fire lighted at his feet. But before the fire reached the intended victim he was released by the timely arrival of a chief of the tribe whom he had treated kindly while a prisoner. The wounds that were inflicted upon him during the torture before the burning, however, left scars that time never erased. He was taken to Montreal, suffering further indignities and torture on the way. He was relieved through the intercession of General Peter Schuyler, who was also a prisoner. In 1759 Putnam was made a lieutenant-colonel, and served under General Amherst at Ticonderoga and Crown Point in 1759, and in 1760 in the expedition against Montreal, which capitulated without a defence. He commanded a regiment in the West Indies afterward, and in 1764, under Colonel Bradstreet, marched to Detroit with a Connecticut regiment against

He returned to his farm in 1764 and for a time kept a tavern in his spacious dwelling house. He was honored with various offices of trust and responsibility. He served on important commitees, was moderator often; was thrice selectman of Pomfret and deputy to the general assembly. In the winter of 1772-73 he went with General Lyman and others to examine a tract of land on the Mississippi near Natchez, given by the British government to the soldiers who had fought in

the West Indies. They also visited Jamaica and the harbor of Pensacola. A diary that he kept during this trip has been preserved.

In the trying days before the revolution he became active in resisting the obnoxious measures of the home government. In 1774 an exaggerated rumor reached him of depredations of the British in the neighborhood of Boston, which he had recently visited, whereupon he aroused the citizens of his state to a fiery determination to avenge the attack. Thousands were quickly on their way to Massachusetts, but they returned and the excitement subsided, when it was learned that the rumor had little foundation. The news of the battle of Lexington arrived at Pomfret next day. Putnam was ploughing with his sixteenyear-old son Daniel, who afterward wrote: "He loitered not, but left me, the driver of his team, to unvoke it in the furrow, and not many days after to follow him to camp." He set out on horseback in the afternoon of the twentieth and was in Cambridge the following morning. He wrote under date of April 21, at Concord, a report of the situation to Colonel Ebenezer Williams, calling for six thousand troops from his state, and he soon returned to recruit and organize the quota from Connecticut, the provincial congress of which appointed him brigadier-general. In one week he started back. He served at one time as commander-in-chief in the temporary absence of General Ward, and on another occasion led a force of twenty-two hundred men from the Massachusetts and New Hampshire troops to Charlestown on a reconnoiter. On May 27 he commanded a party of Provincials sent to Chelsea, captured a British schooner, which attacked him, only one American being killed and four wounded, while twenty British were killed and fifty wounded. General Putnam was accompanied by Dr. Joseph Warren, and on June 6 these two represented the Americans in an exchange of prisoners with the enemy. Continental congress raised him to the rank of major-general, June 19, not having heard of the battle of Bunker Hill two days earlier. He was the officer in command at Bunker Hill, the story of which is too well known to be repeated here. General Putnam's commission was brought by Washington when he came to Cambridge to take command and he gave Putnam command of the centre at Cambridge, and when Boston was evacuated Putnam's command was sent to New York. He took part in the battle of Long Island. After the retreat Washington assigned to Putnam command of the city of New York to Fifteenth street. He was in the battle of Harlem Heights and later

in the battle of White Plains, taking a prominent part. Putnam commanded Philadelphia in 1777 and later was stationed on the Hudson river.

In 1778 he was again in West Point, and in the winter he was posted at Danbury with three brigades. In this region he made his famous dash on horseback down a precipice to escape capture by a superior force of British under General Tryon. He took an active part in the campaign of 1779 and superintended the completion of the defences at West Point. During the winter he visited his family and on his return he suffered a stroke of paralysis, which closed his military career. Though he lived ten years afterward, and lived to see the birth of the new nation, he was never able to return to the army. In 1786 he paid a visit to his old friends in Danvers

He died October 29, 1790, and was buried with military and Masonic honors. His epitaph, written by Rev. Dr. Timothy Dwight, president of Yale College, states: "He dared to lead where any dared to follow," and his "generosity was singular and his honesty was proverbial," and "he raised himself to universal esteem and offices of eminent distinction, by personal worth and a useful life." Judge Judah Dana, a distinguished grandson, wrote of General Putnam: "In his person, for height about middle size, very erect, thickset, muscular and firm in every part. His countenance was open, strong and animated; the features of his face large, well-proportioned to each other and to his whole frame; gans and senses were all exactly fitted for a warrior; he heard quickly, saw to an immense distance, and though he sometimes stammered in conversation, his voice was remarkably heavy, strong and commanding. Though facetious and dispassionate in private, when animated in the heat of battle his countenance was fierce and terrible, and his voice like adapted to inspire his soldiers with courage and confidence, and his enemies with terror. The faculties of his mind were not inferior to those of his body; his penetration was acute; decision rapid, yet remarkably correct; and the more desperate the situation the more collected and undaunted. With the courage of a lion, he had a heart that melted at the sight of distress; he could never witness suffering in any human being without becoming a sufferer himself. Martial music roused him to the highest pitch, while solemn, sacred music rent him into tears. In his disposition he was open and generous almost to a fault.

and in his social relations he was never ex-

He married (first) at Danvers, July 19, 1739, Hannah Pope, who was baptized September 3, 1721, died September 6, 1765, daughter of Joseph and Mehitable (Putnam) Pope, of Danvers. He married (second) June 3, 1767, Deborah (Lothrop) Gardner, widow of John Gardner and Rev. Ephraim Avery respectively, and daughter of Samuel and Deborah (Crow) Lothrop, of Norwich. She died at Putnam's headquarters at Fishkill on the Hudson, October 14, 1777. Children, all by first wife: 1. Israel, born January 28, 1740. 2. David, March 10, 1742, died young. 3. Hannah, August 25, 1744. 4. Elizabeth, March 20, 1747, died young. 5. Mehitable, October 21, 1749. 6. Mary, May 10, 1753. 7. Eunice, January 10, 1756. 8. Daniel, November 18, 1759, mentioned below. 9. David, October 14, 1761. 10. Peter Schuyler, December 31, 1761.

ler, December 31, 1764.

(XXI) Daniel Putnam, son of General Israel Putnam, was born in Pomfret, November 18, 1759, died there April 30, 1831. He married, in Boston, September 2, 1782, Catherine Hutchinson, born April 11, 1757, died October 31, 1844, daughter of Shrimpton and Elizabeth (Malbone) Hutchinson. Children, born in Brooklyn, Connecticut: I. William, January 1, 1783. 2. Catherine, November 17, 1785. 3. Elizabeth, February 18, 1789. 4. Harriet Wadsworth, September 22, 1792. 5. Elizabeth, September 24, 1794. 6. Israel, May, 1796. 7. Anne Coffin, April 17, 1798. 8. Emily, January 17, 1800; married Janues Brown and had a daughter Catherine, who married Willard Day (see Day VII).

(II) John, son of Robert Day
DAY (q. v.), was born in Hartford,
Connecticut, died about 1730. His
will was proved May 5, 1730. He married,
April 20, 1664, Sarah, daughter of Aaron
Priegry, of Hartford. Children: Joseph,
born 1670; Thomas, mentioned below: John,
1677; Mary; Maynard; Sarah, baptized at
Hartford, September 19, 1686; William, baptized April 24, 1692; Joseph, baptized June
14, 1699.

(III) Thomas, son of John Day, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, about 1675, and made his home there. He married there. September 21, 1696, Hannah Wilson, who died December 24, 1724, or January, 1725. Children, born at Hartford: Thomas, June 8, 1699; Hannah, baptized February 2, 1701; John, baptized August 20, 1704; Nathaniel, mentioned below: Mehitable

(IV) Nathaniel, son of Thomas Dav. was

baptized at Hartford, Connecticut, July 3, 1715, died September 26, 1787. He settled in Northampton, Massachusetts. He married, January 20, 1737, Thankful Clesson, who died in 1754. He married (second) 1757, Experience Birge, who died August 3, 1783. Children of first wife: Nathaniel, born October, 1737; Simeon, December 12, 1738; Thankful, March 31, 1740: Hannah, 1743. Children of second wife: Simeon, baptized February 19, 1758; Joel, mentioned below; Luke. May 24, 1761; Experience; Thomas, February 19, 1769.

(V) Joel, son of Nathaniel Day, was born at Northampton, Massachusetts, August 16, 1759. died April 8, 1835. He settled at Hatfield, Massachusetts. He married, March 10, 1783, Martha Murray, born July 14, 1761, died November 21, 1838. Children: William, born February 11, 1784; Martha, September 6, 1786; Pliny, March 4, 1789; Zelotes, mentioned below; Elijah, September 6, 1793; Obed, May 6, 1796, drowned in 1804; Alonzo, July 31, 1799; Mercy, November 23, 1801.

(VI) Zelotes, son of Joel Day, was born June 24, 1791, at Hatfield, Massachusetts. Later he removed to New Haven, Connecticut. He married, July 23, 1817. Eliza, daughter of Jeremiah Atwater. Children, born at Hatfield: Sarah Ann, July 12, 1818, married Ezekiel Hayes Trowbridge in June, 1840, children: Ezekiel Hayes, Sarah Day, Charles H. and Arthur H. Trowbridge: Alonzo Murray, March 22, 1822, died in infancy: Eliza Jane. January 27, 1823, married Sylvester Tuttle, of New York City; Zelotes, June 25, 1825, married Emma Briggs, of New York; Frances Rebecca, March 28, 1832, married Ezra B. Tuttle, of New York City; Augustus Pliny, May 9, 1834, lieutenant of Fifteenth Connecticut Regiment in the civil war, married Georgia Parker, of Meriden, Connecticut, daughter of Edmund Parker; Wilbur Fisk, mentioned below.

(VII) Wilbur Fisk, son of Zelotes Day, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, January 9, 1838, died September 2, 1905. Directly descended from Robert Day, the pioneer ancestor, on the paternal side, and on the maternal side from David Atwater, one of the original planters of New Haven, Wilbur F. Day inherited the sterling qualities of these New England ancestors. During his long business career in the city of his birth he was distinguished as an upright and public-spirited citizen, a most honorable man. Early in his career he became bookkeeper for the old New Haven Bank, now the National New Haven Bank. He was rapidly advanced to the position of president, in which capacity

he served until his death, a period of thirtyseven years. He was at the time of his election the youngest man but one in the United States holding the position of bank president, being but thirty-one years of age. He was identified with many business interests in addition to that of president of the aforementioned bank, of which he was the animating and controlling spirit, making the institution distinguished for soundness and safety. He served as trustee of Connecticut Savings Bank; director of the Fair Haven & Westville Railroad Company, and of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company; and was on many advisory boards; connected with charitable organizations; auditor of Yale University for many years previous to his death; chairman of the sinking fund commission of the city of New Haven; chairman of the Clearing House of the New Haven Banks since its organization, and treasurer of the Shore Line Railroad for a long period during its corporate existence. He served the city on the board of councilmen in his younger days, and later as alderman. In politics he was an ardent and consistent Republican. Possessing the deepest religious convictions, he was for many years previous to his death junior warden of Christ Church. With high ideals he represented the typical gentleman of the old school. He was one of New Haven's very best citizens. Thoroughly identified with her past and present, he so lived and worked as to do her honor. His uprightness was a tower of strength to all whose affairs were in his hands, and his quietly persistent attention to duty gave him constantly increasing skill and efficiency. He possessed a keen and comprehending mind, which concerned itself with that which is best in literature and art, and he paid careful attention to matters of public interest. He was a good conversationalist, and had a fine perception, also possessed a fund of wit and humor. He was benevolent and quietly beneficient, and although friendly in his disposition, was not at all demonstrative. The dearest spot on earth to him was his home, and he was a most devoted husband and father. His whole life was one of consistent integrity, quick industry, and strict fidelity to duty.

Mr. Day married, October 5, 1864, Mary Jane, daughter of Walter and Mary J. (Remer) Osborn. Children: 1. Walter Osborn, born August 7, 1867, died in infancy. 2. Arthur Herbert, born September 9, 1868; graduate of Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, 1899; secretary of the National Pipe Bending Company; married, April, 1891, Delia Baxter, daughter of Edmund Payson



Jones buly Hiller Jones







Crartust Day

Bailey, of Chicago, Illinois; children: Katherine Baxter, July 11, 1892; Walter Bailey, December 30, 1894; Mary Osborn, December 31 1899. 3. Wilbur Fisk, born August 30, 1871; graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, 1892. 4. Osborn Atwater, born October 2, 1877; graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, 1899, and of the Yale Law School; attorney at 42 Church street, New Haven.

Fisk Day, was born December 21, 1805. He was descended from the immigrant ancestor who came to New Haven in 1637, with Rev. John Davenport, from Bedfordshire, England. He was the eldest son of Eli Osborn, born November 4, 1777, who married, March 18, 1804, Elizabeth Auger, born October 11, 1779. Walter Osborn married, September 17, 1833, Mary Jane Remer, of Derby, born November 21, 1810, daughter of Lewis and Rachel (Riggs) Remer, of Derby; her maternal grandfather, Captain Joseph Riggs, was a soldier of the revolution, related to and associated with General Humphries, of Derby, in various enterprises. In 1860 Walter Osborn was elected collector of town and city taxes. an office he held until 1875, when advancing years and the great growth of business compelled him to retire. After his retirement he was appointed to the receivership of the Townsend Savings Bank, and he executed this trust with singular efficiency and despatch. He was also a director of the National New Haven Bank. He was a veteran member of the famous military organization of his native city, the New Haven Grays. He was a Democrat in politics, and an earnest supporter of the government during the civil war. His eldest and namesake son, major of the Fifteenth Connecticut Volunteer Regiment, gave

DAY Day (q. v.), was born in 1677 at Hartford, died November 4, 1752. He removed to Colchester, Connecticut, after 1701. He married (first) January 21, 1696, Grace Spencer, of Hartford. He married (second) Mary —, who died November 2, 1749. Children, first three born in Hartford, the remainder in Colchester: Lydia, April 11, 1698; Mary, August 14, 1699; John, June 6, 1701; Joseph. September 27, 1702, mentioned below; Benjamin, February 7, 1704; Editha, September 10, 1705; Daniel, March 9, 1709; David, July 18, 1710; Abraham, March 17, 1712; Isaac, May 17, 1713; Daniel.

(IV) Joseph, son of John (2) Day, was

born at Colchester, September 27, 1702, died October 26, 1793. He married, April 11, 1729, Esther Hungerford, who died May 7, 1790. Children, born at Colchester: Ezra, June 18, 1730; Joseph, May 6, 1731, mentioned below; Esther, March 12, 1733; Grace, March 12, 1736; Mary, July 2, 1738; Ezra, July 20, 1740; Asa, March 13, 1743; Rachel, November 22, 1745; Jesse, January 6, 1748.

(V) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Day, was born in Colchester, May 6, 1731, died April 8, 1819. He married, November 13, 1753, Susanna Brainerd, who died October 22, 1817, aged eighty-seven years. Children, born at Colchester: Susanna, January 27, 1755; Joseph (twin), August 2, 1756; Rhoda (twin), August 2, 1756; Asenath, April 2, 1759; Asa, August 12, 1761, mentioned below; Esther, October 1, 1763; Mary, October 14, 1765; Eli, November 12, 1768; Jonathan, January 6, 1772; Talitha (sic), April 12, 1774; Samuel, September 17, 1776.

(VII) Elihu Marvin, son of Asa Day, was born at Colchester, January 25, 1807. He lived in Westchester parish in that town. He married, May 20, 1833, Elizabeth Jane Buel, of Marlborough, Connecticut. Children: Susan, born June 3, 1834; Erastus Sheldon, July 7, 1836, mentioned below: Jane Maria, March 10, 1842: David Buel, October 15, 1844.

(VIII) Erastus Sheldon, son of Elihu Marvin Day, was born at Colchester, July 7, 1836. He received his preliminary education in the public schools of his native town, and the knowledge thus obtained was supplemented by attendance at Wilbraham Academy. Upon the completion of his studies he pursued a course in law for one year with Ralph Gilbert at Hebron, and two years at Hartford with Welles & Strong, also with Strong & Xichols. He was admitted to the bar at Hartford, March 18, 1861, and began the practice of his chosen profession at Colchester, his native town, and in due course of time became one of the best known lawyers in that section of the state. He continued in active practice there until his appointment by President McKinley United States consul

to Bradford, England, in which capacity he served from 1897 to 1909, since which time he has led a retired life at Colchester. He has taken an active interest in politics, being a staunch adherent of the Republican party, serving in the capacity of member of the general assembly during the years 1862-64-74; in 1863 clerk of the senate, and chairman of the Republican state central committee from 1886 to 1891. He married Catherine Gardner, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Gardner) Olmsted, of Westchester, born December 4, 1839, died at Clifton Springs, New York, August 15, 1910.

(IX) Edward M., son of Erastus Sheldon Day, was born August 20, 1872, at Colchester. He attended the public schools of his native town and fitted for college in Bacon Academy, from which he was graduated in the class of 1890. He entered Yale College and graduated in the class of 1894 with the degree of A. B. He studied his profession in the Yale Law School and graduated there in 1896. In the same year he was admitted to the bar and later in the year began to practice in Hartford. He was elected to the general assembly the same year as a Republican and has been a supporter of that party since that time. He was executive secretary to Governor George E. Lounsbury in 1899-1900, and to Governor Henry Roberts in 1905-06, and was elected clerk of the board of pardons of the state of Connecticut in 1900. He was appointed by Governor Woodruff chairman of the Employers' Liability Committee in 1907. He is a member of the Hartford Golf Club, the Hartford Club, the Congregational church and of Wooster Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He is unmarried.

(IV) Ensign Benjamin BEARDSLEY Beardsley, son of Josiah Beardsley, son of Josiah Beardsley (q.v.), was born at Stratford, February 28, 1727-28. He married (first) Thankful who died in 1787. He married (second) in 1787, Ann Judson. He lived in the old red house in Isinglass, Huntington, Connecticut, and deeded his house and farm to his son Thomas, November 10, 1777. Children, born at Huntington, formerly Stratford: Benjamin; Thomas, November, 1754; Whitmore, married Dolly Beard; Nathaniel, married Abiah Black; Dunning; Betsey; Nancy, married Nathan Strong; Mary, married Nathan Beach.

Strong; Mary, married Nathan Beach.
(V) Ephraim, son of Ensign Benjamin Beardsley, was born at Stratford. He was a soldier in the revolution. One Ephraim Beardsley was a fifer from Stratford, May 10 to September 10, 1775, in Captain Samuel

Whitney's company, Colonel David Waterbury's regiment. Another served in Captain Thomas Escott's company in the same regiment at Ticonderoga and was engaged in "gun work." There were two of this name in Stratford. One of the two appears in the census of 1790 as having in his family two males over sixteen, two under that age and three females.

(VI) Ira, son of Ephraim Beardsley, was born in 1796, died August 2, 1875, aged seventy-nine years. He was a farmer; in politics formerly a Whig, later a Democrat, and a Congregationalist in religion. He married Anah Lewis, who died September 1, 1878, aged eighty years, daughter of Ephraim and Mehitable (Nichols) Lewis (see Lewis VI).

Anah Lewis taught school in New York before marriage. Ira Beardsley moved from Roxbury to Huntington, where he lived on the site of the present reservoir; afterward at Bridgeport, then Stratford, where he spent the last years of his life. Children of Ira Beardsley: 1. Ephraim Lewis, born in Roxbury; married Mary Lacy, in Derby, and had one son William who died aged four years; both he and his wife died in Waterbury. 2. Henry Nichols, mentioned below. 3. Alonzo Judson, died December 8, 1901, aged seventyone; married Lorintha Blakman in Stratford in 1851, and she died March 7, 1903, aged seventy-two; children: George Blakman, married in Bridgeport, Ella Hawes, who died in May, 1906; Nellie C., married George Harral in Bridgeport. 4. Miles B., of Bridgeport, twin of Mary A., mentioned below. 5. Mary A., born December 20, 1834; married Orlando Bartram. 6. Sarah F., married Phineas E. Austin, December 25, 1854; she lives with her daughter, Mrs. Francis Orr, in New Haven; her husband was born April 6, 1834, died July 13, 1903; child, Emma F., born February 23, 1856, married Francis Orr, of New Haven, February 4, 1873, died October 20, 1910; child, Ira Francis Beardsley, born in New Haven, April 6, 1882, married Elizabeth Huggard Nugent, born January 4, 1882, at New Haven.

(VII) Henry Nichols, son of Ira Beardsley, was born at Roxbury, Connecticut, November, 1827, died December 18, 1888. He was educated in the common schools at Huntington. When the family came to Bridgeport, he began to learn the trade of a carpenter. After a few years he became engaged in the business of pile-driving and dredging in partnership with Alonzo Beardsley. The firm was very enterprising and successful and when he retired he had accumulated a handsome fortune. He became interested in street railroads and

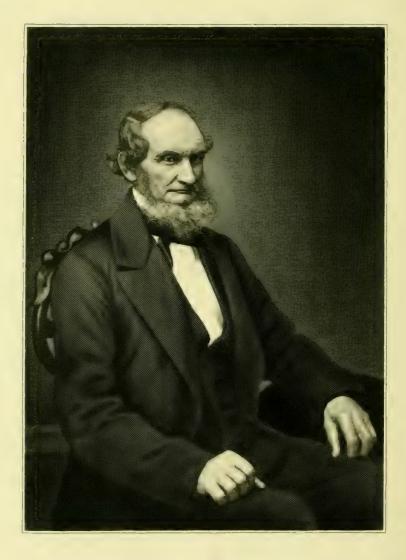




In Beardsley



Hinry A. Beardstey



Therman Benjamin

advocated the horse railway that was finally built, after a long hard struggle and bitter opposition. He was also instrumental in forming the Bridgeport Water Company to furnish a supply of water for domestic and manufacturing purposes in the city, in association with Engineer Hull planning to bring the supply from Mill river and forming for the pur-pose with I. De Ver Warner a corporation called at first the Citizens Water Company. He was thoroughly honest and conscientious in business as in private life, took a keen interest in the affairs of the city and state, and was held in the highest respect in the community. He was a Republican, but sought or held no political office. He was devoted to his family. A Congregationalist in religion, he gave substantial support to the church.

He married, December 8, 1852, at Stratford, Sarah Ann Benjamin, born at Putney in the town of Stratford, May 5, 1828, daughter of Sherman Benjamin, a native of Derby, Connecticut, born September 21, 1800, died March 3, 1895, a blacksmith by trade, married Catharine Munson, born December 1, 1806, died in April, 1879. Mrs. Beardsley had one sister, Elizabeth Benjamin, who married, January 1, 1864, Franklin Wheeler, who died May 28. 1880. Her grandfather, Samuel Benjamin, was born in Stratford, now Bridgeport, and was a blacksmith there. Her father was a blacksmith and wagon maker, in partnership for a time with William Wheeler and afterward, when his partner died, in business under his own name; he died at the advanced age of ninety-four years. Sherman Benjamin married Catharine Munson, born at Huntington, daughter of William Munson, a farmer. Mrs. Beardsley came to East Bridgeport when it was first laid out in streets and has lived to see it a city of more than fifteen thousand inhabitants, while the city of Bridgeport had but ten thousand population when she came to live in the eastern section. Her present home was built by Mr. Beardsley in 1867. She is well known and highly respected by all her neighbors and has a vast concourse of

(VII) Miles B., son of Ira Beardsley, was born in Huntington, Connecticut, December 20, 1834. He was educated in the common schools, acquiring a knowledge that stood him in good stead in his active career. During young manhood he secured employment in the axle works, turning wagon axles in a lathe. He followed this line of work for a time, and during the progress of the civil war was engaged in making various war implements. He then went to Pennsylvania, remaining in the oil regions of that state for two years,

after which he took up his residence in Bridgeport. Connecticut, and began the business of extensively for many years, building all the docks and a large number of the bridges in this section, including those at Norwalk and the surrounding cities, going as far west as Rochester, New York, and at Charlotte, near Rochester, he built not only the docks but United States. He followed this business on an extensive scale up to 1903, when he retired, and has since enjoyed a well-earned rest, which is a happy sequel to years of toil and activity. He is a man of integrity, perseverance and thrift, and by the exercise of these commendable characteristics has won for himself the esteem and confidence of his fellow citizens, who estimate him at his true worth. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons at Meriden, his membership extending over a long period. Mr. Beardsley married (first) Sarah A. Allis, of Huntington, Connecticut, and (second) Sarah Morgan, of Wallingford. Children: 1. Charles, a lumber merchant in New Haven, Connectilis, born in Meriden, Connecticut; married Emma Hanson, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, has one son, Clifford Ray,

# (The Lewis Line).

(I) Benjamin Lewis, immigrant ancestor, was first at New Haven and then at Wallingford, Connecticut. He was in the latter town from 1669 to about 1677, when he exchanged his farm for that of John Hull of Stratford. Connecticut, where he located and spent the remainder of his life. He married Hannah, daughter of Sergeant John Curtis. His wife died in 1728, aged seventy-four years. Children: Mary, born November 1, 1671; John, September 20, 1672, at Wallingford; Mary, November 9, 1674, at Wallingford; at Stratford: James, 1679; Edmund, 1679; Joseph, 1683; Hannah, 1685; Mary, 1688; Martha, 1691; Benjamin, 1696; Eunice.

(II) James, son of Benjamin Lewis, was

(II) James, son of Benjamin Lewis, was born in 1679 at Stratford, died January 30. 1766. He married Hannah, daughter of James Judson. She died July 2, 1756, aged eightythree years. Children, born at Stratford: John, December 20, 1703, mentioned below; Mary, May 18, 1706, married Rev. John Goodsell; James, October 12, 1708; David, June 5, 1711; Abigail, November 9, 1712; Ephraim.

about 1718.

(III) John, son of James Lewis, was born at Stratford, December 20, 1703. He married, December 7, 1727, Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel Sherman. Children, born at Stratford: Nathan, September 19, 1728; Nathaniel Sherman, mentioned below; Amy, August 19, 1732; Sarah, January 2, 1734-35; John, October 2, 1737, died young; John, January 19, 1738-39. died 1744-45; Judson, March, 1743; John, November 5, 1747; Stephen, August,

(IV) Nathaniel Sherman, called Sherman, son of John Lewis, was born at Stratford, June 3, 1730. He married, April 11, 1756, Mary, daughter of Samuel Jones. Children, born at Stratford: Hannah, September 26, 1757; Philo, July 7, 1758, mentioned below; David, July, 1760; Polly, July 11, 1762; Francis, May 27, 1765; Sarah Ann, June, 1768; David, baptized November 4, 1770; Nathan,

baptized March 27, 1775.
(V) Philo, son of Nathaniel Sherman Lewis, was born at Stratford, July 7, 1758. He was a soldier in the revolution, 1777-80, in Captain Leavenworth's company, Connecticut Line, and perhaps also of Lieutenant John Phelps's company, General Waterbury's regiment, in 1781. He was a pensioner in 1832. He married, May 24, 1780, at Stratford, Charity Curtis. Children, born at Stratford: Philo, January 21, 1782; Ellis, January 21, 1782; Ephraim, mentioned below; Thompson, November 18, 1788; child, January 25, 1790; Birdsey, December 15, 1791.

(VI) Ephraim, son of Philo Lewis, was born at Stratford, December 16, 1786. He married Mehitable, daughter of Abijah and Anah (Shelton) Nichols (see Nichols X). Their daughter Anah married Ira Beardsley

(see Beardslev VI).

(I) Robert Nichols, of London, married Elizabeth or Isabel ———. He died 1548. His three sons and his grandson Robert, son of Thomas, are mentioned in his will which was dated and proved June 20, 1548. He left a mansion in London, and large landed property. Children: Thomas, mentioned below;

John: Thomas, the younger.

(II) Thomas, eldest son of Robert Nichols, married Elizabeth Popplewell. He died 1561. His will was dated October 11, 1558, and proved January 31, 1561. He left real estate in various parishes in London, Tottenhall Court, and other places, to his sons. Besides family legacies, he bequeathed one hundred pounds each to the four hospitals in London, as well as remembering other charities. Children: Robert; Antony, mentioned below;

Richard; John.
(III) Antony, son of Thomas Nichols, married Mary Waldron, of Say, Somerset

county. On the monument of his daughter Elizabeth, he is mentioned as living in Paddington, now a part of London. Children: Francis, mentioned below; Antony, William,

(IV) Francis, son of Antony Nichols, married Margaret, daughter of Sir George Bruce, of Carnock, who was son of Robert Bruce. Edward Bruce, father of Robert, was born 1565, son of Sir Robert Bruce. He was son of Sir David Bruce, born 1497. Sir David Bruce was son of Sir David Bruce, who was son of Sir Robert Bruce, born 1393. Sir Robert Bruce was son of Sir Edward Bruce. His father, Robert Bruce, of Clackmanan, born 1367, was son of King Robert Bruce, who was born 1334. In 1613 the custody of the Great Park at Ampthill in Bedfordshire was granted to Sir George Bruce, Margaret's father, the honor of Ampthill being vested in the Crown. Under this arrangement the Nichols family for many years leased the Great Ampthill Park under the Bruces, and lived at the Great Lodge or Capitol Mansion, as it was called then. It is occupied now by Lady Ampthill, one of the late Queen Victoria's ladies-in-waiting, and it is called by the villagers "The Park House." Francis Nichols is called in the pedigree of 1628, of the Middle Temple, one of the Squires of the Bath. He was buried at Ampthill, about forty miles from London. The will of his wife Margaret was dated April 20, 1651, and William Nichols, dean of Chester, and her "ancient servant," Thomas Green, alias Hodson, were executors, and she left everything to her son Francis. In a will found on file in the prerogative court, Canterbury, England, there is a legacy to Francis and his wife. It is the will of Sir William Craford, Knight of Beckerings Park, Bedfordshire, dated February 24, 1634, and proved May 28, 1636: "To Margaret Bruce, wife of Francis Nicholls, 50 pounds. Francis Nicholls, Esq., now in the Indies, 150 pounds." Children: 1. Edward, born before 1600, held military office in the Royalist cause, and was compelled to flee the country, and never returned; died in Paris. 2. Francis, born before 1600, mentioned below. 3. Bruce, a daughter, married John Frecheville (baron), of Stavely, Derby, died in 1629. 4. Richard, was governor of New York in 1664, and returned to England in 1667. 5. William, died young.
(V) Francis (2), son of Francis (1) Nich-

ols, was born in England before 1600. He was the immigrant ancestor, and was among the first seventeen settlers and founders of Stratford, Connecticut, where he was living

and belonged to the Horse Guards of London, it is believed. He was brother of Colonel Richard Nichols, the first English governor. In 1639 he was chosen by the general court to train and exercise the men of Stratford in military discipline. He owned land in Southold, Long Island. He lived at Stratford but a short time, and finally settled in Westchester county, New York. No mention is made in the records of his wife when he came to Stratford, so he was very likely a widower. He married (second) in 1645, Anna, daughter of Deacon Barnabas Wines, of Southold, Long Island, by whom he had a daughter. He died in 1650. His estate was distributed among his children before his death. His widow married (second) John Elton, a wealthy planter of Southold; (third) Captain John Tooker, of Setauket, Long Island; (fourth) Colonel John Youngs, son of Rev. John Youngs, the first minister at South-Children, born in England: John; Isaac; Caleb, mentioned below; daughter, married Richard Mills. Child by second wife: Anna, married Christopher Youngs

Jr., nephew of her step-father.
(VI) Caleb, son of Francis (2) Nichols, came to Stratford with his father in 1639. About 1650 he married Ann, daughter of Andrew and Esther (Sherman) Warde, of Fairfield. Until about 1670 he lived at Stratford, and then removed to Woodbury, Connecticut, although he kept his proprietary rights at Stratford. In his will he left his plantation at Woodbury to his wife and children. He often held the office of "Townsman," or selectman in Stratford. In 1661, when a selectman with Samuel Sherman and John Hurd. Esquires, he purchased from the Indians, for the inhabitants of Stratford, a large tract of land. He appointed Zacharias Walker, Captain John Minor, John Sherman, to be the executors of his will. Children: Sarah, born December 1, 1651; Ann, March 5, 1653; Esther, February 17, 1655; Joseph, December 25, 1656; Samuel, March 29, 1658; Andrew, November 28, 1659; Abraham, January 29, 1662, mentioned below; Abigail, February 6, 1664; Hannah, August, 1666; Caleb, February, 1668; Phebe, November 12, 1671; Mary, 1673; John, 1070.

(VII) Abraham, son of Caleb Nichols, was born January 29, 1662. He married, December 3, 1684, Rachel, daughter of Daniel Kellogg, of Norwalk, Connecticut. When his father removed to Woodbury, he remained in Stratford to supervise his father's plantation and proprietary interests there, a large portion of which he inherited. About 1700 he built a large home for himself. It was on a

high place in sight of Long Island sound, and remained for many years. His land, which he distributed to his heirs, was built on, and soon became known as the village of Nichols. The site of the home is now owned by a member of the Nichols family, although the large, gambrel-roofed house has been torn down. Children: Joseph, born September 21, 1685, mentioned below; Daniel, April 7, 1687; Hester, October 31, 1689; Rachel, November 9, 1691; Abraham, September 15, 1696; Avis, November 7, 1698; Eunice, baptized, December 7, 1698, twin of Avis; Ruth, March, 1701; Phebe, July 22, 1703.

(VIII) Captain Joseph Nichols, son of Abraham Nichols, was born September 21, 1685. He married Mary, daughter of "The Worshipful" Joseph and Bethia (Boothe) Curtiss, December 26, 1704. He inherited the homestead at the manor of Nichols Farm, and was one of its wealthiest and most prominent citizens. In 1728 he was appointed by the general court captain of the Fourth Regiment or "train band" of the town of Stratford. After his death, his widow married Henry Hawley, Esq. His wife Mary and his children were mentioned in his will. His sons John and Nathan were appointed executors. Children: John, born May 9, 1706; Mary, June 7, 1707; Nathan, December 1, 1709, mentioned below; Joseph, June 16, 1712; Abigail, January 1, 1715; Sarah, June 9, 1717; Eunice, October 1, 1710; Elizabeth, married John French; Martha; Andrew, baptized January, 1723-24.

(X) Abijah, son of Lieutenant Nathan Nichols, was born in Trumbull about 1750. He married Anah Shelton. Child, Mehitable, married Ephraim Lewis (see Lewis VI).

The Bissell or Byssell family
BISSELL is probably of French Huguenot origin. Many French
Huguenots fled to England to escape the persecutions following the massacre of St. Bartholomew's in 1572. Little is known of the
history of the Bissells in England. The coat-

of-arms: Gules on a bend argent three escallops sable. Crest: a demi-eagle with wings displayed sable, charged on the neck with an escalloped shell or. Motto: In recto Decus.

(In rectitude, honor.)

The family of John Bissell, who settled in Windsor, Connecticut, is the only Bissell family known to have come to this country, and all the colonial families are descended from him. It is said that he and his brother Thomas came from Somersetshire, England, to Plymouth in 1628, that Thomas died at Plymouth, or returned to England. There is also a tradition that Thomas married an Indian girl, a Poquonnoc sachem's daughter, and died without issue. This same tradition has been held concerning Thomas, son of John Holmes. No trace of such a marriage or of the immigrant Thomas Bissell is to be found, however.

(I) John Bissell, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England. He settled in Windsor, Connecticut, before 1640. He received a grant from the colonial court of a monopoly of a ferry across the Connecticut river. His house was located on the east side of the river, near the wharf now belonging to the Quarry company. The road on the northeasterly side of the Connecticut river leading from it followed the present road easterly to the foot of the hill; thence on a northeast course up the hill across the farm known as the George Prior farm, where the road now has the appearance of being very ancient. Bissell built a house on the east side of the river as early as 1659-60. In 1662 he gave the homestead with the ferry in Old Windsor, to his son John, and removed with his son Nathaniel to the east side of the river below the mouth of the Scantic, and his was probably the first family actually residing on the east side of the river. (This seems to be confusing, but is correct according to "Stiles History.") Cellars and houses were there earlier, and in 1645 William Hills sold a dwelling house, barn and appurtenances on that side, but the houses were occupied by laborers who cultivated the meadows and cut the hay, which was stored in ricks until winter, then carried across the river over the ice. At the time of King Philip's war, Bissell had neighbors and his house was fortified and held as a garrison house for the neighborhood. John Bissell Jr. was released from the ferry contract on condition that some one be found to fill his place. In 1677 Nathaniel Bissell was running Bissell's ferry. The landing on the east side was changed to the south side of the Scantic about a hundred years ago. John Jr. died at the

homestead in 1693; was succeeded by his son Daniel, born 1663, and he by his son Daniel (2), born 1694. His son Daniel (3) sold the house in 1790 and removed to Randolph, Vermont. The old house was sold to Jacob Oldborne and removed to another part of the town. John Bissell died October 3, 1677; his wife died May 21, 1641. Children: 1. John, born in England. 2. Thomas. 3. Mary, married Jacob Drake. 4. Samuel, mentioned below. 5. Nathaniel, born at Windsor, September 24, 1640; married (first) Mindwell Moore, September 25, 1662; (second) Dorothy Fitch. 6. Joyce, born about 1642; married, November 7, 1665, Samuel Pinney.

(II) Samuel, son of John Bissell, was born about 1630 and died May 17, 1697-98. He bought a lot on the west side of Broad street lately owned by E. L. Clapp and built a house there. His father gave him one hundred and six acres of land. He owned the half-way June 11, 1658, Abigail, daughter of Thomas Holcomb. She died August 17, 1688. Children born in Windsor: John, April 5, 1659, mentioned below; Abigail, July 6, 1661; Jacob, March 28, 1664, died August 1, 1694; Mary, September 15, 1666; Samuel, January 11, 1668; Benajah, June 30, 1671; Elizabeth, January 4, 1677; Deborah, October 29, 1679; Hannah, September 18, 1682.

(III) John (2), son of Samuel Bissell, was born at Windsor, April 5, 1659, died in 1683. His inventory was dated January 27, The amount was one hundred and twenty-six pounds fifteen shillings two pence. He married Sarah Fowler, who died August 25, 1751. Bissell settled in Coventry, Connecticut, of which he was one of the pioneers, buying land there in October, 1715. He was the first captain of the train band. He owned several slaves. Children: Abigail, born August 3, 1681; John, born 1683, mentioned be-

(IV) Captain John (3) Bissell, son of John (2) Bissell, was born in Windsor in 1683, and died March 8, 1771, in his eighty-eighth year. He settled early at Bolton, Connecticut, on land awarded in the first allotment in 1722. He was selectman in 1721 and many years thereafter. He was lieutenant of the train band and later captain. He was appointed justice of the peace in May, 1739; was elected to the general assembly and for many years was a prominent citizen. His home lots were at what is now known as Quarryville. He married, February 22, 1710-11, Hannah, born November 14, 1690, died January 13, 1752, daughter of Samuel Denslow. Children: John; Elisha, baptized March 31, 1728; Ozias, baptized May 10, 1731, mentioned below; Sarah, married Sam-

uel Bartholomew, January 7, 1738.

(V) Captain Ozias Bissell, son of Captain John (3) Bissell, was born at Bolton and baptized there May 16, 1731. He lived and died at what is now Vernon, Connecticut, and was buried at Manchester. He served nine years in the French and Indian wars and five years and eight months in the revolution. He was at Lake George in 1755. He took part in three general actions and seven skirmishes and was thrice wounded, once severely, and twice taken prisoner and held each time for about two years. In 1762 he was a prisoner of war at Havana for eight months. In 1775 he raised one of the first companies and marched to Boston where he took part in the siege. He was first lieutenant of the Second Company, Fourth Connecticut regiment, in April, 1775, and later captain. In August, 1776, he was in the battle of Long Island, where he was taken prisoner. He was made captain of the First Battalion, Connecticut Line, March 12, 1778, and served nine months; was captain in Colonel Hunting's regiment in 1779, and of a foot company, in 1780, of Colonel Wells's regiment; was taken prisoner with Colonel Wells near Horseneck, Connecticut, December 10, 1780, and held until June, 1781. These facts are from an affidavit made June 7, 1820, at the age of eighty-eight, when he applied for a pension. He used to know General Ethan Allen well. The service of himself, sons and grandson in the American army amounted to a total of one hundred and twenty years. He was a farmer at Vernon, where he died March 16, 1822, at the age of ninetythree years. He married (first) Mabel Roberts, died October 31, 1803; (second) when he was over eighty, Sarah Hoffman, died August 26, 1828, aged seventy-three years. Children, born at Vernon: Ozias, baptized April 12, 1752; Mabel, born July, 1753; Russell, baptized January 26, 1755; Major Russell, baptized July 11, 1756, mentioned below; Hannah, born December, 1757; Elijah, baptized February 25, 1759, died in a prison ship in New York, a soldier of the revolution; Leverett, baptized February 1, 1761: Belle. born November, 1763; Anna, baptized November 13, 1763; Freedom, baptized February 22, 1767; Dosha (Theodocia), baptized August 25, 1769; General Daniel, baptized July 20, 1769, brigadier in the United States

(VI) Major Russell Bissell, son of Captain Ozias Bissell, was born in Vernon, in 1755 and baptized July 11, 1756. He was a soldier in the Bolton company on the Lexington States army. He died December 18, 1807, in the service at Bellefontaine, now St. Louis, Missouri. He married, about 1782, Eunice Allssouri. The Individual About 1703, Editional Rockwell, who died February 9, 1832. Children: George, born December 26, 1784, mentioned below; Eunice, July 8, 1787, married Henry Winter and died 1860; Major Lewis, October 12, 1780; Nancy, July 17, 1795, Rudolphus Landfear, and died, Hartford, 1870.

(VII) George, son of Major Russell Bissell, was born December 26, 1784, and died December 23, 1829. He lived at Manchester, daughter of William Wilson, a soldier in the revolution. Children, born at Manchester: 1. Cornelia, born 1811; died September 3, 1853. 2. Lewis, born 1812, died, San Jose, California, December, 1887; married Electa West. 3. Anson, born 1814; died, St. Louis, February, 1865; married Eliza McLean. 4. Mervin D., born 1818; married, 1849, Harriet Young; died May, 1863, Dubuque, Iowa. 5. Frederick R., born 1823, died, Dubuque, 1881. 6. George F., born June 22, 1827; men-

(VIII) George Francis, son of George Bissell, was born in Manchester, June 22, 1827. He was educated in his native town in the public schools and on attaining his majority engaged in mercantile business in Hartford. Connecticut. In 1850 he went west and settled in Dubuque, Iowa, then on the frontier, and with his brother entered the grocery and commission business. This he soon gave up to enter the insurance field, and he became the local agent of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company for the state of Iowa. In 1861 he went to Chicago as special agent of the company under General Agent Alexander, until May 1, 1863, when he succeeded Mr. Alexander as general agent of the western department. At the time of his death Mr. Bissell had been continuously in the service of the company for more than forty years. During the great Chicago fire in 1871 the company lost two million dollars in two days. but he at once set about adjusting the losses, settling them satisfactorily and equitably. He was the first insurance manager to open an office after the fire, and his fair and prompt adjustment of losses made him one of the most popular and trusted managers in the

Mr. Bissell was a public-spirited citizen and was one of the founders of the Union League Club, acting as vice-president in 1888 and president in 1889, and was always ready to promote plans looking toward the political and moral welfare of the city. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and for many years president of the Presbyterian Social Union. During the last ten years of his life he was treasurer of the Old People's Home. He was much interested in historical societies, and was one of the organizers of the Illinois Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and one of its earliest presidents. He was also an active member of the Society of Colonial Wars, taking part in its organization and incorporation. He had a taste for literature, and was himself a good writer, contributing articles of commanding interest to insurance journals, and other essays to the *Interior* and other denominational papers. He was a ready speaker and his speeches were characterized by wit and characterized by with and the control of the c eloquence, and his genial manners won him many friends. He possessed the confidence of the officers of the insurance company to a marked degree, and his ability as an underwriter was recognized by his associates in the profession. His unfailing patience, broad mind, and good sense, were of great value in his business. Soon after his death a memorial meeting was held, and several of his associates took occasion to speak of the high esteem in which he was held among them.

He married Jerusha Woodbridge (see Woodbridge VII). Children: Frank R., born June, 1858, married Hattie Faulkner; Richard Mervin, born June 8, 1862, mentioned below; Arthur G., born December, 1868, regides in Chicago.

1868, resides in Chicago.

(IX) Richard Mervin, son of George Francis Bissell, was born in Chicago, June 8, 1852. He attended the public schools and various private schools of Chicago and completed his preparation for college in the H. H. Babcock school. He was graduated from Yale College in the class of 1883 with the degree of A. B. He entered the Chicago office of ·the Hartford Fire Insurance Company as clerk and in 1902 became associate manager of the western office of this company with offices at Chicago. He filled this office until 1902, when he was elected vice-president of the company, and removed to Hartford. In 1909 he was elected vice-president and manager of the underwriting department. He is a member of the Chicago University Club, the Union League, Oniventsia and Merchants clubs of Chicago, and he was formerly president of the latter. He is a member also of the New York University Club, the Hartford Club, the Farmington Country Club and the Hartford Golf Club. He attends Trinity Church of which his wife is a

member. In 1903-04 he delivered a course of lectures at Yale College on the History, Theory and Practice of Fire Insurance, published subsequently by the Yale Alumni Weekly. He married, in 1901, Marie Truesdale, born September 14, 1879, daughter of William Haynes Truesdale, of New York. Children: William Truesdale, born December 27, 1902; Anne Carolyn, born July 20, 1904; Richard Mervin Jr., September 18, 1909.

## (The Woodbridge Line).

The Rev. John Woodbridge was rector of parish Stanton near Highworth in Wiltshire. He died December 9, 1637. "He was so able and faithful," wrote Cotton Mather in the Magnalia, "as to obtain a high esteem among those that at all knew the invaluable worth of such a minister." He married Sarah Parker, daughter of Rev. Robert Parker, a learned English divine-"did so virtuously that her own personal character would have made her highly esteemed, if a relation to such a father had not farther added unto the lustre of her character." (Magnalia III Chap. V.) She married (second) Mr. Thomas Bailey. Children: 1. Rev. John, born 1613; mentioned below. 2. Rev. Benjamin, born 1622, died November 1, 1684, matriculated at Oxford, November y, 1634; nanticulated at Oxford, November 9, 1638; came to New England in 1639 and was the first graduate of Harvard of the nine receiving degrees in 1642; M. A., Oxford, 1648; returned to England and became minister at Newbury, Berkshire; ejected in 1660 died et Ledesfeld, Parkshire; ejected in 1662; died at Inglesfield, Berkshire, November 1, 1684, and was buried at St. Nicholas, Newbury; was at one time chaplain of Charles II. 3. Sarah, born 1614; married Rev. John Kerridge. 4. Lucy. married - Sparhawk, minister of Culleton, Dev-

(II) Rev. John Woodbridge (2), son of Rev. John Woodbridge (1), was born in 1613 and died July 1, 1691. He was sent to Oxford University, but both he and his father refusing to take the oath of conformity he had to leave the college. In 1634 at the age of twenty-one he came to America on the ship "Mary and John" with his uncle, Rev. Thomas Parker, and settled at Newbury, Massachusetts. He was town clerk there 1634-38; surveyor of arms in 1637. In 1643 he taught school in Boston. With others he negotiated the purchase of land now the town of Andover, Massachusetts, and was ordained minister of Andover, October 24, 1645. In 1647 he returned to England with his wife and family and was chaplain

of the Parliamentary commissioners who treated with the king at the Isle of Wight; was minister of Andover, Hants, and at Barford St. Martin in Wiltshire until he was ejected at the time of the Restoration. In 1663 he was driven by the Bartholomew Act from a school he had established at Newbury and again came to New England, arriving July 26, of that year, after being in England sixteen years. He was made assistant to his uncle, Rev. Thomas Parker, at Newbury and remained there until November, 1670, when he was dismissed on account of dissension in the parish. He was assistant in the Massachusetts Bay Colony, 1683-84. He was a man of some wealth, owning a farm on North street. Newbury, on the east side of the pond. Mather tells us that "he was by nature wonderfully composed, patient and pleasant and he was by grace much more so. He had a great command of his passions and could and would and often did forgive injuries at a rate that hardly can be imitated. \* \* \* At last he who had been a great reader, a great scholar, a great Christian and a pattern of goodness in all the successive stations wherein the Lord of Hearts had placed him on March 17 the day of the Christian Sabbath after much pain went into everlasting rest, having a few minutes before refused a glass of wine saying, I am going where I shall have better.

He married, in 1639, Mercy, daughter of Governor Thomas Dudley. She was born September 27, 1621, and died July 1, 1691. Children: 1. Sarah, born June 7, 1640. 2. Lucy, March 13, 1642; died June 18, 1710; married (first) Rev. Simon Bradstreet and (second) Captain Daniel Epps. 3. John, 1644; died November 13, 1691; graduate of Harvard, 1664; married Abigail Leete. 4. Benjamin, 1645; mentioned below. 5. Captain Thomas, 1648; died March 30, 1681; married Mary Jones. 6. Dorothy, 1650; died April 17, 1723; married Nathaniel Fryer. 7. Anne, 1653, in England; died February 28, 1701. 8. Rev. Timothy, January 13, 1656; died April 30, 1732; pastor of the First Church of Hartford, Connecticut; married thrice. 9. Mary, 1662; died June 9, 1702; married Samuel Appleton.

(III) Rev. Benjamin Woodbridge, son of Rev. John Woodbridge (2), was born in 1645, and died January 15, 1710. He was invited to preach at Windsor, Connecticut, by a minority of the church and was ordained there March 18, 1670, as pastor of a new society that withdrew from the old church. He was minister, 1681-86, at Bristol Rhode Island; 1688 at Kittery, Maine; 1691 at Ports-

mouth, New Hampshire; 1694 at Newcastle; 1698 at Medford, Massachusetts. Judge Sewall mentions him in his diary, August 13. 1702. He married, June 3, 1672, Mary, born June 24, 1649. died October 11, 1685, daughter of Rev. John Ward of Haverhill, grand-daughter of Nathaniel Ward. He married (second), August 31, 1686, Deborah (Tarleton) Cushing, born November 18, 1651, daughter of Daniel Tarleton and widow of Henry Cushing. Children of the first wife: Elizabeth, born April 30, 1673, died December 6, 1729; Benjamin, died young; Hon. Dudley, born September 7, 1677, agent of the South Sea Company and Judge Advocate of the Barbadoes; Benjamin, born October 12, 1680; Rev. Samuel, born 1683, mentioned below.

(IV) Rev. Samuel Woodbridge, son of Rev. Benjamin Woodbridge, was born in 1683, and died June 9, 1746. He graduated from Harvard College in 1701 and was ordained at East Hartford, Connecticut, March 30, 1705; was a fellow of Yale College 1732-43, lived, died and was buried at East Hartford. He married (first) December 9, 1702, Mabel (Russel) Hubbard, died May 10, 1730, daughter of Rev. Daniel Russel, of Charlestown, and widow of Rev. John Hubbard, of Jamaica. He married (second) Content Bull, widow of Benjamin Bull. Children of the first wife: Ward, born 1708, died November 1, 1728; Samuel, 1711, died June 16, 1719; Elizabeth, 1715, died November 13, 1754; Deodatus (Yale, 1736), died 1755; Mabel, born 1718, married Dr. Nathaniel Little; Russel, born May 8, 1719, mentioned below. Child of the second wife: Samuel, born in 1732, died July 4, 1794.

(V) Captain Russel Woodbridge, son of Rev. Samuel Woodbridge, was born May 8, 1719, at East Hartford and died November 5, 1782. He was captain of the train band; representative to the general assembly and a very prominent citizen. He married, January 14, 1741, Anna Olmsted, of East Hartford, daughter of Deacon Joseph Olmstead. She died February 21, 1808, aged ninety. Children, born at East Hartford: Ward, October 30, 1742, died July 30, 1866; Anna, July 6, 1744, died February 3, 1779; Elizabeth, January 10, 1747, died April 12, 1781; Russel, March 8, 1749; Mabel, February 18, 1751, died in 1821, married Captain Stephen Hills: Lucretia, February 13, 1753, died September 18, 1816; Mary, August 24, 1755, died February 2, 1836: Deodatus, September 6, 1757, mentioned below; Ashbel, September 22,

(VI) Deodatus, son of Captain Russel

Woodbridge, was born at East Hartford, September 6, 1757, and died February 2, 1836. He married (first) January 27, 1780. Esther Welles, of East Hartford; (second) October 11, 1820, Anna (Welles) Moore, widow of Captain Moore of East Windsor, and sister of his first wife. Children all by first wife: Electa, baptized January 7, 1781, died October 12, 1858; Dudley, born April 20, 1787, died October 13, 1844; Mary, baptized September 17, 1786, married Joseph Makins Merrow, of Hartford; Welles, baptized February 8, 1789; Emily, born May 7, 1791, married Horace Pitkin; Esther Hills, born 1796, died December 25, 1816; Deodatus, born 1806,

mentioned below.

(VII) Deacon Deodatus (2) Woodbridge, son of Deodatus (1) Woodbridge, was born in 1800, and died March 23, 1857, at Manchester Green, Connecticut. He married, August 4, 1821, Jerusha, daughter of Joseph Loomis, and she died August 18, 1870. Children: I. Mary, born September 22, 1822; died September 25, 1876; married James Arnold Daniels. 2. Martha, born May 16, 1824; married George W. Williams. 3. Deodatus, born December 10, 1825; married Nancy Augusta Sprout. 4. Joseph, born July 11, 1827; married Clara Jane Williams. 5. Julia (twin), born September 7, 1829; died unmarried, February 21, 1881. 6. Jerusha (twin), born September 7, 1829; married George Francis Bissell (see Bissell family).

(II) Thomas Bissell, son of BISSELL John Bissell (q. v.), was born in England about 1630, died at Windsor, Connecticut, July 31, 1689. He settled on the east side of Great river. His will was dated August 24, 1688, proved November 11, 1689. In 1655 he bought a house and eleven acres of land of Thomas Gilbert, formerly the lot of Josiah Hull, on the west side of Main street. He and his wife owned the halfway covenant, he January 21, 1657, and she February 28, 1657. He married, October 11, 1655, Abigail, daughter of Deacon John Moore. Children, born at Windsor: Thomas, October 2, 1656: Abigail, November 23, 1658; John, January 26, 1660; Joseph, April 18, 1663; Elizabeth, June 9, 1666; Benjamin, September 9, 1669; Sarah, January 8, 1671-72; Lieutenant Isaac, mentioned helow; Ephraim, baptized April 11, 1676; Esther, April 2, 1677; Ephraim, September 4, 1680; Luke, September 22, 1682.

(III) Lieutenant Isaac Bissell, son of Thomas Bissell, was born in 1673 at Windsor, died at Litchfield, November 6, 1744. He removed from Windsor to Litchfield in 1723 and founded the Litchfield branch of the Bissell family. He bought a sixtieth share of the town, seven hundred acres, for four hundred and fifty pounds, and also a lot on North street, for ninety pounds. The old red house built by him in Litchfield in 1740 stood until it was taken down in 1857. He married, May 2, 1706, Elizabeth Osborne, who died January 15, 1761, daughter of Thomas Osborne. Children, born at Windsor: Elizabeth, February 4, 1707; Isaac, March 9, 1709; Abigail, January 16, 1712; Sarah, February 3, 1713; Joel, January 1, 1714; Benjamin, July 2, 1717; Roger, March 24, 1718; George, March 10, 1720; Joseph, September 7, 1722; Zebulon, mentioned below.

(IV) Zebulon, son of Lieutenant Isaac Bissell, was born in 1724, at Litchfield. He was a soldier in the revolution and was taken prisoner by the British at Fort Washington. He died at Woodbury on his way home, after being exchanged, it is believed of poison administered before he was set free. His estate was settled in 1771. He married, May 21, 1749, Abigail, daughter of Nathaniel and Abigail (Prelate) Smith. Children, born at Litchfield: Zebulon, October 30, 1751; Benjamin, mentioned below; Rhoda, April 5, 1760: Abigail, married John Landon.

1760; Abigail, married John Landon.
(V) Benjamin, son of Zebulon Bissell, was born January 15, 1754, at Litchfield, died there February 28, 1825. He married, February 21, 1779, Esther Benton, who died December 27, 1840, aged eighty-three years, daughter of Nathaniel and Abigail (Gillette) Benton. Children, born at Litchfield: Rebecca, February 9, 1782, married William Smith; Anne, December 14, 1784, married Levi Hoyt; Nathaniel, December 31, 1786, married Anna Smith; Benjamin, December 26, 1788; Eunice, February 10, 1790; Abigail, February 19, 1792. married John Griswold; Rachel, September 18, 1793, married Jonathan North; Dotha, October 18, 1795; Herman, January 16, 1797, married Anna Peck; Amos, mentioned below; Juliana (or Julia), May 12, 1801, married Lyman J. Smith.

(VI) Amos, son of Benjamin Bissell, was born at Litchfield, July 15, 1798, died January 29, 1888. He owned a large farm about two miles and a half west of Litchfield village and spent many years of his life in agriculture, being a prosperous farmer, and continued active to an advanced age. He succeeded to the homestead in part and added largely to the two hundred acres that he inherited. He was a faithful and earnest member of the Congregational church. He married, March 15, 1827, Lydia Bridgeman Hall, who died

June or January 12, 1863, aged sixty-one years. Children, born at Litchfield: Edward, lawyer at Fond du Lac, Michigan; William, mentioned below: Elizabeth, died when a young woman; Julia, married Dr. Allen, of Xew York; Lyman, died in childhood; Dwight, succeeded to the homestead, married

Elizabeth Pickett; Mary.

(VII) Dr. William Bissell, son of Amos Bissell, was born in Litchfield, March 15, 1830. He received his early training in the schools of his native town under the instruction of C. G. Eastman. Afterward he entered Yale College and was graduated in the class of 1853. He then studied medicine at the Yale Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1856. In the same year he began to practice his profession at Elizabeth, Union county, New Jersey, but after six months there came to Lakeville, Connecticut, where he built up an extensive practice. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Republican. He is one of the best beloved and most honored citizens in Litchfield. His office was at his residence on the principal street in the town. He married Mary Green Bidleman, of Bloomsbury, New Jersey; she died September 29, 1907, aged seventy-eight years. She was daughter of William and Hannah (Rosebury) Bidleman. Children: Dr. Joseph, a practicing physician and surgeon in New York City, surgeon in St. Vincent's and Bellevue hospitals, New York, married Josephine Hanck; children: Carl, Eugene, Joseph and Catherine; William B., mentioned below; Edward Clarence, deceased, was a law student; May B., resides at the old home.

(VIII) Dr. William Bascom Bissell, son of Dr. William Bissell, was born in Lakeville, Connecticut, May 6, 1865. He attended the public schools of his native town and New Marlborough Academy, Massachusetts, where he fitted for college. He entered Yale and was graduated with the degree of A. B. in 1888. He studied medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, graduating in 1892, with the degree of M. D. Since then he has been in general practice at Lakeville. He is a member of the Litchfield County Medical Society, the Connecticut State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He is a member of Montgomery Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. In religion he is a Congregationalist; in politics a Republican. Dr. William B. Bissell married, 1894. Harriet, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Thompson) Bacon, of Woodbury,

Connecticut. Children: Elizabeth, born March, 1898; May, February, 1903.

(II) Ensign Joshua Hotchkiss, son of Samuel Hotchkiss, son of Samuel Hotchkiss (q. v.), was born September 10, 1651, in New Haven, died December 22, 1722. He spent his entire life in that colony, became one of the leading men there and lived to a ripe old age. He married, November 29, 1677, Mary, daughter of George and Martha (Miles) Pardee. She was baptized in 1658. Children: Mary, born April 30, 1680; Stephen, August 25, 1681, mentioned below; Martha, December 14, 1683; Priscilla, December 30, 1688; Abigail, October 12, 1695; Thankful (twin), January 15, 1701; Jesse (twin); Isaac, about 1702.

(III) Deacon Stephen, son of Ensign Joshua Hotchkiss, was born August 25, 1681, in New Haven, died in Cheshire, March 5, 1755, and was buried in the cemetery there. From New Haven he removed to Wallingford, now Cheshire, Connecticut, in 1706. He was deacon of the church in the latter place for thirty-one years, and prominent in the affairs of the town. He married, December 12, 1704, Elizabeth, born January 17, 1683, died May 17, 1760, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Post) Sperry, and granddaughter of Richard Sperry, who came to New Haven in 1643. ard sperty, who came to New Haven in Vege Children: Joshua, born November 26, 1705; Elizabeth, February 15, 1707, died young; Mary, July 1, 1708; Hannah, January 10, 1710: Elizabeth, February 18, 1712; Gideon, December 5, 1716, mentioned below; Stephen, December 1, 1718; Silas, November 22, 1719; Hannah, February 23, 1722-23; Bathsheba, September 7, 1726; Benjamin, February 1, 1728; Noah, November 24, 1731.

(IV) Captain Gideon, son of Deacon Stephen Hotchkiss, was born December 5, 1716, in Cheshire, died October 3, 1807. He was brought up in his native town. When a young man he removed to what is now Prospect, then a part of Waterbury, where he bought a tract of land, and became a farmer. He was a prominent man in the town and became one of the best-known citizens in the Naugatuck valley. He was deacon of the church at Salem, now Naugatuck, of which he was one of the organizers, and was also one of the principal men who founded the Congregational church at Prospect, then Columbia. Of the latter church he was deacon for many years, from 1783 to 1807. He was ensign in the French and Indian war under Captain Edward Lewis, and was promoted to the rank of lieutenant. During the revolution he was captain of a company in the continen-

tal army. He married (first) June 16, 1737, in Wallingford, Anne, born February 2, 1715, died August 1, 1762, daughter of John and Huldah (Eels) Brockett. John Brockett was born in 1685, and was the son of Samuel Brockett, born January 14, 1651; married, May 21, 1682, Sarah, daughter of William and Alice (Prichard) Bradley; died October 27, 1742. Samuel was the son of John Brockett, of New Haven, born about 1610, died March 12, 1690, at Wallingford. Gideon Hotchkiss married (second) February 22, 1763, Mabel, daughter of Isaac Stiles, of Southbury; she died September 3, 1807. Children: Jesse, born October 9, 1738, mentioned below; David, April 5, 1740; Abraham, May 3, 1742, died the same day; Abraham, March 3, 1742, then the same day; Abraham, March 25, 1743; Gideon, December 31, 1744; Hulda, June 27, 1747; Anna, October 22, 1749; Amos, November 24, 1751; Submit, June 2, 1753; Titus, June 26, 1755; Eben, December 13, 1757; Asahel, February 15, 1760; Benoni, July 27, 1762. Children of second wife: Mabel, May 23, 1764; Phebe, August 29, 1765; Hannah, October 14, 1766, died November 26, 1766; Stiles, April 30, 1768; Olive, November 21, 1769; Millicent, May 16, 1771; Amzi, July 3, 1774.

(V) Jesse, son of Captain Gideon Hotchkiss, was born October 9, 1738. He was a soldier in the French and Indian war and later in the revolution. He lost his life while serving in the army, September 29, 1776. He married, October 2, 1758, Charity, daughter of Peter and Mary Mallory, of Stratford, Peter Mallory (III) was born March 1, 1708, son of Peter (II) and Elizabeth (Trowbridge) Mallory, married May 27, 1698. Elizabeth Trowbridge was the daughter of William and Elizabeth (Lamberton) Trowbridge. Peter Mallory (II), born July 27, 1678, was the son of Peter Mallory (I) and Mary Mallory. Children: Asahel, born February 15, 1760, mentioned below; Charity, March 24, 1761; Beulah, March 13, 1762; Gabriel, August 13, 1763, died January 22, 1765-66; Rebecka, born January 7, 1765-66: Temperance, December 3, 1767; Apalina, January 3, 1768; Chloe, January 5, 1771; Anna. May 19, 1772; Huldah, March 9, 1774; Jesse, August 3, 1776.

(V1) Asahel, son of Jesse Hotchkiss, was born February 15, 1760. He married (first) March 22, 1781, Elizabeth Williams, who died March 28, 1794. He married (second) June 7, 1794, Phebe, daughter of Amasa and Sarah (Foss) Merriman, of Cheshire. She was born June 24, 1765. Her father, Amasa Merriman, was born June 17, 1729; married, September 26, 1750; son of Eliasaph Merriman, born May 21, 1605. died August 14.

1758; married Abigail Hull, born February 14, 1704, killed by lightning, August 4, 1758. The latter was the daughter of Dr. Benjamin and Elizabeth (Andrews) Hull, granddaughter of Dr. John and Mary (Jones) Hull, and great-granddaughter of Richard Hull. Elia-saph Merriman was the son of Caleb Merriman, who was born May, 1665, died July 9, 1703; married, July 9, 1690, Mary Preston, born April 25, 1674, daughter of Deacon Eliasaph and Mary (Willcoxson) Preston, and granddaughter of William Preston, of Giggleswick, county York, England, born 1591, died 1647. Caleb Merriman was the son of Captain Nathaniel Merriman, born 1613, in Tenterdon, county Kent, England, died February 13, 1693; married, 1641, Abigail Olney. The mother of Phebe Merriman, Sarah (Foss) Merriman, daughter of Stephen and Sarah (Hart) Foss, was born May 29, 1733, died July 29, 1776. She was the granddaughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Cook) Foss, great-granddaughter of John and Hannah Merriman Foss, and great-great-granddaughter of William and Hannah Foss. Children of Mr. Hotekhies by first wifer. Solly born of Mr. Hotchkiss by first wife: Sally, born October 27, 1782; Curtiss, May 4, 1783; Dyer, June 24, 1785; Esther, May 21, 1788. Children of second wife: Tempy, February 27, 1797; Asahel Augustus, June 30, 1799, mentioned below; Marcus, September 1, 1801; Phebe Maria, August 5, 1805.

(VII) Asahel Augustus, son of Asahel Hotchkiss, was born June 30, 1799. He married (first) October 3, 1821, Althea, born October 19, 1799, daughter of Abijah and Anna (Hotchkiss) Guernsey. The latter was the daughter of Jesse and Charity (Mallory) Hotchkiss. Abijah Guernsey was the son of Ebenezer, born 1731, and Anna (Gunn) Guernsey, daughter of Peter and Ann Gunn, cranddaughter of Peter and Anna Gunn, granddaughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Disbrow. Ebenezer Guernsey was the son of Joseph, born 1700, and Rachel Guernsey. Joseph Guernsey, born about 1674, was the son of Joseph and Hannah Ely (Prudden) Guernsey, married, April 10, 1673; Hannah Ely was daughter of Samuel and Ann Prudden. Joseph Guernsey was the son of John Guernsey. Althea (Guernsey) Hotchkiss died July 10, 1864. Asahel A. Hotchkiss married (second) August 22, 1865, Mary E. Brownell. He died April 21, 1885. Children of first wife: I. Andrew, born September 2, 1822, mentioned below. 2. Abijah, March 4, 1824, died March 24, 1825. 3. Benjamin Parkley, October 1, 1864, inventor of project Berkley, October 1, 1826; inventor of rapidfire ordnances; erected a large plant at St. Denis, France; died February 14, 1885; married, May 27, 1850, Maria H. Bissell. 4.

Franklin A., July 1, 1828, died May 14, 1844. 5. Frederick A., November 2, 1829, mentioned below. 6. Dotha, July 27, 1831, died Februbelow. 6. Dofna, July 27, 1631, died February 25, 1899; married (first) December 21, 1854. Henry T. Finch; children: i. Mary, born March 15, 1857, died September 5, 1857; ii. Althea Hotchkiss, born August 20, 1859; married, October 15, 1879, William E. Fairchild and had Harry Fairchild, born June 1, 1881, died August 16, 1886; iii. Henry Orton, born July 8, 1861, died June 17, 1862. Henry T. Finch died August 26, 1862, and Dotha married (second) H. A. McKelvey, August 28, 1866; children: iv. Andrew Augustus, born June 23, 1867; v. Sarah Mabel, December 30, 1860; married, June 1, 1883, Henry Blodgett, M. D., and had Donald Blodgett, born March 8, 1895; vi. Helen Agnes, born September 9, 1875; vii. Charles Wilie, born January 2, 1878, 7. Sarah M., August 7, 1833, died June 26, 1873; married, October 5, 1858, G. A. Kelsey. 8. Charles Albert, February 10, 1836, mentioned below. 9. Dwight, November 9, 1838; married, April 12, 1865. Almira Wardwell and had Mary, born September 1, 1869, died July 3, 1883. 10. William, July 25, 1841. died May 30,

(VIII) Andrew, son of Asahel Augustus Hotchkiss, was born September 2, 1822, in Waterbury, Connecticut. When nine years of age he removed with his father's family to Sharon Valley, where he lived until his death, February 10, 1858. From childhood he was a cripple and unable to go to school. His mind, however, matured early, and at the age of fifteen he showed unmistakable signs of an extraordinary constructive and inventive fac-His first invention was the currycomb on which he had two distinct patents. This was followed by the ox-bow pin, screw wrench, rifle-cannon projectile, rake head and snow plow. The rifle-cannon projectile was completed by B. B. Hotchkiss, and first brought into service in the Franco-Prussian war. For the manufacture of his inventions, he established the firm of Hotchkiss & Sons, of Sharon Valley, which grew from a small beginning into a large and prosperous con-His genius is more plainly seen in the various kinds of machinery which he designed than in the inventions which he ac-

From the Amenia Times of February 24, 1858, the following estimate of his character is taken:

is taken.

"His character, in a moral and social point of view, was of a high order. Although misfortune had cut off from him many of the sweetest enioyments of life had denied him the erect posture of perfect

manhood and the agility that springs from sinews strung with vigorous health; although the blessings which usually surround one-half the life of man, to him were always remote, yet he manifested no impatience, nor did he ever complain of his lot. His kindness of disposition won the affections of all who knew him. It was his constant effort to be alone in his suffering and let none other realize the pain. He would always forestall those kind offices dictated by sympathy on the part of both friend and kin. For fifteen years previous to the last few days of his life, he did not allow even his mother to witness his worst sufferings. His calamity was his own.

own.
"He was liberal in opinion, charitable, generous in heart, but firm in purpose. His firmness was not the obstinacy of conceit, nor the stubbornness of dogmatism, it was purely the confidence of a sound judgment governed by well digested and accurate

thought

"He was not a member of any Christian church, but he lived and died a sincere follower of Jesus Christ. From a very early age he was impressed with a strong religious feeling, and his life was the true expression of a pure piety unaided by the outward forms that claim the notice of men. He lived piety, but never displayed it. The same clearness of understanding that distinguished him in the affairs of this world raised his soul to just conceptions of the Infinite, from which he drew the inspiration of love that purified, virtue that embellished, and piety that made holy a life devoted to the good of his fellow creatures. If life were merchandise, and worth its price, how great a debtor were the world to him! He gave it much, and from it took but little. Selfishness, the besetting sin of human nature, found no place in his heart. In the last hours of his life, when conscious of approaching death, he expressed a willingness to either live or die, but if choice could be granted he would prefer to live a year or two more to finish the work he had left undone.

"It was a solemn moment for his family when it became certain that the day of his dissolution was near at hand. It was thought best that his physician should communicate the sad intelligence to him. He received it with great composure, his face beaming with a glory it had never known before. Those who saw him say that such an expression of mingled resignation, hope, confidence and joy, is seldom witnessed in the 'chamber where the good man meets his fate.' He pointed out the way we ought to live, and taught us how to die."

(VIII) Frederick A., son of Asahel Augustus Hotchkiss, was born November 2, 1829, at Waterbury, died January 22, 1896. He married (first) March 27, 1850, Caroline Parsons, who died in December, 1867. He married (second) June 16, 1869, Sarah Imogen Bird, who died June 19, 1897. Children, all by first wife: 1. Mary Althea, born August 7, 1851, died October 1, 1886; married, October 5, 1869, William Henry Hill, born May 1, 1845, son of John Lee and Harriet (Newell) Hill; resides at Redding, Connecticut; children: i. John Reed Hill, born December 27, 1870, married, June 24, 1896, Minnie McCullom; ii. Carrie Louise Hill, born November 5, 1872, died June 20, 1876; iii. Frederick Hotchkiss Hill, born July 18, 1874; iv.

Ernest William Hill, born January 1, 1876. 2. Carrie Louisa, born October 21, 1854, died October 31, 1893. 3. Franklin Augustus, born August 27, 1857; married, September 2, 1885, Fannie H. Gillette; they lived at Sharon, Connecticut, now at Millerton, New York. Children: i. Mary Franklin, born June 29, 1886; ii. Frederick Augustus, May 10, 1888; iii. Edward Gillette, September 1, 1889; iv. Benjamin Berkley, February 23, 1891; v. Reed Huntington, September 24, 1892; vi. Carrie Louise, August 10, 1894, died August 29, 1894; vii. Andrew Dwight, December 26, 1895; viii. Asahel Augustus, September 17, 1897. 4. Harriet Frances, born September 27, 1859, died January 9, 1890; married, August 24, 1880, Sidney A. McKelway; children: i. Franklin Hotchkiss McKelway, born January 16, 1882; ii. Arthur William McKelway, September 1, 1883; iii. Willard Frederick McKelway (twin), March 8, 1885; iv. Leonard Alexander McKelway (twin), died July 21, 1885; v. Amos Guernsey McKelway, August 13, 1888, died August 15, 1889; vi. Carrie Janet McKelway, December 27, 1889, died

January 3, 1890. (VIII) Charles Albert, son of Asahel Augustus Hotchkiss, was born February 10, 1836, died August 14, 1909. He was educated in the public schools, and in his younger days at Sharon was associated with his father and brothers in the manufacture of hardware and later of ordnance for the United States government during the civil war, buying out his brother's share in the business. In 1863 he removed to Bridgeport and built a factory in East Bridgeport, now occupied by Birdsey, Somers & Company, corset manufacturers. In 1873 he moved his business into a new building in the West End, and afterward the plant was destroyed by fire. He was active in promoting the welfare of the city and served several terms in the common council. He retired from business a number of years before he died and traveled extensively abroad. His last years, however, were spent quietly in his home at 528 Clinton avenue, Bridgeport. In politics he was a Republican, in religion a Baptist. He married at Sharon, Connecticut, October 21, 1857, Anna Smith, born in Northbridge, Massachusetts, near the Uxbridge line, daughter of Seymour and Betsey (Wood) Smith. She survives him and resides at the home on Clinton avenue. She is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and has held all the offices except regent; also member of the Patriots and Founders, Children: I. Ella Smith, born May 11, 1861; married, June 29, 1880, Norton L. Edwards, of Bridgeport, son of Charles and Sophia (Beach) Edwards; children: i. Berkeley Hotchkiss Edwards, born March 20, 1883; ii. Marion Louise Edwards, April 7, 1885; iii. Kenneth Beach Edwards, October 8, 1895. 2. Edward Seymour, May 19, 1864; hardware manufacturer of Bridgeport; not married.

(III) Isaac Hotchkiss, HOTCHKISS son of Joshua Hotchkiss (q. v.), was born in 1702,

died in 1750 at Bethany, Connecticut. married, in 1725, Rachel, daughter of Thomas Carnes or Kerns. Children, born at Bethany: Joseph, mentioned below: Thomas; Dorcas, who died in 1790.

(IV) Joseph, son of Isaac Hotchkiss, was born in 1737 at Bethany, died there at what is now Lebanon Rocks, in 1800. He married, in 1762, at Woodbridge, ----. Children: Hannah; Thomas, died in 1821; Silas,

mentioned below.

(V) Captain Silas Hotchkiss, son of Joseph Hotchkiss, was born in Bethany in 1766, died

in 1849. He married Susanna Peck.

(VI) Hiram, son of Captain Silas Hotchkiss, was of Bethany, married Rebecca Hotchkiss. Children. Wales, mentioned below; Andrew; Hart, born at Bethany, July 2, 1833, died at New Haven, February 16, 1867, married Rebecca, born June 14, 1837, daughter of Abram and Rebecca (Clapp) Templeton.

(VII) Wales, son of Hiram Hotchkiss,

was born in Bethany in 1825. He married Frances Augusta, daughter of Orville and Jane (Thompson) Collins. She had brothers, Thomas G. and William H., both soldiers in the civil war, the former of the famous Seventh New York Regiment, and a sister, Sarah. Ahira Collins, father of Orville Collins, and son of Ahira Collins, married Jemima, daughter of Walter and Ursula (Beebe) Wooster (see Wooster IV). Ozro Collins, brother of Orville Collins, married Ann Van Etten. He had another brother, Sheldon Collins. Children of Wales and Frances Augusta (Collins) Hotchkiss: 1. Charles, born in March, 1853, married Lily Bell, of Brooklyn, New York, daughter of Dr. A. M. Bell, a soldier in the Mexican war; children: Arthur, Mabel, Raymond, Julia and Byron. 2. Lucius Wales, mentioned below

(VIII) Dr. Lucius Wales Hotchkiss, son of Wales Hotchkiss, was born in New Haven, December 31, 1859. He attended the public schools of New Haven and of Brooklyn, New York, whither his parents removed, and completed his preparation for college at a private school. He entered the sophomore class of Columbia College in 1878 and was graduated



Than I. Holchhim



with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1881. He entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, and was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1884. He was for two years an interne at Bellevue Hospital, and since 1890 has been on the surgical staff of that institution. Since 1886 he has been in practice in New York City. He is also consulting surgeon to the Roosevelt Hospital and professor of clinical surgery in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He is a member of the New York County and State Medical societies, the American Medical Association, the American Surgical Society, the New York Clinical Society, the New York Surgical Society, of which he has been president, the American Society of Clinical Surgery and the Academy of Medicine. He is a member of the Psi Upsilon fraternity. In politics he is Independent; in religion an Episcopalian. He is a member of the University Club of New York, the Psi Upsilon Club and the Sons of the Revolution. He resides at 59 West Forty-eighth street, New York City.

He married, June 3, 1891, Alice Hartley Greene, born at Methuen, Massachusetts, April, 1861, daughter of Charles F. and Mary (Freeman) Greene, granddaughter of Dr. Henry Greene, of Boston. Her brother, Charles Frederick Greene, died at Tampa, Florida, in 1910; another brother, Samuel Hartley Greene is a merchant in San Francisco; and a third, William Freeman Greene, resides in Oregon. Children of Dr. and Mrs. Hotchkiss: Henry Greene, born March 8, 1893, in New York City; Alice, July 8, 1895, in New York City; Helen, March 8, 1897, in New York City; Edna, May 14, 1899, in New

York City; Lucia, July 19, 1907.

### (The Wooster Line).

(I) Sergeant Edward Wooster, immigrant ancestor, was born in 1622 in England, and was among the first settlers at Milford, Connecticut, about 1642. He was granted land by the general court, October 24, 1651, on condition that he undertake the cultivation of hops. Of his first wife nothing definite is known, but she may have been of the family of Francis French to whom he appears to have been related by marriage. In 1660 he married (second) Tabitha, daughter of Henry and Alice Tomlinson, of Stratford, Connecticut, and granddaughter of George and Maria (Hyde) Tomlinson. Twelve of his children shared in the distribution of his estate in 1604. Sergeant Wooster and three others were the first settlers of Derby, Connecticut, in 1654. For twenty years he was the leading citizen of the plantation. In locating at Derby, he doubtless had in view the growing of hops on the meadows below Ansonia, and to carry out this purpose he cut a trench from the Lower Ansonia bridge to the meadow to irrigate the lowlands and about fifty years later the course of the river changed to this trench. He died in 1689.

(II) Timothy, son of Sergeant Edward Wooster, was born in 1670. He married, in 1690, Anna, daughter of Arthur and Ann (Judson) Perry, granddaughter of Arthur and Elizabeth Perry and of Joshua and Ann Judson, great-granddaughter of William and

Grace Judson.

(III) Timothy (2), son of Timothy (1) Wooster, was born in 1699. He married (first) in 1727, Abigail Harger, who died in 1736; married (second) in 1737, Sarah Bowers, who died in 1749, daughter of Samuel and Ruth (Wooster) Bowers and grand-daughter of Edward and Tabitha (Tomlinson) Wooster, mentioned above. Rev. John Bowers, father of Samuel Bowers, married Bridget, daughter of Anthony Thompson. He was the son of George and Barbara Bowers.

(IV) Walter, son of Timothy (2) Wooster, was born about 1740. He was a soldier in the revolution in a Connecticut regiment. He married Ursula, daughter of Ira and Jemima (Hickox) Beebe. Jemima Hickox was a daughter of Gideon and Sarah (Upson) Hickox, granddaughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Plumb) Hickox and of Stephen and Sarah (Bronson) Upson. Stephen Upson was a son of Stephen and Mary (Lee) Up-son, grandson of John and Mary (Hart) Lee and of Thomas and Elizabeth (Fuller) Upson. Mary Hart was a daughter of Stephen Sarah (Bronson) Upson, wife of Stephen Upson, was a daughter of Isaac and Mary (Root) Bronson, granddaughter of John Bronson and of John and Mary (Kilbourne) Root. John and Mary (Russell) Root were parents of John Root; Thomas and Francis Kilbourne, parents of Mary Kil-John Bronson was a son of Richard Bronson. Samuel Hickox, father of Gid-John and Elizabeth (Norton) Plumb. Samuel and Elizabeth Hickox were parents of Samuel and the father of Samuel Sr. was William Hickox, the parents of Samuel, who was a son of William. Elizabeth Plumb was a daughter of John and Elizabeth (Norton) Plumb, granddaughter of Robert and Mary (Baldwin) Plumb, and of John and Dorothy Norton. John Norton was a son of Richard and Ellen (Rowley CNorton; Mary Baldwin

was a daughter of Sylvester and Sarah (Bryan) Baldwin. Robert Plumb was a son of John and Dorothy Plumb. Ira Beebe was son of Jonathan and Hannah (Lewis) Beebe, grandson of Joseph and Mehitable (Graves) Beebe and of William and Elizabeth (Borden) Lewis. John Lewis, father of William Lewis, married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Jane Huntley, and was a son of John and Sarah Lewis. William Borden, father of Elizabeth Borden, was son of John and Hannah (Hough) Borden, grandson of John and Joan Borden and of William and Sarah (Calkin) Hough. Sarah was a daughter of Hugh and Ann Calkin and William Hough was a son of Edward and Ann Hough. Jemima Wooster, daughter of Walter and Ursula (Beebe) Wooster, married Ahira Collins (see Hotchkiss VII).

(VII) Dyer, son of Asa-HOTCHKISS hel Hotchkiss (q. v.), was born at Waterbury, June

24, 1785. He lived at Prospect and Naugatuck, Connecticut, and died in Naugatuck. He was a farmer and also by trade a carpenter. He was brother of Asahel Augustus Hotchkiss, the inventor of the gun that bears his name. He married Ora Pritchard. Children: Charles, mentioned below, Henry, Amos.

Mary and Sarah.

(VIII) Charles, son of Dyer Hotchkiss, was born at Prospect, Connecticut, February 23, 1811, died November 14, 1897. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. In June, 1841, he came to Torrington and bought the water privileges and erected a sawmill and two dwelling houses at the place known for many years since as Hotchkiss's Mill and more recently as Drake's Mill, about two miles north of Torrington Hollow. In 1851 Mr. Hotchkiss removed to Wolcottville and in 1857 sold his mill property in the village and established the shops and lumber vard known afterward as C. Hotchkiss & Sons, builders. As contractors and builders Mr. Hotchkiss and his sons were very successful. Their firm built a large part of the houses erected in Wolcottville and in the adjoining towns of Litchfield, Goshen, Norfolk, Harwinton and Northfield, the firm had many important contracts. Mr. Hotchkiss was for many years deacon of the Congregational church. He represented his town in the general assembly and held other places of trust. He married, in February, 1833, Electa Susannah, born in Torrington, April 22, 1812, died September 3, 1884, daughter of Harlan and Alice (Johnson) Brace. Children: 1. Edward C., born November 5, 1833, died September, 1903; married Amelia Briggs; children: Edward H., Josephine A. and Minnie L. 2. Lucia E., born November 25, 1835, died February 28, 1863. 3. Chauncey G., November 16, 1838, died August 30, 1843. 4. Henry E., mentioned below. 5. Albert G., August 5, 1846, died May 11, 1900. 6. Fidelia, August 26, 1848, lives at Milford, Connecticut. 7. Eugene, May 18, 1854, lives at Milford.

(IX) Henry Elliott, son of Charles Hotchkiss, was born in Torrington, February 5, 1842. He was educated there in the public schools and in the Torrington high school. Early in life he became associated with his father and he has taken part in the upbuilding and development of the business in which he has been engaged from the outset. When his father sold the mill at Drakeville in 1857 his brother, Edward C. Hotchkiss, was a partner in the purchase of the old Wilson mill from the Connecticut Soapstone Company, together with a water privilege said to be the oldest in town. From this beginning the present mammoth establishment has grown. The firm was originally C. Hotchkiss & Son; in 1867 it became C. Hotchkiss & Sons and Henry E. Hotchkiss became a partner. When soon after 1880 the father retired the firm name became Hotchkiss Brothers and continued thus until 1887 when Edward H. Hotchkiss was admitted to the firm and the name became Hotchkiss Brothers & Company. Since then the business has been incorporated as The Hotchkiss Brothers Company, of which Henry E. Hotchkiss is president. original business was carpentering and building and many of the finest structures in the county were erected by the firm, and this department of the business has been succeeded by the Torrington Building Company, an entirely separate corporation. The plant has been enlarged from time to time, according to the requirements of a rapidly growing business. Old buildings were enlarged, new ones added and the wood-working plant at the present time is one of the best equipped and extensive in the country. The plant occupies a tract of four acres, adjoining the plant of the Coe Brass Company on the north side of the Naugatuck river, and as a whole the mill and plant in every respect are models. Scroll, jig and band sawing, planing, turning and cabinet making are some of the forms of work done in the mills. Doors, sash, blinds, mouldings and all kinds of house trim and finish are manufactured. In a word, the company has a complete wood-working establishment. The main business of the firm, however, is dealing in lumber of all kinds, at wholesale as well as retail, and in builders' supplies, such as

paint, oils, glass, hardware, masons' supplies, drain pipe, brick and lime. Their customers are not only in the immediate vicinity, but in various sections of New York state. New Jersev, Long Island and Rhode Island. Henry E. Hotchkiss has always had charge of the manufacturing department. His brother, Edward C. Hotchkiss, superintended the building contracts of the concern until recent years. He was for two years a member of the board of selectmen; two years of the board of burgesses, and in 1871 and 1875 represented his town in the state legislature. Edward H. Hotchkiss, son of Edward C., has served also in the general assembly, the third generation to hold that office in Torrington in his family; has also been selectman; has been active in the fire department and assistant chief; presi-March 26, 1807; is treasurer and general manager of the Hotchkiss Brothers Company,

Henry E. Hotchkiss enlisted July 22, 1861, in the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, as a musician in the regimental band. He took part in the Peninsular campaign in the civil war and was mustered out August 12, 1862. He is a member of L. W. Steele Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of Torrington. He is a director of the Torrington Building Company, but during the past few years has retired from active part in the business of the company of which he is president. He is a member of Seneca Lodge, No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, of Torrington. He is a prominent member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, of which he is now and for

many years has been a vestryman.

He married, December I, 1866, Mary J., daughter of General Allen G. and Lucinda (Chandler) Brady, mentioned below. Children: I. Hattie E., born October 24, 1867.

2. May L., born October 17, 1869, died June 20, 1903; married Charles Kendall, of Chicopee, Massachusetts; children.: Dorothy and Henry M. Kendall. 3, Jennie M., born October 19, 1871; married C. B. Vincent, secretary of the Excelsior Needle Company of Torrington.

4. Clara Isabella, born July 25, 1875.

5. Bessie M., born May 13, 1879; married Clarence Rowe, of Torrington.

General Allen G. Brady, son of James W. and Mary S. Brady, was born in Middlesex county, Massachusetts, February 13, 1822. He was educated in the public schools, and early in life went to work in the cotton mills. He was employed at his trade in Lowell, Northbridge and Grafton, Massachusetts, and at Leesville, Connecticut. He came from East Haddam to Wolcottville in 1845 to superintend the work in a cotton mill, then just

erected on the site of the first woolen mill. He had charge of the manufacture of the machinery and its installation. Afterward he had charge of fitting, installing and putting into motion a cotton mill at Litchfield Station, Connecticut, for the Mattatuck Manufacturing Company. He was employed most of the time during the next fifteen years in the mill at Wolcottville, as agent, superintendent, contractor and owner, and then became a manufacturer of shirts, drawers and collars, with a large factory in Wolcottville and a branch factory at Georgetown, Connecticut, and a store at 55 Murray street, New York City, under the firm name of A. G. Brady & Company. He was also engaged with the firm of Ostrum & Welton in the papier maché

When the civil war came, he accepted for took command of the regiment May 9, 1861. He served in the Army of the Potomac. Returning home, after three months, he organized at Stamford, Company B of the Seventeenth Regiment and became its captain, afterward major of this regiment. This regiment went to Baltimore, where it was stationed for a time, then joined the Eleventh Army Corps and took part in the battles of and the command devolved upon him. He was wounded July 2, 1863, at Gettysburg. After the battle of Chancellorsville, his wife received this telegram: "Mrs. A. G. Brady, Wolcottville. Major well Monday last. Bore himself gallantly in fight. Wm. H. Noble, Col. 17th. Regt. C. V." Being disabled by his wound he took a leave of absence of thirty days and came home. Afterward he was or-dered to the officers' hospital at Annapolis, Maryland, where he was appointed major of the Twentieth United States Reserve Corps. Point Lookout, Maryland, where he was provost marshal general of St. Mary's district and had command of the prison camp for Confederates, remaining until the last prisoner of war was released at the close of the war in 1865. He was breveted brigadier general and remained in the regular army until 1867 when he returned to his old home and engaged in business as a merchant. Before

the war he had been colonel of the Fourth Regiment, commissioned March 10, 1857. His last years were spent in Fayetteville, North Carolina, where he went with the intention of rebuilding a cotton mill burned by General Sherman's troops in the war. The intention was not carried out, and he was engaged mostly as a cotton buyer in his later years. He died in Fayetteville, North Carolina, February 11, 1905, and was buried in Torrington, Connecticut. His son, William E. Brady, was with him.

William Merritt Hotch-

HOTCHKISS kiss, president and secretary of Wm. M. Hotch-kiss Inc., of New Haven, Connecticut, is a descendant through various lines from very ancient families. Elihu Yale, founder of Yale University, was one of his ancestors, and another line traces back directly to Bishop Boaner, of England, who lived in the sixteenth century. Various members of the family have been distinguished in military affairs, in literature and in the professions.

(I) Samuel Hotchkiss married Elizabeth

Cleverley

(II) Joshua, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Cleverley) Hotchkiss, married Hannah daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Powell) Tuttle, granddaughter of William and Elizabeth Tuttle, also granddaughter of Thomas Powell.

(III) Jacob, son of Joshua and Hannah (Tuttle) Hotchkiss, married Elizabeth, daughter of Abraham and Elizabeth (Glover) Dickerson, granddaughter of Abraham and Mary (Cooper) Dickerson, and of Henry Glover, and great-granddaughter of Thomas

(IV) Elijah, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Dickerson) Hotchkiss, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, died September 2, 1806. He settled in Derby, Connecticut, where all of his children were born. He married, November 11. 1761, Mehitable Hotchkiss, born in New Haven, died March 18, 1804. Children: Leverett, born October 6, 1762; Phebe, April 2, 1764; Elizabeth, November 18, 1766; Elizabeth, June 17, 1769; Mehitable, July 28, 1772; Cyrus, see forward. The line of descent of Mehitable (Hotchkiss) Hotchkiss follows.

(V) Cyrus, son of Elijah and Mehitable (Hotchkiss) Hotchkiss, was born in Derby, July 16, 1774. He married Catherine, daughter of William and Eunice (Baldwin) Fowler, granddaughter of Jonathan and Hannah (Clark) Fowler and of Nathan and Elizabeth (Rogers) Baldwin, great-granddaughter of William and Anna (Beard) Fowler, of Matthew and Eliza (Fowler) Clark, of David and Mary (Stream) Baldwin, and of Joseph and Sarah (Clark) Rogers, great-greatgranddaughter of Deacon Zany Clark, William Fowler, Isaac Beard, Joseph and Hannah Baldwin, John and Mary (Beard) Stream, Elijah and Elizabeth Rogers, and Samuel and Sarah Clark, great-great-great-granddaughter of William and Mary (Topp) Fowler. Captain John Beard, Richard Baldwin, who

died at sea, and John Rogers.

(VI) Merritt, son of Cyrus and Catherine (Fowler) Hotchkiss, was born July 16, 1813. He married Caroline Esther, daughter of Josiah and Sally (Yale) Smith, granddaughter of Josiah and Esther (Smith) Smith, and of Edward Thomas and Elizabeth (Riggs) Yale, a great-granddaughter of Elijah and Ann (Hawkins) Smith and of Benjamin and Ruth (Ives) Yale, great-great-granddaughter of Josiah and Esther (Oviatt) Smith, of Captain Moses Hawkins, and of Thomas and Mary (Benham) Yale, great-great-greatgranddaughter of Andrew and Sarah (Tomlinson) Smith, Thomas Oviatt, Thomas and Rebecca (Gibbard) Yale, and Joseph Benham, great - great - great - granddaughter of Nicholas and Mary (Tibbals) Smith, William Tomlinson, Thomas and Mary (Turner) Yale, and William Gibbard, great-great-greatgreat-great-granddaughter of Captain William Tibbals, Captain Turner, William Morton and David Yale, and great-great-greatgreat-great-great-granddaughter of Bishop Boaner and Thomas Morton. The children of Merritt and Caroline Esther (Smith) Hotchkiss were: Merritt Lockwood, see forward; Henry L., of Derby; Katherine, married Robert O. Cates, of Derby; Mary J., married Captain Allen Gifford, of Nantucket, Massachusetts.

(VII) Merritt Lockwood, son of Merritt and Caroline Esther (Smith) Hotchkiss, was born at Derby, now Westville, Connecticut, September 10, 1839, and is now living on a farm at Orange, Connecticut. He was educated in the public schools, and during the greater part of his active life was a manufac-October 7, 1862, Ellen Cynthia, daughter of Samuel L. and Harriet (Woodruff) Smith, granddaughter of Nehemiah and Hannah (Jones) Woodruff, great-granddaughter of Joseph and Abigail Woodruff and of Pearce and Mary (Pond) Jones, great-great-grand-daughter of Joseph and Phoebe (Newton) Woodruff, John and Hannah (Bassett) Jones, and Peter and Mary (Hubbard) Pond, greatgreat-great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Platt) Woodruff, Samuel and Phoebe

(Platt) Newton, Rev. John Jones, Meride William Stebbins, John and Mary Bassett. Samuel and Abigail (Goodrich) Pond, Zach ariah Tuttle and Mary Hobby, great great great-great-granddaughter of Matthew Woodruff, Joseph and Mary (Kellog) Platt, Samuel and Martha Grean Veston, Joseph and Mary (Kellog) Platt, Bill and Hannah (Eaton) Jones, Benval Stebbins, Samuel and Miriam (Blatchley) Pond, Barth Goodrich, Charles and Elizabeth Hobby, great-great-great-great-granddaughter of Matthew and Hannah Woodruff, Robert and Mary (Baldwin) Plumb, Richard and Mary Platt, Daniel Kellog, Roger and Mary (Hooker) Newton, Benjamin and Sarah Fenn, Richard and Mary Platt, George Eaton, Samuel and Sarah (Ward) Pond, Thomas Blatchley and Bill and Ann Hobby, great-great-great-greatgreat-great-granddaughter of Thomas Hook-er. Merritt Lockwood and Ellen Cynthia (Smith) Hotchkiss had children: I. Jennie Adele, born in Derby, June 28, 1864, married R. N. Johnquest, of Boston, and is now living in Ansonia, Connecticut; they have one child, Harry Merritt. 2. Harriet Smith, born in Derby, December 31, 1870, married Wat-son S. Woodruff, of Orange, Connecticut, one of the firm of S. D. Woodruff & Sons, seed growers and dealers. Children: Catherine Hotchkiss, Stiles Dennison, Jane Eilzabeth and Julia Ellen, twins, and Watson Stiles. 3. William Merritt, see forward.

and voungest child of Merritt Lockwood and Ellen Cynthia (Smith) Hotchkiss, was born in Derby, Connecticut, August 21, 1883. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and was graduated from the Derby high school in 1901. He commenced his business career in the jewelry line, but at the expiration of one year entered the employ of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company as a clerk and later became engine dispatcher and chief clerk to the master mechanic. After six years in railroad offices, he resigned in 1908 in order to engage in the real estate business, opening offices in the Malley Building, No. 902 Chapel street, New Haven, Connecticut, and with this he combined an insurance agency. He has since incorporated his business under the name of William M. Hotchkiss Inc., of which he is the president and secretary. He is connected with a number of organizations, among them being: Knights Templar Club of New Haven; King Hiram Lodge, No. 12, Free and Accepted Masons; Solomon Chapter, No. 3, Royal Arch Masons, of Derby; Union Council, No. 27, Royal and Select Masters, of Derby: New Haven Commandery, Knights Templar, of New Haven: Pyramid Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and the Lodge of Perfection. In 1908 he became a member of the New Haven Grays, one of the best-known military organizations of the state of Connecticut.

## (The Hotchkiss Line)

(II) John, son of Samuel Hotchkiss (q.v.), was born in 1643. He made his will, bequeathing to his children, and this was proved September 23, 1689. He married, December 5, 1672, Elizabeth, born March 10, 1649, baptized March 24, 1650, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (Cleverly) Peck, the former of whom was an early settler of New Haven, who signed the compact made June 4, 1639, and died in 1681. Children of John and Elizabeth (Peck) Hotchkiss, born in New Haven; John, October 1, 1673; Joshua, 1676, died 1741; Joseph, June 3, 1678; Josiah, July 24, 1680, lived in Cheshire; Caleb, see forward; Elizabeth, July 18, 1686.

(III) Čaleb, son of John and Elizabeth (Peck) Hotchkiss, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, October 18, 1684. He married, February 14, 1706, Mehitable, daughter of Isaac Cruttenden. Children, born in New Haven: Mehitable, November 24, 1706, died November 2, 1725; Rachel, October 26, 1709; Caleb, see forward; Eliphalet, June 28, 1714; Joel, March 18, 1716; Nehemiah, April 20,

(IV) Captain Caleb (2) Hotchkiss, son of kiss, was born at New Haven, June 6, 1712. He was a soldier of the revolutionary war, and was killed during the invasion of New Haven, July 5, 1779. He was captain of a Rhode Island company under General Spencer, served from 1776 to 1779 in various parts of Rhode Island. He married, January 6, 1736, Phebe Atwater, who died February 19. 1795. In 1796 Stephen, Elijah and Mehitable Hotchkiss, all of Derby, receipted to their brother Jonah, of New Haven, executor of their mother, Phebe Hotchkiss. David Atwater, great-grandfather of Phebe (Atwater) Hotchkiss, died October 5, 1692; he was one died in the district known as Cedar Hill; he married Damaris, who died April 7, 1691, daughter of Thomas Sayre, of Southampton, Long Island. Jonathan, son of David and Damaris (Savre) Atwater, married Retia, daughter of George Peck, June 1, 1681. Jonathan, son of Jonathan and Retia (Peck) Atwater, was born November 4, 1690, died December 27, 1760, his will mentioning his wife Martha and nine children; he resided in New Haven near the present intersection of Crown and College streets; married (first) December 15, 1713, Abigail, who died March 19, 1732-33, daughter of Nathaniel and Ruth (Dickerman) Bradley; he married (second) December 5, 1733, Martha Tuttle, born April 26, 1697, died September 9, 1776, widow of Benjamin Bradley. Phebe, a daughter of Jonathan Atwater Jr., married Captain Caleb Hotchkiss, as mentioned above. Their children were: Captain Stephen, born February 4, 1737; Phebe, October 12, 1739; Mehitable, November 21, 1741, married Elijah Hotchkiss (see Hotchkiss IV); Jonah, June 12, 1745; Asa; Amos, May 22, 1750; Elijah.

William Eldridge, immigrant ELDRIDGE ancestor, was born in England. His surname is also spelled Eldredge and Eldred, and is of Saxon origin. Eldred was the name of several Saxon kings in the eighth and ninth centuries. Eldred was king of Chester in 1051. At the time of the Domesday survey (A.D. 1085) the name was in common use in Wilts, Dorset, Somerset, Devon, Gloucester, Shropshire, York, and other counties in England. John Eldred, of Great Saxham, county Suffolk, descended from an ancient family claiming Saxon origin. Tradition says that he purchased the Great Saxham estate because of his belief that his ancestors in remote ages as Saxon kings had held Saxham as their seat. He was born in 1552 and died in 1632; he was a great traveler, and his ships and merchandise went to all parts of the world of commerce; was a founder of Virginia, and from 1609 to 1624 a member of His Majesty's Council for the Virginia Company of London. Settlers of this surname were relatives of this John Eldred, it is believed.

William Eldridge had brothers, Robert, of Yarmouth and Monomoy, Massachusetts, and Samuel, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, and Stonington, Connecticut. William Eldridge was appointed constable of Yarmouth, Massachusetts, in 1657-62-74-75-77; was also surveyor of highways in that town. As the records of the town were destroyed by fire it is difficult to trace the family. He married Anne, daughter of William and Tamesin Lumpkin, of Yarmouth. William Lumpkin came over in 1637; was deputy to the general court and held many town offices; bequeathes in his will to Elisha and Bethia Eldred and others. Anne Eldridge was buried November 1, 1676. Children of William Eldridge: Anne, born at Yarmouth, December 16, 1648; Sarah, October 10, 1650; Elisha, 1653, resided in Harwich and Eastham, died October 14, 1739;

Bethia; Samuel, who is further mentioned below; and John.

(II) Samuel, son of William Eldridge, was born at Yarmouth, about 1655. He married Keziah Taylor. Children, born at Yarmouth (p. 24, "Mayflower Descendants," vol. 10); Samuel, born September 25, 1681; Jehosaphat, mentioned below; Mehitable, January 1686-87; Ann, April, 1691; John, February, 1692; Keziah, March, 1695; Mary, March, 1697.

(III) Jehosaphat, son of Samuel Eldridge, was born at Yarmouth, October 12, 1683, died in 1732. He married Elizabeth — . Children, born in what is now Chatham: Edward, July 17, 1702; Nathaniel; Elisha; Elnathan; Ebenezer; Barnabas, mentioned below; Elizabeth Company Company (III)

neth

(V) Barnabas (2), son of Barnabas (1) Eldridge, was born at Yarmouth, October 7, 1743. He married Patience — Children, born at Yarmouth: Barnabas, February 24, 1771; Sarah, 1772; Reuben, November 1, 1773; Joseph, mentioned below; Anne, May 27, 1777; Patience, 1779; Asa, November 27, 1782; John, September 7, 1784; Gideon, November 9, 1786; Betty, 1788. The first federal census taken in 1790 shows four heads of families at Yarmouth: John, with one female in his family; David, with three sons under sixteen and four females; Lydia (widow of Samuel); and Barnabas, mentioned above, with five males over sixteen and four females,

(VI) Captain Joseph Eldridge, son of Barnabas (2) Eldridge, was born at Yarmouth, September 10 (or 20), 1775. He was a sea captain and lived and died in Yarmouth. He married, in 1802, Deborah Hamlin, of Yarmouth, born October 11, 1778. Children, born at Yarmouth: Joseph, mentioned below; Francis, died September 20, 1807, aged eleven months (gravestone); Mary Ann, 1808, died 1871; Frederick, born 1809, died 1828; Ira, died January 31, 1812, aged eighteen days; Eliza, born 1815, died 1869; Catherine, died September 23, 1817, aged ten months; Azariah, born 1820, died 1888; Isaac, died May 2, 1822, aged four days (gravestone at Yarmouth).

(VII) Rev. Joseph (2) Eldridge, son of Captain Joseph (1) Eldridge, was born in Yarmouth, July 8, 1804, died in Norfolk, Con-



Stockhi Eldridge



necticut, March 21, 1875. An admirable account of his life and character was given by President Noah Porter, of Yale College, May 25, 1875, at the request of the North Association of Litchfield county, and from this the following is taken:

This father was a sea captain in easy circum statuce, who provided generously for the confort and culture of his family, without sacrificing the simplicity of their tastes or the claims of duty and of God. His mother was a superior woman of ardent piety, of large intelligence, and an enterprising spirit. By the nature of her husband's occupation she was forced to assume the chief responsibility of training her children and ordering the household. Of these four children our friend was the eldest, and all of the family have brought honor upon their parents and their name.

"He prepared for college at Phillips Academy in Andover, and in September, 1825, became a member of Yale College, in the freshman year, at the age of twenty-one years. He graduated with second honors of his class, and immediately entered upon his professional studies in the Theological Seminary of

Yale College

"On April 25, 1832, he was ordained as a Christian minister and installed pastor of the Norfolk Church, and here continued to discharge the duties of his office till, having resigned his charge, he preached his farewell sermon, November 1, 1874. At the time of his resignation he was the oldest of pastors in active service in the state of Connecticut. He had hoped and expected to spend many years of tranquility and love among them and the neighboring churches. He also March 31, 1875.

bornes churches. He doed March 31, 1875.
"Dr. Eldridge was a member of Yale Corporation from 1847 until his death. He had a strong and solid intellect. He looked every subject and question squarely in the face, and his judgments were sagacious and penetrating. His mind was eminently comprehensive. In biography and the higher order of fiction he found constant delight and inspiration, and everything which he read in either denartment left a strong and delightful impression upon his mind and memory. He was a constant and absorbed reader, and his range of reading was very wide. But whatever he wrote or spoke came from himself, and bore the unmistakable stamp of his own being, in thought, in diction in illustration, and pre-emimently in an indescribable manner which he borrowed from no other man, and which no man could borrow from him.

"In a similar way did he apply his mind to the public relations of neighboring parishes and churches, and subsequently to the more general interests of the kingdom of Christ. On many occasions of greater or less importance on which he was called to think and to decide, he uniformly approved himself a wise and safe counsellor who was patient in hearing, comprehensive and fair-minded in deliberation, and independent and fixed in his conclusions. His statesmanlike and indicial intellect became more manifest as it was disciplined and developed by the opportunities of later years. "He was a truly generous man. He was especially generous and enterprising in the cause of education." There are not a few young men went in the

"He was a truly generous man. He was especially generous and enterprising in the cause of education. There are not a few young men now in the ministry and other professions, whom he has assisted by his counsel and sympathy and contributions to begin and persevere in a course of study. This has been his favorite department of Christian benevolence in which he has labored abundantly himself, and into which he has incited others to enter and

to continue with generous sympathy and ample lib-

erality

"His Christian faith and earnestness were in harmony with his intellectual and emotional habits. I should rather say that a consistent and earnest Christian faith, working upon a strong and generous nature, can alone explain, as it could alone produce such a character and such a life. His religious life was not eminently emotional—it could not be in consistency with the constitution of the man. Obedience to the will of the Heavenly Father, trust in His wisdom, confidence in His goodness, the honest confession of sin and short-comings, loving trust in Christ as the only Redeemer, and a practical sympathy with His life and spirit in all the characteristically Christian virtues—above all, constant fidelity to the spirit and aims of his profession as a Christian pastor—these were the manifestations and fruits of the inner life by which he was controlled and cheered. As life went on and its varied experiences taught each its lesson, he became more mature in his faith, more elevated in his feelings, more ardent in his prayers, more sympathizing and effective in his ministrations, and more spiritual in his desires and hopes.

"His own health, which had been so uniform and vigorous, began to fail. Sharp attacks of suffering made him feel his dependence, and many deaths among his kindred and relations, brought the other world very near and made the present world seem very uncertain. His return to his pulpit and parish work was welcomed with a thankful heart, and he preached and labored with unwonted solemnity and earnestness. His retirement from the ministry, in the anticipation and realization, connected as it was with the death of the honored head and counsellor of his own kindred, foreshadowed in some sort the winding up of his life. Each of these events made him look more distinctly upon the things which are not seen, and caused him to apprehend these as the only things which cannot be moved. They brought him nearer to God, elevating his faith, kindling his

hopes.

"What Dr. Eldridge was to his people, they do not need to be told. What he had desired and labored to do for them, he has left on record in his farewell sermon—a sermon to which, for simplicity and truthfulness and transparent tenderness, it were difficult to find the superior among the many which are to be found in the annals of the churches of England. Though nothing was farther from the writer's intent, yet the reader cannot fail to interpose between the lines this appeal to the people: 'Ye are witnesses, and God also, how holily and justly and unblamably we behaved ourselves among you who believe, as you know how we exhorted, and comforted, and charged every one of you, as a father does his children, that you would walk worthy of God, who hath called you unto His kingdom and glory.' He did say, and say truly, with all the simplicity of his heart: 'I am confident that I have not an enemy nor an ill-wisher in the church, in the parish, or in the town, nor in the region—indeed, not in all the world; and I know that I am an enemy to no human being, and that this church, this society, the people of this town, and many in this region have a warm and permanent place in my heart.'

heart."
"He found this parish one of the most united and "He found this parishes in New England. And he has not labored in vain. The forty years and more which he has given to this parish have not been without abundant blessings. The influence of this long and successful pastorate will remain for another generation, as the name of this honored and

beloved servant of Christ shall be repeated with love

and thankfulness

"I cannot but allude to the tender and touching conclusion of his farewell sermon, in which he anticipates the time when he must yield the first place in the affections of his people to his successor in office, and to the magnanimous wisdom with which he charges them beforehand to transfer their confidence and love to another. That he knew that this event would bring some trial to his feelings, bespeaks the largeness of his heart. His people cannot doubt that a heart so true and tender in its affection remembers them still, even in the heavenly temple, and will continue to speak peace to the flock on whom he has expended such constant and warm affection. Let the peace and harmony and elevated Christian living which you will exemplify, be a perpetual testimony to the affection which you cherish for his name.

"After his resignation of his pastoral charge he did not desire to renounce the privileges and obligations of fellowship to his brethren and their churches, but formally and affectionately renewed his original covenant of love and hospitality with them so long as he should live. His interest in education and his loyal affection for his alma mater made him a zealous and most useful friend of Yale College, of whose corporation he was for more than

twenty years an honored member.

"The anticipated evening of his earthly life has been exchanged for the bright morning dawn of that life which is immortal. The quiet rest and sweet repose of the earthly twilight has given place to the serene and perfected boon of the heavenly rest. The enjoyment of the earthly friends who remain has been exchanged for the society of the just made perfect, among who are numbered many who were known and loved by him on earth. From the home which he had built and had blessed so long he has passed into the building of God—the house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

In the *Independent* of July 11, 1878, is a tribute to Mrs. Eldridge from President Porter of Yale College, as follows:

"Died in Norfolk, Connecticut, June 6, 1878, Sarah Battell, wife of the late Joseph Eldridge, D.D. Mrs. Eldridge was born March 19, 1810. She was the eldest daughter of the late Joseph Battell, of Norfolk. She inherited the striking traits of both father and mother, and from her earliest years entered fully into the active and sympathetic kindness and active influence for which both were distinguished. When, by her marriage with Dr. Eldridge, October 12, 1836, she became the wife of the only pastor in town, she had only to broaden the sphere of activity in which she had already been trained in order, in an eminent sense, to become the mistress and mother of the parish, the sympathizing friend and active counsellor of young and old. All the people had known her either from her or their childhood as a generous and faithful friend, abundant in sympathy and humor. Her labors were increasing, her sympathy and patience were exhaustless, and her generosity was unstinted. Her animal spirits never flagged, and her interest in everything which concerned the welfare of her family, her parish, her friends far and near, or the Kingdom of God, was always ready, sincere and efficient. Her humor and buoyancy of spirits were literally indomitable and irrepressible, and they rendered excellent service to herself and her friends in the dark hours of life. Her voice was singularly sweet and gentle, and she delighted in sacred songs. From her earliest years her voice had been heard in

the service of the Lord's Day in the prayer meeting and her own household.

"Her activity in Sunday-school work began early in life, being first given to a class of young ladies, but later and for many years to a class of boys, the successive members of which remembered her with gratitude as they became young men and continued to share in her counsels and sympathy.

to share in her counsels and sympathy.
"It is not often that there goes from any house-hold a mother bearing so genuinely the New England stamp of another generation, combined in such marked individuality, sense and thought, sympathy and humor, tenderness and strength, charity toward all mankind, and devout reverence before God, as

marked individuality, seense and thought, sympathy and humor, tenderness and strength, charity toward all mankind, and devout reverence before God, as she, who, on the toth of June, sons and daughters, brothers and sisters, kindred and friends, parishioners and the poor followed to the grave, to lay her by the side of her honored husband, neither of whom will soon be forgotten by any who knew them."

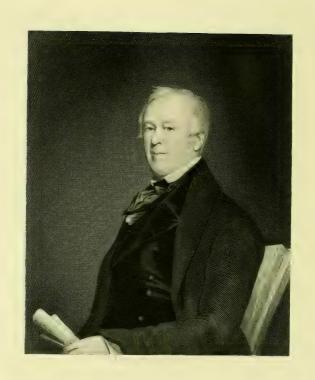
Children: I. Sarah, died January 10, 1898. 2. Irene, married Edward Y. Swift, attorney, Detroit, Michigan; children: Edward Eldridge; Irene Battell, married Dr. William Moffatt, of Utica; Mary Eldridge, married Frederick M. Alger, of Detroit. 3. Mary. 4. Joseph Battell, died November 19, 1901. 5. Isabella. 6. Alice Bradford, married Henry H. Bridgman: children: Eldridge LeBaron and Isabella Battell.

## (The Battell Line).

The name of Battell was recorded as a family name in England as early as the twelfth century, and is supposed to have been of Norman origin. It has been variously spelled Battels, Battely, Battell, etc., but the earliest known form was Battelle. The coat-of-arms is as follows: Ermine, with bordure crimson, charged with stars of gold. Crest: Equine, regardant; head, light brown; mane, dark brown; teeth, black, and around the points brown bordered with black.

(I) Thomas Battell, immigrant ancestor, came from England, where he was born about 1630, to America in 1642. The first record of him appears in Dedham, Massachusetts, where he married Mary Fisher, September 5, 1648. November 4, same year, he had a grant of four acres of land from Henry Brooke, one of the original proprietors of the town. A portion of the grants made to him has remained in the family for generations. He was admitted to the church, January 22, 1653-54, and as freeman, May 3, 1654. In 1664 he was in Sudbury, but returned to Dedham in 1674. In the latter town he was selectman in 1677 and four other years, and town clerk in 1687 and several other years. He died February 8, 1706. His will, dated February 6, 1701-02, proved March 7, 1706, bequeathed to son John Jonathan; daughter Mary, wife of John Bryant, of Scituate; and the children of his daughter Sarah, wife of Silas Titus. His





cousin, Captain Daniel Fisher, was one of the overseers of the will. His wife Mary, who died 1691, was a daughter of Joshua Fisher, immagrant ancestor, son of "Fisher of Syle-ham" (England). Joshua Fisher settled first in Dedham, but afterwards removed to Medfield. He made Thomas Battell executor of born May 6, 1650; John, July 1, 1652, mentioned below; Sarah, August 8, 1654; Jonathan, July 24, 1658; Martha, August 19, 1660, died December 20, 1674.
(II) John, son of Thomas Battell, was

born July 1, 1652, at Dedham, died September 20, 1712. He settled in his native town. He married Hannah Holbrooke, at Dedham, November 18, 1678. Children, born in Dedham: Hannah, July 26, 1680, died September 12, 1682; Mary, born March 12, 1684; John, April 17, 1689, mentioned below; Ebenezer,

January 22, 1691. (III) John (2), son of John (1) Battell, was born in Dedham, April 17, 1689. He married, January 9, 1710, Abigail Draper. Children: Abigail, born July 12, 1713; John, April 20, 1718, mentioned below; Mary, December 14, 1721; James, September 19, 1728.

(IV) John (3), son of John (2) Battell, was born April 20, 1718, died November 18, 1800. He married, April 21, 1738, Mehitable, sister of Roger Sherman, a signer of the Decborn August 12, 1740, mentioned below; John, October 4, 1741; Mehitable, December 25, 1743; Olive, January 5, 1748, died October 22, 1754; Unity, July 15, 1758; Olive, January

ary 19, 1760. (V) William, son of John (3) Battell, was born in Dedham, August 12, 1740. He lived in Woodbury, Connecticut, some years, and then removed to Torrington, Connecticut, where he died February 29, 1859. He married (first) Sarah Buckingham, of Milford, Connecticut, born 1753, died September 18, 1806. He married (second) Mrs. Martha Mitchell, his cousin, born 1788, daughter of Rev. Josiah Sherman, of Goshen and Woburn, Massachusetts. She died October 24, 1829. Children: William, born March 25, 1773, died November 30, 1841; Joseph, born July 21, 1774, mentioned below; Josiah Buckingham, March 1, 1776, died May 7, 1843; John Brinsmade, July 21, 1779, died November 7, 1819; Sarah, born May 29, 1781, married Rev. Abel McEwen; Nancy or Anna, February 2, 1783, married Rev. Harvey Loomis; Harriett, June 7, 1785; Urania P., May 15, 1787; Charles I., July 23, 1789; Charlotte, February 19, 1796, married Aaron Austin. (VI) Joseph, son of William Battell, was

born July 21, 1774, in Milford, Connecticut. When eighteen years old he removed to Norfolk, Connecticut, where he opened a country store on Beech Flats, which was the beginning of a large and profitable business. About 1800 he leased the land on the corner of Mr. Giles Pettibone's tavern, where he built the store in which he continued to do business until his death in 1841. He became the principal merchant not only of Norfolk, but also a long distance. He was also led to engage tion of wild lands in Vermont, New York and Ohio. He early acquired the reputation of being a highly successful business man, of strict integrity, and one of the most prominent in the state. Not long after building his store he built also a fine residence, which still remains in the family. He was unusually intellectual in his tastes and habits, a great reader, and the owner of a well-selected library. He married Sarah, daughter of Rev. Ammi R. Robbins, the first minister in Norfolk. She was a great-granddaughter of Governor William Bradford, and a granddaughter of Francis Le Baron, a surgeon in the French service, and the hero of Mrs. Austin's famous novel, "Nameless Nobleman." She was a woman of much force of character and worth and a great power for good in the entire community. Both she and her husband were closely connected with the public and religious life of the town, and their sympathy and aid were always prompt and generous for the relief of the poor and suffering. She died September 23, 1854, aged seventy-five. He died November 30, 1841. Their daughter, Urania Battell Humphrey, erected to their memory the Battell Memorial Chapel on the Green in Norfolk. Children: 1. Joseph, born April 17, 1806, a prominent New York merchant. 2. Philip, November 28, 1807, married Emma Seymour, of Middlebury. 3. Sarah, March 19, 1810; married Rev. Joseph Eldridge (see Eldridge VII). 4. Irene, November 14, 1811; married William A. Larned, professor in Yale College. 5. Urania, May 30, 1814; married James Humphrey, of Brooklyn. 6. Anna, October 14, 1816. 7. Robbins, April 9, 1819; married Ellen R. Mills, of Newark. 8. John. April 27, 1823. 9. Ellen, February 21, 1825; married Rev. Azariah Eldridge.

The following from Rev. Dr. Cobham Brewer, of England. to Mrs. Emma W. (Brewer) Bidwell, of Connecticut, explains the origin and history of the family in England:

Edwinstone Rectory Newark, England, 18 March, 1886.

Dear Madam: I have been ill, or I would have answered your letter before. In Rymer's "Foedora" (a collection of laws and other historic documents) (a collection of laws and other historic documents) the name Brewer occurs over and over again as one of the signatories to grants, etc., by William the Conqueror. Evidently the family was one of the high court officials under that king. William, Henry and John are the most common Christian names, and the surname is spelled sometimes Brewer and sometimes Bruar, Bruyer, Bruer and Bruyere. They certainly came over from Normandy with William, and were people of considerable consequence. In the reign of Henry V a John Brewer married the elder daughter of John Oldcastle, Lord Cobham, whence the name Cobham Brewer. The Kent estate (Cobham Park), would have come down in this line, but Lord Cobham was executed as a Wycliffite. line, but Lord Cobham was executed as a Wycliffite, the first of the martyrs, and his estates were confiscated to the Crown. Of illustrious ancestors, Antony Brewer, the poet, who wrote the drama of "The Five Senses" (1620), in which Oliver Cromwell took part, is of historic notoriety. Cromwell performed Tashus, in which part occur the lines:
"Roses and bays pack hence. This crown and robe
My brows and body circles and invests;

How gallantly it fits me." The family in France, called de la Bruyere, is the same, and the famous Le Clerc de la Bruyere, author (1715-1754), is well known. When I lived in Paris I was always called Mon. de Docteur Bruyere.

In any full biographical dictionary will be seen the name of half a dozen other celebrities of the same name. I cannot help you with the settlers of the United States. I only know that some of the name settled there in the seventeenth century, and went over in the "Mayflower."

over in the "Mayflower."

The chief coats-of-arms are: The Kent Brewers and Devonshire Brewers. To the former I belong, and the common names are William, John and Henry. The most common names of the Devonshire Brewers are Samuel and Anthony, but the two have been traced to one root by a Miss Brewer, of Devon, who wrote me on the subject about a year ago. In Burke's "General Armory" the Devonshire arms are: Gu. two bands waved, the first ar., the second or. Crest: a mermaid with mirror and comb ppr. The Kent family is: Gu. two bends wavy or, a canton vaire. Crest: out of a mural coronet a hand and arm couped at the elbow, habited gu., billette or, holding in the hand ppr. a battle-axe ar. This is the crest I use. Besides these two lines, Burke gives the London and Somerset Brewer family: Gu. two bends wavy or; a chief vaire a mullet ily: Gu. two bends wavy or; a chief vaire a mullet or diff. two bends wavy or; a chief varie a miner for diff. Crest; a syren charged with a mullet for diff. her human part ppr., her tail scaled or; and gu. divided by parallel lines wavy. The Norfolk and Bemondsey Brewer family, the same, without the mullet. Burke gives another family, without county; Ar. a lion ramp. tail forchee gu., and under Bruer (another spelling), Gu. two bars wavy or. Crest; a mermaid ppr. The Kent Brewers are the oldest, as the arm is older than the navy, and the arm with the battle-axe is older than the mermaid.

As I said before, the Kent Brewers came over with William the Conqueror, but the Devonshire family was ennobled in the reign of Elizabeth. My brother, Dr. William Brewer, has gone into the subject far more fully, and has traced the tree up to Henry V, but he died last year. Probably his widow (address George street, Hanover Square, London).

can give you further information.

I remain yours faithfully,
E. Cobham Brewer.

P. S.—My elder brother is the Sherren Brewer (from Col. Sherren, of the Guards, the mother's side. My family is the Cobham Brewer, from John Oldcastle, Lord Cobham. The name Brewer-Planta-

(I) Thomas Brewer, the immigrant ancestor, was a proprietor at Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1639. He is supposed to have been a brother of Daniel Brewer, who came in the ship "Lion" in 1633. There is a tradition that Thomas came in the "Mayflower." Thomas Brewer removed to Lynn, where his

Son Thomas, mentioned below, was born.
(II) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1)
Brewer, was born about 1658, in Lynn, and was living there in 1672, aged fourteen. He settled in Glastonbury, Connecticut. His estate was administered by his son Joseph. He married, July 13, 1684, Sarah -----. Children: I. Mary, born July 28, 1685. Thomas, born February 17, 1686-87; married, May 4, 1710, Sarah, daughter of Richard Goodale. 3. Hezekiah, born February 23, 1690. 4. Sarah, December 9, 1692. 5. Joseph, March 20, 1694-95; married, May 29, 1727, Dinah Smith. 6. Benjamin, born August 13, 1697. 7. Daniel, mentioned below. 8. Lydia, born July 27, 1701. 9. Naomi, September 28, 1703. 10. Alexander, October 5, 1706, died in Middletown, 1750; married

(III) Daniel, son of Thomas (2) Brewer, was born March 25, 1699. His will was dated at Middletown, Connecticut, January 19, 1749. In 1727 he bought an acre of land near the plains, at Churchill's landing on the river, at what is now Goodspeeds, Portland, Connecticut. He married Eleanor Goodale. Children: 1. Hezekiah, born September 26, 1725; lived in East Haddam. 2. Eleanor, January 2, 1727. 3. Edward, August 24, 1728. 4. Richard, February 21, 1730. 5. Daniel, mentioned below. 6. David, February 15, 1736. 7. Seth, May 21, 1738. 8. Remembrance, March 2, 1741. 9. Joanna, June 29, 1743.

(IV) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) Brewer, was born May 3, 1731. He married (first) Anna Van Sunt; (second) January 19, 1752. Ruth Strickland. Child of first wife: Daniel, mentioned below. Children of second wife:

Richard, born 1753: William, 1756.

(V) Daniel (3), son of Daniel (2) Brewer, was born May 14, 1751, and settled in East Hartford. His home was in the lane that lies between the home of Selden Brewer and the 2. Samuel, born February 18, 1776; a prominent man of East Hartford, and lived in the

brick residence afterward occupied by his grandchildren, one of the finest houses in town at that time: he was selectman three terms from 1819, and four terms representative to the general assembly, from 1830; married, October 4, 1797, Prudence Damon, born May 15, 1778; (second) Elizabeth W. Roberts, who died May 8, 1847. 3. Reuben, born February 25, 1778; married Eunice Hills. 4. Anne, of East Hartford. 5. Abigail, born May 10, 1784; married James Hills, of East Hartford. 6. Betsey, born November 27, 1786; married Russell Taylor, of Glastonbury. 7. Allen, born March 23, 1789; married Velina Bidwell. 8. Emalia, born August 18, 1791; died February 25, 1798. 9. Lucy, born February 12, 1794; married Matthias Treat, of East Hartmarried Sarah Viets. 11. Emalia, born April 9, 1798; married Alvin Vibberts. 12. George,

was born July 6, 1800. He was brought up on the farm, attending school in the winter months, and remained on the farm until his marriage. He married (first) September 12, 1820, Sarah Treat, born September 7, 1794, died October 8, 1828; (second), February 22, 1829, Mrs. Fannie, widow of Jason Stevens, of Glastonbury. Children of first wife: Elisha C., born November 5, 1821; Omri P., September 4, 1823; Albert F., September 4, 1825; George C., September 13, 1827. Children of second wife: Delia; James F.; Sarah A.; Philo S., mentioned below; Eliza A.; Jason;

John M.; William H.

(VII) Philo S. Brewer, son of George Brewer, was born January 27, 1836, at East

Hartford.

His earlier education was obtained at the district school, and he attended the East Hartford Academy until he was seventeen years of age. He remained on the farm for a time and then learned the trade of shoemaker under George Risley, in his shop on the hill south of James F. Comstock's place. He erected a shop on the grounds later occupied by his residence, and carried on the shoemaking business with much success for thirteen years. The breaking out of the civil war injured the business, and he then started tobacco raising on a part of the homestead, which he had purchased in 1864. He has been among the most successful tobacco growers in the town, and has established a reputation for honorable dealing and strict integrity. In politics he is a Democrat, and has served in several local offices. He was treasurer of the cemetery committee, and a member of the

board of relief several years. He was elected a justice of the peace, but declined to serve. Grange, and has served as its treasurer. He is affiliated with the South Congregational He married, September 29, 1857, Mary Hurlburt, born in Glastonbury, daughter of Austin and Ann (Risley) Hurlburt. Children: 1. Fannie A., born September 16, 1859; died September 3, 1861. 2. Herbert E., born August 27, 1861; died June 8, 1862. 3. Kate H., born April 16, 1863; died November 26, 1863. 4. Minnie A., born April 10, 1865; died September 14, 1865. 5. Everett P., born January 18, 1869; is with Olds & Whipple, Hartford; married Grace G. Burt, of Longmeadow, Massachusetts; children: Philip E., died September 12, 1899; Wendall H., born June 25, born September 29, 1874. 7. Leslie L., men-

Philo S. Brewer, was born April 21, 1879, at East Hartford. He was educated in the common schools, and graduated in the English course in the East Hartford high school in 1895. He entered the Norwich Free Academy, completing the classical course in 1897. He accepted a position in the Charter Oak National Bank of Hartford, and while there began the study of law, reading Blackstone in the evenings. He entered the law department of Yale University in 1900, graduating in 1903. He was considered one of the best students of his class. He was admitted to the bar in 1903, and began the practice of law in Hartford, making his home at East Hartford. He was secretary of the Yale Kent Club, a debating society. He has been a successful lawyer, and was elected judge of probate of the district of East Hartford, in November, 1906, to succeed John A. Stoughton. He was a grand juror and justice of the peace of the town of East Hartford. He is a trustee of the Risley Family Association; treasurer of the Laymen's Association of Christ Church, Hartford; secretary of the Men's Club of the First Church (Congregational) of East Hartford, and a member of various other organizations. He is president of the East Hartford Business Men's Association and of the Laymen's Association of Christ Church, Hartford. He is a member of Orient Lodge of Free Masons, and of East Hartford Council, No. 1237, Royal Arcanum. He is a member of the Connectiber of the Connecticut Society of Social Hy-

No good authority is to be BABCOCK found now in support of the tradition that a James Bab-

cock came to this country in 1623. The "Babcock Genealogy" evidently believes that James, born 1612, was the first of the family. Neither the "Rhode Island Genealogical Dictionary" ognizes the existence of an immigrant in 1623. Savage explains that there was a tradition that a James Babcock brought with him from England two children, born 1612-20. He says "strange is the combination of errors" in Hinman ("Puritan Settlers of Connecticut") who states that one James Babcock went to Leyden inson and came to America in the ship "Ann" in 1623 to Plymouth, the narrative enlarging on the residence of the family there. Now we know, says Savage "that no passenger of the name came in that ship and I have very strong reason, after much inquiry, to doubt that any

such man lived in the colony for its first forty years." (p. 86, vol. I, Gen. Dict.).

(I) James Babcock, immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1612 probably in county Essex, died June 12, 1679. The name is spelled in various ways, Badcock, Badcocks, and Badcook. The early settlers used the spelling Badcock, which is the one in general use in England at the present time. The American family uses the spelling Babcock. James Babcock settled first in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, and was admitted an inhabitant of the town February 25, 1642. He had a grant of land and was admitted a freeman, July 10, 1648. He was juryman several times, and assessor in 1650. He was on a committee in 1642, to see that all firearms were in repair. In 1655 he was on a committee to treat with the Indians, and on other important committees for the town. He was a member of the general court in 1657-58-59. He was on a committee to lav out highways and settle boundary lines in 1661. He removed to Westerly, Rhode Island, in March, 1662, and had lot 62 in the new town. His name appears on a petition to the general court for protection from the men of Southertown, Connecticut, an adjoining town. He was in constant trouble with the Pequot Indians, and was brought into court on a charge of driving them off their planting ground. In 1678 he was baptized by Elder William Hiscox, and united with the Seventh Day Baptist Church of Newport and Westerly. He made a verbal will to his sons John and Job. June 12, 1679, and testified to the truth of the will. He married (first) Sarah ----, who died 1665; (second) Elizabeth , who married (second) William Johnson. Children of first wife: I. James, born 1641, married Jane Brown. 2. John, 1644, mentioned below. 3. Job, 1646; married Jane Crandall. 4. Mary, 1648; married William Champlin. Children of second wife: 5. Joseph, born 1670; married (first) Dorothy Key; (second) Hannah Coates, widow. 6. Nathan-

iel, died January 2, 1719. 7. Elizabeth.
(II) John, son of James Babcock, was born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1644, died at Westerly, in 1608. Tradition says that he and his wife eloped and settled upon the east bank of the Pawcatuck river. He was among the early settlers of Westerly, when he was about eighteen years old. He received the twenty-seventh lot, on the banks of the Pawcatuck, near what is now Avondale, Rhode Island. It is said that he was in the Great Swamp fight in King Philip's war, and he received land for his services in the war from the colony of Connecticut. His name appears in the Stonington militia. He was admitted a freeman of Connecticut in 1676, when that state claimed the town of Westerly. He was deputy to the general court in 1682-84. He died intestate and his estate was disposed of by the town council, June 25, 1698. He married Mary, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Hazard) Lawton, of Portsmouth. She married (second) Erasmus Babbitt, and died November 8, 1711. Children: 1. James, married (first) Elizabeth —; (second) Content Maxon. 2. Ann. 3. Mary. 4. John, married Mary Champlin. 5. Job, mentioned below. 6. George, born 1673; married Elizabeth Hall. 7. Elihu, born, tradition says, the day of the Great Swamp fight, December 19, 1675, died unmarried. 8. Robert, married Lydia Crandall. 9. Joseph, born about 1681. 10. Oliver, married (first) Susanna Clark; (second) Deborah Knowles.

(III) Job, son of John Babcock, was born in Westerly, Rhode Island, it is supposed in 1671. He died in South Kingston between August 23, 1754, and February 10, 1755. He married, 1695. Deborah ———, who died before he did. He was a member of the first town council of South Kingston, elected in 1723, and in May, 1727, was chosen deputy from there to the general court of Rhode Island. June, 1727, he was appointed prothonotary. In 1731 he conveved land to each of his three sons, Job, Samuel and John. They are also mentioned in his will, together with his daughters, Mary Stanton, Deborah Hoxie and grandsons, Job Babcock, Daniel Stanton, and granddaughter, Isabel Tefft. Children; Job, born 1697, mentioned below; Samuel; John, married (first) Sarah Segar; (second) Jemima Reynolds; Mary, married

Stanton; Deborah, married Joseph Hoxie;

Abigail, married John Segar.

(IV) Job (2), son of Job (1) Babcock, was born in 1697. He married (first) October 10, 1717, Elizabeth Hull. He married (second) Mary ——. He was justice of the peace for South Kingston, 1758-60. He was ensign in the Second Company of South Kingston Militia, Captain Nathaniel Helme commander, 1758. His will, recorded March 13. 1775, mentions children: Job, Deborah, Isabel and Hannah; grandchildren: Paul and Ann Armstrong. In 1756 he and his wife sold certain lands to Joseph Hammond. Children: Josiah, 1720, mentioned below; Job, married, November 20, 1748, Susanna Hopkins; Deborah, married Isaac Moon; Isabel, married. November 11, 1762, James Steadman; and Hannah, who married Michael

born in Westerly, 1720. He married, in 1745, He is not mentioned in his father's will, and it is probable that he died between 1769, the date of the birth of his youngest child, and 1775, the date of probate of his father's will. In 1742 he removed from Rhode Island to Mansfield, Connecticut. Children, born probably in Mansfield: John, born August 26, 1746, mentioned below; Irene, July 1, 1748; Josiah, April 18, 1749; Eunice, July 18, 1752; David, September 14, 1753; Deliverance, July 13, 1755; Betty, March 29, 1757; Mary, May 18, 1759; Jesse, March 29, 1761; Huldah, June 18, 1763; Richard, February 14, 1765; Samuel, July 24, 1767; Justus, July 31, 1769.

born in Mansfield, August 26, 1746, died in Coventry, Connecticut, January 21, 1815. He married, in Coventry, October 7, 1779, Lydia, daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth Woodward, born in Coventry, August 10, 1754, died there May 19, 1849. He had nine children, but records are given of only six. Children, born in Coventry: Hannah, 1780; Lydia, March 5. 1782; John, April 18. 1786, mentioned below; Dianthe, 1788; Deodatus, June 19, 1790;

(VII) John (3), son of John (2) Babcock, was born in Coventry, April 18, 1786, died in New Haven, Connecticut, June 16, 1839. He married, in Hartford, 1813. Sally Chamberlain, born in Fairhaven, Connecticut, April 2, 1789, died in New Haven, June 12, 1863. Children, born in New Haven: Harriet Ma-tilda, February 11, 1814; John Newton, May 18, 1816; Henry Chamberlain, April 15, 1818, mentioned below: Mary Julia, May 31, 1822; Sarah Jane, May 18, 1824; Elizabeth Stella, September 5, 1826; Frances Theresa, May 13,

(VIII) Henry Chamberlain, son of John (3) Babcock, was born in New Haven, April 15, 1818, died there September 3, 1860. He married (first) Maria Warner; (second) at New Haven, December 12, 1841, Mrs. Mary E. (Thompson) Wells, born Waterbury, 1816, died in New Haven, May 9, 1878. Children, July 3, 1845, mentioned below; Frank Chamberlain, March 17, 1847; Mary Emily, April

(IX) Rev. Dr. Charles Henry Babcock, son of Henry Chamberlain Babcock, was born at in 1873 in the Protestant Episcopal church. of Brooklyn (North), New York, in 1871, Boston. In 1879 he resigned to accept the appointment of rector of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church of Columbus, Ohio, where he officiated until 1888. From 1888 to 1894 he was rector of Grace Protesant Episcopal gress since 1907. He was president of the He is now living at 44 West Forty-fourth street, New York City. He is a member of the Boston Clericus, the New York Clerical Club, the Churchman's Association of New York, the Ohio Society of New York, the York Athletic and the Baltusrol Golf Clubs. He has written numerous essays on religious subjects. He married (first) at New Haven, October 5, 1865. Emily Chauncey Goodrich Mead, born at Greenwich, Connecticut, 1842. died at Columbus, Ohio, September 20, 1880, daughter of Rev. Darius and Emily (Chauncey) Goodrich. He married (second) at Columbus, September 20, 1886, Mrs. Isabelle (Wood) Brown, who died at New York City, February 2, 1899. Children of first wife: 1. Margaret Chauncey, born at Brooklyn, December 2, 1866; married, at Columbus, April 26, 1888, George B. Monypeny and resides at Columbus; children: Brunson Monypeny, born at Columbus, August 10, 1892; William M. Monypeny, November 18, 1894. 2. Worthington Ely, born at Brooklyn, March 16, 1869; resides at Columbus; married there, November 22, 1898, Kate, daughter of William K. and Adaline M. (Ayers) Deshler; she was born at Columbus, October 28, 1876; child, George Nash, born at Columbus, April 22, 1901. 3. Charles Henry, born at Flushing, Long Island, married, at Delaware, Ohio, May 30, 1894, Eleanor A., daughter of James W. and Lillian L. Nightingale, born at Dubuque, Iowa, October 26, 1870; children: Ethel, born at Washington, D. C., March 20, 1895; and Emily, born in New York City, October 8,

John North, immigrant ancestor, came to New England in 1635, in the ship "Susan and Ellen," which landed in Boston. He was then twenty years old. He was one of the proprietors and early settlers of the town of Farmington, Connecticut, the first offshoot from the church of Rev. Thomas Hooker, of Hartford. Land was granted him there in 1653; he and his sons, John and Samuel, were included in the eighty-four original land owners, among whom were divided in 1676 the unoccupied lands at Farmington. He and his wife were members of the Farmington church, with which she united in 1656. He married Hannah, daughter of Thomas Bird. He died in 1691, aged seventy-six years. Children: John, born 1641; Samuel (twin), 1643; Mary (twin), 1643; James, 1647; Thomas, 1649, mentioned below; Sarah, baptized 1653; Nathaniel, June 29, 1656; Lydia, May 9, 1658; Joseph, 1660, died 1731. In the distribution of Thomas Bird's estate, August-September, 1662, portions were set to Mary Northe and to Hannah Scott; again March 3, 1663, mentioned as Goodwife Northe and Hanna Scott (Connecticut Probate Records, vol. 1, p. 97).

(II) Thomas, son of John North, was born in 1649. He was a soldier in the Indian wars, and received for his services a soldier's grant of land. He married Hannah Newell, born in 1656, and they settled in the north part of Farmington, now Avon. He died in 1712, and his wife in 1757. They had nine children, the fifth of whom was Thomas, mentioned below.

(III) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) North, was born in 1673. He married, in 1698, Martha, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Lathrop) Roys or Royce, of Wallingford, Connecticut, and granddaughter of Rev. John Lathrop, who came from England to Scituate, Massachusetts, in 1634. He settled in what is now Berlin, Connecticut, and was one of the founders of the Congregational church there, with which he united in 1707. He died in 1725. He had eight children.

(IV) Isaac, son of Thomas (2) North, was born September 27, 1703. He married, 1728, Mary Woodford, born March 2, 1707, daughter of Joseph and Lydia (Smith) Woodford. They had eight children. He was the first enrolled member and the first deacon of the Second Congregational Church of Berlin, organized in 1775. He died December 20, 1788; his wife in 1798. Their gravestones may be seen at Beckley. Isaac North lived in a house situated about one mile north of the village of Berlin, which is still in good condition; the rear door now faces the street, the highway having been changed from the front to the back of the house soon after it was built.

(V) Jedediah, son of Isaac North, was born at Berlin, January 16, 1734. He married (first) January 27, 1757, Sarah Wilcox, born December 31, 1739, daughter of Daniel and Sarah (White) Wilcox, of East Berlin. She died October 5, 1775, and he married (second) February 20, 1777, Abigail Andrews. He had eight children by his first wife and three by his second, and had over seventy grandchildren. He died December 16, 1816, and was buried by the side of his first wife in

the Beckley cemetery.

(VI) Simeon, son of Jedediah North, was born at Berlin, July 13, 1765, died August 25, 1852, buried by the side of his second wife in Indian Hill cemetery, Middletown. He was the first official pistol maker in the United States. Before and during the war of 1812 he filled large contracts for firearms received from the government at Washington. His first factory was on Spruce Brook at Berlin; in 1812 he removed to Middletown. His water power there, at Staddle Hill, is now used by the Rock Fall Woolen Company. His dwelling house on High street, Middletown, which had been the home of Parson Huntington, has been removed and the site is now occupied by the residence of the president of Wesleyan University. From 1811 to 1813 he served as lieutenant-colonel of the Sixth Connecticut Regiment. He married (first) in 1786, Lucy, born at Middletown, May 19, 1766, died February 24, 1811, buried at Berlin, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Ranney) Savage. He married (second) Lydia, daughter of the Rev. Enoch Huntington, of Middletown. He had eight children by his first wife, and by his second marriage a daughter, Lydia Huntington, born March 26, 1814,





Alfred a Forthe

married the Rev. Dwight M. Seward, pastor of the Lirst Congregational Church of New Britain from 1836 to 1842. Rev. Simeon North, D.D., LL.D., youngest son of Simeon and Lucy (Savage) North, born at Berlin, September 7, 1802, died at Clinton, February 9, 1884; graduate of Yale College, 1825, of Yale Divinity School, 1828, tutor at Yale, 1827-20, professor of Greek and Latin Languages at Hamilton College, Clinton, New York, 1829-39, fifth president of Hamilton, 1839-57. Simeon North had fifty grandchildren.

(VII) Reuben, eldest son of Simeon and Lucy (Savage) North, was born in Berlin, December 11, 1786, died April 4, 1853. For many years he was associated in business with his father at Spruce Brook, Berlin, making bayonets and pistols. The factory, close to the bridge, on the north side, was carried off with the dam, by a freshet, soon after the winter of 1856. His dwelling house, previously occupied by his father, stands on the south side of the road, next east of Spruce Brook Bridge. He was active in the early temperance movement, and in school and church affairs. He married (first) January 9, 1811, Lynda Wilcox, of Berlin, born October 31, 1786, died March 18, 1816, daughter of Josiah and Huldah (Savage) Wilcox, and granddaughter of Daniel Wilcox, of Berlin, who died in 1789. Daniel Wilcox owned a tract of land a mile square on the Mattabesett river and to each of his thirteen children he gave a large farm. Mr. North married (second) in May, 1817, Huldah Wilcox, sister of his first wife. He had two sons by his first wife, and five by the second. Edward North, L.H.D., LL.D., fourth son of Reuben North, born in 1820, graduated from Hamilton College in 1841, was elected to the chair of Ancient Languages there in 1843, and for more than fifty years was professor of Greek Language and Literature in that institution. He died September 13, 1903.

(VIII) Alfred, eldest of seven sons of Reuben North, was born in Berlin, October 3, 1811, died January 14, 1894. His education was obtained in the public and private schools of his native town and in the old Berlin Academy. Before entering upon his business career he taught in the public schools of Berlin and in the state of Ohio. In 1840 he started in business as a merchant at Litchfield. The following year, however, he returned to Berlin and conducted a general store there until 1886. He was a regularly licensed pharmacist. In 1844, six years before New Britain was set off from Berlin, he was chosen town clerk and treasurer. For over forty

years he was annually re-elected to this office, until in 1886 he resigned on account of failing eyesight. Although a Whig and then a and for many years no other candidate was nominated for the office. He was also school porated June 19, 1873, was established through the efforts of Deacon North. He was elected office for twenty years. When he attended the meeting of July, 1893, and resigned his position, the deposits exceeded \$200,000. In 1829, at the age of eighteen, Alfred North joined the Second Congregational Church of Berlin, under Rev. Samuel Goodrich. In 1836, at the age of twenty-five, he was elected deacon of the church. He served in this office forty-five years, when he resigned, at the age of seventy. For twenty years he was superinand treasurer of the Worthington Ecclesiasti-Church for more than forty years. He was the general counsellor and advisor of the town. All classes came to him in their perplexities and troubles. He married, May 8, 1834, Mary Olive Wilcox, born at East Berlin, August 7, 1812, died May 31, 1882. Her parents were Richard Wilcox, a descendant of John Willcock, original proprietor of Hartford, and Olive (Porter) Wilcox, a descendant of John Porter, settler of Windsor. Her father died September 23, 1839; her mother, May 27, 1827. Children of Alfred and Mary O. (Wilcox) North: 1. Francis Augustus, born June 4, 1835, married, at Philadelphia, October 10, 1867, Elizabeth W. Moorhead, born December 16, 1836; children: i. Alfred Moorhead, born February 20, 1872; ii. Robert Lorton, born November 19, 1873, died January 10, 1901; both educated at Princeton University. 2. Catharine M., born March I. 1840.

The Greist family, doubtless of Dutch ancestry, came early to Pennsylvania, and from whence descendants have settled in Iowa, Indiana and other more western states. They were Quakers in religion. One of the family has been treasurer of the state of Pennsylvania. In 1790 the family was well scattered over Pennsylvania, the name being then spelled Griest, as a rule. The census shows that Daniel, Edward, John, Thomas and William were heads of families at that time. The name is not found in the other colonies as early as 1790.

The records are not in such shape that the lineage can be traced to the immigrant ancestor, but there is no doubt that all of the name are descended from the original Greist who

located in Pennsylvania.

John Milton Greist, late president, treasurer, general manager and owner of the Greist Manufacturing Company of New Haven, Connecticut, noted inventor, a leader among the most enterprising and successful of the many Connecticut manufacturers, and one of the men who added greatly to the prosperity and adornments of the beautiful Elm City, was born in Crawfordsville, Indiana, May 0, 1850.

His parents were Joseph W. and Ruthanna Greist, whose ancestors were counted among the worthy and sturdy Friends whose ability, industry and thrift so largely aided in the settling of the state of Pennsylvania and the maintenance of its prestige as the second commonwealth in the Union. The father had the spirit of the pioneer and did not tarry in the east, but pushed across the continent, where he died in 1859, in the gold fields of

California.

The boyhood of John M. Greist was spent in the country, in the healthy, invigorating life of the great middle west. His school education was secured in district schools of the country during the winters, but his real education was self-obtained through exceptionally wide and wisely directed reading and through the active operation of a mind which was always investigating and reflecting. Industry, energy and concentration steadily applied to stated tasks were not only inculcated by the precept and example of the beautiful life of the typical old Quaker lady whom he called "Mother," and whose strong influence for good followed him as long as he lived, but the death of his father caused him to do from his eleventh year mature work and to assume a man's responsibilities. As a boy he was resourceful and cheerful in coping with trials and disappointments, and the optimistic spirit thus developed was one of the most attractive and fruitful elements of his mature person-

In 1865, when he was but fifteen years old, young Greist began selling sewing machines in Plainfield, Indiana, taking his first lessons in this particular field of human helpfulness in which during the remainder of his life he was to play such an important part. Five years later, in 1870, he first began the manufacture of sewing machine attachments in a small room over a butcher's shop in Delavan, Illinois. He soon removed to Chicago, where, under the firm name of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the state of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M. Greist & Comtant of the same of J. M.

pany, he continued the manufacture of attachments, conducted a general business in sewing machine supplies, and devoted much of his time and inborn inventive ingenuity to the invention of additional labor-saving devices to be used in connection with sewing machines. However, he did not limit his productiveness entirely to this field, for it was about this time that he originated and patented the first known means of duplicating or multiplying pen-written manuscripts, letters and drawings in such a way that large numbers could be produced quickly and economically. This invention he successfully defended in a suit against Thomas A. Edison. Another interesting and important basic patent which he secured about this time covered the production of studs used as rivets, which studs were forced up from the surface of the material to be riveted. The rapidly increasing demand for his sewing-machine attachments brought about such a growth as to require concentration of effort upon these products, and the general sewing-machine supply trade was discontinued in order that he might give himself entirely to the manufacture of the attachments under the name of the Chicago Attachment Company.

About 1883 Mr. Greist produced and patented some important and valuable patents on sewing-machine rufflers, tuckers and hemmers, which patents he sold to the Singer Manufacturing Company. The next three years were spent in research and invention on buttonhole attachments, which again brought a valuable contract with the Singer Manufacturing Company. In 1886 he moved to Bayonne, New Jersey, to take charge of the attachment department of the Singer Manufacturing Company, where he remained until 1889, when he removed to New Haven to work alone with larger freedom as his own employer. Within a short time he organized a company known as J. M. Greist & Company, but after a year or so he moved to Westville, and there started business as The Greist Manufacturing Company. By hard work and application to business Mr. Greist rapidly and steadily built up his trade, and in spite of the fact that the great value of his patents invited infringements, he vigorously protected his rights through lawsuits against the trespassers and the company prospered as only a company so situated can ever prosper. Mr. Greist secured nearly one hundred patents and originated many other inventions, and these formed the foundation and superstructure of the present establishment. articles manufactured by this company are supplied to every sewing-machine manufacturer in this country and to most of those in Europe.

John M. Greist was very fond of athletics and was interested in riding, driving and baseball. He did much toward the success of the old Edgewood Baseball Club, which was one of the most prominent among the clubs of the state. Aside from his inventions and business, he was always most interested in current events and politics, and though he took no active part in political life or other public affairs, he was an earnest Republican and a vice-president of the Union League

profitable employment to a great many people in constantly increasing numbers as addition after addition was made to the factories, until at present nearly nine hundred persons are employed in them. In this and in many other ways Mr. Greist was a public benefactor of Kindly, just, conscientious, generous, he was held in high esteem by all. He was a true lover of nature, and delighted in the great out-of-doors. In 1901, after building his beautiful home, "Marvelwood," in Westville, he became interested in gradually acquiring much of the woodland adjacent; and during 1903 and 1904 he had secured in one tract ing foot gates that anyone who desired might enter and enjoy the freedom of this magnificent forest, where roads were built, beautiful walks made among flowers, ferns and rocky streams, and where fishes, birds, rabbits and squirrels flourish unmolested as in their native haunts. This was but one of many loving services to his fellow men.

In August, 1870, Mr. Greist was married to Sarah Edwina Murdock, to whose wifely co-operation in the early years a large measure of his success must be attributed. She died August 14, 1897. Four children were born to them, three of whom are now living: I. Percy Raymond Greist, of whom further. 2. Charlotte Ruthanna Greist, who has spent some years studying music abroad. 3, Hubert Milton Greist, further referred to below. October 10, 1899, John M. Greist married Miss Mary Fife Woods, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who survives his death, which occurred February 23, 1906.

(II) Percy Raymond Greist, son of John Milton Greist, was born on his father's farm in Iowa, August 28, 1871. He was educated in the public schools, and then entered his father's business and learned all its details and

intricacies. He was intimately associated with his father, and when his father died he succeeded him as president and general manager of the Greist Manufacturing Company. He is a member of the Union League Club, the Country Club, and Olive Branch Lodge, of Free Masons, all of New Haven. He is a member of the New Haven Chamber of Commerce and of the Westville Board of Education. He served in the Second Company of the Governor's Foot Guards of New Haven, and was commissioned lieutenant by Governor Weeks, and is at the present time in command of a company. In religion he is an Episcopalian, and a member of Christ Church of New Haven. In politics he is a Republican. He married, in 1891, Mae Sayles Ford, born July 21, 1872, daughter of Thomas Pulaski Ford, of Joliet, Illinois. His wife died in May, 1901, and he married (second) August 25, 1903, Eleanor Mary Justison. Children of first wife: Madeline Mae Greist, born June 6, 1892; Edwina Murdock, September 2, 1898; Percy Raymond, Jr., May 10, 1900. Children of second wife: John Milton, born July 6, 1904; Mary Elizabeth, January 12, 1911.

(II) Hubert Milton Greist, son of John Milton Greist, was born in Chicago, Illinois, October 25, 1883. He attended the public schools of New Haven, Connecticut, and prepared for college at the Preparatory School, Ann Arbor, Michigan. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in 1902, and was graduated in the class of 1905 with the degree of Ph.B. He entered his father's business immediately after graduation and is now secretary and superintendent of The Greist Manufacturing Company. He is a member of the Graduates Club of New Haven, and of the Gamma Delta Psi and Chi Phi fraternities. While in high school he was editor of The Crescent. He is a member of the Sachem Head Yacht Club; member and treasurer of the Buccaneer Company at High Island, Connecticut, a co-operative summer club, the members of which have camps on the island, which is owned by the club. In politics he is a Republican. He married, October 15, 1906, Susan Edwina Kirby, of New Haven, born May 13, 1885. They have two children; Susan Edwina Greist, born August 17, 1907, and Hubert M. Greist, Jr., born February 4,

The name Eldred is spelled ELDRED variously Eldred, Eldredge, Eldridge, and on old records sometimes Eldrech. Practically all of the families of that name in this country are descended from one of three immigrants who

settled in Massachusetts before 1650. Robert Eldred or Eldredge came to New England with Nicholas Sympkins. He was among the list of those in Plymouth able to bear arms in 1643, and settled finally in Yarmouth. His wife was Elizabeth Nickerson. Another immigrant, William Eldredge, was living at Yarmouth in 1645, with his wife Ann. The other immigrant, Samuel, mentioned below, was, according to P. C. Goodhue of the firm of Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson, architects, 170 Fifth avenue, New York City, the son of Thomas Eldredge. Thomas Eldredge married a daughter of Colonel John or Robert Bolling, of Virginia. Robert Bolling's wife was a daughter of Thomas Rolfe and Potthress (Indian ?), and granddaughter of John Rolfe and Pocahontas, who died at Gravesend, England.

(I) Sergeant Samuel Eldred, immigrant ancestor of this branch of the family, was a resident of Medford, Massachusetts, before 1651. In 1652 he deposed before the court that he was thirty-two years old. In 1646 he was a resident of Cambridge, and in 1659 in Rummey Marsh, later Chelsea. He removed to Kingstown, Rhode Island, and was of Wickford in 1668. He served as constable there and in 1670 was imprisoned by Rhode Island authorities for assuming to call a jury on behalf of Connecticut in a murder case, Thomas Flounders having killed Walter House. On July 13 of that year he wrote from Wickford to Thomas Stanton at Stonford

ington:

"Mr. Stanton—Sir: This is to inform you how the case stands with the town of Wickford, in respect of Rhode Island. This very day there came down Mr. Samuel Wilson and Mr. Jiréh Bull and Thomas Mumford, with his black staff, upon this sad accident; and would have panelled the jury, whereupon I told them that they had nothing to do here, to panel a jury; but if they would look upon the corpse, they might, which several of them did. Then they commanded, in his Majesty's name, some to serve, and commanded myself to serve as a juryman upon the inquest, and commanded John Cole and several others, which did refuse. I also warned them to serve as a jury for us, as we were under Connecticut, but they would not, but commanded us not to bury the man till the jury passed on it, by virtue of their power. So there was mighty commanding in his Majesty's name on both sides and mighty threatening of carry to jail, insonuch that neither party could get twelve on a side. But at last they commanded all that were on their side to come out and they would panel a jury, if there were but six. Upon that account the doors were shu where the corpse was, so they called the people to bear witness that they were obstructed in their power, and commanded us in his Majesty's name not to bury the man, and told us that they would return our answering to their masters. We told them we would return their actings and words to our magistrates. So they commanded all the party to go with them. And so we preceded and hernoid the man, and have

searched for the murderer, but cannot find him, and therefore would entreat you to send out after him, and send some this way, for we have never an officer here to grant me one. Sir, I would entreat you be strong and send away word to Connecticut by the first, for we are in greater trouble than ever we were, and like to be in worse, therefore, mind your promises and stand by us. John Cole stood to it and assisted us as much as could be, and Sir, the people will fain be doing, and beg to find that if it be not mended suddenly, it will be bad times here. Not more at present, but remain, yours to serve, "Samwill Eldridge."

He was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company at Boston. On October 8, 1674, he was granted by the general court sitting at Hartford, "the sum of twenty nobles for his good service in doing and suffering for this colony." On December 15, 1675, he was at Richard Smith's garrison house just before the Narragansett Swamp fight, as related by Captain Benjamin Church, who says they went on a night adventure with him, surprising and capturing eighteen Indians. In 1676 his family was among those receiving corn to allay their distress on account of the Indian war. In 1697 he deeded to his son John a house and a hundred acres of land with a right on the other side of Pequot Path. He died about 1697. He married Elizabeth ——. Children: Elizabeth, born October 26, 1642; Samuel, October 26, 1644; Mary, June 16, 1646; Lieutenant Thomas, September 8, 1648; James, died about 1687; Daniel; John, died 1724, mentioned be-

(II) John, son of Samuel Eldred, was born at Kingston, Rhode Island, died there in 1724. He married, about 1690, Margaret Holden, born January, 1663, died 1740, daughter of Randall and Frances (Dungan) Holden. He lived at North Kingston and his name appears from time to time in the town records. He was ensign in 1692 and afterward captain. Children: James, Thomas, mentioned below, Samuel, Robert, Anthony, William, Margaret, Abigail and Barbara.

(III) Thomas, son of John Eldred, was born at North Kingston, about 1700. He married, March 26, 1730, Rebecca Downing. Children, born at North Kingston: Barbara, Son, Bathsheba, Henry, Thomas, and probably others. The records are very defective.

(IV) Henry, son of Thomas Eldred, as appears from the best evidence to be had, was a soldier in the revolution in Colonel Tophan's regiment in Rhode Island in 1776. He appears to have lived part of the time in North Kingston, part of the time in South Kingston. In 1790, according to the federal census, he was at South Kingston and had three sons under sixteen and four females in his family.





John H. Eldred

Thomas and Mercy Eldred also were heads or families in South Kingston.

(V) Henry (2), son of Henry (1) Eldred, was born probably at South Kingston about 1775. He married, probably for his second wife, Elizabeth Walker, of Providence, October 25, 1806 (by Elder James Wilson).

(VI) Henry (3), son of Henry (2) Eldred, was born in Kingston, Rhole Island, June 8, 1808, died December, 1859. He was a granite cutter by occupation; an Episcopalian in religion and a Democrat in politics. He married, about 1830, Ruhamah Almira Barker, born April 9, 1805, died September 23, 1860. Children: Sarah, born November 1, 1830; Ruhamah C., May 17, 1833; Charles Henry, January 1, 1836; William James, December 12, 1837; John Albert, October 6,

(VII) Charles Henry, son of Henry (3)

(VII) Charles Henry, son of Henry (3) January 1, 1836, died January 11, 1910. His early life was spent at Amsterdam, New York, from whence he removed to Westerly at the age of seventeen, entering the high school. His first occupation was as assistant postmaster, then he served as school teacher and shipping clerk. He was a member of the state militia for several years. He enlisted in the United States service, May 26, 1862, and served in defence of Washington, D. C. He was an Episcopalian in religion and a Republican in politics. He married, August 17, 1857, at Westerly, Abbie Jane, born December 23, 1839, at Westerly, Rhode Island. daughter of John Payne and Sylvia Vincent (Steadman) Dyer, the former a manufacturer of note in Westerly, granddaughter of Deacon John B. Steadman, of Voluntown, a deacon of the Baptist church, and great-granddaughter of Rev. Enoch Steadman, soldier in the American revolution; one of General Washington's bodyguard; his remains are buried on Block Island. Children, all born in Westerly, Rhode Island, except Ernest G., who was born at Providence: Abbie Ann, November 12, 1858; Clara Jane, born November 6, 1860, married, May 1, 1888, Walter H. Davis, and died October 6, 1905; John Henry, September 6, 1862; Charles Barker, born March 5, 1864; Alphus Eugene, June 21, 1868; Ernest George, September 7, 1874; Frederick Augustine, October 6, 1878; Vin-

cent Dyer, December 4, 1881.
(VIII) Dr. John Henry Eldred, son of Charles Henry Eldred, was born at Westerly, Rhode Island, September 6, 1862, died in Norwich, Connecticut, October 20, 1907. He attended the public schools of Westerly, Rhode Island, and studied his profession in the New

York College of Dentistry. He first located in Mystic, Connecticut, then removed to Norwich, Connecticut, where he practiced his pro-He was a member of the Broadway Congregational Church. He was a member of St. James Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Knights Templar, Columbian Commandery, Mystic Shrine, thirty-second degree. He married, November 24, 1887, in Stonington, Connecticut, Annie L. Babcock, of Stonington, daughter of Charles Henry and Abbie Helen (Hinckley) Babcock (see Babcock X). She was born in Stonington, May 23, 1865. Children, born at Norwich: 1. Raymond Babcock, February 11, 1889, married, March 3, 1910, Clare, daughter of Edmund E. and Adelaide (Griswold) Spicer, of Groton. 2. Edith Camilla, February 23, 1891. 3. Roger Mortimer, February 13, 1894. 4. Beatrice Hinckley, October 13, 1895. 5. Jessica Dyer, January 4, 1899. 6. John Stuart, June 8,

## Olhe Biberck Litter

(IV) Daniel Babcock, son of James Babcock (q. v.), was born in Westerly, April 23, 1699, died there in 1740. The inventory of his estate was recorded September 1, 1740. He married, probably in 1723, Abigail Thompson, born January 1, 1701, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Holmes) Thompson. He was made a freeman in October, 1721. His father left him, in his will, two hundred acres of farm land, a lot one hundred feet wide on the Pawcatuck river, and certain personal property. Children, born in Westerly: Isaac, born April 24, 1724; William, March 11, 1725-26: Joshua, December 7, 1728; Elizabeth, January 13, 1730-31; James, June 2, 1733, mentioned below; Daniel, March 14, 1735; Elkanah, August 21, 1738.

(V) James, son of Daniel Babcock, was been in Wortsely, June a. 1732, Hence and January 130.

(V) James, son of Daniel Babcock, was born in Westerly, June 2, 1733. He married Mary Satterlee. Children: James, born July 31, 1753: Daniel. February 25, 1755; Henry, June 23, 1757, mentioned below: Mary, September 22, 1761; Content, March 19, 1764; Barrodell, January 19, 1766; Lois, May 20, 1768; Patience, December 25, 1770; Gideon,

April 30. 1773. (VI) Henry, son of James Babcock, was born in Westerly, June 23, 1757. He married, August 4. 1778, Prudence, daughter of Hezekiah Gavitt, of Westerly. He was in the revolutionary war in Captain Arnold's company, Colonel Lippitt's regiment, September, 1776. Children, born in Westerly: Henry, July 22, 1779, mentioned below: James, October 16, 1781; Ezekiel, October 22, 1783; Asa, April

26, 1786; Nancy, October 17, 1788; Joshua, April 18, 1791; Hannah, September 18, 1794;

Sarah, July 17, 1796.

(VII) Henry (2), son of Henry (1) Babcock, was born in Westerly, Rhode Island, July 22, 1779, died there in 1836, probably. He married Fanny, daughter of Timothy and Fanny (Thompson) West. She was born probably in 1782, died December 12, 1860. Children, born in Westerly: Charles, April 26, 1812, mentioned below; Ezekiel, died February 13, 1843; Harriet, died young; Rhoda, married in Westerly, 1843, Matthew Barber; Mary, born October 10, 1818; Martha, married Charles Champion; Susan, married George Barber; Sarah, married George Kenyon.

(VIII) Charles, son of Henry (2) Babcock, was born in Westerly, April 26, 1812, died there April 6, 1888. He married, in Ledyard, Connecticut, 1833, Louisa, daughter of Samuel and Tentie (Latham) Brown, who was born in Ledyard, April 4, 1811, died in Stonington, Connecticut, December 5, 1884. Children: Amanda M., born in Ledyard, April 11, 1834; Charles Henry, July 16, 1838, mentioned below; John W., born in Westerly, May 12, 1840; Mary Nancy, April 17, 1842; Sarah Frances, Groton, January 19, 1844; Helen Maria, Groton, August 22, 1846; William Dudley, Ledyard, July 11, 1848; Abby Jane, Pawcatuck, September 11, 1850; Erastus W., Pawcatuck, April 8, 1852.

(IX) Charles Henry, son of Charles Babcock, was born in Ledyard, July 16, 1838. died in Norwich, Connecticut, March 24, 1903. He married (first) in Stonington, Connecticut, March 30, 1863. Abbie Helen, born in Stonington, July 15, 1842, died there March 14, 1883, daughter of Harry and Prudence (Chesbro) Hincklev. He married (second) Mary Gardner. For years he was superintendent of schools of Westerly, Rhode Island. Children of first wife: Annie L., born May 23, 1865, mentioned below; Edith Vincent, January 8, 1869, resided in Westerly in 1902; Harry Hinckley, June 30, 1872, died in Stonington, October 20, 1892. Child of second wife: Mae Gardner, July 3, 1892, resided in Westerly in 1902.

(X) Ánnie L., daughter of Charles Henry Babcock, was born in Stonington, May 23, 1865, and in 1902 lived in Norwich. She married, in Stonington, November 24, 1887, Dr. John H. Eldred (see Eldred VIII).

James Morgan, immigrant an-MORGAN cestor, was born in Wales, probably at Llandaff, Glamorgan county, but the family appears to have

removed to Bristol, England, before 1636. The name of his father is unknown, but there is some traditionary evidence that it was William. In March, 1636, he and two younger brothers, John and Miles, sailed from Bristol and arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, in April. John Morgan, who appears to have been a high churchman, soon left Boston for the more congenial society of Virginia. Miles Morgan settled in Springfield. James Morgan settled at Roxbury before 1640 and lived there for ten years or more. He was admitted a freeman, May 10, 1643. Early in 1650 he was granted land at Pequot, later called New London, Connecticut, and soon occupied by him as a homestead on the path to New street (now Ashcraft street), near the present third burial ground in the western suburbs of the present city. He continued to occupy this homestead on the path to New street or Cape Ann lane, as it was called, in honor of the Cape Ann Company, who chiefly settled there, until about March, 1657. He sold his homestead, however, in December, 1656, and removed with others across the river to sites granted them in the present town of Groton. That town and Ledyard, set off in 1836, have been the residence of his descendants to the present time. He was a large owner and dealer in land; distinguished in public enterprises; often employed by the public in land surveys, establishing highways, determining boundaries, adjusting civil difficulties as a magistrate and ecclesiastical difficulties as a good neighbor and Christian. He was one of the townsmen or selectmen of New London, and one of the first deputies to the general court at Hartford (May, 1657) and was nine times afterward elected a deputy. In 1661 he was one of a committee of the general court to lay out the bounds of New London. He was on the committee to seat the meeting house, a difficult task, because the seating determined the social standing of all the people. The spot where he built his house in Groton in 1657 and ever afterward resided, and where he died, is a few rods southeast of the Elijah S: Morgan house, three miles from the Groton ferry, on the road to Poquonoc bridge, and this homestead has descended down to the present generation by inheritance. He died in 1685, aged seventy-eight years, and his estate was soon afterward divided among his four surviving children.

He married, August 6, 1640, Margery Hill, of Roxbury. Children, born in Roxbury, except perhaps the youngest: I. Hannah, born May 18, 1642, married, November 20, 1660, Henehiam Royce. 2. James. March 3, 1644, married, November, 1666, Mary Vine. 4.

John, March 30, 1645, mentioned below. 5. Joseph, November 29, 1646. 6. Abraham, September 3, 1648, died August, 1649. 7. Daughter, November 17, 1650, died young.

(II) Captain John Morgan, son of James Morgan, was born March 30, 1645. He was a prominent man and served as Indian commissioner or adviser. He was deputy to the general court from New London in 1689-90, and from Preston in 1693-94. He removed to Preston about 1692. His will was dated August 23, 1711, proved February 12, 1712. The probate of the will was appealed from as he made no mention of his son Joseph, who appeared as a party in the proceedings. He married (first) November 16, 1665, Rachel, daughter of John Dymond. He married (sec-ond) Elizabeth (Jones) Williams, widow, daughter of Lieutenant Governor William Jones, of New Haven, and granddaughter of Governor Theophilus Eaton. Children of first wife: 1. John, June 10, 1667. 2. Samuel, September 9, 1669. 3. Isaac, October 24, 1670. 4. Hannah, January 8, 1674. 5. Mercy, May, 1675. 6. Sarah, April 13, 1678. 7. 8. Elizabeth, about 1600, died young. 9. William, 1693, mentioned below. 10. Rachel, baptized April 19, 1697. 11. Audrea, baptized same day. 12. Margery, baptized July 9, 1699. 13. Joseph, baptized April 27, 1701. 14. Theophilus, baptized May 16, 1703. 15. Mary, married John Norton.

(III) William, son of Captain John Morgan, was born in 1693, died in October, 1729. There is a tradition that this William used to say that his father, John, had a very old little book, in which was written the name of William Morgan, of Llandaff (Wales) and dated 1600, who, he said, was the father of James the immigrant. This William also had a pair of gold sleeve buttons of antique make, having WM. rudely but plainly stamped on each, which were said to have come down as an heirloom from William of Llandaff. buttons came into the possession of Nathaniel Harris Morgan, the author of the Morgan genealogy, through his father, William A. Morgan, and were owned by him until they were stolen, and although they were traced, it was too late to recover them, as they had been melted, with other old jewelry. William Morgan married, July 3, 1716, Mary Avery, who died in April, 1780, aged eighty-four, daughter of Captain James Avery, Jr., of Groton. Children: 1. Mary, born May 9, 1717. 2. Elizabeth, February 1, 1719. 3. Margaret, February 26, 1721. 4. William, June 17, 1723, mentioned below. 5. Deborah, June 26, 1726. 6. Prudence, February 29, 1728.

(IV) Captain William (2) Morgan, son of William (1) Morgan, was born June 17, 1723. died in Groton, Connecticut, April 11, 1777. The inventory of his estate was taken April

29, 1777.

He married, July 4, 1744, Temperance Avery, who died October 7, 1801, aged seventy-four, daughter of Colonel Christopher Avery, of Groton, and great-granddaughter of Captain James Avery, the immigrant. He resided in Groton. Children: I. William, born September 28, 1745, died September 29, 1753. 2. Christopher, October 27, 1747. 3. Temperance, May 4, 1752. 4. William Avery, November 24, 1754, mentioned below. 5. Israel, July 22, 1757. 6. Mary, January 8, 1760. 7. Simeon, April I, 1762. 8. Prudence, October 27, 1764. 9. Rebecca, April 9, 1766. 10.

Jacob, September 18, 1768.

(V) Captain William Avery Morgan, son of Captain William (2) Morgan, was born November 24, 1754, died November 24, 1855. He was a sergeant in the revolution and was present at the battle of Bunker Hill, being then twenty-one years old. He settled first in Groton, where eleven of his children were born. He removed to Colchester, now Salem, in March, 1796, where he resided until March, 1814, when he removed to Lebanon, Connecticut, where he died. He married (first) May 4, 1776, Lydia Smith, who died January 4, 1804, aged forty-five, daughter of Nathan Smith, of Groton. He married (second) June 10, 1804, Sarah Harris, daughter of Captain Nathaniel Harris, of Colchester. He was a man of good intellect, fond of reading. His nature was sympathetic, he loved companionship, and was a good conversationalist. Children of first wife: I. William, born November 22, 1777. 2. Griswold, March 3, 1779. lost at sea, November 29, 1799. 3. Avery, May 20, 1781. 4. Jasper, January 3, 1783. 5. Lydia, October 8, 1784. 6. Nathan, October 10, 1786. 7. Betsey, December 18, 1788. 8. Denison, October 29, 1790, mentioned below. 9. Nancy, July 16, 1792. 10. Phebe, March 12, 1794. 11. Lucy, February 3, 1796. Children of second wife: 12. Nathaniel Harris, June 8, 1805, compiler of the Morgan genealogy. 13. Sarah M., February 13, 1807. died August 1, 1821. 14. Griswold Edwin, January 30, 1811. 15. Harriet N., February

(VI) Denison, son of Captain William Avery Morgan, was born October 29, 1790, and was a merchant of Hartford, Connecticut. He married, October 10, 1815, Ursula Brainard. Children: I. Rev. William F., rector of St. Thomas's Church of New York City. 2. George D., in firm of E. D. Morgan & Com-

pany. 3. Henry Kirke, born December 15, 1819, mentioned below.

(VII) Henry Kirke, son of Denison Morgan, was born in Hartford, December 15, 1819, died March 7, 1911. He was educated in the academy at Ellington, and at an early age entered the office of his father. He remained in active business until 1860, when he retired. He still kept his interest, however, in public affairs. He served on the board of relief for several years and was a trustee of the Pratt Street Savings Bank for nearly twenty-five vears, and served on the loan committee of the bank. He was elected a director of the Hartford Hospital in 1880 and became chairman of the executive committee, which was instrumental in completing the Old People's Home. He was a director of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company and of the Hartford City Gas Light Company. His business train-

ing and experience made him a valuable addition to the various companies and institutions with which he was connected. He was a member of the Episcopal church, and one of the founders of Trinity Parish, Hartford, serving as warden of the church for many years. He married, April 14, 1846, Emily Malbone Brinley, born in Boston, October 27, 1825, died February 4, 1905, daughter of George and Harriet (Putnam) Brinley, of Boston, the latter of whom was daughter of Daniel Putnam and granddaughter of General Putnam. Children: I. Rev. George, born January 9, 1848, rector of Christ Church, New Haven. 2. Dr. William D., November 20, 1850. 3. Henry Kirke, July 9, 1854, member of firm of Morgan & Bartlett, bankers and brokers, of New York. 4. Edward Brinley, February 8, 1857, died February 17, 1874. 5. Emily Malbone, December 10, 1862.















